

RF TEST REPORT Test Equipment : Smart Pulse U Model Name Smart Pulse U : FCC ID 2AOZVSMARTPULSEU : Date of receipt 2018.12.28 1 Test duration 2019.01.08 ~ 2019.01.14 : Date of issue 2019.01.21 3 : Medicore Co., Ltd. Applicant No.801~803, Joonganginnotech, 148, Sagimakgolro, Jungwon-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea Test Laboratory : Lab-T, Inc. 2182-42 Baegok-daero, Mohyeon-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si Gyeonggi-do 17036, South Korea Test specification : FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247 RF Output Power : 4.32 dBm Test result : Pass

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Tested by:

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1. Client Information

Applicant	:	Medicore Co., Ltd.
Address	:	No.801~803, Joonganginnotech, 148, Sagimakgolro, Jungwon-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea
Telephone No.	:	+82 2-2056-0671
Person in charge	:	Byung-kuk Yoo / bkyoo@medi-core.com
Manufacturer	÷	Medicore Co., Ltd.
Address	:	No.801~803, Joonganginnotech, 148, Sagimakgolro, Jungwon-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea

2. Laboratory Information

Test Laboratory	:	Lab-T, Inc.
Address	:	2182-42 Baegok-daero, Mohyeon-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si Gyeonggi-do 17036, South Korea
Telephone No.	:	+82 31-322-6767
Facsimile No.	:	+82 31-322-6768

<u>Certificate</u>

FCC Designation No.	:	KR0159
FCC Registration No.	:	133186



3. Information About Test Equipment

3.1 Equipment Information

Equipment type	Smart Pulse U
Equipment model name	Smart Pulse U
Equipment add model name	-
Frequency range	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Modulation type	GFSK
Modulation technology	Bluetooth LE
Power supply	DC 3.7 V
H/W version	v1.0.0
S/W version	v1.0.0

Note1: The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer.

3.2 Antenna Information

Antenna 1	Туре	Chip Antenna
Antenna i	Gain	1.47 dBi
Antenna 2	Туре	N/A
Antenna z	Gain	N/A

3.3 Test Frequency

Test mode	Test frequency (MHz)		
Test mode	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
Bluetooth LE	2 402	2 440	2 480



3.4 Tested Companion Device Information

Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Note	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	



4. Test Report

4.1 Summary

FCC Part 15						
Reference	Clause	Status				
Transmitter R	equirements					
15.203 15.247(b)(4)	Antenna Requirement	5.3.2	С			
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power	5.3.3	С			
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density		С			
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	5.3.2	С			
-	Occupied Bandwidth	5.3.7	С			
15.247(d) 15.205(a) 15.209(a)	Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands	5.3.8	С			
15.207(a) Conducted Emissions		5.3.9	С			
NOTE 1: C = Comply N/C = Not Comply N/T = Not Tested N/A = Not Applicable						

* The general test methods used to test this device is ANSI C63.10:2013

4.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Mesurement items		Expanded Uncertainty
RF Output Power	±0.75 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Power Spectral Density	±0.94 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±8.77 kHz	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Conducted Spurious Emissions	±0.40 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Radiated Spurious Emissions (1 GHz under)	±4.56 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Radiated Spurious Emissions (Above 1 GHz)	±4.46 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Conducted emission	±4.08 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)



4.3 Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
TRRFCC19-0002	19.01.21	Initial issue



4.4 Transmitter Requirements

4.4.1 Antenna Requirement

4.4.1.1 Regulation

Accoding to §15.203 An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Accoding to \$15.247(b)(4) e conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

4.4.1.2 Result

Comply

(The transmitter has a Internal Chip Antenna. The directional peak gain of the antenna is 1.47 dBi.)



4.4.2 Maximum Peak Output Power

4.4.2.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to \$15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

4.4.2.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 9.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

4.4.2.2.1 PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter.

The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector

4.4.2.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.2.4 Measurement data

Test mode : Bluetooth LE

	Average Power				
Frequency (MHz)					
2 402	4.32	30.00	25.68	4.01	
2 440	4.00	30.00	26.00	3.70	
2 480	3.58	30.00	26.42	3.31	

Note1:

Since the directional gain of the Chip Antenna declared by the manufacturer (GANT = 1.47 dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi ,there was no need to reduce the output power. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

Note2 :



4.4.3 Peak Power Spectral Density

4.4.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

4.4.3.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 10.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

