

SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC01110220329FH01

FCC ID	: 2AOKB-A3961L
APPLICATION PURPOSE	: Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	: Wireless Headphone
BRAND NAME	: Soundcore
MODEL NAME	: A3961L
APPLICANT	: Anker Innovations Limited
DATE OF ISSUE	: Apr. 20, 2022
STANDARD(S)	 IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005 IEC 62209-1: 2016
REPORT VERSION	: V1.0
Attestation of	Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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 Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen)Co., Ltd

 Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen)Std & Tech Co., Ltd

 Tel: +86-755 2523 4088
 E-mail: agc@agccert.com



Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Apr. 20, 2022	Valid	Initial Release



Test Report Certification				
Applicant Name	Anker Innovations Limited			
Applicant Address	Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hongkong			
Manufacturer Name	Anker Innovations Limited			
Manufacturer Address	Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hongkong			
Factory Name 1	Minami Acoustics Limited			
Factory Address 1	No.66, Qimin Road, Shangou Industrial Park, Gongjiang Town, Yudu County, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, P.R. China			
Factory Name 2	Minami Acoustics Limited			
Factory Address 2	No.13. Maonan Road, Torch Development District, Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, China			
Product Designation	Wireless Headphone			
Brand Name	Soundcore			
Model Name	A3961L			
EUT Voltage	DC3.85V by battery			
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093; IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005; IEC 62209-1: 2016;			
Test Date	Apr. 14, 2022			
Report Template	AGCRT-US-Bluetooth/SAR (2021-04-20)			

Note: The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only.

Thea Yuang

Prepared By

Thea Huang (Project Engineer)

Apr. 14, 2022

Calin Lin

Reviewed By

Calvin Liu (Reviewer)

Apr. 20, 2022

ax Zhang

Approved By

Max Zhang (Authorized Officer)

Apr. 20, 2022

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Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen)Std & Tech Co., Ltd Tel: +86-755 2523 4088 E-mail: agc@agccert.com Web: http://www.agccert.com/



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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/kg)	SAR Test Result
Bluetooth(BR&EDR)	0.062	
Bluetooth(BLE)	0.056	PASS
SAR Test Limit (W/kg)	1.6	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

• KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

• KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

General Information				
Product Designation	Wireless Headphone			
Test Model	A3961L			
Hardware Version	V1.2			
Software Version	V0110			
Duty cycle	57.75% for BR&EDR			
Device Category	Portable			
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled			
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna			
Bluetooth				
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz			
Antenna Gain	-0.59dBi			
Bluetooth Version	V5.2			
Type of modulation	BR⊠GFSK, EDR⊠π /4-DQPSK, ⊠8DPSK BLE⊠GFSK 1Mbps □GFSK 2Mbps			
Peak Output Power	BR&EDR:13.298dBm; BLE:7.646dBm;			
Power Supply	DC 3.85V by battery			
Note: 1.The sample use	ed for testing is end product.			

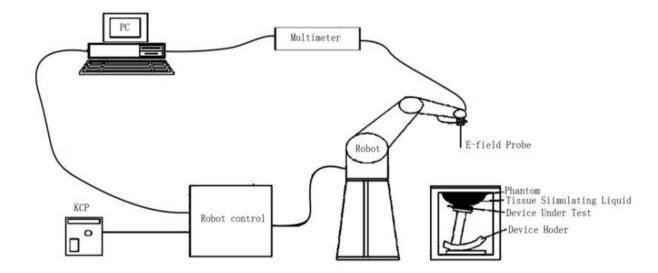
2. The test sample has no any deviation to the test method of standard mentioned in page 1.

3. Duty-cycle = [on time/total time] x 100%

Product	Туре	
FIODUCI	Production unit	Identical Prototype



3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items

The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data. A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Model	SSE5
Manufacture	MVG
Identification No.	SN 24/20 EP336
Frequency	0.15GHz-3GHz Linearity:±0.05dB(0.15GHz-3GHz)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg-100W/kg Linearity:±0.05dB
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precisin of better 30%.

