

A Global Leading IoT Terminals and Wireless Data Solutions Provider

MeiG SLM320 Hardware Design Manual

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Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
V1.0	2020-04-21	First edition
V1.1	2021-04-22	Modify file format and correct description
V1.2	2021-06-18	Update SLM320-LA frequency information and added RF performance for B2/B4

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1 Introduction

This document describes SLM320 module air interface and hardware interface that connected to the clients' applications.

This document can help customers quickly understand SLM320 module interface specification, electrical characteristics, mechanical specifications and related product information. With the help of this document, combined with our application manual and user instructions, customers can quickly apply SLM320 module to wireless IoT applications.

SLM320 Wireless module is a wide band wireless terminal product applicable to TDD-LTE/FDD-LTE/GSM, a variety of network standards.

SLM320 Supports access rate:

- TDD-LTE:8Mbps/2Mbps;
- FDD-LTE:10Mbps/5Mbps;
- GPRS: 85.6kbps/85.6kbps;

SLM320 not only provides wireless data access, but also provides voice mesdrope and other functions. SLM320 can be widely used in the field of M2M, such as OBD, CPE, router, data card, DTU, security and industrial PDA, etc.

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1.1 Safety instruction

Following below safety principles, user could ensure personal safety and protect products and work environment from potential damage.

	Driving safety first! Do not use a hand-held mobile terminal while driving, unless it has a hands-free function. Stop before making a call!
	Before boarding, please turn off the wireless function of the mobile terminal. It is prohibited to turn on the wireless function of the mobile terminal on the airplane to prevent interference with the airplane communication system. Ignoring this prompt may lead to flight safety or even violate the law.
•	In a hospital or health care setting, be aware that there are mobile terminal devices that may need to be turned off because limited RF interference will cause medical devices to malfunction.
SOS	The mobile terminal device will not be able to connect effectively under all circumstances. If the mobile device has no phone charge or the SIM is invalid, please remember to make an emergency call when you encounter the above situations in an emergency, and ensure that your device is turned on and in an area with sufficient signal strength.
	Your mobile terminal device will receive and transmit rf signals when it is turned on. When it is close to TV, radio, computer or other electronic devices, RF interference will be generated.
Sin and a second se	Keep mobile devices away from flammable gases. When you are near a gas station, oil depot, chemical plant or explosion site, turn off mobile terminals. Operating electronic devices in any potentially explosive site is a safety hazard.

2 **Product Overview**

2.1 General Description

SLM320 is a wireless communication module that supports TDD-LTE/FDD-LTE/GSM, supports TDD-LTE FDD-LTE GPRS network data connection, and can provide digital voice (PCM) and analog voice, SMS and other functions such as Wi-Fi Scan/BT, GNSS* (GPS/GLONASS/BD).

Internet	SLM320-E	SLM320-C	SLM320-LA
TDD-LTE	B38/40/41	B34/B38/39/40/41	B40
FDD-LTE	B1/B3/B5/B7/B8/B20	B1/B3/B5/B8	B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B7/B8 /B20/B28
GSM	850/900/1800/1900	850/900/1800	850/900/1800/1900

Table 1 SLM320 modules frequency band

Note:

* GNSS is optional with a specified PN of the SLM320 module

SLM320 adopts highly integrated design scheme of the RF and baseband integrated on a single PCB, The baseband signal processing and audio signal processing functions adopt a single-sided layout, and the module structure size is: 32.0×29.0×2.4mm. SLM320 can be widely used in field of M2M, for example, OBD, CPE, routers, DTU, security and industrial-grade PDA etc.

2.2 Key Features

The following table describes the detailed features of SLM320 module.

Table 2	Key features	of SLM320 module

Features	Details		
Power supply	 VBAT Supply voltage range: 3.4V~4.5V Typical supply voltage: 3.8V 		
	Class 4 (33dBm±2dB) for GSM900 PCL5		
–	 Class 1 (30dBm±2dB) for DCS1800 PCL0 Class E2 (27dBm±3dB) for GPRS900 PCL8 		
Transmitted power	 Class E2 (26dBm±3dB) for GPRS1800 PCL2 Class 3 (23dBm±2.7dB) for FDD-LTE bands 		
	 Class 3 (23dBm±2.7dB) for TDD-LTE bands 		

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	The maximum supportCAT1 Bis		
	 Support 1.4 ~ 20 MHZ radio frequency bandwidth 		
LTE Characteristic	• FDD: The maximum UL rate is 5Mbps, and the maximum		
LTE Characteristic	DL rate is 10Mbps		
	• TDD: He maximum UL rate is 2Mbps, and the maximum		
	DL rate is 8Mbps		
	 CSD transmission rate: 9.6 KBPS, 14.4 KBPS 		
GSM character	 Support GPRS multi - slot class 12 (the default is 12) 		
	 Coding formats: / CS-1/CS -2/CS3 and CS - 4 		
	Maximum 4 RX slots per frame		
Network protocol features	Embedded TCP/IP and UDP/IP protocol stack		
	Text and PDU mode		
Short Massaga sanviaa (SMS)	 point-to-point MO and MT 		
Short Message service (SMS)	 Short Message storage: stored in the SIM card by default 		
	Cell broadcast		
	 Cold start time<40S 		
	 Hot start time<5S 		
GNSS character	 Tracking sensitivity-160dBm 		
GN35 Character	 Acquisition sensitivity-147dBm 		
	 Position accuracy<3m 		
	 GNSS Data type: NMEA-0183 		
USIM Port	Support USIM/SIM: 1.8Vand3V		
	• Support 1 channel digital audio interface: PCM port		
Audio Features	Support analog MIC signal input interface all the way		
Audio Features	 Support one loudspeaker signal output interface 		
	(0.8W@4.2V /D, 0.6W@4.2V/AB)		
PCM Interface	For audio use, external CODEC chip is required		
	Support USB2.0		
	 To the AT command, data transmission, software 		
USB Interface	debugging and software upgrades		
	 USB drive: Support Windows7, Windows 8/8.1, 		
	Windows10		
	The serial port:		
	 To AT commands and data transmission 		
	 Baud rate is default 115200bps 		
Serial Interface	 Support RTS and CTS hardware flow control 		
Y	DBG Port:		
	 To develop debug, the log output 		
	Baud rate is default115200bps		
SD Interface	Conforms to SD3.0 protocol		
AT Commanda	• Comply with 3GPP TS 27.007, 27.005, and MeiG		
AT Commands	enhanced AT command		
Notwork Indiantar	• NET_STATUS, NET_MOD these two pins indicate the		
Network Indicator			

state of the network

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Antenna Interface	Main antenna interface (ANT_MAIN)
Physical Property	Size: 32.0×29.0×2.4mm
Physical Property	Weight: 7 gram
Temperature Range	Normal operating temperature: -30 $^\circ$ C \sim +75 $^\circ$ C
	● Storage temperature: -40°C~+85°C
Software Upgrading	USB port/FOTA
RoHS	 All devices comply fully with EU RoHS standards
Environment Humidity	• 5%~95%
•	 GND:+ 8 KV air discharge, the contact discharge plus or minus 4 KV
ESD	 Antenna interface: air discharge ±8KV, contact discharge ±4KV
Package	144 Pin LGA+LCC port
	Power interface
	USB2.0 High-Speed port
	UART interface
	USIM/SIM port (support 3V、1.8V)
•	PCM interface
•	MIC input interface
•	Speaker output interface
	Hardware reset interface
LCC Functional Interface	Indicator interface
•	Keyboard interface
	Sleep control interface
	 Flight mode control interface
	•
	ADC interface
	ADC interface I2C interface
• 6	ADC interface I2C interface SPI interface
	ADC interface I2C interface



2.3 Functional block diagram

Following is the functional block diagram of SLM320, illustrating its main functions.

- PMU
- BBU
- Internal memory
- The radio frequency part
- peripheral interface

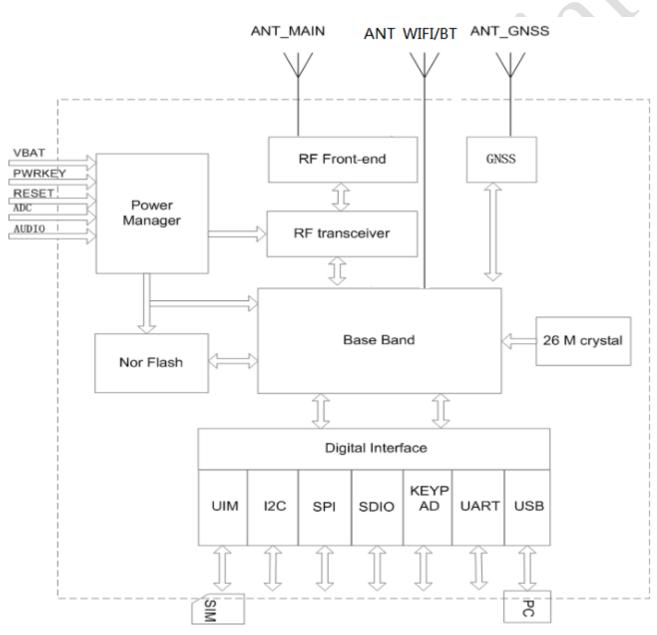


Figure 1 Functional block diagram



2.4 Evaluation Kit

To facilitate testing and use of the SLM320 module, MeiG provides an evaluation Kit to customer. Evaluation Kit includes USB cables, antennas, and other peripherals.

Please refer to the specific use method of evaluation board MeiG_SLM320_Mini PCIe_EVB_UGD



3 Application Interface

3.1 General Description

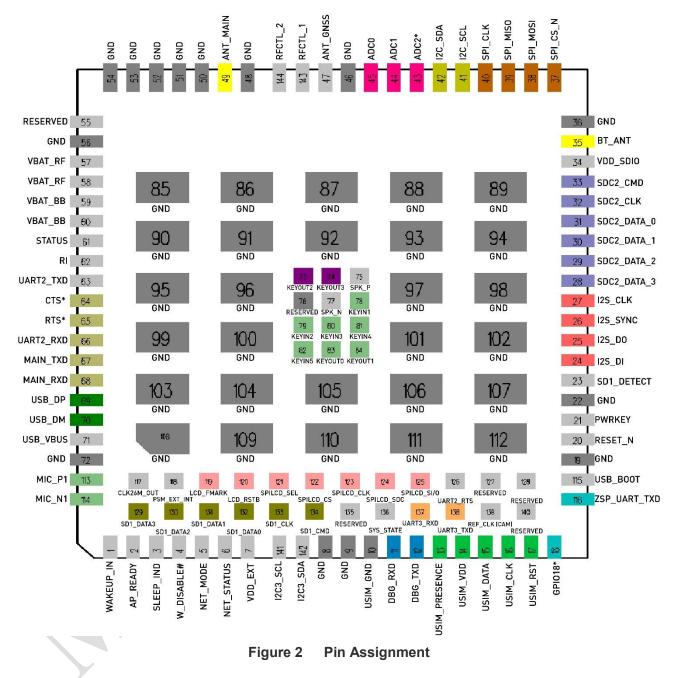
SLM320 adopts LCC+LGA interface, total 144 pins, including 80 LCC pins and 64 LGA pins, providing the following functional interfaces:

- Power port
- USB2.0 High-Speed port
- UART port
- USIM/SIM port (support 3V, 1.8V)
- PCM port
- MIC input interface
- The speaker output interface
- Hardware reset interface
- Pilot light interface
- Keyboard interface
- Sleep control interface
- Flight mode control interface
- ADC port
- I2C port
- SPI port
- SD port
- USB_BOOT port



3.2 Pin Assignment

The following figure shows the pin assignment of SLM320 module.



