ANNEX A GRAPH RESULTS

GSM850 Head

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.932 S/m; ε_r = 43.342; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liquid

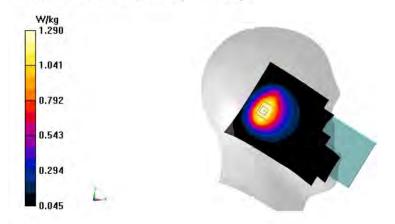
Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0) Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 37.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.69 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.927 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



GSM850 Body

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.901 S/m; ϵ_r = 44.955; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1GSM 850 (0) Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

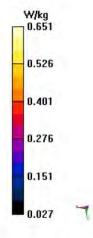
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

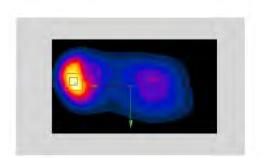
Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.662 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.436 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.651 W/kg





GSM1900 Head

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.779$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 GPRS-2 (0) Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037

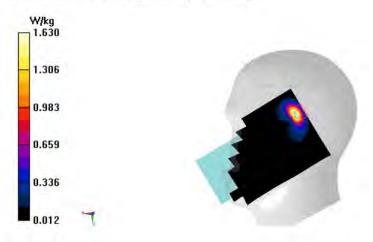
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.79 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg



GSM 1900 Body

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.779$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

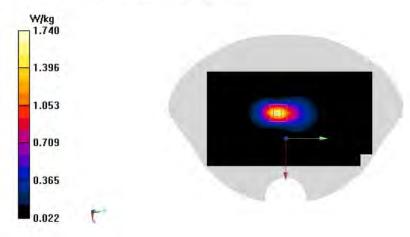
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0) Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.58 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.523 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.74 W/kg



WCDMA1900 Head

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.465$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.123$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 1900 (0) Frequency: 1907.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

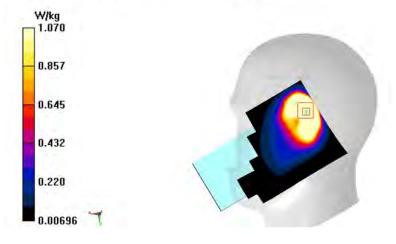
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 W/kg

Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.613 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



WCDMA1900 Body

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.557$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1WCDMA1900 (B2) (0) Frequency: 1907.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

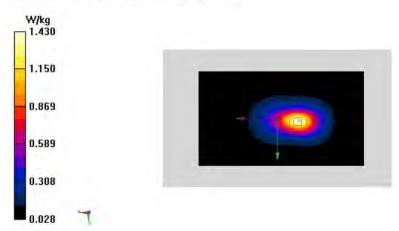
Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.970 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.537 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg



W1700 Head

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.412$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.119$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 1700 (0) Frequency: 1752.6MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe:

EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98)

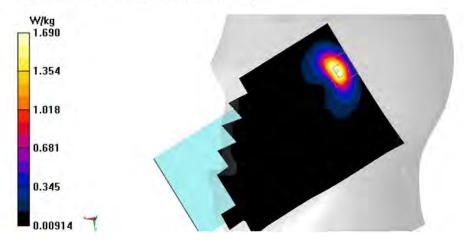
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.78 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg



WCDMA1700 Body

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.412$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.119$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 1700 Band4 (0) Frequency: 1752.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

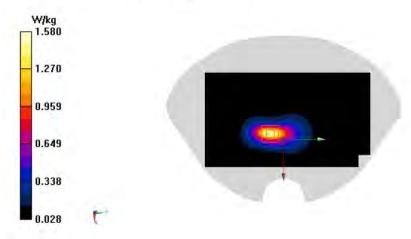
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.52 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.588 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg



WCDMA850 Head

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.337$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 850 (0) Frequency: 826.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

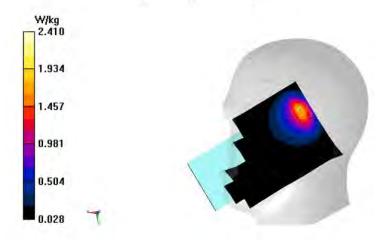
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.79 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.14W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.41 W/kg



WCDMA850 Body

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 845 MHz; σ = 0.906 S/m; ε_r = 44.928; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1WCDMA850 (B5) (0) Frequency: 846.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

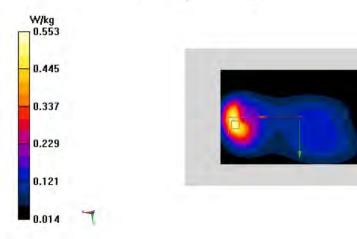
Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.537 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.710 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.355 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 W/kg



LTE B2 Head

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.487 S/m; ε_r = 40.834; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

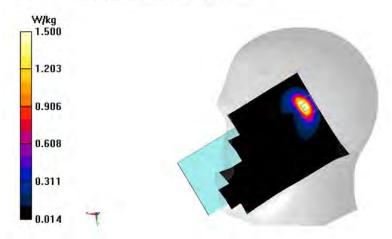
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band2(20MB) (0) Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.92 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.462 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg



LTE B2 Body

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.499 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.797; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band2(20MB) (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

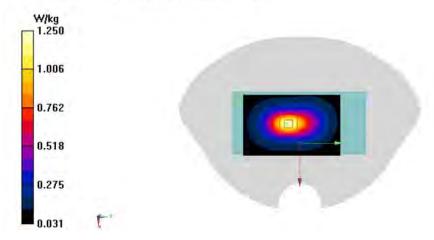
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.849 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg



LTE B5 Head

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.937 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 43.303$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band5 (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

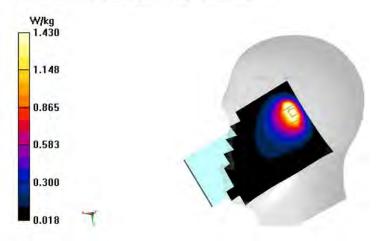
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.03 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.924 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg



LTE B5 Body

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.937$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.303$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1LTE Band5 (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

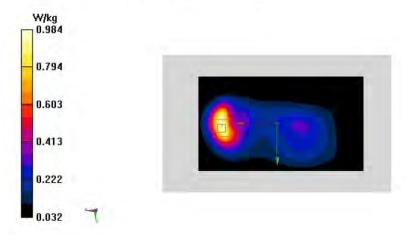
Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.962 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.635 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.984 W/kg



LTE B7 Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.965$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.735$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

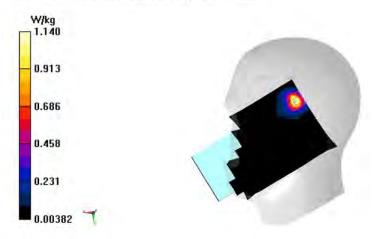
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band7-20M (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.440 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.635 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



LTE B7 Body

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.972$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.509$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

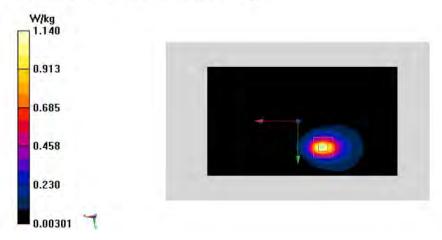
Communication System: UID 0, 1LTE Band7 (0) Frequency: 2510 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.436 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg SAP(1,g) = 0.680 W/kg: SAP(10,g) = 0.306 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.680 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



