



## FCC PART 15, SUBPART C ISEDC RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

## TEST REPORT

## For

## Adero Inc.

7410 Hollister Avenue,

Goleta, CA 93117, USA

## FCC ID: 2AQNK-TF10 IC: 24147-TF10

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report		<b>Product Type:</b> Smart Tag
Prepared By:	Chinming Liu	Mughn
Report Number:	R1808234-247	
Report Date:	2018-10-12	
Reviewed By:	Jin Yang RF Lead	Indrad
		9, USA

**Note**: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report **must not** be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA\*, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	General Description	
1.1	Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)	5
1.3	Objective	5
1.4	Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)	
1.5	Test Methodology	5
1.6	Measurement Uncertainty	6
1.7	Test Facility Registrations	6
1.8	Test Facility Accreditations	6
2	System Test Configuration	9
2.1	Justification	9
2.2	EUT Exercise Software	9
2.3	Duty Cycle Correction Factor	
2.4	Equipment Modifications	10
2.5	Local Support Equipment	10
2.6	Support Equipment	10
2.7	Power Supply/Adapter	10
2.8	Interface Ports and Cabling	11
3	Summary of Test Results	12
4	FCC §15.203 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements	13
4.1	Applicable Standards	13
4.2	Antenna Description	13
5	FCC §2.1093, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure	14
5.1	Applicable Standards	14
5.2	SAR Examption Evaluation	
5	FCC §15.207 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8 - AC Line Conducted Emissions	
6.1	Applicable Standards	17
6.2	Test Setup	
6.3	Test Procedure	
6.4	Corrected Amplitude and Margin Calculation	
6.5	Test Equipment List and Details	
6.6	Test Environmental Conditions	
6.7	Summary of Test Results	
6.8	Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data	
	FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10 - Spurious Radiated Emissions	
6.1	Applicable Standards	
6.2	Test Setup	
6.3	Test Procedure	
6.4	Corrected Amplitude and Margin Calculation	
6.5	Test Equipment List and Details	
6.6	Test Environmental Conditions	
6.7	Summary of Test Results	
6.8	Radiated Emissions Test Results	
	FCC §15.247(a)(2) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 -Emission Bandwidth	
7.1	Applicable Standards	
7.2	Measurement Procedure	
7.3	Test Equipment List and Details	
7.4	Test Environmental Conditions	
7.5	Test Results	
	FCC §15.247(b)(3) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4(4) - Output Power Measurement	
8.1	Applicable Standards	36

8.2	Measurement Procedure	
8.3	Test Equipment List and Details	36
8.4	Test Environmental Conditions	-
8.5	Test Results	
9 FC	C §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges	40
9.1	Applicable Standards	
9.2	Measurement Procedure	10
9.3	Test Equipment List and Details	
9.4	Test Environmental Conditions	40
9.5	Test Results	11
10 FC	C §15.247(e) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2) - Power Spectral Density	
10.1	Applicable Standards	
10.2	Measurement Procedure	
10.3	Test Equipment List and Details	12
10.4	Test Environmental Conditions	12
10.5	Test Results	
11 FC	C §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.9 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	46
11.1	Applicable Standards	16
11.2	Test Procedure	
11.3	Test Equipment List and Details	
11.4	Test Environmental Conditions	
11.5	Test Results	
	pendix A –EUT Photographs	
13 Ap	pendix B (Informative) - A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate	51

## **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

<b>Revision Number</b>	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R1808234-247	Original Report	2018-10-12

### **1** General Description

Manufacturer:	Adero Inc.	
EUT Name:	Smart Tag	
EUT Model(s):	TF-10	
FCC ID:	2AQNK-TF10	
IC:	24147-TF10	
Serial Number(s):	R1808234-01 and R1808234-02	

#### **1.1** Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### **1.2** Mechanical Description of EUT

Length	Width	Height	Weight
(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	(g)
3.5	3.5	0.4	5

#### 1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Adero Inc.*.in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subpart C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules and ISEDC RSS-247 Issue 2 on February 2017.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and ISEDC RSS-247 rules for Output Power, Antenna Requirements, 6 dB Bandwidth, Power Spectral Density, 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges Measurement, Conducted and Radiated Spurious Emissions.

#### 1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

R1808292-247

#### 1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247.

#### **1.6 Measurement Uncertainty**

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.57 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.48dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.57dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.0 dB
AC power line Conducted Emission	±2.0 dB
Temperature	±2 ° C
Humidity	±5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	±1.0 %
Time	±2 %
Duty Cycle	±3 %

#### **1.7** Test Facility Registrations

BACLs test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently recognized by the Federal Communications Commission as Accredited with NIST Designation Number US1129.

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently registered with Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada under Registration Numbers: 3062A-1, 3062A-2, and 3062A-3.

BACL is a Chinese Taipei Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) validated Conformity Assessment Body (CAB), under Appendix B, Phase I Procedures of the APEC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA). BACL's BSMI Lab Code Number is: SL2-IN-E-1002R

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform AC Line Conducted Emissions, Telecommunications Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and Radiated Emissions from 1 GHz to 6 GHz are currently recognized as Accredited in accordance with the Voluntary Control Council for Interference [VCCI] Article 15 procedures under Registration Number A-0027.

#### **1.8** Test Facility Accreditations

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

A- An independent, 3<sup>rd</sup>-Party, Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 by A2LA (Test Laboratory Accreditation Certificate Number 3279.02), in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications. Unless noted by an Asterisk (\*) in the Compliance Matrix (See Section 3 of this Test Report), BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope of Accreditation includes all of the Test Method Standards and/or the Product Family Standards detailed in this Test Report.

BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope of Accreditation includes a comprehensive suite of EMC Emissions, EMC Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and wireline Telecommunications test methods applicable to a wide range of product categories. These product categories include Central Office Telecommunications Equipment [including NEBS - Network Equipment Building Systems], Unlicensed and Licensed Wireless and RF devices, Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Scientific and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Industrial and Scientific Instruments and Laboratory Apparatus; Cable Distribution Systems, and Energy Efficient Lighting.

