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# FCC SAR Test Report

Client Name	: SHENZHEN JUMPER TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
	101,102,201,301 No.13-2 Pingxi South Rd., Pingxi
Address	Community, Pingdi Street, Longgang District,
	Shenzhen, GuangDong, China
Product Name	: Portable computer

Nov.30, 2020 Date



#### **Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited**



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## TEST REPORT

Applicant	- Mar	SHENZHEN JUMPER TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Manufacturer	ontel	SHENZHEN JUMPER TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Product Name	Anburg	Portable computer
Model No.	PD	EZbook X3
List Models	к. : К	EZbook X3 Pro, EZbook X3 Plus, EZbook X3R, EZbook X3J
Trade Mark	Veto	N/A bore history history history history
Rating(s)	nbotek	DC 7.6V form battery

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-FZBOOKX3R

#### Test Standard(s) : IEEE 1528:2013; IEC 62209-2:2010; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013);

ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005;Reference FCC KDBs;

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the IEEE 1528:2013, IEC 62209-2:2010, FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013), ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, and Reference FCC KDBsrequirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Receipt Date of Test Nov.23, 2020 Nov.25, 2020~ Nov.26, 2020

GM Kon

(Engineer / Kingkong Jin)

Bibs thank

Reviewer

Prepared By

(Supervisor / Bibo Zhang)

(Manager / Tom Chen)

Approved & Authorized Signer

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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## Version

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## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

#### <Highest SAR Summary>

Exposure Configuration	Technolohy Band	Ant0 Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Ant1 Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	MAX MIMO SAR 1g-SAR (W/kg)	SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)
Body (Gap	WIFI 2.4G	0.43	0.46	0.89	Anboten Anbo
0mm)	WIFI 5G	0.67	0.65	1.32	1.6
Test R	esult	Antoone	Arris stak	PASS	ok shotek An

#### <Max Simultaneous Transmission SAR>

	Max SAR (W/kg)		Sum	SAR Test Limit
Exposure Position	Wifi 2.4G Ant 0	Wifi 5G Ant 1	(W/kg)	(W/Kg)
Back	0.43	0.65	1.08	4.6
Front	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	- 1.6 M
	Max SAR (W/kg)		Sum SAR Test Lin	SAR Test Limit
Exposure Position	Wifi 2.4G Ant 1	Wifi 5G Ant 0	(W/kg)	(W/Kg)
Back	0.46	0.67	1.13	and a more
Front	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	Anbore 1.6 Anou
Test Result	Alay	abotek Anbor	PASS	Auporen Aup

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013

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## 2. General Information

#### 2.1 Client Information

	1000	
Applicant	:	SHENZHEN JUMPER TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Address	:	101,102,201,301 No.13-2 Pingxi South Rd., Pingxi Community, Pingdi Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, GuangDong, China
Manufacturer	:	SHENZHEN JUMPER TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Address	:	101,102,201,301 No.13-2 Pingxi South Rd., Pingxi Community, Pingdi Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, GuangDong, China

#### 2. 2 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name	Portable computer
Trade Mark	N/A product pr
Model/Type reference	EZbook X3
List Models	EZbook X3 Pro, EZbook X3 Plus, EZbook X3R, EZbook X3J
Model Declaration	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested.
Power supply:	DC 7.6V by battery Recharged by DC 12.0V/3.0A
Sample ID	GTS20200908004-1-27# & GTS20200916015-1-2#
Bluetooth	
Operation frequency	2402-2480MHz
Channel Number	79 channels for Bluetooth (DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth (DTS)
Channel Spacing	1MHz for Bluetooth (DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth (DTS)
Modulation Type	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK for Bluetooth (DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth (DTS)
WIFI(2.4G Band)	
Frequency Range	2412MHz ~ 2462MHz
Channel Spacing	5MHz
Channel Number	11 Channel for 20MHz bandwidth(2412~2462MHz) 7 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(2422~2452MHz)
Modulation Type	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n: OFDM
WIFI(5.2G Band)	
Frequency Range	5180MHz ~ 5240MHz

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	4 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180-5240MHz)
Channel Number	2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190~5230MHz)
	1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5210MHz)
Modulation Type	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM
WIFI (5.8G Band)	
Frequency Range	5745MHz ~ 5825MHz
len phon lak abo	5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745-5825MHz)
Channel Number	2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755~5795MHz)
	1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5775MHz)
Modulation Type	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM
And wet abotek	Two same FPC Antenna, WLAN support MIMO technology
	ANT0(MAIN) used for BT/WIFI TX/RX, 2.79dBi(Max.) for 2.4G Band a
Antenna Description	nd 4.80dBi(Max.) for 5G Band
	ANT1(AUX) used for WIFI TX/RX, 2.79dBi(Max.) for 2.4G Band and
	4.80dBi(Max.) for 5G Band

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#### 2. 3 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

#### 2. 4 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005
- IEEE Std 1528:2013
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

#### 2.5 Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

#### 2.6 Test Configuration

For WIFI SAR testing, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

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## 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \left( \frac{\mathbf{\delta T}}{\mathbf{\delta t}} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta$ tisthe exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

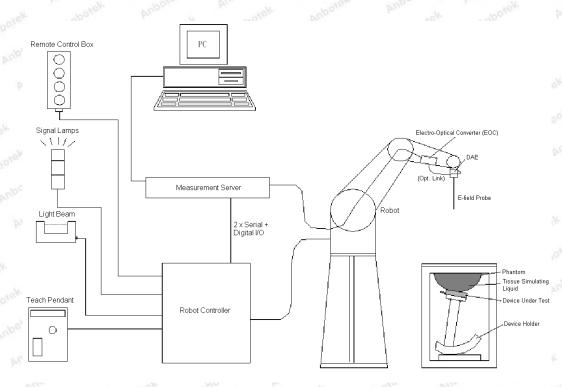
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## 4. SAR Measurement System



#### **DASY System Configurations**

The DASYsystem for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- > A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

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components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

#### 4.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	X	nto No
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	24	
Directivity	<ul> <li>± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)</li> <li>± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)</li> </ul>	50 <sup>6</sup>	rek Ipot
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	T	An
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	Photo of EX3DV4	

