

SHENZHEN WINNERELEC INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD.

APPROVAL SHEET

1. CUSTOMER.

: _____

2. Antenna Model

: AT2.4G -PCB

3. Antenna type.

: Ceramic Antenna

4. APPROVAL NO.

: AT2.4G-PCB

5. ISSUED DATE.

: _____

APPROVAL BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

SHENZHEN WINNERELEC INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD.

Application of AT2.4G-PCB Series

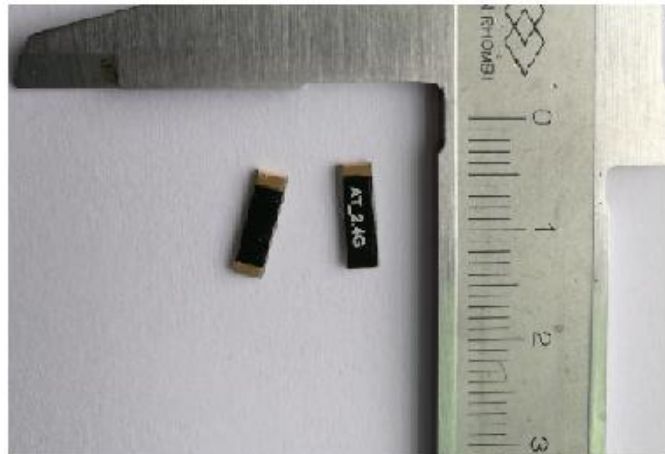
Feature

- ※ High gain
- ※ Omni-directional
- ※ Wide bandwidth

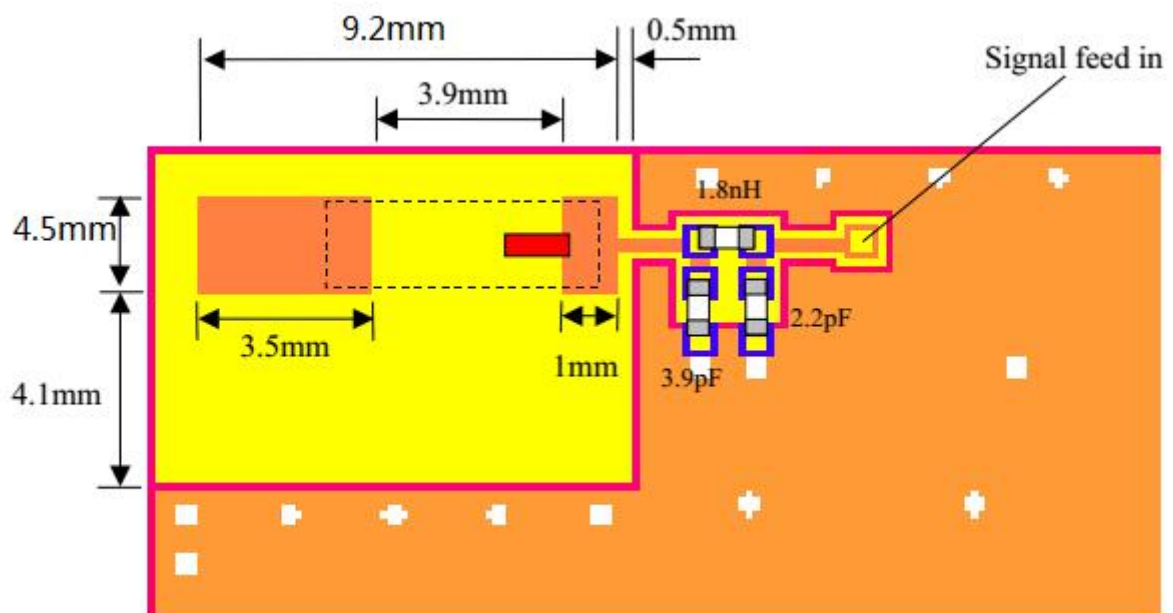
Applications

- ※ Bluetooth/wireless LAN/Home RF
- ※ ISM band 2.4GHz applications

PCB Board Pattern



1. Dimensions



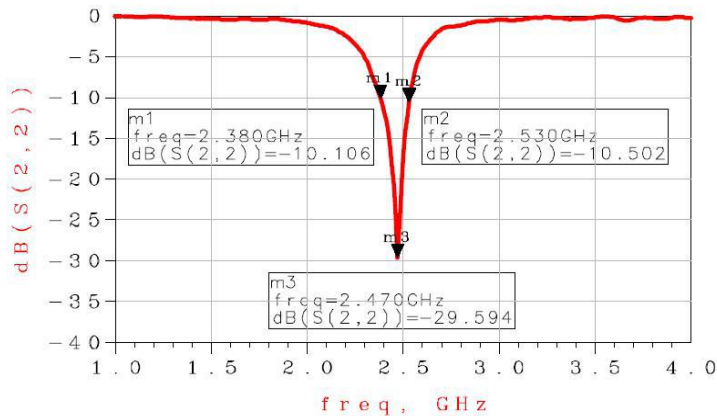
CUSTOMER'S P/N		DRAWING NO		AT2.4G-09
PREPARED BY	CHECKEDBY	APPROVAL BY	S.R.NO	
			DATE:	

SHENZHEN WINNERELEC INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD.