4.4.3.2.1 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set the VBW \geq 3 RBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

4.4.3.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.3.4 Measurement data

Test mode : Bluetooth LE

Frequency (MHz)	Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2 402	-7.36	8.00	15.36
2 440	-8.50	8.00	16.50
2 480	-8.81	8.00	16.81

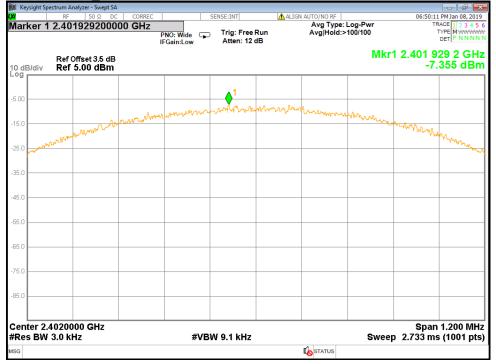
Note1 : Since the directional gain of the Chip Antenna declared by the manufacturer (GANT = 1.47 dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi ,there was no need to reduce the output power.

Note2: We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.



4.4.3.5 Test Plot

Test mode : Bluetooth LE 2 402 MHz



Test mode : Bluetooth LE_2 440 MHz

📕 Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA				
NF 50 Ω DC Marker 1 2.43996370000		SENSE:INT	ALIGN AUTO/NO RF	06:51:14 PM Jan 08, 2019 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6
Marker 1 2.43996370000	JU GHZ PNO: Wide IFGain:Low	Trig: Free Run Atten: 12 dB		TYPE MWWWW DET P N N N N N
Ref Offset 3.5 dB 10 dB/div Ref 5.00 dBm			Mkr	l 2.439 963 7 GHz -8.497 dBm
-5.00		1		
-15.0	Mahamakan hanna	AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-AD-A	we was a property of the way that was a fear of the second	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
-25.0 Amman Barrow			www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.ww	Marine Marine
-35.0				
-45.0				
-55.0				
-65.0				
-75.0				
-85.0				
Center 2.4400000 GHz				Span 1.100 MHz
#Res BW 3.0 kHz	#VE	3W 9.1 kHz	Sweet	o 2.533 ms (1001 pts)



Test mode : Bluetooth LE 2 480 MHz





4.4.4 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Bandwidth)

4.4.4.1 Regulation

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.4.4.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 8.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

4.4.4.2.1 DTS Channel Bandwidth-Option 1

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.

g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

4.4.4.2.2 DTS Channel Bandwidth Measurement Procedure-Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq 3 RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \geq 6 dB.

4.4.4.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.4.4 Measurement data

Test mode : Bluetooth LE

Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Min. Limit (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwith)(MHz)
2 402	0.77	0.50	1.10
2 440	0.68	0.50	1.09
2 480	0.72	0.50	1.08

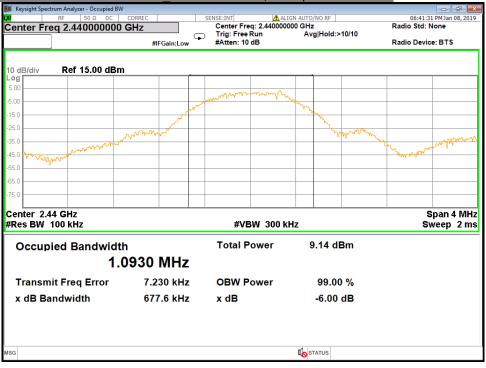


4.4.4.5 Test Plot



Test mode : Bluetooth LE / 2 402 MHz_6 dB Bandwidth, Occupied Bandwidth

Test mode : Bluetooth LE / 2 440 MHz_6 dB Bandwidth, Occupied Bandwidth





Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BV	CORREC	SENSE:INT	IGN AUTO/NO RF	06:44:36 PM Jan 08, 20
Center Freq 2.480000000		Center Freq: 2.480000	000 GHz	Radio Std: None
	#IFGain:Low	⊃ Trig: Free Run #Atten: 10 dB	Avg Hold:>10/10	Radio Device: BTS
10 dB/div Ref 15.00 dBn	n			
5.00				
-5.00		Mary Mary Correction and Caller	N	
-15.0	- A A		Mr.	
-25.0			h h	
-35.0	Mar Warder		som war	w
-45.0				muna
-55.0				- March
-65.0				
-75.0				
Center 2.48 GHz				Span 4 Mł
#Res BW 100 kHz		#VBW 300 k	Hz	Sweep 2 n
Occupied Bandwidt	h	Total Power	8.97 dBm	
1.	0805 MHz			
Transmit Freq Error	6.734 kHz	OBW Power	99.00 %	
x dB Bandwidth	719.4 kHz	x dB	-6.00 dB	

Test mode : Bluetooth LE / 2 480 MHz_6 dB Bandwidth, Occupied Bandwidth



4.4.5 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands

4.4.5.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d) in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall notexceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency(MHz)	Field strength(microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance(meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shallnot be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.



