FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and **IEEE Std 1528-2013**

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Trademark: Easyfone

Model Name: Prime-A6

Family Model: N/A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

FCC ID: 2AQ8SPRIMEA6

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

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Product description

Product name.....: Mobile Phone

Trademark: Easyfone

Model Name Prime-A6

Family Model: N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards.....: ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992;IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests............. Sep. 20, 2021 ~ Sep. 23, 2021

Date of Issue Oct. 15, 2021

Test Result Pass

Prepared By

(Test Engineer)

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Approved By (Lab Manager)



REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Oct. 15, 2021	Jacob Chen





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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body		Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
0.08	1.6	4.0		

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT





1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Prime-A6 are as follows.

RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class -Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
		PCE	DTS	NII	DSS
1-g Head		0.539	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 10mm)		0.569	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Head	0.913	N/A	N/A	0.913
Max Simultaneous Tx	Body-Worn	0.756	N/A	N/A	0.756

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information				
Product Name	Mobile Phone			
Trade Name	Easyfone			
Model Name	Prime-A6			
Family Model	N/A			
FCC ID	2AQ8SPRIMEA6			
Device Phase	Identical Prototype			
Exposure Category	General population / Unco	ntrolled environmen	t	
Antenna	PIFA Antenna			
Battery Information	DC 3.7V, 1050mAh,3.885\	∕Vh		
Hard Ware Version	GS060 V1.0			
Soft Ware Version	GS060-Easyfone-Prime-A6-4G-20210903-LC-V1.02			
Device Operating Configurations				
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA E	Band 2/5, LTE Band	2/4, Bluetooth	
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK), WCDMA(QPSK), LTE(QPSK/16QAM),			
Test Wodulation	Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK),			
Device Class	В			
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)	
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM 850	824-849	869-894	
Sporating Frequency (varige(s)	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990	
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990	



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	Certificate #4298.01			
	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894	
	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990	
	LTE Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155	
	Bluetooth	2402-	2480	
	Max Number of Timeslots	in Uplink	4	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots	in Downlink	4	
	Max Total Timeslot		5	
	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4	
EDGE Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4	
	Max Total Timeslot		5	
	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)			
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)			
Power Class	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 2)			
Power Class	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)			
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 2)			
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 4)			



1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

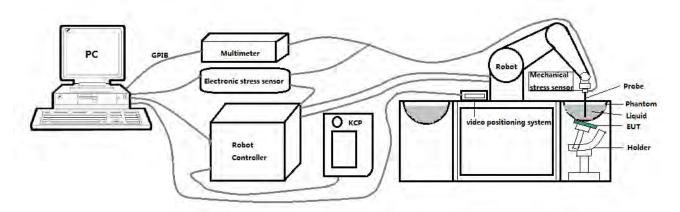
Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%





2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"







2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)







2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ±0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





2.4. SAM phantoms

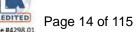
Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

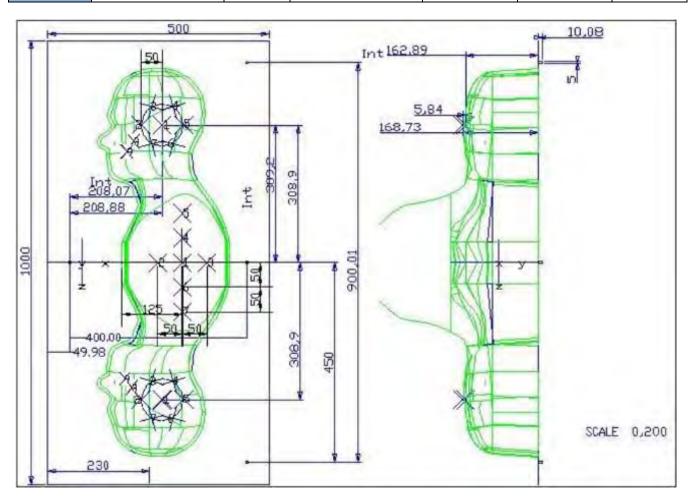






2.4.1. **Technical Data**

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



Serial Number	Left	Head(mm)	Righ	nt Head(mm)	Flat Part(mm)		
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09	
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06	
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08	
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10	
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10	
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07	
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07	
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-	

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μm .

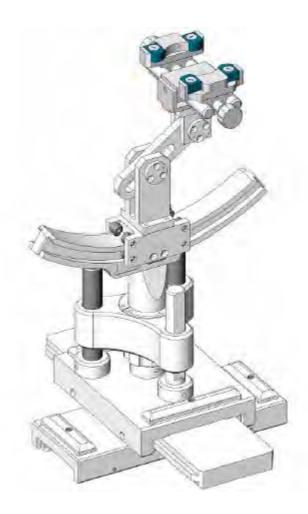






2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Serial Number Holder Material		Loss Tangent	
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005	





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2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked 🛛

	MVG MVG	Equipment E FIELD PROBE	Type/Model SSE2	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
		E FIELD PROBE	SSE2			
		ETIELDT KODE	5562	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	MVG		-	3N 00/10 LF GO20/	2021	2022
	IVIVO	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
		7 30 WII IZ DIPOIC	010730	0G750-355	2021	2024
	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	000 Wil IZ Dipole	010000	0G835-347	2021	2024
	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	300 IVII IZ DIPOIE	31D900	0G900-348	2021	2024
	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	1000 WII IZ DIPOIE	31D 1000	1G800-349	2021	2024
	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	1900 Mil IZ Dipole	5101900	1G900-350	2021	2024
	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVG	2000 IVII IZ DIPOIE	3102000	2G000-351	2021	2024
	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	2430 WII IZ DIPOIE	51D2 4 50	2G450-352	2021	2024
	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	2000 WII IZ DIPOIC	0102000	2G600-356	2021	2024
	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	3000 WII IZ DIPOIC	0110000	014 10/14 440/1 00	2021	2024
	MVG	Liquid	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
	IVI V O	measurement Kit	OOLIVII	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	11011	11011
	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
⊠ K	EITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
		Universal radio			lul O4	lum 20
	R&S	communication	CMU200	117858	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
		tester			2021	2022
		Wideband radio			lul O4	lum 20
	R&S	communication	CMW500	103917	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
		tester			2021	2022
	HP	Notwork Apolyzon	97F2D	2410 104426	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
		Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	2021	2022
		PSG Analog	E00 <i>E</i> 7D	MV54440440	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
	. 19.10111	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	2021	2022





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			el tilicate #4258.01			
	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2020	Jul. 16, 2023





3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.





Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

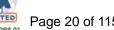
Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum area scan sp	atial resolu	ntion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
surface	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$: $\geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$: $\geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$: $\geq 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.







4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.











4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Head 850	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	42.83	0.91	21.3 °C	Sep. 22, 2021	
Head 1800	1800	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.38	1.39	21.6 °C	Sep. 23, 2021	
Head 1900	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.58	1.46	21.6 °C	Sep. 20, 2021	

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

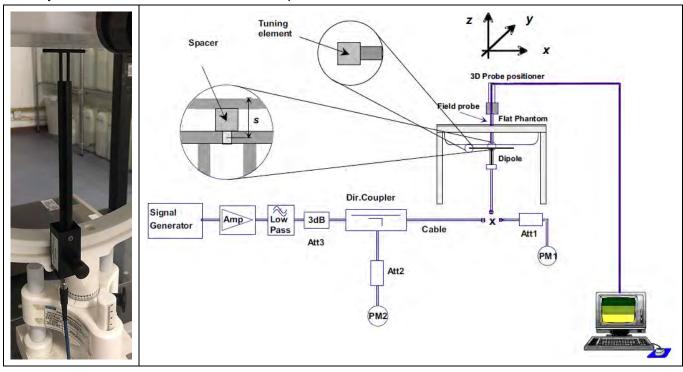




4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:







4.2.1. **System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System Verification	Target SA (±10	,	Measure (Normalize		Liquid	Test Date	
	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.		
835MHz	9.84 6.22 (8.86~10.82) (5.60~6.84)		9.16	6.61	21.3 °C	Sep. 22, 2021	
1800MHz	37.96 (34.17~41.75)	19.81 (17.83~21.79)	37.65	18.64	21.6 °C	Sep. 23, 2021	
1900MHz	40.37 (36.34~44.40)	20.48 (18.44~22.52)	42.33	20.92	21.6 °C	Sep. 20, 2021	





5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.





6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Ear and handset reference point

Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE".



Fig 6.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM phantom

6.2. Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
- 4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 5. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.



6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

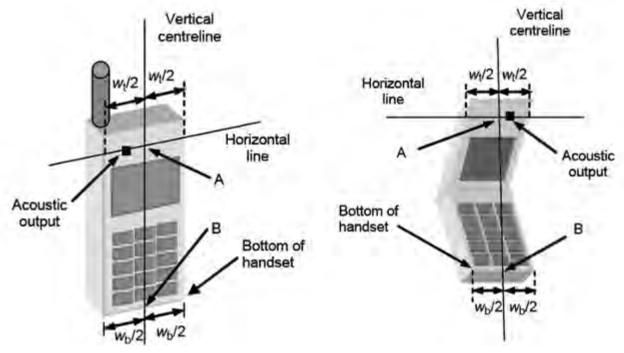


Fig 6.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 6.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

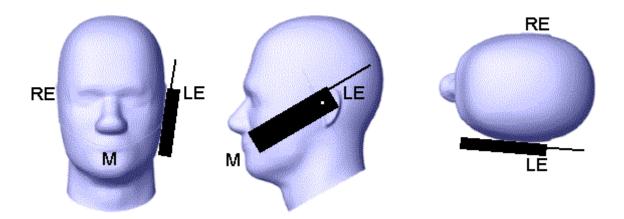


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.







6.3. Definition of the tilt position

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
- 2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.

