



FCC TEST REPORT

Test report
On Behalf of
Shenzhen SEI Robotics Co., Ltd.
For
SEI400DN
Model No.: SN8BABX(X=A TO Z)

•

FCC ID: 2AOVU-SN8BABX

Prepared for: Shenzhen SEI Robotics Co., Ltd.

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Shenzhen, China

Prepared By: Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

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Date of Test: May 9, 2019~ May 15, 2019

Date of Report: May 16, 2019

Report Number: HK1905151042-E2





TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name S	henzhen SEI Robotics Co., Ltd.
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Manufacture's Name S	
Address 50	01, Block A, Productivity Building #5 Hi-tech Middle 2nd Road,
Product description	anshan District, Shenzhen, China
·	EI
Product name S	
Model and/or type reference .: S	
••	CC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 NSI C63.10: 2013
source of the material. Shenzhen and will not assume liability for reproduced material due to its place. Date of Test	:
, , -	: May 9, 2019~ May 15, 2019
Date of Issue Test Result	•
Testing Engineer	r: Gary Qian)
Technical Manag	ger: Edan Hu (Eden Hu)
Authorized Signa	Jason Zhou)
	(Jason Zhou)





Revision History

Revision	Issue Date Revisions		Revised By
000	May 16, 2019	Initial Issue	Jason Zhou



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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT : SEI400DN

Model Number : SN8BABX(X=A TO Z)

PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same. Model Declaration

Only models name is different for these models.

Test Model : SN8BABH

Power Supply : DC 5V by adapter

Hardware version : SMB.195.04 Software version : Android 9.0

Bluetooth Version : V4.2

79 Channels for Bluetooth V3.0(DSS) Channel Number

40 Channels for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)

GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V3.0(DSS) Modulation Technology

GFSK for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)

Bluetooth V3.0(DSS): 1~3Mbps **Data Rates**

Bluetooth V4.2(DTS): 1Mbps

WLAN : Supported IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac

> IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz

IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz / 5180-5240MHz /

IEEE 802.11n HT40:2422-2452MHz / 5190-5230MHz /

5745-5825MHz

WLAN FCC Operation

Frequency 5755-5795MHz

IEEE 802.11a: 5180-5240MHz / 5745-5825MHz

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20: 5180-5240MHz / 5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11ac VHT40: 5190-5230MHz / 5755-5795MHz

IEEE 802.11ac VHT80: 5210MHz / 5775MHz

11 Channels for 2412-2462MHz(IEEE 802.11b/g/n HT20) 7 Channels for 2422-2452MHz(IEEE 802.11n HT40)

4 Channels for 5180-5240MHz (IEEE 802.11a/ac VHT20/n HT20) 2 Channels for 5190-5230MHz (IEEE 802.11ac VHT40/n HT40)

WLAN Channel Number 1 Channels for 5210MHz (IEEE 802.11ac VHT80)

> 5 Channels for 5745-5825MHz(IEEE 802.11a/ac VHT20/n HT20) 2 Channels for 5755-5795MHz(IEEE 802.11ac VHT40/n HT40)

1 Channels for 5775MHz(IEEE 802.11ac VHT80)

IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK)

IEEE 802.11q: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) : IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)

WLAN Modulation Technology IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)

IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)

Three Antennas: Internal Antenna 0:

2.5 dBi(Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 2.4G Band), 3.3 dBi(Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 5G Band)

: Internal Antenna 1: Antenna Type And Gain

> 4.07 dBi(Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 2.4G Band), 2.8 dBi(Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 5G Band)

Internal Antenna 2: 3.10 dBi(Max.), for TX/RX (Bluetooth), 802.11n/ac support 2T2R.[Antenna 0 and Antenna 1]



Directional Gain

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6.37 dBi for MIMO(2.4G Band) 6.1 dBi for MIMO(5G Band)

Note: Antenna position refer to EUT Photos.

1.2. Host System Configuration List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Aohai	Adapter	A18A-0501 00U-US2	N/A	N/A

1.3. External I/O Port

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
USB Port	1	1m, unshielded
HDMI Port	1	N/A

1.4. Description of Test Facility

Designation Number: CN1229

Test Firm Registration Number: 616276

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR

16-1-4:2010

1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the HUAK quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
		9KHz~30MHz	±3.08dB	(1)
Radiation Uncertainty		30MHz~1000MHz	±4.42dB	(1)
		1GHz~40GHz	±4.06dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty		150kHz~30MHz	±2.23dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.



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Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 kHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power that was determined to be **IEEE 802.11a** mode (High Channel).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9kHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be **IEEE 802.11a mode(High Channel)**.

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11a Mode: 6 Mbps, OFDM. IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Mode: MCS0 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0. IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Mode: MCS0. IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode: MCS0. IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Mode: MCS0.

Antenna & Bandwidth

Antenna	S	Single (Port.1	1)	Two (Port.1 + Port.2)			
Bandwidth Mode	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz	
IEEE 802.11a				\square			
IEEE 802.11n				\square	\square		
IEEE 802.11ac				\square	\square	\square	





2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 and KDB 662911 are required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 UII device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E

2.3. General Test Procedures

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013





3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (MP Tool) provided by application.

3.3. Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/ unshielded	Notes
1	TV	AOC	280LM000 03	JVVGJA00030 7	1	1	1

3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

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4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E								
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result						
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant						
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant						
§15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	Compliant						
§15.407(a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant						
§15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant						
§15.407(b)	Band edge Emissions	Compliant						
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant						
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	N/A						
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant						
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant						
\$ 2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant						

Note: The customer declared frequency stability is better than 20ppm which ensures that the signal remains in the allocated bands under all operational conditions stated in the user manual.





5. TEST RESULT

5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

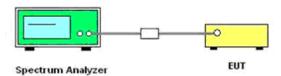
5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

5.1.3. Test Procedures

- 1. Set the centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
- 2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=10MHz, VBW=10MHz, Sweep time=5ms;
- 3. Detector = peak;
- 4. Trace mode = Single hold.

5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



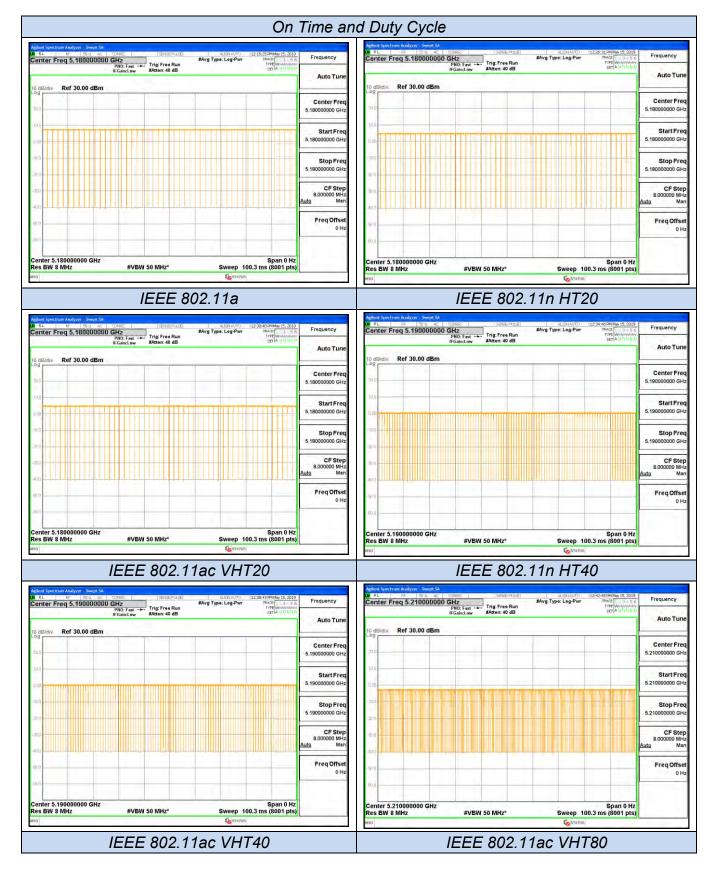
5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.1.6. Test result

Mode	On Time Points	Total Sweep points	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correctio n Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW (KHz)
IEEE 802.11a	7844	8001	98.04	0.09	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT20	7831	8001	97.88	0.09	0.010
IEEE 802.11ac HT20	7836	8001	97.94	0.09	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT40	7666	8001	95.81	0.19	0.010
IEEE 802.11ac HT40	7670	8001	95.86	0.18	0.010
IEEE 802.11ac HT80	7350	8001	91.86	0.37	0.010









5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

5.2.1. Standard Applicable

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

5.2.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB 789033 D02 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

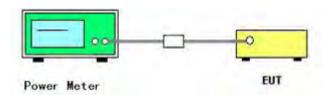
- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
 - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.





- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10 log (1/x) where x is the duty cycle (e.g., 10 log (1/0.25) if the duty cycle is 25%).

5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

Temperature	25.1℃	Humidity	52.4%		
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac		

Test	Channel	Frequency		Measured Conducte Average Power (dBr		Duty Cycle	Averag	Report je Power (d	Bm)	Limits	Verdict
Mode	Charine	(MHz)	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum	factor (dB)	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum	(dBm)	Verdict
IEEE	36	5180	11.00	10.97	1	0.09	11.09	11.06	1		
802.11a	40	5200	12.01	11.87	1	0.09	12.10	11.96	1	24.00	PASS
002.11a	48	5240	13.68	12.90	/	0.09	13.77	12.99	1		
IEEE	36	5180	8.57	8.21	11.40	0.09	8.66	8.30	11.49		
802.11n	40	5200	9.62	8.16	11.96	0.09	9.71	8.25	12.05	24.00	PASS
HT20	48	5240	10.78	9.69	13.28	0.09	10.87	9.78	13.37		
IEEE	36	5180	7.79	8.42	11.13	0.09	7.88	8.51	11.22		
802.11ac	40	5200	9.61	6.92	11.48	0.09	9.70	7.01	11.57	24.00	PASS
VHT20	48	5240	10.84	9.87	13.39	0.09	10.93	9.96	13.48		
IEEE	38	5190	7.25	8.69	11.04	0.19	7.44	8.88	11.23		
802.11n HT40	46	5230	7.72	10.83	12.56	0.19	7.91	11.02	12.75	24.00	PASS
IEEE	38	5190	7.11	5.28	9.30	0.18	7.29	5.46	9.48		
802.11ac VHT40	46	5230	8.67	6.83	10.86	0.18	8.85	7.01	11.04	24.00	PASS
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	5.99	4.77	8.43	0.37	6.36	5.14	8.80	24.00	PASS

Remark:

- 1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11a VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;

Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + ... + 10^{GN/10})/N_{ANT}]$ dBi, where antenna gains given by G1, G2, ..., GN dBi, N_{ANT} is the antennas total Number.

- 5. Directional Gain =4.00 dBi < 6dBi; no need reduce power limit;
- 6. Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;





5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

5.3.1. Standard Applicable

For 5150~5250MHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1
- Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

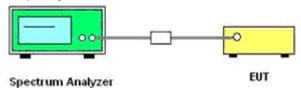
5.3.3. Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
- 2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
- 3. Set the RBW = 1MHz.
- 4. Set the VBW ≥ 3MHz
- 5. Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- 6. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW/2}$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- 7. Manually set sweep time $\geq 10 \times \text{(number of points in sweep)} \times \text{(total on/off period of the transmitted signal)}$.
- 8. Set detector = power averaging (rms).
- 9. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 10. Trace mode = max hold.
- 11. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 12. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively,
- 13. Add 10 $\log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add 10 $\log (1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25%.
- 14. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 1MHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.





5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

6.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

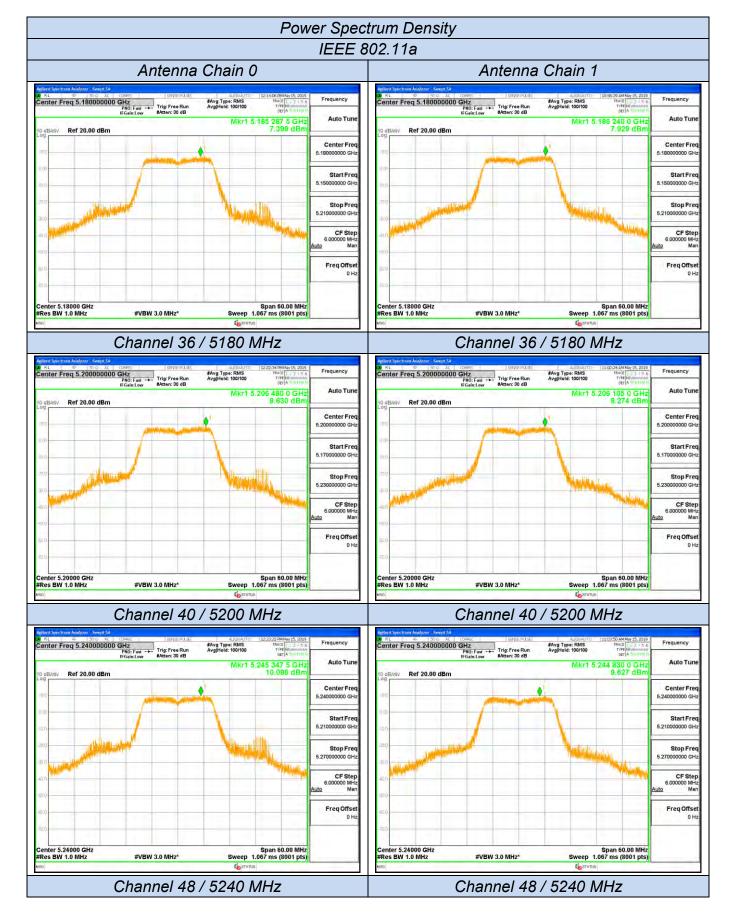
Temperature	25.1℃	Humidity	52.4%		
Test Engineer	Test Engineer Gary Qian		IEEE 802.11a/n/ac		

Test	Frequency		Measured Conducted PSD (dBm/MHz)		Duty Report Conducted PSD Cycle (dBm/MHz)			PSD	Mandiat		
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum	factor (dB)	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum	Limits (dBm/MHz)	Verdict
IEEE	36	5180	7.40	7.93	/	0.09	7.49	8.02	1		
IEEE 802.11a	40	5200	8.63	8.27	/	0.09	8.72	8.36	1	11.00	PASS
002.11a	48	5240	10.09	9.63	/	0.09	10.18	9.72	1		
IEEE	36	5180	4.80	4.92	7.87	0.09	4.89	5.01	7.96		
802.11n	40	5200	6.00	5.09	8.58	0.09	6.09	5.18	8.67	11.00	PASS
HT20	48	5240	7.38	6.80	10.10	0.09	7.47	6.89	10.19		
IEEE	36	5180	4.68	5.22	7.97	0.09	4.77	5.31	8.06		
802.11ac	40	5200	5.87	3.65	7.91	0.09	5.96	3.74	8.00	11.00	PASS
VHT20	48	5240	7.43	6.92	10.19	0.09	7.52	7.01	10.28		
IEEE 802.11n	38	5190	1.05	-0.59	3.32	0.19	1.24	-0.40	3.51	11.00	PASS
HT40	46	5230	2.65	-0.19	4.47	0.19	2.84	0.00	4.66		
IEEE 802.11ac	38	5190	0.70	-0.53	3.14	0.18	0.88	-0.35	3.32	11.00	PASS
VHT40	46	5230	2.35	1.30	4.87	0.18	2.53	1.48	5.05	11.00	FASS
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	-1.19	-2.75	1.11	0.37	-0.82	-2.38	1.48	11.00	PASS