According to §15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525 25	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	156.7 - 156.9	2 690 – 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 260 – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	240 - 285	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	322 - 335.4	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurement

4.4.5.2 Measurement Procedure

4.4.5.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

4.4.5.2.1.1 Reference Level Measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.





4.4.5.2.1.2 Emissions Level Measurement

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 3) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 4) Detector = peak.
- 5) Ensure that the number of measurement points \geq span/RBW
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b).

Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

4.4.5.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

1) Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.

Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

2) RBW = 100 kHz

3) VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

4) Sweep = auto

5) Detector function = peak

6) Trace = max hold

7) Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.

8) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated.

The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

4.4.5.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

1) The preliminary and final rdiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in at a 10m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.

2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8 m height or 1.5 m height non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.

3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1 000 MHz using the TRILOG broadband antenna, and from 1 000 MHz to 26 500 MHz using the horn antenna.

4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

- NOTE1: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- NOTE2 : The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.

The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the vide bandwidth is 1 kHz(1/T) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz. (where T= pulse width)

NOTE3 : The 0.8 m height is for below 1 GHz testing, and 1.5 m is for above 1 GHz testing

4.4.5.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.5.4 Measurement data	Radiated Spurious Emissions

Toot mode .	Test mode : Delow 1 Onz (Worst case : Didetootin LL / Lowest inequency)									
Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Ant Factor (dB)	Loss (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)		
192.001	QP	V	35.1	16.3	-27.9	23.5	43.5	20.0		
194.290	QP	V	36.2	16.2	-27.8	24.6	43.5	18.9		
300.003	QP	V	34.5	19.5	-27.1	26.9	46.0	19.1		
323.103	QP	V	36.0	19.9	-27.1	28.8	46.0	17.2		
323.115	QP	Н	33.8	19.9	-27.1	26.6	46.0	19.4		
349.998	QP	V	34.4	20.4	-27.2	27.6	46.0	18.4		
449.999	QP	V	32.1	23.1	-27.0	28.2	46.0	17.8		
453.422	QP	V	30.2	23.2	-27.0	26.4	46.0	19.6		

Test mode : Below 1 GHz (Worst case : Bluetooth LE / Lowest Frequency)

Note 1 :

Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss Below 30 MHz is not detected. Note 2 : Note 3 :



Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Ant Factor (dB)	Loss (dB)	Dutycycle Factor (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 191.25	PK	V	60.7	31.6	-25.8	-	66.5	83.5	17.0
2 191.25	AV	V	29.0	31.6	-25.8	0.00	34.8	63.5	28.7
2 204 76	PK	V	60.1	31.9	-25.5	-	66.5	83.5	17.0
2 394.76	AV	V	30.4	31.9	-25.5	0.00	36.8	63.5	26.7
2 486.99	PK	V	56.7	32.0	-25.3	-	63.4	83.5	20.1
0.505.50	PK	V	59.1	32.1	-25.3	-	65.9	83.5	17.6
2 525.50	AV	V	29.4	32.1	-25.3	0.00	36.2	63.5	27.3
7 004 40	PK	V	49.7	35.5	-20.3	-	64.9	83.5	18.6
7 204.13	AV	V	44.1	35.5	-20.3	0.00	59.3	63.5	4.2
7 205 46	PK	Н	48.2	35.5	-20.3	-	63.4	83.5	20.1
7 205.46	AV	Н	43.0	35.5	-20.3	0.00	58.2	63.5	5.3
Above 18 GHz	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Test mode : Bluetooth LE_Above 1 GHz / Lowest Frequency

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain + Site Factor

Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss

Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7 Note 3 :

Note 4 :

Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m

Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54

Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54

Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.



Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Ant Factor (dB)	Loss (dB)	Dutycycle Factor (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 206 51	PK	V	59.6	31.9	-25.5	-	66.0	83.5	17.5
2 396.51	AV	V	29.1	31.9	-25.5	0.00	35.5	63.5	28.0
2 398.00	PK	V	56.7	31.9	-25.5	-	63.1	83.5	20.4
7 318.07	PK	Н	50.3	35.5	-20.2	-	65.6	83.5	17.9
7 310.07	AV	Н	44.8	35.5	-20.2	0.00	60.1	63.5	3.4
7 318.50	PK	V	51.7	35.5	-20.2	-	67.0	83.5	24.2
7 318.50	AV	V	45.8	35.5	-20.2	0.00	61.1	63.5	2.4
Above 18 GHz	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Test mode : Bluetooth LE_Above 1 GHz / Middle Frequency

Note 1 : Note 2 :

Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain + Site Factor Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7 Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54 Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (9.54) = 83.54 Note 3 :

Note 4 :

Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54

Note 5 :

Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54 Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.



Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Ant Factor (dB)	Loss (dB)	Dutycycle Factor (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
1 064.25	PK	V	62.1	28.8	-28.9	-	62.0	83.5	21.5
0.400.05	PK	V	57.9	32.0	-25.3	-	64.6	83.5	18.9
2 489.25	AV	V	30.0	32.0	-25.3	0.00	36.7	63.5	26.8
2 536.25	PK	V	55.1	32.1	-25.3	-	61.9	83.5	21.6
7 400 00	PK	V	49.9	35.6	-20.0	-	65.5	83.5	18.0
7 438.92	AV	V	42.2	35.6	-20.0	0.00	57.8	63.5	5.7
7 400 07	PK	Н	49.8	35.6	-20.0	-	65.4	83.5	18.1
7 439.27	AV	Н	41.8	35.6	-20.0	0.00	57.4	63.5	6.1
Above 18 GHz	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Test mode : Bluetooth LE_Above 1 GHz / Highest Frequency

Note 1 :

Note 2 :

Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain + Site Factor Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7 Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m Note 3 :

Note 4 :

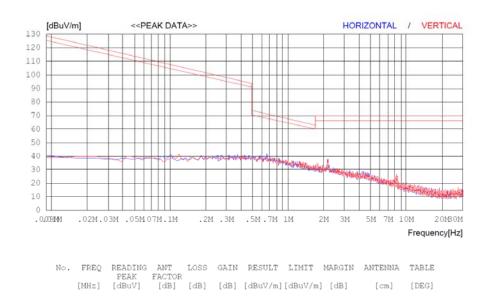
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54

- Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 (-9.54) = 83.54Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 (-9.54) = 63.54

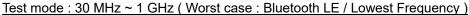
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.

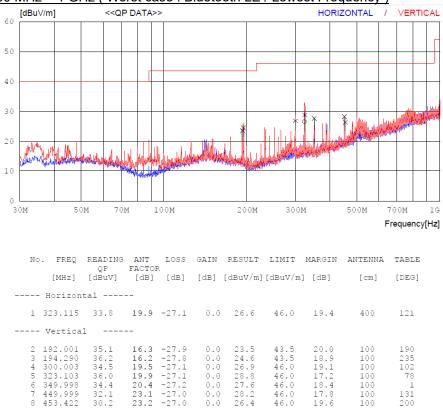


4.4.5.5 Measurement Plot_Radiated Spurious Emissions

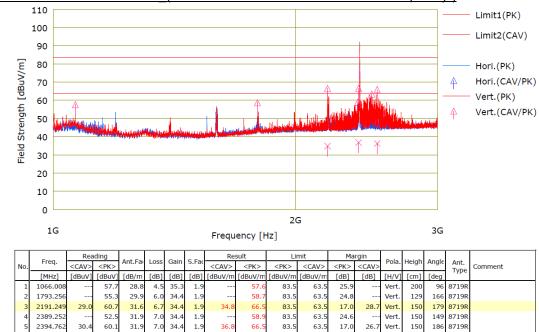


Test mode : 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz (Worst case : Bluetooth LE / Lowest Frequency)









63

83.5

83.

63.5 20.1

63.