2. Electric Specifications

TYPE	PCB Series
Operating Frequency Range	2400~2484MHz
Input impedance	50 Ω
Operating VoltageRange	3.0V~4.2V
Antenna gain	0dBi
Demodulation Mode	GFSK(Basic Data Rate) & 8DPSK(Enhanced Data Rate)

Return Loss



2.4CUSTOMER'S
P/N

DRAWING NO

AT2.4G-PCB Series

PREPARED BY

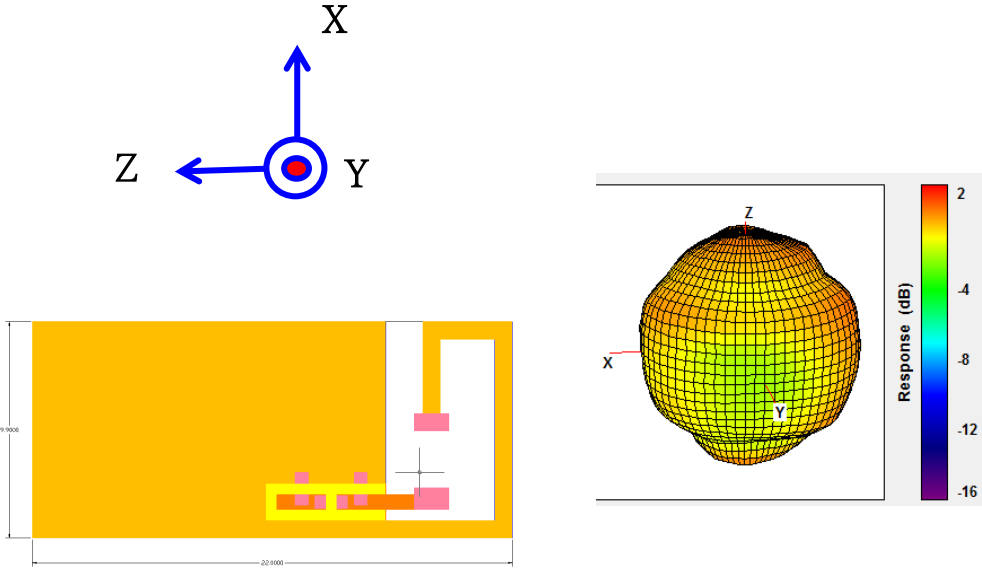
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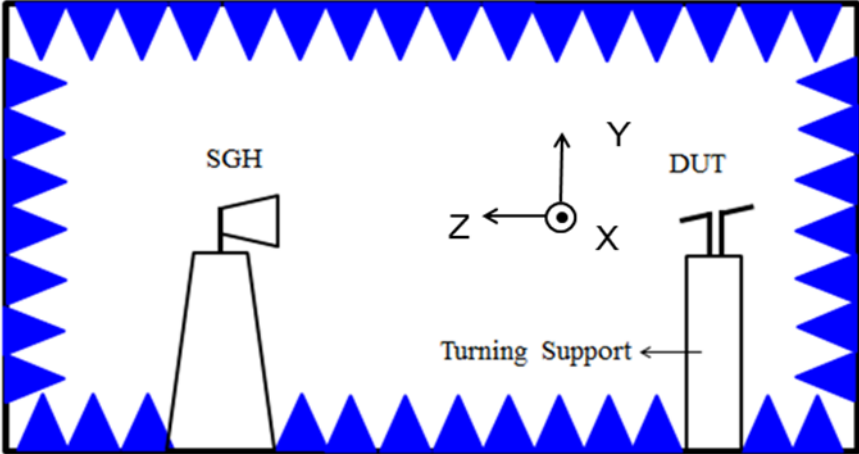
DATE:

