

Maximum Permissible Exposure Report

1. Product Information

FCC ID : 2A03A-Z1
EUT : Tablet PC
Model Number : Z1, Z3, Z4, Z4 Pro, Z8, Z10, T8, T10
Model Declaration : PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, Only model name and shell color is different for these models.
Test Model : Z1
Power Supply : DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(2900mAh)
Recharged Voltage: DC 5V/2A
Hardware Version : R863-RK3326-(512X4)-V1.0
Software Version : Z1&Z1_EEA
Bluetooth :
Frequency Range : 2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel Number : 79 channels for Bluetooth V4.1 (BDR/EDR)
40 channels for Bluetooth V4.1 (BT LE)
Channel Spacing : 1MHz for Bluetooth V4.1 (BDR/EDR)
2MHz for Bluetooth V4.1 (BT LE)
Modulation Type : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V4.1 (BDR/EDR)
GFSK for Bluetooth V4.1 (BT LE)
Bluetooth Version : V4.1
WIFI(2.4G Band) :
Frequency Range : 2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel Spacing : 5MHz
Channel Number : 11 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(2412~2462MHz)
7 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(2422~2452MHz)
Modulation Type : IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK);
IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description : FPC Antenna, 2.0dBi(Max.)
The BT and WIFI shares the same antenna.
Exposure category : General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type : Production Unit
Device Type : Portable Device

2. Evaluation Method

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.3.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations: “Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.²² The minimum test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance from the antenna and radiating structures or outer surface of the device, according to the host form factor, exposure conditions and platform requirements, to any part of the body or extremity of a user or bystander (see 5) of section 4.1). To qualify for SAR test exclusion, the test separation distances applied must be fully explained and justified by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the transmitter and applicable host platform requirements, typically in the SAR measurement or SAR analysis report, according to the required published RF exposure KDB procedures. When no other RF exposure testing or reporting is required, a statement of justification and compliance must be included in the equipment approval, in lieu of the SAR report, to qualify for the SAR test exclusion. When required, the device specific conditions described in the other published RF exposure KDB procedures must be satisfied before applying these SAR test exclusion provisions; for example, handheld PTT two-way radios, handsets, laptops & tablets etc.”

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f} \text{ (GHz)}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to f) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When one of the following test exclusion conditions is satisfied for all combinations of simultaneous transmission configurations, further equipment approval is not required to incorporate transmitter modules in host devices that operate in the mixed mobile and portable host platform exposure conditions. The grantee is responsible for documenting this according to Class I permissive change requirements. Antennas that qualify for standalone SAR test exclusion must apply the estimated standalone SAR to determine simultaneous transmission test exclusion.

(a) The $[\sum \text{ of (the highest measured or estimated SAR for each standalone antenna configuration, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance) / 1.6 W/kg}] + [\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}]$ is ≤ 1.0 .

(b) The SAR to peak location separation ratios of all simultaneously transmitting antenna pairs operating in portable device exposure conditions are all ≤ 0.04 , and the $[\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}]$ is ≤ 1.0 .

3. Refer Evaluation Method

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

FCC KDB publication 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

FCC CFR 47 part1 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

FCC CFR 47 part2 2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices

4. Conducted Power Results

4.1. Test Setup Block Diagram



4.2. Test Equipment

Item	Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Calibrated until
1	Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	2019-06-15
2	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z81	100458	2019-06-15
3	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	2019-06-15

Remark: all calibration period of equipment list is one year.

4.3. Test Procedure

- (a) The EUT was directly connected to the power meter and antenna output port as show in the block diagram Test Setup;
- (b) Setup EUT work at duty cycle more than 98%;
- (c) Read power sensor values in RMS detector;

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	0.189
	39	2441	0.745
	78	2480	0.093
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	0	2402	-0.607
	39	2441	-0.068
	78	2480	-0.744
8-DPSK	0	2402	-0.657
	39	2441	0.082
	78	2480	-0.384
GFSK(BT LE)	0	2402	-3.251
	19	2440	-3.428
	39	2480	-3.988

2.4GHz WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	2.79
	6	2437	2.93
	11	2462	2.84
802.11g	1	2412	3.57
	6	2437	3.83
	11	2462	3.79
802.11n HT20	1	2412	3.28
	6	2437	3.54
	11	2462	3.71
802.11n HT40	3	2422	0.23
	6	2437	1.26
	9	2452	0.47

5. Evaluation Results

5.1. Standalone Evaluation

Band/Mode	f (GHz)	Antenna Distance (mm)	Max. Tune Up RF output power		SAR Test Exclusion Threshold	SAR Test Exclusion
			dBm	mW		
GFSK	2.50	5	1.00	1.259	0.398 < 3.0	Yes
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2.50	5	1.00	1.259	0.398 < 3.0	Yes
8DPSK	2.50	5	1.00	1.259	0.398 < 3.0	Yes
GFSK – BT LE	2.50	5	-2.50	0.562	0.178 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11b	2.50	5	4.00	2.512	0.794 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11g	2.50	5	4.00	2.512	0.794 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11n HT20	2.50	5	4.00	2.512	0.794 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11n HT40	2.50	5	2.00	1.585	0.501 < 3.0	Yes

Remark:

- 1). Output power including tune up tolerance;
- 2). When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to f) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

5.2. Simultaneous Transmission for SAR Exclusion

The sample support one BT/WLAN modular and share same antenna, BT and WLAN can be active at the same time, but only with interleaving of packages switched on board level. That means that they don't transmit at the same time. No need consider simultaneous transmission.

6. Conclusion

The measurement results comply with the FCC Limit per 47 CFR 2.1093 for the uncontrolled RF Exposure and SAR Exclusion Threshold per KDB 447498 v06.

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