LTE B12 Head

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.888$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.754$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band12 (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

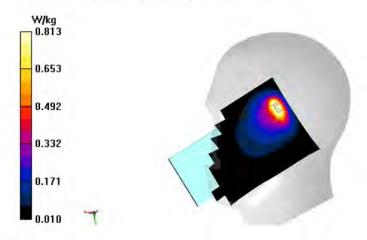
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.995 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.447 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.813 W/kg



LTE B12 Body

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; σ = 0.888 S/m; ε_{r} = 43.754; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1LTE Band2 (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle:

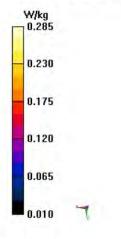
1:1

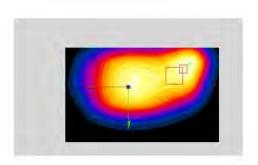
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (131x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.291 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.216 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 W/kg





LTE B13 Head

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.915$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.491$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

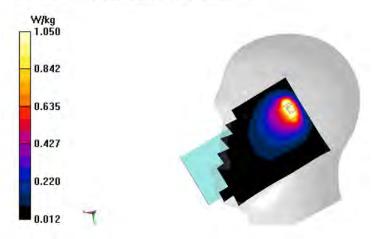
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band13 (0) Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 27.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.634 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



LTE B13 Body

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 780 MHz; $\sigma = 0.915$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.491$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

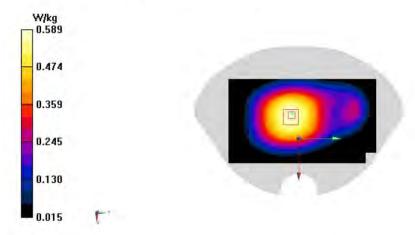
Communication System: UID 0, 1LTE Band13 (0) Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.590 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.748 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.367 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.589 W/kg



LTEB25 Head

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1905 MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.788$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

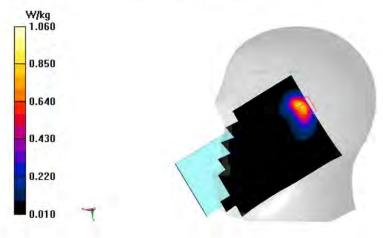
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band25 (0) Frequency: 1905 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg SAR(10) = 0.750 W/kg: SAR(10) = 0.341 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.750 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



LTE B25 Body

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1905 MHz; σ = 1.502 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.788; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band25 (0) Frequency: 1905 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

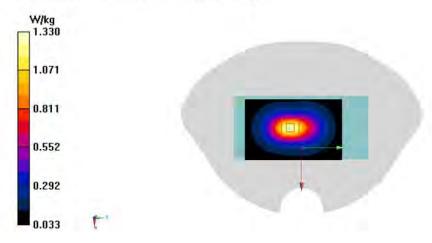
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 27.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.908 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg



LTE B26 Head

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 831.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.935$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.32$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band26 (0) Frequency; 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

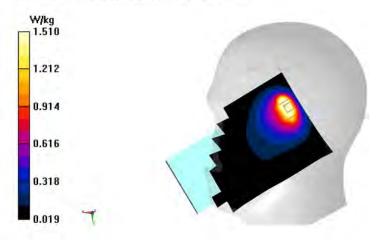
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.02 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.904 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



LTE B26 Body

Date/Time: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 831.5 MHz; σ = 0.935 S/m; ε_r = 43.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band26 (0) Frequency; 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

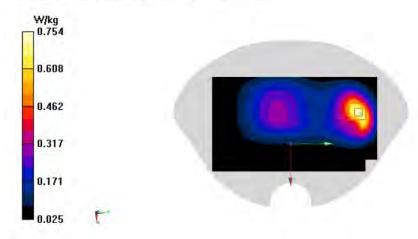
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.735 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.513 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.754 W/kg



LTE B41(PC3) Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2506 MHz; $\sigma = 1.942$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.786$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

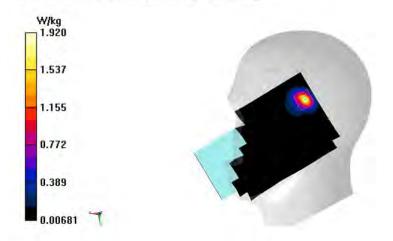
Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 PC3 (0) Frequency: 2506 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.90 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.50 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.92 W/kg



LTEB41(pc3) Body

Date/Time: 2/25/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

0.00571

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2593 MHz; $\sigma = 2.011$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.641$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 PC3 (0) Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89);

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.664 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.797 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.410 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 W/kg

0.520 0.391 0.263 0.134

LTE B41(PC2) Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2506 MHz; $\sigma = 1.942$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.786$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

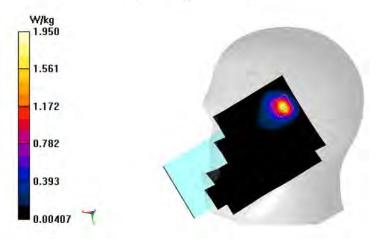
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 PC2 (0) Frequency: 2506 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.30994

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.77 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.001 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.95 W/kg



LTE B41 (PC2) Body

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2505 MHz; σ = 1.942 S/m; ε_r = 39.786; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient

Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1LTE Band41 (0) Frequency: 2506 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

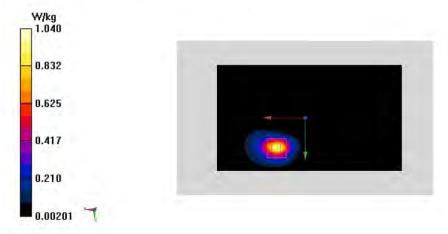
Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.973 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.9750 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.610 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg



LTE B66 Head

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1770 MHz; $\sigma = 1.422$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

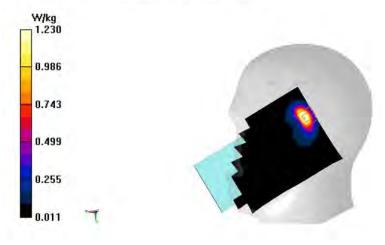
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band66 (0) Frequency: 1770 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.749 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.769 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



LTE B66 Body

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1770 MHz; $\sigma = 1.422$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

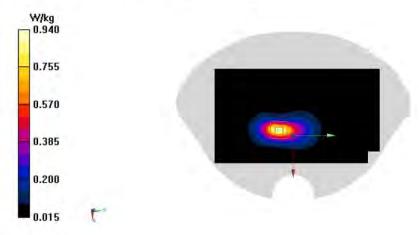
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band66 (0) Frequency: 1770 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.922 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.620 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.940 W/kg



LTE B71 Head

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (extrapolated): f = 683 MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band71 (0) Frequency: 683 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

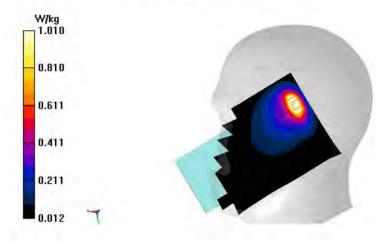
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.593 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



LTE B71 Body

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (extrapolated): f = 683 MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band71 (0) Frequency: 683 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

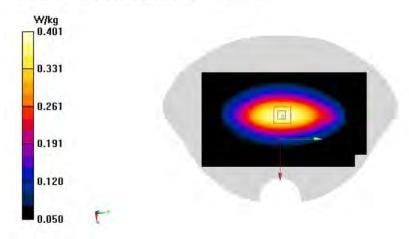
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.395 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.401 W/kg