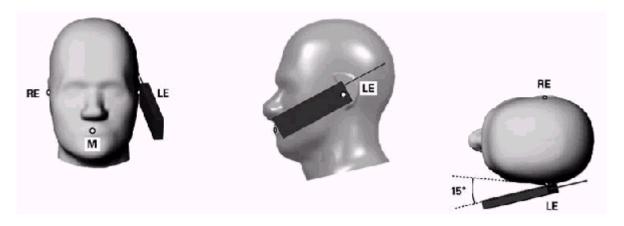


Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

6.4. Body Worn Accessory

- 1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.</p>
- 2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest

spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

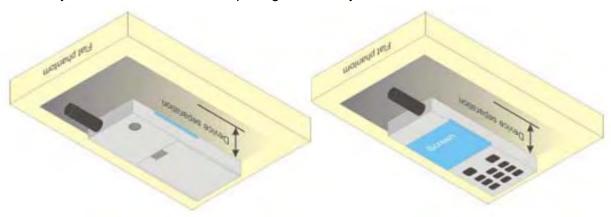


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices







7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Ave	eraged ou	tput Powe	er (dBm)	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)				
Tx Channel	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK)	32.50	31.87	32.03	32.06	23.47	22.84	23.00	23.03	
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	32.50	31.88	32.04	32.05	23.47	22.85	23.01	23.02	
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	30.00	29.93	29.99	29.84	23.98	23.91	23.97	23.82	
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	28.50	28.04	28.08	27.97	24.24	23.78	23.82	23.71	
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	26.00	25.74	25.79	25.70	22.99	22.73	22.78	22.69	
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	27.00	26.31	26.92	26.65	17.97	17.28	17.89	17.62	
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	26.50	26.04	26.34	25.80	20.48	20.02	20.32	19.78	
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	23.50	22.39	23.38	22.58	19.24	18.13	19.12	18.32	
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	22.00	20.26	21.55	21.06	18.99	17.25	18.54	18.05	
Band GSM1900	Burst-Ave	eraged ou	tput Powe	er (dBm)	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)				
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK)	29.50	29.45	29.25	29.08	20.47	20.42	20.22	20.05	
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	29.50	29.39	29.22	29.03	20.47	20.36	20.19	20.00	
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	27.50	27.33	27.01	26.70	21.48	21.31	20.99	20.68	
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	26.00	25.66	25.37	25.01	21.74	21.40	21.11	20.75	
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	23.50	23.44	23.10	22.78	20.49	20.43	20.09	19.77	
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	27.50	27.36	26.82	26.40	18.47	18.33	17.79	17.37	
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	26.50	26.12	26.22	25.13	20.48	20.10	20.20	19.11	
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	26.00	25.62	24.85	24.02	21.74	21.36	20.59	19.76	
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	22.50	22.10	21.77	20.65	19.49	19.09	18.76	17.64	

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 TS) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 TS) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 TS) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 TS) - 3.01 dB





7.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

Band		WCDMA	A Band 2	
Tx Channel	_	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.00	21.95	21.86	21.77
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.50	22.05	21.92	21.78
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.69	21.65	21.49
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.50	21.41	21.41	21.21
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.50	21.10	20.94	21.02
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.89	21.77	21.64
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.95	21.90	21.69
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.53	21.77	21.25
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.92	21.90	21.75
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.00	21.66	21.63	21.60
Band		WCDMA	A Band 5	
Tx Channel	Tung un	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC12.2K	22.00	21.83	21.77	21.75
HSDPA Sub 1	22.00	21.93	21.82	21.42
HSDPA Sub 2	22.00	21.66	21.65	21.18
HSDPA Sub 3	21.50	21.30	21.25	21.02
HSDPA Sub 4	21.50	21.08	21.07	20.58
HSUPA Sub 1	22.00	21.77	21.52	21.31
HSUPA Sub 2	22.00	21.85	21.82	21.30
HSUPA Sub 3	21.50	21.41	21.46	21.11
HSUPA Sub 4	22.00	21.57	21.84	21.38
HSUPA Sub 5	21.50	21.48	21.48	21.25

7.3. LTE Conducted Power

Band Band	Madulatian	RB Configuration		Tung un	Channel/Frequency(MHz)				
Band	Width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	
			1	0	23.00	22.68	22.54	22.52	
LTE			1	2	23.00	22.75	22.55	22.49	
Band	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	5	23.00	22.54	22.47	22.58	
2			3	0	23.00	22.51	22.50	22.40	
			3	1	23.00	22.56	22.54	22.42	





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			Malak	Certificate #4	1298.01		<u>'</u>	
			3	2	23.00	22.58	22.56	22.49
			6	0	22.00	21.66	21.44	21.46
			1	0	23.00	22.60	21.62	21.80
			1	2	23.00	22.63	21.61	21.85
			1	5	23.00	22.70	21.61	21.77
		16QAM	3	0	22.00	21.88	21.56	21.93
			3	1	22.00	21.91	21.61	21.82
			3	2	22.00	21.86	21.62	21.87
			6	0	21.00	20.70	20.57	20.68
			F	RB		Chan	I/Fra au an au	/N / L L _ \
Dond	Band	Modulation	Config	guration	Tungun	Chani	nel/Frequency	(IVI□Z)
Band	Width	Modulation	RB	RB	Tune-up	18615/1851.5	10000/1000	10105/1000 5
			Size	Offset		10015/1051.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5
			1	0	23.00	21.65	22.60	22.40
			1	7	23.00	22.58	22.61	22.37
		1	14	23.00	22.62	22.63	22.48	
		QPSK	8	0	22.00	21.60	21.39	21.41
			8	4	22.00	21.62	21.49	21.37
LTE			8	7	22.00	21.55	21.40	21.42
Band	3MHz		15	0	22.00	21.56	21.52	21.37
2	SIVILIZ		1	0	22.50	21.78	22.02	21.95
2			1	7	22.50	21.73	22.00	21.96
			1	14	22.50	21.73	22.01	21.97
		16QAM	8	0	21.00	20.64	20.42	20.61
			8	4	21.00	20.69	20.40	20.70
			8	7	21.00	20.62	20.50	20.68
			15	0	21.00	20.69	20.57	20.48
Dond	Band	Modulation		RB guration	Tuno un	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)
Band	Width	Modulation	RB Sizo	RB	Tune-up	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5
			Size 1	Offset 0	22.00	22.50	22.45	22.54
			1		23.00	22.50 22.47	22.45	22.54
			1	12 24	23.00	22.47	22.45 22.44	22.49 22.46
ITE		QPSK	12	0	23.00	21.63	21.49	21.51
Band	LTE Band 5MHz	WE OIL	12	6	22.00	21.59	21.49	21.47
2	JIVII 1Z		12	11	22.00	21.67	21.52	21.47
_			25	0	22.00	21.72	21.53	21.40
			1	0	22.50	22.36	21.54	21.44
		16QAM	1	12	22.50	22.23	21.54	21.13
			'	12	22.50	22.23	∠1.50	21.13





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			Mulak	Certificate #4	1298.01				
			1	24	22.50	22.24	21.62	21.24	
			12	0	21.00	20.68	20.47	20.32	
			12	6	21.00	20.70	20.50	20.28	
			12	11	21.00	20.68	20.56	20.51	
			25	0	21.00	20.80	20.71	20.53	
			F	RB		Oh	/ 🗀	/N 41 1—\	
D 1	Band	NA 11 C	Config	guration	Tune-up	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHZ)	
Band	Width	Modulation	RB	RB			4000044000	40450/4005	
	 -		Size	Offset		18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	
			1	0	23.00	21.62	22.81	22.49	
			1	24	23.00	22.57	22.80	22.45	
			1	49	23.00	22.55	22.85	22.47	
		QPSK	25	0	22.00	21.56	21.52	21.45	
			25	12	22.00	21.52	21.53	21.52	
LTE	10MHz		25	24	22.00	21.59	21.50	21.52	
Band			50	0	22.00	21.55	21.53	21.48	
2		16QAM	1	0	23.00	22.11	22.56	22.03	
			1	24	23.00	22.01	22.65	22.04	
			1	49	23.00	22.05	22.68	22.05	
			25	0	21.00	20.78	20.39	20.52	
			25	12	21.00	20.69	20.50	20.46	
			25	24	21.00	20.83	20.43	20.48	
			RB			Ch and	I / C	(N 41 1—)	
Dand	Band	Modulation	Configuration		Tung un	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
Band	Width		RB	RB	Tune-up	18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5	
			Size	Offset					
		QPSK MHz	1	0	23.00	22.67	22.58	22.50	
			1	37	23.00	22.62	22.51	22.29	
			1	74	23.00	22.58	22.53	22.31	
			36	0	22.00	21.56	21.48	21.47	
LTE Band 2			36	18	22.00	21.60	21.51	21.51	
			36	37	22.00	21.59	21.55	21.52	
	15MHz		75	0	22.00	21.69	21.55	21.50	
		16QAM	1	0	23.00	22.82	22.18	22.29	
			1	37	23.00	22.69	22.12	22.16	
			1	74	23.00	22.58	22.08	22.11	
				0	21.00	20.72	20.61	20.62	
		100,111	36	U				20.02	
		10071111	36	18	21.00	20.76	20.68	20.44	
		100,111							





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				Certificate #4	250.02			
	Width		Confi	guration				
			RB	RB		19700/1960	10000/1000	19100/1900
			Size	Offset		18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900
			1	0	23.00	21.55	22.60	22.46
			1	49	23.00	22.76	22.51	22.42
			1	99	23.00	22.70	22.55	22.40
		QPSK	50	0	22.00	21.66	21.49	21.58
			50	24	22.00	21.59	21.61	21.56
LTE			50	49	22.00	21.44	21.63	21.41
Band	20MHz		100	0	22.00	21.65	21.48	21.52
2			1	0	22.50	22.10	21.25	21.71
		16QAM	1	49	22.50	21.91	21.19	21.65
			1	99	22.50	21.90	21.18	21.66
			50	0	21.00	20.77	20.75	20.61
			50	24	21.00	20.69	20.59	20.74
			50	49	21.00	20.54	20.60	20.41

Band Width Modulation RB Size 1 1 1 QPSK 3 3 3	RB Offset 0 2 5 0 1 2	23.50 23.50 23.50 23.00 23.00	19957/1710.7 22.76 22.78 22.58 22.83 22.72	20175/1732.5 22.74 22.81 22.74 22.84	20393/1754.3 23.06 23.04 23.05 22.87
Width RB Size 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 3	Offset 0 2 5 0	23.50 23.50 23.50 23.00	22.76 22.78 22.58 22.83	22.74 22.81 22.74	23.06 23.04 23.05
QPSK 3 3 3 3	0 2 5 0	23.50 23.50 23.00	22.76 22.78 22.58 22.83	22.74 22.81 22.74	23.06 23.04 23.05
QPSK 3 3 3 3	2 5 0 1	23.50 23.50 23.00	22.78 22.58 22.83	22.81 22.74	23.04 23.05
QPSK 3 3 3 3	5 0 1	23.50 23.00	22.58 22.83	22.74	23.05
QPSK 3 3 3 3	0	23.00	22.83		
3 3	1			22.84	22.87
3	+	23.00	22.72		
3	2		22.12	22.79	22.87
	1	23.00	22.71	22.73	22.83
LTE 6	0	22.00	21.68	21.78	21.75
4 1.4WITZ	0	23.00	22.77	22.43	22.35
1	2	23.00	22.69	22.47	22.26
1	5	23.00	22.69	22.47	22.33
16QAM 3	0	22.50	21.88	21.94	22.20
3	1	22.50	21.89	21.89	22.17
3	2	22.50	21.91	21.92	22.11
6	0	21.00	20.79	20.77	20.95
F	RB		Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
Band Band Modulation Config	guration	Tung un			
Width Modulation RB	RB	Tune-up	19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5
Size	Offset				
LTE 3MHz QPSK 1	0	23.50	21.55	22.71	23.01