Note:

The pin name in the pin diagram is the actual wiring name inside the module.

3.3 **PIN Description**

The following table shows the definition of each pin in the SLM320 module.

Table 3 IO Parameter Definitions

Туре	Description
Ю	I/O two-way signal.
DI	Digital input signal.
DO	Digital output signal.
OD	Open drain output signal.
AI	Analog signal input
вот	Two-way signal with leaky output.
PI	power input
PO	power output

Table 4 Pin Description

Pin number	Pin name	I/O	Electrical level	Description	Remark
1	WAKEUP_IN	1/0	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	External device wake up module If not, please suspend this pin	GPIO29
2	AP_READY	I/O	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	The module checks whether the host is sleeping If not, please suspend this pin	GPIO30
3	SLEEP_IND	I/O	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Systematic sleep indicator If not, please suspend this pin	GPIO8
4	W_DISABLE#	I/O	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Modular flight mode controllf not, please suspend this pin	GPIO31

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5	NET_MODE	I/O	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module network mode indication signal If not, please suspend this pin	GPIO13
6	NET_STATUS	I/O	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module network status indicator If not, please suspend this pin	GPIO19
7	VDD_EXT	PO	1.8V	Module digital level, 1.8V output, 50mA load capacity If not, please suspend this pin	
8	GND	G		GND	
9	GND	G		GND	
10	USIM_GND	G		GND	
11	DBG_RXD	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Debug serial port receiving If not, please suspend this pin	
12	DBG_TXD	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Debug serial port sending If not, please suspend this pin	
13	USIM_PRESEN CE	5	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	USIM card hot swap detection If not, please suspend this pin, Software shutdown detection function	
14	USIM_VDD	PO	1.8V/3.0V	USIM power supply	
15	USIM_DATA	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	USIM data signal line	
16	USIM_CLK	0	1.8V/3.0V	USIM clock signal line	
17	USIM_RST	0	1.8V/3.0V	USIM reset signal line	
18	GPIO18	Ю	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	If not, please suspend this pin	The module is internally connected with UART2_ RTS, default NC

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19	GND	G		GND
20	RESET_N	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Module reset signal, low level valid
21	PWRKEY	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Module power on / off signal Low level active
22	GND	G		GND
23	SD1_DETECT	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	SD card hot swap detection signal If not, please suspend this pin
24	PCM_IN(I2S_DI)	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	PCM data input If not, please suspend this pin
25	PCM_OUT(I2S_ DO)	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	PCM data output If not, please suspend this pin
26	PCM_SYNC(I2S _SYNC)	I/O	0V/1.8V	PCM data synchronization signal If not, please suspend this pin
27	PCM_CLK(I2S_ CLK)	I/O	0V/1.8V	PCM clock signal If not, please suspend this pin
28	SDC2_DATA_3	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SDC2_DATA_3 If not, please suspend this pin
29	SDC2_DATA_2	1/0	1.8V/3.0V	SDC2_DATA_2 If not, please suspend this pin
30	SDC2_DATA_1	1/0	1.8V/3.0V	SDC2_DATA_1 If not, please suspend this pin
31	SDC2_DATA_0	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SDC2_DATA_0 If not, please suspend this pin
32	SDC2_CLK	0	1.8V/3.0V	SDC2_CLK If not, please suspend this pin
33	SDC2_CMD	0	1.8V/3.0V	SDC2_CMD If not, please suspend this pin
34	VDD_SDIO	PO	1.8V/3.0V	SD card pull-up power supply, power supply capacity 150mA

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35	WIFI_ANT(BT_A NT)	I		WiFi / BT antenna If not, please suspend this pin	The module is internally connected with BT_ANT
36	GND	G		GND	
37	SPI_CS_N	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	SPI chip selection signal If not, please suspend this pin	
38	SPI_MOSI	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	SPI_MOSI If not, please suspend this pin	
39	SPI_MISO	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	SPI_MISO If not, please suspend this pin	
40	SPI_CLK	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	SPI_CLK If not, please suspend this pin	
41	I2C_SCL	OD	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	I2C interface clock signal If not, please suspend this pin	
42	I2C_SDA	BOT	0V/1.8V	I2C interface data signal If not, please suspend this pin	
43	ADC2*	AI		ADC interface 2 When in use, 1K in series, If not, please suspend this pin	
44	ADC1	AI		ADC interface 1 When in use, 1K in series, If not, please suspend this pin	
45	ADC0	AI		ADC interface 0 When in use, 1K in series, If not, please suspend this pin	
46	GND	G		GND	
47	ANT_GNSS			GPS antenna If not, please suspend this pin	
48	GND	G		GND	
49	ANT_MAIN	I/O		Main collector antenna	

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50	GND	G		GND	
51	GND	G		GND	
52	GND	G		GND	
53	GND	G		GND	
54	GND	G		GND	
55	RESERVED			RESERVED	
56	GND	G		GND	0
57	VBAT_RF	PI	Vmax=4.5V Vmin=3.2V Vnorm=3.6V	RF power input	Connected to Vbat
58	VBAT_RF	ΡI	Vmax=4.5V Vmin=3.2V Vnorm=3.6V	RF power input	Connected to Vbat
59	VBAT_BB	ΡI	Vmax=4.5V Vmin=3.2V Vnorm=3.6V	Baseband power input	Connected to Vbat
60	VBAT_BB	ΡI	Vmax=4.5V Vmin=3.2V Vnorm=3.6V	Baseband power input	Connected to Vbat
61	STATUS	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Reserved status indication interface If not, please suspend this pin	
62	RI*	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module output ringing prompt If not, please suspend this pin	GPIO22
63	UART2_TXD	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module sends data If not, please suspend this pin	UART2_TXD
64	CTS*	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module clear send	UART1_CTS
65	RTS*	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module request sending	UART1_RTS
66	UART_2_RXD	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	The module receives data	UART_2_RX D
67	MAIN_TXD	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Module sends data If not, please suspend this pin	UART1_TXD, for at command
68	MAIN_RXD	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	The module receives data	UART1_ RXD, for at

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				If not, please suspend command this pin
69	USB_DP	I/O		USB signal DP
70	USB_DM	I/O		USB signal DM
71	USB_VBUS	AI	Vnorm=5.0V	USB insertion detection signal
72	GND	G		GND
73	KEYOUT2	I		Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
74	KEYOUT3	I		Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
75	SPK_P	0	ć	SPK_P If not, please suspend this pin
76	RESERVED			
77	SPK_N	0		SPK_N If not, please suspend this pin
78	KEYIN1	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
79	KEYIN2		VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
80	KEYIN3	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
81	KEYIN4	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
82	KEYIN5	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Keyboard matrix input signal If not, please suspend this pin
83	KEYOUT0	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	Keyboard matrix input signal

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				If not, please suspend	
				this pin	
				Keyboard matrix input	
		•	VOLnom=0V	signal	
84	KEYOUT1	0	VOHnom=1.8V	If not, please suspend	
				this pin	
85-112	GND	G		GND	
113		I	VOLnom=0V	If not places support	
115	MIC_P1	I	VOHnom=1.8V	lf not, please suspend this pin	
114	MIC_N1		VOLnom=0V	If not, please suspend	
	-		VOHnom=1.8V	this pin	
				USB_BOOT	
			VILnom=0V	And VDD Ext short	It can be
115	USB_BOOT	I	VIHnom=1.8V	circuit into emergency	reused as
				download mode	keyin0
					The module is
					internally
116	NC(ZSP_UART_			Reserved pin, default NC	connected
	TXD)		X		with ZSP
					UART_ TXD
				CLK26M_OUT	
117	CLK26M_OUT	0		If not, please suspend	
				this pin	
					The module is
					internally
	NC(PSM_EXT_I				connected
118	NC(I OW_EXT_I NT)			NC	with PSM_
	N1)				EXT_ Int,
					default
					NC
				LCD_FMARK	
119	LCD_FMARK	0	1.8V/3.0V	If not, please suspend	
				this pin	
				LCD_RSTB	
120	LCD_RSTB	0	1.8V/3.0V	If not, please suspend	
	/			this pin	
				SPILCD_SEL	
121	SPILCD_SEL	0	1.8V/3.0V	If not, please suspend	
				this pin	
				SPILCD_CS	
122	SPILCD_CS	0	1.8V/3.0V	If not, please suspend	
				this pin	
				SPILCD_CLK	
123	SPILCD_CLK	0	1.8V/3.0V	If not, please suspend	
				this pin	

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124	SPILCD_SDC	0	1.8V/3.0V	SPILCD_SDC
125	SPILCD_SI/O	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SPILCD_SI/O If not, please suspend this pin
126	UART2_RTS	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	Module clear send If not, please suspend this pin
127	RESERVED			RESERVED
128	RESERVED			RESERVED
129	SD1_DATA3	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SD1_DATA3 If not, please suspend this pin
130	SD1_DATA2	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SD1_DATA2 If not, please suspend this pin
131	SD1_DATA1	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SD1_DATA1 If not, please suspend this pin
132	SD1_DATA0	I/O	1.8V/3.0V	SD1_DATA0 If not, please suspend this pin
133	SD1_CLK	0	1.8V/3.0V	SD1_CLK If not, please suspend this pin
134	SD1_CMD	0	1.8V/3.0V	SD1_CMD If not, please suspend this pin
135	RESERVED			RESERVED
136	SYS_STATE	I		Reserve data pin of camera If not used, suspend this pin
137	UART3_RXD	I	VILnom=0V VIHnom=1.8V	UART3_ RXD, If not used, suspend this pin
138	UART3_TXD	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	UART3_ TXD, If not used, suspend this pin
139	REF_CLK	0		Reserve CLK of camera Configurable as GPIO If not used, suspend this pin
140*	RESERVED			RESERVED

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141	I2C3_SCL	OD	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	I2C3_SCL	
142	I2C3_SDA	ВОТ	0V/1.8V	I2C3_SDA	
143	RFCTL_1	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	RFCTL_1 If not used, suspend this pin	The module is actually connected to rfctl 3
144	RFCTL_2	0	VOLnom=0V VOHnom=1.8V	RFCTL_2 If not used, suspend this pin	The module is actually connected to rfctl 4

Remark:

- 1. * Is a function under development;
- 2. The above interface functions are not supported at the same time, some pins are reusable functions, please pay attention when selecting!
- 3. See the documentation for SLM320 pin multiplexing *SLM320_GPIO unction multiplex*.