N7 Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2502.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.939$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.793$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G n7 (0) Frequency: 2502.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

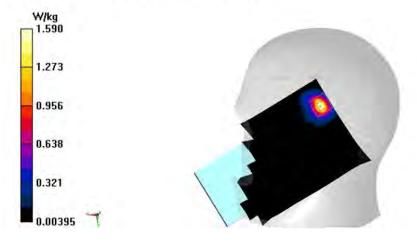
Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.67 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.860 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



N7 Body

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2502.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.939$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.793$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

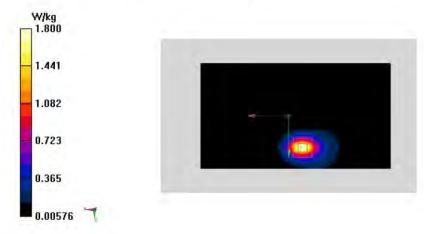
Communication System: UID 0, 5G NR N7 15kHz (0) Frequency: 2502.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08));

Area Scan (181x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.85 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg



N25 Head

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1882.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.488$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N25 (0) Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

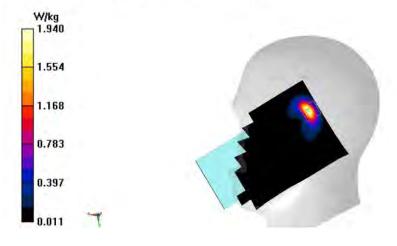
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.03 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.477 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.94 W/kg



N25 Body

Date/Time: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1882.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.488$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient

Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

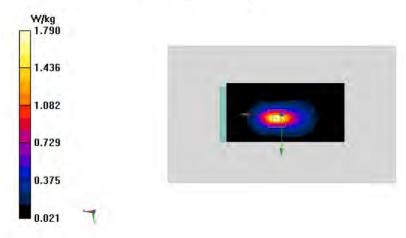
Communication System: UID 0, 5G NR N25 15kHz (0) Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (101x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.77 W/kg

Zoom Scan 10mm 22db (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 **W/kg**; **SAR(10 g)** = 0.559 **W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.79 **W/kg**



N41 Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2501.01 MHz; $\sigma = 1.938$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G n41 (0) Frequency: 2501.01 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

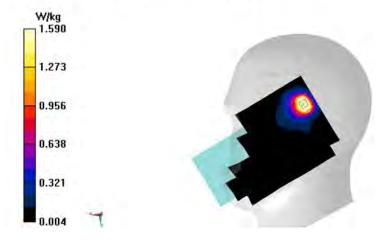
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.74 W/kg

Zoom Scan 17dB (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.207 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.939 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.397 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



N41 Body

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2501.01 MHz; $\sigma = 1.938$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G NR N41 30kHz (0) Frequency: 2501.01 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

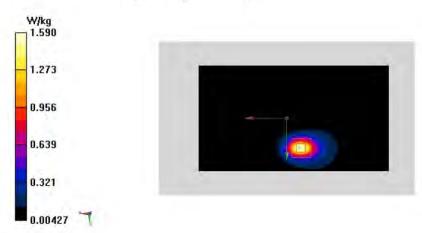
Area Scan (181x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.63 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.058 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.953 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.426 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



N66 Head

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.407$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.136$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

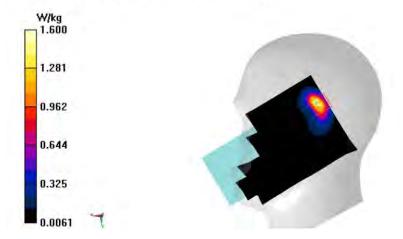
Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N66 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.51 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.60 W/kg



N66 Body

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.407$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.136$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient

Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G NR N66 15kHz (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98));

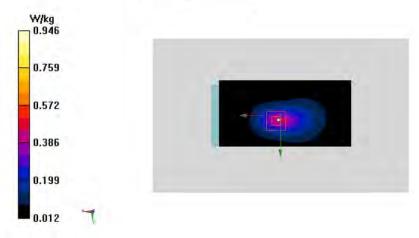
Area Scan (101x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.422 W/kg

Zoom Scan 10mm 22db (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.614 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.946 W/kg



N71 Head

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (extrapolated): f = 680.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.878$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.849$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N71 (0) Frequency: 680.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

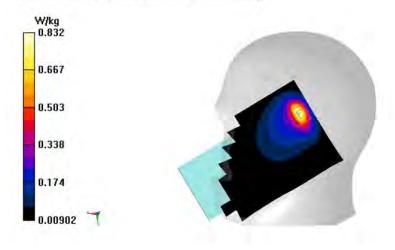
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.817 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.832 W/kg



N71 Body

Date/Time: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (extrapolated): f = 680.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.878$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.849$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N71 (0) Frequency: 680.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

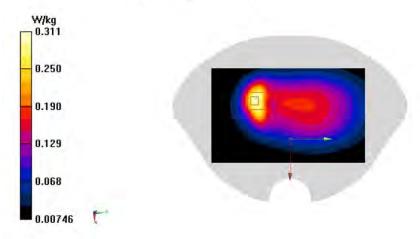
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 W/kg

Zoom Scan 24db (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.417 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.202 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.311 W/kg



N77 Body

Date/Time: 3/1/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; $\sigma = 2.893$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.452$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G NR N77 30kHz (3450-3550) (0) Frequency: 3500.01 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29);

Area Scan (101x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

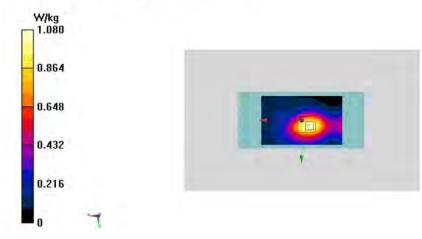
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 12.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.603 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



N77 Head

Date/Time: 3/3/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3705 MHz; $\sigma = 2.974$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.532$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

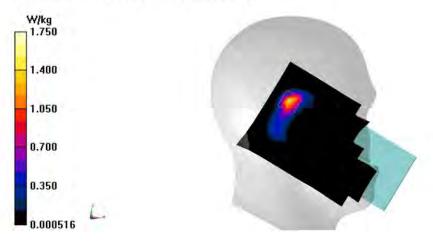
Communication System: UID 0, 5g n77 (0) Frequency: 3705 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12);

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 14.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.870 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.75 W/kg



N78 Body

Date/Time: 2024-03-01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; $\sigma = 2.893 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.452$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

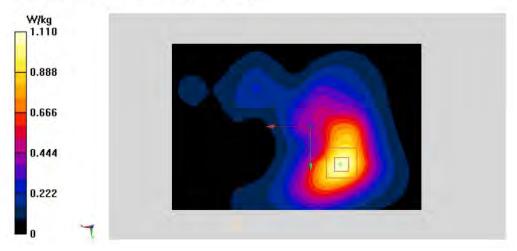
Communication System: UID 0, 5G NR N78 30kHz (0) Frequency: 3500.01 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29);

Area Scan (121x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 9.870 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.629 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



N78 Head

Date/Time: 3/3/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3750 MHz; $\sigma = 3.016$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.448$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