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Size Offset				Mahaha	Certificate #	4298.01		teport No.: OTN2	
Band Width	Band			1	7	23.50	22.71	22.75	23.04
Band Width Modulation Mod	4			1	14	23.50	22.71	22.76	23.02
Band Width				8	0	22.00	21.72	21.74	21.78
Band Width				8	4	22.00	21.62	21.81	21.77
Band Width Modulation Mod				8	7	22.00	21.66	21.75	21.74
Hampstang Hamp				15	0	22.00	21.60	21.76	21.82
Table Tabl				1	0	23.00	22.70	21.86	22.26
Band Width RB RB Size MHz Modulation Modulation Modulation Modulation RB RB Size MHz Modulation RB RB T Modulation RB RB T Modulation RB RB T T T T T T T T T				1	7	23.00	22.78	21.88	22.26
Band Width RB RB Size Offset No 20.61 20.87 20.87 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.88 20.80				1	14	23.00	22.78	21.83	22.28
Band Width Modulation RB RB Size Offset			16QAM	8	0	21.00	20.70	20.81	20.88
Band Width Modulation Width Modulation Width Modulation Width RB Size Configuration RB Size Offset Tune-up 19975/1712.5 20175/1732.5 20375/1752 20375				8	4	21.00	20.61	20.87	20.87
Band Width Modulation RB Configuration RB RB Size Offset				8	7	21.00	20.64	20.88	20.88
Band Width Modulation RB RB Size Offset Tune-up 19975/1712.5 20175/1732.5 20375/1752 20375/175/1752 20375/1752				15	0	21.00	20.80	20.80	20.89
Width RB RB Size Offset 19975/1712.5 20175/1732.5 20375/1752 20375/1752	Rand	Band	Modulation			Tune-un	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
A	Barra	Width	Modulation			rune-up	19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5
A				1	0	23.00	22.52	22.87	22.66
LTE Band A			QPSK	1	12	23.00	22.58	22.88	22.71
LTE Band A				1	24	23.00	22.55	22.80	22.74
LTE Band 4 FMHz FMHz FMHz FMHz FMHz FMHz FMHz FMHz				12	0	22.00	21.70	21.70	21.78
Table SMHz				12	6	22.00	21.70	21.88	21.74
Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Band Width Band Width Band Band Width B				12	11	22.00	21.78	21.77	21.70
A		5MH ₂		25	0	22.00	21.75	21.74	21.84
Band Width Modulation Tune-up 1 12 22.50 21.99 21.44 21.99 21.43 22.02 21.99 21.43 22.02		JIVII IZ		1	0	22.50	21.99	21.44	22.00
Band Width Modulation Tune-up	7			1	12	22.50	21.99	21.44	21.99
12 6 21.00 20.70 20.63 20.82 12 11 21.00 20.73 20.64 20.81 25 0 21.00 20.83 20.86 20.83			16QAM	1	24	22.50	21.99	21.43	22.02
Tune-up 1				12	0	21.00	20.69	20.66	20.86
Band Band Width Modulation Tune-up Configuration Tune-up 20000/1715 20175/1732.5 20350/1750				12	6	21.00	20.70	20.63	20.82
Band Band Width Band Width RB Configuration Tune-up Channel/Frequency(MHz) RB RB Size Offset 20000/1715 20175/1732.5 20350/1750 LTE Band 4 10MHz PSK 1 0 23.50 21.71 23.08 22.65 1 24 23.50 22.66 23.05 22.73 25 0 22.00 21.76 21.68 21.76				12	11	21.00	20.73	20.64	20.81
Band Width Configuration Width Channel/Frequency(MHz) RB RB Size Offset RB Offset 20000/1715 20175/1732.5 20350/1750 LTE Band 4 10MHz PSK 1 0 23.50 21.71 23.08 22.65 22.65 1 24 23.50 22.66 23.05 22.73 22.73 25 0 22.00 21.76 21.68 21.76 21.68 21.76				25	0	21.00	20.83	20.86	20.83
Width RB RB 20000/1715 20175/1732.5 20350/1750	Band		Modulation			_	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
Size Offset				RB RB	RB	Tune-up	00000/4745	00475/4700.5	00050/4750
LTE Band 10MHz QPSK 1 24 23.50 22.66 23.05 22.73 4 23.50 22.60 22.98 22.71 25 0 22.00 21.76 21.68 21.76				Size	Offset		ZUUUU/1/15	20175/1732.5	20350/1750
Band 10MHz QPSK 1 49 23.50 22.60 22.98 22.71 4 25 0 22.00 21.76 21.68 21.76				1	0	23.50	21.71	23.08	22.65
4 25 0 22.00 21.76 21.68 21.76	LTE			1	24	23.50	22.66	23.05	22.73
	Band	10MHz	QPSK	1	49	23.50	22.60	22.98	22.71
25 12 22.00 24.60 24.94 24.72	4			25	0	22.00	21.76	21.68	21.76
20 12 22.00 21.00 21.04 21.73				25	12	22.00	21.60	21.84	21.73





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			Mulahala	Certificate #	1298.01		**************************************		
			25	24	22.00	21.74	21.84	21.72	
			50	0	22.00	21.70	21.84	21.77	
			1	0	23.00	22.12	22.93	22.30	
			1	24	23.00	22.12	22.93	22.24	
		16OAM	1	49	23.00	22.15	22.95	22.25	
		16QAM	25	0	21.00	20.83	20.69	20.83	
			25	12	21.00	20.85	20.76	20.83	
			25	24	21.00	20.78	20.71	20.87	
			RB			Char	nol/Fraguanav/l	\ / U-z\	
Band	Band	Modulation	Config	juration	Tung un	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
Danu	Width	Modulation	RB	RB	Tune-up	20025/1717.5	20175/1722 5	20325/1747.5	
			Size	Offset		20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20323/1747.3	
			1	0	23.00	22.71	22.81	22.57	
			1	37	23.00	22.72	22.75	22.59	
		QPSK	1	74	23.00	22.75	22.77	22.59	
			36	0	22.00	21.75	21.82	21.77	
	15MHz		36	18	22.00	21.66	21.85	21.80	
LTE			36	37	22.00	21.65	21.79	21.83	
Band			75	0	22.00	21.70	21.67	21.74	
4		16QAM	1	0	23.00	22.92	22.42	22.61	
			1	37	23.00	22.88	22.45	22.60	
			1	74	23.00	22.95	22.40	22.65	
			36	0	21.00	20.84	20.89	20.80	
			36	18	21.00	20.77	20.87	20.82	
			36	37	21.00	20.78	20.93	20.83	
	Band Width	l Modulation	RB		Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
Band			Configuration						
Dana			RB	RB	rano ap	20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	
			Size	Offset					
		QPSK	1	0	23.00	22.86	22.92	22.70	
			1	49	23.00	22.85	22.92	22.71	
			1	99	23.00	22.95	22.92	22.78	
			50	0	22.00	21.75	21.90	21.81	
LTE	20MHz		50	24	22.00	21.73	21.69	21.83	
Band			50	49	22.00	21.73	21.69	21.79	
4			100	0	22.00	21.81	21.83	21.75	
			1	0	22.50	21.46	21.95	21.88	
		16QAM	1	49	22.50	21.45	21.99	21.88	
			1	99	22.50	21.55	22.02	21.97	
			50	0	21.00	20.90	20.88	20.95	







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	50	24	21.00	20.88	20.95	20.88
	50	49	21.00	20.93	20.92	20.90

7.4. Bluetooth Output Power

	Output Power (dBm)									
	Channel	Tune-up	Data Rates							
BR+EDR	Chamilei	rune-up	1M	2M	3M					
	0CH	9.500	8.160	9.142	9.298					
	39CH	9.500	8.566	9.160	9.362					
	78CH	9.000	7.685	8.373	8.543					

8. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Pmax	Pmax	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
iviode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	9.50	8.91	5	2.480	2.81	3	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	e f (GHz)		Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	9.50	8.91	5	2.48	7.5	0.374
Bluetooth	Body	9.50	8.91	10	2.48	7.5	0.187

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth







9. SAR Results

9.1. SAR measurement results

9.1.1. **SAR measurement Result of GSM850**

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode		Value /kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date
Left Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.489	0.340	-1.22	28.08	28.50	0.539	2021/9/22
Left Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.255	0.174	-1.52	28.08	28.50	0.281	2021/9/22
Right Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.444	0.303	-4.51	28.08	28.50	0.489	2021/9/22
Right Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.216	0.144	0.82	28.08	28.50	0.238	2021/9/22

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.324	0.225	1.43	28.08	28.50	0.357	2021/9/22
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.501	0.352	-1.92	28.08	28.50	0.552	2021/9/22

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 9.1.2.