## **B-** A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3279.03) to certify

- For the USA (Federal Communications Commission):

- 1- All Unlicensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes A1, A2, A3, and A4;
- 2- All Licensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes B1, B2, B3, and B4;
- 3- All Telephone Terminal Equipment within FCC Scope C.
- For the Canada (Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada ISEDC):
  - 1 All Scope 1-Licence-Exempt Radio Frequency Devices;
  - 2 All Scope 2-Licensed Personal Mobile Radio Services;
  - 3 All Scope 3-Licensed General Mobile and Fixed Radio Services;
  - 4 All Scope 4-Licensed Maritime and Aviation Radio Services;
  - 5 All Scope 5-Licensed Fixed Microwave Radio Services
  - 6 All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List.
- For Singapore (Infocomm Media Development Authority IMDA):
  - 1 All Line Terminal Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Line Terminal Equipment Table 1 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
  - 2. All Radio-Communication Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Radio-Communication Equipment – Table 2 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
- For the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region:
  - 1 All Radio Equipment, per KHCA 10XX-series Specifications;
  - 2 All GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment, per HKCA 12XX-series Specifications;
  - 3 All Fixed Network Equipment, per HKCA 20XX-series Specifications.
- For Japan:

1

- MIC Telecommunication Business Law (Terminal Equipment):
  - All Scope A1 Terminal Equipment for the Purpose of Calls;
  - All Scope A2 Other Terminal Equipment
- 2 Radio Law (Radio Equipment):
  - All Scope B1 Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 1 of the Radio Law
  - All Scope B2 Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Radio Law
  - All Scope B3 Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 3 of the Radio Law

# C- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3279.01) to certify Products to USA's Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ENERGY STAR Product Specifications for:

1 Electronics and Office Equipment:

- for Telephony (ver. 3.0)
- for Audio/Video (ver. 3.0)
- for Battery Charging Systems (ver. 1.1)
- for Set-top Boxes and Cable Boxes (ver. 4.1)
- for Televisions (ver. 6.1)

- for Computers (ver. 6.0)
- for Displays (ver. 6.0)
- for Imaging Equipment (ver. 2.0)
- for Computer Servers (ver. 2.0)
- 2 Commercial Food Service Equipment
  - for Commercial Dishwashers (ver. 2.0)
  - for Commercial Ice Machines (ver. 2.0)
  - for Commercial Ovens (ver. 2.1)
  - for Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- 3 Lighting Products
  - For Decorative Light Strings (ver. 1.5)
  - For Luminaires (including sub-components) and Lamps (ver. 1.2)
  - For Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) (ver. 4.3)
  - For Integral LED Lamps (ver. 1.4)
- 4 Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products
  - for Residential Ceiling Fans (ver. 3.0)
  - for Residential Ventilating Fans (ver. 3.2)
- 5 Other
- For Water Coolers (ver. 3.0)

## **D-** A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties:

- Australia: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- Canada: (Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada ISEDC) Foreign Certification Body FCB APEC Tel MRA -Phase I and Phase II;
  - Chinese Taipei (Republic of China Taiwan):
    - o BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
    - NCC (National Communications Commission) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- European Union:
  - EMC Directive 2004/108/EC US-EU EMC and Telecom MRA CAB
  - o Radio Equipment (RE) Directive 2014/53/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
  - o Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU
- Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: (Office of the Telecommunications Authority OFTA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I and Phase II
- Israel US-Israel MRA Phase I
- Republic of Korea (Ministry of Communications Radio Research Laboratory) APEC Tel MRA Phase I
- Singapore: (Infocomm Media Development Authority IMDA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I and Phase II;
- Japan: VCCI Voluntary Control Council for Interference US-Japan Telecom Treaty VCCI Side Letter-
- USA:

-

- ENERGY STAR Recognized Test Laboratory US EPA
- Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) US FCC
- Nationally Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL) US OSHA
- Vietnam: APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

## 2 System Test Configuration

#### 2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.10-2013 and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigation by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

#### 2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The test software used was the Command Prompt terminal and commands provided by *Adero Inc.*. The software is compliant with the standard requirements being tested against.

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
	2402	Default
GFSK (1 MHz)	2440	Default
	2480	Default
	2402	Default
GFSK (2 MHz)	2440	Default
	2480	Default

### 2.3 Duty Cycle Correction Factor

According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04 section 6.0:

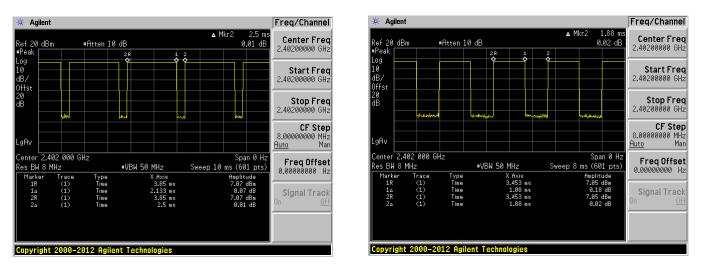
Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be utilized to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration (T) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed T at any time that data is being acquired (i.e., no transmitter off-time is to be considered).

Radio Mode	On Time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
GFSK (1 MHz)	2.133	2.5	85.32	0.69
GFSK (2 MHz)	1.08	1.88	57.45	2.41

GFSK (2 MHz)

#### Duty Cycle = On Time (ms)/ Period (ms) Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB) = 10\*log(1/Duty Cycle)

Please refer to the following plots.



#### GFSK (1 MHz)

2.4 Equipment Modifications

A USB cable was connected to the EUT. A RF cable coming out from the EUT to connect antenna ports to spectrum analyzer.

#### 2.5 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Dell	Laptop	Latitude E7450

#### 2.6 Support Equipment

There was no support equipment included, or intended for use with EUT during these tests.

#### 2.7 Power Supply/Adapter

N/A

### 2.8 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Description	Length (m)	То	From
USB	1	Laptop	EUT

## **3** Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC and ISEDC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203 ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §2.1093, §15.247(i) ISEDC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §2.1051, §15.247 (d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.9	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §2.1053, §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.9 and §8.10	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 (1)	6 dB and 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4(4)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

## 4 FCC §15.203 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements

#### 4.1 Applicable Standards

#### According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

#### According to ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

#### 4.2 Antenna Description

The antennas used by the EUT are permanent attached antennas. The following antenna specifications were provided by the applicant.