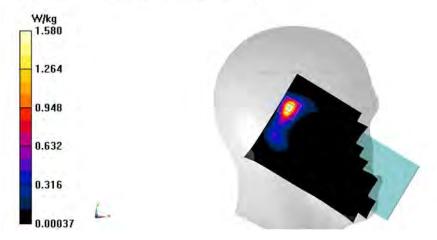
Communication System: UID 0, 5G n78 (0) Frequency: 3750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12);

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.75 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 8.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.815 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg



WLAN2.4G Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.886$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.915$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 2450 (0) Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

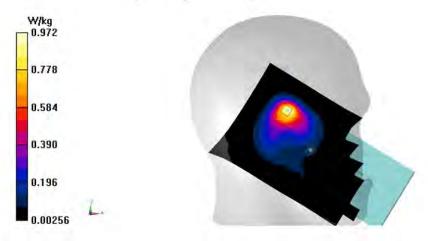
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.580 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 W/kg



WIFI2.4G Body

Date/Time: 2024-02-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2435 MHz; $\sigma = 1.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.915$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

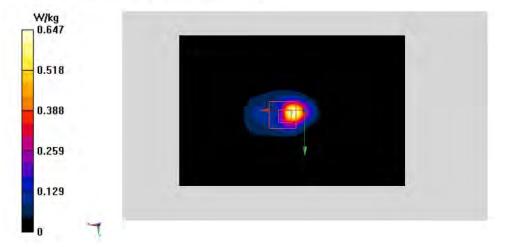
Communication System: UID 0, 1WIFI 2450 (0) Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (121x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.647 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.488 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.451 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 W/kg



WIFI5G Body

Date/Time: 3/9/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma = 4.67$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.636$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient

Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 1WLAN 11a (0) Frequency: 5290 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

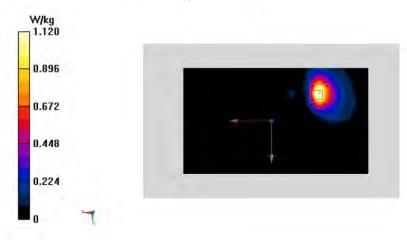
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65);

Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.42 W/kg

Zoom Scan(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.99 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



WLAN5G Head

Date/Time: 3/9/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma = 4.67$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.636$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 11a (0) Frequency: 5290 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe:

EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65);

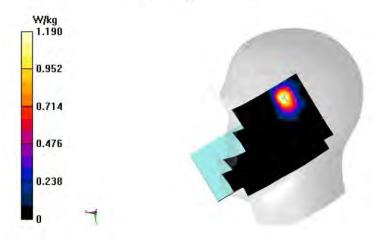
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 4.563 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.502 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



WIFI6E Head

Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - xxxx

Model, Manufacturer		Dimensions [mm]		IMEL	DUT Type		
Device,		85,0 x 80.0 x 8.				Phone	
xposure Condit	ions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivit
LeftHead, HSL	CHEEK, 0.00	U-NII- 8	WLAN, 10554- AAE	6985.000, 207	5.39	6.74	33.5

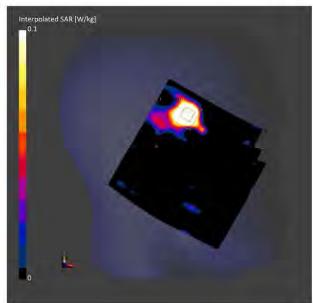
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	119.0 x 119.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	8.5 x 8.5	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1,4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Y	Y
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

H650-7000M

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-03-28, 08:35	2024-03-28, 08:53
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.204	0.265
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.058	0.055
Power Drift [dB]	0.14	0.14
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		48.9
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		3.5

DAE4 Sn777, 2024-01-09

EX3DV4 - SN3846, 2023-05-31



WIFI6E Body

Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - xxxx

Model, Manufacturer		Dimensions [mm]		IMEI	DUT Type		
Device, 170.0 x 80.0		x 8.0	Phone				
xposure Condit	ions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivit
Flat, HSL	EDGE RIGHT, 5.00	U-NII- 8	WLAN, 10554- AAE	6985.000, 207	5.39	6.74	33.5

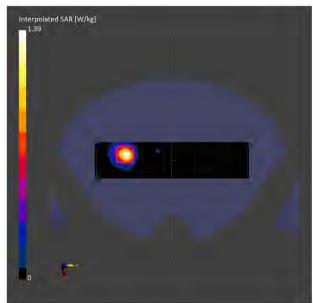
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	48.0 x 204.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	8.0 x 8.5	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1,4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Υ	Y
Surface Detection	VMS+6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

H600-7000M

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-03-28, 14:11	2024-03-28, 14:26
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.263	0.276
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.086	0.089
Power Drift [dB]	N/A	0.06
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		50.7
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		8.0

DAE4 Sn777, 2024-01-09

EX3DV4 - SN3846, 2023-05-31



Measurement Report for Device, EDGE RIGHT, U-NII-8, IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle), Channel 213 (7015.0 MHz)

Device Under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type	
Device,	170.0 x 80.0 x 8.0		Phone	

Exposure Conditions

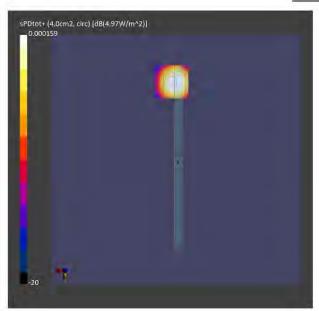
Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G	EDGE RIGHT, 2.00	U-NII-8	WLAN, 10671-AAC	7015.0, 213	1.0

Hardware Setup

Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
mmWave - xxxx	Air -	EUmmWV4 - \$N9492_F1-55GHz, 2023-06-19	DAE4 5n1331, 2023-09-14	_

5G Scan
25.0 x 25.0
0.047764072797388375 x 0.047764072797388375
2.0
Y

Scan Type	5G Scan
Date	2024-03-13, 04:51
Avg. Area [cm²]	4.00
psPDn+ [W/m²]	4.66
psPDtot+ [W/m ²]	4.97
psPDmod+ [W/m²]	6.19
E _{max} [V/m]	71.4
Power Drift [dB]	0.10



Measurement Report for Device, BACK, U-NII-8, IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle), Channel 213 (7015.0 MHz)

Device Under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
Device,	170.0 x 80.0 x 8.0		Phone

Exposure Conditions

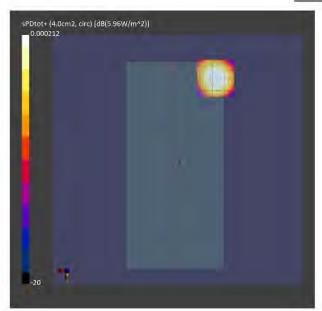
Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G	BACK, 2.00	U-NII-8	WLAN, 10671-AAC	7015.0, 213	1.0

Hardware Setup

Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
mmWave - xxxx	xx Air - EUmmWV4 - SN9492_F1-55GHz, 2023-06-19		DAE4 5n1331, 2023-09-14

5G Scan
25.0 x 25.0
0.047764072797388375 x 0.047764072797388375
2.0
Y

Scan Type	5G Scar
Date	2024-03-13, 02:14
Avg. Area [cm²]	4.00
psPDn+ [W/m²]	5.06
psPDtot+ [W/m²]	5.96
psPDmod+ [W/m²]	6.42
E _{max} [V/m]	75.5
Power Drift [dB]	0.05



BT Head

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.876$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.209$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth2 (0) Frequency: 2441 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