Test	Test Test Position channel Test Mode	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
of Head	/Freq.	1 dol Middo	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Dato
Left Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.121	0.076	2.32	25.37	26.00	0.140	2021/9/20
Left Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.072	0.043	3.13	25.37	26.00	0.083	2021/9/20
Right Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.109	0.065	-3.28	25.37	26.00	0.126	2021/9/20
Right Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.057	0.034	2.25	25.37	26.00	0.066	2021/9/20

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of	Position of Channel Test Mode		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	1 CSt WIOGC	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.072	0.046	0.20	25.37	26.00	0.083	2021/9/20
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.083	0.055	-4.89	25.37	26.00	0.096	2021/9/20





NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

9.1.3. **SAR** measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of	Test	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Head	/Freq.	rest Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Left Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.194	0.121	-0.17	21.86	22.00	0.200	2021/9/20
Left Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.103	0.063	2.32	21.86	22.00	0.106	2021/9/20
Right Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.174	0.105	1.28	21.86	22.00	0.180	2021/9/20
Right Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.087	0.052	4.02	21.86	22.00	0.090	2021/9/20

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR (W/	Value /kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.120	0.064	0.03	21.86	22.00	0.124	2021/9/20
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.173	0.097	-3.88	21.86	22.00	0.179	2021/9/20

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

9.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5

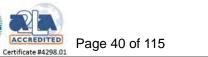
Test	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
Position of	channel	Test Mode	(W	/kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR	Date
Head	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g	2 4.10
11000	71 104.		'9	109	(2070)	(GDIII)	(GDIII)	(W/Kg)	
Left Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.322	0.227	1.09	21.77	22.00	0.340	2021/9/22
Left Tilt 15	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.181	0.128	1.51	21.77	22.00	0.191	2021/9/22
Degree	4102/030.4	NIVIC 12.2N	0.101	0.120	1.51	21.77	22.00	0.191	2021/9/22
Right	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.275	0.192	-0.87	21.77	22.00	0.290	2021/9/22
Cheek	4102/030.4	NIVIC 12.2K	0.275	0.192	-0.07	21.77	22.00	0.290	2021/9/22
Right Tilt 15	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.147	0.098	0.82	21.77	22.00	0.155	2021/9/22
Degree	4102/030.4	KIVIC 12.2K	0.147	0.096	0.62	21.77	22.00	0.155	2021/9/22

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
Position of Body-Worn	channel	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR	Date
with 10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g	







								(W/Kg)	
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.210	0.147	-1.23	21.77	22.00	0.221	2021/9/22
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.345	0.249	0.46	21.77	22.00	0.364	2021/9/22

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

9.1.5. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 2

Test	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled		
Position	channel	Test Mode	(W)	/kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g	Date	
of Head	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)		
	1RB									
Left	18900/1880	20M	0.234	0.145	0.02	22.51	23.00	0.262	2021/9/20	
Cheek	10900/1000	QPSK(1,49)	0.234	0.143	0.02	22.51	23.00	0.202	2021/9/20	
Left Tilt		20M								
15	18900/1880	QPSK(1,49)	0.128	0.079	3.88	22.51	23.00	0.143	2021/9/20	
Degree		QF 51(1,49)								
Right	18900/1880	20M	0.218	0.128	-2.74	22.51	23.00	0.244	2021/9/20	
Cheek	10300/1000	QPSK(1,49)	0.210	0.120	-2.14	22.01	23.00	0.244	2021/3/20	
Right		20M								
Tilt 15	18900/1880	QPSK(1,49)	0.117	0.069	-0.32	22.51	23.00	0.131	2021/9/20	
Degree		Qi Oit(1,40)								
	.	<u>, </u>		50%	6RB					
Left	18900/1880	20M	0.134	0.081	-3.01	21.49	22.00	0.151	2021/9/20	
Cheek	10300/1000	QPSK(50,0)	0.104	0.001	3.01	21.40	22.00	0.101	2021/3/20	
Left Tilt		20M								
15	18900/1880	QPSK(50,0)	0.074	0.047	1.06	21.49	22.00	0.083	2021/9/20	
Degree		Q1 31((30,0)								
Right	18900/1880	20M	0.123	0.072	-0.10	21.49	22.00	0.138	2021/9/20	
Cheek	10300/1000	QPSK(50,0)	0.123	0.072	-0.10	21.49	22.00	0.130	2021/3/20	
Right		20M								
Tilt 15	18900/1880	QPSK(50,0)	0.064	0.037	0.54	21.49	22.00	0.072	2021/9/20	
Degree		Q1 O11(00,0)								

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 2

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	1 oot wood	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Duto
	1RB								
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.330	0.180	1.49	22.51	23.00	0.369	2021/9/20







Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.508	0.283	0.85	22.51	23.00	0.569	2021/9/20
	50%RB								
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,0)	0.196	0.094	-3.01	21.49	22.00	0.220	2021/9/20
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,0)	0.257	0.149	0.51	21.49	22.00	0.289	2021/9/20

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 2

9.1.6. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 4

Test			SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
Position	Test channel	Test Mode	(W)	/kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g	Date
of Head	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)	
				1R	В				
Left	20175/1732.5	20M	0.074	0.050	-2.84	22.92	23.00	0.075	2021/9/23
Cheek	20175/1752.5	QPSK(1,99)	0.074	0.030	-2.04	22.92	23.00	0.075	2021/9/23
Left Tilt		20M							
15	20175/1732.5	QPSK(1,99)	0.040	0.026	-1.70	22.92	23.00	0.041	2021/9/23
Degree		Q1 O1(1,55)							
Right	20175/1732.5	20M	0.065	0.042	-4.67	22.92	23.00	0.066	2021/9/23
Cheek	20110/1102.0	QPSK(1,99)	0.000	0.012	1.07	22.02	20.00	0.000	2021/0/20
Right		20M							
Tilt 15	20175/1732.5	QPSK(1,99)	0.033	0.022	-4.61	22.92	23.00	0.034	2021/9/23
Degree		Q. O. (1,00)							
			T	50%	RB			T .	
Left	20175/1732.5	20M	0.037	0.027	1.57	21.90	22.00	0.038	2021/9/23
Cheek	20110/1102.0	QPSK(50,0)	0.007	0.027	1.07	21.00	22.00	0.000	2021/0/20
Left Tilt		20M							
15	20175/1732.5	QPSK(50,0)	0.023	0.015	0.32	21.90	22.00	0.024	2021/9/23
Degree		Q. O. (00,0)							
Right	20175/1732.5	20M	0.034	0.025	-4.46	21.90	22.00	0.035	2021/9/23
Cheek	20170/1702.0	QPSK(50,0)	0.004	0.020	4.40	21.00	22.00	0.000	2021/0/20
Right		20M							
Tilt 15	20175/1732.5	QPSK(50,0)	0.019	0.012	-3.05	21.90	22.00	0.019	2021/9/23
Degree		Q. O. ((00,0)							

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 4





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Test			SAR V	/alue				Scaled	
Position of	Test		(W/k		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	SAR	
Body-Wor	channel	Test Mode	`		Drift	power	power	1g	Date
n with	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg	
10mm)	
	1RB								
Front Side	20175/173 2.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.102	0.060	-2.71	22.92	23.00	0.104	2021/9/23
Back Side	20175/173 2.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.143	0.085	3.24	22.92	23.00	0.146	2021/9/23
				50%l	RB				
Front Side	20175/173 2.5	20M QPSK(50,0	0.059	0.036	3.98	21.90	22.00	0.060	2021/9/23
Back Side	20175/173 2.5	20M QPSK(50,0	0.082	0.048	0.46	21.90	22.00	0.084	2021/9/23

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 4

9.2. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- 2) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If SPLSR \leq 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Toot Dog	Test Position		SAR _{MAX}	∑1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark	
restros	SILIOTI	WWAN	DSS	(W/Kg)	SPLSK	Remark	
	Left Cheek	0.539	0.374	0.913	N/A	N/A	
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.281	0.374	0.655	N/A	N/A	
Head	Right Cheek	0.489	0.374	0.863	N/A	N/A	
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.238	0.374	0.612	N/A	N/A	



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Report No.: STR210915004004E

Body-Worn	Front Side	0.369	0.187	0.556	N/A	N/A
Body-World	Back Side	0.569	0.187	0.756	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WWAN and DSS.

10. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

11. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents					
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 835MHz					
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 1800MHz					
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 1900MHz					





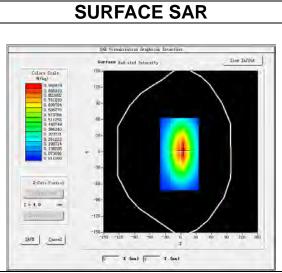
Date of measurement: 22/9/2021

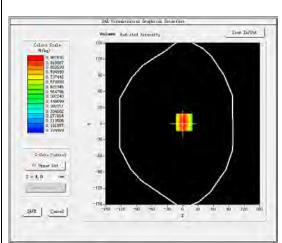
A. Experimental conditions.

71: Experimental conditions	<u>•</u>			
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5m				
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>			
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>			
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>			
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>			
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.825907
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.667277
Conductivity (S/m)	0.912343
Variation (%)	1.870000





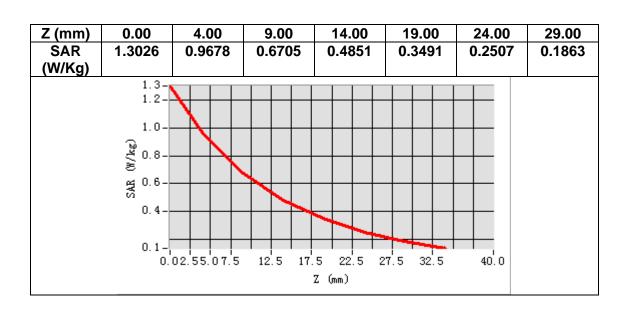
VOLUME SAR

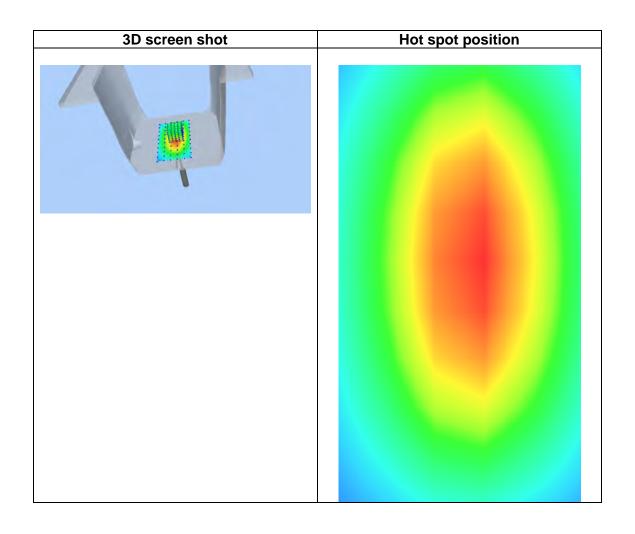
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.661433
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.916035













Repo

Report No.: STR210915004004E

MEASUREMENT 2

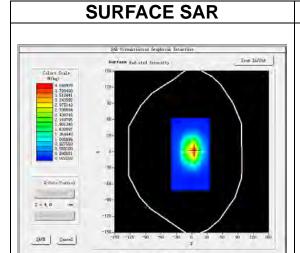
Date of measurement: 23/9/2021

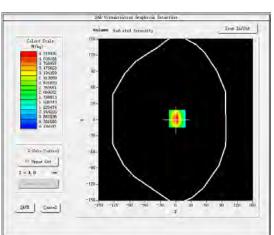
A. Experimental conditions.

