



# FCC RF Test Report

**APPLICANT** : MeiG Smart Technology Co., Ltd  
**EQUIPMENT** : SLM757  
**BRAND NAME** : MeiG Smart Technology Co., Ltd  
**MODEL NAME** : SLM757A  
**FCC ID** : 2APJ4-SLM757A  
**STANDARD** : 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C §15.247  
**CLASSIFICATION** : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Sep. 12, 2018 and testing was completed on Nov. 19, 2018. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: James Huang / Manager

**Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.**  
**No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone,**  
**Jiangsu Province 215335, China**



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**APPENDIX A. AC CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST RESULT**

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## REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FR891203A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 29, 2018



### SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	Number of Channels	≥ 15Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	≤ 0.4sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.4	-	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power	≤ 125 mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emission	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 18.67 dB at 790.48 MHz
3.9	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 6.57 dB at 0.561 MHz
3.10	15.203 & 15.247(b)	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

MeiG Smart Technology Co., Ltd  
3/F, No.88, Qinjiang Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China.

## 1.2 Manufacturer

MeiG Smart Technology Co., Ltd  
3/F, No.88, Qinjiang Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China.

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	SLM757
Brand Name	MeiG Smart Technology Co., Ltd
Model Name	SLM757A
FCC ID	2APJ4-SLM757A
EUT supports Radios application	WCDMA/HSPA/DC-HSDPA/ HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported)/LTE WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
IMEI Code	Conducted: 868621028935553/868621028935561 Conduction: 868621028936577/868621028936585 Radiation: 868621028936577/868621028936585
HW Version	SLM757PA_MB_V1.01_PCB
SW Version	SLM757PQA_EQ000_2EE0.1F7D165.5C3175F_180924_10 0_V01_T07
EUT Stage	Production Unit

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.



### 1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification	
<b>Tx/Rx Frequency Range</b>	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Number of Channels</b>	79
<b>Carrier Frequency of Each Channel</b>	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
<b>Maximum Output Power to Antenna</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 8.55 dBm (0.0072 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 8.64 dBm (0.0073 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 9.09 dBm (0.0081 W)
<b>99% Occupied Bandwidth</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.896MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.164MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.148MHz
<b>Antenna Type / Gain</b>	Fixed External Antenna with gain 0 dBi
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

### 1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.



### 1.6 Testing Location

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO 17025 by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP code: 600155-0).

<b>Test Site</b>	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.		
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu Province 215335, China TEL : 86-512-57900158 FAX : 86-512-57900958		
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>	<b>FCC designation No.</b>	<b>FCC Test Firm Registration No.</b>
	TH01-KS CO01-KS 03CH06-KS	CN5013	630927

### 1.7 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ANSI C63.10-2013

**Remark:**

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Carrier Frequency Channel

Frequency Band	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
2400-2483.5 MHz	0	2402	27	2429	54	2456
	1	2403	28	2430	55	2457
	2	2404	29	2431	56	2458
	3	2405	30	2432	57	2459
	4	2406	31	2433	58	2460
	5	2407	32	2434	59	2461
	6	2408	33	2435	60	2462
	7	2409	34	2436	61	2463
	8	2410	35	2437	62	2464
	9	2411	36	2438	63	2465
	10	2412	37	2439	64	2466
	11	2413	38	2440	65	2467
	12	2414	39	2441	66	2468
	13	2415	40	2442	67	2469
	14	2416	41	2443	68	2470
	15	2417	42	2444	69	2471
	16	2418	43	2445	70	2472
	17	2419	44	2446	71	2473
	18	2420	45	2447	72	2474
	19	2421	46	2448	73	2475
	20	2422	47	2449	74	2476
	21	2423	48	2450	75	2477
	22	2424	49	2451	76	2478
	23	2425	50	2452	77	2479
	24	2426	51	2453	78	2480
	25	2427	52	2454	-	-
	26	2428	53	2455	-	-





## 2.2 Test Mode

- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction emission (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation emission (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). For radiated measurement, the worst cases were recorded in this report, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 3Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.
- b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
Conducted Test Cases	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
Radiated Test Cases	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz		
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz		
Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz			
AC Conducted Emission	Mode 1 : GSM 850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link(2.4G) + Adapter		
<b>Remark:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 3Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission.</li> <li>For Radiated Test Cases, The tests were performed with Adapter .</li> </ol>			

### 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System



### 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	R&S	CMU 200	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	WLAN AP	D-Link	DIR-628	KA2DIR628A2	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
3.	Bluetooth Earphone	Nokia	BH-102	PYAHS-107W	N/A	N/A
4.	WLAN/Bluetooth Antenna	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5.	Test Jig	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.	Adapter	N/A	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.2 m	N/A



## 2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth function, the engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT connect with Bluetooth base station to continuous transmit/receive.

For AC power line conducted emissions, the EUT was set to connect with the WLAN AP under large package sizes transmission.

## 2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

**For all conducted test items:**

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss

*Offset = RF cable loss.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 5.8 dB.

*Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB).*  
*= 5.8 (dB)*

### 3 Test Result

#### 3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

##### 3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

##### 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

##### 3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW = 300kHz; VBW ≥ RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

##### 3.1.4 Test Setup



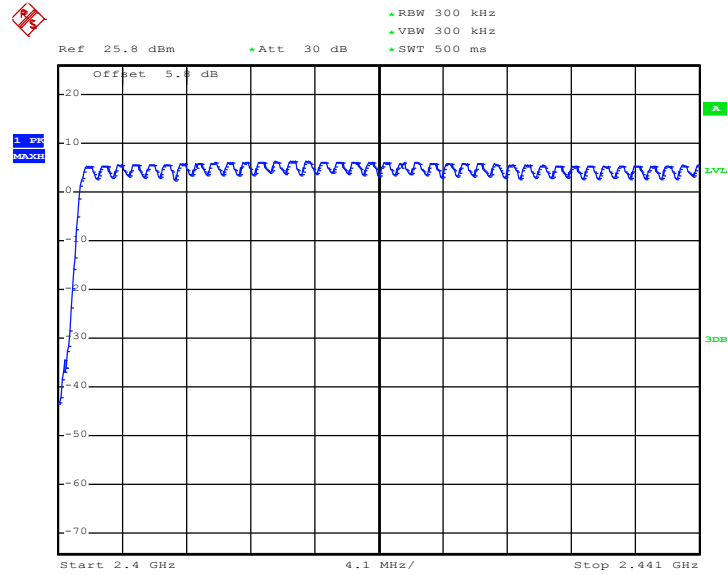
##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	21~25°C
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Silent Hai	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	49~51%

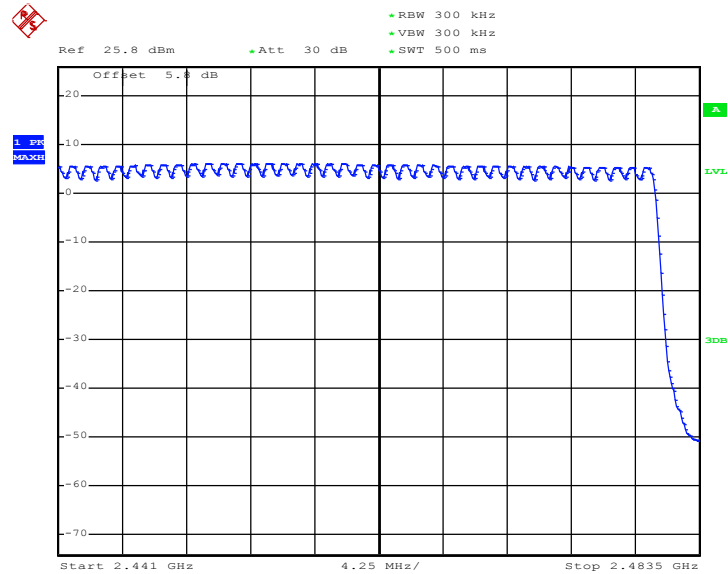
Number of Hopping (Channel)	Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)	Limits (Channel)	Pass/Fail
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



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Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:45:17

## 3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

### 3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.2.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels;  
RBW = 300kHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.2.4 Test Setup



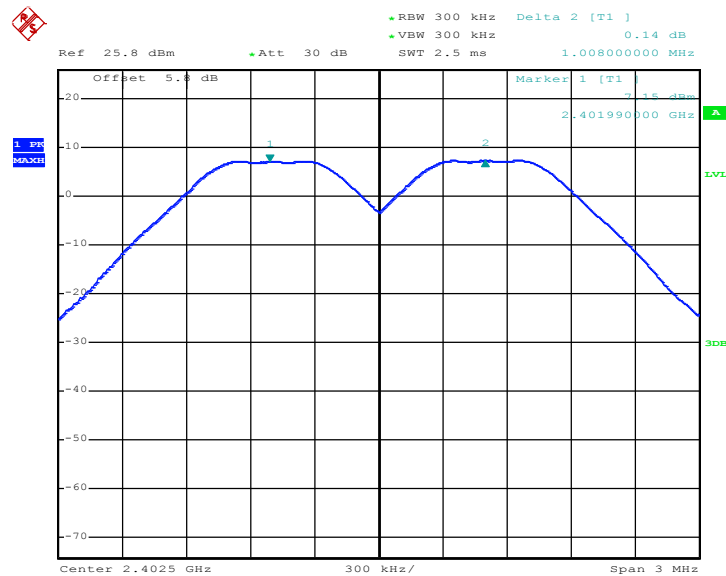


### 3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.6427	Pass
39	2441	1.008	0.6427	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.6453	Pass

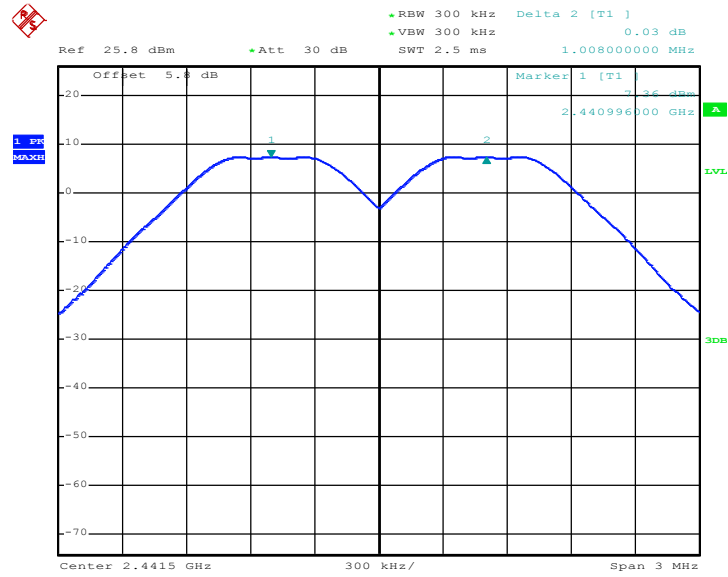
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:19:58

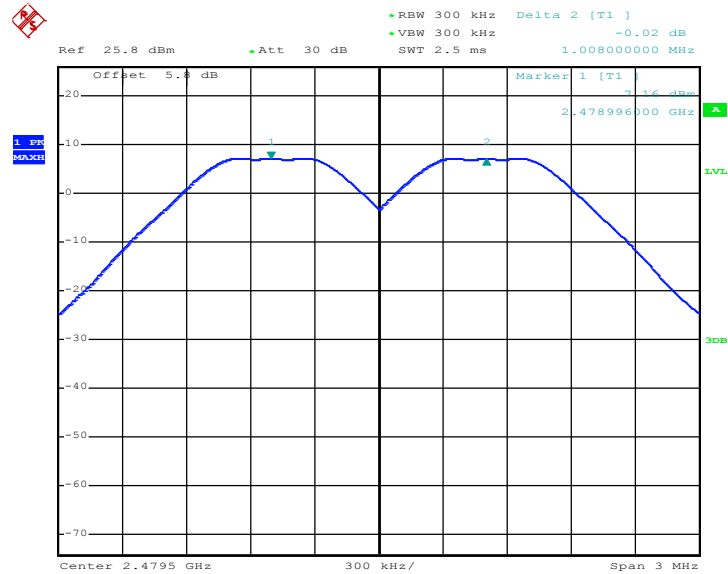


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:20:56

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:22:36

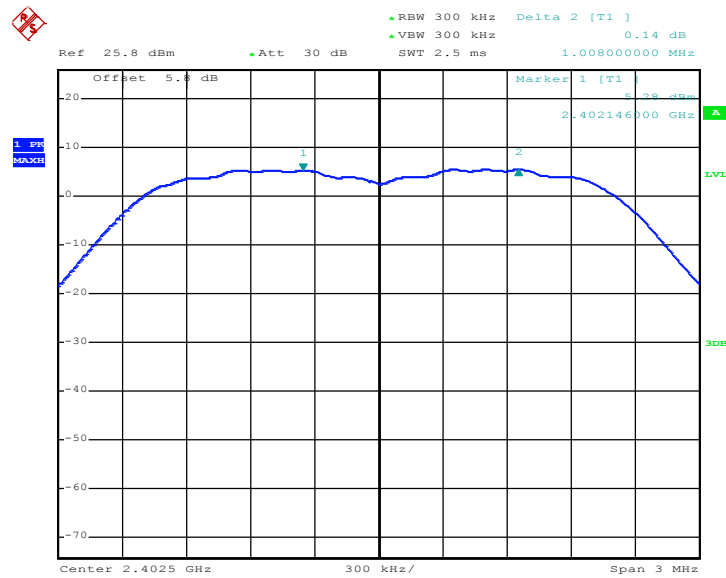




Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.8440	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8440	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8440	Pass