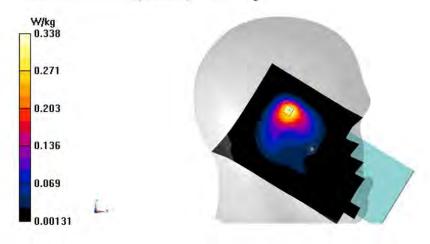
Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.935 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 W/kg



BT Body

Date/Time: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.876$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.209$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

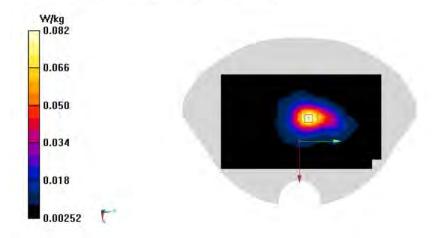
Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth2 (0) Frequency: 2441 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0824 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.487 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.055 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0815 W/kg



LTE B4 Head

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.407$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.136$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band4 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

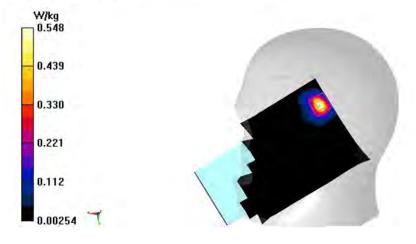
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.404 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.156 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.657 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg



LTE B4 Body

Date/Time: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.399 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.164; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band4 (0) Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

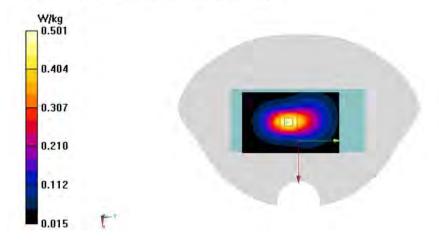
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.592 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 W/kg



ANNEX B SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

750 MHz

Datee: 2/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.903 S/m; ϵ r = 43.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

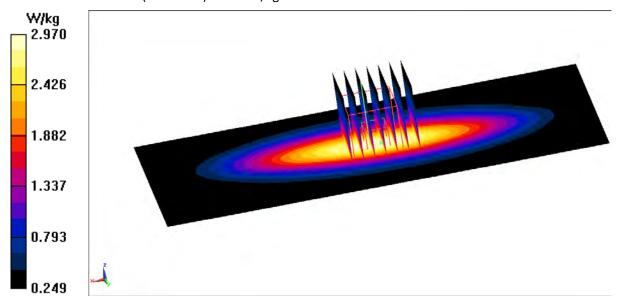
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.99 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 W/kg



Datee: 2/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.936 S/m; ϵ r = 43.31; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(10.95, 10.95, 10.95);

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

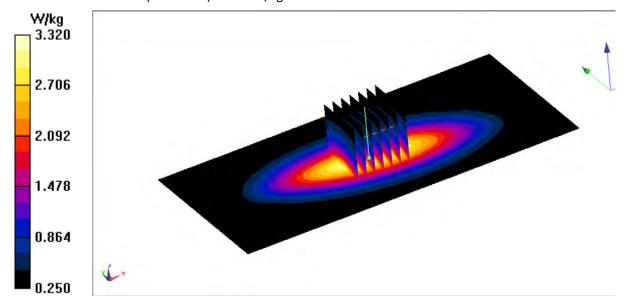
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.26 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.32 W/kg



Datee: 2/15/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.41 S/m; ϵ r = 41.12; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98);

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

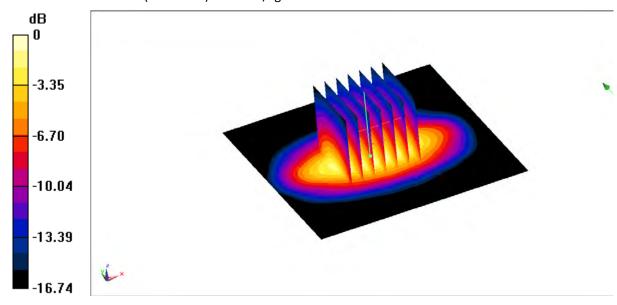
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.3 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



0 dB = 14.4 W/kg = 11.58 dBW/kg

Datee: 2/18/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.499 S/m; ϵ r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63);

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

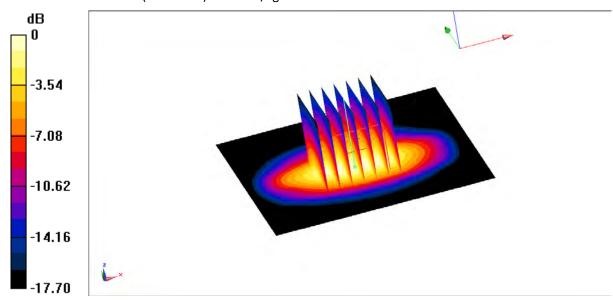
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

Datee: 2/23/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.897$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.89$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08);

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

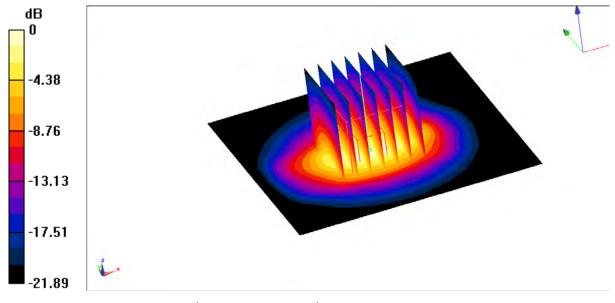
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.7 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Datee: 2/25/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.016 S/m; ϵ r = 39.63; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89);

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

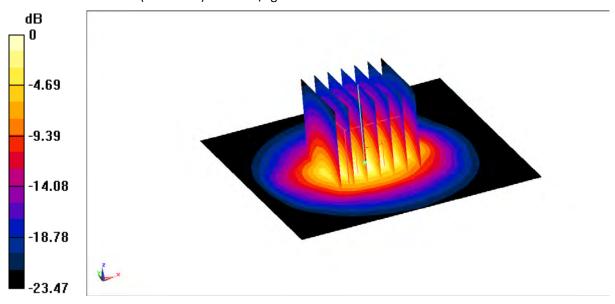
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.2 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.8 W/kg



0 dB = 23.8 W/kg = 13.77 dBW/kg

Datee: 2/27/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3300 MHz; σ = 2.609 S/m; ϵ r = 38.23; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3300 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 W/kg

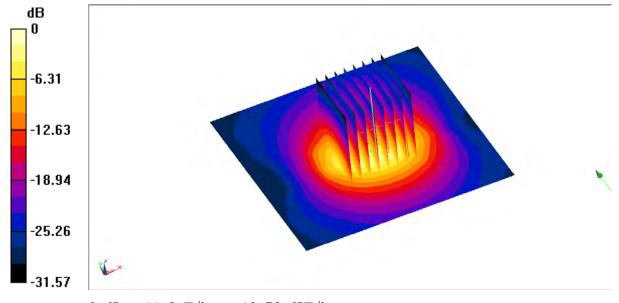
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg



0 dB = 11.9 W/kg = 10.76 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/1/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; σ = 2.789 S/m; ϵ r = 37.87; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3500 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 W/kg