#### > E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

#### 4. 2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

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# Report No.: 18220WC00156801 FCC ID: 2AQAA-EZBOOKX3R Page13of91 The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



Photo of DAE

#### 4.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controllersystem, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Photo of DASY5

#### 4. 4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel

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Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



#### Photo of Server for DASY5

#### 4.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	- K - Ole, DU
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	1,10
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	
	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek	Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	North	Aupore	All wotek A
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	notelk	Anboten	pinba sek

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rt No.: 18220WC Dimensions	00156801         FCC ID: 2AQAA-EZBOOKX3R         Page1           Major ellipse axis: 600 mm         Image: Compare the second sec
Dimensions	Minor axis:400 mm
	And and a product part of the
	Antipolitic Antipole Antipole
	at paper and paper paper
	k water and set

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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#### 4.6 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$  = 3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



#### Device Holder

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#### 4.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, aio, ai1, ai2		
en pulos rek	- Conversion factor	ConvFi		
potek Anbor	- Diode compression point	dcpi		
Device parameters:	- Frequency	P.foo.		
pour otek subotek	- Crest factor	cf		
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	tek o unbote		
Aupon Au	- Density	ρ		

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$ = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes:  $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$ 

H-field Probes:  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ 

with V<sub>i</sub> = compensated signal of channel i,(i = x, y, z) Norm<sub>i</sub>= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), μV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup> for E-field Probes ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution a<sub>ij</sub>= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$\mathbf{E_{tot}} = \sqrt{\mathbf{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot= total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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## 5. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Nome of Faultament	Turne (Mandal		Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	Jun 15,2018	Jun 14,2021	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1160	Oct 02,2018	Oct 01,2021	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sep.06,2020	Sep.05,2021	
SPEAG	SPEAG Dosimetric E-Field Probe		7396	May.06,2020	May.05,2021	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Nov. 02, 2020	Nov. 01, 2021	
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004AA	2058	NCR	NCR	
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Nov. 02, 2020	Nov. 01, 2021	
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Nov. 02, 2020	Nov. 01, 2021	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Nov. 02, 2020	Nov. 01, 2021	
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Nov. 02, 2020	Nov. 01, 2021	
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O- 10	COM5BNW1A2	Nov. 02, 2020	Nov. 01, 2021	

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#### Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.

- The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it

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## 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



Liquid depth in the body phantom (2450MHz)



Liquid depth in the body phantom (5GHz)

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Prevento I (%)	DGBE (%)				
	For Body									
5000	78.6	× 0 ×	10.7	0	10.7	Pure O				

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Target Frequency	Hea	ad	Body		
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
5200	36.00	4.66	49.0	5.30	
5400	35.80	4.86	48.9	5.42	
5600	35.50	5.07	48.5	5.77	
5800	35.30	5.27	48.2	6.00	

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

	Measured	Target Tissue			Measured Tissue					
Tissue Type	Frequenc y (MHz)	٤r	σ	٤r	Dev. (%)	σ	Dev. (%)	Liquid Temp.(°C	Test Date	
2450	2450	52.7 pm	1.95	52.12	-1.10	1.93	-1.03	22.1	2020-11-25	
5000	5200	49.0	5.30	50.47	3.00	5.11	-3.58	21.8	2020-11-26	
5000	5800	48.20	6.00	46.36	-3.82	6.15	2.50	21.8	2020-11-26	

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## 7. System Verification Procedures

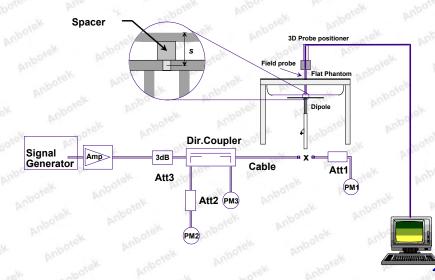
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

#### Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

#### System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



#### System Setup for System Evaluation

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Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Frequenc y (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviatio n (%)	Test Date
2450	Body	250	51.8	12.74	50.96	-1.62	2020-11-25
5200	Body	100	77.8	7.48	74.8	3.86	2020-11-26
5800	Body	100	78.3	7.91	79.1	1.02	2020-11-26

Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

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## 8. EUT Testing Position

#### 8. 1 Body Worn Position

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Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positionedagainst a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB 648474 D04, bodyworn accessoryexposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. Thebody-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SARcompliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible withthat required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to thatrequired for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without aheadset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode andfrequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. Whenmultiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with onlythe accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

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#### **Body Worn Position**

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### 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

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) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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#### 9.3 Area Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ}\pm1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ}\pm1^{\circ}$
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution to x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one

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#### 9. 4 Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label. Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

				≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Š	Har.	oupo.	19 . Nr.	-Poles Pur	stek unbo		
	Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
		uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm		
	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq$ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
			$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
	Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	•	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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#### 9. 5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregateSAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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## 10. Conducted Power

#### <WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

#### Ant0

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Tune-up Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Average Power (dBm)	Test Rate Data
	Anboto	2412	15.95	16.0	12.52	13.0	1 Mbps
802.11b	6	2437	15.82	16.0	12.77	13.0	1 Mbps
	11, otel	2462	15.40	16.0	12.16	13.0	1 Mbps
	1	2412	15.64	16.0	12.30	13.0	6 Mbps
802.11g	6	2437	15.77	16.0	12.02	13.0	6 Mbps
	o <sup>sec</sup> 11 P	2462	15.25	16.0	12.20	13.0	6 Mbps
	nbotek	2412	15.83	16.0	11.23	13.0	MCS0
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	15.80	16.0	11.95	13.0	MCS0
	11 otek	2462	15.14	16.0	11.02	13.0	MCS0
	3	2422	14.21	15.5	9.97	11.5	MCS0
802.11n(40MHz)	6 500	2437	14.37	15.5	9.98	11.5	MCS0
	Men 9 M	2452	14.50	15.5	9.98	11.5	MCS0