3. Radiation Pattern

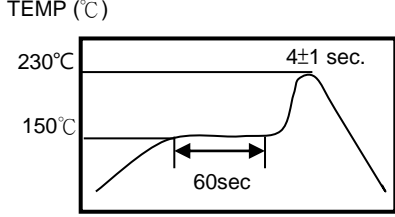
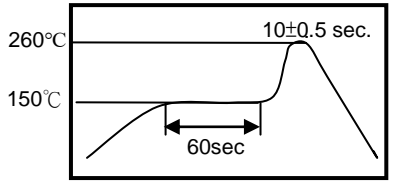


	Efficiency	Peak Gain	Directivity
2450MHz	68.15%	0dBi	0 dBi

Chamber Coordinate System

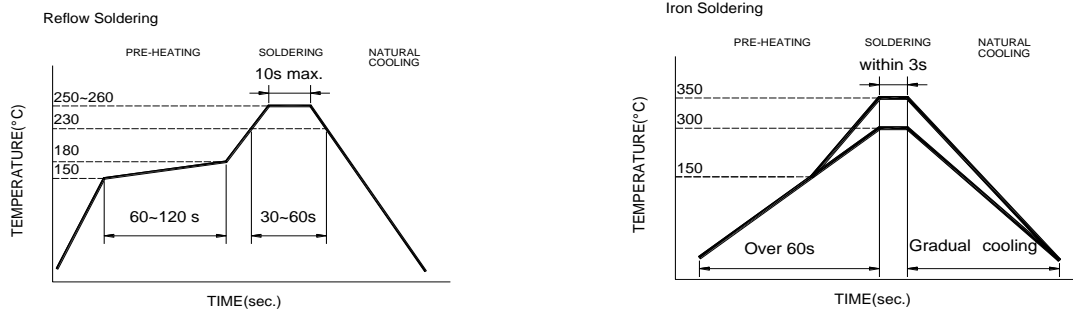


4. Reliability and Test Conditions

ITEM	REQUIREMENTS	TEST CONDITION															
Solderability	1. Wetting shall exceed 90% coverage 2. No visible mechanical damage 	Pre-heating temperature:150°C /60sec. Solder temperature:230±5°C Duration:4±1sec. Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin															
Solder heat Resistance	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ± 6% 	Pre-heating temperature:150°C /60sec. Solder temperature:260±5°C Duration:10±0.5sec. Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin															
Component Adhesion (Push test)	1. No visible mechanical damage	The device should be reflow soldered(230±5°C for 10sec.) to a tinned copper substrate A dynameter force gauge should be applied the side of the component. The device must with-ST-F 0.5 Kg without failure of the termination attached to component.															
Component Adhesion (Pull test)	1. No visible mechanical damage	Insert 10cm wire into the remaining open eye bend ,the ends of even wire lengths upward and wind together. Terminal shall not be remarkably damaged.															
Thermal shock	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ±6% <table border="1" data-bbox="363 1283 788 1534"> <thead> <tr> <th>Phase</th> <th>Temperature(°C)</th> <th>Time(min)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>+85±5°C</td> <td>30±3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Room Temperature</td> <td>Within 3sec</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>-40±2°C</td> <td>30±3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Room Temperature</td> <td>Within 3sec</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Phase	Temperature(°C)	Time(min)	1	+85±5°C	30±3	2	Room Temperature	Within 3sec	3	-40±2°C	30±3	4	Room Temperature	Within 3sec	+85°C =>30±3min -40°C =>30±3min Test cycle:10 cycles The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.
Phase	Temperature(°C)	Time(min)															
1	+85±5°C	30±3															
2	Room Temperature	Within 3sec															
3	-40±2°C	30±3															
4	Room Temperature	Within 3sec															
Resistance to High Temperature	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ±6% 3. No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: 85±5°C Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.															
Resistance to Low Temperature	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ±6% 3. No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature:-40±5°C Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.															
Humidity	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ±6% 3. No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: 40±2°C Humidity: 90% to 95% RH Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.															

5.Soldering and Mounting

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. The minimum amount of solder can lead to damage from the stresses caused by the difference in coefficients of expansion between solder, chip and substrate. The terminations are suitable for all wave and re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.