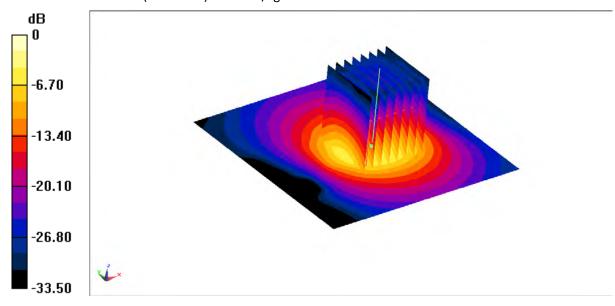
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/3/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; σ = 2.97 S/m; ϵ r = 37.54; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3700 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

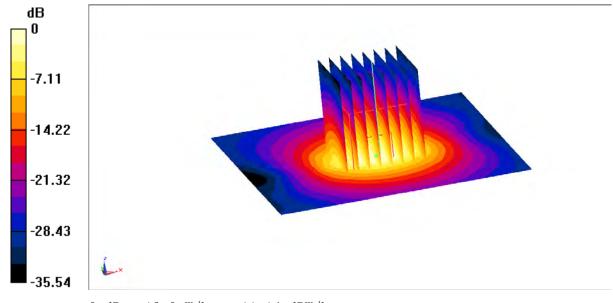
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/5/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3900 MHz; σ = 3.159 S/m; ϵ r = 37.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

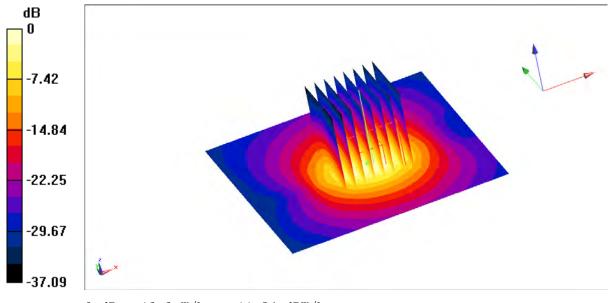
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 W/kg



0 dB = 13.3 W/kg = 11.24 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/9/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.602 S/m; ϵ r = 34.73; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.0 W/kg

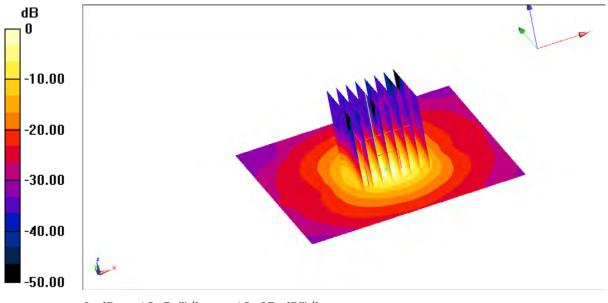
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/11/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.974 S/m; ϵ r = 34.25; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(5, 5, 5);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

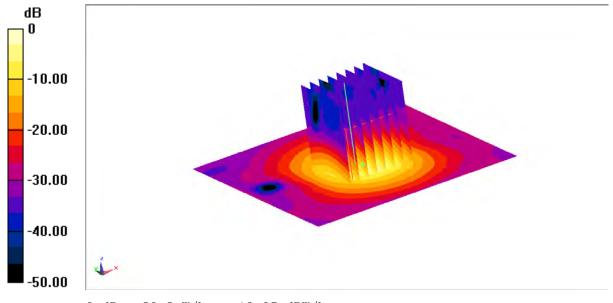
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



0 dB = 20.2 W/kg = 13.05 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/13/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.195 S/m; ϵ r = 33.95; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600 ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

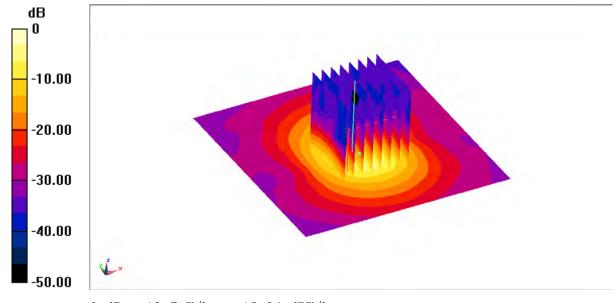
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

Datee: 3/2/2024

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 13 MHz; $\sigma = 0.776$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 13 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(17.76, 17.76, 17.76)

Area Scan (101x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

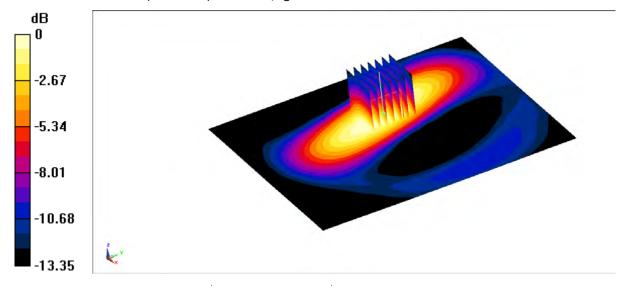
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.840 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.210 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.827 W/kg



0 dB = 0.827 W/kg = -0.82 dBW/kg

6500 MHz

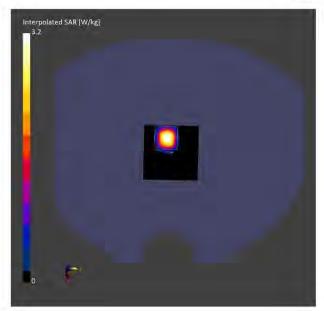
Measurement Report for Device, EDGE TOP, Validation band, CW, Channel 6500 (6500.000 MHz)

Model, Manufacture	r .		Dimensions [[mm]	IMEL	DUT Type	
Device, 20.0 x 20.0 x 8.0			x 8,0		Phone		
Exposure Condit	das						
	757 - 78 S.F C S S S S S S S	7.6.4	-	by a family or and	Wantakii	Tri e dos o	
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [5/m]	TSL Permittivity

Hardware Setup						
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date			
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - xxxx	H650-7000M	EX3DV4 - SN3846, 2023-05-31	DAE4 Sn 777, 2024-01-09			

Scans Setup				
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		
Grid Extents [mm]	51.0 x 51.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0		
Grid Steps [mm]	8.5 x 8.5	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4		
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4		
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes		
Grading Ratio	N/A	_ 1.4		
MAIA	N/A	N/A		
Surface Detection	VMS	All points		
Scan Method	Measured	Measured		

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-03-28, 05:02	2024-03-28, 05:19
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.37	28,6
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.604	5.16
Power Drift [dB]	0.06	0.13
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		N/A
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		N/A



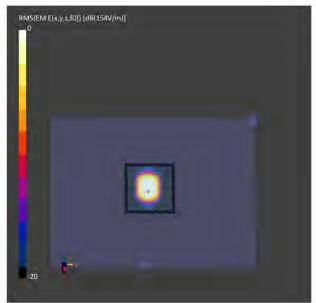
10GHz

Measurement Report for Device, FRONT, Validation band, CW, Channel 10000 (10000.0 MHz)

Device Under Tes	t Properties					
Model, Manufacturer			Dimensions [mm]		IMEI	DUT Type
Device,			100.0 x 100.0 x 100.0			Phone
Exposure Conditi	ons					
Phantom Section	Position, Test Dista	nce [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
SG	FRONT, 2.00		Validation band	CW, 0	10000.0, 10000	1.0
Hardware Setup						
Phantom	Medium	Probe, Ca	libration Date		DAE, Calibratio	on Date
mmWave - xxxx	Air -	EUmmWV	4 - 5N9492_F1-55GHz, 20	23-06-19	DAE4 Sn1331,	2023-09-14
Scans Setup				Measu	rement Results	
Scan Type			5G Scan	Scan T	уре	5G Scan
Grid Extents [mm]			60.0 x 60.0	Date		2024-03-13, 01:05

