

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.12.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN STS TEST SERVICES CO., LTD. 1/F, BUILDING 2, ZHUOKE SCIENCE PARK, CHONGQING ROAD

FUYONG, BAO' AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/21 EPGO352

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
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	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PRO			
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 07/21 EPGO352		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.227 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.195 MΩ		

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{\rm be}$ + $d_{\rm steo}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \, \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta/2)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \mathrm{for} \, \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 $\Delta_{ ext{step}}$ is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz,

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.



The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters				
Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C				
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C			
Lab Humidity	30-70 %			

5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

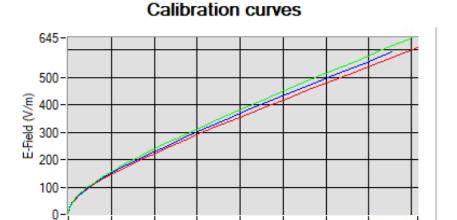
Normx dipole $1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$		
1.09	1.02	0.95

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
111	111	111

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$





80.0

Voltage (V)

0.10

0.12

0.14

0.16

Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

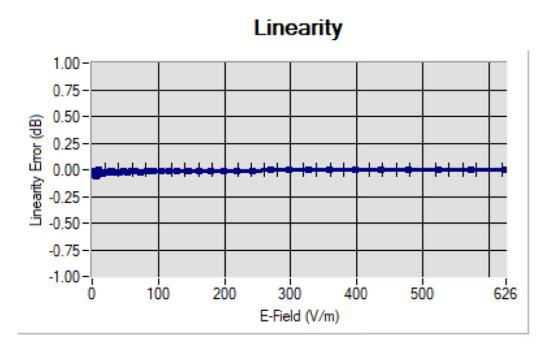
5.2 LINEARITY

0.00

0.02

0.04

0.06



Linearity:+/-1.27% (+/-0.06dB)



5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

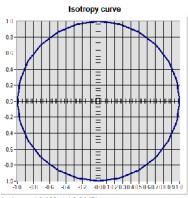
<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	<u>ConvF</u>
HL750	750	1.58
HL850	835	1.57
HL900	900	1.68
HL1800	1800	1.60
HL1900	1900	1.78
HL2300	2300	1.71
HL2450	2450	1.75
HL2600	2600	1.63
HL3300	3300	1.56
HL3500	3500	1.59
HL3700	3700	1.57
HL3900	3900	1.71
HL4200	4200	1.87
HL4600	4600	1.86
HL4900	4900	1.68
HL5200	5200	1.47
HL5400	5400	1.65
HL5600	5600	1.74
HL5800	5800	1.64

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg



ISOTROPY 5.4

HL1800 MHz



Isotropy:+/-0.16% (+/-0.01dB)



LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	' ' I IIdentification No I			Next Calibration Date			
Flat Phantom	MVG	I SNEDIDIUSSAMIA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022			
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Wa∨eguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Wa∨eguide Transition	Mega Industries	I NGQV7_158_13_7N1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023			



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.262.5.20.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN STS TEST SERVICES CO., LTD. 1/F., BUILDING B, ZHUOKE SCIENCE PARK, No. 190, CHONGQING ROAD, FUYONG STREET, BAO' AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONGCHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise - 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibretion date: 07/14/2020



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG. using the CALIPROBE test bench. for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units(SI).



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	7/28/2020	72
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	7/28/2020	25
Approved by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	7/28/2020	#

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LUC	7/28/2020	Initial release
			<u> </u>





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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID835		
Serial Number	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332		
Product Condition (new / used) New			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss	
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB	

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
3 - 300	0.05 mm		

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

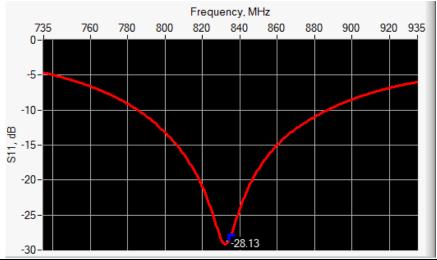
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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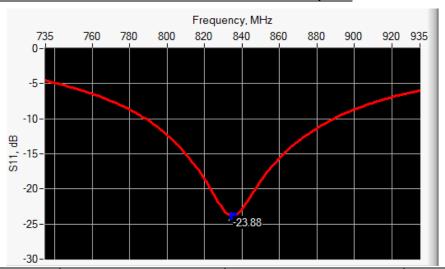
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-28.13	-20	$51.4 \Omega + 3.6 j\Omega$