3.4 Power source

Table 5 Description of SLM320 module power interface.

Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Description
VBAT_RF	PI	57,58	Module power supply, 3.4~4.5V, nominal value 3.8
VBAT_BB	PI	59,60	Module power supply, 3.4~4.5V, nominal value 3.8
VDD_EXT	PO	7	Voltage output, 1.8V
GND	G	8,9,19,22,36,46,48,50-5 4,56,85-112	GND



3.4.1 Power Supply

SLM320 module is powered through VBAT pin. The power supply recommended reference design is shown in Figure 3

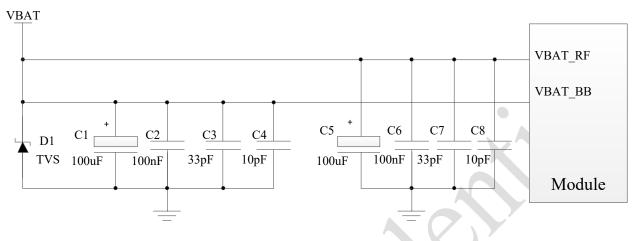
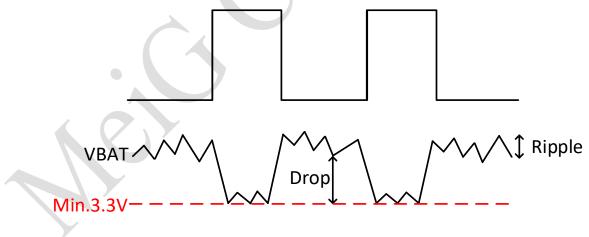


Figure 3 Module power supply circuit

3.4.2 Reduce voltage drop

SLM320 power supply range is from 3.2 V to 4.5 V, during data transmission or voice call, the ripple current up to 2A typically, due to GSM/GPRS emission burst (every 4.615ms), it may cause voltage drop. So the power supply for these pads must be able to provide sufficient current up to more than 2A. User needs to make sure that the input voltage will never drop below 3.3V.

Figure 4 shows the voltage drop during burst transmission under 2G network.





To reduce voltage drop, a 100uF filter capacitor with low ESR is required. MLCC has the best ESR. It is recommended to add 3 ceramic capacitors (100nF, 33pF, 10pF) to VBAT_BB and VBAT_RF pins, and the capacitors should be placed close to VBAT pins. At the same time, in order to ensure better power supply performance, a TVS tube is added near the input end of the module VBAT to improve the module's electrostatic bearing capacity. When the external power supply is connected to the module, VBAT_BB and VBAT_RF need to adopt star wiring. VBAT_BB wire width shall not be less than 1mm, and VBAT_RF wire width shall not be less than 2mm. In principle, the longer the line in VBAT, the wider



the line.

3.4.3 Power Supply Reference Circuit

The design of the module power supply is very important, because the performance of the module depends largely on the power supply. The SLM320 must select a power source that provides at least 2A current capability. If the voltage difference between the input voltage and the module supply voltage is not very large, it is recommended to choose LDO as the supply. If there is a large voltage difference between the input and output voltages, DCDC is recommended as the power supply for the module.

The figure below is the reference design of + 5V power supply circuit. The LDO of MICREL Company is used in the design, and the model is MIC29302WU. The load current is 3.9V and the output voltage is 3.3A.Note that MIC29302WU has the requirement of minimum load current ≥ 10 mA.

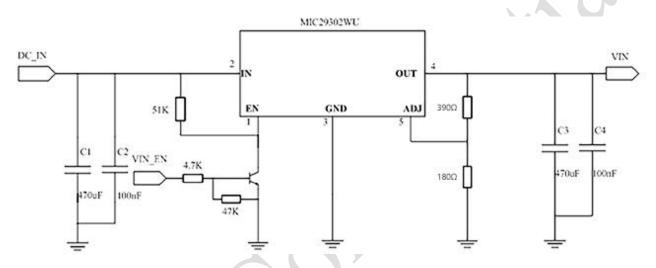


Figure 5 Reference design for power supply input

3.4.4 VDD_EXT voltage output

When the SLM320 module is normally powered on, there is a voltage output on Pin9_VDD_EXT, the output voltage is 1.8V, and the current load is 50mA. This output voltage can be used as an external pull-up source, such as a level reference, and the Pin status can be read to determine whether the module is switched on or not.



3.5 Start up

3.5.1 PWRKEY Pin boot

When the SLM320 module is in shut down mode, the module can be turned on by pulling down the PWRKEY for at least 1s. It is recommended to use an open set drive circuit to control PWRKEY pin. The reference circuit is as following:

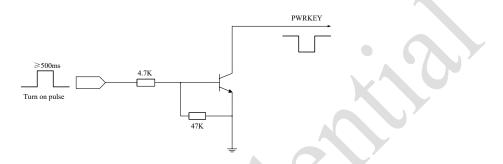


Figure 6 Open set drive reference boot circuit

Another way to control the PWRKEY pin is through a push button switch. A TVS is placed near the button for ESD protection. The reference circuit is shown as below:

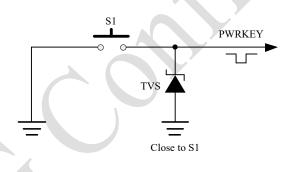
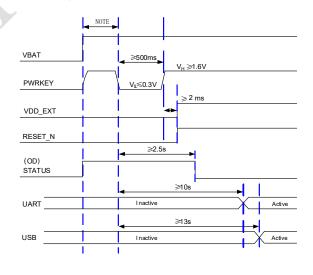
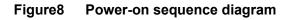


Figure 7 Button startup reference circuit

The boot sequence is shown in the figure below:







Note:

Before pulling down PWRKEY pin, VBAT voltage should be guaranteed to be stable. It is recommended that the time interval between powering up VBAT and pulling down PWRKEY pins should be no less than 30ms.

If the module needs to be powered on and started automatically, PWRKEY pin can be directly connected to the ground. The resistance value to GND should not exceed 4k at most. It is recommended to use 0R.

3.5.2 Power off

Shut of approach	Applicable scene
When VBAT voltage is too low or power is lost, the module will shut down	At this point, the module did not carry out the normal shutdown process, did not follow the process of logout from the base station
Pull down PWRKEY(greater than 3.1s) and release	Normal_shutdown
AT+CPOF	Soft power-off
	When VBAT voltage is too low or power is lost, the module will shut down Pull down PWRKEY(greater than 3.1s) and release

Table 6 Description of three shutdown modes of the module

Remark:

- 1. When the module is working normally, do not immediately cut off the power supply of the module to avoid damaging the flash data inside the module. It is strongly recommended to power off the module through the AT command before disconnecting the power.
- 2. When using the AT command to shut down, make sure that PWRKEY is in a high level state after the shutdown AT command is executed; otherwise, the module will start up again automatically after the shutdown is completed.

3.6 Reset Function

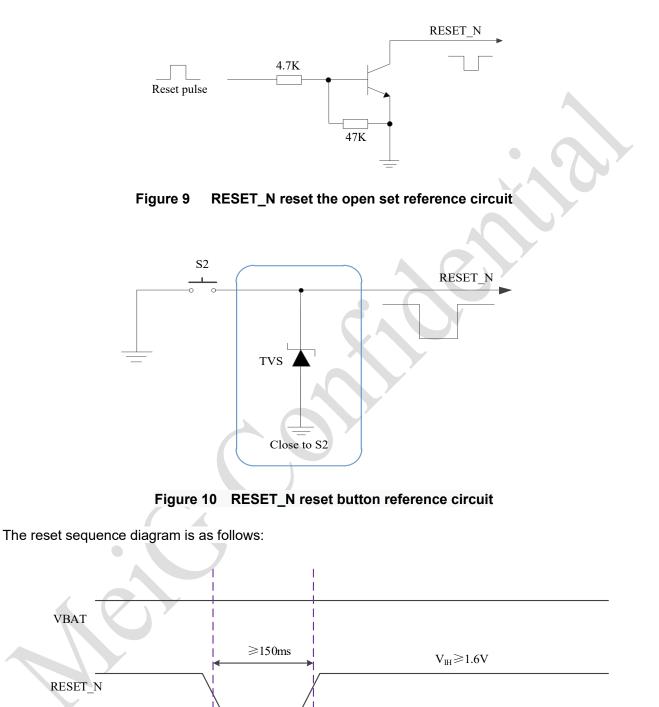
There are two SLM320 reset modes: hardware reset and AT command reset.

3.6.1 Hardware Reset

When the module is working, user can pull down the RESET_N pin by at least 150ms to reset the module. RESET_N signal is sensitive to interference, so it is suggested that the routing should be as short as possible and should be protected by GND traces.



The reference circuit is similar to the PWRKEY control circuit, and the customer can control the RESET_N pin by using an open set drive circuit or a button.





V_{IL}≤0.3V

3.6.2 AT command Reset

Through SLM320 UART or USB AT port, enter **AT+TRB** command, make SLM320 reset and restart.

3.7 USIM/SIM Interface

SLM320 supports both 1.8V and 3.0V SIM cards.

Table 7 USIM/SIM interface descript	tion
-------------------------------------	------

Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Pin description
USIM_DATA	I/O	15	USIM/SIM data signal
USIM_CLK	0	16	USIM/SIM clock signal
USIM_RESET	0	17	USIM/SIM reset signal
USIM_VDD	0	14	USIM/SIM Power
USIM_PRESENCE	Ι	13	USIM/SIM Hot swap detection signal

SLM320 module supports USIM card hot-plugging function through SIM0_DET pin and supports high level detection. After SIM card is inserted in the figure, SIM0_DET pin is at high level. When SIM0_DET pin is at low level, no card is detected.