17.6 27.3 Vert. 150 164 8719R

Vert. 129 158 8719F

Test mode : 1 GHz ~ 3 GHz (Worst case : Bluetooth LE / Lowest Frequency)

Note 1 : Measured distance : 1 m

2486.99

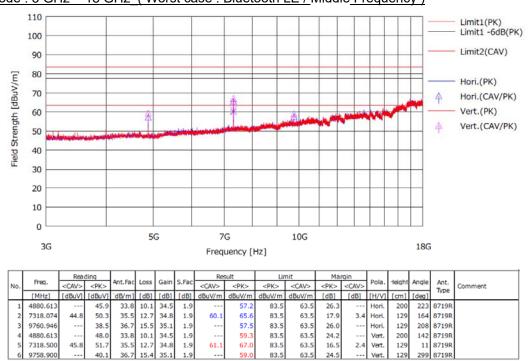
2525.50

Note 2 : Limit : Peak : 83.5 dBµV/m

56.7 32.0

59.1 32.

Average : 63.5 dBµV/m



Test mode : 3 GHz ~ 18 GHz (Worst case : Bluetooth LE / Middle Frequency)

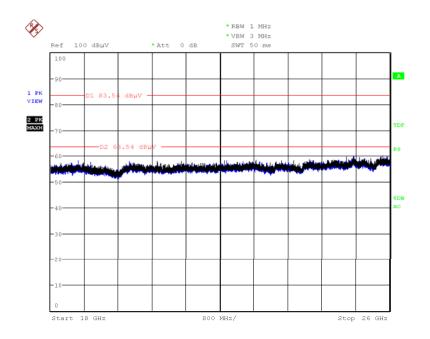
34.4 1.9

34

7.

Note 1 : Note 2 : Measured distance : 1 m Limit : Peak : 83.5 dBµV/m Average : 63.5 dBµV/m





Test mode : 18 GHz ~ 25 GHz Peak (Worst case : Bluetooth LE / Lowest Frequency)

Date: 10.JAN.2019 15:40:48

Note 1 : Measured distance : 1 m

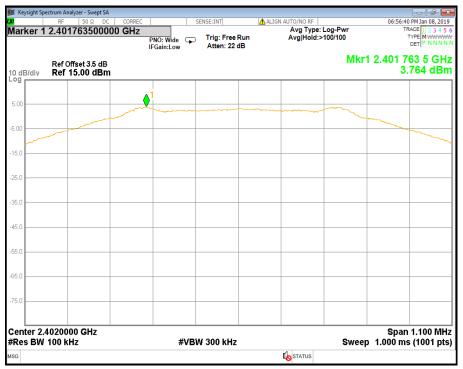
Note 2 : Limit : Peak : 83.5 dBµV/m

Average : 63.5 dBµV/m

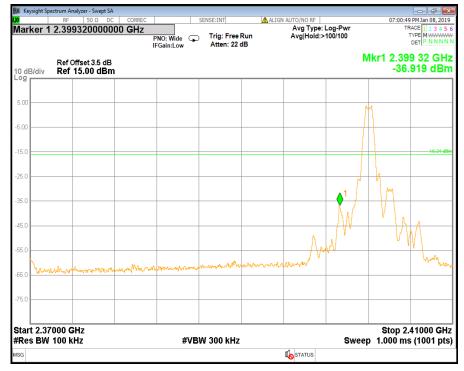


4.4.5.6 Measurement data_Conducted Spurious Emissions



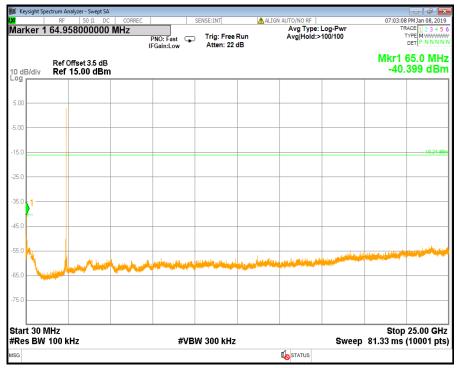


Test mode : Bluetooth LE / Lowest Frequency_Bandedge



Note: Limit : 3.76 dBm - 20 dB = -16.24 dBm





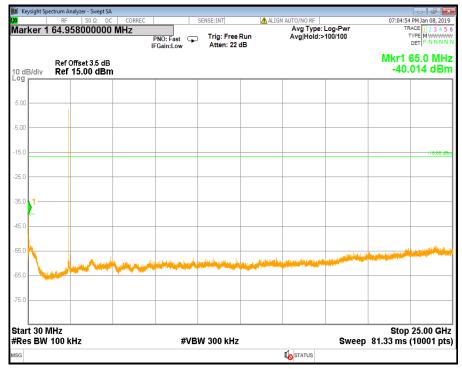
Test mode : Bluetooth LE / Lowest Frequency Conducted Spurious Emission