Frequency Range (MHz)	External/Internal/Integral	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Tpye/Pattern
2402-2480	Internal integral	0	Printed Inverted-F, omni

#### 5 FCC §2.1093, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

#### 5.1 **Applicable Standards**

According to FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02 Section 4.3.1, Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The minimum test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance from the antenna and radiating structures or outer surface of the device, according to the host form factor, exposure conditions and platform requirements, to any part of the body or extremity of a user or bystander (see 5) of section 4.1). To qualify for SAR test exclusion, the test separation distances applied must be fully explained and justified by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the transmitter and applicable host platform requirements, typically in the SAR measurement or SAR analysis report, according to the required published RF exposure KDB procedures. When no other RF exposure testing or reporting is required, a statement of justification and compliance must be included in the equipment approval, in lieu of the SAR report, to qualify for the SAR test exclusion. When required, the device specific conditions described in the other published RF exposure KDB procedures must be satisfied before applying these SAR test exclusion provisions; for example, handheld PTT two-way radios, handsets, laptops & tablets etc.

1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·  $\left[\sqrt{f(GHz)}\right] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 2) At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following, and as illustrated in Appendix B:
  - a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) ( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz
- 3) At frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion, and as illustrated in Appendix C:
  - a) The power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step 2) is multiplied by  $[1 + \log(100/f(MHz))]$  for test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm
  - b) The power threshold determined by the equation in a) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by  $\frac{1}{2}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$

c) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz. When SAR test exclusion cannot be applied, a KDB inquiry is required to determine SAR evaluation requirements for any test results to be acceptable.

According to ISED RSS-102 Issue 5 §4,

SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance

	Exemption Limits (mW)					
Frequency (MHz)	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm	
≤ 300	71	101	132	162	193	
450	52	70	88	106	123	
835	17	30	42	55	67	
1900	7	10	18	34	60	
2450	4	7	15	30	52	
3500	2	6	16	32	55	
5800	1	6	15	27	41	

	Exemption Limits (mW)					
Frequency (MHz)	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of ≥ 50 mm	
≤ <b>3</b> 00	223	254	284	315	345	
450	141	159	177	195	213	
835	80	92	105	117	130	
1900	99	153	225	316	431	
2450	83	123	173	235	309	
3500	86	124	170	225	290	
5800	56	71	85	97	106	

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limbworn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required. For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW.

The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

### 5.2 SAR Examption Evaluation

The highest measured conducted power as reported in Section 9.5 of this report was 7.44 dBm (5.546 mW) at 2402 MHz.

For FCC, based on the [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

 $(5.546/5)^* \sqrt{2.402} = 1.719$  which is less than 3.0

For ISED, based on table 1, the max time-averaged EIRP power 0.01mW is less than 4 mW.

Note: customer confirmed the duty cycle is 0.17% max in normal use.

#### **Conclusion:**

The maximum average output power is lower than both FCC and ISED SAR Exemption limit. Thus, SAR was exempted for this device.

## 5 FCC §15.207 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8 - AC Line Conducted Emissions

#### 6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 and ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8 Conducted limits:

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission	Conducted Limit (dBuV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note2</sup>	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

*Note1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency. Note2: A linear average detector is required* 

#### 6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at shield room, using the setup per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used were FCC §15.207 and ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8 limits.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the EUT was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V / 60 Hz AC power.

#### 6.3 Test Procedure

During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-1 and the power cords of support equipment were connected to LISN-2.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data were recorded in the peak, quasi-peak, and average detection mode. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a "QP." Average readings are distinguished with an "Ave".

#### 6.4 Corrected Amplitude and Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

CA = Ai + CL + Atten

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corrected Amplitude – Limit

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde and Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100337	2017-07-15	2 years
Rohde and Schwarz	Impulse Limiter	ESH3-Z2	101963	2018-02-07	1 year
Keysight Technologies	RF Limiter	11867A	MY42242932	2018-01-15	1 year
Solar Electronics Company	High Pass Filter	Туре 7930-100	7930150202	2018-02-27	1 year
Suirong	30 ft conductive emission cable	LMR 400	-	N/R	N/A
FCC	LISN	FCC-LISN-50-25-2- 10-CISPR16	160130	2018-04-05	1 year
Vasona	Test software	V6.0 build 11	10400213	N/R	N/R

#### 6.5 Test Equipment List and Details

**Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 09 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

#### 6.6 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23° C	
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %	
ATM Pressure:	101.31 kPa	

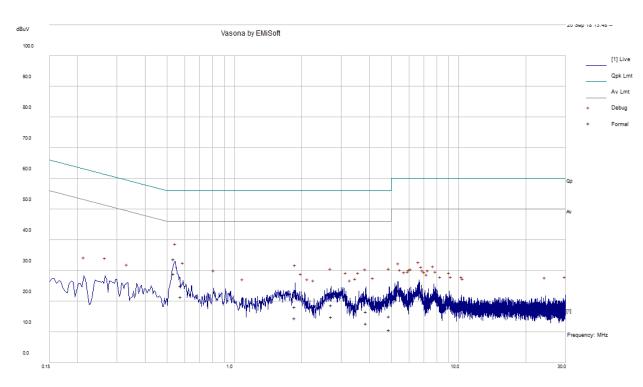
The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-20 in Ground Plane Test Site.

### 6.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC 15C and ISEDC RSS-Gen</u> <u>standard's</u> conducted emissions limits, with the margin reading of:

Connection: AC/DC adapter connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC					
Margin (dB)Frequency (MHz)Conductor Mode (Line/Neutral)Range (MHz)					
-16.48	0.542612	Neutral	0.15-30		

### 6.8 Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data



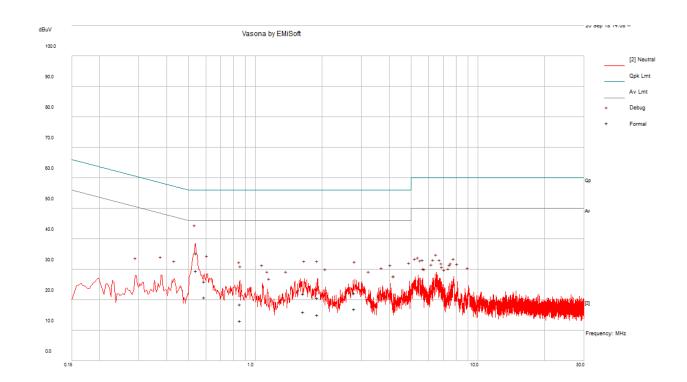
120 V, 60 Hz – Line

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.537835	33.82	Line	56	-22.18	QP
0.575413	25.07	Line	56	-30.93	QP
2.700697	18.7	Line	56	-37.3	QP
1.855948	18.2	Line	56	-37.8	QP
3.861008	16.63	Line	56	-39.37	QP
4.888086	15.05	Line	56	-40.95	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.537835	28.96	Line	46	-17.04	Ave.
0.575413	21.39	Line	46	-24.61	Ave.
2.700697	15.01	Line	46	-30.99	Ave.
1.855948	14.55	Line	46	-31.45	Ave.
3.861008	12.75	Line	46	-33.25	Ave.
4.888086	10.77	Line	46	-35.23	Ave.