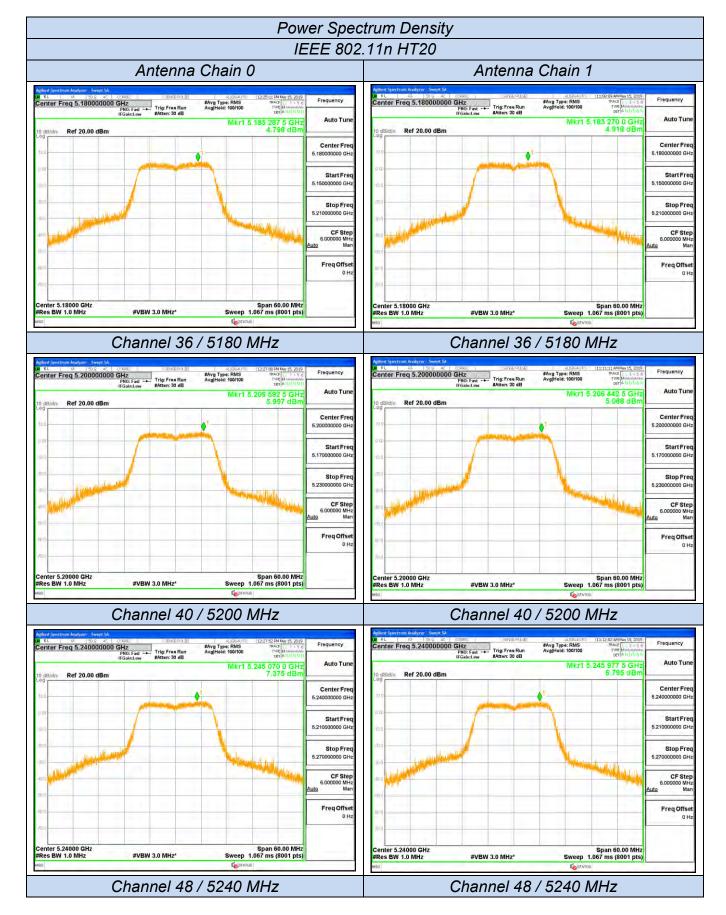
Remark:

- 1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. For MIMO with CCD technology device: Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + ... + 10^{GN/10})/N_{ANT}]$ dBi,where antenna gains given by G1, G2, ..., GN dBi, N_{ANT} is the antennas total Number
- 5. Directional Gain = 4.00 dBi < 6dBi;; no need reduce power spectrum density limit;
- 6. Report conducted PSD = Measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor;
- 7. Please refer to following test plots;

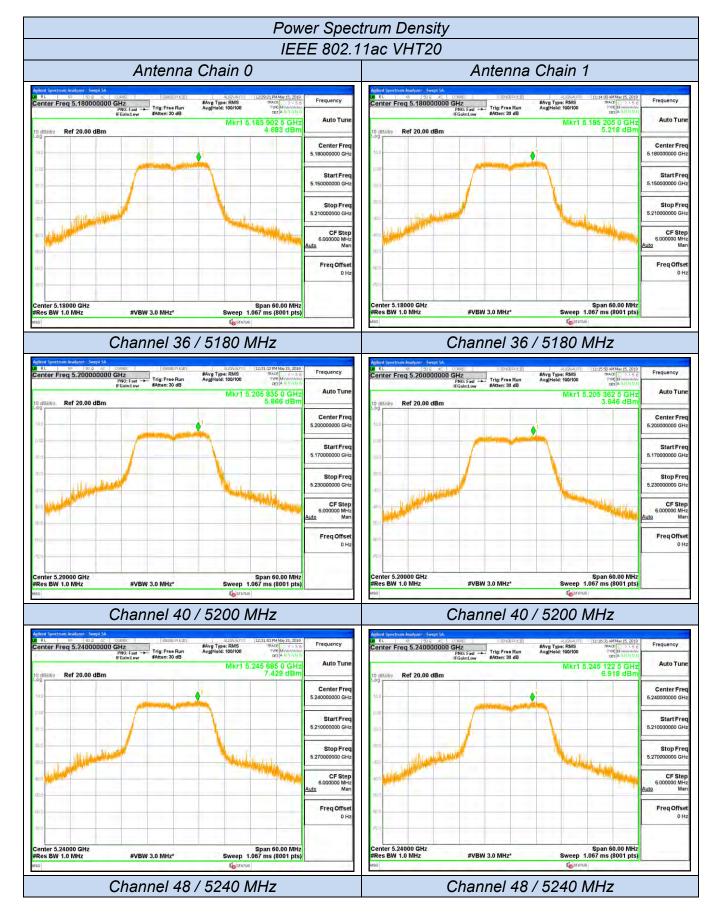






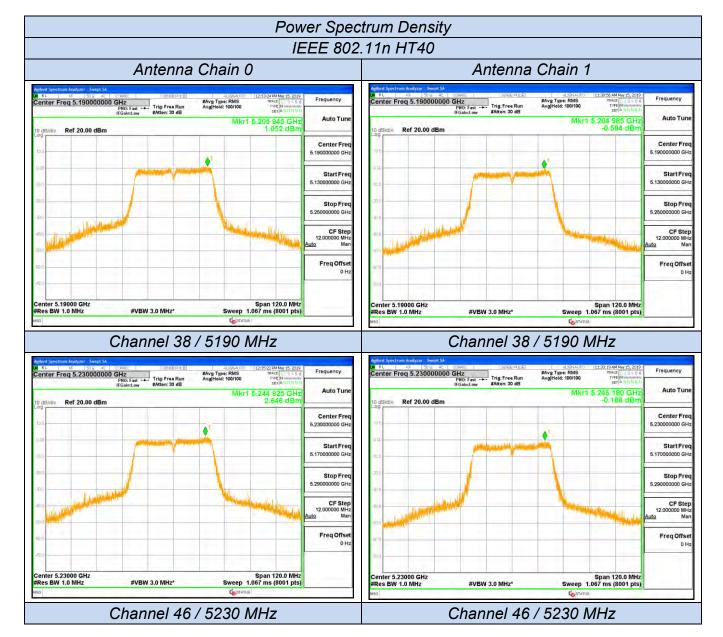






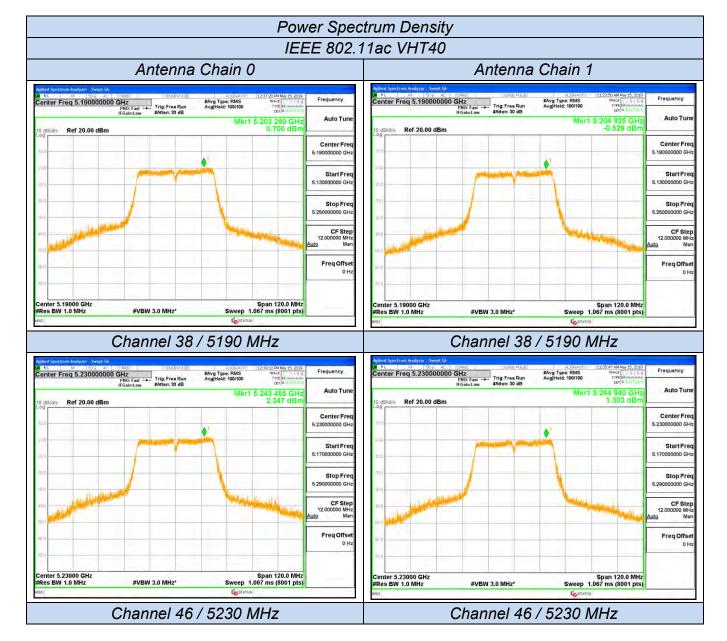






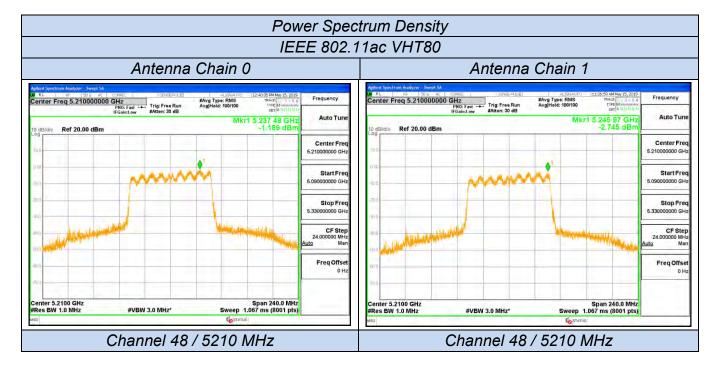
















5.4. 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Emission Bandwidth

Measurement

5.4.1. Standard Applicable

No restriction limits. But resolution bandwidth within band edge measurement is 1% of the 99% occupied bandwidth.