#### Ant1

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Tune-up Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Average Power (dBm)	Test Rate Data
		2412	15.03	16.0	12.09	13.0	1 Mbps
802.11b	6	2437	15.51	16.0	12.45	13.0	1 Mbps
	11	2462	15.64	16.0	12.79	13.0	1 Mbps
	put 1_telt	2412	15.41	16.0	12.48	13.0	6 Mbps
802.11g	6	2437	15.96	16.0	12.97	13.0	6 Mbps
	11,001	2462	15.88	16.0	12.26	13.0	6 Mbps
	1	2412	15.59	16.0	11.40	13.0	MCS0
802.11n(20MHz)	6 M	2437	15.77	16.0	11.13	13.0	MCS0
	de+11	2462	15.84	16.0	11.44	13.0	MCS0
	3	2422	14.38	15.5	9.32	11.0	MCS0
802.11n(40MHz)	6	2437	14.41	15.5	9.68	11.0	MCS0
	9	2452	14.24	15.5	9.92	11.0	MCS0

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Туре	Channel	Peak Output power ANT0 (dBm)	Peak Output power ANT1 (dBm)	Average Output power ANT0 (dBm)	average Output power ANT1 (dBm)	Peak Output power Total (dBm)	average Output power Total (dBm)	Tune- up Average power Total (dBm)
002 11	01	15.83	15.59	11.23	11.40	18.72	14.33	15.5
802.11n	06	15.80	15.77	11.95	11.13	18.80	14.57	15.5
(HT20)	11	15.14	15.84	11.02	11.44	18.51	14.25	15.5
002 11	03	14.21	14.38	9.97	9.32	17.31	12.67	14.0
802.11n	06	14.37	14.41	9.98	9.68	17.40	12.84	14.0
(HT40)	09	14.50	14.24	9.98	9.92	17.38	12.96	14.0

#### <WLAN 5G Conducted Power>

Ant0

Mode	Frequency range (MHz)	<sup>-</sup> <sup>-</sup> Channel		Output Power AV (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)
	ooue. Pue	36	5180	14.17	15.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.84	15.5
902 11	anbotek.	48	5240	15.09	15.5
802.11a	P. notek	149	5745	14.42	15.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	15.08	15.5
	the Bolon	$\begin{array}{c cccccc} 0 & 40 & 52 \\ \hline 48 & 52 \\ \hline 48 & 52 \\ \hline 149 & 57 \\ \hline 0 & 157 & 57 \\ \hline 165 & 58 \\ \hline 36 & 51 \\ 0 & 40 & 52 \\ \hline 48 & 52 \\ \hline 48 & 52 \\ \hline 149 & 57 \\ \hline 0 & 157 & 57 \end{array}$	5825	14.13	15.5
	lotek Pupo	36	5180	14.34	15.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.34	15.5
802 11p(H20)	wotek I	48	5240	14.47	15.5
802.11n(H20)	Ann	149	5745	14.35	15.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.24	15.5
	K Aupon	165	5825	14.38	15.5
	plek pupor	36	5180	14.6	15.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.52	15.5
802.11ac( H20)	in stok	48	5240	14.84	15.5
	5705 5050	149	5745	15.02	15.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.75	15.5

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	anboten	165	5825	14.5	15.5
	5150~ 5250	38	5190	15.05	15.1
90 <b>2</b> 11( <b>T</b> 40)	5150~ 5250	46	5230	14.96	15.1
802.11n(H40)		151	5755	14.7	15.1
	5725~5850	159	5795	14.88	15.1
	E1E0 E2E0	38	5190	14.65	15.1
(0.2, 11 (11.40))	5150~ 5250	46	5230	14.55	15.1
802.11ac(H40)	E725, E950	151	5755	14.44	15.1
	5725~5850	159	5795	15.04	15.1
902.11 - (1190)	5150~ 5250	42	5210	15.05	15.1
802.11ac(H80)	5725~5850	156	5775	14.93	15.1

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Mode	Frequency range (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power AV (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)
	Ann	36	5180	14.32	15.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.64	15.5
802.11a	Hek Aupor	48	5240	14.59	15.5
ou2.11a	botek Anbo	149	5745	14.37	15.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.51	15.5
	Anpe	165	5825	15.04	15.5
	MADO	36	5180	15.06	15.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.56	15.5
002 11 (1120)	iek Anbeter	48	5240	14.35	15.5
802.11n(H20)	atelt anto	149	5745	14.17	15.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.21	15.5
	Amboil Al	165	5825	14.86	15.5
	probot	36	5180	14.41	15.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.42	15.5
	et sobotek	48	5240	15.05	15.5
802.11ac( H20)	not soon	149	5745	15.04	15.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.38	15.5
	Anboten An	165	5825	14.59	15.5
	- Chaoter	38	5190	15.01	15.2
	5150~ 5250	46	5230	15.05	15.2
802.11n(H40)		151	5755	14.64	15.2
	5725~5850	159	5795	15.13	15.2
	ore Arre	38	5190	14.26	15.2
	5150~ 5250	46	5230	14.58	15.2
802.11ac(H40)	upotek I	151	5755	15.05	15.2
	5725~5850	159	5795	15.04	15.2
	5150~ 5250	42	5210	14.63	15.2
802.11ac(H80)	5725~5850	156	5775	14.93	15.2

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Mode	Frequency range (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm) ANT0	Power (dBm) ANT1	Total (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)
	Pur	36	5180	14.34	15.06	17.73	18.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.34	14.56	17.46	18.5
000 11 (1100)	tek pubore	48	5240	14.47	14.35	17.42	18.5
802.11n(H20)	hotek anbe	149	5745	14.35	14.17	17.27	18.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.24	14.21	17.24	18.5
	Anbo	165	5825	14.38	14.86	17.64	18.5
	Anbo	36	5180	14.6	14.41	17.52	18.5
	5150~ 5250	40	5200	14.52	14.42	17.48	18.5
902 11 ( <b>H</b> 20)	iek photen	48	5240	14.84	15.05	17.96	18.5
802.11ac( H20)	stell anbo	149	5745	15.02	15.04	18.04	18.5
	5725~5850	157	5785	14.75	14.38	17.58	18.5
	Anbois Ai	165	5825	14.5	14.59	17.56	18.5
	5450 5050	38	5190	15.05	15.01	18.04	18.5
002 11 (1140)	5150~ 5250	46	5230	14.96	15.05	18.02	18.5
802.11n(H40)	5705 5050	151	5755	14.7	14.64	17.68	18.5
	5725~5850	159	5795	14.88	15.13	18.02	18.5
	5450 5050	38	5190	14.65	14.26	17.47	18.5
903 11 (ILA)	5150~ 5250	46	5230	14.55	14.58	17.58	18.5
802.11ac(H40)	5705 5050	151	5755	14.44	15.05	17.77	18.5
	5725~5850	159	5795	15.04	15.04	18.05	18.5
<b>903</b> 11 a a (1190)	5150~ 5250	42	5210	15.05	14.63	17.86	18.5
802.11ac(H80)	5725~5850	156	5775	14.93	14.93	17.94	18.5