Adero Inc.

120 V, 60 Hz – Neutral



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.542612	35.35	Neutral	56	-20.65	QP
0.591083	26.13	Neutral	56	-29.87	QP
2.790988	22.21	Neutral	56	-33.79	QP
1.646989	22.03	Neutral	56	-33.97	QP
1.899239	20.79	Neutral	56	-35.21	QP
0.854474	18.57	Neutral	56	-37.43	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.542612	29.52	Neutral	46	-16.48	Ave.
0.591083	20.92	Neutral	46	-25.08	Ave.
2.790988	16.98	Neutral	46	-29.02	Ave.
1.646989	16.13	Neutral	46	-29.87	Ave.
1.899239	15.17	Neutral	46	-30.83	Ave.
0.854474	13.29	Neutral	46	-32.71	Ave.

## 6 FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10 -Spurious Radiated Emissions

#### 6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
$\begin{array}{c} 0.090 - 0.110\\ 0.495 - 0.505\\ 2.1735 - 2.1905\\ 4.125 - 4.128\\ 4.17725 - 4.17775\\ 4.20725 - 4.20775\\ 6.215 - 6.218\\ 6.26775 - 6.26825\\ 6.31175 - 6.31225\\ 8.291 - 8.294\\ 8.362 - 8.366\\ 8.37625 - 8.38675\\ 8.41425 - 8.41475\\ 12.29 - 12.293\\ 12.51975 - 12.52025\\ 12.57675 - 12.57725\\ 13.36 - 13.41\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16.42 - 16.423 \\ 16.69475 - 16.69525 \\ 25.5 - 25.67 \\ 37.5 - 38.25 \\ 73 - 74.6 \\ 74.8 - 75.2 \\ 108 - 121.94 \\ 123 - 138 \\ 149.9 - 150.05 \\ 156.52475 - 156.52525 \\ 156.7 - 156.9 \\ 162.0125 - 167.17 \\ 167.72 - 173.2 \\ 240 - 285 \\ 322 - 335.4 \\ 399.9 - 410 \\ 608 - 614 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 960-1240\\ 1300-1427\\ 1435-1626.5\\ 1645.5-1646.5\\ 1660-1710\\ 1718.8-1722.2\\ 2200-2300\\ 2310-2390\\ 2483.5-2500\\ 2690-2900\\ 3260-3267\\ 3.332-3.339\\ 33458-3358\\ 3.600-4.400\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.5-5.15\\ 5.35-5.46\\ 7.25-7.75\\ 8.025-8.5\\ 9.0-9.2\\ 9.3-9.5\\ 10.6-12.7\\ 13.25-13.4\\ 14.47-14.5\\ 15.35-16.2\\ 17.7-21.4\\ 22.01-23.12\\ 23.6-24.0\\ 31.2-31.8\\ 36.43-36.5\\ Above 38.6 \end{array}$

#### ISED RSS-Gen §8.10 Restricted Frequency Bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	13.36 - 13.41	608 - 614	
0.495 - 0.505	16.42-16.432	960 - 1427	
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.69475 - 16.69525	1435 - 1626.5	
3.020 - 3.026	16.80425 - 16.80475	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1660 - 1710	9.3 - 9.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1718.8-1722.22	10.6 - 12.7
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	2200 - 2300	13.25 - 13.4
5.677 - 5.683	74.8 - 75.2	2310 - 2390	14.47 - 14.5
6.215 - 6.218	108 - 138	2483.5 - 2500	15.35 - 16.2
6.26775 - 6.26825	149.9 - 150.05	2655 - 2900	17.7 - 21.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	156.52475 - 156.52525	3260 - 3267	22.01 -23.12
8.291 - 8.294	156.7 - 156.9	3332 - 3339	23.6 - 24.0
8.362 - 8.366	162.0125 - 167.17	3345.8 - 3358	31.2 - 31.8
8.37625 - 8.38675	167.72 - 173.2	3500 - 4400	36.43 - 36.5
8.41425 - 8.41475	240 - 285	4500 - 5150	Above 38.6
12.29 - 12.293	322 - 335.4	5350 - 5460	
12.51975 - 12.52025	399.9 - 410	7250 - 7750	
12.57675 - 12.57725		8025 -8500	

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

As per FCC §15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC §15.247 (d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c).

As per ISEDC RSS-Gen 8.9,

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emission from licence-exempt transmitters shall company with the field strength limits shown in the table below. Additionall, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

General Field Strength Limits for Licence-Excemption Transmitters at Frequencies Above 30 Mhz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µv/m at 3 meters)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960 <sup>*</sup>	500

\* Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licenseexempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.

As per ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

#### 6.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C and ISEDC RSS-247 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

#### 6.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords were connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT was set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which was varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT was placed on a turntable, which was 0.8 meter and 1.5 meter above the ground plane for below and above 1000 MHz measurements, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna's polarity should be changed between horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver was set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

RBW = 100 kHz / VBW = 300 kHz / Sweep = Auto

Above 1000 MHz:

(1) Peak: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 1MHz / Sweep = Auto
(2) Average: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 1/T Hz / Sweep = Auto

### 6.4 Corrected Amplitude and Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corrected Amplitude – Limit

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde and Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100337	2017-07-15	2 years
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4446A	MY48250238	2018-05-08	1 year
Sunol Sciences	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	N/A
Sunol Sciences	Antenna, Biconi-Log	JB1	A013105-3	2018-02-26	2 years
Wisewave	Antenna, Horn	ARH-4223-02	10555-02	2017-12-15	2 years
Agilent	Amplifier, Pre	8447D	2944A10187	2018-04-02	1 year
IW	AOBOR Hi frequency Co AX Cable	DC 1531	KPS- 1501A3960K PS	2018-01-11	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C00011	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	N-Type Cable	-	C00012	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	N-Type Cable	-	C00014	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
HP	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3147A00400	2018-02-02	1 year
Sunol Sciences	Antenna, Horn	DRH-118	A052704	2017-03-27	2 years
Vasona	Test software	V6.0 build 11	10400213	N/R	N/R