5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

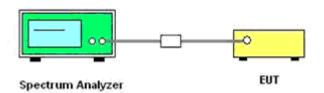
Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

opodiani / maryzon.	
Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	100ms
5	

5.4.3. Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
- 2. Set the RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- 3. Set the VBW ≥ 3 * RBW
- 4. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 26dB below carrier.

5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.4.6. Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Emission Bandwidth

Temperature	Temperature 25.1℃		52.4%		
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac		

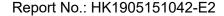




Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)		99% Bandwidth (MHz)		Limits	Verdict
Tost mode	Onamici	(MHz)	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	(MHz)	Voralist
	36	5180	19.48	20.13	16.86	16.84		PASS
IEEE 802.11a	40	5200	19.96	20.00	16.90	16.94	No Limit	
	48	5240	19.67	20.07	16.91	16.94		
IEEE 000 11p	36	5180	21.47	20.72	17.79	17.84	No Limit	PASS
IEEE 802.11n HT20	40	5200	20.62	21.00	17.81	17.79		
П120	48	5240	21.58	20.56	17.82	17.84		
IEEE 000 1100	36	5180	20.62	20.86	17.75	17.77	No Limit	PASS
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	40	5200	20.53	20.43	17.80	17.82		
V П 1 2 0	48	5240	20.99	20.79	17.79	17.79		
IEEE 802.11n	38	5190	42.59	43.00	36.81	36.79	No Limit	PASS
HT40	46	5230	41.75	42.85	36.81	36.69		
IEEE 802.11ac	38	5190	42.14	42.02	36.79	36.76	No Limit	PASS
VHT40	46	5230	42.59	41.67	36.73	36.79		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	82.58	81.97	75.81	75.85	No Limit	PASS

Remark:

- 1. Measured 99% and 26dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. Please refer to following test plots;





















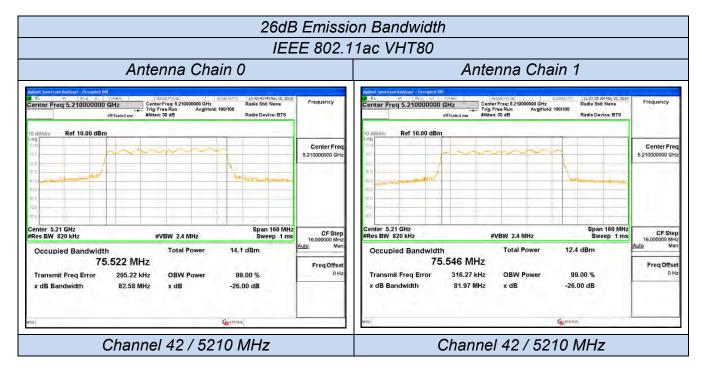








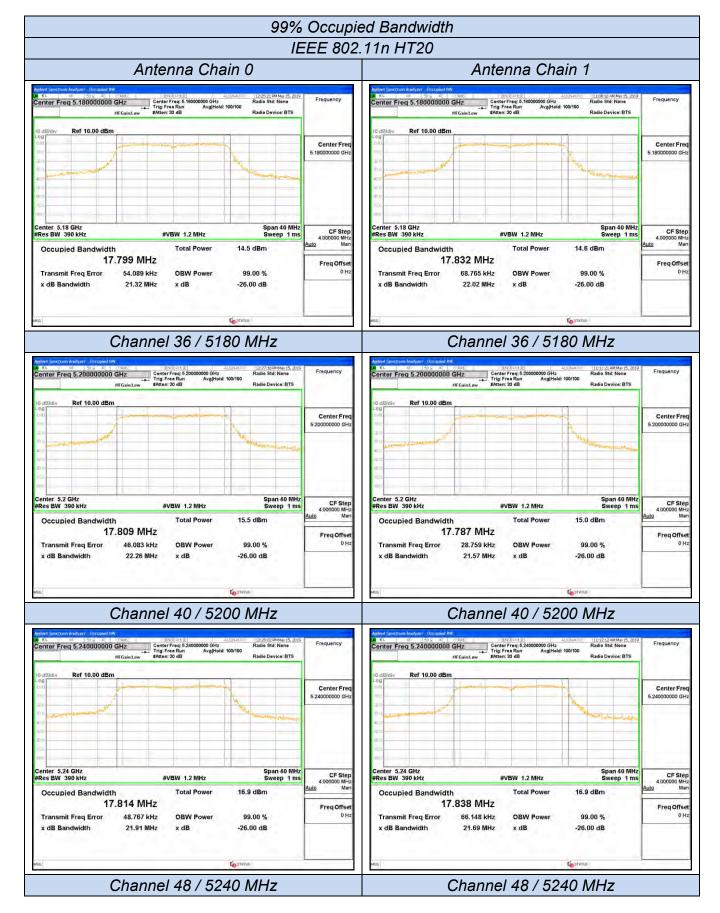






















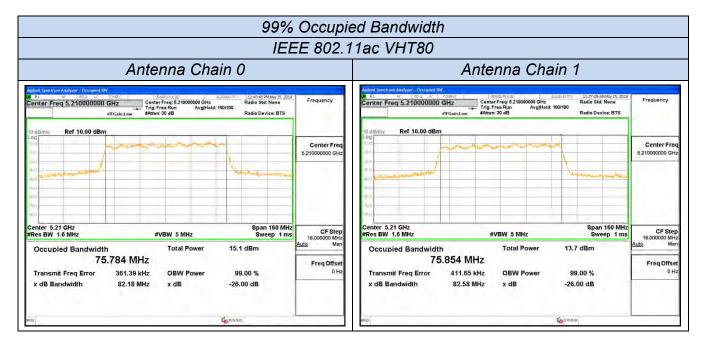














5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293.	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(\2\)
13.36-13.41			

^{\1\} Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m at 3m).

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies	Field Strength	Measurement Distance
(MHz)	(microvolts/meter)	(meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

^{\2\} Above 38.6





5.5.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- --- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- --- The antenna height is 1.5 meter.
- --- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

- --- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- --- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.





2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- --- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- --- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- --- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- --- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

- --- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- --- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- --- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.





3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- --- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- --- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- --- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- --- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

- --- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- --- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- --- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.





4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

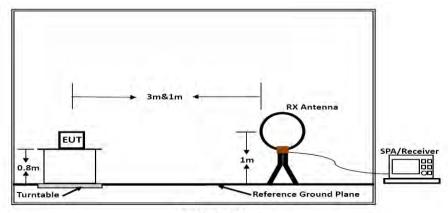
--- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

- --- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

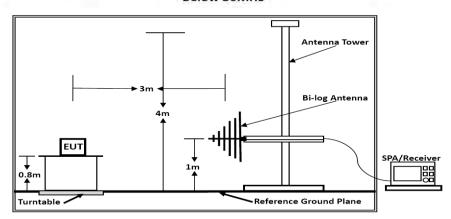


5.5.4. Test Setup Layout

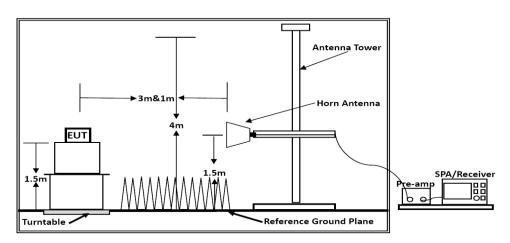
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 10 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distanc [3m] / test distance [1.5m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].