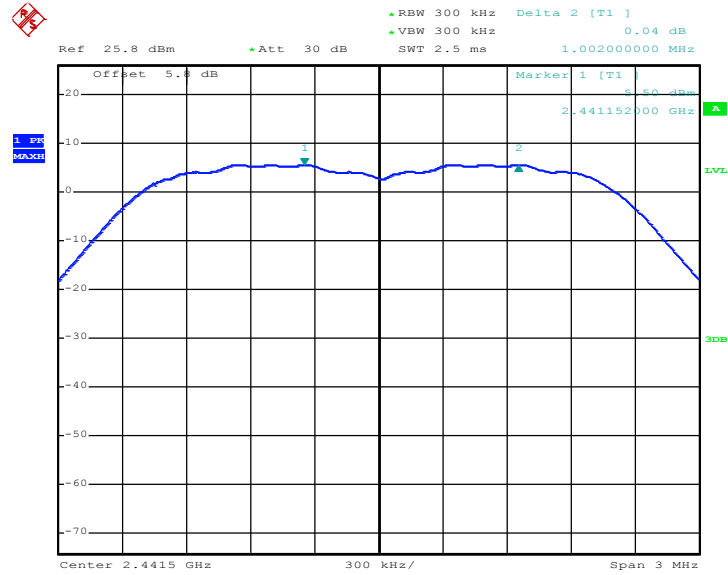
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:27:29

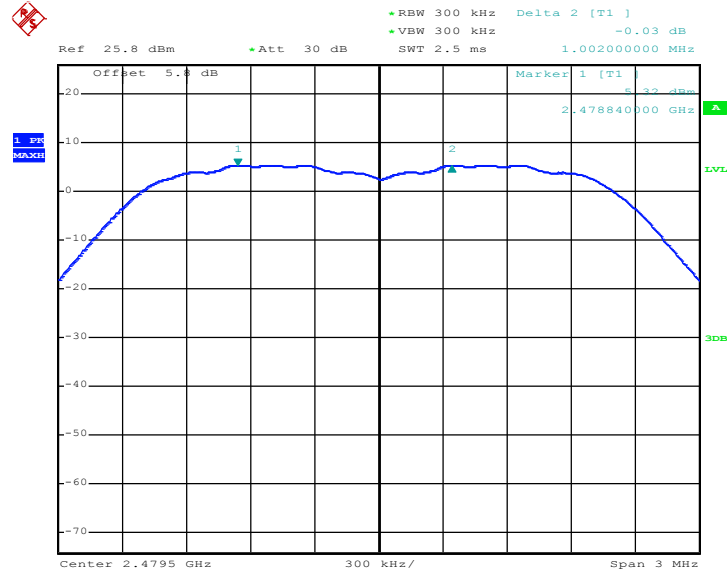


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:26:26

### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



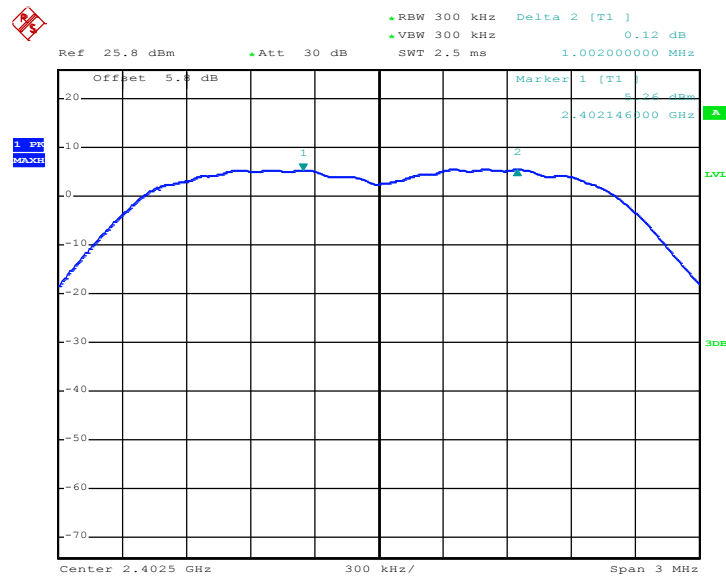
Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:23:34



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8240	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8240	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8240	Pass

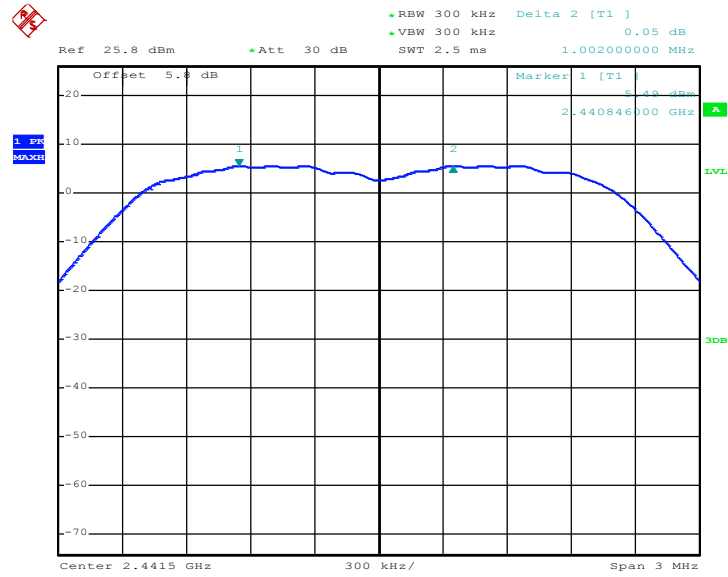
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:30:32

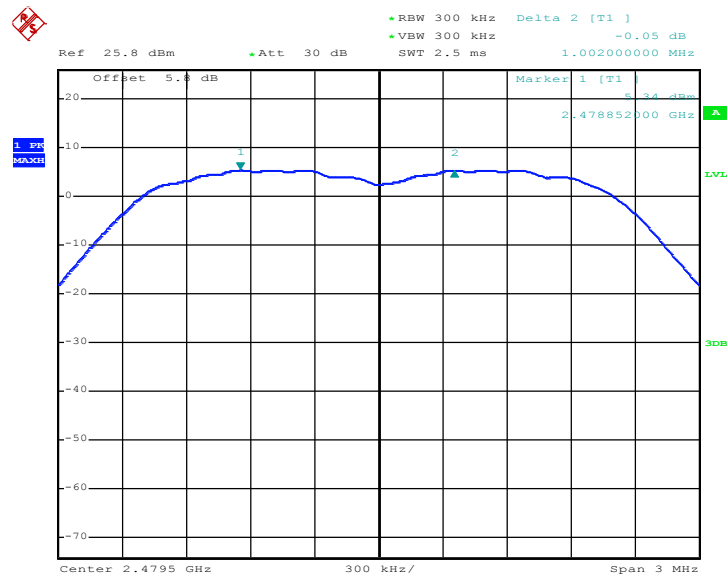


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:31:23

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:34:34

### 3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

#### 3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.4.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup



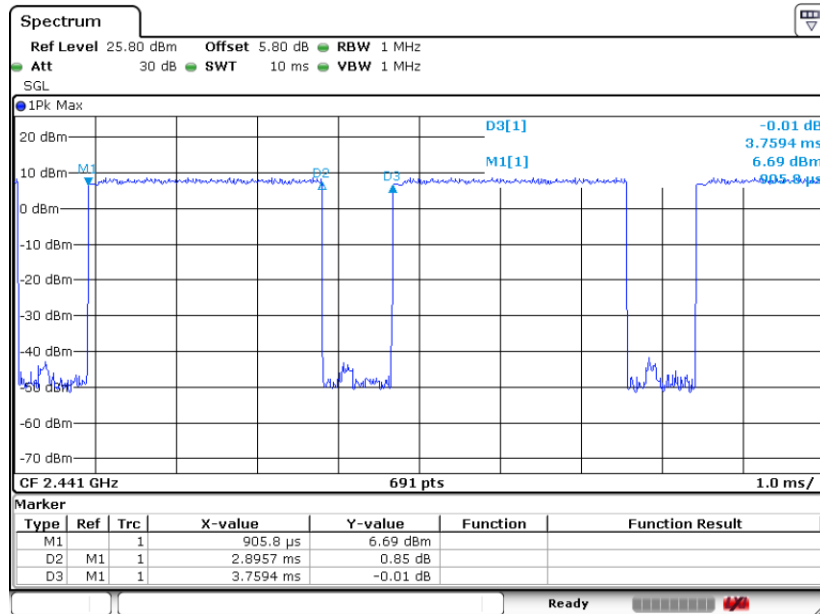


3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

Test Mode :	3DH5	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.8957	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.34	2.8957	0.15	0.4	Pass

Package Transfer Time Plot



Date: 30.OCT.2018 01:05:13

Remark:

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels. With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels. With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time

## 3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

### 3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

### 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 6.9.2 and 6.9.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;  
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 1.5 to 5 times the 99% bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 99% bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = sample;  
Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.4.4 Test Setup



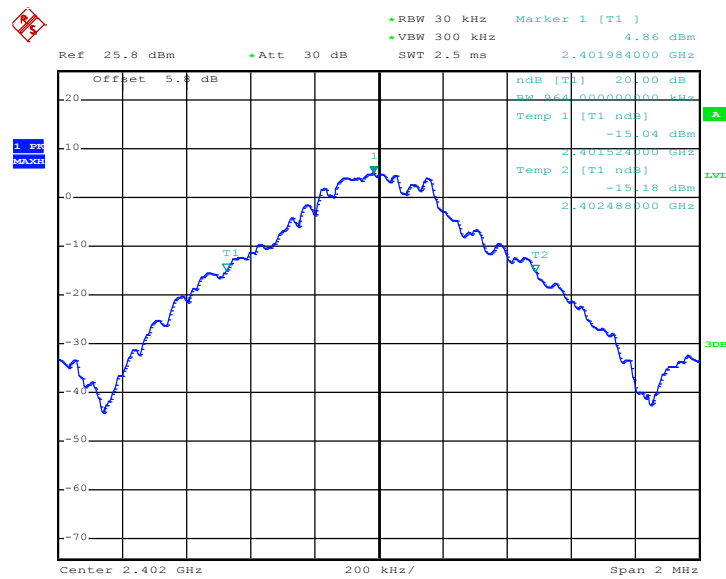


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.964
39	2441	0.964
78	2480	0.968

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

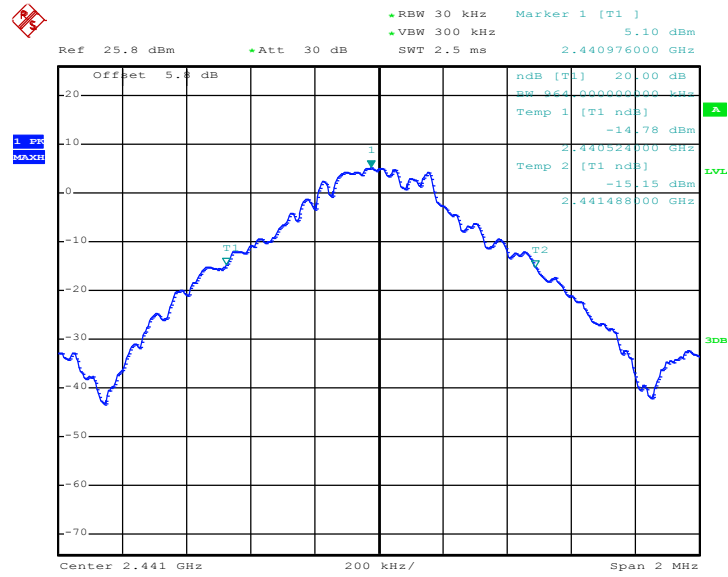


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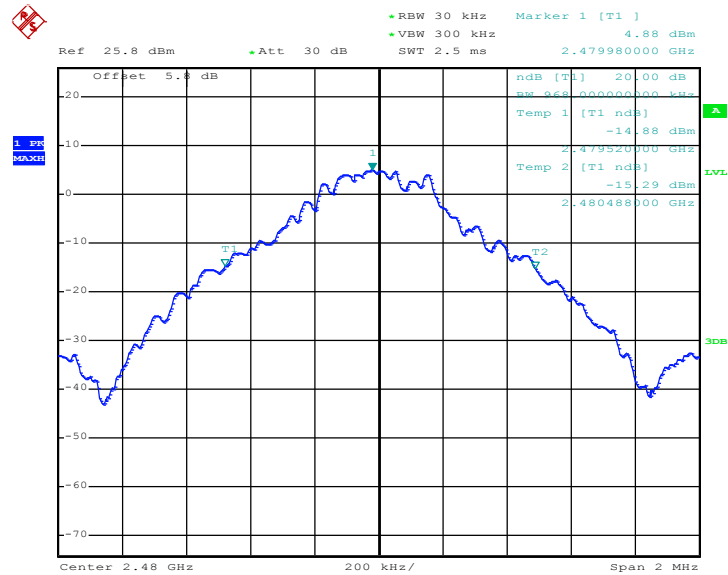


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:38:08

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



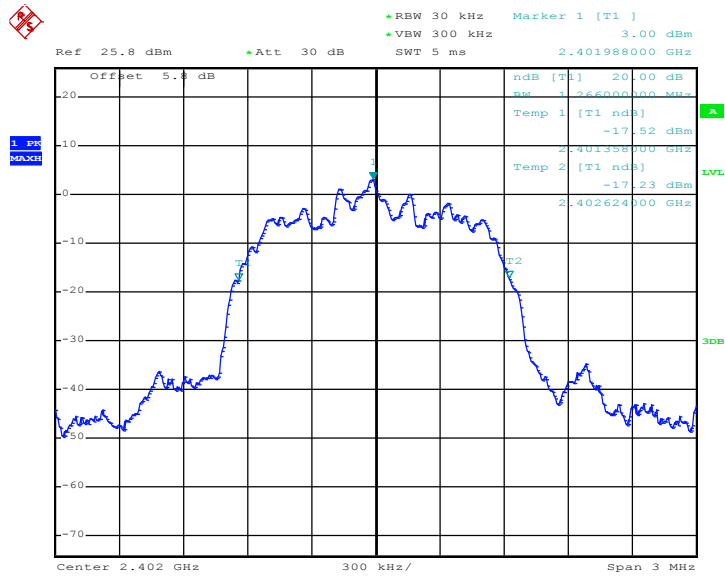
Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:38:38