#### <Bluetooth Conducted Power>

(9 (9	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power(dBm)
		0	2402	8.27	9.0
2	GFSK	39	2441	8.45	9.0
		78	2480	8.95	9.0
		Nooten 0 M	2402	6.37	7.0
2	π/4QPSK	39	2441	6.45	7.0
5		78	2480	6.73	7.0

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	0	2402	6.51	7.0
8DPSK	39	2441	6.61	7.0
	78	2480	6.85	7.0
	0	2402	5.01	6.0
BLE(GFSK)	19	2440	5.10	6.0
	39	2480	4.53	6.0

#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion	<b>RF</b> output	SAR test exclusion	
2	1(0111)	1 00101011	threshold (mW)	dBm	mW	
Bluetooth	2.45	Body	9.6	otek 9 Antoon	7.94	Yes

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

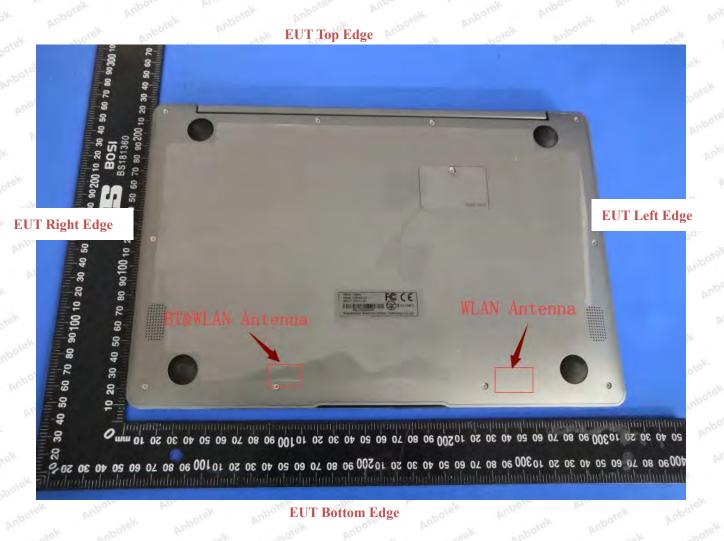
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## 11. Antenna Location



#### EUT BACK VIEW

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## 12. SAR Test Results Summary

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Scaling Factor

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)
#1	WIFI 2.4GHz	b	Back	0.0	6	2437	12.77	13.0	1.054	-0.03	0.400	0.422
Vater	WIFI 2.4GHz	b	Front	0.0	6	2437	12.77	13.0	1.054	-0.09	<0.1	<0.1
00-	WIFI 5.2GHz	a	Back	0.0	48	5240	15.09	15.5	1.099	-0.05	0.508	0.558
Pupe	WIFI 5.2GHz	а	Front	0.0	48	5240	15.09	15.5	1.099	-0.02	<0.1	<0.1
#2	WIFI 5.8GHz	а	Back	0.0	157	5785	15.08	15.5	1.102	0.14	0.579	0.638
	WIFI 5.8GHz	а	Front	0.0	157	5785	15.08	15.5	1.102	0.07	<0.1	<0.1

			WLAN- Sc	aled Reported SAF	R		
		Fre	quency		maximum	Reported	Scaled
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	SAR (1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
000 114	Back	6	2437	97.53%	100%	0.422	0.43
802.11b	Front	6	2437	97.53%	100%	<0.1	<0.1
Pupp	Back	48	5240	95.26%	100%	0.558	0.59
000 11-	Front	48	5240	95.26%	100%	<0.1	<0.1
802.11a	Back	157	5785	95.26%	100%	0.638	0.67
Melk	Front	157	5785	95.26%	100%	<0.1	<0.1

Ant1

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz )	е	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#3	WIFI 2.4GHz	b	Back	0.0	11	2462	12.79	13.0	1.050	-0.01	0.431	0.452
pr.	WIFI 2.4GHz	b 🅅	Front	0.0	11	2462	12.79	13.0	1.050	-0.16	<0.1	<0.1
P1	WIFI 5.2GHz	а	Back	0.0	40	5200	14.64	15.5	1.219	-0.15	0.496	0.605
	WIFI 5.2GHz	а	Front	0.0	40	5200	14.64	15.5	1.219	0.10	<0.1	<0.1
#4	WIFI 5.8GHz	a	Back	0.0	165	5825	15.04	15.5	1.112	-0.02	0.560	0.623
botek	WIFI 5.8GHz	а	Front	0.0	165	5825	15.04	15.5	1.112	-0.10	<0.1	<0.1

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			WLAN- Sc	aled Reported SAF	R		
		Fr	equency		movimum	Reported	Scaled
Mode	Test Position		N 41 1-	Actual duty factor	maximum	SAR	reported SAR
	CH MHz factor duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)				
000 446	Back	11	2462	97.53%	100%	0.452	0.46
802.11b	Front	11	2462	97.53%	100%	<0.1	<0.1
Hetek	Back	40	5200	95.26%	100%	0.605	0.64
000 11-	Front	40	5200	95.26%	100%	<0.1	<0.1
802.11a	Back	165	5825	95.26%	100%	0.623	0.65
	Front	165	5825	95.26%	100%	<0.1	<0.1

#### Note:

- According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.
- When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KDB 248227D01v02r01). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
  - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - 2) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. An Initial Test Configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the *reported* SAR of the Initial Test Configuration.