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- □ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- □ High reliability (industrial design)
- □ Jerk-free straight movements
- □ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic
- construction shields against motor control fields)
- □ 6-axis controller



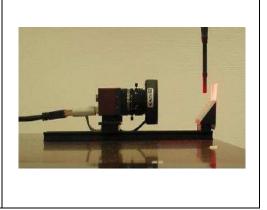


3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to

the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

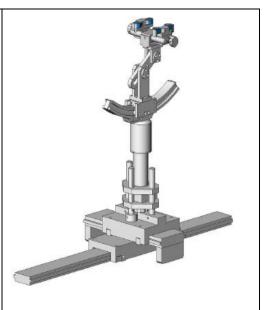


3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

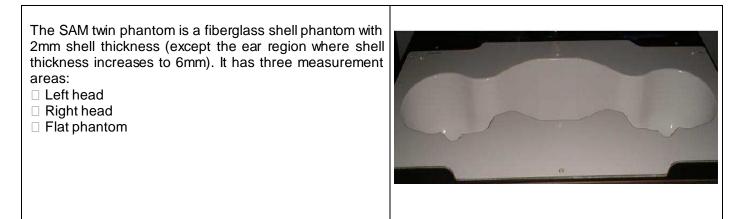
Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity

 $\epsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





3.6. SAM Twin Phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;

E is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;

- σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
- ρ is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
- c_h is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $\frac{dT}{dt}$ | t = 0 is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30°±1°	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.



Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 5 \text{ mm}^{*}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}^{*}$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded	∆z _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid ∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V Z		\geq 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.



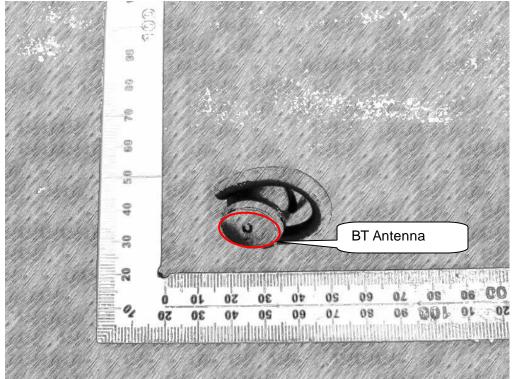
4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

Test Configuration and setting:

The device is a wireless headphone, and supports Bluetooth wireless technology.

For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

Antenna Location:





5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 10% are listed in 6.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
2450 Head	71.88	0.16	0.0	7.99	0.0	19.97

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1 have been incorporated in the following table. The body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-2 have been incorporated in the following table.

Target Frequency	he	ad	body		
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	٤r	σ (S/m)	
300	45.3	0.87	45.3	0.87	
450	43.5	0.87	43.5	0.87	
835	41.5	0.90	41.5	0.90	
900	41.5	0.97	41.5	0.97	
915	41.5	1.01	41.5	1.01	
1450	40.5	1.20	40.5	1.20	
1610	40.3	1.29	40.3	1.29	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	40.0	1.40	
2450	39.2	1.80	39.2	1.80	
3000	38.5	2.40	38.5	2.40	

(ϵr = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)



5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz								
	Fr.	Dielectric Para	Tissu e					
	(MHz)	εr39.2(35.28-43.12)	δ[s/m]1.80(1.62-1.98)	Temp [°C]	Test time			
Head	2402	40.35	1.81					
, load	2440	40.17	1.82					
	2441	40.17	1.82	21.5	Apr. 14, 2022			
	2450	39.84	1.83					
	2480	39.62	1.84					





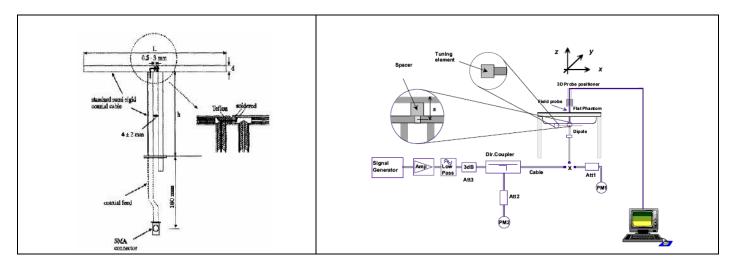
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

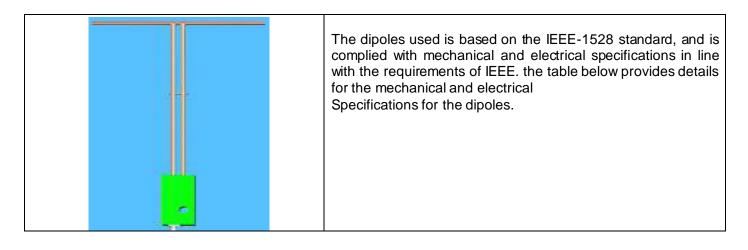
Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.





6.2. SAR System Check 6.2.1. Dipoles



Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Head										
Validation Kit: SN 46/11 DIP 2G450-189										
Frequency	Target Value(W/kg)		Reference Result (± 10%)		Tested Value(W/kg)		Tissue Temp.	Test time		
[MHz]	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	[°C]			
2450	53.97	24.01	48.573-59.367 21.609-26.411		52.54	23.72	21.5	Apr. 14, 2022		

Note:

(1) We use a CW signal of 18dBm for system check, and then all SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within $\pm 10\%$ of target value.