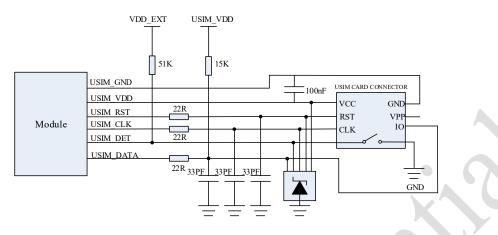
The SIM card hot swap function can be configured by the "AT+SIMHOTSWAP" command. The instructions of the AT command are shown in the following table:

Table 8 description of hot swap function setting of SIM card

AT Command	SIM card hot swap detection	Function declaration
AT+SIMHOTSWAP=1	Open	By default, the SIM card hot-plug detection function is on, and the module detects whether the SIM card is inserted through the USIM_PRESENCE pin status
AT+SIMHOTSWAP=0	Close	The SIM card hot-plug detection function is turned off. The SIM card will be read by the module when the machine is turned on. The USIM_PRESENCE status will not be detected

After the hot swap detection function of SIM card is turned on, when sim0_ Det is high level. If the module detects that the SIM card is inserted, it will execute the SIM card initialization procedure. After reading the SIM card information, the module will register the network. When sim0_ When det is low power level, the module determines that the SIM card is pulled out, then the SIM card is not read. SIM0_ Det is valid in high level by default and can be switched to low level by AT command.

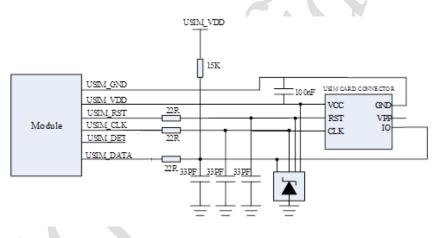


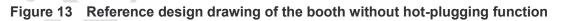


The reference circuit is shown in the figure below, with SIM card hot swap function.

Figure 12 Reference design drawing of the booth with hot-plug function

If user does not need USIM card hot-plug detection, keep the USIM_DET pin open. The reference circuit is as follows:





For USIM card interface, in order to ensure the good performance and reliability of USIM card, the following design principles are recommended in the circuit design:

- For SIM0_DAT, SIM0_CLK and SIM0_RST lines, a 22 Ω resistance used to suppress the spurious EMI, enhance ESD protection, and convenient debugging;
- In order to improve the antistatic ability, TVS are added on USIM_VDD, USIM_DATA, USIM_CLK and USIM_RST lines, ESD protection devices with parasitic capacitance no more than 15Pf;
- 33pF capacitors in parallel on USIM_VDD, USIM_DATA, USIM_CLK and USIM_RST lines are used to filter out GSM900 interference. The peripheral devices of the USIM card shall be placed as close as possible to the USIM booth;
- USIM booth is placed close to the module to ensure that the wiring length of USIM card signal line does not exceed 100mm;
- In order to prevent USIM_CLK signals from crosstalk with USIM_DATA, the two wires should not be too close together and an additional shielding should be added between the two wires;



3.8 USB port

The SLM320 provides a USB interface conforming to the USB 2.0 specification. This interface is used for AT command interaction, data transfer, software debugging and version upgrading, etc.

3.8.1 USB Pin Description

The SLM320 module provides a USB2.0 interface.

Table 9 USI	3 interface		• • • • •
Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Description
VBUS	AI	71	USB Insert the test
USB_DP	I/O	69	USB Differential data +
USB_DM	I/O	70	USB Differential data -
GND	G	8,9,19,22,36,46,48,50-54,56,85-112	GND

3.8.2 USB Reference Circuit

The SLM320 module USB interface application reference circuit is shown in the figure below.

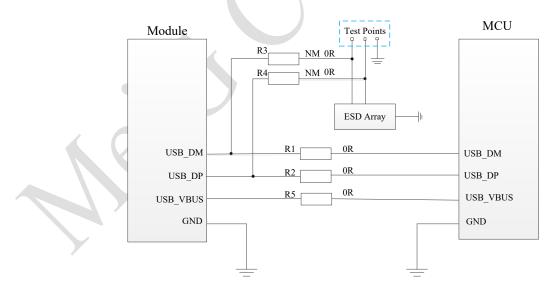


Figure 14 Refer to the design of the USB interface

In order to meet the signal integrity requirement of USB data line, R1/R2/R3/R4 resistors must be placed close to the module and between resistors close to each other. The branch connecting the test point must be as short as possible.

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In USB interface circuit design, to ensure USB performance, the following principles are recommended in circuit design:

- The module USB_VBUS is not used to power the module, but to detect USB insertion and unplugging;
- In order to reduce the USB high speed data transmission of signal interference, in USB_DM USB_DP interface circuit and concatenated R1 and R2 can improve the accuracy of data transmission, 0 Ω R1 and R2 are recommended;
- In order to improve the antistatic performance of USB interface, ESD protective devices are recommended to be added to USB_DP and USB_DM interface circuits, and ESD devices with junction capacitance less than 2pF are recommended. USB ESD protection device should be placed as close as possible to USB interface;
- In order to ensure the USB work reliable, the design still need more consideration to the protection of USB, such as the Layout of the protection of the USB, need to do to USB_DP and USB_DM 90
 Ω impedance control, strictly in accordance with the requirements of the differential line, as far as possible away from the interference signal;
- Do not use USB cable under crystal oscillator, oscillator, magnetic device and RF signal. It is recommended to use inner differential wiring and wrap the ground left, right, up and down.

3.9 Serial Port

SLM320 module has three serial ports: main serial port UART1, DEBUG serial port UART and download, and RADIO frequency calibration serial port UART2. The main features of the main and debug serial ports are described below.

- The main serial port supports 4800Bps, 9600bps, 19200Bps, 38400Bps, 57600bps, 115200Bps, 230400bps baud rate. The default baud rate is 115200bps for data transmission and AT command transmission.
- Debugging serial port support 115200BPS baud rate, for r & D debugging use.

Table 10	Main serial	port pin	description
----------	-------------	----------	-------------

Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Description
UART1_RING	DO	62	Module output ring prompt
UART2_TXD	DO	63	Module sends data
СТЅ	I	64	Module clear send
RTS	0	65	The module requests to send
MAIN_TXD	0	67	Module sends data
MAIN_RXD	I	68	The module receives data



Pin Name	I/O	PIN	Description
DBG_RXD	I	11	Module receiving data
DBG_TXD	0	12	Module send data

Table 11 Description of debugging serial port pin

Table 12Serial port logic level

Parameter	Min value	Max value	Units
V _{IL}	-0.3	0.6	V
V _{IH}	1.2	2.0	V
V _{OL}	0	0.45	V
V _{OH}	1.35	1.8	V

The serial port level of SLM320 module is 1.8V. If the client host is 3.3V, the level shifter needs to be added in the serial port application. TI's TXB0104PWR is recommended. The following picture is a reference design:

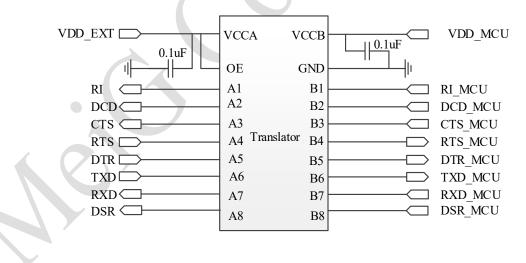
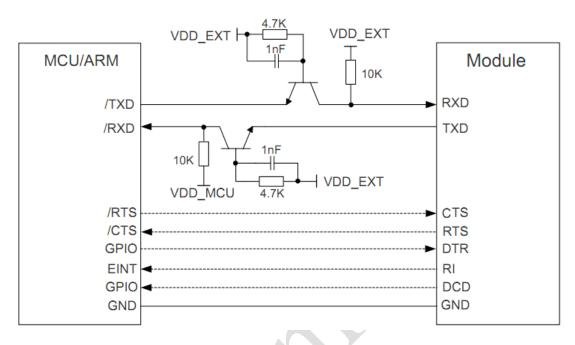
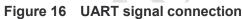


Figure 15 Level conversion chip reference circuit



Another level converter circuit is shown in the figure below. The input and output circuit design of the following dotted line section can refer to the solid line section, but pay attention to the connection direction. At the same time, this level conversion circuit is not suitable for applications with baud rate over 460Kbps.





Note: During design, it is recommended to reserve 0R resistance and parallel capacitor positions on the main serial port and debug serial port circuit, which can be added to the baseplate to prevent RF interference

3.10 Status indication

The status indicator pin is mainly used to drive the network status indicator. SLM320 module has net_ MODE, NET_ Status and status (reserved, default NC) are three network status pins. The following two tables describe pin definitions and logic level changes in different network states.

Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Describe
NET_MODE	0	5	Module status indication
NET_STATUS	0	6	Module status indication
STATUS	0	61	Reserved

Table 13	Description	of network	indicator pin
----------	-------------	------------	---------------

PIN Name	Pin working state	Working status indicated	
NET MODE	High level	Register LTE network status	
NET_MODE	Low level	other	
	Slow flash (200ms high / 1800ms low)	Net searching status	
	Slow flash (1800ms high / 200ms low)	position in readiness	
NET_STATUS	Flash (125ms high / 125ms low)	Data transmission mode	
	High level	On the phone	
The reference circuit is shown in the figure below:			

Table 14 Working status of network indicator pin



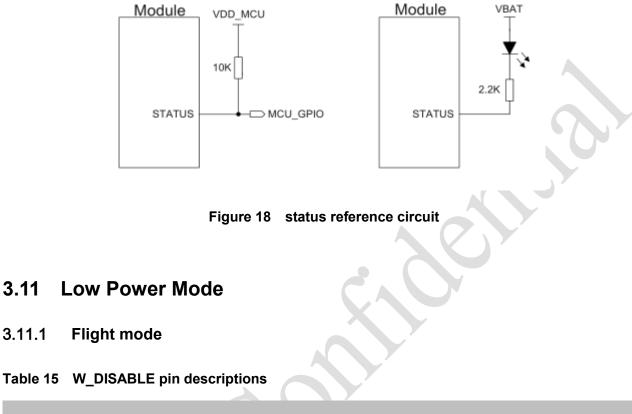
Status is used to indicate the working status of the module, which is an open drain output pin. The customer can connect this pin to the GPIO or GPIO of the device band pull-up.



3.11

3.11.1

The LED indication circuit is shown in the figure below. When the module starts up normally, status defaults to high resistance state.



Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Description
W_DISABLE#	DI	4	Modular flight mode control

SLM320 module supports two ways to enter flight mode:

Table 16 Description of flight mode Settings

1	Hardware I/O interface	W_DISABLE# for high or hovering (default is pull-up) is
1	button control	normal mode, and low is flight mode
2 AT command control	AT command control	AT+CFUN=4 go into airplane mode
	AT+CFUN=1 go into normal mode	

3.11.2 Sleep mode

The module can activate sleep mode in the following ways:

At + CSCLK = 0: close deep sleep function.