#### 6.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

*Statement of Traceability:* BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 9 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

#### 6.6 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-17 and 2018-09-26 in 5 m chamber 3

#### 6.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT <u>complied with FCC Title 47</u>, Part 15C and ISEDC RSS-247 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

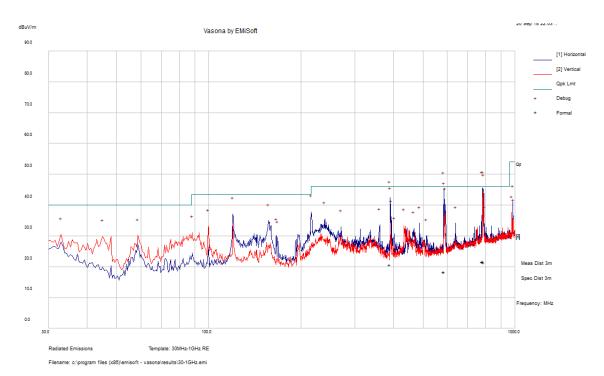
Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Mode, channel
-0.97	2483.5	Horizontal	GFSK, 2402 MHz, 2 MHz BW

Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details

### 6.8 Radiated Emissions Test Results

### 1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters

#### 2.4 GHz BLE, GFSK, 2402 MHz, 2 MHz BW



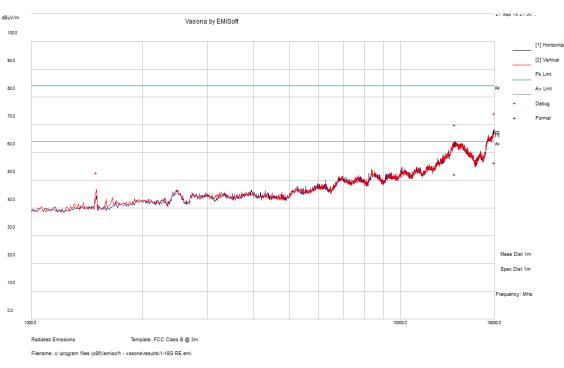
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass /Fail
781.2505	21.5	104	V	178	46	-24.5	Pass
784.6643	21.71	139	V	275	46	-24.29	Pass
585.085	18.36	294	V	238	46	-27.64	Pass
788.4705	21.46	260	Н	0	46	-24.54	Pass
390.3883	20.76	109	V	80	46	-25.24	Pass
587.3315	18.24	185	V	218	46	-27.76	Pass

#### 2) 1–25 GHz Measured at 3 meters

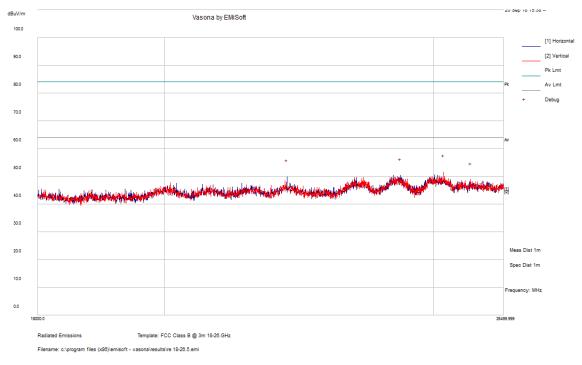
Frequency	S.A.	Turntable	Т	est Anten	na	Cable	Pre-	Cord.	FCC/IS	EDC	
(MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Azimuth (degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Loss (dB)	Amp. (dB)	Reading (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments
					Low Cha	nnel 2402	MHz				
2402	73.84	211	228	Н	28.93	5.76	0	108.53	-	-	PK
2402	72.26	211	228	Н	28.93	5.76	0	106.95	-	-	AV
2402	67.08	108	283	V	28.93	5.76	0	101.77	-	-	PK
2402	65.50	108	283	V	28.93	5.76	0	100.19	-	-	AV
2386.5	55.34	211	228	Н	28.93	6.489	36.31	54.45	74.00	-19.55	PK
2386.5	46.78	211	228	Н	28.93	6.489	36.31	45.89	54.00	-8.11	AV
2386.5	50.14	108	283	V	28.93	6.489	36.31	49.25	74.00	-24.75	PK
2386.5	41.63	108	283	V	28.93	6.489	36.31	40.74	54.00	-13.26	AV
4804	46.69	73	175	Н	32.56	9.36	36.85	51.76	74.00	-22.24	PK
4804	36.98	73	175	Н	32.56	9.36	36.85	42.05	54.00	-11.95	AV
7206	45.77	42	192	Н	36.88	12.01	37.06	57.60	74.00	-16.40	PK
7206	33.86	42	192	Н	36.88	12.01	37.06	45.69	54.00	-8.31	AV
					Middle Ch	annel 244	0 MHz				
2440	73.55	208	246	Н	28.93	5.76	0	108.24	_	-	PK
2440	72.02	208	246	Н	28.93	5.76	0	106.71	-	-	AV
2440	66.72	105	294	V	28.93	5.76	0	101.41	-	-	РК
2440	65.03	105	294	V	28.93	5.76	0	99.72	-	-	AV
4880	46.09	88	196	Н	32.53	9.46	36.85	51.22	74.00	-22.78	PK
4880	37.51	88	196	Н	32.53	9.46	36.85	42.64	54.00	-11.36	AV
7320	45.63	40	202	Н	36.99	11.97	37.06	57.53	74.00	-16.47	PK
7320	33.41	40	202	Н	36.99	11.97	37.06	45.31	54.00	-8.69	AV
				-	High Cha	nnel 248	0 MHz				
2480	73.01	213	272	Н	29.19	5.86	0	108.06	-	-	PK
2480	71.48	213	272	Н	29.19	5.86	0	106.53	-	-	AV
2480	65.91	55	300	V	29.19	5.86	0	100.96	-	-	PK
2480	64.49	55	300	V	29.19	5.86	0	99.54	-	-	AV
2483.5	66.44	213	272	Н	29.18	6.61	36.31	65.92	74.00	-8.08	PK
2483.5	53.55	213	272	Н	29.18	6.61	36.31	53.03	54.00	-0.97	AV
2483.5	58.82	55	300	V	29.18	6.61	36.31	58.30	74.00	-15.70	PK
2483.5	47.36	55	300	V	29.18	6.61	36.31	46.84	54.00	-7.16	AV
4960	46.43	69	181	Н	32.70	9.42	36.85	51.69	74.00	-22.31	PK
4960	36.59	69	181	Н	32.70	9.42	36.85	41.85	54.00	-12.15	AV
7440	45.15	26	181	Н	37.10	12.01	37.06	57.20	74.00	-16.80	PK
7440	33.53	26	181	Н	37.10	12.01	37.06	45.58	54.00	-8.42	AV

