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According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1 c), For frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion (also illustrated in Appendix C) 2):

For test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}$

The max. average power of channel, including tune-up tolerance(mW) is

0.0058 mW @ 13.561 MHz (With Tune-up tolerance),

The min. test separation distance (mm) is 5 mm,

Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm @ 100 MHz (step a):

[(Power allowed at numeric threshold, mW) / (50mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f}(GHz)] = 3.0$.

So, Power allowed at numeric threshold = 474.342 mW.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance 50 mm @ 100 MHz (step b)1)):

{[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance – 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)]} mW

So, 474.342 mW + [(50 mm - 50 mm) * (f(MHz)/150)] = 474.342 mW

The 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance 50 mm @ 13.561 MHz (step c)1)):

For test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm, the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step b) is multiplied by [1 + log(100/f(MHz))]:

So, 474.342 mW * (1+log(100/f(MHz))) = 885.932 mW

For test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}$

So,885.932 *mW* / 2 = 442.966 *mW*.

The max. average power of channel = 0.0058 mW < 442.966 mW.

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.

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