Scans Setup	
Scan Type	5G Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	60.0 x 60.0
Grid Steps [lambda]	0.25 x 0.25
Sensor Surface [mm]	2.0
MAIA	N/A

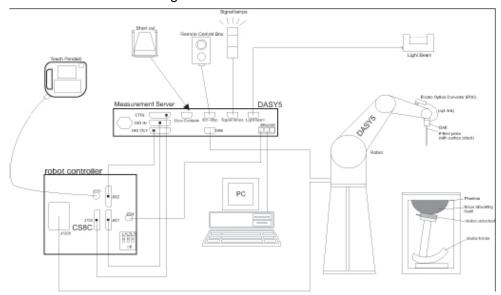
Measurement Results	
Scan Type	5G Scan
Date	2024-03-13, 01:05
Avg. Area [cm²]	4.00
psPDn+ [W/m²]	53.4
psPDtot+ [W/m²]	53.6
psPDmod+ [W/m²]	53.7
E _{máx} [V/m]	151
Power Drift [dB]	0.11



ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy5 or DASY6 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals
 for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version
 of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 or DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 Dasy5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 or DASY6 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3 DynamicRange: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

Probe Tip

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests ofmobile phones

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)},$

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- > High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

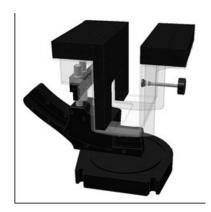
The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\ell=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. Laptop Extension Kit

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C7-1: Device Holder



Picture C.7-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0. 2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special

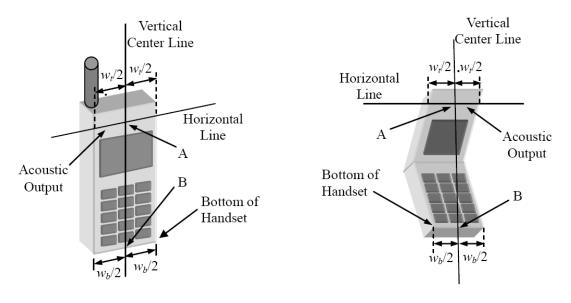


Picture C.8: SAM Twin Phantom

ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



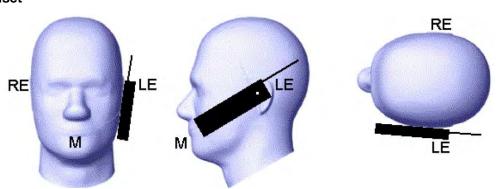
 W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 W_b Width of the bottom of the handset

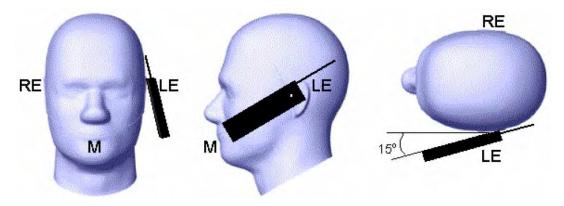
A Midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset
Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



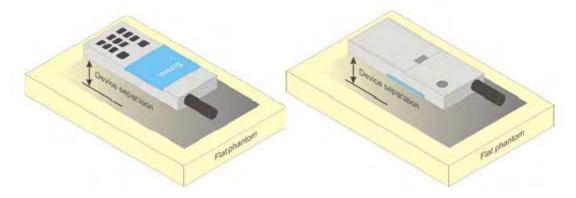
Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.

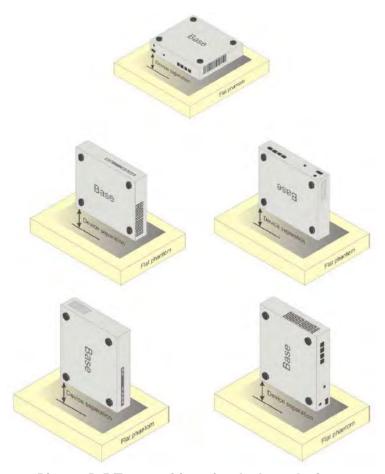


Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.



Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

D.4 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency	835Hea	835Bod	1900	1900	2450	2450	5800	5800
(MHz)	d	у	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by	Ingredients (% by weight)							
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Glycol	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	\	\
Monobutyl	1	\	44.432	29.90	41.13	21.22	\	\
Diethylenglycol								
monohexylethe	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
r								
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Dielectric	ε=41.5	ε=55.2	ε=40.0	ε=53.3	ε=39.2	ε=52.7	ε=35.3	ε=48.2
Parameters	$\sigma = 0.90$	ε=55.2 σ=0.97	σ=1.4	σ=1.5	σ=1.8	σ=1.9	σ=5.2	σ=6.0
Target Value	0-0.90	0-0.91	0	2	0	5	7	0

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.

ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation for 7600

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
7600	Head 750MHz	December.25,2023	750 MHz	OK
7600	Head 900MHz	December.25,2023	900 MHz	OK
7600	Head 1450MHz	December.25,2023	1450 MHz	OK
7600	Head 1750MHz	December.25,2023	1750 MHz	OK
7600	Head 1900MHz	December.25,2023	1900 MHz	OK
7600	Head 2000MHz	December.26,2023	2100 MHz	OK
7600	Head 2300MHz	December.26,2023	2300 MHz	OK
7600	Head 2450MHz	December.26,2023	2450 MHz	OK
7600	Head 2600MHz	December.26,2023	2600 MHz	OK
7600	Head 3300MHz	December.27,2023	3300 MHz	OK
7600	Head 3500MHz	December.27,2023	3500 MHz	OK
7600	Head 3700MHz	December.27,2023	3700 MHz	OK
7600	Head 3900MHz	December.27,2023	3900 MHz	OK
7600	Head 4100MHz	December.27,2023	4100 MHz	OK
7600	Head 4200MHz	December.27,2023	4200 MHz	OK
7600	Head 4400MHz	December.28,2023	4400 MHz	OK
7600	Head 4600MHz	December.28,2023	4600 MHz	OK
7600	Head 4800MHz	December.28,2023	4800 MHz	OK
7600	Head 4950MHz	December.28,2023	4950 MHz	OK
7600	Head 5250MHz	December.29,2023	5250 MHz	OK
7600	Head 5600MHz	December.29,2023	5600 MHz	OK
7600	Head 5750MHz	December.29,2023	5750 MHz	OK