GFSK mode

#### The worst case pre-scan of 2.4 GHz BLE, GFSK, 2402 MHz, 2 MHz BW has been listed below.



1 GHz – 18 GHz



18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

This test was performed with a 2.4 - 2.4835GHz band reject filter.

## 7 FCC §15.247(a)(2) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 -Emission Bandwidth

#### 7.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(a)(2) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2, systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

#### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8: DTS bandwidth

#### 7.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	US45303156	2018-02-26	1 year
-	RF cable	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	20dB attenuator	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

*Statement of Traceability:* BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 9 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

#### 7.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23° C		
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %		
ATM Pressure:	102.3 KPa		

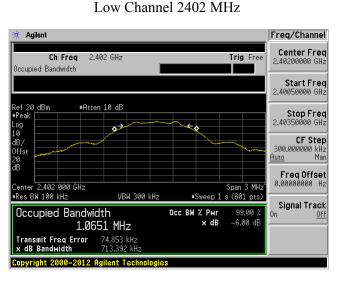
The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-17 in RF site.

## 7.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	6 dB OBW (kHz)	6 dB OBW Limit (kHz)	Result		
GFSK (1 MHz)							
Low	2402	1.0458	713.392	≥ 500	Pass		
Middle	2440	1.0481	715.583	≥ 500	Pass		
High	2480	1.0478	713.336	$\geq$ 500	Pass		
		GFSK (	2 MHz)				
Low	2402	2.0242	1148	$\geq$ 500	Pass		
Middle	2440	2.0306	1151	$\geq$ 500	Pass		
High	2480	2.0322	1143	$\geq$ 500	Pass		

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results.

#### 6 dB Emission Bandwidth

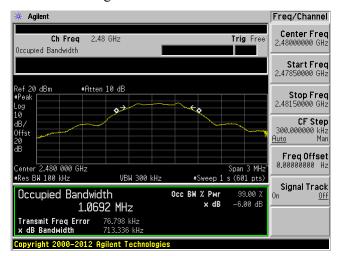


#### GFSK (1 MHz)

#### Agilent Freq/Channel Center Freq 2.44000000 GHz Ch Freq 2.44 GHz Trig Free Occupied Bandwidth Start Freq 2.43850000 GHz Ref 20 dBm #Peak #Atten 10 dB Stop Freq 2.44150000 GHz Log \$7 10 CF Step 300.000000 kHz Auto Man dB, Offst <u>Auto</u> dE FreqOffset 0.00000000 Hz Center 2.440 000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz #Sweep 1 s (601 pts) VBW 300 kHz Signal Track Occupied Bandwidth Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 2 Ûn Off x dB -6.00 dB 1.0684 MHz Transmit Freq Error × dB Bandwidth 75.813 kHz 715.583 kHz pyright 2000–2012 Agilent Technologies

#### Middle Channel 2440 MHz

#### High Channel 2480 MHz



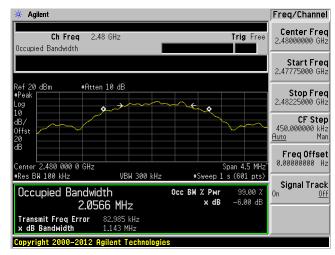
Low Channel 2402 MHz

#### GFSK (2 MHz)

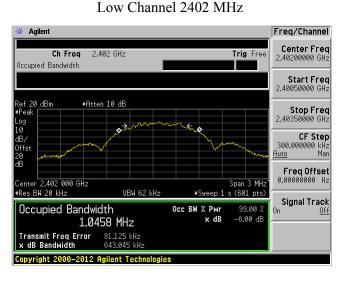


Middle Channel 2440 MHz

#### High Channel 2480 MHz



#### 99% Emission Bandwidth

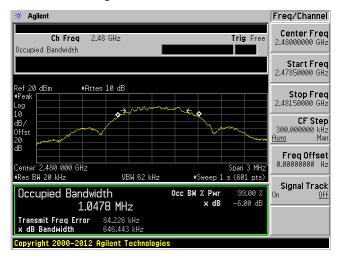


#### GFSK (1 MHz)



#### Middle Channel 2440 MHz

#### High Channel 2480 MHz



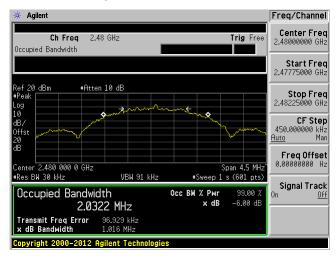
Low Channel 2402 MHz

#### GFSK (2 MHz)



Middle Channel 2440 MHz

#### High Channel 2480 MHz



## 8 FCC §15.247(b)(3) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4(4) - Output Power Measurement

#### 8.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(b)(3) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4(4) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

#### 8.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 9: Fundamental emission output power

#### 8.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	US45303156	2018-02-26	1 year
-	RF Cable	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	20 dB attenuator	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

*Statement of Traceability:* BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 9 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

#### 8.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.3 KPa

The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-17 in RF site.