Note: Limit : 3.76 dBm - 20 dB = -16.24 dBm

Marker 1 2.4402		PNO: Wide Trig: IFGain:Low Atte	Avg Type	e: Log-Pwr :>100/100	57:23 PM Jan 08, 2019 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 TYPE M WWWW DET P NNNN
	et 3.5 dB .00 dBm			Mkr1 2.44	249 7 GH 3.339 dBr
5.00				↓ 1	
5.00	~~~~~				
15.0					
25.0					
35.0					
45.0					
55.0					
65.0					
75.0					
Center 2.4400000 #Res BW 100 kHz		#VBW 300	kHz	Sı Sweep 1.000	oan 1.100 MH ms (1001 pt

|--|





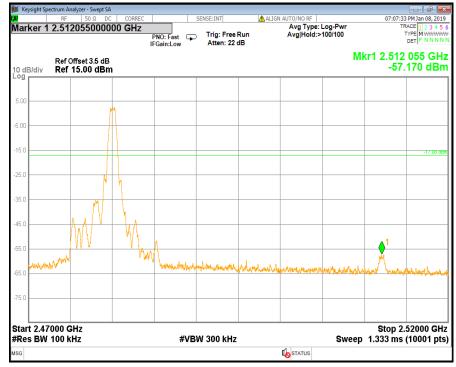
Test mode : Bluetooth LE / Middle Frequency Conducted Spurious Emission

Note: Limit : 3.34 dBm - 20 dB = -16.66 dBm

XI	pectrum Analyzer - Swept SA RF 50 Ω Di 1 2.4797536000	c correc	SENSE:INT	ALIGN AUTO/NO RF Avg Type: Run Avg Hold:>	Log-Pwr 100/100	06:58:01 PM Jan 08, 201 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 TYPE M WWWW
		PNO: W IFGain:I		B		DET P NNN
I0 dB/div	Ref Offset 3.5 dB Ref 15.00 dBn	n			Mkr1 2.	479 753 6 GH 2.921 dBi
		A 1				
5.00		man man			m	
5.00						mon marine
15.0						
25.0						
35.0						
45.0						
55.0						
55.0						
75.0						
	.4800000 GHz / 100 kHz		#VBW 300 kHz		Sween 1	Span 1.100 MH 000 ms (1001 pt
SG SG			#VBW 300 KHZ		0466b 1.	000 ma (1001 pt

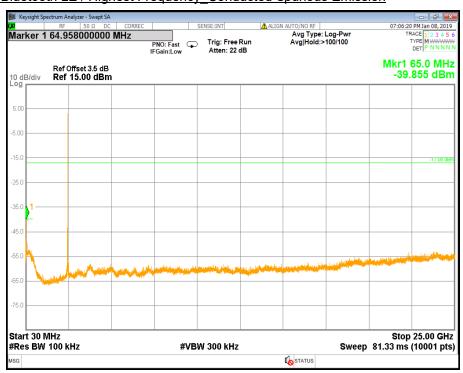
Test mode : Bluetooth LE / Highest Frequency_Reference





Test mode : Bluetooth LE / Highest Frequency_Bandedge

Note: Limit : 2.92 dBm - 20 dB = -17.08 dBm



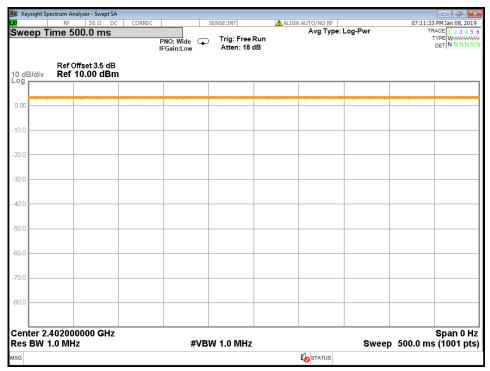
Test mode : Bluetooth LE / Highest Frequency_Conducted Spurious Emission

Note: Limit : 2.92 dBm - 20 dB = -17.08 dBm



4.4.5.7 Measurement Plot_Dutycycle

Test mode : Bluetooth LE



Note

duty cycle : 100 % / Average Factor : 20log(1 / 1) = 0.00



4.4.6 Conducted Emission

4.4.6.1 Regulation

According to §15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of omission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)				
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Qausi-peak	Average			
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *			
0.5 – 5	56	46			
5 - 30	60	50			

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

According to §15.107(a), for unintentional device, except for Class A digital devices, line conducted emission limits are the same as the above table.