At + CSCLK =1: when setting, DTR pin needs to be high level, or wakeup pin needs to be low level to enter deep sleep mode;



After that, when the DTR is set high or the wakeup pin is set low, and no interrupt is generated (such as GPIO interrupt or serial port data transmission), the GSM part will automatically enter the deepsleep mode.

At + CSCLK =2: when no interrupt is generated, the GSM part will automatically enter deepsleep mode.

3.11.3 Ultra low power mode

Use the following AT instruction to put the module into ultra-low power mode (for power test). AT^TRACECTRL=0,0; AT^TRACECTRL=1,0; AT+CSCLK=2;

3.12 ADC Function

SLM320 provides a Two-way 12-bit analog-digital conversion interface, and the ADC voltage range is 0-5V

Table 17 ADC pin description

Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Description
ADC0	I	45	Analog to digital converter interface 0
ADC1	I	44	Analog to digital converter interface 1
ADC2*	I	43	Analog to digital converter interface 2

Remark:

- 1. In the case that VBAT is not powered, the ADC interface cannot directly connect any input voltage.
- 2. It is recommended that the ADC pin be input with voltage divider circuit.
- 3. It is suggested that ADC should be wrapped when wiring, which can improve the accuracy of ADC voltage measurement.



3.13 USB_BOOT Port

SLM320 supports USB_BOOT. The client can shorten USB_BOOT and VDD_EXT before starting the module, and then the module will enter the forced download mode. In this mode, the module can be upgraded via USB interface.

Table 18	USB	BOOT	pin	definition
	000		PIII	aominion

Pin Name	I/O	Pin	Description
USB_BOOT	I	115	Short connect USB_BOOT and VDD_EXT (V_IO18)
VDD_EXT	PO	7	before starting the module, and then the module will enter the forced download mode

4 GNSS Receiver

4.1 General Description

SLM320 use the independent GPS chip, includes a fully integrated global navigation satellite system solution that supports GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou. It supports standard NMEA-0183 protocol.

4.2 GNSS Performance

- Cold start time<40S
- Hot start time<5S
- Tracking sensitivity-160dBm
- Acquisition sensitivity-147dBm
- Position accuracy<3m

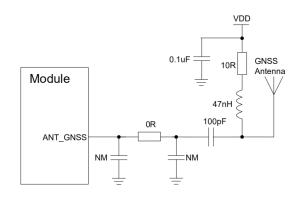
4.3 Layout Guidelines

The following layout guidelines should be taken into account in customers' designs.

- Maximize the distance among GNSS antenna, main antenna.
- Digital circuits such as (U) SIM card, USB interface, and camera module and display connector should be kept away from the antennas.
- Use ground vias around the GNSS trace and sensitive analog signal traces to provide coplanar isolation and protection.
- Keep 50Ω characteristic impedance for the ANT_GNSS trace.

4.4 Antenna connection

Customers can use active antenna and passive antenna. If customers use active antenna, please refer to the figure below, if passive antenna is used, please refer to the figure (Figure 19 RF reference circuit)



5 Antenna interface

SLM320 module design interface, there are three antennas, the antenna impedance 50Ω .

Table 19 Definition of pin of antenna interface

Pin Name	Pin Number	Description	I/O	Remark
ANT_MAIN	49	main antenna port	Ю	50Ω impedance
BT_ANT	35	WIFI/BT antenna port	IO	50Ω impedance
ANT_GNSS	47	GPS antenna port	IO	50Ω impedance

5.1 Introduction to Antenna Interface

SLM320 provides three antenna pins: ANT_MAIN and ANT_WIFI/BT to improve the product's TDD-LTE/ FDD-LTE, WIFI/BT transceister performance. It is recommended to use with the module, RF connector match 50 Ω impedance of the antenna.

Note:

In order to ensure the communication capability of all frequency bands, please connect all antennas. It is recommended that applications carefully select RF wiring. RF wiring needs to be selected with minimal loss. RF wiring for RF loss requirements is recommended as follows:

- GSM900 < 0.6dB
- DCS1800 <1.0dB
- TDD-LTE<1.2dB
- FDD-LTE<1.2dB</p>
- WIFI/BT<1.2dB
- GNSS<1.0dB

5.2 Radio frequency reference circuit

The reference circuit for antenna connection of ANT_MAIN, ANT_WIFI/BT is shown in the figure below. In order to obtain better RF performance, the following four points should be paid attention to when designing schematic diagram and PCB layout:

- 1. Schematic design, near the module RF port reserved type matching circuit, capacitor default not attached;
- Schematic design, redundant RF connectors between the RF port of the module and the antenna, used for certification test, RF connectors are not attached after mass production and delivery; (Reference: RF Connector -1P-H176);
- 3. Schematic design, type matching circuit is reserved near the antenna end, capacitor is not affixed



by default;

4. PCB layout, Module RF port to the antenna between lines as short as possible, and need to plate factory for RF line do 50 Ω impedance control.

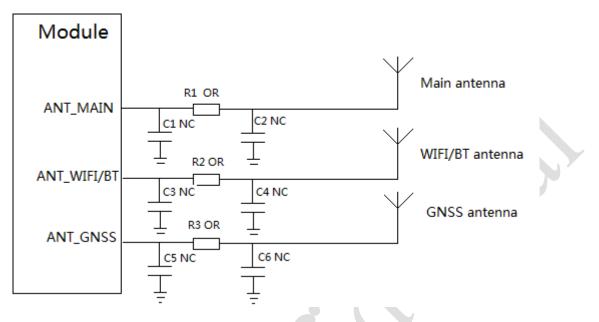


Figure 19 RF reference circuit

5.3 Installation of antenna

5.3.1 Antenna requirements

The requirements of antenna receiving antenna are shown in the following table:

Table 20 Antenna requirements

Туре	Requirement
	VSWR: < 2
	Gain (dBi): 1
	Maximum Inupt (W): 2W
GSM/TDD-LTE/FDD-LTE	Input impedance (ohm): 50
	Polarization Type: vertical direction
	Cable insertion loss: < 1.5dB
	(GSM900/1800 ; LTE B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B8/B34/B39)
	Cable insertion loss: < 2dB
	(LTE B7/B38/B40/B41)
WIFI/BT	VSWR: < 2

Gain (dBi): 1

Maximum Inupt (W): 0.1W

Input impedance (ohm): 50

Polarization Type: vertical direction

Cable insertion loss: < 1.5dB

VSWR: < 2

Gain (dBi): 1

Maximum input power (W): 0.1W

GNSS

Input impedance (ohm): 50

Polarization type: vertical

Cable insertion loss:< 1.5dB

5.3.2 RF output power

The RF output power of SLM320 is shown in the following table.

Table 21 SLM320 RF transmission power

Frequency	Мах	Min
EGSM900	33dBm±2dB	5dBm±5dB
DCS1800	30dBm±2dB	0dBm±5dB
LTE-FDD B1	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B2	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B3	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B4	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B5	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B7	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B8	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-FDD B20	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm

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LTE-TDD B28	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-TDD B34	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-TDD B38	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-TDD B39	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-TDD B40	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm
LTE-TDD B41	23dBm±2.7dB	<-39dBm

5.3.3 RF reception sensitivity

Table 22 SLM320 module RF reception sensitivity

Frequency	Reception sensitivity (typical value BW) -10M			
Frequency	Dominant set	Diversity	Dominant + Diversity	3GPP (Dominant + Diversity)
EGSM900	-108dBm	NA	NA	-102.4dBm
DCS1800	-108dBm	NA	NA	-102.4dBm
LTE-FDD B1	-97dBm	NA	NA	-96.3dBm
LTE-FDD B2	-97dBm	NA	NA	-94.3dBm
LTE-FDD B3	-97dBm	NA	NA	-93.3dBm
LTE-FDD B4	-97dBm	NA	NA	-96.3dBm
LTE-FDD B5	-98dBm	NA	NA	-94.3dBm
LTE-FDD B7	-97dBm	NA	NA	-94.3dBm
LTE-FDD B8	-98dBm	NA	NA	-93.3dBm
LTE-FDD B20	-98dBm	NA	NA	-93.3dBm
LTE-FDD B28	-98dBm	NA	NA	-94.8dBm
LTE-TDD B34	-97.5dBm	NA	NA	-96.3dBm
LTE-TDD B38	-97.5dBm	NA	NA	-96.3dBm
LTE-TDD B39	-97.5dBm	NA	NA	-96.3dBm
LTE-TDD B40	-97.5dBm	NA	NA	-96.3dBm

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LTE-TDD B41 -9	97.5dBm	NA	NA	-94.3dBm

Remark:

Other sub-model and frequency information will be reflected in subsequent versions of the document.

5.3.4 Working frequency

Table 23 SLM320 operating frequency

3GPP Frequency band	UL	DL	Unit
EGSM900	880~915	925~960	MHz
DCS1800	1710~1785	1805~1880	MHz
LTE-FDD B1	1920~1980	2110~2170	MHz
LTE-FDD B2	1850~1910	1930~1990	MHz
LTE-FDD B3	1710~1785	1805~1880	MHz
LTE-FDD B4	1710~1755	2110~2155	MHz
LTE-FDD B5	824~849	869~894	MHz
LTE-FDD B7	2500~2570	2620~2690	MHz
LTE-FDD B8	880~915	925~960	MHz
LTE-FDD B20	832~862	791~821	MHz
LTE-FDD B28	703~748	758~803	MHz
LTE-TDD B34	2010~2025	2010~2025	MHz
LTE-TDD B38	2570~2620	2570~2620	MHz
LTE-TDD B39	1880~1920	1880~1920	MHz
LTE-TDD B40	2300~2400	2300~2400	MHz
LTE-TDD B41	2555~2655	2555~2655	MHz

MEIG	美格
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WIFI/BT	2400-2483	2400~2483	MHZ
GPS	1	1575.42±1	MHZ
BDS	1	1559~1563	MHZ
Glonass	1	1597~1606	MHZ



5.3.5 OTA Antenna requirements

Table 24 Antenna index requirements

Network Mode	Band	VSWR	Gain Peak	Avg.	– Effi.	SAR	TRP (dBm)	TIS (dBm)
	850/900	_					26	<-102
GSM	1800(DCS)	_					26	<-102
	1900(PCS)	_					26	<-102
	Band34	_					19	<-94
	Band38	_					19	<-94
TDD-LTE	Band39	_			C		19	<-94
	Band40	_					19	<-94
	Band41	-					19	<-94
	Band1	<2.5:1	>0dBi	>-4dBi	>40%	<1.6W/Kg	19	<-94
	Band2						19	<-94
	Band3						19	<-94
	Band4						19	<-94
FDD-LTE	Band5						19	<-94
	Band7	_					19	<-94
	Band8	_					19	<-94
	Band20	_					19	<-94
Y	Band28						19	<-94
WIFI	2400	<2.5:1	>0dBi	>-4dBi	>40%	<1.6W/Kg	/	<-80
ВТ	2400	<2.5:1	>0dBi	>-4dBi	>40%	<1.6W/Kg	3	<-82

6 Electrical characteristics

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings refer to the maximum voltage range that the module supply voltage and digital and analog input/output interfaces can withstand. Work outside this range may cause damage to the product.