### 4. WiFi 5G SAR Test Procedures

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the

same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for

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the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for

#### 5. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The Initial Test Configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the Initial Test Configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the Initial Test Configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.

2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.

3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.

4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an Initial Test Configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the Initial Test Configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.

2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

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# 13. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

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# 14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
Wifi 2.4G Ant 0 + Wifi 5G Ant 1	Yes
Wifi 2.4G Ant 1 + Wifi 5G Ant 0	Yes And
Wifi 2.4G Ant 1 + BT	yot Yes
Wifi 5G Ant 1 + BT	Yes
	Wifi 2.4G Ant 0 + Wifi 5G Ant 1 Wifi 2.4G Ant 1 + Wifi 5G Ant 0 Wifi 2.4G Ant 1 + BT

General note:

- 1. WLAN Ant0 and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. WLAN Ant1 and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 4. 2.4GWLAN and 5GWLAN with the same antenna cannot transmit simultaneously.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
  - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*
     [√f(GHz)/x]W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
  - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth		Pody
Diuel00ll1	Exposure position	Body
Max power	Test separation	0mm
9 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.33 W/kg

### Wifi 2.4G Ant 0 + Wifi 5G Ant 1

		Max SAR (	(W/kg)	Sum	
	Exposure Position	Wifi 2.4G Ant 0	Wifi 5G Ant 1	(W/kg)	
	Back	0.43	0.65	1.08	
ek.	Front	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	

### Wifi 2.4G Ant 1 + Wifi 5G Ant 0

	Max SAR	Sum	
Exposure Position	Wifi 2.4G Ant 1	Wifi 5G Ant 0	(W/kg)
Back	0.46	0.67	1.13
Front	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

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### Wifi 2.4G Ant 1 + BT

	Max SAR (	Sum		
Exposure Position	Wifi 2.4G Ant 1	BT	(W/kg)	
Back	0.46	0.33	0.79	
Front	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	

# Wifi 5G Ant 1 + BT

Max SAR (	Sum	
Wifi 5G Ant 1	ВТ	(W/kg)
0.65	0.33	0.98
<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	Wifi 5G Ant 1 0.65	0.65 0.33

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# 15. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is <1.5W/Kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEC 62209-2:2010 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

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# Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos



Front (0mm)

Body Back(0mm)

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# Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

### System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

Date:2020-11-25

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 910

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.93S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 52.12;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Report No.: 18220WC00156801

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/6/2020; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020 Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.225 mW/g Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 84.153 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.125 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 mW/g



Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.18mW/g

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Report No.: 18220WC00156801 5200MHz System Check

### FCC ID: 2AQAA-EZBOOKX3R Page45of9

Date:2020-11-26

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.11 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$ = 50.47;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):**Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.05 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

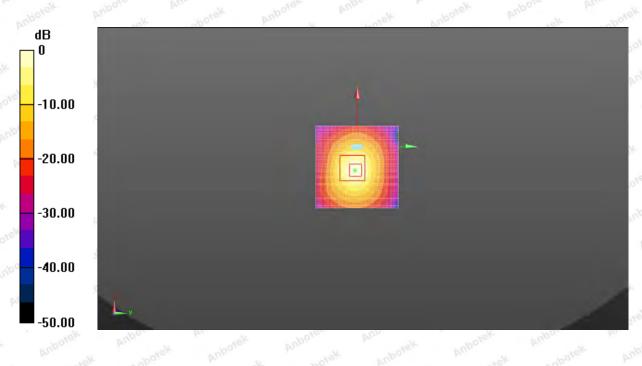
dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 60.064 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.13 W/kg



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Report No.: 18220WC00156801 5800MHz System Check

### FCC ID: 2AQAA-EZBOOKX3R Page46of9

Date:2020-11-26

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 6.15 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$ = 46.36;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):**Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

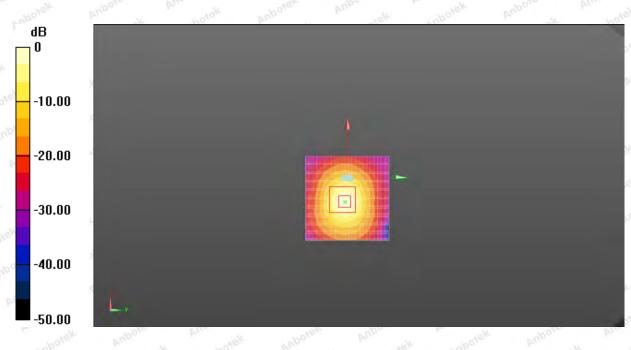
dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 49.005 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



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# Appendix C. Plots of SAR Test Data

### #1

Date:2020-11-25

### WIFI 2.4G \_802.11b\_Body \_Ch6

Report No.: 18220WC00156801

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.92 S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 52.39;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

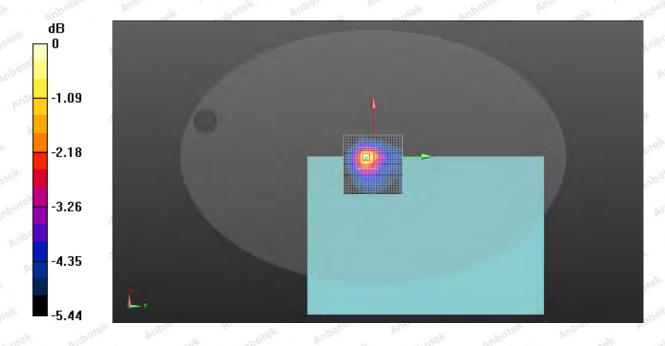
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020

•Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.535 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.565 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.400 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.431 W/kg



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#2

Date: 2020-11-26

### WIFI 5.8G \_Body \_Ch157

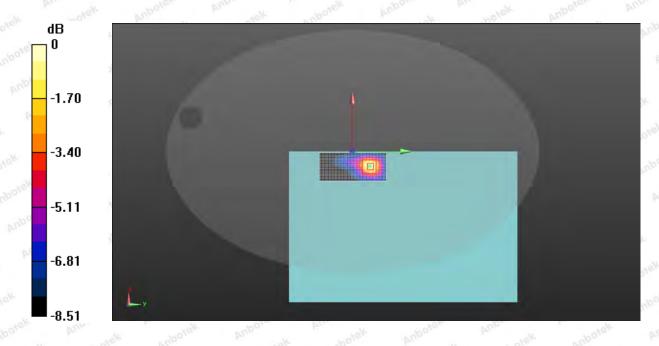
Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5785MHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 6.25 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$ = 46.25;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 8.565 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.579 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



