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## **Certification Exhibit**

**FCC ID: 2AQ4D-RFIDREADER**

**FCC Rule Part: 47 CFR Part 2.1091**

**TÜV SÜD Project Number: 72181248**

Manufacturer: Welbilt, Inc  
Model: 8076208

## **RF Exposure**

TÜV SÜD America  
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**General Information:**

Applicant: Welbilt, Inc  
 Device Category: Mobile  
 Environment: General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

The RFID radio is collocated and transmits simultaneously with the LM Technologies Ltd. Wi-Fi radios.

**Technical Information:**

**Table 1: Technical Information – RFID Reader**

Mode of Operation: RFID 13.56 MHz  
 Frequency Range: 13.56 MHz  
 Number of Channels: 1  
 Channel Separation: N/A  
 Data Rate: N/A  
 Modulations: CW  
 Antenna Type/Gain: 6x Custom Antennas, Not User Accessible  
 Input Power: 208V / 60Hz (Host)  
 Field Strength at 3 meters 61.2 dBuV/m

**Table 2: Technical Information – Wi-Fi Dongle**

	<i>Device 1 Details (LM Technologies Ltd., 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi, 808-04XX, FCC ID: VVX808-04XX, IC: 10531A-80804XX)</i>	<i>Device 1 Details (LM Technologies Ltd., 5 GHz Wi-Fi, 808-04XX, FCC ID: VVX808-04XX, IC: 10531A-80804XX)</i>
<b>Antenna Type(s)</b>	Integral	Integral
<b>Antenna Gain (dBi)</b>	0.1	4.7
<b>Conducted Power (dBm)</b>	14.35	7.32
<b>Conducted Power (mW)</b>	27.23	5.40
<b>Maximum Peak EIRP (mW)</b>	27.86	15.92
<b>Maximum Peak ERP (mW)</b>	16.98	9.71

**MPE Calculation:**

**RFID Reader**

The Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) is calculated as follows:

$$S = \frac{E^2}{120\pi}$$

**Table 3: MPE Calculation – RFID Module**

Transmit Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength at 3m (dBuV/m)	Power Density Limit (mW/m <sup>2</sup> )	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/m <sup>2</sup> )	Radio
13.56	62.1	0.98	-33.12879	4.87E-07	20	9.68E-08	A

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g., mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

E = Field Strength at MPE distance (in appropriate units, e.g., uV/m)

**Wi-Fi Dongle**

The Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) is calculated as follows:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

**Table 4: MPE Calculation – 808-04XX -Wi-Fi Dongle**

Transmit Frequency (MHz)	Radio Power (dBm)	Power Density Limit (mW/Cm <sup>2</sup> )	Radio Power (mW)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (mW eq.)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Radio
2412	14.35	1.00	27.23	0.1	1.023	20	0.006	B
5180	7.32	1.00	5.40	4.7	2.951	20	0.003	C

**Summation of MPE ratios – Simultaneous Transmissions**

This device contains multiple transmitters which can operate simultaneously; therefore, the maximum RF exposure is determined by the summation of MPE ratios. The limit is such that the summation of MPE ratios is  $\leq 1.0$ .

**Table 3: Summation of MPE Ratios**

	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
Radio A (13.56 MHz)	x	x
Radio B (2.4 GHz)	x	
Radio C (5 GHz)		x
Radio A MPE Ratio	0.000000099	0.000000099
Radio B MPE Ratio	0.005542812	
Radio C MPE Ratio		0.003167599
MPE Ratio Summation:	0.005542911	0.003167697

**Conclusion:**

The summation of the MPE ratios is  $\leq 1.0$ . The EUT meets the RF exposure requirements.