A. Experimental conditions:	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

1800.00000
39.382953
13.867180
1.386718
-2.113000





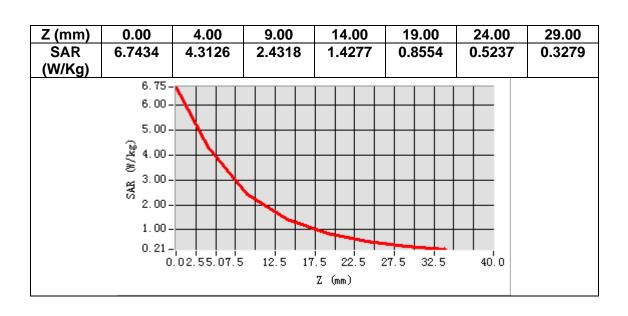
VOLUME SAR

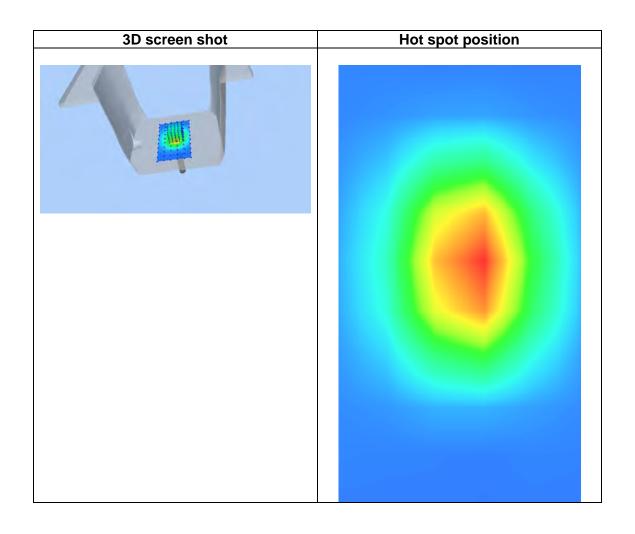
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 6.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.864397
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.765451













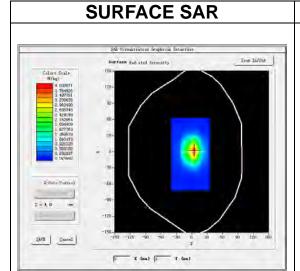
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

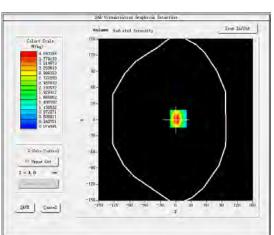
A. Experimental conditions.

A: Experimental conditions	<u>•</u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.576182
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.828755
Conductivity (S/m)	1.459702
Variation (%)	-1.430000

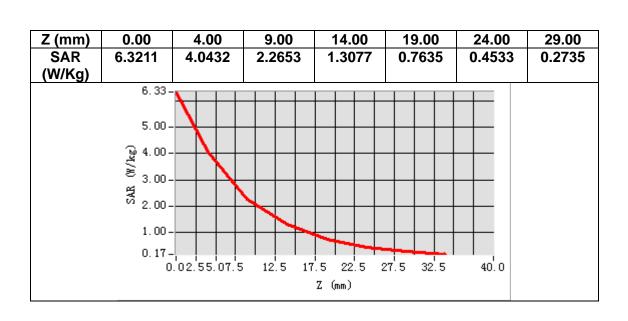


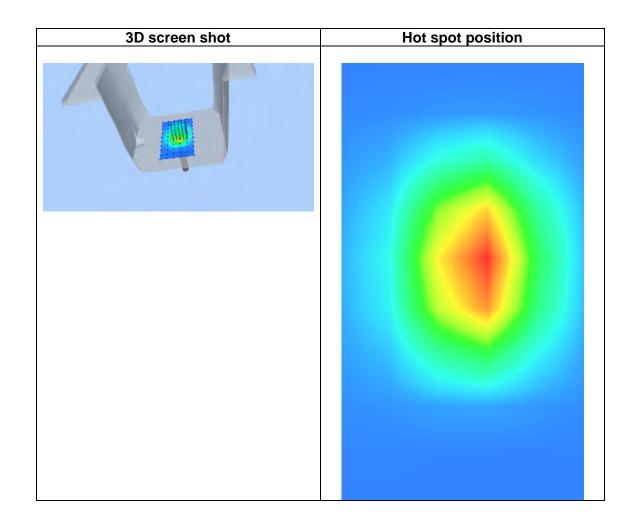


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 6.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.092452
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.233361







12. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 GSM 850 Head	
MEASUREMENT 2 GSM 850 Body	
MEASUREMENT 3 GSM 1900 Head	
MEASUREMENT 4 GSM 1900 Body	
MEASUREMENT 5 WCDMA Band 2 Head	
MEASUREMENT 6 WCDMA Band 2 Body	
MEASUREMENT 7 WCDMA Band 5 Head	
MEASUREMENT 8 WCDMA Band 5 Body	
MEASUREMENT 9 LTE Band 2 Head	
MEASUREMENT 10 LTE Band 2 Body	
MEASUREMENT 11 LTE Band 4 Head	
MEASUREMENT 12 LTE Band 4 Body	







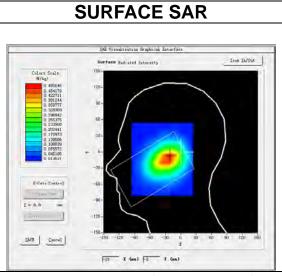
Date of measurement: 22/9/2021

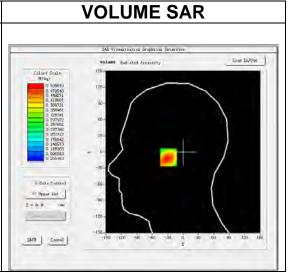
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Art Measarchiefft Results	
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.741566
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.693117
Conductivity (S/m)	0.915074
Variation (%)	-1.220000





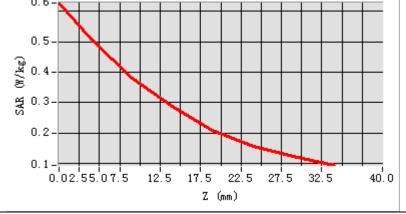
Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-10.00

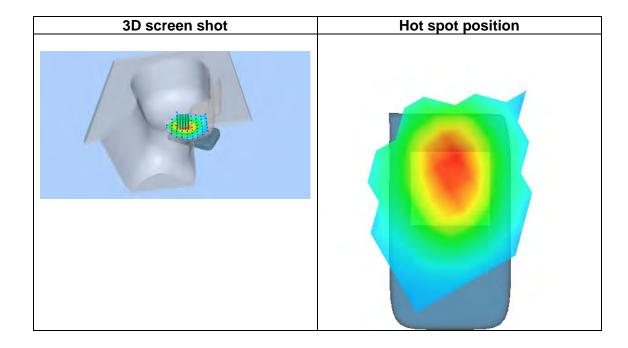
SAR Peak: 0.64 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.339765
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.489347



Z (mm) 0.00 4.00 9.00 14.00 19.00 24.00 29.00 0.1567 SAR 0.6275 0.5098 0.3813 0.2872 0.2074 0.1226 (W/Kg) 0.6 0.5











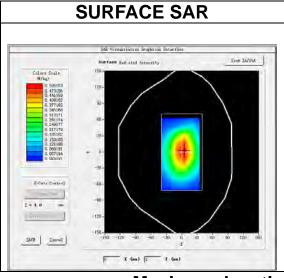
Date of measurement: 22/9/2021

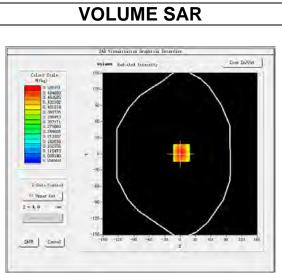
A. Experimental conditions.

7 tr = 2tp 0 : ::::0::ta: 0 0 :: a::ti 0 :: 0 ::	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

B. SAR Measurement Results

tit moasarsmont resource	
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.741566
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.693117
Conductivity (S/m)	0.915074
Variation (%)	-1.920000



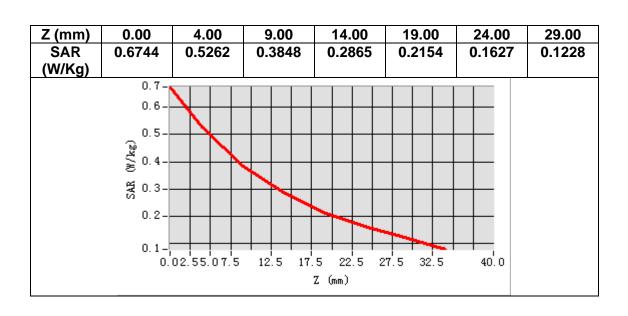


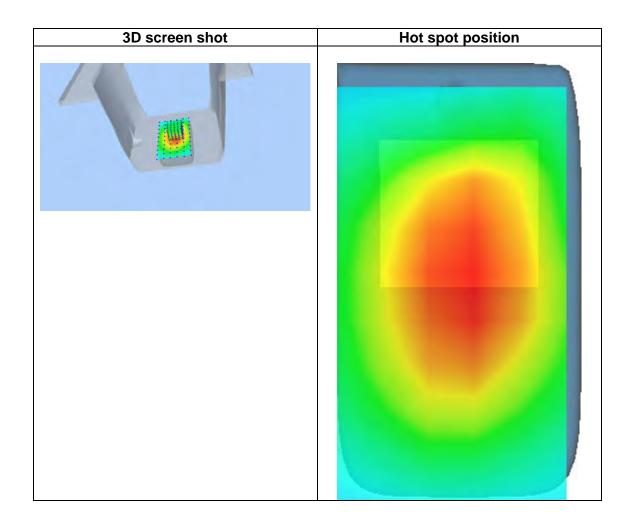
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 0.68 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.352331
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.500584















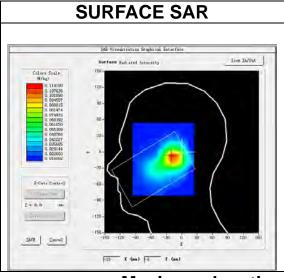
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

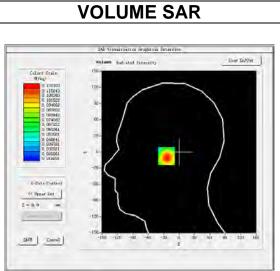
A. Experimental conditions.

