

**FCC §1.1310, §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)**

**Applicable Standard**

According to subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

| <b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b> |                                      |                                      |  |                                 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Frequency Range (MHz)</b>                                   | <b>Electric Field Strength (V/m)</b> | <b>Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)</b> | <b>Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b> | <b>Averaging Time (minutes)</b> |
| 0.3–1.34   | 614                                  | 1.63                                 | *(100)                                   | 30                              |
| 1.34–30  | 824/f                                | 2.19/f                               | *(180/f <sup>2</sup> )                   | 30                              |
| 30–300   | 27.5                                 | 0.073                                | 0.2                                      | 30                              |
| 300–1500   | /                                    | /                                    | f/1500                                   | 30                              |
| 1500–100,000   | /                                    | /                                    | 1.0                                      | 30                              |

f = frequency in MHz; \* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

**Calculation Formula:**

Prediction of power density at the distance of the applicable MPE limit:

$S = PG/4\pi R^2$  = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

**Calculated Data:**

| Frequency (MHz) | Antenna Gain |           | Tune-up Power |         | Evaluation Distance (cm) | Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                 | (dBi)        | (numeric) | (dBm)         | (mW)    |                          |                                     |                                 |
| 26.965~27.405   | 0            | 1.00      | 36            | 3981.07 | 40.00                    | 0.20                                | 0.24                            |

**Result: Compliance,** The device meets MPE requirement for Devices Used by the General Public (Uncontrolled Environment) at distance ≥40 cm.