Parameters	Description	Min	Typical value	Max	Units
VBAT	Power supply	-0.3	3.6	5.5	V
GPIO	Digital I/O level supply voltage	-0.3	1.8	2.0	V
VBUS	USB Insert the test	-0.3	5.0	9.2	V

Table 25 Absolut Maximum Ratings

6.2 Ambient Temperature Range

The SLM320 module is recommended to operate at -30~+75°C. It is suggested that temperature control measures should be considered at the application end under adverse environmental conditions. At the same time, the extended operating temperature range of the module is provided. When used at the extended temperature, the function is normal, and some RF indicators may deteriorate. It is also recommended that the module application terminal be stored at a certain temperature. Modules outside this range may not work properly or may be damaged.

6.3 Electrical Characteristics of Interface Working State

V_L: Logic low level

V_H: Logic high level

Table 26 Th	ne logic level of a n	normal digital IO	signal
-------------	-----------------------	-------------------	--------

Circul	VL		VH		l lucit	
Signal	Min	Max	Min	Max	— Unit	
digital input	-0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	V	
digital output		0.45	1.35		V	

Table 27 Electrical characteristics of power supply operating state

Parameters	I/O	Min	Model	Мах	Unit
VBAT	I	3.4	3.8	4.5	V
VBUS	I	4.5	5.0	9.2	V
USIM_VDD	0	1.7/2.75	1.8/2.85	1.9/2.95	V

6.4 Module Power Consumption Range

Table 28	Power	consumption
----------	-------	-------------

State of the module	Test Item	Test Case		Result (mA)
Power off	Shutdown leakage current	Maintain norma power failure	l voltage (3.8V) power supply in case of	30uA
		AT command to	e card, the actual network standby, use the query the registration on the network, and age current of 10 minutes。	1.6
	Real network Sleep	Insert the unicon command to qu 10-minute avera	1.65	
	, c		om card, the actual network standby, use AT ery and register the network, and record the c of 10 minutes.	1.75
Dormant	GSM850	Module is powered on With no data transfer, the USB is in a suspended state	 GSM850 CH190 1) The tested module was powered on, and the data network was successfully registered; 2) Set the module to sleep state through AT instruction (USB is in suspended state); 3) Under the condition of no data transmission, the tested module maintained for 10 minutes and recorded the average current for 10 minutes. GSM850 CH128 1) The tested module was powered on, 	1.6
			 and the data network was successfully registered; 2) Set the module to sleep state through AT instruction (USB is in suspended state) 3) Under the condition of no data 	1.6

		2001gii manaai
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	GSM850 CH251	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	GSM900 CH62	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	GSM900 CH1	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
(Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	GSM900 CH124	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	average current for TO Initiates.	

GSM900

I°ILIV 天旧	Meig_SLWSzu_Haiuwaie	Design Manual
	DCS CH698	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
	state);	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	DCS CH512	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
DCS	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	
	3Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	DCS CH885	
	 The tested module was powered on, 	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	PCS CH661	
	 The tested module was powered on, 	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
Y	state);	
PCS	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	PCS CH512	
	 The tested module was powered on, 	1.6
	and the data network was successfully	1.0
	registered;	

		Design Manual
	 Set the module to sleep state through AT instruction (USB is in suspended 	
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes. PCS CH810	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended state);	1.6
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
_	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band1 CH18300	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
The module is	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
powered on,	the average current for 10 minutes.	
and the DRX	Band1 CH18050	
monitoring	1) The tested module was powered on,	
period of the	and the data network was successfully	
idle state on	registered;	
FDD the network is	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
1.28s	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
With no data	state);	
transfer, the	3) Under the condition of no data	
USB is in a	transmission, the tested module	
suspended	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
state	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band1 CH18550	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.6
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	



	0
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band2 CH18650	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band2 CH18900	7
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	4.0
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band2 CH19150	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	•••
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band3 CH19575	
 The tested module was powered on, 	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	



		Design manaal
	Band3 CH19250	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
	state);	
	 Under the condition of no data 	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
_	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band3 CH19900	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
-	Band4 CH20000	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
-	Band4 CH20175	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
-	Band4 CH20375	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	1.0
	and the data network was successfully	1.3
	registered;	



	e Design Manual
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20525	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20450	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
state);	
 Under the condition of no data 	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20600	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
 Under the condition of no data 	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band8 CH21625	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	1.5
2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.5
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	

		Besign manual
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band8 CH21500	
	 The tested module was powered on, 	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band8 CH21750	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band40 CH39150	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	1	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
The module is	Set the module to sleep state through	
powered on,	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
	state);	
and the DRX	 Under the condition of no data 	
monitoring	transmission, the tested module	
period of the	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
idle state on	the average current for 10 minutes.	
TDD the network is	Band40 CH38700	
1.28s		
With no data	1) The tested module was powered on,	
transfer, the	and the data network was successfully	
USB is in a	registered;	
suspended	Set the module to sleep state through	
-	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
state	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	

			······································	
			Band40 CH39600	
			1) The tested module was powered on,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
			state);	
			3) Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band41 CH40620	
			1) The tested module was powered on,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
			state);	
			3) Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band41 CH40290	
			1) The tested module was powered on,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
			state);	
			3) Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band41 CH41190	
		Y	1) The tested module was powered on,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
			state);	
			3) Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
		The module is	Band1 CH18300	
- 4 11		powered on,	Under the condition of no data	20.20
standby	FDD	and the DRX	transmission, the tested module	38.39
		monitoring	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	



		-
period of the idle state on	the average current for 10 minutes.	
the network is	Band1 CH18050	
1.28s	Under the condition of no data	
With no data	transmission, the tested module	37.86
transfer, USB	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
is active	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band1 CH118550	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	38.56
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band2 CH18650	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	37.39
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band2 CH18900	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	37.86
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band2 CH19150	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	38.86
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band3 CH19575	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	38.57
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band3 CH19250	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	36.99
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band3 CH19900	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	37.41
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band4 CH20175	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	39.5
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	~	

			-
		Band4 CH20375	
		Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	38.59
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band5 CH20525	
		Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	37.46
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band5 CH20600	
		Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	38.83
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	00.00
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band5 CH20450	
		Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	37.32
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	01.02
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band5 CH20525	
		Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	37.46
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	57.40
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band8 CH21750	
		Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	39.3
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	39.5
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band8 CH21625	
		Under the condition of no data	27 50
		transmission, the tested module	37.59
(\mathbf{Z}_{λ})	Y	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		Band8 CH21500	
7		Under the condition of no data	07.00
		transmission, the tested module	37.88
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
	The module is	Band40 CH39150	
	powered on,	Under the condition of no data	
	and the DRX	transmission, the tested module	38.58
TDD	monitoring	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	period of the	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	idle state on	Band40 CH39150	
		Under the condition of no data	38.94
	the network is		30.94



				Design Manual
		With no data	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		transfer, the	the average current for 10 minutes.	
		USB is in a	Band40 CH38700	
		suspended	Under the condition of no data	
		state	transmission, the tested module	39.77
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band40 CH39600	
			Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	37.89
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band41 CH40620	
			Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	35.3
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band41 CH40209	
			Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	37.49
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			Band41 CH41190	
			Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	38.26
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Real		Keen the data connection conding	
	network	Unicom/Mobile	Keep the data connection sending 256-byte packets back to the server every	١
	data	Onicom/wobile	5 minutes	۱.
	sleep		5 minutes	
			Band1 0dBm	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	183.52
		7	and records the average current for 5	
		1) Room	minutes	
		temperature;	Band1 10dBm	
		2) Dc power	The tested module carries out data	
Data		supply is used	transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	227.24
transmission	FDD	to supply is used	and records the average current for 5	
transmission		module, and	minutes	
		the voltage is	Band1 23dBm CH18300	
		set at 3.8V;	The tested module carries out data	
		JUL 41 0.0 V ,	transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	525.95
			and records the average current for 5	
			minutes	
			Band1 23dBm CH18050	590.36
			The tested module carries out data	500.00



transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes	
Band1 23dBm CH18550 The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5	624.43
minutes	
Band2 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	101.1
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5	194.1
minutes	
Band2 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	258.21
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band2 23dBm CH18065	
The tested module carries out data	600.04
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	680.21
and records the average current for 5 minutes	
Band2 23dBm CH18900	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	675.64
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band2 23dBm CH19150	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	674.55
and records the average current for 5	
minutes Band3 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	194.1
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band3 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	258.21
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band3 23dBm CH19575 The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	650.21
and records the average current for 5	000.21
minutes	

Band3 23dBm CH19250	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	645 64
and records the average current for 5	040.04
minutes	
Band3 23dBm CH19900	
The tested module carries out data	
	604 E
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	634.5
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band4 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	194.1
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band4 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	256.21
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band4 23dBm CH20000	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	650.21
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band4 23dBm CH20175	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	649.60
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band4 23dBm CH20350	
The tested module carries out data	
The lested module cames out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	635.5
	635.5
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	635.5
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5	635.5
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes	635.5
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm	635.5
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 10dBm The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 10dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	162.35
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 10dBm The tested module carries out data	162.35
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 10dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes	162.35
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 10dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 23dBm CH20525	162.35 209.25
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 0dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes Band5 10dBm The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes, and records the average current for 5 minutes	162.35



and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band5 23dBm CH20450	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	558.57
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band5 23dBm CH20600	
The tested module carries out data	F01 70
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	581.79
and records the average current for 5 minutes	
Band7 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	174.21
and records the average current for 5	174.21
minutes	
Band7 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	210.1
and records the average current for 5	-
minutes	
Band7 23dBm CH20800	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	690
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band7 23dBm CH21100	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	700
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band7 23dBm CH21400	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	710.5
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band8 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	474.04
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	174.21
and records the average current for 5	
minutes Band8 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	214.3
and records the average current for 5	217.0
minutes	
minutos	

	zoolgii manuai
Band8 23dBm CH21625 The tested module carries out data transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	561.18
and records the average current for 5 minutes	
Band8 23dBm CH21500	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	576.91
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band8 23dBm CH21750	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	579.38
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band20 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	175.4
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band20 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	215.6
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band20 23dBm CH24200	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	567.8
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band20 23dBm CH24300	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	580.2
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band20 23dBm CH24400	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	579.38
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band40 0dBm	
The tested module carries out data	
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	388.39
and records the average current for 5	
minutes	
Band40 10dBm	
The tested module carries out data	165.22
transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	
	00/00