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.266
39	2441	1.266
78	2480	1.266

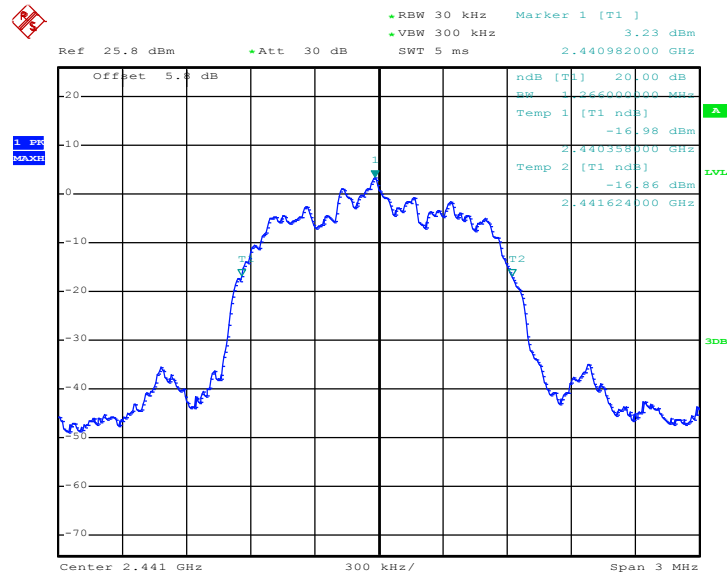
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:35:42

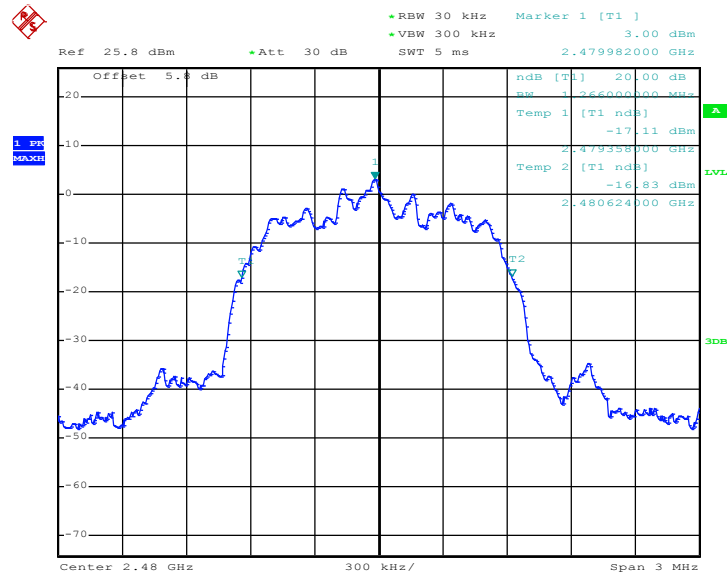


### 20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:37:36

### 20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



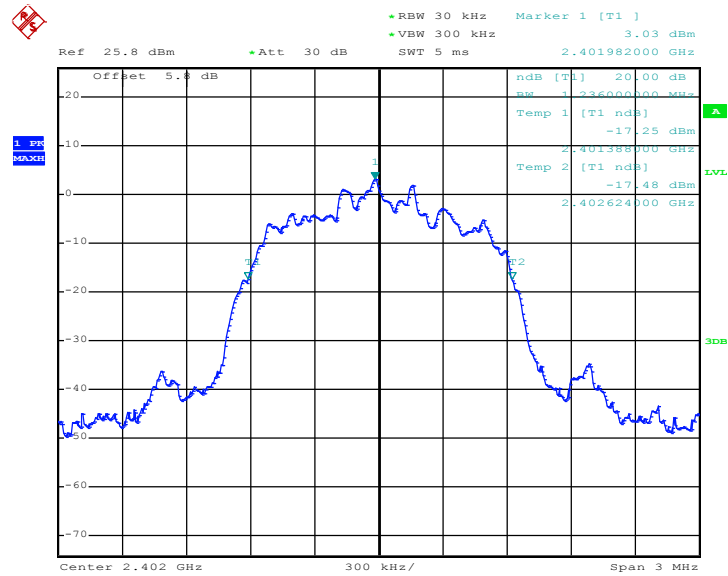
Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:39:12



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.236
39	2441	1.236
78	2480	1.236

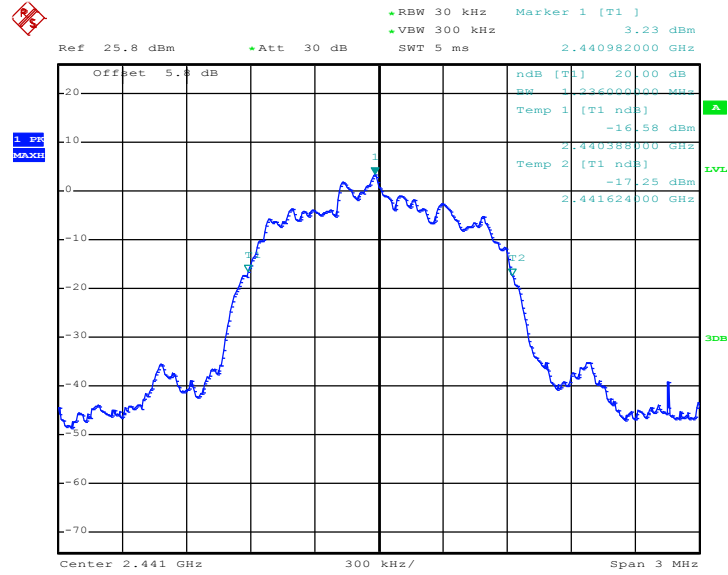
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:36:12

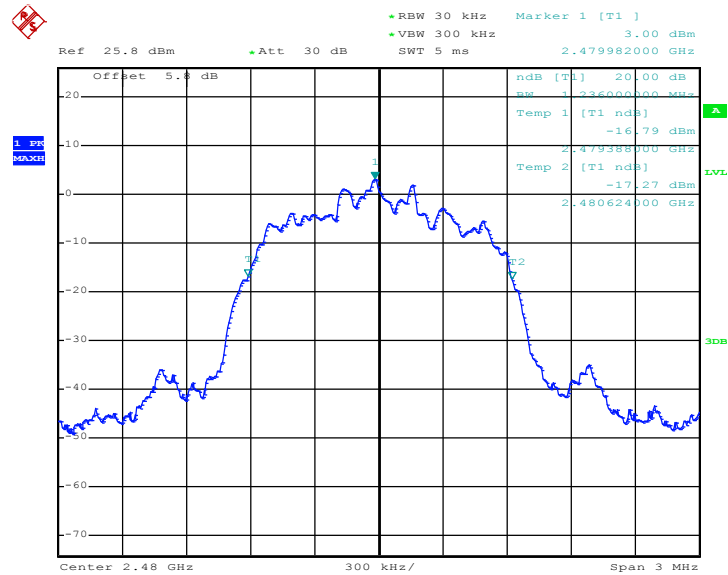


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:36:58

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:39:47

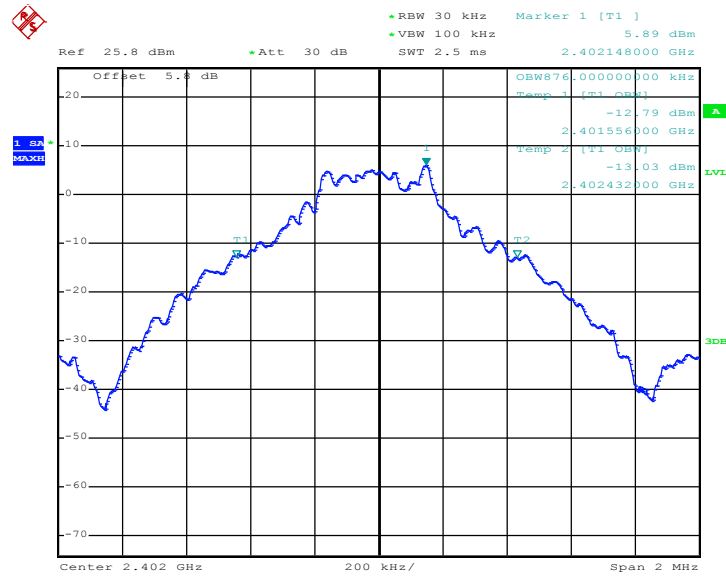


3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.876
39	2441	0.876
78	2480	0.896

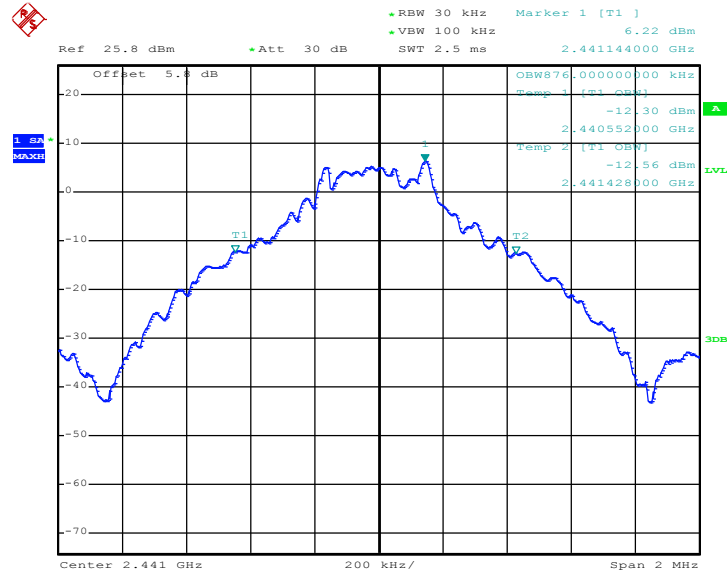
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:40:29

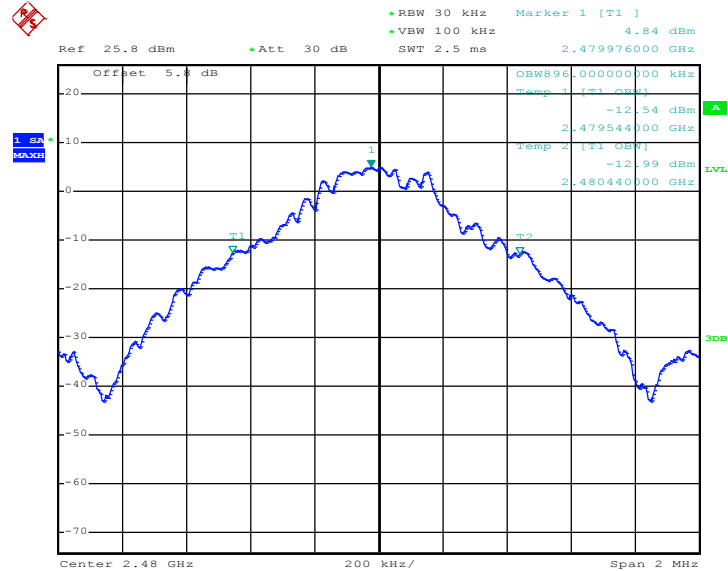


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:43:46

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



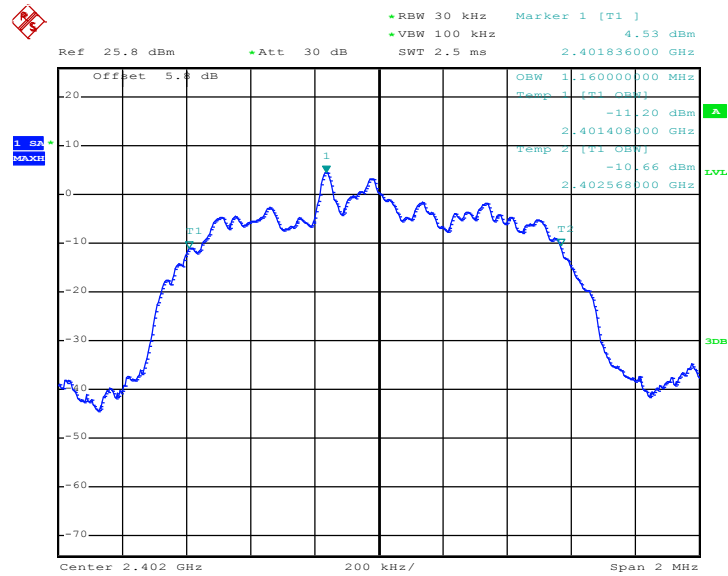
Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:44:22



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.160
39	2441	1.164
78	2480	1.160