7 tr =2tp 0111110111001 001101101010101	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

B. SAR Measurement Results

The initiation of the initiati	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.662582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.846555
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446196
Variation (%)	2.320000





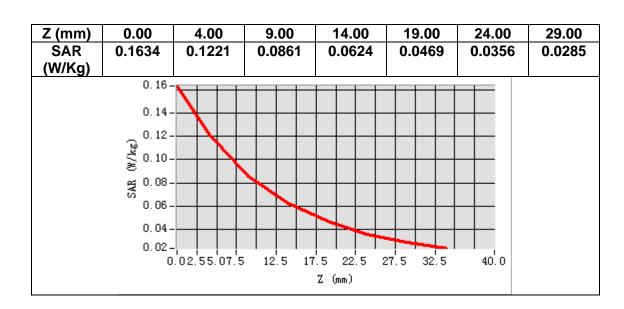
Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-8.00 SAR Peak: 0.17 W/kg

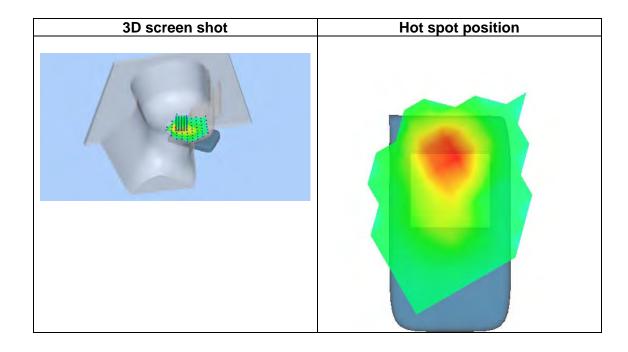
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.076474
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.120568





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MEASUREMENT 4

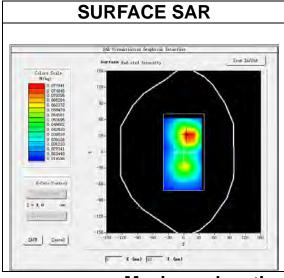
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

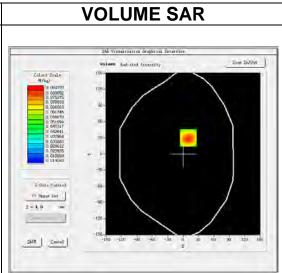
A. Experimental conditions.

- 11 = 21 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

B. SAR Measurement Results

tit moacarement itocane	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.662582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.846555
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446196
Variation (%)	-4.890000



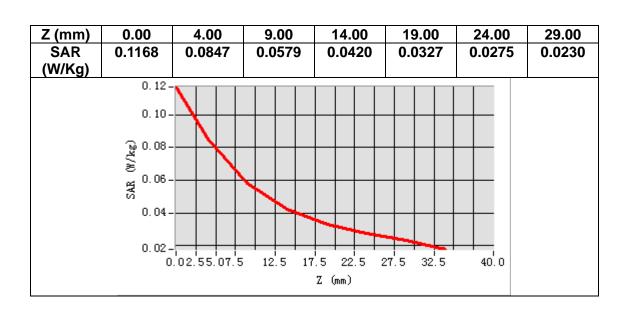


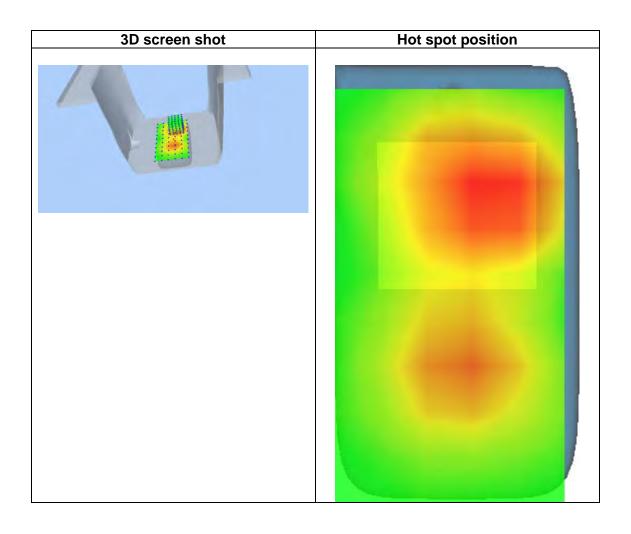
Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=30.00 SAR Peak: 0.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.054994
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.082709















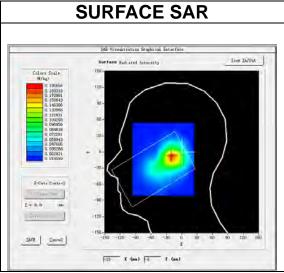
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

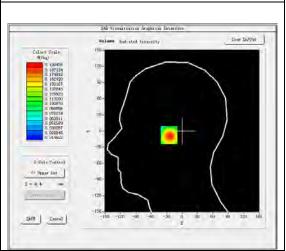
A. Experimental conditions.

7 tr = 2 tp 0 : 0 : . tal : tal	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band2_WCDMA1900
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Alt Micasarchielli itesails	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.00000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.662582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.846555
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446196
Variation (%)	-0.170000





VOLUME SAR

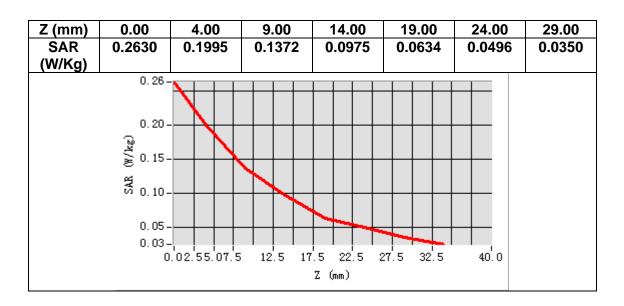
Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=-8.00 SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

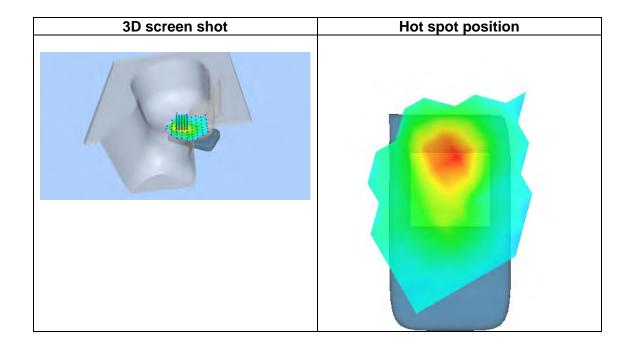
SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.121018 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.194406















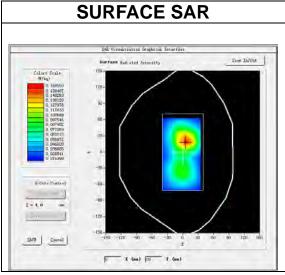
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

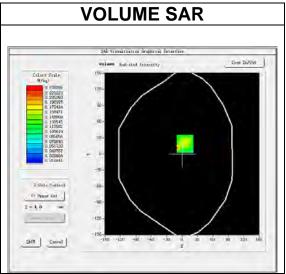
A. Experimental conditions.

71: Experimental conditions	<u>'-</u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

The initiation of the initiati	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.00000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.662582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.846555
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446196
Variation (%)	-3.880000

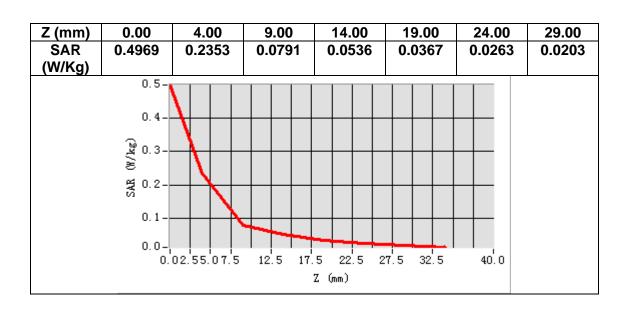


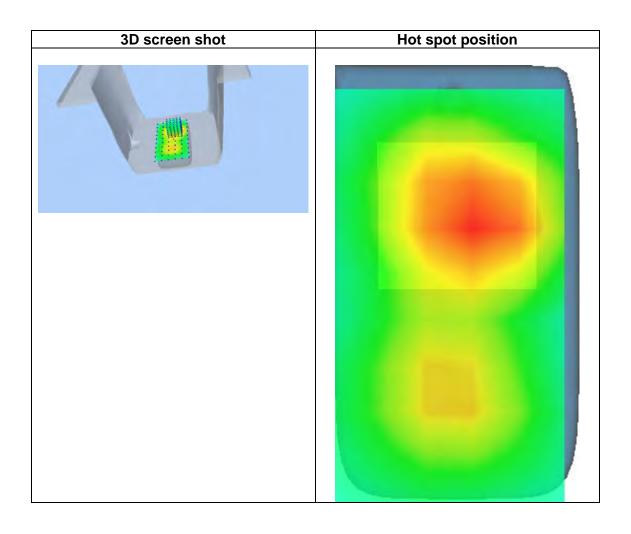


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=19.00 SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.097447
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.173170













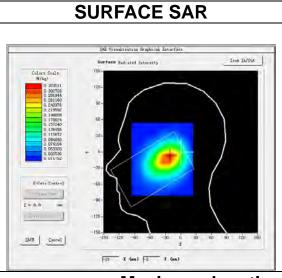
Date of measurement: 22/9/2021

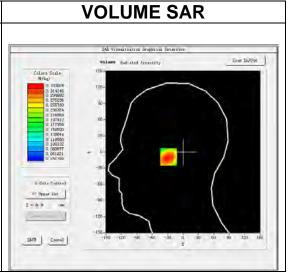
A. Experimental conditions.