5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature 24.5℃		Humidity	56.2%	
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac	

Freq.	Level	Over Limit	Over Limit	Remark
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

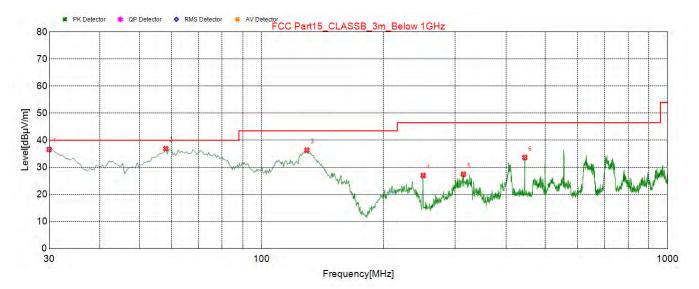
Temperature	Temperature 24.5℃		56.2%
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a, 5240MHz

Test result for IEEE 802.11a-5240MHz





Vertical^{*}



NO.	Freq.	Result Level [dBµV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle[°]	Polarity
1	30.000	36.6	-16.22	40	3.40	100	155	Vertical
2	58.130	36.9	-15.38	40	3.10	100	146	Vertical
3	129.425	36.34	-18.98	43.5	7.16	100	276	Vertical
4	250.190	27.03	-13.87	46.5	19.47	100	202	Vertical
5	314.210	27.45	-12.42	46.5	19.05	100	0	Vertical
6	445.160	33.64	-9.15	46.50	12.86	100	333	Vertical





PK Detector OP Detector NMS Det

NO.	Freq.	Result Level [dBµV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle[°]	Polarity
1	59.585	23,8	-15.59	40	16.20	300	213	Horizontal
2	109.055	38.49	-16.01	43.5	5.01	300	8	Horizontal
3	250.190	35.11	-13.87	46.5	11.39	100	278	Horizontal
4	333.610	29.22	-11.88	46.5	17.28	100	67	Horizontal
5	445.160	36.29	-9.15	46.5	10.21	300	128	Horizontal
6	650.800	39.71	-4.96	46.5	6.79	100	298	Horizontal

Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a-5240MHz). Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.





5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)

Remark: Measured all modes and recorded worst case;

IEEE 802.11a/ Antenna Chain 0

Channel 36/5180 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.54	59.09	33.06	35.04	3.94	61.05	68.20	-7.15	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	41.07	33.06	35.04	3.94	43.03	54.00	-10.97	Average	Horizontal
15.54	58.94	33.06	35.04	3.94	60.90	68.20	-7.30	Peak	Vertical
15.54	44.83	33.06	35.04	3.94	46.79	54.00	-7.21	Average	Vertical

Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.60	56.67	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.64	68.20	-9.56	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	43.29	33.16	35.15	3.96	45.26	54.00	-8.74	Average	Horizontal
15.60	56.16	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.13	68.20	-10.07	Peak	Vertical
15.60	42.36	33.16	35.15	3.96	44.33	54.00	-9.67	Average	Vertical

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.72	59.03	33.26	35.14	3.98	61.13	68.20	-7.07	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	42.20	33.26	35.14	3.98	44.30	54.00	- 9.70	Average	Horizontal
15.72	55.53	33.26	35.14	3.98	57.63	68.20	-10.57	Peak	Vertical
15.72	41.07	33.26	35.14	3.98	43.17	54.00	-10.83	Average	Vertical





IEEE 802.11n-HT20/Combined Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1 Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.54	57.87	33.06	35.04	3.94	59.83	68.20	-8.37	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	42.27	33.06	35.04	3.94	44.23	54.00	- 9.77	Average	Horizontal
15.54	54.42	33.06	35.04	3.94	56.38	68.20	-11.82	Peak	Vertical
15.54	42.42	33.06	35.04	3.94	44.38	54.00	-9.62	Average	Vertical

Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.60	56.48	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.45	68.20	- 9.75	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	40.61	33.16	35.15	3.96	42.58	54.00	-11.42	Average	Horizontal
15.60	56.62	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.59	68.20	-9.61	Peak	Vertical
15.60	40.95	33.16	35.15	3.96	42.92	54.00	-11.08	Average	Vertical

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.72	57.89	33.26	35.14	3.98	59.99	68.20	-8.21	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	40.24	33.26	35.14	3.98	42.34	54.00	-11.66	Average	Horizontal
15.72	54.19	33.26	35.14	3.98	56.29	68.20	-11.91	Peak	Vertical
15.72	41.16	33.26	35.14	3.98	43.26	54.00	-10.74	Average	Vertical



Report No.: HK1905151042-E2

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20/ Combined Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1 Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.54	54.44	33.06	35.04	3.94	56.40	68.20	-11.80	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	42.26	33.06	35.04	3.94	44.22	54.00	-9.78	Average	Horizontal
15.54	55.03	33.06	35.04	3.94	56.99	68.20	-11.21	Peak	Vertical
15.54	44.53	33.06	35.04	3.94	46.49	54.00	-7.51	Average	Vertical

Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.60	55.67	33.16	35.15	3.96	57.64	68.20	-10.56	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	41.64	33.16	35.15	3.96	43.61	54.00	-10.39	Average	Horizontal
15.60	58.61	33.16	35.15	3.96	60.58	68.20	-7.62	Peak	Vertical
15.60	42.13	33.16	35.15	3.96	44.10	54.00	-9.90	Average	Vertical

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.72	58.85	33.26	35.14	3.98	60.95	68.20	-7.25	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	44.27	33.26	35.14	3.98	46.37	54.00	-7.63	Average	Horizontal
15.72	54.68	33.26	35.14	3.98	56.78	68.20	-11.42	Peak	Vertical
15.72	42.53	33.26	35.14	3.98	44.63	54.00	-9.37	Average	Vertical





IEEE 802.11n HT40 / Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1 Channel 38 / 5190 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.57	58.15	33.06	35.04	3.94	60.11	68.20	-8.09	Peak	Horizontal
15.57	40.38	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.34	54.00	-11.66	Average	Horizontal
15.57	58.59	33.06	35.04	3.94	60.55	68.20	-7.65	Peak	Vertical
15.57	40.25	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.21	54.00	-11.79	Average	Vertical

Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.69	55.44	33.16	35.15	3.96	57.41	68.20	-10.79	Peak	Horizontal
15.69	42.84	33.16	35.15	3.96	44.81	54.00	- 9.19	Average	Horizontal
15.69	56.80	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.77	68.20	-9.43	Peak	Vertical
15.69	44.88	33.16	35.15	3.96	46.85	54.00	-7.15	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 / Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1 Channel 38 / 5190 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.57	54.95	33.06	35.04	3.94	56.91	68.20	-11.29	Peak	Horizontal
15.57	45.00	33.06	35.04	3.94	46.96	54.00	-7.04	Average	Horizontal
15.57	54.71	33.06	35.04	3.94	56.67	68.20	-11.53	Peak	Vertical
15.57	43.85	33.06	35.04	3.94	45.81	54.00	-8.19	Average	Vertical

Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.69	56.31	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.28	68.20	-9.92	Peak	Horizontal
15.69	40.63	33.16	35.15	3.96	42.60	54.00	-11.40	Average	Horizontal
15.69	55.76	33.16	35.15	3.96	57.73	68.20	-10.47	Peak	Vertical
15.69	44.60	33.16	35.15	3.96	46.57	54.00	-7.43	Average	Vertical





IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 / Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1 Channel 42 / 5210 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.63	57.85	33.06	35.04	3.94	59.81	68.20	-8.39	Peak	Horizontal
15.63	42.16	33.06	35.04	3.94	44.12	54.00	-9.88	Average	Horizontal
15.63	56.33	33.06	35.04	3.94	58.29	68.20	-9.91	Peak	Vertical
15.63	42.21	33.06	35.04	3.94	44.17	54.00	-9.83	Average	Vertical

Notes:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~40 GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~40GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11a VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;





5.6. Power line conducted emissions

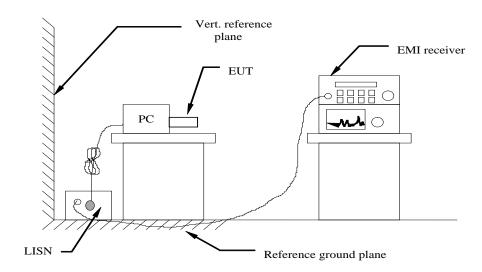
5.6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range	Limits (dBμ√	/)
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

^{*} Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

5.6.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.6.3 Test Results

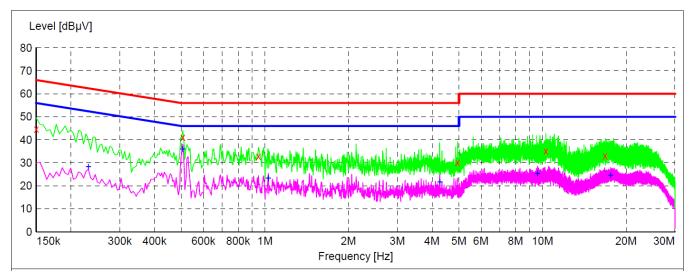
PASS.