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

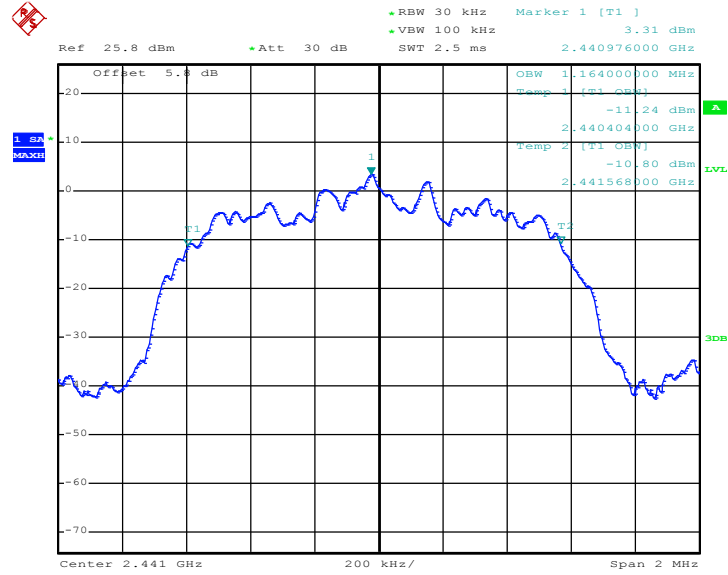


Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:41:09



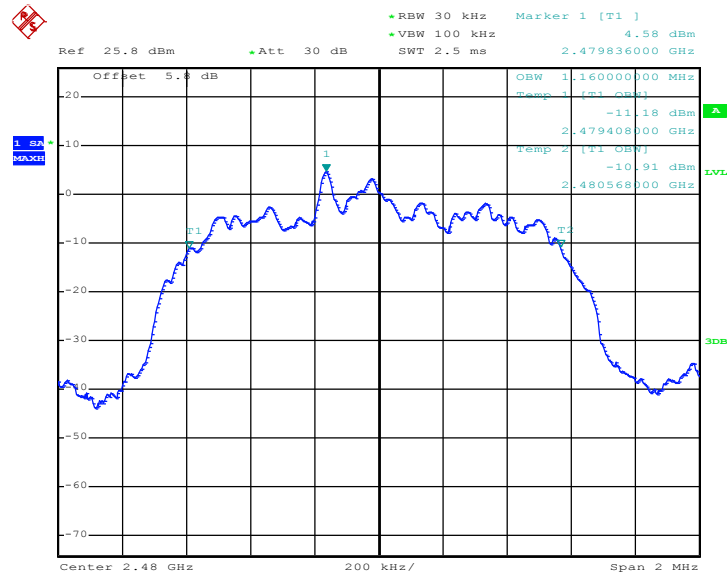


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:43:08

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



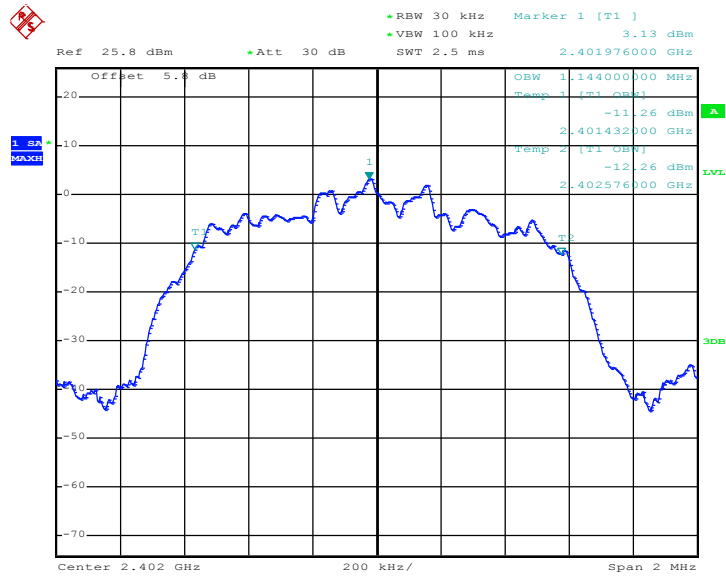
Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:45:01



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.144
39	2441	1.148
78	2480	1.144

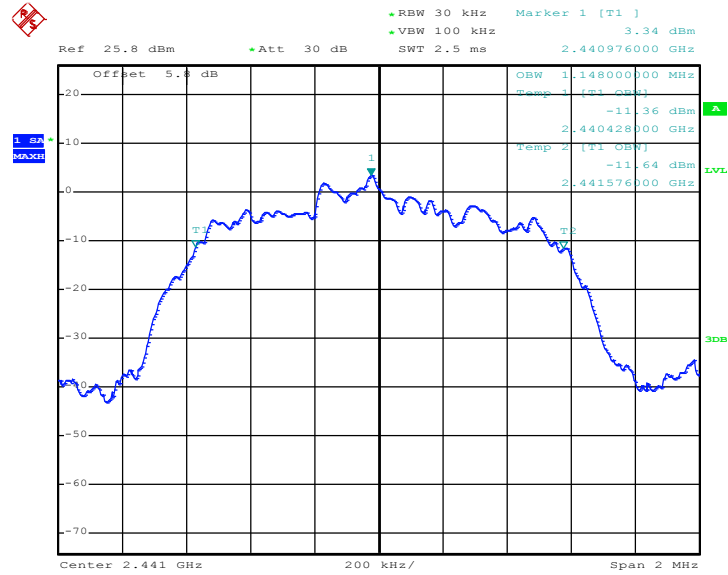
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:41:50

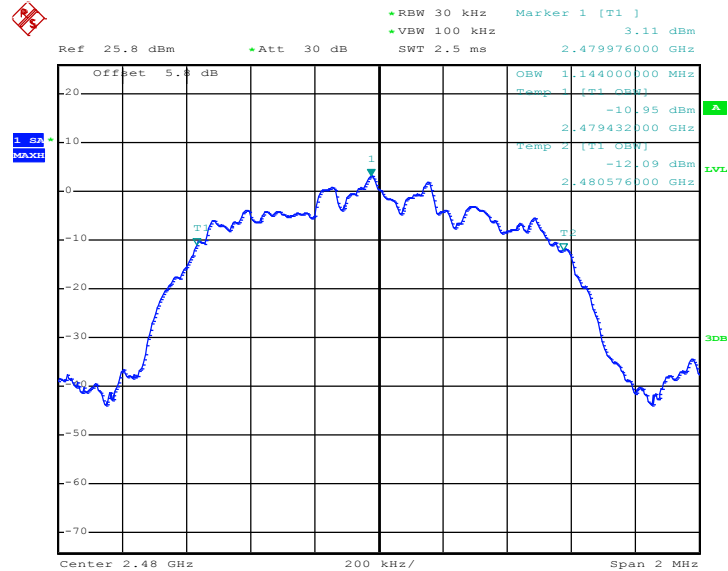


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:42:32

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:45:38

Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

## 3.5 Output Power Measurement

### 3.5.1 Limit of Output Power

The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

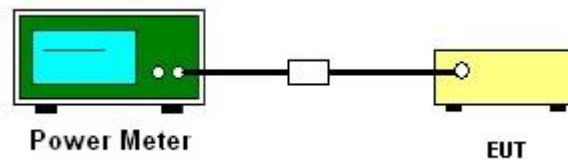
### 3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.5.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	8.18	20.97	Pass
39	2441	8.55	20.97	Pass
78	2480	8.41	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	8.28	20.97	Pass
39	2441	8.64	20.97	Pass
78	2480	8.49	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	8.72	20.97	Pass
39	2441	9.09	20.97	Pass
78	2480	8.95	20.97	Pass

## 3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

### 3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

### 3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.6.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz. Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.6.4 Test Setup

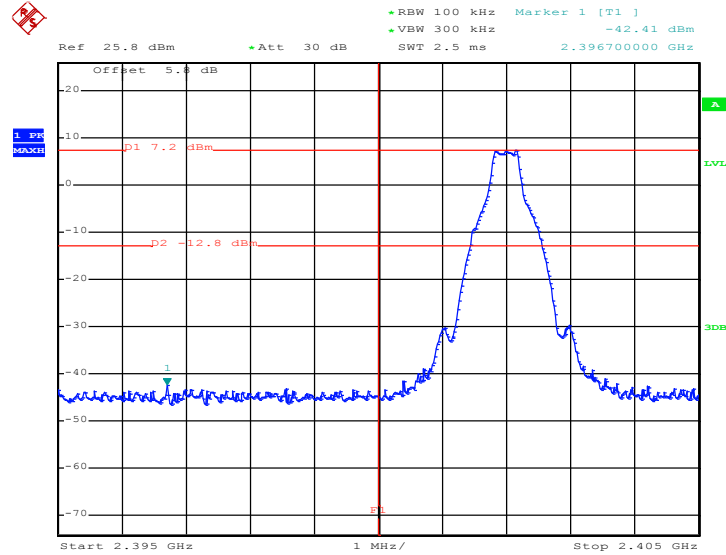




### 3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

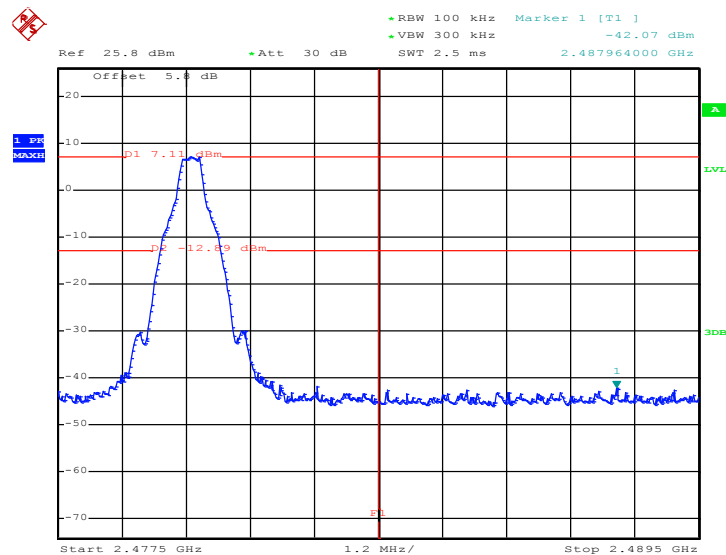
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

#### Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:48:04

#### High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

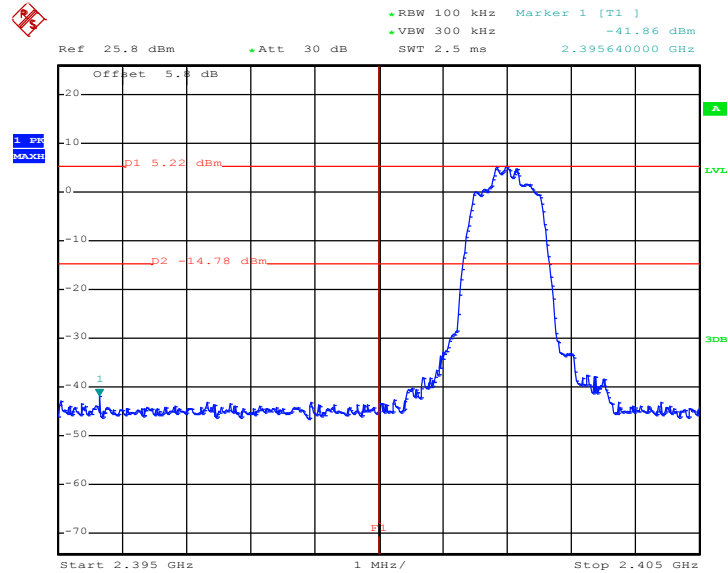


Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:51:08



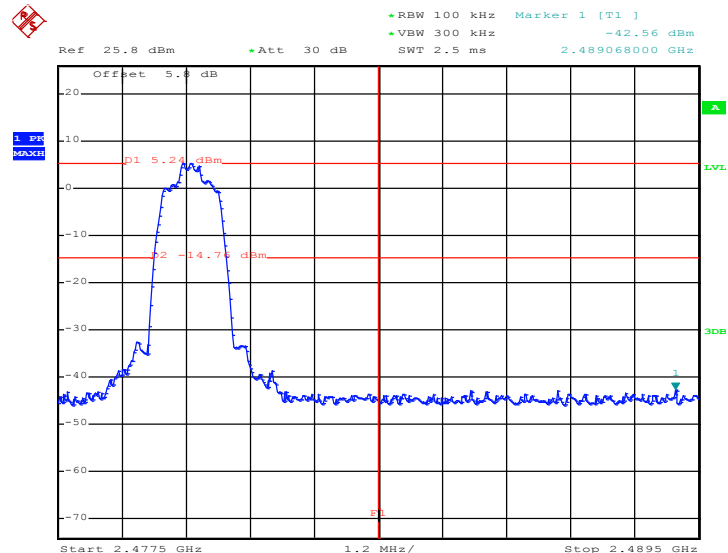
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:53:11

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



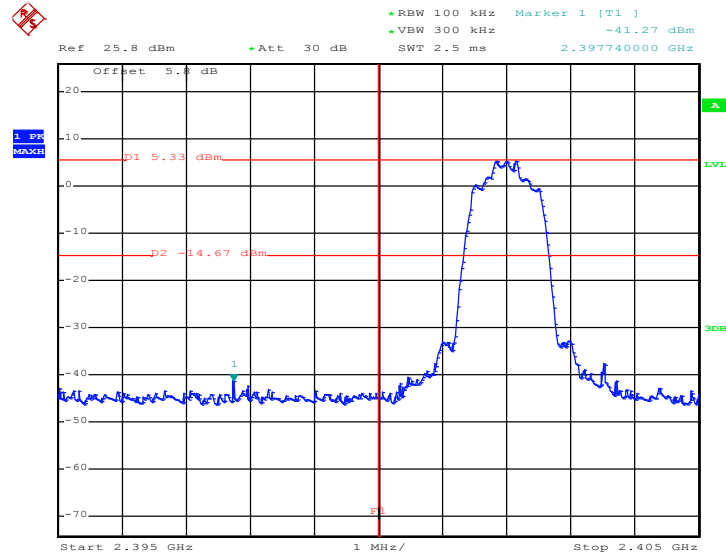
Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:59:11





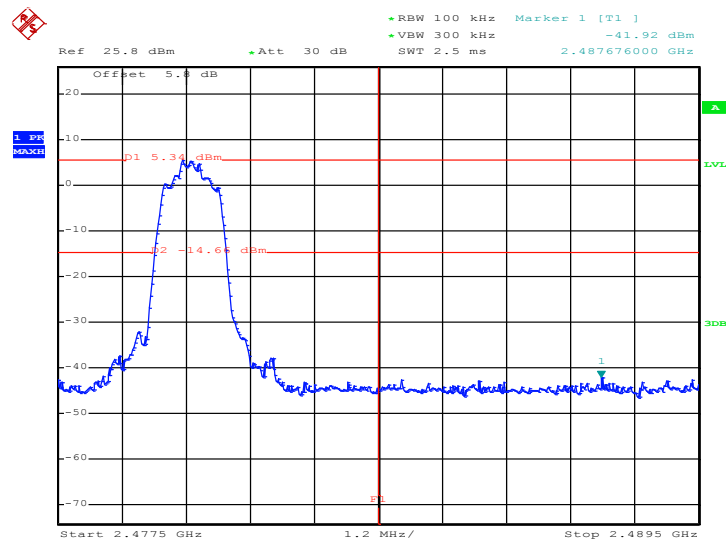
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:59:42