- 11 = 21 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band5_WCDMA850
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

AR Measarement Results	
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.741566
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.693117
Conductivity (S/m)	0.915074
Variation (%)	1.090000



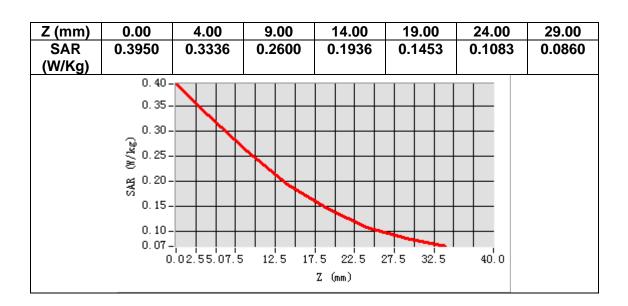


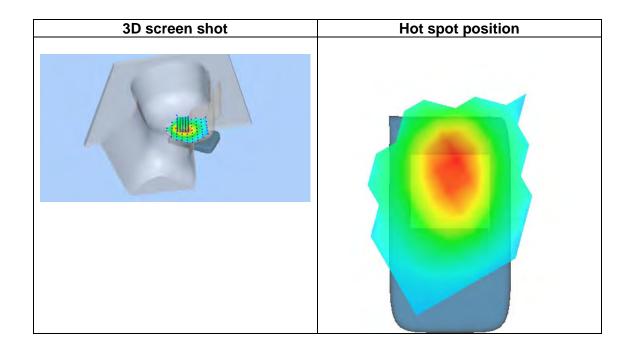
Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-9.00 SAR Peak: 0.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.227099
SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.322348













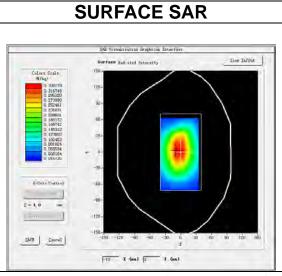
Date of measurement: 22/9/2021

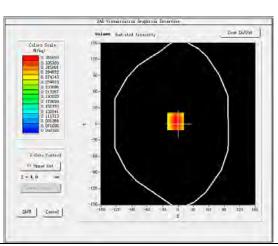
A. Experimental conditions.

7 tr = 21 p 0 : ::::0:::ta: 0 0 :::0::ti:0:::0:	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band5_WCDMA850
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Art Measarement Results	
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.741566
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.693117
Conductivity (S/m)	0.915074
Variation (%)	0.460000





VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=5.00 SAR Peak: 0.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.248723
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.345227

Z (mm)

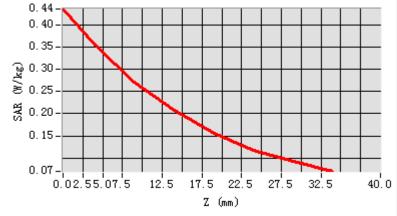
SAR

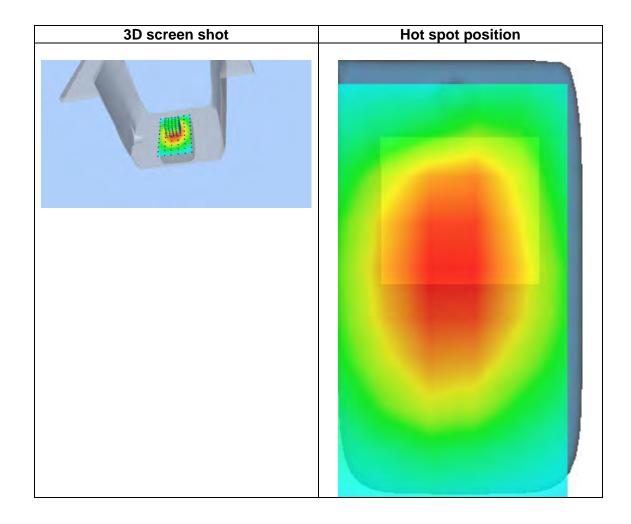
(W/Kg)



 0.00
 4.00
 9.00
 14.00
 19.00
 24.00
 29.00

 0.4358
 0.3557
 0.2721
 0.2067
 0.1568
 0.1178
 0.0918











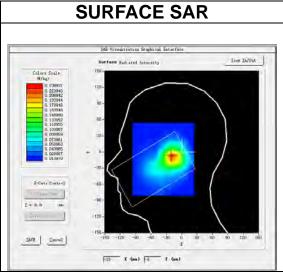
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

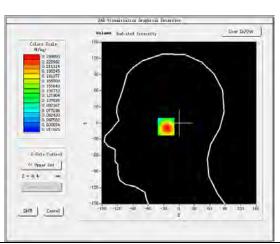
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 2
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

111 11104041 01110111 11004110	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.00000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.662582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.846555
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446196
Variation (%)	0.020000





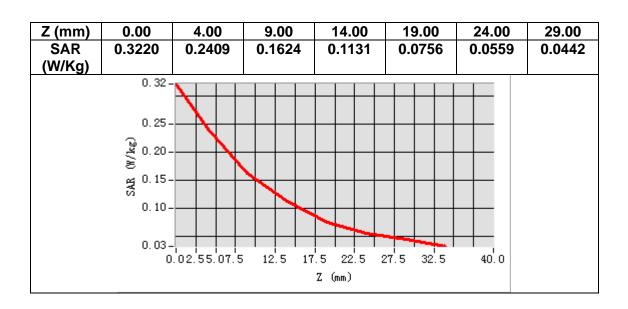
VOLUME SAR

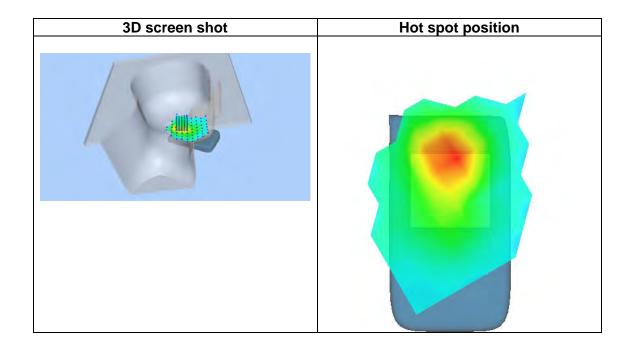
Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=-7.00 SAR Peak: 0.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.145166 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.234182















MEASUREMENT 10

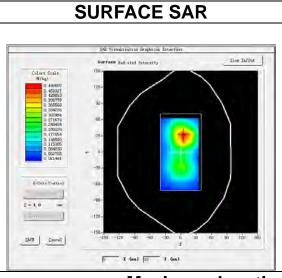
Date of measurement: 20/9/2021

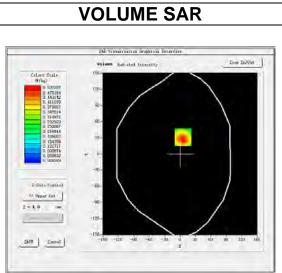
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 2
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

111 11104041 01110111 11004110	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.662582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.846555
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446196
Variation (%)	0.850000



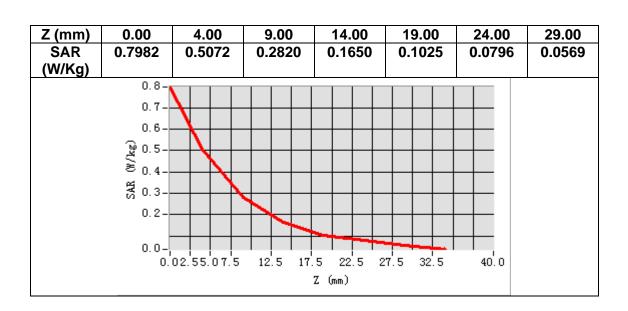


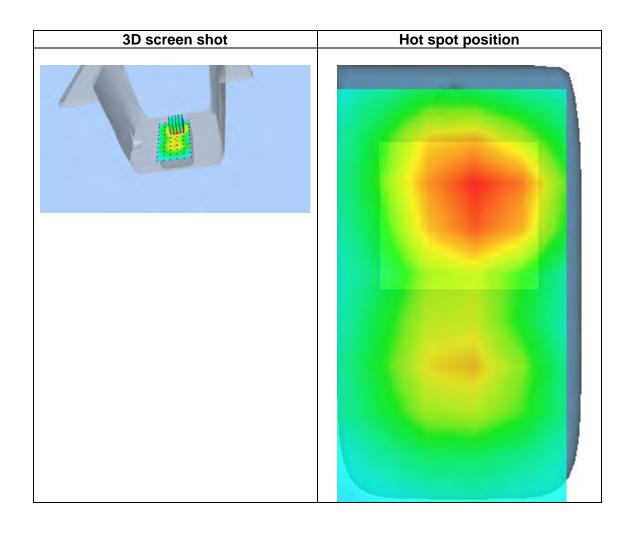
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=31.00 SAR Peak: 0.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.283373
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.508454













MEASUREMENT 11

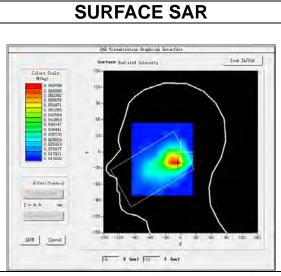
Date of measurement: 23/9/2021

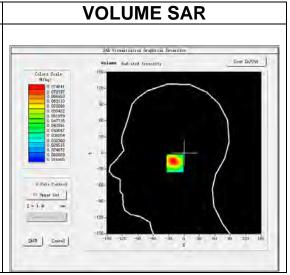
A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Experimental conditions	<u> </u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 4
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

tit mododiomont itoodito	AR Measarement Results	
Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.850552	
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.804330	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.328667	
Variation (%)	-2.840000	



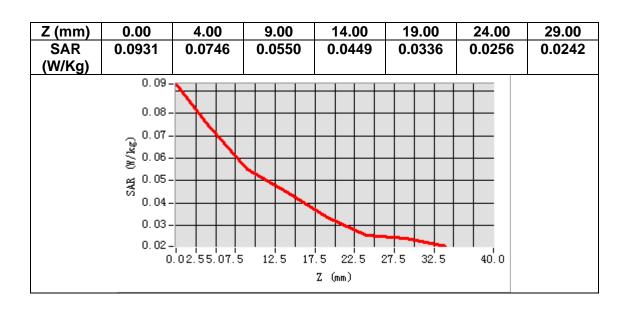


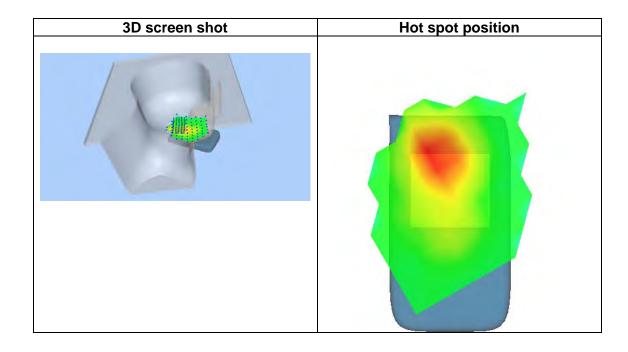
Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=-19.00