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### #3

Date:2020-11-25

### WIFI 2.4G \_802.11b\_Body \_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.93 S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 52.07;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

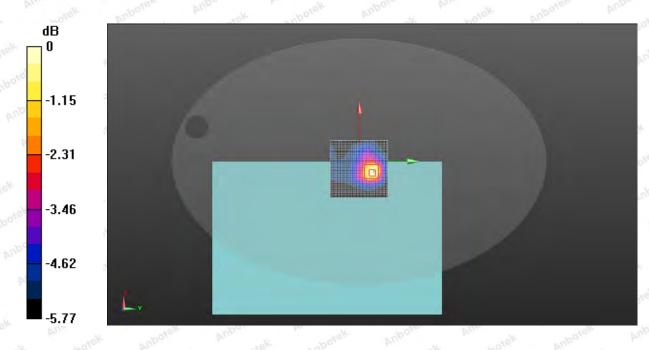
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020

•Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Area Scan (81x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.578 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.613 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.431 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.297 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.463 W/kg



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#4

Date: 2020-11-26

### WIFI 5.8G \_Body \_Ch165

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5825MHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5825 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 6.26 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$ = 46.05;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

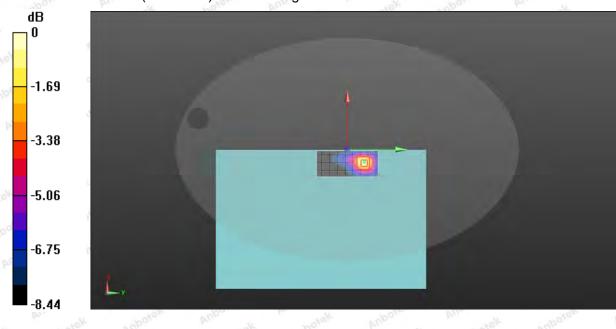
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 9/6/2020
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:2062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.918 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.343 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.315 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 W/kg



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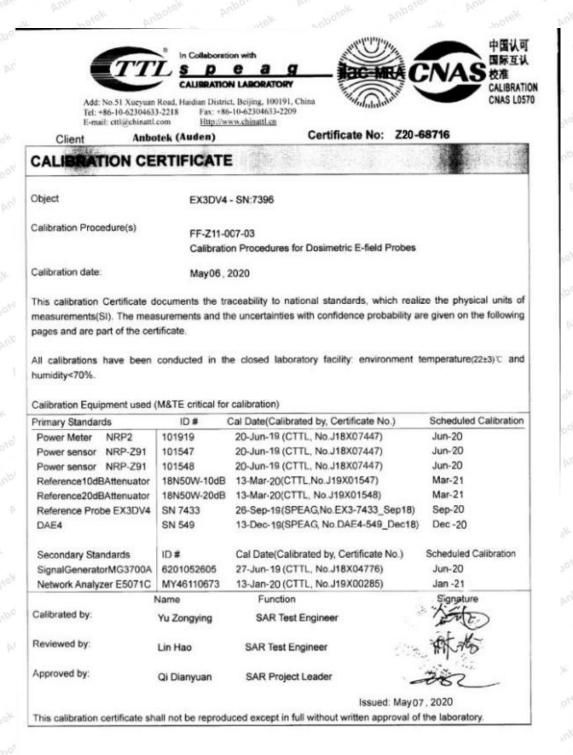
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# Appendix D. DASY System Calibration Certificate



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In Collaboration

#### **Glossary**:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A.B.C.D modulation dependent linearization parameters Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i Polarization 0 θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat
  phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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. Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China 8 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 <u>Http://www.chinattl.cn</u>

# Probe EX3DV4

# SN: 7396

Calibrated: May 06, 2020

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z20-68716

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Anbote

**Product Safety** 

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### DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)2)^	0.54	0.53	0.50	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.8	104.5	102.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	c	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	x	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	199.9	±2.4%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		203.3	
		z	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).
<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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### DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.30	0.85	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.71	9.71	9.71	0.15	1.36	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.87	9.87	9.87	0.16	1.37	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.24	1.01	±12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.24	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.50	0.75	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.45	1.35	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.45	1.45	±13.3%

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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### DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.09	10.09	10.09	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	9.88	9.88	9.88	0.19	1.32	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.23	1.15	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.24	1.06	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.19	1.24	±12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.19	1.39	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.55	0.80	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.46	0.89	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.52	0.80	±12.1%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.45	1.80	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.48	1.90	±13.3%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.48	1.95	±13.3%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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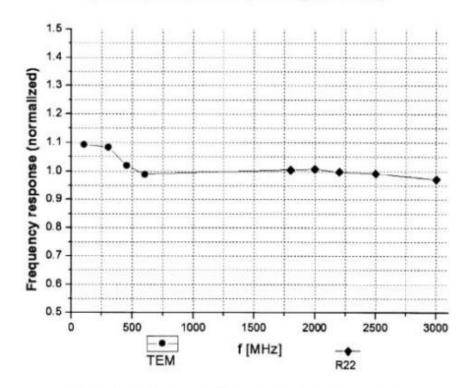


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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)





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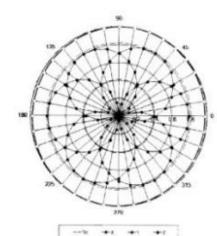


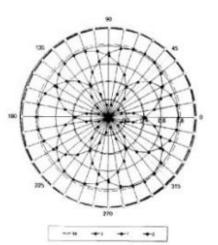
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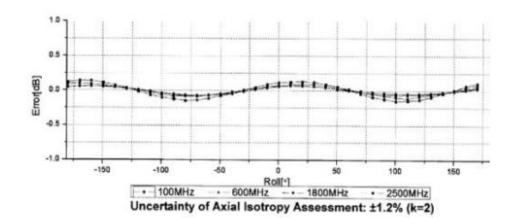
# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