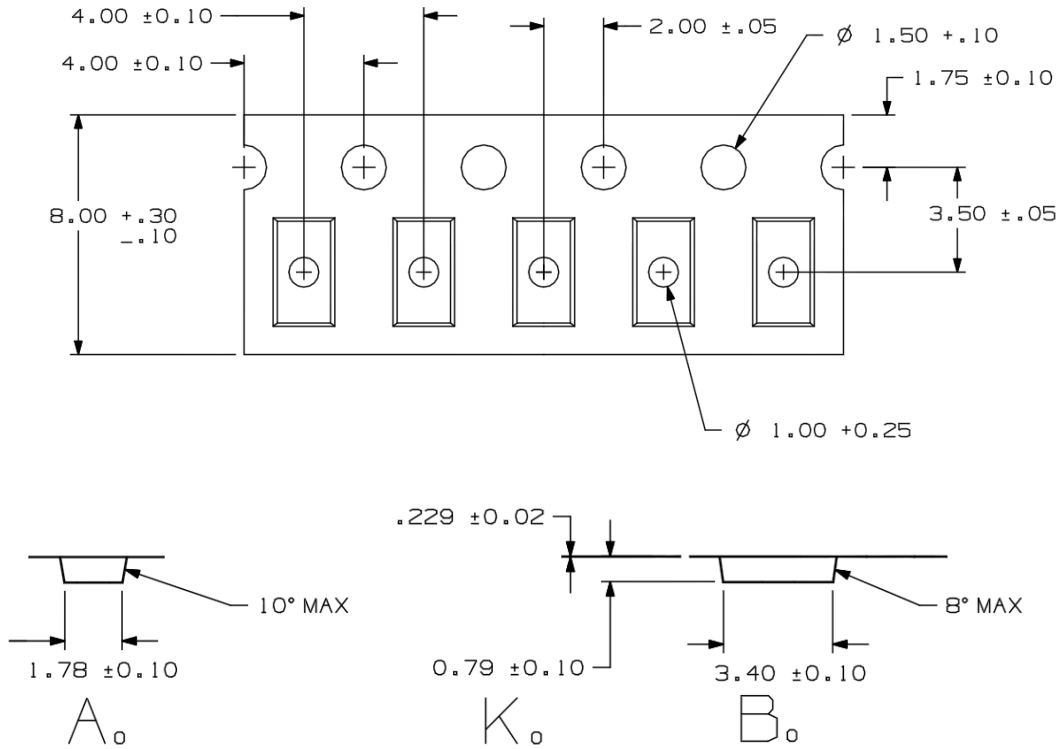
Recommended temperature profiles for re-flow soldering in Figure 1.

Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended.

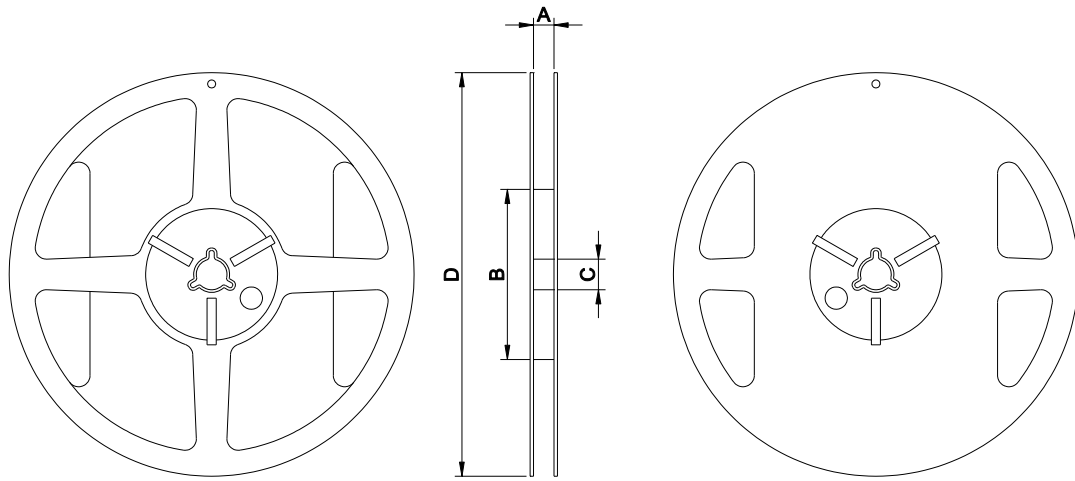
- Preheat circuit and products to 150°C
- Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- Use a 20 watt soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- 280°C tip temperature (max)
- 1.0mm tip diameter (max)
- Limit soldering time to 3 sec.

6. Packaging Information

Tape Specification:



Reel Specification: (7", $\Phi 180$ mm)



7" x 8 mm

Tape Width(mm)	A(mm)	B(mm)	C(mm)	D(mm)	Chip/Reel(pcs)
8	9.0 ± 0.5	60 ± 2	13.5 ± 0.5	178 ± 2	3000

7. Storage and Transportation Information

Storage Conditions

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

1. Temperature and humidity conditions: -10~ 40°C and 30~70% RH.
2. Recommended products should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.
3. The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

Transportation Conditions

1. Products should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
2. The use of tweezers or vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
3. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.