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



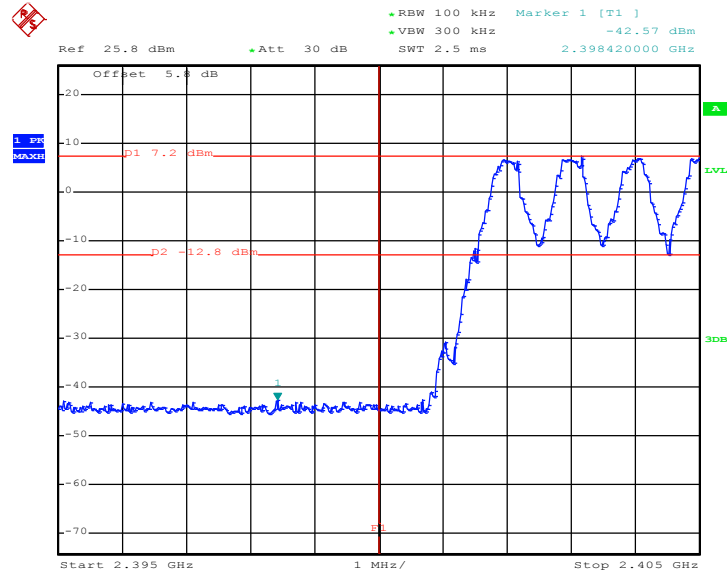
Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:01:14



### 3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

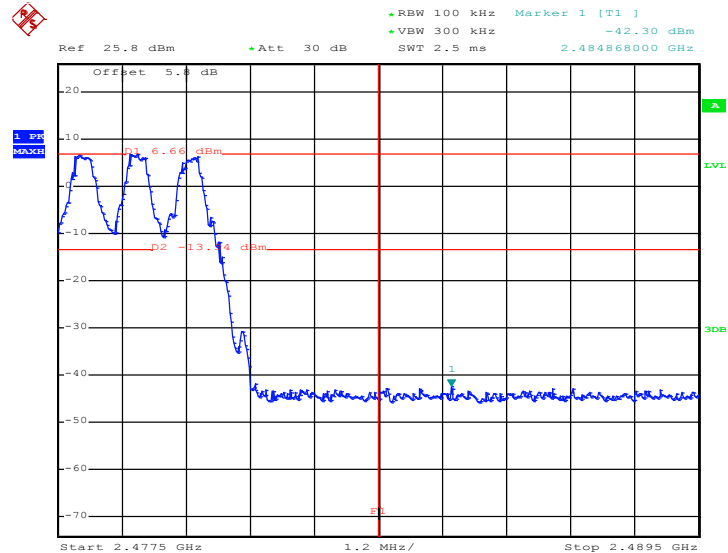
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

#### Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:49:05

#### Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

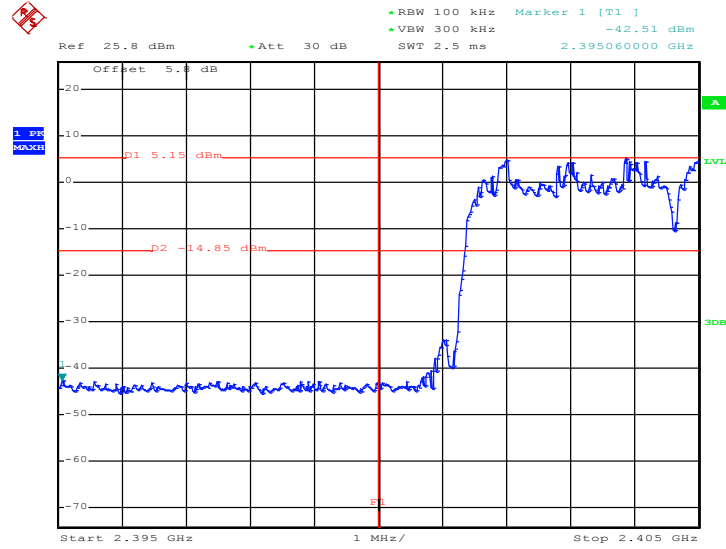


Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:50:14



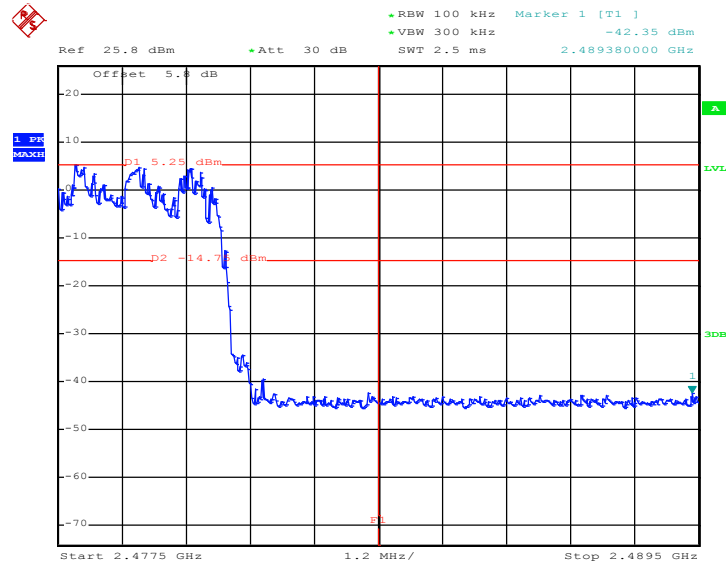
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

### Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:52:51

### Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

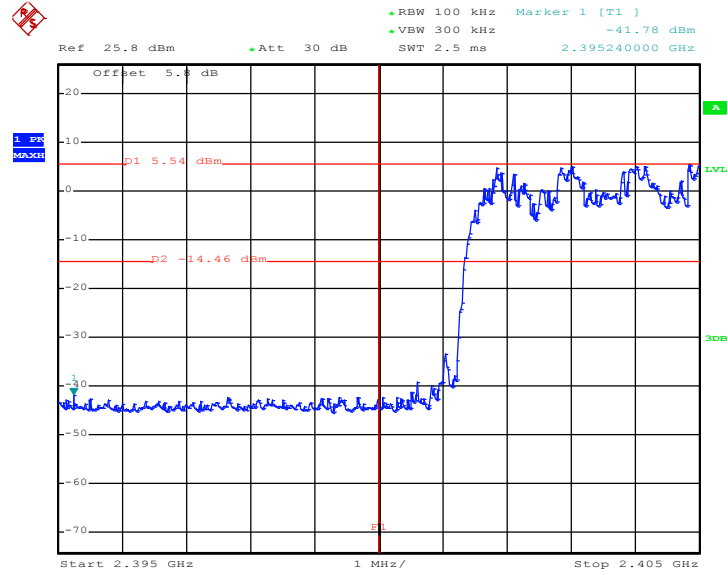


Date: 1.NOV.2018 03:56:07



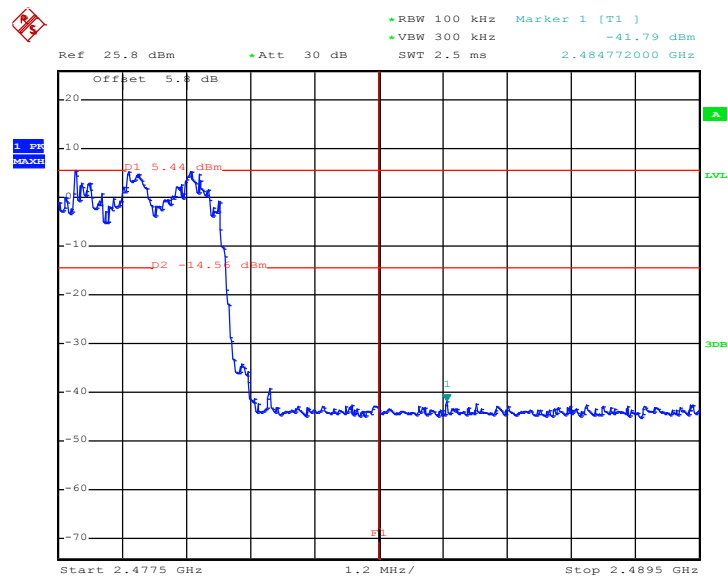
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

### Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:00:42

### Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:04:17

## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

### 3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.8.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

### 3.7.4 Test Setup

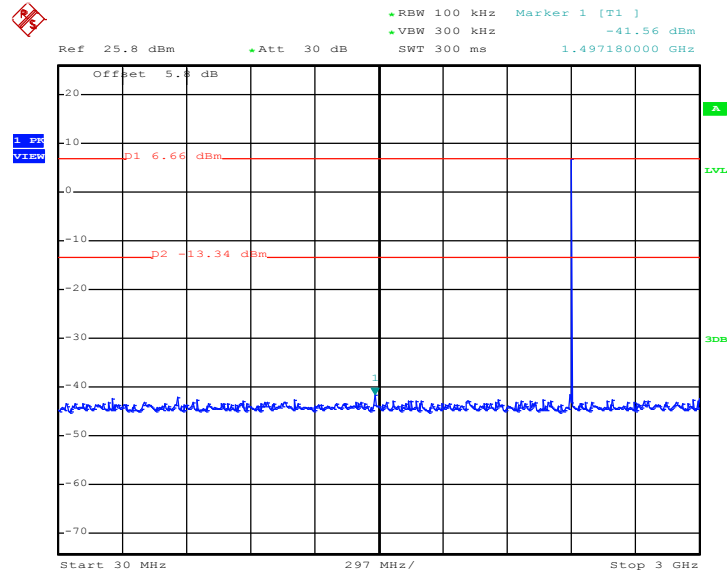




### 3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

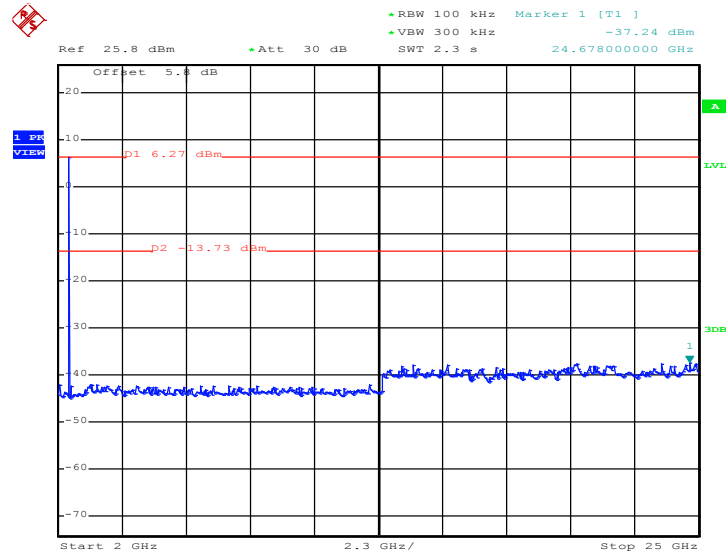
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

#### CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:05:00

#### 1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

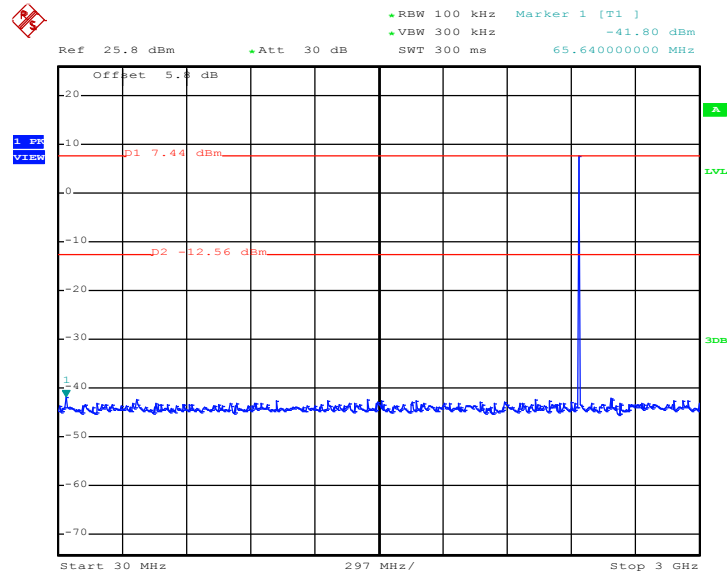


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:06:09



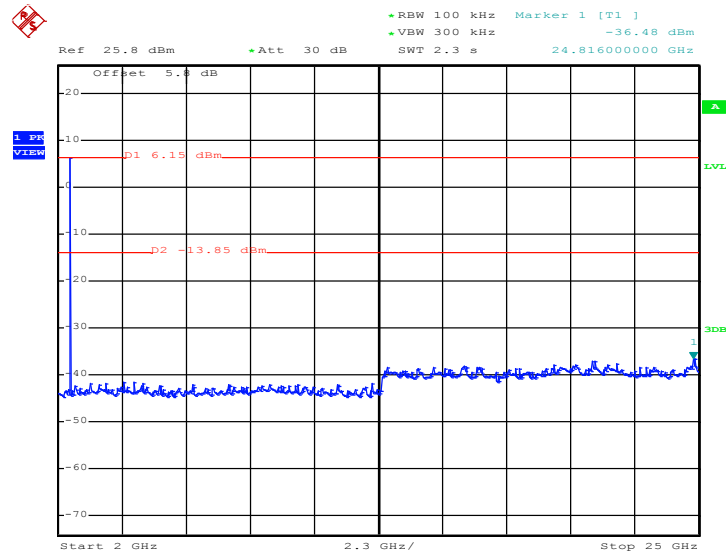
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:08:14

CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

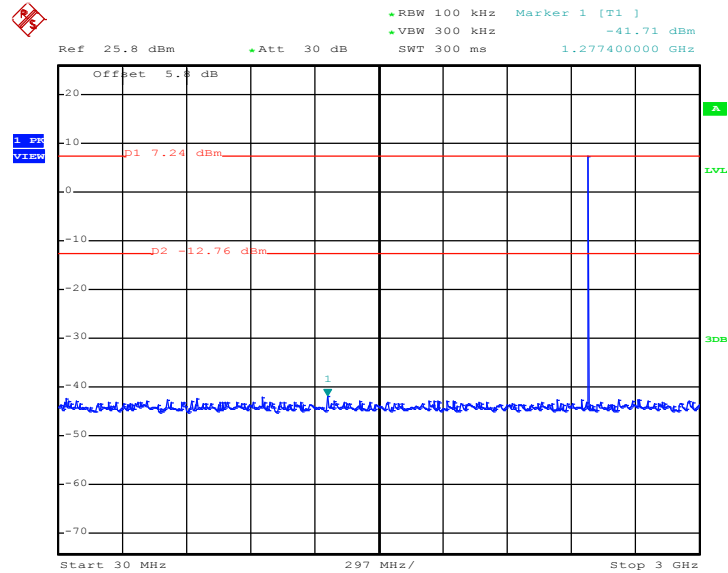


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:07:46



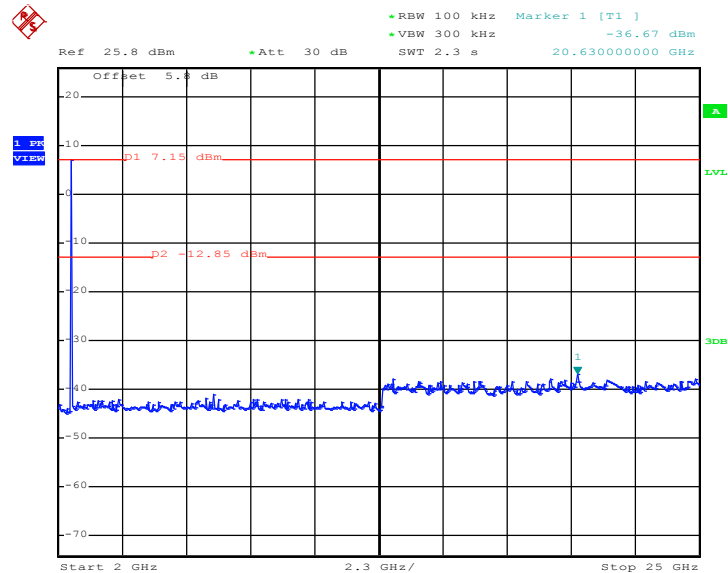
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:11:17

CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



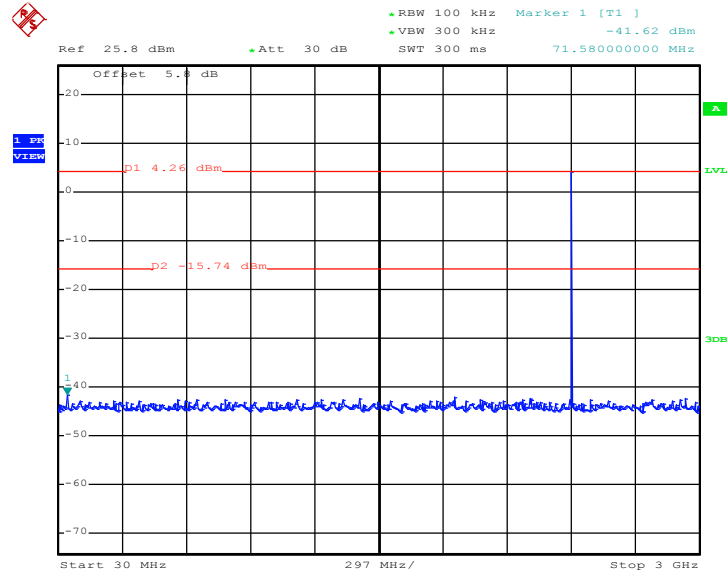
Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:13:07





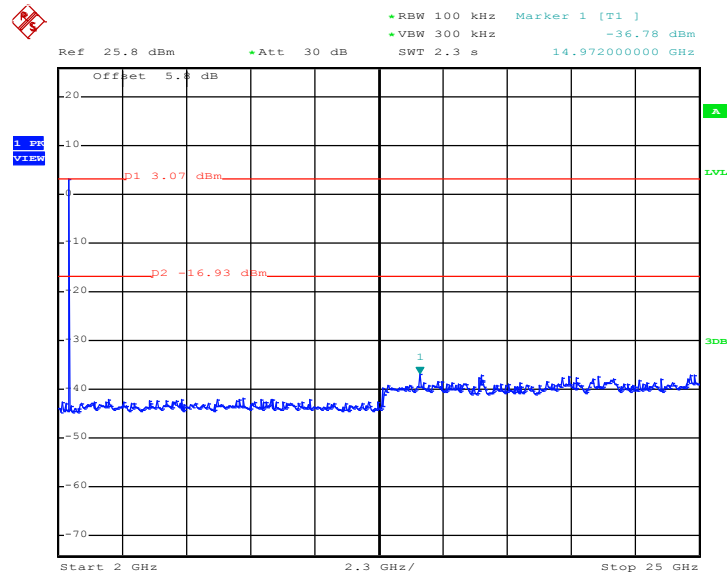
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:15:57

CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

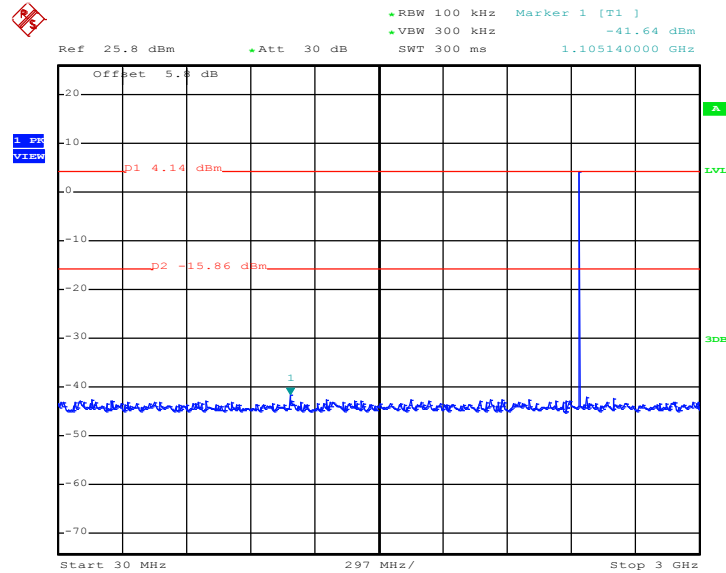


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:18:23



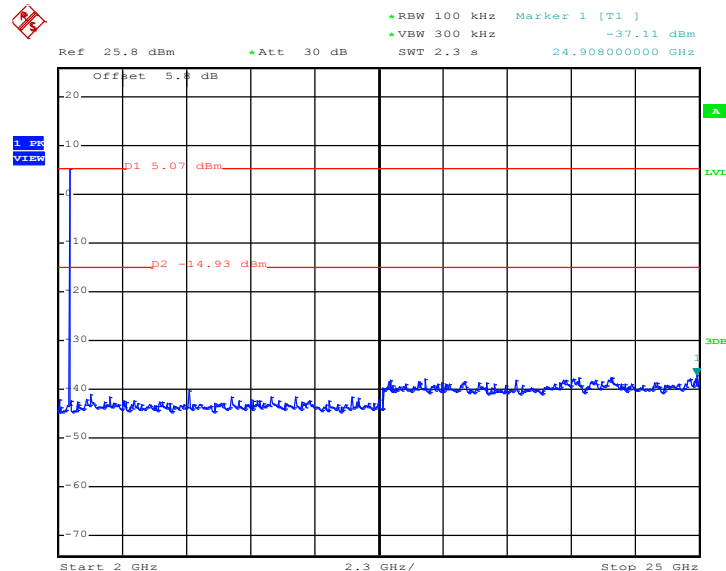
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:19:15

CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

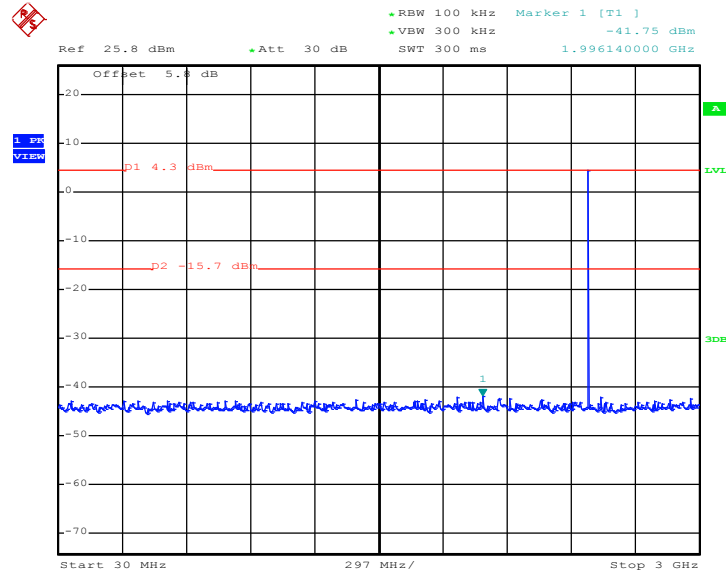


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:20:30



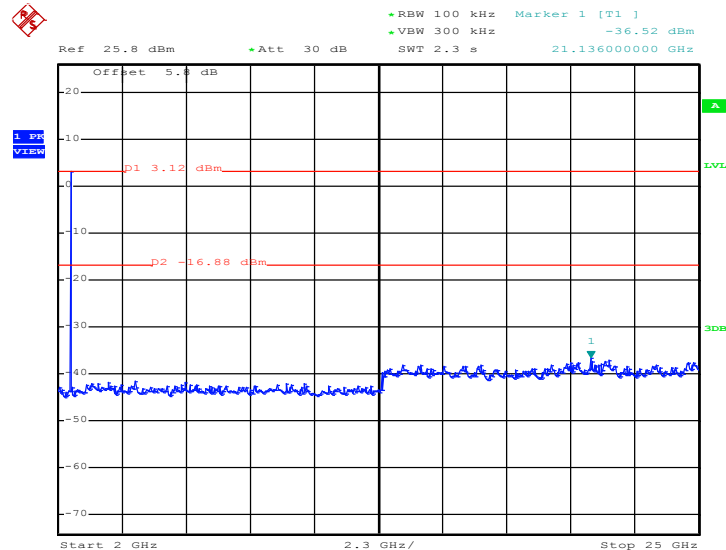
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:21:26

CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

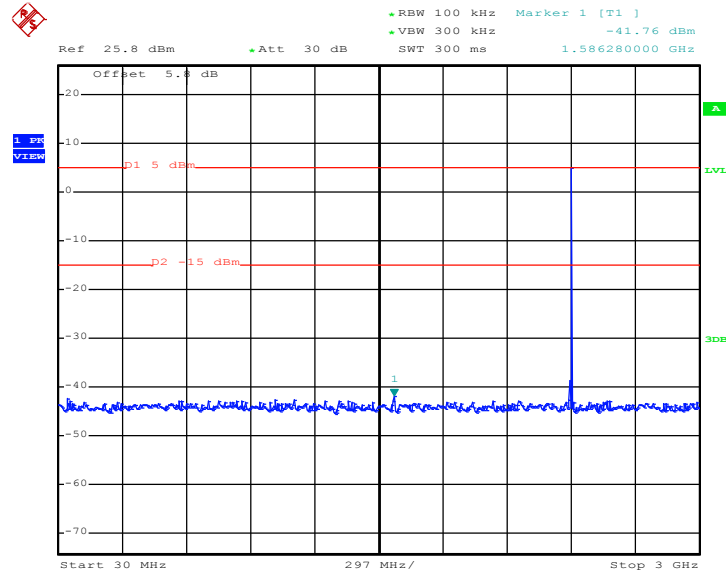


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:22:44



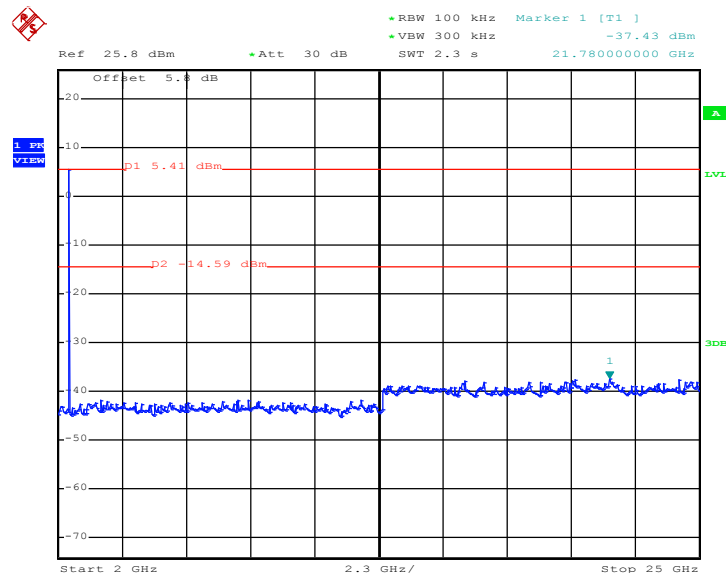
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:33:11

CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

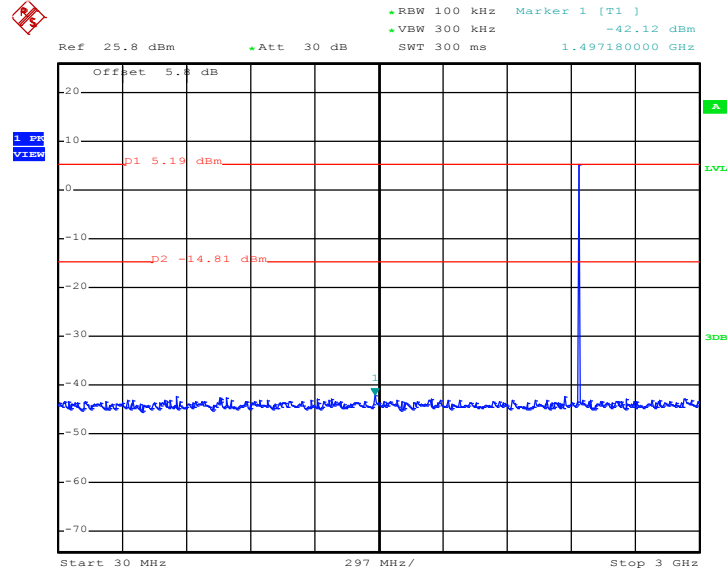


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:23:59



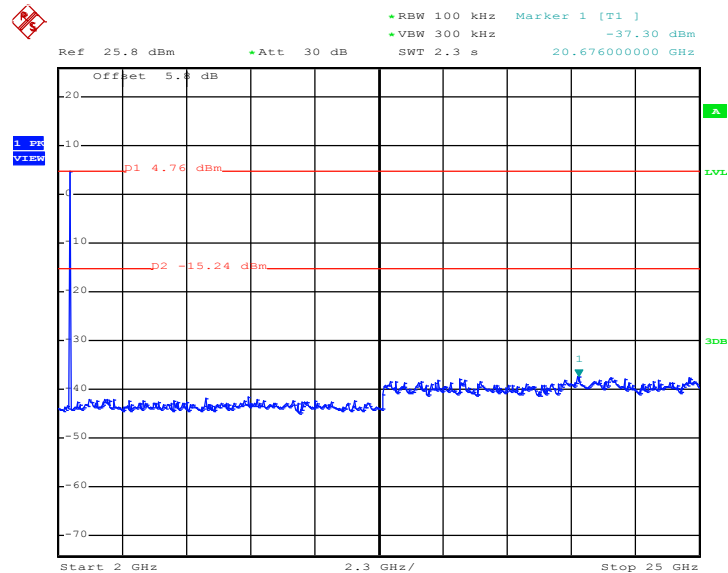
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:24:51

CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

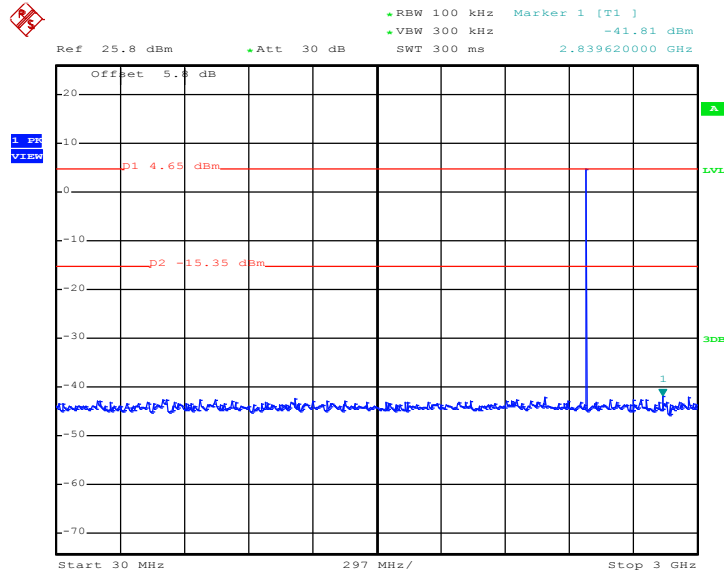


Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:28:13



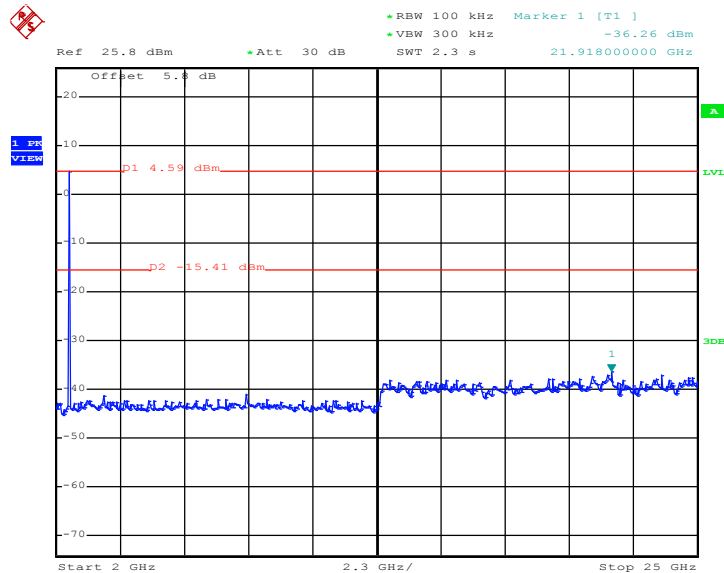
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:30:38

CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 1.NOV.2018 04:31:00



### 3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

#### 3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### 3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



### 3.8.3 Test Procedures

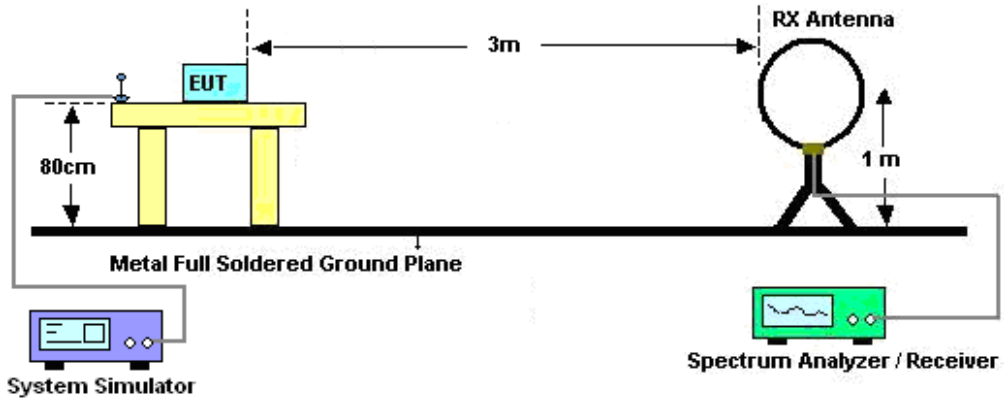
1. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
4. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1 \text{ GHz}$ , RBW=1MHz for  $f > 1\text{GHz}$  ; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
  - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).  
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds  
On time =  $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$   
Where  $N_1$  is number of type 1 pulses,  $L_1$  is length of type 1 pulses, etc.  
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level +  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
6. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
7. For testing below 1GHz, if the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the limit specified, then peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be repeated one by one using the CISPR quasi-peak method and reported.
8. For testing above 1GHz, the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 20dB lower than average limit (that means the emission level in average mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.

Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-24.79dB) derived from  $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$ . This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

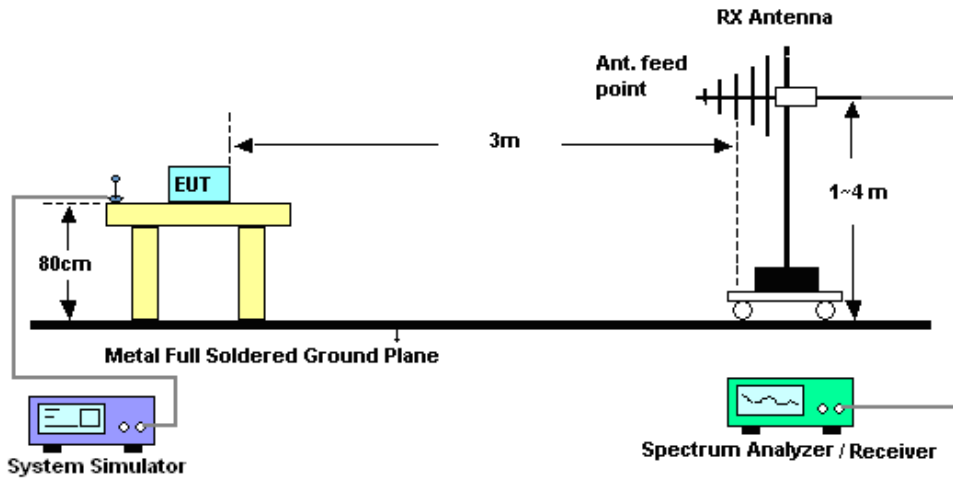


### 3.8.4 Test Setup

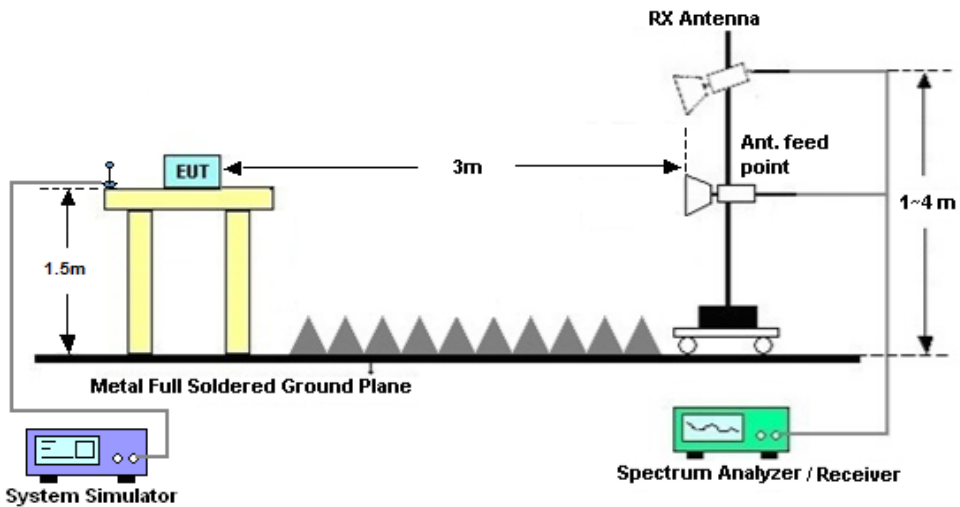
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz





### **3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)**

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line was not reported.

There is a comparison data of both open-field test site and semi-Anechoic chamber, and the result came out very similar.

### **3.8.6 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges**

Please refer to Appendix B.

### **3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic)**

Please refer to Appendix B.

### **3.8.8 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement**

Please refer to Appendix C.



### 3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

#### 3.9.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### 3.9.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.9.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF Bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode. Then measurement is also conducted by Average Detector and Quasi-Peak Detector Function respectively.

### 3.9.4 Test Setup



### 3.9.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Please refer to Appendix A.



## 3.10 Antenna Requirements

### 3.10.1 Standard Applicable

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the rule.

### 3.10.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

Non-standard antenna connector is used.

### 3.10.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101040	10Hz~40GHz	Aug. 07, 2018	Oct. 30, 2018~Nov. 01, 2018	Aug. 06, 2019	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100319	9kHz~40GHz	Oct. 11, 2018	Oct. 30, 2018~Nov. 01, 2018	Oct. 10, 2019	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Pulse Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917070	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 18, 2018	Oct. 30, 2018~Nov. 01, 2018	Jan. 17, 2019	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1005002	50MHz Bandwidth	Jan. 18, 2018	Oct. 30, 2018~Nov. 01, 2018	Jan. 17, 2019	Conducted (TH01-KS)
EMI Receiver	R&S	ESCI7	100768	9kHz~7GHz;	Apr. 19, 2018	Nov. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2019	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC LISN	MessTec	AN3016	060103	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 12, 2018	Nov. 19, 2018	Oct. 11, 2019	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC LISN (for auxiliary equipment)	MessTec	AN3016	060105	9kHz~30MHz	Nov. 23, 2017	Nov. 19, 2018	Nov. 22, 2018	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61602	ABP00000811	AC 0V~300V, 45Hz~1000Hz	Oct. 12, 2018	Nov. 19, 2018	Oct. 11, 2019	Conduction (CO01-KS)
EMI Test Receiver	Keysight	N9038A	MY56400023	3Hz~8.5GHz; Max 30dBm	Oct. 12, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Oct. 11, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010B	MY57471084	10Hz~44GHz	Jun. 25, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Jun. 24, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100321	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 19, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Oct. 18, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6111D	44483	30MHz~1GHz	Jan. 29, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Jan. 28, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	75957	1GHz~18GHz	Oct. 20, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Oct. 19, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
SHF-EHF Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA170249	15GHz~40GHz	Feb. 07, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Feb. 06, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Amplifier	SONOMA	310N	187289	9KHz ~1GHZ	Aug. 06, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Aug. 05, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Amplifier	MITEQ	TTA1840-35-HG	2014749	18~40GHz	Feb. 08, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Feb. 07, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
high gain Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-0010 1800-30-10P	2025788	1Ghz-18Ghz	Apr. 17, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Apr. 16, 2019	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Amplifier	Keysight	83017A	MY53270203	500MHz~26.5GHz	Dec. 16, 2017	Nov. 10, 2018	Dec. 15, 2018	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	F104090004	N/A	NCR	Nov. 10, 2018	NCR	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Turn Table	ChamPro	EM 1000-T	060762-T	0~360 degree	NCR	Nov. 10, 2018	NCR	Radiation (03CH06-KS)
Antenna Mast	ChamPro	EM 1000-A	060762-A	1 m~4 m	NCR	Nov. 10, 2018	NCR	Radiation (03CH06-KS)