4.4.6.2 Measurement Procedure

1) The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5 m away from the side wall of the shielded room.

2) Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.

3) Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.

4) The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.

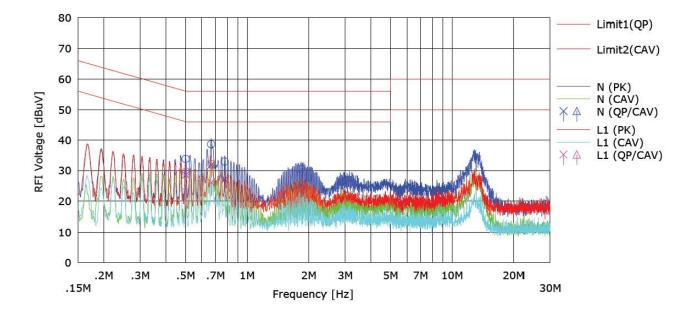
5) The measurements were made with the detector set to PEAK amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to QUASIPEAK and AVERAGE within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

4.4.6.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.6.4 Measurement data



NO	FREQ	READ	ING	C.FACTOR	RES	ULT	LIM	IIT	MAF	GIN	PHASE
	[MHz]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	[dB]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	
1	0.50044	13.9	8.7	19.9	33.8	28.6	56.0	46.0	22.2	17.4	N
2	0.66754	18.6	11.9	20.0	38.6	31.9	56.0	46.0	17.4	14.1	N
3	0.77681	12.9	7.1	20.0	32.9	27.1	56.0	46.0	23.1	18.9	N
4	1.83401	10.7	5.5	19.9	30.6	25.4	56.0	46.0	25.4	20.6	N
5	0.50111	9.6	3.2	19.9	29.5	23.1	56.0	46.0	26.5	22.9	L1
6	0.66783	12.1	6.1	20.0	32.1	26.1	56.0	46.0	23.9	19.9	L1





APPENDIX I

TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS



Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date (yy.mm.dd)	Next Cal.Date (yy.mm.dd)
PXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9030A	MY54410264	2019.01.10	2020.01.10
Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2022XA	MY55320008	2018.08.17	2019.08.17
Dynamic Mesurement DC Source	HP	66332A	US37471465	2019.01.10	2020.01.10
Digital MultiMeter	HP	34401A	US36025428	2019.01.10	2020.01.10
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	178384	2018.10.15	2019.10.15
ATTENUATOR	INMET	26A-3	TR007	2018.10.12	2019.10.12
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESU40	100445	2018.12.14	2019.12.14
BiLog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9160	9160-3381	2017.06.15	2019.06.15
Preamplifier	TSJ	MLA-10k01- b01-27	1870369	2018.04.23	2019.04.23
Antenna Mast(10 m)	TOKIN	5977	-	-	-
Antenna Mast(10 m)	Innco	MA4640- XPET-0800	578	-	-
Controller(10 m)	ΤΟΚΙΝ	5909L	141909L-1	-	-
Controller(10 m)	Innco	CO3000	40040217	-	-
Turn Table(10 m)	TOKIN	5983-1.5	-	-	-
10 m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	SY CORPORATION	-	-	-	-
Active Loop H-Field	ETS	6502	00150598	2017.06.01	2019.06.01
Double Ridege Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00168719	2017.09.01	2019.09.01
Double Ridege Horn Antenna	A.H Systems, Inc	SAS-574	465	2017.04.25	2019.04.25
PREAMPLIFIER	Agilent	8449B	3008A02110	2019.01.14	2020.01.14
PREAMPLIFIER	A.H Systems, Inc	PAM-1840VH	166	2019.01.14	2020.01.14
Band Reject Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WRCGV10- 2363.5-2400- 2483.5-2520 60SS	7	2018.04.23	2019.04.23
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESR7	101440	2018.04.24	2019.04.24
LISN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ENV216	101883	2018.04.24	2019.04.24
Pulse Limiter	Schwarzbeck	VTSD 9561-F	9561-F189	2018.04.23	2019.04.23

To facilitate inclusion on each page of the test equipment used for related tests, each item of test equipment.