## 8.5 Test Results

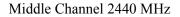
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result		
	GFSK (1 MHz)					
Low	2402	7.24	30	Pass		
Middle	2440	7.18	30	Pass		
High	2480	7.05	30	Pass		
GFSK (2 MHz)						
Low	2402	7.44	30	Pass		
Middle	2440	7.40	30	Pass		
High	2480	7.26	30	Pass		

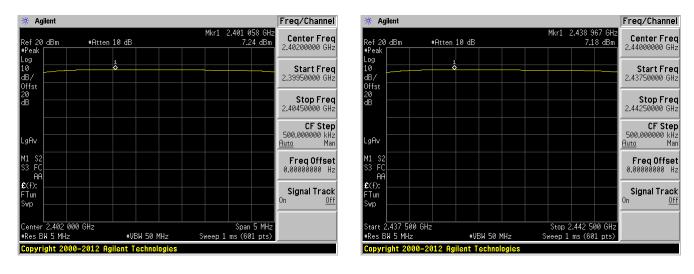
### Peak Output Power

#### Adero Inc

#### GFSK (1 MHz)

#### Low Channel 2402 MHz



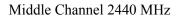


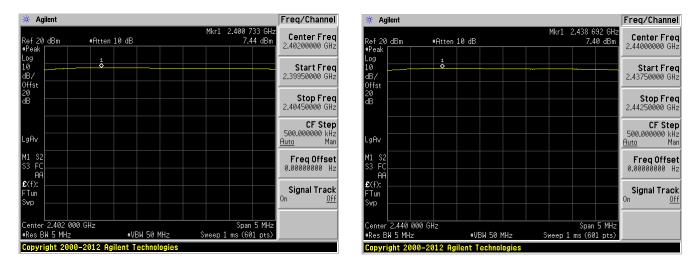
🔆 Agilent			Freq/Channel
Ref 20 dBm #Peak	#Atten 10 dB	Mkr1 2.479 050 GHz 7.05 dBm	Center Fred 2.48000000 GHz
Log 10 dB/ Offst	1 		Start Fred 2.47750000 GH:
dB			Stop Fred 2.48250000 GH:
LgAv			<b>CF Step</b> 500.000000 kH: <u>Auto</u> Ma
M1 S2 S3 FC AA			FreqOffse 0.00000000 H:
£(f): FTun Swp			<b>Signal Track</b> On <u>Of</u>
Center 2.480 00 #Res BW 5 MHz		Span 5 MHz Sweep 1 ms (601 pts)	

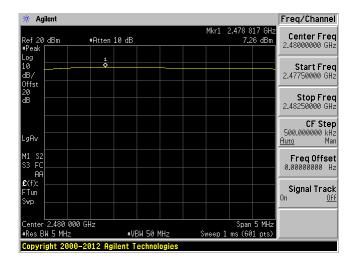
Adero Inc

#### GFSK (2 MHz)

#### Low Channel 2402 MHz







#### FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges 9

#### 9.1 **Applicable Standards**

According to ECFR §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5.In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

#### 9.2 **Measurement Procedure**

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 13: Bandedge measurements

#### **Test Equipment List and Details** 9.3

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	US45303156	2018-02-26	1 year
-	RF Cable	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	20dB attenuator	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 9 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

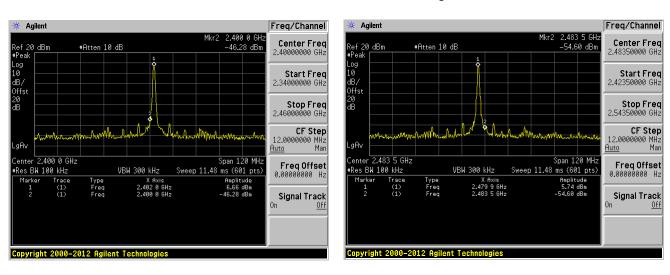
#### 9.4 **Test Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.3 KPa

The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-17 in RF site.

## Adero Inc.

#### 9.5 Test Results

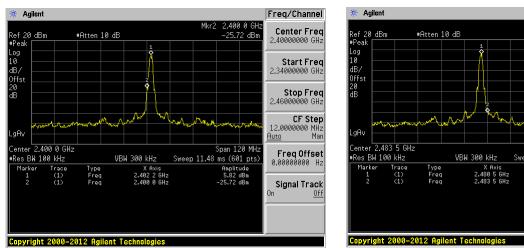


#### GFSK (1 MHz)

Low Channel 2402 MHz

#### High Channel 2480 MHz

#### GFSK (2 MHz)



Low Channel 2402 MHz

#### High Channel 2480 MHz

Freq/Channel

Center Freq 2.48350000 GHz

Start Freq 2.42350000 GHz

Mkr2 2.483 5 GH -50.06 dBm

 Image: Stop Freq
 2.54350000 GHz

 2.54350000 GHz
 2.54350000 GHz

 2.54350000 GHz
 Span 120 MHz

 2.100 GHz
 Sweep 11.43 ms (601 pts)

 2.11 Stop Freq
 2.483 5 GHz

 Sweep 11.43 ms (601 pts)
 0.0000000 Hz

 (1) Freq
 2.483 5 GHz

 (1) Freq
 2.483 5 GHz

</tabular>
</tabular>
</tabular>
</tabular>
</tabular>
</tabular>
</t

## 10 FCC §15.247(e) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2) - Power Spectral Density

### **10.1 Applicable Standards**

According to ECFR §15.247(e) and RSS-247 §5.2(b), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### **10.2 Measurement Procedure**

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10: Maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission.

### 10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	US45303156	2018-02-26	1 year
-	RF Cable	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	20dB attenuator	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

*Statement of Traceability:* BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 9 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

### **10.4 Test Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C	
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %	
ATM Pressure:	102.3 KPa	

The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-17 in RF site.