### f=1800 MHz, R22







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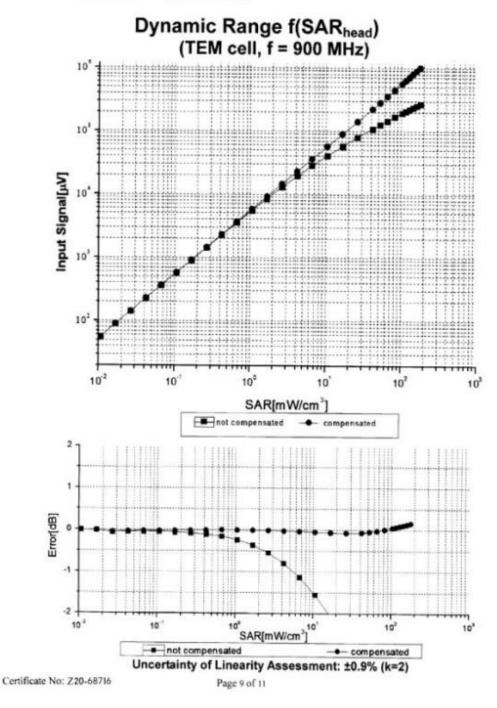
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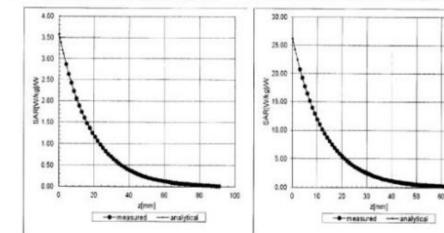


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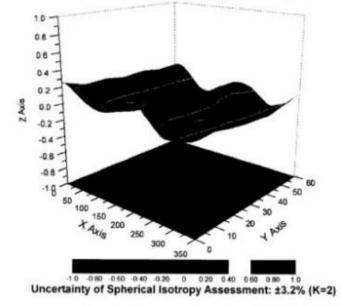
# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



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### DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	156.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

### speag

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# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

### USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN\_BR040315AD DAE4.doc

11.12.2009

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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  - Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

	len)	Certificate N	No: DAE4-387_Sep10
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Dbject	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BM - SN: 387	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procee	dure for the data acquisition ele	ctronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	September 06, 20	20	
he measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pro	anal standards, which realize the physical u obability are given on the following pages a reality: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)	nd are part of the certificate.
alibration Equipment used (M8	TE critical for calibration)		
rimary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
eithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	15-Aug-20 (No:21092)	Aug-21
econdary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
uto DAE Calibration Unit alibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-20 (in house check) 05-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21 In house check: Jan-21
	Name	Function	Signature
alibrated by:	Name Dominique Steffen	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
calibrated by: pproved by:			Signature ACC 1 N BR LUMM

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
  result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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# DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV,	full range =	-1 +3mV
DASY measurement p	parameters: Aut	o Zero Time: 3	sec; Measuring	time: 3 sec

<b>Calibration Factors</b>	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.489 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.852 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.862 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97827 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.95875 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97982 ± 1.50% (k=2)

### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	53.0 ° ± 1 °
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# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200032.85	-3.31	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20007.64	1.88	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20003.48	1.18	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200034.23	-1.43	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20006.60	0.91	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20004.04	0.72	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200035.38	-0.83	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20003.69	-2.11	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20006.38	-1.59	0.01

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.63	0.08	0.00
Channel X + Input	202.29	0.70	0.35
Channel X - Input	-197.90	0.60	-0.30
Channel Y + Input	2001.33	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.86	-0.60	-0.30
Channel Y - Input	-199.87	-1.23	0.62
Channel Z + Input	2001.61	0.27	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200.60	-0.70	-0.35
Channel Z - Input	-199.51	-0.85	0.43

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	13.50	11.56
	- 200	-8.64	-11.18
Channel Y	200	-0.81	-1.28
	- 200	1.05	0.09
Channel Z	200	7.17	6.91
	- 200	-9.46	-9.01

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.70	0.33
Channel Y	200	10.70	-	-0.38
Channel Z	200	7.11	7.89	-1

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# 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15969	17466
Channel Y	15661	16162
Channel Z	15990	16190

### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.73	-2.58	3.29	0.62
Channel Y	0.41	-0.49	1.23	0.40
Channel Z	-0.80	-1.88	0.30	0.42

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

# 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

# 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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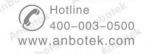


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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.4 ± 6 %	4.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm $^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg

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#### Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.2 ± 6 %	4.68 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.7 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.39 W/kg

#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 "C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	87.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSI	condition	

normalized to 1W

24.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

	The following	parameters and	calculations	were applied.
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	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.3 ± 6 %	5.26 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg

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#### Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.9 ± 6 %	5.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.18 W/kg

#### Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.7 ± 6 %	5.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.88 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg

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#### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.7 ± 6 %	5.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
		A A A A A A A
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg

#### Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.4 ± 6 %	6.27 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	+-++	

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.88 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.1 Ω - 8.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω - 5.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8 Ω - 2.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.0 Ω - 3.0 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB	

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#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 Ω - 6.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 4.2 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 Ω - 0.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.9 Ω - 1.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 06, 2013

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 24.09.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.57 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 36.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.68 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 36.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.03 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 35.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.26 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 35.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 30.12.2017,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.47 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg

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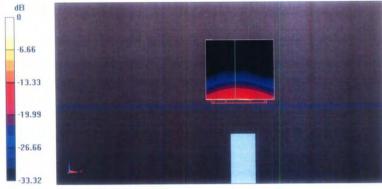




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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 62.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg



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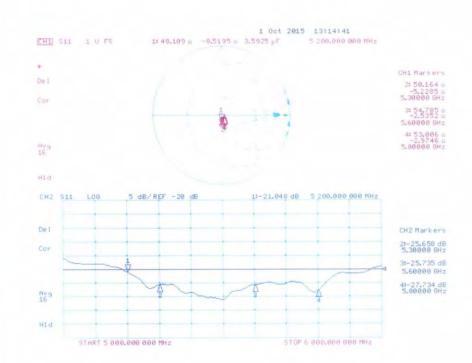
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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.10.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.35 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 47.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.49 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 47.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.99 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 46.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.27 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 46.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 30.12.2017; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1160\_Oct11