Table F.2: System Validation for 3846

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
3846	Head 13MHz	July 03,2023	13MHz	OK
3846	Head 64MHz	July 03,2023	64MHz	OK
3846	Head 150MHz	July 04,2023	150MHz	OK
3846	Head 300MHz	July 04,2023	300MHz	OK
3846	Head 450MHz	July 04,2023	450MHz	OK
3846	Head 750MHz	July 05,2023	750MHz	OK
3846	Head 835MHz	July 05,2023	835MHz	OK
3846	Head 900MHz	July 06,2023	900MHz	OK
3846	Head 1450MHz	July 06,2023	1450MHz	OK
3846	Head 1640MHz	July 06,2023	1640MHz	OK
3846	Head 1750MHz	July 07,2023	1750MHz	OK
3846	Head 1810MHz	July 07,2023	1810MHz	OK
3846	Head 1900MHz	July 07,2023	1900MHz	OK
3846	Head 2000MHz	July 07,2023	2000MHz	OK
3846	Head 2100MHz	July 08,2023	2100MHz	OK
3846	Head 2300MHz	July 08,2023	2300MHz	OK
3846	Head 2450MHz	July 08,2023	2450MHz	OK
3846	Head 2600MHz	July 08,2023	2600MHz	OK
3846	Head 3300MHz	July 09,2023	3300MHz	OK
3846	Head 3500MHz	July 09,2023	3500MHz	OK
3846	Head 3700MHz	July 09,2023	3700MHz	OK
3846	Head 3900MHz	July 11,2023	3900MHz	OK
3846	Head 4100MHz	July 11,2023	4100MHz	OK
3846	Head 4200MHz	July 11,2023	4200MHz	OK
3846	Head 4400MHz	July 12,2023	4400MHz	OK
3846	Head 4600MHz	July 12,2023	4600MHz	OK
3846	Head 4800MHz	July 12,2023	4800MHz	OK
3846	Head 4950MHz	July 12,2023	4950MHz	OK
3846	Head 5200MHz	July 13,2023	5200MHz	OK
3846	Head 5250MHz	July 13,2023	5250MHz	OK
3846	Head 5300MHz	July 13,2023	5300MHz	OK
3846	Head 5500MHz	July 13,2023	5500MHz	OK
3846	Head 5600MHz	July 15,2023	5600MHz	OK
3846	Head 5750MHz	July 15,2023	5750MHz	OK
3846	Head 5800MHz	July 15,2023	5800MHz	OK

ANNEX G PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Probe 7600 Calibration Certificate





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aict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Client

CTTL

Certificate No: 23J02Z80177

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN: 7600

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: December 19, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID# Ca	Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled C	Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	31-May-23(SPEAG, No.EX-3846_May23)	May-24
DAE4	SN 1555	24-Aug-23(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug23)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05434)	Jun-24
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00104)	Jan-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	BT0520	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)	May-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25
OCP DAK-3.5	SN 1040	18-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK3.5-1040_Jan2	23) Jan-24

Name Function Signature

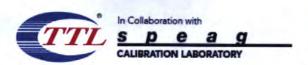
Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 21, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 θ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7600

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.67	0.65	0.67	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	111.0	110.7	109.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (<i>k</i> =2)
0 CW	cw	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	210.1	±2.1%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		204.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		209.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7600

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.95	10.95	10.95	0.13	1.42	±12.7%
900	41.5	0.97	10.47	10.47	10.47	0.14	1.45	±12.7%
1450	40.5	1.20	9.28	9.28	9.28	0.19	1.05	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.98	8.98	8.98	0.24	1.05	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.63	8.63	8.63	0.27	1.00	±12.7%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.55	8.55	8.55	0.24	1.08	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.34	8.34	8.34	0.55	0.75	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.55	0.76	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.62	0.69	±12.7%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.40	0.98	±13.9%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.40	1.03	±13.9%
3700	37.7	3.12	7.12	7.12	7.12	0.40	1.06	±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.85	6.85	6.85	0.35	1.28	±13.9%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.75	6.75	6.75	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.64	6.64	6.64	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.35	1.40	±13.9%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.49	6.49	6.49	0.35	1.48	±13.9%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.35	1.50	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.65	5.65	5.65	0.40	1.52	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.45	1.48	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.11	5.11	5.11	0.40	1.58	±13.9%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

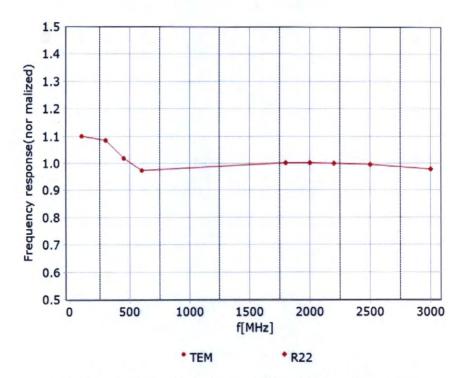
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



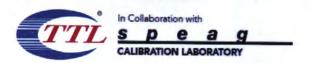


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)





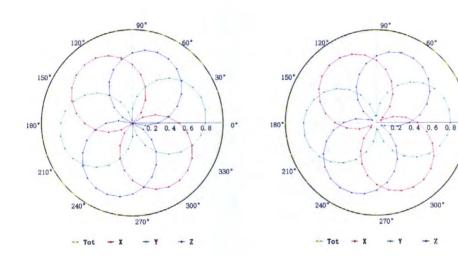
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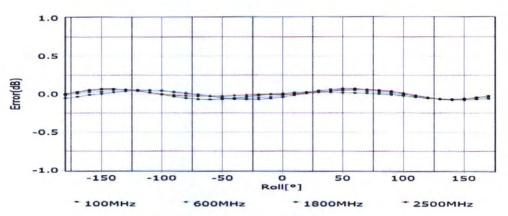
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22

300°





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

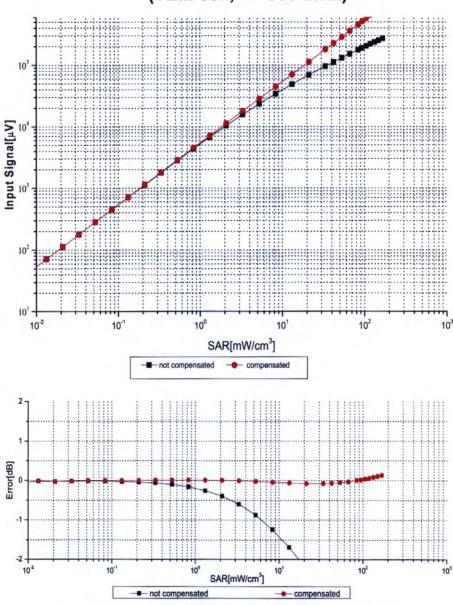




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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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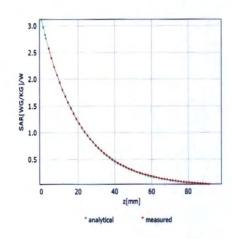


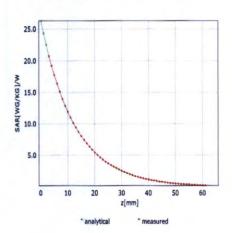
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Conversion Factor Assessment

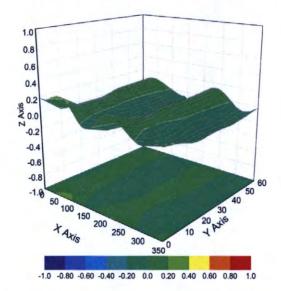
f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)

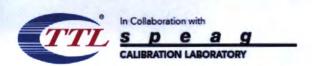




Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7600

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	42.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Probe 3846 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Zeugnausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

CTTL Beijing Certificate No.

EX-3846 May23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date May 31, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22\pm3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22)	Oct-23
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22)	Oct-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 660	16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)	Mar-24
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	06-Jan-23 (No. ES3-3013_Jan23)	Jan-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name F

Function

Aidonia Georgiadou

Sven Kühn

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Calibrated by

Technical Manager

Issued: June 02, 2023

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