### 10.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	
Low	2402	-8.34	8	
Middle	2440	-8.92	8	
High	2480	-8.52	8	
GFSK (2 MHz)				
Low	2402	-10.68	8	
Middle	2440	-10.77	8	
High	2480	-10.78	8	

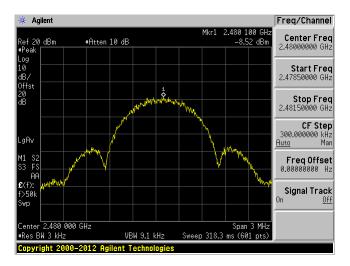
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

#### GFSK (1 MHz)

Low Channel 24 02 MHz

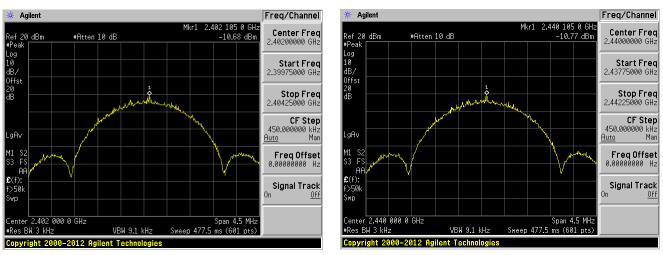


Middle Channel 2440 MHz

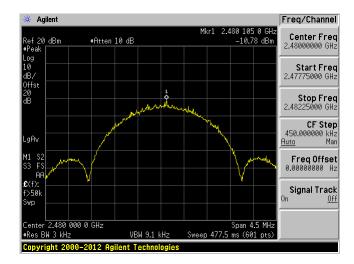


Low Channel 2402 MHz

#### GFSK (2 MHz)



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



## 11 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.9 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

#### **11.1 Applicable Standards**

For ECFR §15.247(d) in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

#### **11.2 Test Procedure**

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

#### **11.3 Test Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	US45303156	2018-02-26	1 year
-	RF cable	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
-	10dB attenuator	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with A2LA Policy P102 (dated 9 June 2016) "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

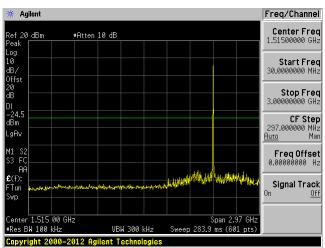
#### **11.4 Test Environmental Conditions**

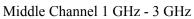
Temperature:	23° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.3 KPa

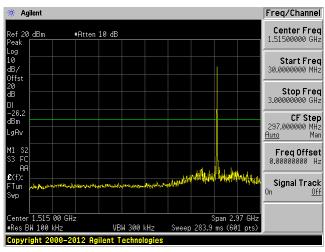
The testing was performed by Vincent Licata on 2018-09-17 in RF site.

#### 11.5 Test Results

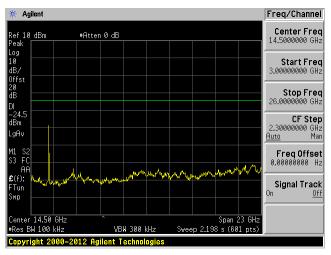
Please refer to following plots.



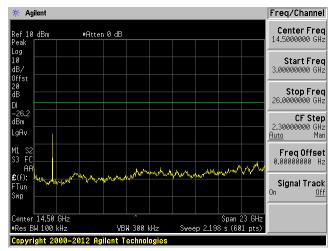




Low Channel 3 GHz – 26 GHz



Middle Channel 3 GHz – 26 GHz

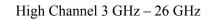


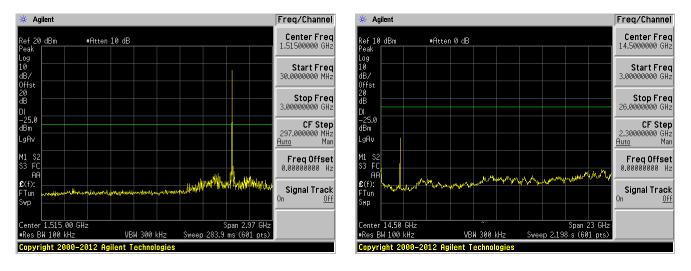
Report Number: R1808234-247

## GFSK (1 MHz)

Low Channel 1 GHz - 3 GHz

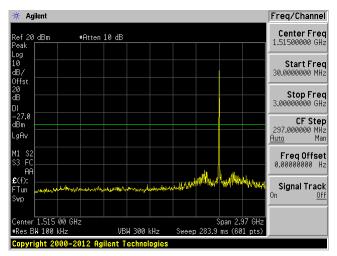
High Channel 1 GHz - 3 GHz



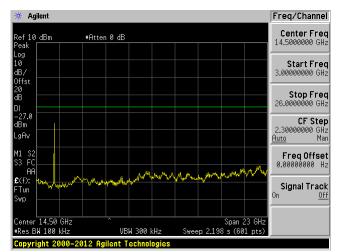


GFSK (2 MHz)

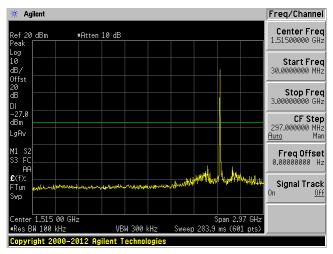
Low Channel 1 GHz - 3 GHz



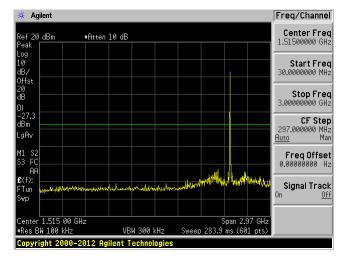
Low Channel 3 GHz – 26 GHz



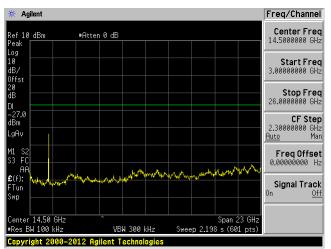
Middle Channel 1 GHz - 3 GHz



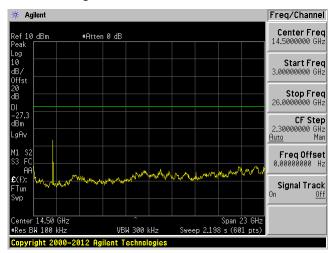
High Channel 1 GHz - 3 GHz



Middle Channel 3 GHz – 26 GHz



High Channel 3 GHz – 26 GHz



## **12** Appendix A – EUT Photographs

Please see attachments:

Exhibit – EUT Test Setup Photographs Exhibit – EUT External Photographs Exhibit – EUT Internal Photographs

## 13 Appendix B (Informative) - A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate



# **Accredited Laboratory**

A2LA has accredited

## BAY AREA COMPLIANCE LABORATORIES CORP.

Sunnyvale, CA

for technical competence in the field of

## **Electrical Testing**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This laboratory also meets A2LA R222 - Specific Requirements EPA ENERGY STAR Accreditation Program. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of October 2018.

President and CEO For the Accreditation Council Certificate Number 3297.02 Valid to September 30, 2020

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.

#### --- END OF REPORT ----