7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in **Back and Front**.

7.1. Body Worn Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to **0mm.**



8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0



9. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA



10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Software version	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 24/20 EP336	N/A	Aug. 17, 2021	Aug. 16, 2022
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	N/A	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4114939	N/A	Aug. 18,2021	Aug. 17,2022
SAR Software	MVG-OpenSAR	N/A	OpenSAR V4_02_35	N/A	N/A
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN 46/11 DIP 2G450-189	N/A	Apr. 26,2019	Apr. 25,2022
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	V5.03	Aug. 18,2021	Aug. 17,2022
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	MY44303916	N/A	Mar. 28, 2022	Mar. 27, 2023
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN101443	3.2	Oct. 28,2021	Oct. 27,2022
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	S/N:WRJ34AYM2F1	N/A	June 09,2021	June 08,2022
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	31405	N/A	June 09,2021	June 08,2022
Amplifier	AS0104-55_55	1004793	N/A	June 10,2021	June 09,2022
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	N/A	May 15,2020	May 14,2022
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	N/A	May 15,2020	May 14,2022
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	N/A	Sep. 07,2021	Sep. 06,2022
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	100323	N/A	Feb. 16,2022	Feb. 15,2023
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Calibration standard parts for network sub - port	R&S/ ZV-Z132	N/A	V2.3.1.0	Dec. 07, 2021	Dec. 06, 2022

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;

2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;

3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;

4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.



11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Μ	easurement	SATIMO Une				/ 10 gram.			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		1	1	1	1	1	n		T
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	8
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.150	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.061	0.061	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.150	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.061	0.061	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	√3	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.610	R	√3	1	1	0.352	0.352	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.000	R	√3	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	Ν	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
ResponseTime	E.2.7	0.000	R	√3	1	1	0.000	0.000	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.400	R	√3	1	1	0.808	0.808	8
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	8
RF ambient conditions - reflections	E.6.1	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	×
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.400	R	√3	1	1	0.808	0.808	8
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.400	R	√3	1	1	0.808	0.808	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.300	R	-√3	1	1	1.328	1.328	ø
Test sample Related						1			1
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.600	2.600	8
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3	N	1	1	1	3.000	3.000	8
Output power variation—SAR drift	E.2.9	5	R	√3	1	1	2.887	2.887	œ
measurement SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	√3	1	1	2.887	2.887	8
Phantom and tissue paramete		5	K	- γ3	ļ	I.	2.007	2.007	00
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	√3	1	1	2.309	2.309	ø
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.900	1.596	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.126	1.025	ø
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	4	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	3.120	2.840	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.332	0.375	8
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.150	1.300	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.519	10.334	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				21.039	20.668	



Cuntom		ATIMO Und				. /10 gram			
System	1	uncertainty	Prob.	-	1		1g Ui	10g Ui	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	(+- %)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	(+-%)	(+-%)	vi
Measurement System	_		_	-	_			-	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.150	R	√3	1	1	0.087	0.087	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.150	R	√3	0	0	0.000	0.000	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	√3	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.610	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.352	0.352	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
ReadoutElectronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
ResponseTime	E.2.7	0.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
System validation source	-								
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6. 4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6. 6	2.0	R	-√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and set-up				•	•			•	•
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	8
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.3	2.5	R	-√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	8
Liquid conductivity (measured)	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS		1		10.452	10.266	1
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				20.904	20.531	



Sy	S stem Check נ	ATIMO Unc uncertainty f				/ 10 gram.			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1.3	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.150	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.150	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.610	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
ReadoutElectronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient					-				
conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
System check source (dipole)									
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2.0	Ν	1	1	1	2.00	2.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	-√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parame				,-					
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	8
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	8
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	8
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				5.562	5.203	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				11.124	10.406	



12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Bluetooth_V5.2 (BR/EDR)

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Peak Power (dBm)
050%	0	2402	12.873
GFSK (1DH5)	39	2441	13.117
(1016)	78	2480	13.080
	0	2402	12.759
π /4-DQPSK (2DH5)	39	2441	13.298
(2016)	78	2480	13.075
	0	2402	12.864
8-DPSK (3DH5)	39	2441	13.101
	78	2480	13.023

Bluetooth_V5.2 (BLE)

TEST CONDITIONS	Maximum Peak Power (dBm)
LE1M_TX_2402_1Mbps	7.289
LE1M_TX_2440_1Mbps	7.646
LE1M_TX_2480_1Mbps	7.616



13. TEST RESULTS

13.1. SAR Test Results Summary 13.1.1. Test position and configuration

- 1. The EUT is a model of wireless headphone.
- 2. According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guide v06, due to maximum peak power for bluetooth is more than just a test exclusion threshold, which must be tested.
- 3. SAR test method is request:(1) Lab. use the head liquid with a separation of 0mm at flat phantom to test back and front.
- 4. For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

13.1.2. Operation Mode

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required, that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
 - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
 - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \ge 1.45 W/kg.
 - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is \geq 1.20.
- Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows: Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]



13.1.3. Test Result

Limit W/kg
1.6
1.6
1.6
1.6

Note:

• When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

• The test separation of all above table is 0mm.



APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

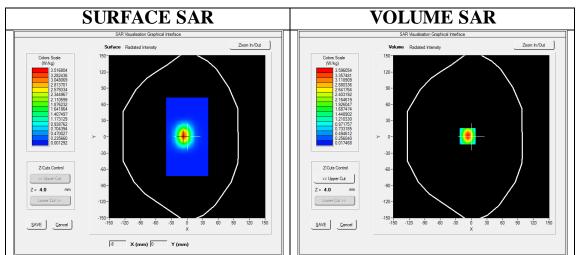
Date: Apr. 14, 2022

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.02 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.83 mho/m; ϵ r =39.84; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm Ambient temperature (°C):21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.5

SATIMO Configuration

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 17, 2021; Serial No.: SN 24/20 EP336
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

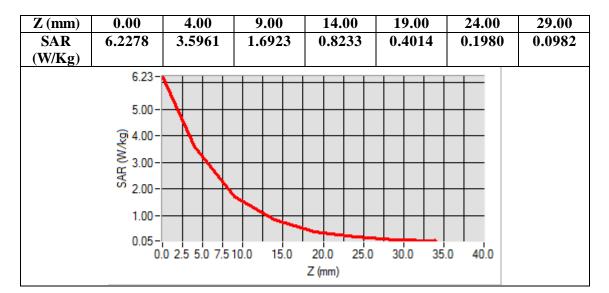
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm **Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

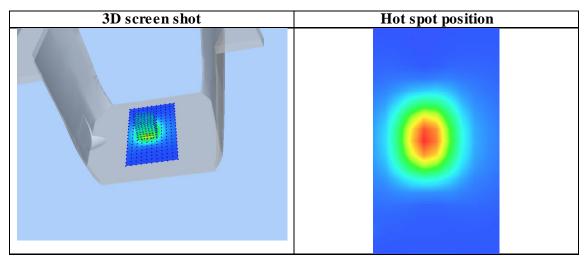


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 6.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.496380
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.315274









APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Date: Apr. 14, 2022

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Bluetooth Mid-Back (BR&EDR 1DH5) DUT: Wireless Headphone; Type: A3961L

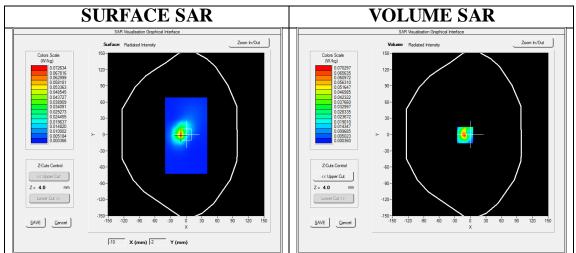
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle:57.75%;Conv.F=4.02; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.82 mho/m; ϵ r =40.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient temperature (°C):21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.5

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 17, 2021; Serial No.: SN 24/20 EP336
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm **Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Back /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

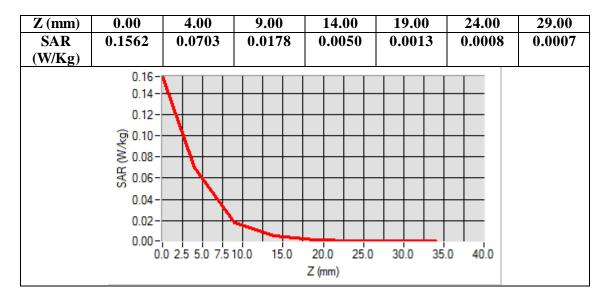
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.73

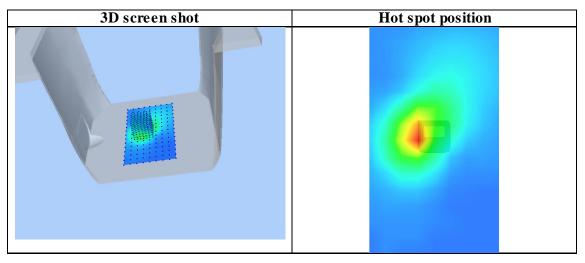


Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.019778
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.059377