NCR: No Calibration Required



## 5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.9 dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	5.0 dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	5.0 dB
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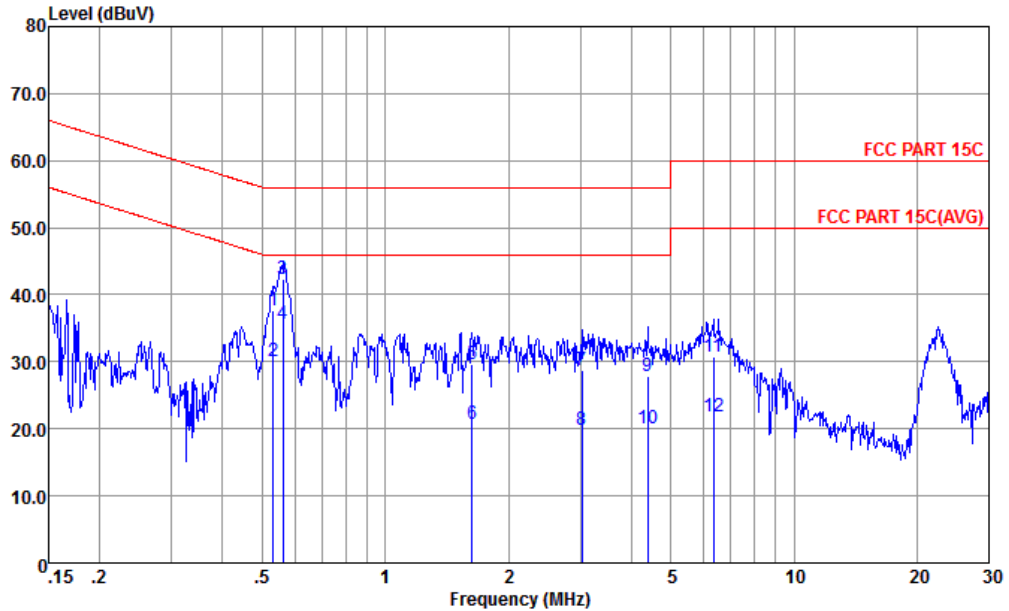
### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18000 MHz ~ 40000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	5.0 dB
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## Appendix A. AC Conducted Emission Test Results

Test Engineer :	Amos Zhang	Temperature :	25~26°C
		Relative Humidity :	48~50%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line



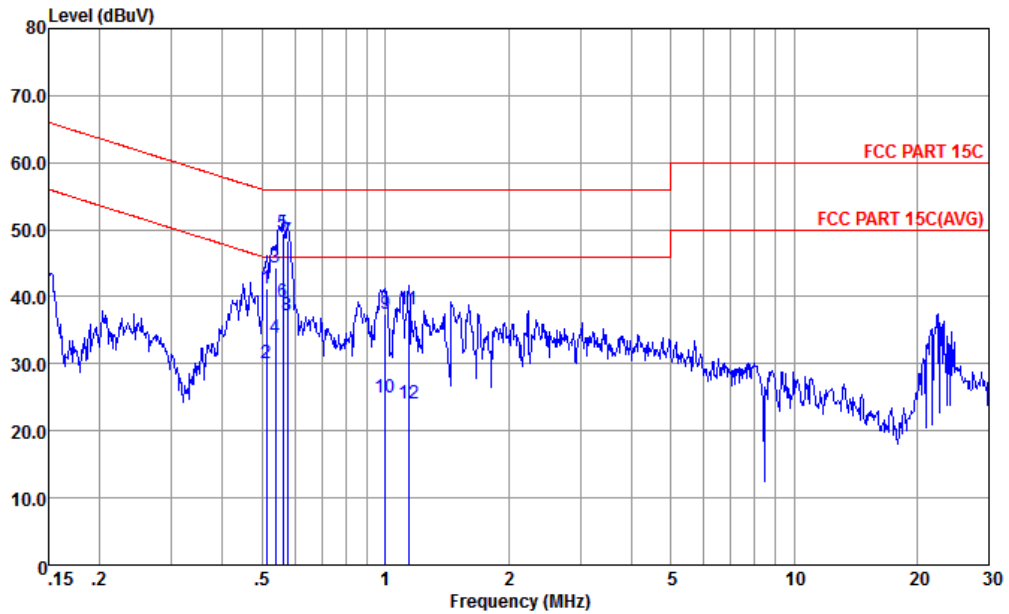
Site : CO01-KS  
 Condition : FCC PART 15C LISN-L-171013-060103 LINE  
 Project : (FR) 891203  
 mode : Mode 1  
 : 868621028936577/868621028936585 #3

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.532	37.70	-18.30	56.00	27.20	0.26	10.24	QP
2	0.532	30.10	-15.90	46.00	19.60	0.26	10.24	Average
3	0.561	42.40	-13.60	56.00	31.90	0.26	10.24	QP
4 *	0.561	35.70	-10.30	46.00	25.20	0.26	10.24	Average
5	1.628	29.70	-26.30	56.00	19.20	0.27	10.23	QP
6	1.628	20.80	-25.20	46.00	10.30	0.27	10.23	Average
7	3.025	28.76	-27.24	56.00	18.20	0.32	10.24	QP
8	3.025	19.86	-26.14	46.00	9.30	0.32	10.24	Average
9	4.384	27.82	-28.18	56.00	17.20	0.36	10.26	QP
10	4.384	20.12	-25.88	46.00	9.50	0.36	10.26	Average
11	6.352	30.85	-29.15	60.00	20.20	0.36	10.29	QP
12	6.352	21.85	-28.15	50.00	11.20	0.36	10.29	Average





Test Engineer :	Amos Zhang	Temperature :	25~26°C
		Relative Humidity :	48~50%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral



Site : CO01-KS  
 Condition : FCC PART 15C LISN-N-171013-060103 NEUTRAL  
 Project : (FR) 891203  
 mode : Mode 1  
 : 868621028936577/868621028936585 #3

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.513	41.13	-14.87	56.00	30.60	0.29	10.24	QP
2	0.513	30.13	-15.87	46.00	19.60	0.29	10.24	Average
3	0.538	44.43	-11.57	56.00	33.90	0.29	10.24	QP
4	0.538	33.83	-12.17	46.00	23.30	0.29	10.24	Average
5 *	0.561	49.43	-6.57	56.00	38.90	0.29	10.24	QP
6	0.561	39.13	-6.87	46.00	28.60	0.29	10.24	Average
7	0.576	48.43	-7.57	56.00	37.90	0.29	10.24	QP
8	0.576	37.13	-8.87	46.00	26.60	0.29	10.24	Average
9	1.000	37.44	-18.56	56.00	26.90	0.31	10.23	QP
10	1.000	25.04	-20.96	46.00	14.50	0.31	10.23	Average
11	1.141	38.04	-17.96	56.00	27.50	0.31	10.23	QP
12	1.141	24.14	-21.86	46.00	13.60	0.31	10.23	Average



# Appendix B. Radiated Spurious Emission

## 2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz

### BT (Band Edge @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Ant Pos	Table Pos	Peak Avg.	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
BT CH00 2402MHz		2376.69	45.59	-28.41	74	44.25	32.1	5.36	36.12	216	319	P	H
		2376.69	20.8	-33.2	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2402	96.54	-	-	95.13	32.1	5.41	36.1	216	319	P	H
		2402	71.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2376.69	45.75	-28.25	74	44.41	32.1	5.36	36.12	250	224	P	V
		2376.69	20.96	-33.04	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
	*	2402	103.29	-	-	101.88	32.1	5.41	36.1	250	224	P	V
		2402	78.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
BT CH 78 2480MHz	*	2480	93.42	-	-	91.63	32.37	5.45	36.03	216	319	P	H
		2480	68.63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2483.69	46.1	-27.9	74	44.31	32.37	5.45	36.03	216	319	P	H
		2483.69	21.31	-32.69	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2480	103.26	-	-	101.47	32.37	5.45	36.03	250	224	P	V
		2480	78.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
		2483.51	51.29	-22.71	74	49.5	32.37	5.45	36.03	250	224	P	V
		2483.51	26.5	-27.5	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz

BT (Harmonic @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB/m )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Peak Avg. ( P/A )	Pol. ( H/V )
BT CH 00 2402MHz		4806	40.72	-33.28	74	62.33	34.2	7.95	63.76	100	360	P	H
		4806	41.7	-32.3	74	63.31	34.2	7.95	63.76	100	0	P	V
BT CH 39 2441MHz		4884	37.83	-36.17	74	59.51	34.03	8.02	63.73	100	0	P	H
		7320	38.89	-35.11	74	57.71	35.7	9.85	64.37	100	0	P	H
		4884	38.14	-35.86	74	59.82	34.03	8.02	63.73	100	360	P	V
		7320	40.43	-33.57	74	59.25	35.7	9.85	64.37	100	360	P	V
BT CH 78 2480MHz		4962	38.61	-35.39	74	60.2	34	8.1	63.69	100	360	P	H
		7440	38.75	-35.25	74	57.33	35.8	10	64.38	100	360	P	H
		4962	39.8	-34.2	74	61.39	34	8.1	63.69	100	0	P	V
		7440	40.01	-33.99	74	58.59	35.8	10	64.38	100	0	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



Emission below 1GHz

2.4GHz BT (LF)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
				Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Pos	Pos	Avg.	
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
2.4GHz BT LF		112.45	22.82	-20.68	43.5	36.21	17.7	1.08	32.17	-	-	P	H
		125.06	21.19	-22.31	43.5	34.22	17.98	1.14	32.15	-	-	P	H
		140.58	20.88	-22.62	43.5	34.55	17.23	1.22	32.12	-	-	P	H
		151.25	21.4	-22.1	43.5	35.78	16.44	1.28	32.1	-	-	P	H
		544.1	25.92	-20.08	46	31.14	23.98	2.49	31.69	-	-	P	H
		790.48	27.33	-18.67	46	30.02	25.98	3.05	31.72	100	360	P	H
		105.66	21.09	-22.41	43.5	34.97	17.27	1.04	32.19	-	-	P	V
		123.12	21.56	-21.94	43.5	34.51	18.07	1.13	32.15	-	-	P	V
		133.79	22.08	-21.42	43.5	35.46	17.57	1.18	32.13	-	-	P	V
		138.64	21.52	-21.98	43.5	35.09	17.34	1.21	32.12	-	-	P	V
		763.32	25.88	-20.12	46	29	25.66	2.99	31.77	100	0	P	V
		986.42	26.06	-27.94	54	26.9	27.36	3.37	31.57	-	-	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against limit line.												



Note symbol

*	<b>Fundamental Frequency</b> which can be ignored. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.
!	Test result is <b>over limit</b> line.
P/A	<b>Peak</b> or <b>Average</b>
H/V	<b>Horizontal</b> or <b>Vertical</b>



A calculation example for radiated spurious emission is shown as below:

WIFI	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
Ant.				Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Pos	Pos	Avg.	
1+2		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
802.11b		2390	55.45	-18.55	74	54.51	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	P	H
CH 01													
2412MHz		2390	43.54	-10.46	54	42.6	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	A	H

- Level(dBμV/m) =  
Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)
- Over Limit(dB) = Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)

**For Peak Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 54.51(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 55.45 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 55.45(dBμV/m) – 74(dBμV/m)  
= -18.55(dB)

**For Average Limit @ 2390MHz:**

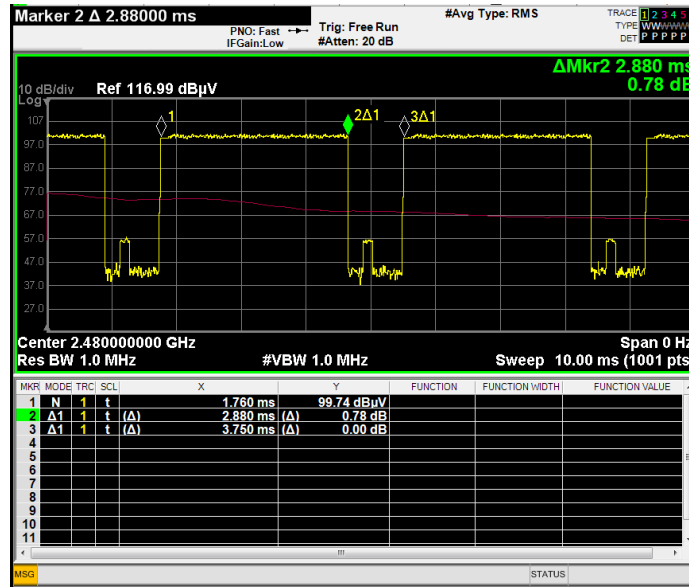
- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 42.6(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 43.54 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 43.54(dBμV/m) – 54(dBμV/m)  
= -10.46(dB)

Both peak and average measured complies with the limit line, so test result is “PASS”.

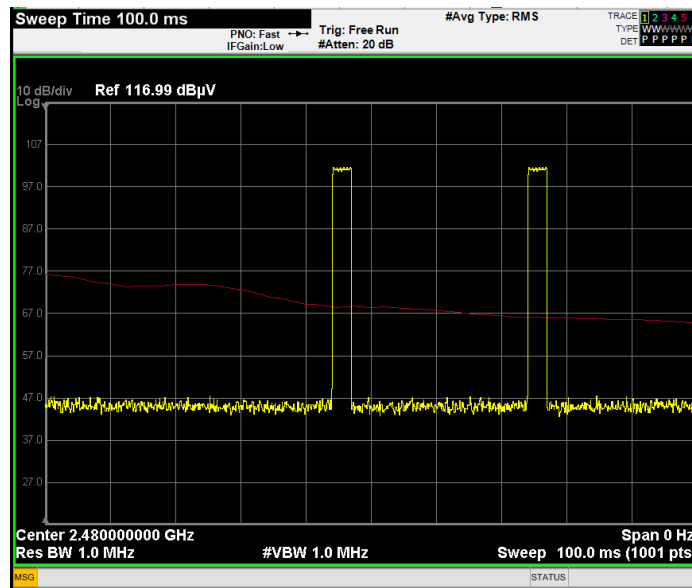


### Appendix C. Duty Cycle Plots

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



**Note:**

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds = 2 \* 2.88 / 100 = 5.76 %
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor = 20\*log(Duty cycle) = -24.79 dB
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.