TDD



				-
			and records the average current for 5	
		-	minutes	
			Band40 23dBm CH39150	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	310.14
			and records the average current for 5	
			minutes	
		-	Band40 23dBm CH38700	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	311.99
			and records the average current for 5	
			minutes	
		-	Band40 23dBm CH39600	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	319.10
			and records the average current for 5	
			minutes	
		-	Band41 0dBm	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	158.2
			and records the average current for 5	
			minutes	
		-	Band41 10dBm	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	187.4
			and records the average current for 5	101.1
			minutes	
			Band41 23dBm CH40620	
			The tested module carries out data	
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	388.3
			and records the average current for 5	500.5
			minutes	
		-	Band41 23dBm CH40290	
A			The tested module carries out data	
				354 48
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	354.48
			and records the average current for 5	
		-	minutes Band41 23dBm CH41190	
Y			The tested module carries out data	270 42
			transmission and maintains for 5 minutes,	378.43
			and records the average current for 5	
	Chu tala		minutes	
	Shutdown	Maintain normal	voltage (3.8V) power supply in case of	204
er off	leakage	power failure		30uA
	current	•		
	Real		e card, the actual network standby, use the	4.0
mant	network		query the registration on the network, and	1.6
	Sleep	record the avera	ge current of 10 minutes。	

Power off

Dormant



			Design Manaal
	Insert the unicor	n card, the actual network standby, use AT	
	command to que	ery and register the network, and record the	1.65
	10-minute avera		
		m card, the actual network standby, use AT	
			1 75
		ery and register the network, and record the	1.75
	average current		
		GSM850 CH190	
		 The tested module was powered on, 	
		and the data network was successfully	
		registered;	
		2) Set the module to sleep state through	
		AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
		state);	
		3) Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		GSM850 CH128	
		1) The tested module was powered on,	
		and the data network was successfully	
		registered;	
GSM850		2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.6
COMOSO		AT instruction (USB is in suspended state)	1.0
	NA 11 -	3) Under the condition of no data	
	Module is	transmission, the tested module	
	powered on	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	With no data	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	transfer, the	GSM850 CH251	
	USB is in a	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	suspended		
	state	and the data network was successfully	
		registered;	
		2) Set the module to sleep state through	
		AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
		state);	
		 Under the condition of no data 	
		transmission, the tested module	
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		the average current for 10 minutes.	
		GSM900 CH62	
7		1) The tested module was powered on,	
		and the data network was successfully	
		registered;	
		2) Set the module to sleep state through	
GSM900		AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
		· · ·	
		state);	
		3) Under the condition of no data	
		transmission, the tested module	
		maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	



the average current for 10 minutes $_{\circ}$

	GSM900 CH1	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.5
	state);	
	 Under the condition of no data 	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	GSM900 CH124	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	DCS CH698	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	DCS CH512	
DCS	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
Y	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
	state);	1.7
	3Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes. DCS CH885	
		1.4
	1) The tested module was powered on,	

			_	<u> </u>
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
			state);	
			Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
		_	the average current for 10 minutes.	
			PCS CH661	
			1) The tested module was powered on,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
			state);	1.4
			3) Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			PCS CH512	
			1) The tested module was powered on,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
		<u>_</u>	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	PCS		AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
			state);	
			3) Under the condition of no data	
			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
			PCS CH810	
			1) The tested module was powered on,	
			,	
			and the data network was successfully	
			registered;	
			2) Set the module to sleep state through	4.0
			AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
			state);	
			Under the condition of no data	
, T			transmission, the tested module	
			maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
			the average current for 10 minutes.	
		The module is	Band1 CH18300	
	FDD and the D	powered on,	1) The tested module was powered on,	
		and the DRX	and the data network was successfully	4.5
		monitoring	registered;	1.5
		period of the	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
		idle state on	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	



the network is	state);	
1.28s	3) Under the condition of no data	
With no data	transmission, the tested module	
transfer, the	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
USB is in a	the average current for 10 minutes.	
suspended	Band1 CH18050	
state	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band1 CH18550	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.6
	state);	1.0
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band2 CH18650	
	1) The tested module was powered on,	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
	state);	
	Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
	the average current for 10 minutes.	
	Band2 CH18900	
	 The tested module was powered on, 	
	and the data network was successfully	
	registered;	
	2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.2
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
	state);	
	3) Under the condition of no data	
	transmission, the tested module	
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	

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the average current for 10 minutes.

Band2 CH19150	
 The tested module was powered on, 	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band3 CH19575	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	1.0
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band3 CH19250	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.0
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band3 CH19900	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	4.0
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20000	1.3
1) The tested module was powered on,	1.0



	e Deelgii illanaa
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20175	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20350	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.0
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20450	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
 Under the condition of no data 	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20525	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	4 4
registered;	1.4
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
· ·	



	<u> </u>
state);	
Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20600	
 The tested module was powered on, 	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20175	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20350	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20450	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	4.4
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	



the average current for 10 minutes.

Band4 CH20175	
 The tested module was powered on, 	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20350	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20450	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	1.4
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band4 CH20175	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
, transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes. Band4 CH20350	
Band4 CH20350 1) The tested module was powered on,	1.2



	- zooigii manaa
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	
state);	
Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band5 CH20450	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band7 CH20800	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	1.2
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band7 CH21100	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	1.0
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
-	
the average current for 10 minutes. Band7 CH21400	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	1.4
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	



state);	
Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band8 CH21500	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band8 CH21625	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band8 CH21750	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band20 CH24200	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	



the average current for 10 minutes.

Band20 CH24300	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band20 CH24400	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	1.4
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band28 CH27260	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
• -	1.5
state); 3) Under the condition of no data	
,	
transmission, the tested module maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band28 CH27435	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.4
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band28 CH27610	1.4
1) The tested module was powered on,	



	and the data network was successfully
	registered;
	2) Set the module to sleep state through
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended
	state);
	3) Under the condition of no data
	transmission, the tested module
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded
	the average current for 10 minutes.
	Band38 CH37800
	1) The tested module was powered on,
	and the data network was successfully
	registered;
	2) Set the module to sleep state through
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended 1.2
	state);
	3) Under the condition of no data
	transmission, the tested module
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded
	the average current for 10 minutes.
	Band38 CH38000
	1) The tested module was powered on,
	and the data network was successfully
	registered;
1) Room	Set the module to sleep state through
temperature	AT instruction (USB is in suspended 1.3
2) Dc power	STATE):
	3) Under the condition of no data
Data supply is use	Iransmission, the tested module
transmission to supply the	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded
module, and	the average current for 10 minutes
the voltage i	s Band38 CH38200
set at 3.8V;	1) The tested module was powered on,
	and the data network was successfully
	registered;
	2) Set the module to sleep state through
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended 1.3
	state);
	3) Under the condition of no data
	transmission, the tested module
	maintained for 10 minutes and recorded
	the average current for 10 minutes.
	Band39 CH38300
	 The tested module was powered on,
	and the data network was successfully
	registered;
	2) Set the module to sleep state through
	AT instruction (USB is in suspended



	e Beergin manual
state);	
 Under the condition of no data 	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band39 CH38450	
 The tested module was powered on, 	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band39 CH38600	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band40 CH38700	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	4.0
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.2
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes. Band40 CH39150	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered; 2) Set the module to sleep state through	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	1.3
AT instruction (USB is in suspended state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	



the average current for 10 minutes.

Band40 CH39600	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band41 CH39990	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band41 CH40640	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	
the average current for 10 minutes.	
Band41 CH41190	
1) The tested module was powered on,	
and the data network was successfully	
registered;	
2) Set the module to sleep state through	
AT instruction (USB is in suspended	1.3
state);	1.0
3) Under the condition of no data	
transmission, the tested module	
maintained for 10 minutes and recorded	

6.5 Environmental reliability requirements

Test Item	Test Condition
LTST	The temperature is -40°C, and the shutdown lasts for 24 hours
HTST	The temperature is +85°C, and the shutdown lasts for 24 hours
ermal shock-TST	In the shutdown state, the temperature was -40°C and +85°C for 1h respectively. Temperature conversion time <3min, a total of 24 cycles
High temperature and humidity test	Temperature +85°C, humidity 95%RH, shutdown state for 48 hours
Low temperature running test	The temperature is -40°C, and the working condition lasts for 24 hours
High temperature running test	The temperature is +85°C, and the working condition lasts for 24 hours
Connection life test	Board to board connector interface plugs and unplugs for 50 times; RF antenna interface cable plug and unplug 30 times
ESD test	 The module tests the power PAD and large area under the call state. ESD meets the following requirements: ①Contact discharge shall pass ±4KV, ±5KV test grades ②The air discharge shall pass ±8KV, ±10KV test grades 2、Under the shutdown state, THE EVB SIM card holder is tested. ESD meets the following requirements: ①Contact discharge shall pass ±4KV test grade ②Air discharge shall pass ±8KV test grade ③Air discharge shall pass ±0.5kV test grade ②Air discharge shall pass ±1KV test grade

Table 29 Environmental reliability requirements

6.6 ESD character

Although SLM320 module design has been considered the ESD problem, and added the ESD protection, but consider SLM320 module during transportation and secondary development, it may also come across ESD problem. So, developers need to take into account of the final product ESD problem, besides the antistatic packaging processing, please refer to the reference design/recommended circuit of each hardware interface in this document.

Refer to the following table for the discharge range allowed by ESD for SLM320 module.