Date: Apr. 14, 2022

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Bluetooth Mid-Back (BLE GFSK 1Mbps) DUT: Wireless Headphone; Type: A3961L

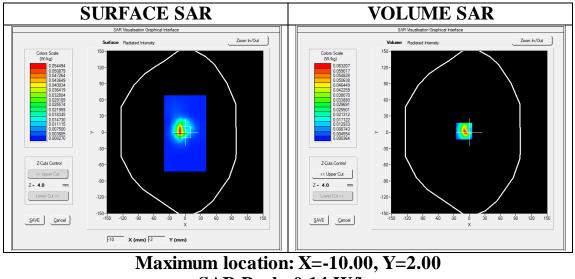
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle:100%;Conv.F=4.02; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.17$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient temperature (°C):21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.5

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 17, 2021; Serial No.: SN 24/20 EP336
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

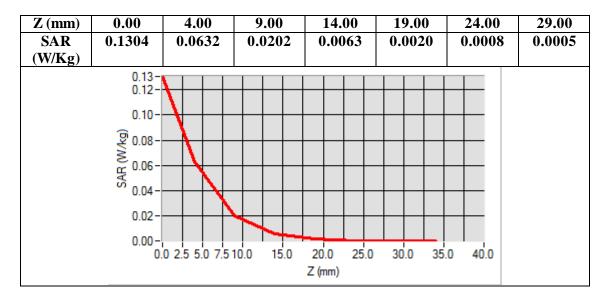
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0

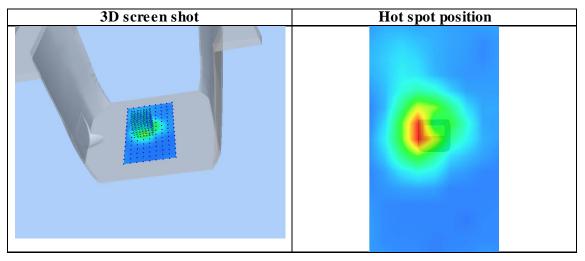


SAR Peak: 0.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.016972
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.054912









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APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS Refer to Attached files. APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA Refer to Attached files.



Conditions of Issuance of Test Reports

1. All samples and goods are accepted by the Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd (the "Company") solely for testing and reporting in accordance with the following terms and conditions. The company provides its services on the basis that such terms and conditions constitute express agreement between the company and any person, firm or company requesting its services (the "Clients").

2. Any report issued by Company as a result of this application for testing services (the "Report") shall be issued in confidence to the Clients and the Report will be strictly treated as such by the Company. It may not be reproduced either in its entirety or in part and it may not be used for advertising or other unauthorized purposes without the written consent of the Company. The Clients to whom the Report is issued may, however, show or send it, or a certified copy thereof prepared by the Company to its customer, supplier or other persons directly concerned. The Company will not, without the consent of the Clients, enter into any discussion or correspondence with any third party concerning the contents of the Report, unless required by the relevant governmental authorities, laws or court orders.

3. The Company shall not be called or be liable to be called to give evidence or testimony on the Report in a court of law without its prior written consent, unless required by the relevant governmental authorities, laws or court orders.

4. In the event of the improper use of the report as determined by the Company, the Company reserves the right to withdraw it, and to adopt any other additional remedies which may be appropriate.

5. Samples submitted for testing are accepted on the understanding that the Report issued cannot form the basis of, or be the instrument for, any legal action against the Company.

6. The Company will not be liable for or accept responsibility for any loss or damage however arising from the use of information contained in any of its Reports or in any communication whatsoever about its said tests or investigations.

7.Clients wishing to use the Report in court proceedings or arbitration shall inform the Company to that effect prior to submitting the sample for testing.

8. The Company is not responsible for recalling the electronic version of the original report when any revision is made to them. The Client assumes the responsibility to providing the revised version to any interested party who uses them.

9. Subject to the variable length of retention time for test data and report stored hereinto as otherwise specifically required by individual accreditation authorities, the Company will only keep the supporting test data and information of the test report for a period of six years. The data and information will be disposed of after the aforementioned retention period has elapsed. Under no circumstances shall we provide any data and information which has been disposed of after retention period. Under no circumstances shall we be liable for damage of any kind, including (but not limited to) compensatory damages, lost profits, lost data, or any form of special, incidental, indirect, consequential or punitive damages of any kind, whether based on breach of contract of warranty, tort (including negligence), product liability or otherwise, even if we are informed in advance of the possibility of such damages.