SAR Peak: 0.11 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.049513
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.074052











MEASUREMENT 12

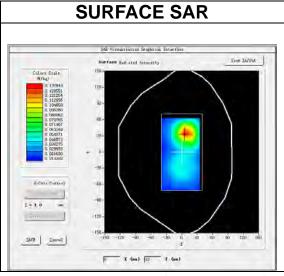
Date of measurement: 23/9/2021

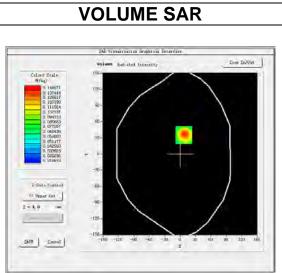
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm		
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm		
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane		
<u>Device Position</u>	Body		
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 4		
<u>Channels</u>	Middle		
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.850552
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.804330
Conductivity (S/m)	1.328667
Variation (%)	3.240000



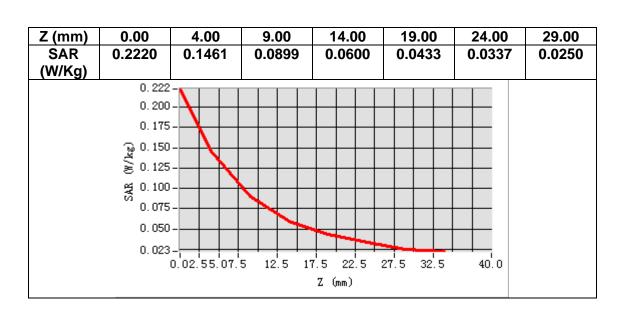


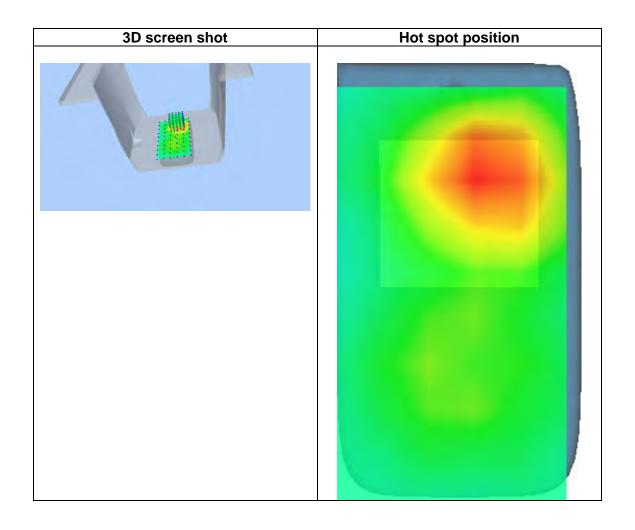
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=35.00 SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.085149
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.142736











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13. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287	
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	









COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Approved by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK **TESTING** Distribution: **TECHNOLOGY** CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release
			17.







Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

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Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ	
Committee of the state of the s	Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



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Report No.: STR210915004004E



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{\rm be}$ + $d_{\rm step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta \beta)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \mathrm{for} \ \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \ \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.









COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.72	0.66	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
107	110	110

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



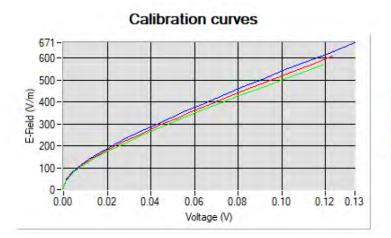






Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

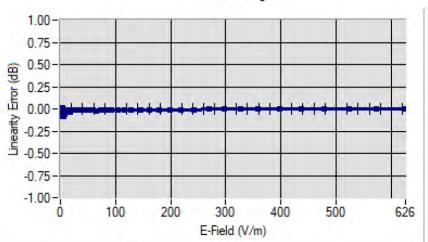
Report No.: STR210915004004E



Dipole 1
Dipole 2
Dipole 3

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)









Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL750	750	1.49
HL850	835	1.50
HL900	900	1.61
HL1800	1800	1.73
HL1900	1900	1.91
HL2000	2000	1.97
HL2300	2300	1.92
HL2450	2450	1.98
HL2600	2600	1.87
HL3300	3300	1.79
HL3500	3500	1.85
HL3700	3700	1.79
HL3900	3900	2.07
HL4200	4200	2.21
HL4600	4600	2.25
HL4900	4900	2.05
HL5200	5200	1.80
HL5400	5400	2.05
HL5600	5600	2.16
HL5800	5800	2.07

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg



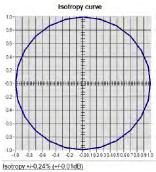


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL1800 MHz











Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023		







SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).







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Report No.: STR210915004004E



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK **TESTING** Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release







Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

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Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID835		
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION 3

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole









Ref: ACR 60 3 21 MVGB A

MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
0 - 300	0.20 mm	
300 - 450	0.44 mm	

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume Expanded Uncertainty

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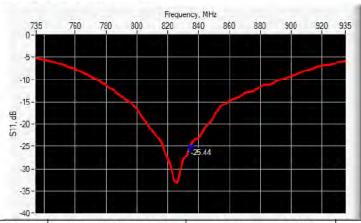
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-25.44	-20	54.4 Ω - 2.9 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	hm	ım	d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290,0 ±1 %.	it i	166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	11 = 9 = 11	89.8 ±1 %.	h 000 H	3.6 ±1 %.	I = 0+E
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.	1.	50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	+	41.7 ±1 %.	-	3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.	11	37.5 ±1 %.	111	3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.	1	35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.	11	32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	41 - 1	30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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Report No.: STR210915004004E Page 92 of 115





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3000	41,5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3,6 ±1 %.
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5		
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68		
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333		
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 40.6 sigma: 0.89		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	835835 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Humidity	30-70 %		

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε,')	Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %	40.6	0.90 ±10 %	0.89
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1,40 ±10 %	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A

2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9,56	9.84 (0.98)	6.22	6.22 (0.62)
900	10,9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4	12.2	19.3	
1800	38.4		20,1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





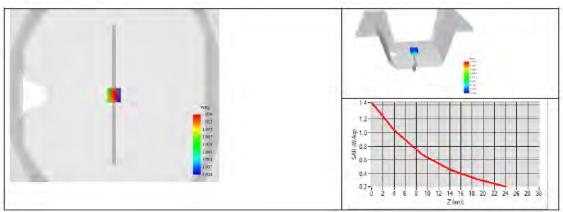
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Report No.: STR210915004004E



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A









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Report No.: STR210915004004E



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022	
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023	









SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP1G800-349

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).







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Report No.: STR210915004004E



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

2021.03.0 1 13:10:48 +01'00'

	Customer Name		
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK		
	TESTING		
	TECHNOLOGY		
	CO., LTD.		

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release







Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

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Ref: ACR.60.5.21 MVGB.A

Report No.: STR210915004004E

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID1800		
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP1G800-349		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole









Ref: ACR 60.5.21 MVGB A

MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty	

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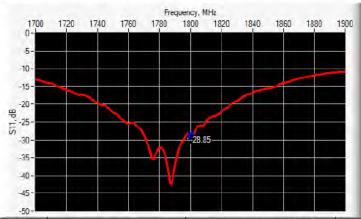


Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-28.85	-20	$47.9 \Omega + 2.9 j\Omega$

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h mm		d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	14	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.	JI LESSON II.	3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %,		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	9	41.7 ±1 %.	74	3.6 ±1 %.	-
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %,		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.	11	35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.	10	3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	117	3.6 ±1 %.	

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Certificate #4298.01

Ref: ACR 60.5.21 MVGB.A

2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5	
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68	
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333	
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 43.7 sigma: 1.34	
Distance between dipole center and liquid 10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm	
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm	
Frequency	18001800 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %	43.7	1.40 ±10 %	1.34
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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Ref: ACR.60.5.21 MVGB.A

2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %	
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %	

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

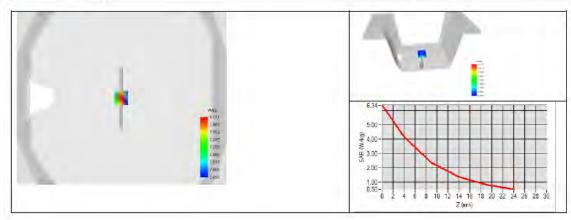
Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
-7.7	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	100000
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	1.
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	1 = ==
1800	38.4	37.96 (3.80)	20.1	19.81 (1.98)
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A







SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.5.21 MVGB.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equi	pment Summary S	Sheet	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023









SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP1G900-350

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JE
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

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	Customer Name
	SHENZHEN NTEK
Distribution:	TESTING
	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

3/1/2021	Initial release
	3/1/2021





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

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5	Mea	surement Uncertainty	
	5.1	Return Loss	5
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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21 MVGB.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

D	evice Under Test
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP1G900-350
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







Ref: ACR 60.6.21 MVGB A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty

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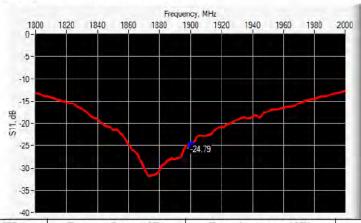
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-24.79	-20	$50.8 \Omega + 5.7 j\Omega$

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h mm		d r	mm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	IT I	100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	11.0	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.	1	83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %,	1	51.7 ±1 %.	11 6	3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %,	1	50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %,	1	45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.	11.0	3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	÷1	39.5 ±1 %.	1-	3.6 ±1 %.	-
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.	11 11 11 11 11	37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	1.2

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Report No.: STR210915004004E



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21,MVGB.A

3000 41.5 ±1 %. 25.0 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %.	2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
90 mm 3				
	3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5		
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68		
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333		
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 43.3 sigma: 1.41		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	19001900 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Humidity	30-70 %		

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41,9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	2 1
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	2 2
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	2
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %	43,3	1.40 ±10 %	1.41
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %	
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %	

MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1,94	
450	4,58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16,8	
1640	34.2		18,4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	40.37 (4.04)	20.5	20.48 (2.05)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55,3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	

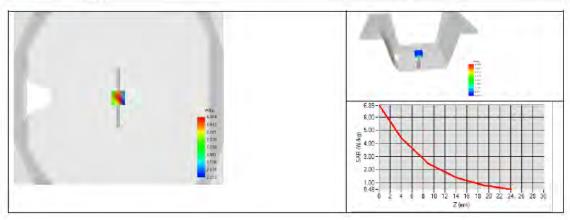




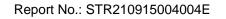


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022	
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023	