The test data please refer to following page.





The worst result for IEEE 802.11n HT40-5190MHz @Chain 0&Chain 1 Line



Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.150000 0.505500 0.946500 4.942500 10.279500 16.813500	44.70 41.20 32.80 30.20 35.20 33.10	9.9 10.0 9.8 9.8 9.9	66 56 56 56 60	21.3 14.8 23.2 25.8 24.8 26.9	QP QP QP QP QP QP	L1 L1 L1 L1 L1	GND GND GND GND GND GND
Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
				_	Detector AV AV AV AV AV AV	Line L1 L1 L1 L1 L1 L1 L1	GND GND GND GND GND GND





Frequency

0.159000

0.501000

1.072500

2.125500

11.062500

MHz

Level

31.30

29.90

24.80

22.40

24.40

dBµV

Transd

dB

10.0

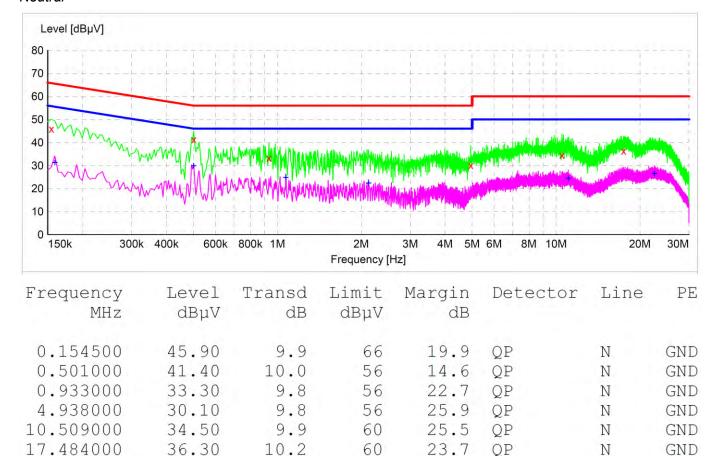
10.0

9.8

9.8

9.9

Neutral



22.537500	26.50	10.3	50	23.5	AV	N	GND			
***Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a,5240MHz)										
@ Chain 0 for 120\	//60Hz.									

Limit

dBµV

56

46

46

46

50

Margin

dB

24.2

16.1

21.2

23.6

25.6

Detector

AV

AV

AV

AV

AV

Line

N

N

N

N

N

PE

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND





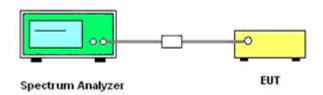
5.7 Undesirable Emissions Measurement

5.7.1 LIMIT

According to ξ 15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
- (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- (ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
- (e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.
- (g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

5.7.2 TEST CONFIGURATION



5.7.3 TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Section G: Unwanted Emission Measurement

- 1. Unwanted Emissions in the Restricted Bands
- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, measurements performed using the peak and average measurement procedures described in sections II.G.5. and II.G.6, respectively, must satisfy the respective peak and average limits. If all peak measurements satisfy the average limit, then average measurements are not required.
- d) For conducted measurements above 1000 MHz, EIRP shall be computed as specified in section II.G.3.b) and then field strength shall be computed as follows (see KDB Publication 412172):
 - i) E[dBµV/m] = EIRP[dBm] 20 log (d[meters]) + 104.77, where E = field strength and d = distance at which field strength limit is specified in the rules;
 - ii) $E[dB\mu V/m] = EIRP[dBm] + 95.2$, for d = 3 meters

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- e) For conducted measurements below 1000 MHz, the field strength shall be computed as specified in d), above, and then an additional 4.7 dB shall be added as an upper bound on the field strength that would be observed on a test range with a ground plane for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, or an additional 6 dB shall be added for frequencies below 30 MHz.
- 2. Unwanted Emissions that fall Outside of the Restricted Bands
- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, use the procedure for maximum emissions described in section II.G.5., "Procedure for Unwanted Maximum Unwanted Emissions Measurements Above 1000 MHz."
- d) Section 15.407(b) (1-3) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-1 and 2 bands. As specified, emissions above 1000 MHz that are outside of the restricted bands are subject to a peak emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz. However, an out-of-band emission that complies with both the average and peak limits of Section 15.209 is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm/MHz dBm/MHz peak emission limit.
- i) Section 15.407(b) (4) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-3 band. A band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (i). An alternative to the band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (ii). The alternative limits are based on the highest antenna gain specified in the filing. There are also marketing and importation restrictions for the alternative limit.
- e) If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
- i) $^{'}$ EIRP = ((E×d) 2) / 30

Where:

- E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters;
- EIRP is the equivalent isotopically radiated power in watts;
- ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to: EIRP [dBm] = E [dB μ V/m] + 20 log (d [meters]) 104.77
- iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:

EIRP [dBm] = E [dB μ V/m] - 95.23

- 3) Radiated versus Conducted Measurements.
 - The unwanted emission limits in both the restricted and non-restricted bands are based on radiated measurements; however, as an alternative, antenna-port conducted measurements in conjunction with cabinet emissions tests will be permitted to demonstrate compliance provided that the following steps are performed:
- (i) Cabinet emissions measurements. A radiated test shall be performed to ensure that cabinet emissions are below the emission limits. For the cabinet-emission measurements the antenna may be replaced by a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna.
- (ii) Impedance matching. Conducted tests shall be performed using equipment that matches the nominal impedance of the antenna assembly used with the EUT.
- (iii) EIRP calculation. A value representative of an upper bound on out-of-band antenna gain (in dBi) shall be added to the measured antenna-port conducted emission power to compute EIRP within the specified measurement bandwidth. (For emissions in the restricted bands, additional calculations are required to convert EIRP to field strength at the specified distance.) The upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands or 2 dBi, whichever is greater.³ However, for devices that operate in multiple bands using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest to the out-of-band frequency being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when measuring emissions at frequencies within 20% of the absolute frequency at the nearest edge of that band, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be selected.
- (iv) EIRP adjustments for multiple outputs. For devices with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band (e.g., MIMO or beamforming devices), compute the total EIRP as follows:
 - Compute EIRP for each output, as described in (iii), above.
 - Follow the procedures specified in KDB Publication 662911 for summing emissions across the outputs or adjusting emission levels measured on individual outputs by 10 log (N_{ANT}), where N_{ANT} is the number of outputs.
 - Add the array gain term specified in KDB Publication 662911 for out-of-band and spurious signals.
- (v) Direction of maximum emission.

For all radiated emissions tests, measurements shall correspond to the direction of maximum emission level for each measured emission (see ANSI C63.10 for guidance).