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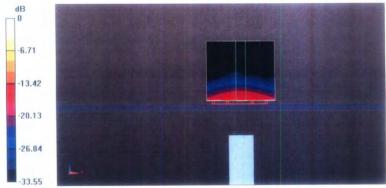




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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

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## Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

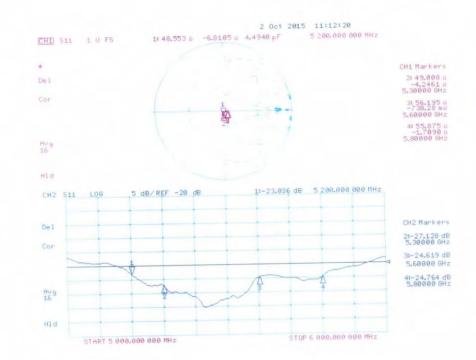
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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-17 (CTTL, No.J17X04256)	Jun-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-17 (CTTL, No.J17X04256)	Jun-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb18)	Feb-19
DAE4	SN 771	02-Feb-18(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011)	Feb-19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00893)	Jan-19
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00894)	Jan-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	北
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	wor
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	m. usita
		Issued: Jun 17	, 2018
This calibration certifi	cate shall not be reproduc	ced except in full without written approval of	the laboratory.

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# Glossary:

Anbotek

**Product Safety** 

TSL tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

## Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22,0 ± 0,2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.77 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9±6%	1.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6,18 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

# Shenz Certificate No: Z18-9709)

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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point.	54.6Ω+ 2.77)Ω		
Return Loss	- 25.8dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7Ω+ 4.28jΩ		
Return Loss	~ 27.3dB		

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.263 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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## FCC ID: 2AQAA-EZBOOKX3R

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 Http://www.chinattl.cn

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 06.15.2018

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 910 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.767 S/m; εr = 39.01; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

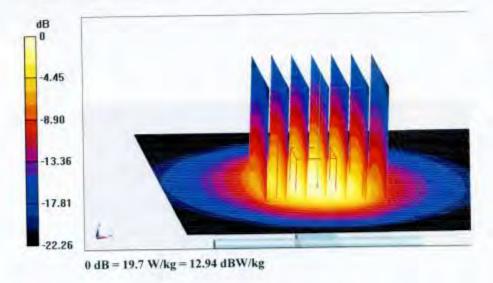
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36); Calibrated: 2/19/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2018-02-02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



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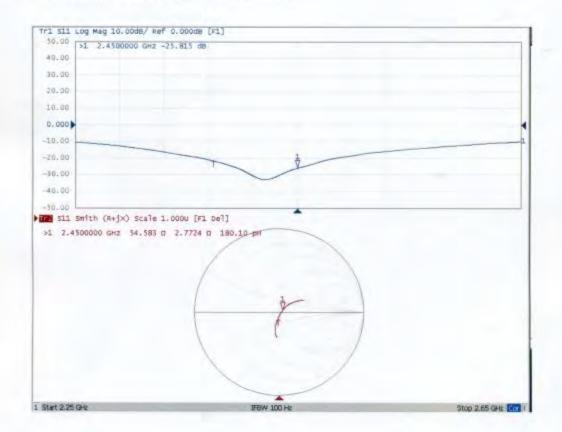
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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL** 

Date: 06.15.2018

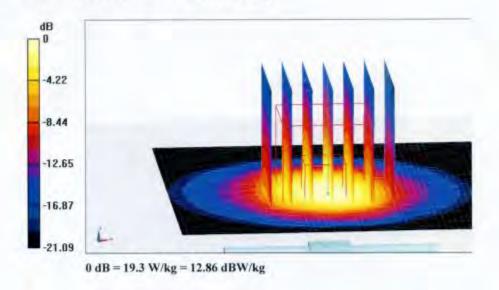
#### Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 910** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.972 S/m; ε<sub>r</sub> = 52.92; ρ = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2/19/2018;
- · Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2018-02-02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



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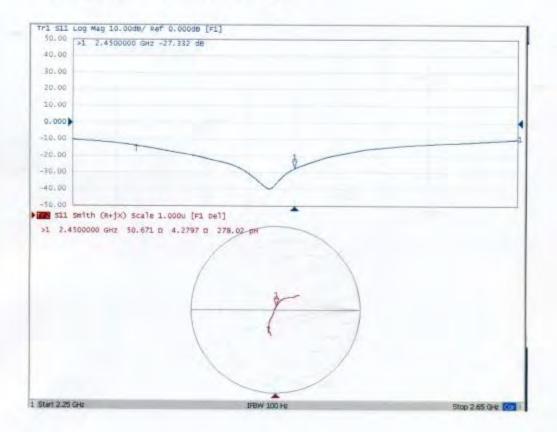


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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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# **Extended Calibration SAR Dipole**

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dBm, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Body						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2018-06-15	-27.3	nboten/	50.7	abotek/	4.28	LoteX/
2019-06-20	-26.2	-4.03%	51.5	0.8	3.93	0.35
2020-06-18	-26.0	-5.00%	51.8	An 1.1 otek	4.16	-0.12

#### Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D2450V2- serial no.910

#### Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D5GHzV2- serial no. 1160

5.2G Body						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2018-10-02	-23.0	P 1	48.6	priton	-6.8	on Votion
2019-09-29	-22.7	-1.3%	49.1	0.5	-7.2	0.4
2020-09-26	-22.4	-2.61%	49.7	et 1.1 pabo	-7.9	-1.1

#### Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D5GHzV2- serial no. 1160

			5.8G Body			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2018-10-02	-24.8	1	55.9	/	-1.7 mbo*	/ Amb
2019-09-29	-23.6	-4.8%	57.3	1.4	-1.2	0.5
2020-09-26	-22.9	-7.66%	58.7	2.8	-1.1	0.6

The Return-Loss is <-20dB, and within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the value result should support extended.

# \*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*

## Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