Table 30	ESD performance parameters	(temperature: 25°C, humidity: 45%)
----------	----------------------------	------------------------------------

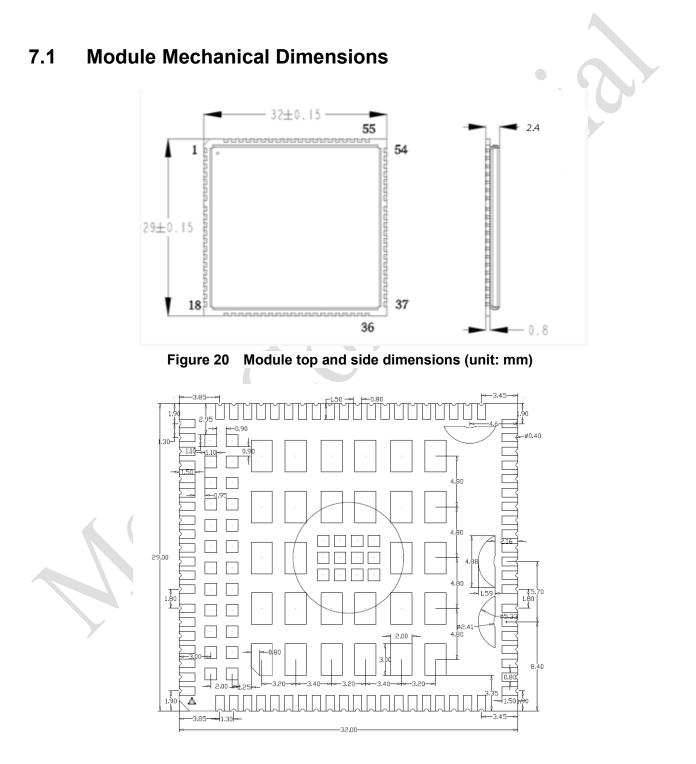
Test point	Contact discharge	Units	Test point

MEIG_SLM320_Hard			MeiG_SLM320_Hardware Design Manual
GND	±4	KV	GND
Antenna interface	±4	KV	Antenna interface

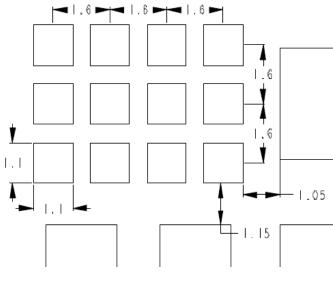


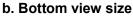
7 Mechanical characteristics

This section describes the mechanical dimensions of the module, all in millimeters; All dimensions not marked with tolerance, tolerance is ± 0.05 mm.



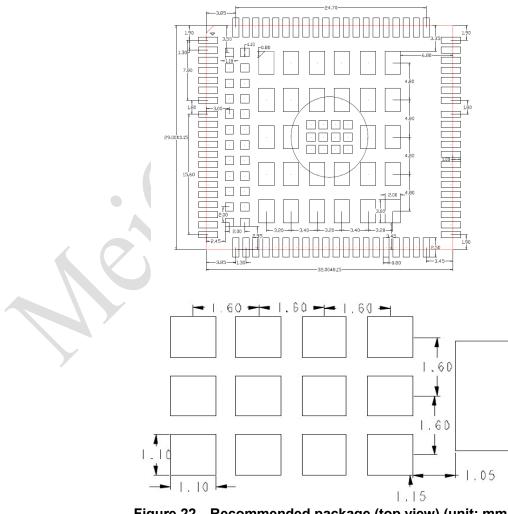
a. Bottom view size







7.2 Recommended Footprint



7.3 Top View of Module



Figure 23 Top view of the module

7.4 Bottom View of Module

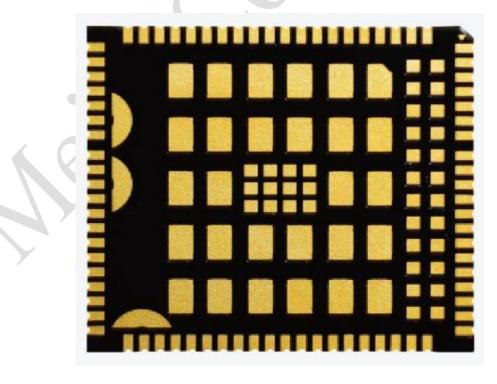


Figure 24 Bottom view of the module

8 Storage and production

8.1 Storage

SLM320 is shipped in vacuum sealed bags. The storage of modules shall be subject to the following conditions:

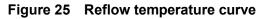
- 1. When the ambient temperature is lower than 40°C and the air humidity is less than 90%, the module can be stored in a vacuum sealed bag for 12 months;
- 2. After the vacuum seal bag is opened, the module can directly carry out reflow welding or other high-temperature processes if the following conditions are met:
 - The module stores air humidity less than 10%;
 - The environment temperature of module is lower than 30 °C, the air humidity is less than 60%, and the factory finishes the SMT within 72 hours.
- 3. If the module is under the following conditions, it needs to be baked before SMT;
 - When the ambient temperature is 23[°]C (5[°]C fluctuation is allowed), humidity level greater than 10%;
 - When the vacuum seal bag is opened, the ambient temperature of the module is lower than 30°C and the air humidity is less than 60%. However, the factory fails to complete the SMT within 168 hours;
 - When the vacuum seal bag is opened, the module stores air humidity greater than 10%.
- 4. If the module needs to be baked, bake at 125° C (fluctuation of 5° C above and below) for 8 hours.

Note:

The module packaging cannot withstand such high temperature, please remove the module packaging before the module baking.

8.2 Reflow Profile





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8.3 Packaging

SLM320 adopts tray packaging, shown as below:

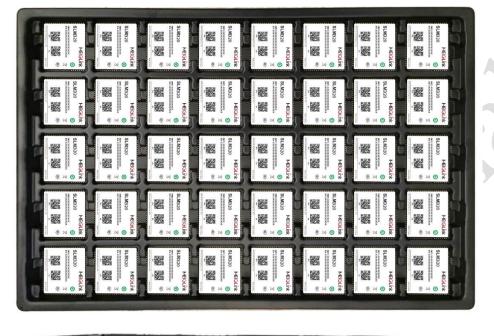




Figure 26 SLM320 in tray packaging



9 Appendix A refers to documentation and term abbreviations

9.1 Reference File

- SLM320 Module specifications;
- SLM320 AT Commands;
- SLM320 EVB user's manual
- SLM320 Reference design circuit;
- SLM320 Apply the business process manual.

9.2 Symbol Key

Table 31 Term abbreviations		
Abbreviation	English description	
AMR	Adaptive Multi-rate	
BER	Bit Error Rate	
BTS	Base Transceiver Station	
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect	
CS	Circuit Switched (CS) domain	
CSD	Circuit Switched Data	
DCE	Data communication equipment	
DTE	Data terminal equipment	
DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution	
EFR	Enhanced Full Rate	
EGSM	Enhanced GSM	
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility	

MEIG 美格

ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FR	Frame Relay
GMSK	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GSM	Global Standard for Mobile Communications
HR	Half Rate
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HSUPA	High Speed Uplink Packet Access
HSPA	HSPA High-Speed Packet Access
HSPA+	HSPA High-Speed Packet Access+
IEC	International Electro-technical Commission
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
MEID	Mobile Equipment Identifier
I/O	Input/Output
ISO	International Standards Organization
ITU	International Telecommunications Union
bps	bits per second
LED	Light Emitting Diode
M2M	Machine to machine
МО	Mobile Originated
MT	Mobile Terminated
NTC	Negative Temperature Coefficient
PC	Personal Computer
PCB	Printed Circuit Board

MEIG美格	MeiG_SLM320_Hardware Design Manual
PCS	Personal Cellular System
PCM	Pulse Code Modulation
PCS	Personal Communication System
PDU	Packet Data Unit
PPP	Point-to-point protocol
PS	Packet Switched
QPSK	Quadrate Phase Shift Keying
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol
UART	Universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
WCDMA	Wideband Code Division Multiple Access
TD-SCDMA	Time Division-Synchronous Code Division Multiple Access
TDD-LTE	Time Division Long Term Evolution
FDD-LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution
Vmax	Maximum Voltage Value
Vnorm	Normal Voltage Value
Vmin	Minimum Voltage Value
V _{IH} max	Maximum Input High Level Voltage Value
V _{IH} min	Minimum Input High Level Voltage Value
V _{iL} max	Maximum Input Low Level Voltage Value
V _{IL} min	Minimum Input Low Level Voltage Value
V _{OH} max	Maximum Output High Level Voltage Value



V _{OH} min	Minimum Output High Level Voltage Value
V _{OL} max	Maximum Output Low Level Voltage Value
V _{OL} min	Minimum Output Low Level Voltage Value

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10 Appendix B GPRS Coding Scheme

Way	CS-1	CS-2	CS-3	CS-4
Code rate	1/2	2/3	3/4	1
USF	3	3	3	3
Pre-coded USF	3	6	6	12
Radio Block excl.USF and BCS	181	268	312	428
BCS	40	16	16	16
Tail	4	4	4	-
Coded Bits	456	588	676	456
Punctured Bits	0	132	220	-
Data rate Kb/s	9.05	13.4	15.6	21.4

Table 32 Description of different encoding schemes

FCC Caution.

§ 15.19 Labelling requirements.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Body-worn Operation

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated withmini mum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

C.Appendix A A1.Requirement of FCC KDB 996369 D03 for module certification: 1.1List of applicable FCC rules: The module complies with FCC Part 2,22,24,27

1.2Summarize the specific operational use conditions:

SLM320 use the independent GPS chip, includes a fully integrated global navigation satellite system solution that supports GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou. It supports standard NMEA-0183 protocol.

1.3Limited module procedures:

The module does not have a standard antenna, which belong to Limited module Standard requires: Clear and specific instructions describing the conditions, limitations and procedures for third - parties to use and/or integrate the module into a host device (see Comprehensive integration instructions below).

Resolve: Supply example as follows:

Installation Notes:

1) SLM320-L Module Power supply range is DC 3.5V~4.2V, when you use SLM320-L Module design product, the power supply cannot exceed this range.

2) When connect SLM320-L Module to the host device, the host device must be power off.

3) Make sure the module pins correctly installed.

4) Make sure that the module does not allow users to replace or demolition.

5)All types of antennas that can be used with a transmitter: Max antenna gain not exceeding 3.5dBi in GSM850/1900

Max antenna gain not exceeding 5.1dBi in LTE band7 Max antenna gain not exceeding 3.9dBi in LTE band4

1.4Trace antenna designs: Not applicable.

1.5RF exposure considerations:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated withmini mum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

1.6Antennas:

The module does not have a standard antenna.

1.7Label and compliance information

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference. Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. Body-worn Operation This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated withmini mum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body The host product Labeling Requirements:

NOTICE: The host product must make sure that FCC labeling requirements are met. This includes clearly visible exterior label on the outside of the final product housing that displays the contents shown in below:

Contains FCC ID:2APJ4-SLM320-L

1.8Information on test modes and additional testing requirements:

When setting up the configuration, if the pairing and call box options for testing do not work, the tester needs to coordinate with the module manufacturer to access the test mode software.

1.9Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer:

The modular transmitter is only FCC authorized for the specific rule parts (FCC Part 2,22,24,27) list on the grant, and that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification.

1.10Information on test modes and additional testing requirements:

When testing, testers need to refer to the user manual, and the sample power supply needs to use a special adapter power supply.