Туре	Frequency (MHz)	Nominal Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Bandedge Peak(dBm) Ant0	Bandedge Peak(dBm) Ant1	Sum Value (dBm)	Directional Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Max Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Verdict
802.11a	5180	20	4500	-51.10	-52.33	1	3.30	0.00	47.40	Peak	68.20	-20.80	Pass
802.11a	5180	20	5150	-37.98	-36.74	1	3.30	0.00	61.76	Peak	68.20	-6.44	Pass
802.11a	5240	20	5350	-49.03	-49.16	1	3.30	0.00	49.47	Peak	68.20	-18.73	Pass
802.11a	5240	20	5460	-48.78	-49.58	1	3.30	0.00	49.72	Peak	68.20	-18.48	Pass
802.11n	5180	20	4500	-52.71	-51.78	-49.21	6.10	0.00	52.09	Peak	68.20	-16.11	Pass
802.11n	5180	20	5150	-40.98	-44.08	-39.25	6.10	0.00	62.05	Peak	68.20	-6.15	Pass
802.11n	5240	20	5350	-49.36	-49.76	-46.55	6.10	0.00	54.75	Peak	68.20	-13.45	Pass
802.11n	5240	20	5460	-49.89	-51.07	-47.43	6.10	0.00	53.87	Peak	68.20	-14.33	Pass
802.11ac	5180	20	4500	-53.27	-50.37	-48.57	6.10	0.00	52.73	Peak	68.20	-15.47	Pass
802.11ac	5180	20	5150	-37.84	-40.68	-36.02	6.10	0.00	65.28	Peak	68.20	-2.92	Pass
802.11ac	5240	20	5350	-49.20	-49.67	-46.42	6.10	0.00	54.88	Peak	68.20	-13.32	Pass
802.11ac	5240	20	5460	-51.49	-49.72	-47.51	6.10	0.00	53.79	Peak	68.20	-14.41	Pass
802.11n	5190	40	4500	-52.75	-50.60	-48.53	6.10	0.00	52.77	Peak	68.20	-15.43	Pass
802.11n	5190	40	5150	-38.07	-38.07	-35.06	6.10	0.00	66.24	Peak	68.20	-1.96	Pass
802.11n	5230	40	5350	-50.36	-49.35	-46.82	6.10	0.00	54.48	Peak	68.20	-13.72	Pass
802.11n	5230	40	5460	-49.46	-51.18	-47.23	6.10	0.00	54.07	Peak	68.20	-14.13	Pass
802.11ac	5190	40	4500	-49.32	-51.83	-47.39	6.10	0.00	53.91	Peak	68.20	-14.29	Pass
802.11ac	5190	40	5150	-37.42	-39.69	-35.40	6.10	0.00	65.90	Peak	68.20	-2.30	Pass
802.11ac	5230	40	5350	-50.26	-50.37	-47.30	6.10	0.00	54.00	Peak	68.20	-14.20	Pass
802.11ac	5230	40	5460	-51.09	-50.20	-47.61	6.10	0.00	53.69	Peak	68.20	-14.51	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	4500	-51.80	-53.02	-49.36	6.10	0.00	51.94	Peak	68.20	-16.26	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	5150	-38.13	-41.90	-36.61	6.10	0.00	64.69	Peak	68.20	-3.51	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	5350	-47.03	-50.48	-45.41	6.10	0.00	55.89	Peak	68.20	-12.31	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	5460	-51.12	-49.26	-47.08	6.10	0.00	54.22	Peak	68.20	-13.98	Pass





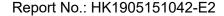
									T., 6				
Туре	Frequency (MHz)	Nominal Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Bandedge Average (dBm) Ant0	Bandedge Average (dBm) Ant1	Sum Value (dBm)	Directional Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Max Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Verdict
802.11a	5180	20	4500	-58.57	-58.61	1	3.30	0.00	39.93	Avg	54.00	-14.07	Pass
802.11a	5180	20	5150	-45.88	-45.76	1	3.30	0.00	52.74	Avg	54.00	-1.26	Pass
802.11a	5240	20	5350	-55.97	-55.98	1	3.30	0.00	42.53	Avg	54.00	-11.47	Pass
802.11a	5240	20	5460	-57.00	-56.97	1	3.30	0.00	41.53	Avg	54.00	-12.47	Pass
802.11n	5180	20	4500	-58.68	-58.70	-55.68	6.10	0.00	45.62	Avg	54.00	-8.38	Pass
802.11n	5180	20	5150	-50.48	-50.69	-47.57	6.10	0.00	53.73	Avg	54.00	-0.27	Pass
802.11n	5240	20	5350	-56.04	-56.08	-53.05	6.10	0.00	48.25	Avg	54.00	-5.75	Pass
802.11n	5240	20	5460	-57.08	-57.09	-54.07	6.10	0.00	47.23	Avg	54.00	-6.77	Pass
802.11ac	5180	20	4500	-58.67	-58.69	-55.67	6.10	0.00	45.63	Avg	54.00	-8.37	Pass
802.11ac	5180	20	5150	-50.28	-50.41	-47.33	6.10	0.00	53.97	Avg	54.00	-0.03	Pass
802.11ac	5240	20	5350	-56.04	-56.07	-53.04	6.10	0.00	48.26	Avg	54.00	-5.74	Pass
802.11ac	5240	20	5460	-57.03	-57.08	-54.04	6.10	0.00	47.26	Avg	54.00	-6.74	Pass
802.11n	5190	40	4500	-59.70	-59.77	-56.72	6.10	0.00	44.58	Avg	54.00	-9.42	Pass
802.11n	5190	40	5150	-51.53	-49.93	-47.65	6.10	0.00	53.65	Avg	54.00	-0.35	Pass
802.11n	5230	40	5350	-56.18	-56.23	-53.19	6.10	0.00	48.11	Avg	54.00	-5.89	Pass
802.11n	5230	40	5460	-57.14	-57.16	-54.14	6.10	0.00	47.16	Avg	54.00	-6.84	Pass
802.11ac	5190	40	4500	-59.70	-59.70	-56.69	6.10	0.00	44.61	Avg	54.00	-9.39	Pass
802.11ac	5190	40	5150	-51.63	-51.63	-48.62	6.10	0.00	52.68	Avg	54.00	-1.32	Pass
802.11ac	5230	40	5350	-56.18	-56.22	-53.19	6.10	0.00	48.11	Avg	54.00	-5.89	Pass
802.11ac	5230	40	5460	-57.13	-57.13	-54.12	6.10	0.00	47.18	Avg	54.00	-6.82	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	4500	-60.25	-60.24	-57.23	6.10	0.00	44.07	Avg	54.00	-9.93	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	5150	-51.54	-51.24	-48.38	6.10	0.00	52.92	Avg	54.00	-1.08	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	5350	-55.24	-56.01	-52.60	6.10	0.00	48.70	Avg	54.00	-5.30	Pass
802.11ac	5210	80	5460	-57.16	-57.19	-54.16	6.10	0.00	47.14	Avg	54.00	-6.86	Pass



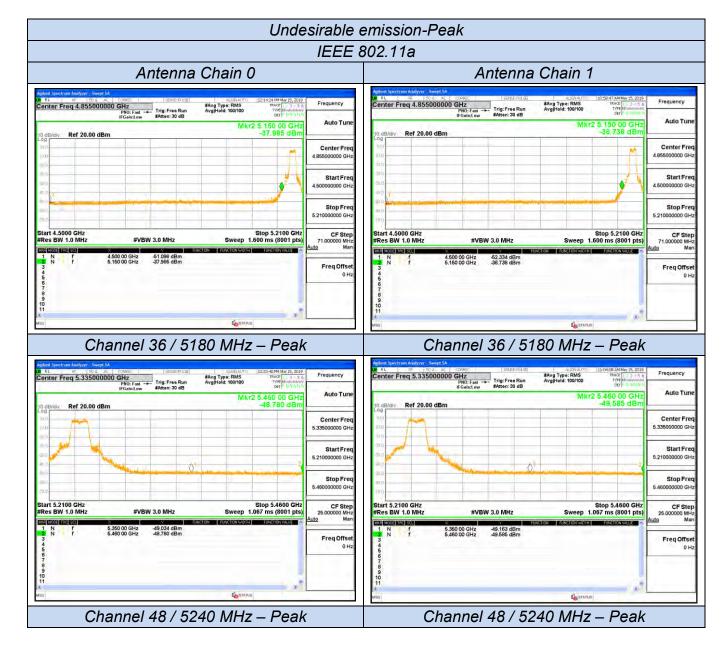


Remark:

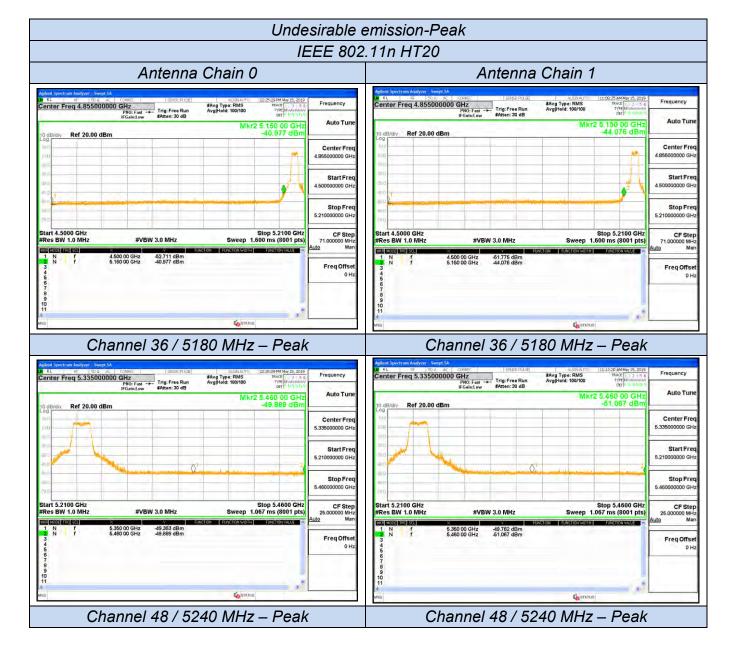
- 1. Measured Undesirable emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;
 - Array gain = 10 log (N_{ant}) , where N_{ant} is the number of transmit antennas.
- 5. Covert Radiated E Level At 3m = Conducted average power + Directional Gain + 104.77-20*log(3);
- 6. Please refer to following test plots;







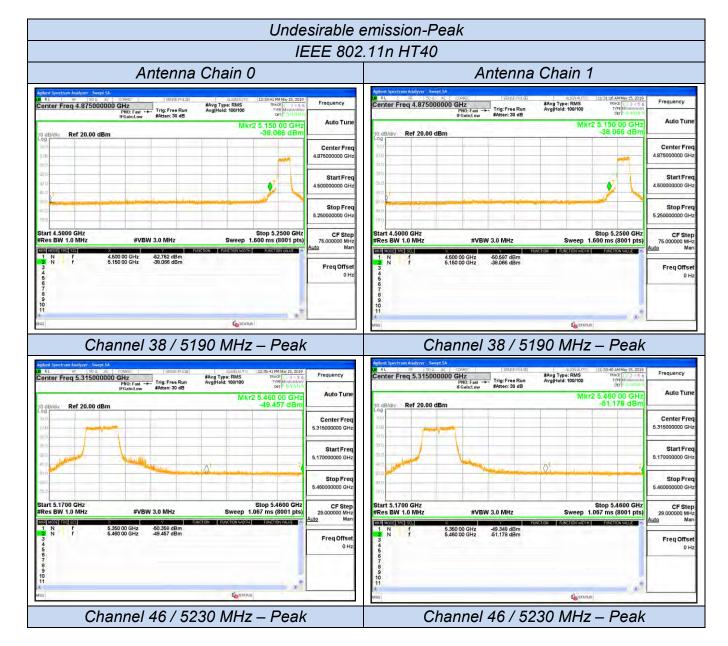




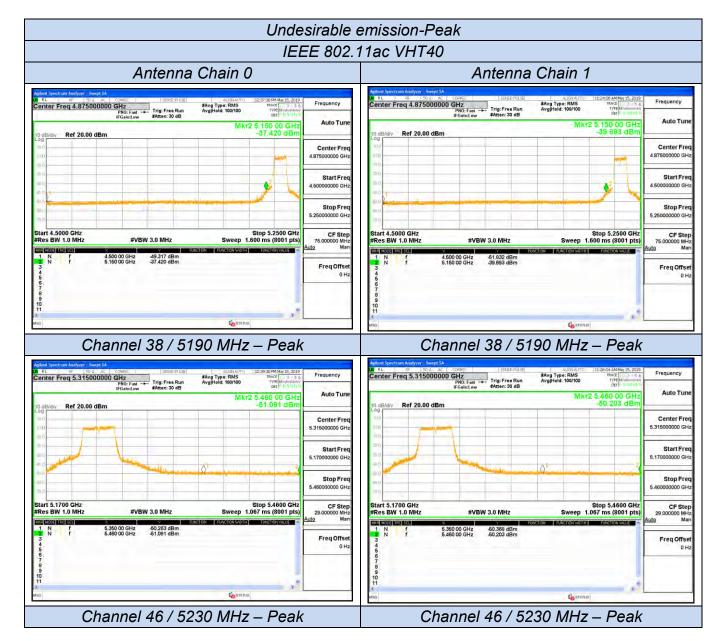










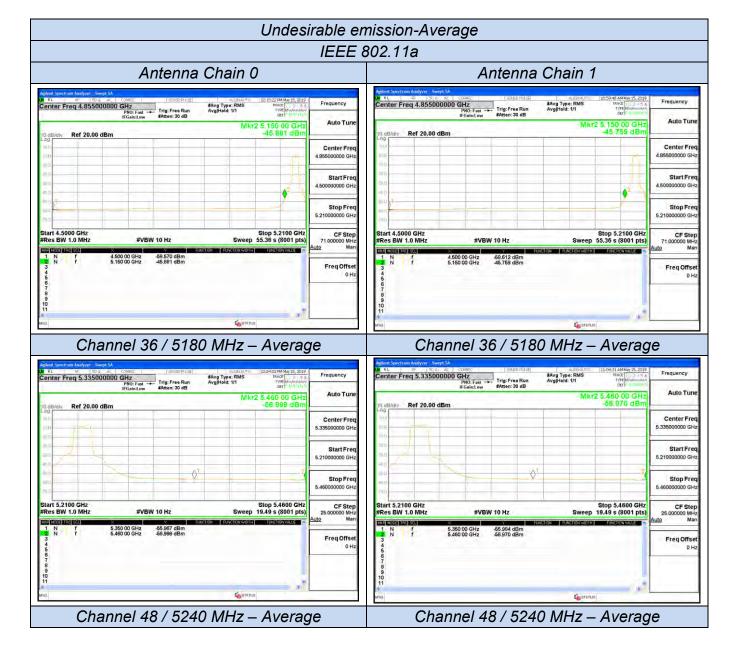






































5.8. Antenna Requirements

5.8.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

5.8.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting refer to section 1.1 of this report, and the antenna is an internal antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

5.8.3. Results: Compliance.

Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refers ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for UNII devices.

Radiated power refers to ANSI C63.10:2013 Radiated emissions tests.

Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter						
Detector:	Peak					
Sweep Time:	Auto					
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz					
Video bandwidth:	3MHz					
Trace-Mode:	Max hold					

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For 5G WLAN devices, the IEEE 802.11a mode is used.

Limits

FCC	ISED					
Antenna Gain						
6 dBi						





Antenna Chain 0

T_nom	V_{nom}	Lowest Channel 5180 MHz	Middle Channel 5220 MHz	Highest Channel 5240 MHz	
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		11.09	12.1	13.77	
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		9.88	11.45	12.83	
Gain [dBi]	Gain [dBi] Calculated		-0.65	-0.94	
M	easurement unce	ertainty	± 1.6 dB (cond.)	/ ± 3.8 dB (rad.)	

Antenna Chain 1

T _{nom}	V_{nom}	Lowest Channel 5180 MHz	Middle Channel 5220 MHz	Highest Channel 5240 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		11.06	11.96	12.99
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		10.28	11.01	11.75
Gain [dBi]	Gain [dBi] Calculated		-0.95	-1.24
Me	easurement unce	ertainty	± 1.6 dB (cond.)	/ ± 3.8 dB (rad.)





6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schewarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
11.	Broadband Horn Antenna	Schewarzbeck	BBHA 9170	HKE-017	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
13.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
14.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B	HKE-083	Dec. 27, 2018	N/A
15.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 27, 2018	3 Year
19.	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	HKE-040	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
20.	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-055	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
21.	RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-056	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year

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