6.2 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-23.88	-20	$49.2 \Omega + 6.3 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lr	nm	h m	m	d n	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS

900	149.0 ±1 %.	83.3 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1450	89.1 ±1 %.	51.7 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1500	80.5 ±1 %.	50.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1640	79.0 ±1 %.	45.7 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1750	75.2 ±1 %.	42.9 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	41.7 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	39.5 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
1950	66.3 ±1 %.	38.5 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
2000	64.5 ±1 %.	37.5 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
2100	61.0 ±1 %.	35.7 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
2300	55.5 ±1 %.	32.6 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	30.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	





2100	39.8 ±5 %	1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %	1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %	1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %	2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %	2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

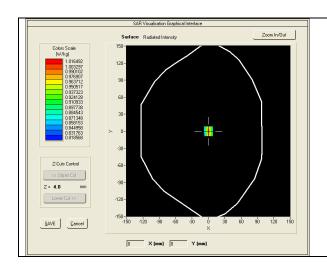
Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 42.3 sigma: 0.92
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

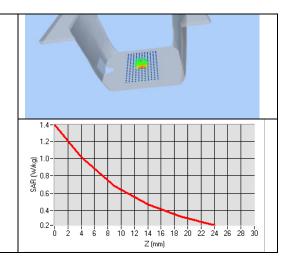
Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.63 (0.96)	6.22	6.15 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	





2450	52.4	24	
2600	55.3	24.6	
3000	63.8	25.7	
3500	67.1	25	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	

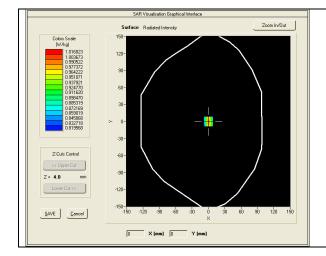
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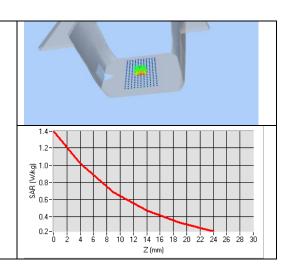
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 54.1 sigma: 0.97
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.93 (0.99)	6.35 (0.63)







LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2019	10/2020	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2020	01/2023	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	15098832	11/2017	11/2020	



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.262.8.20.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN STS TEST SERVICES CO., LTD. 1/F., BUILDING B, ZHUOKE SCIENCE PARK,No.190, CHONGQING ROAD FUYONG STREET, BAO' AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN,GUANGDONG,CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise - 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibretion date: 07/14/2020



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG. using the CALIPROBE test bench. for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units(SI).



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	7/28/2020	72
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	7/28/2020	25
Approved by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	7/28/2020	4

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LUC	7/28/2020	Initial release
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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test					
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE				
Manufacturer	MVG				
Model	SID1900				
Serial Number	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333				
Product Condition (new / used)	New				

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB		

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
3 - 300	0.05 mm		

5.3 <u>VALIDATION MEASUREMENT</u>

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

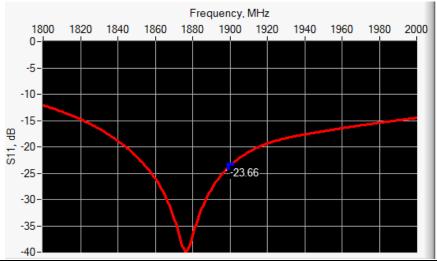
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty		
1 g	20.3 %		
10 g	20.1 %		

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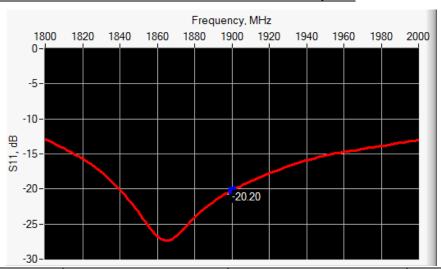
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-23.66	-20	$51.4 \Omega + 6.4 j\Omega$

6.2 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-20.20	-20	$48.7 \Omega + 9.6 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	



Microware Vision Group

900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m		
	required	required measured		measured	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %		
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %		
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %		
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %		
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %		
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %		
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %		
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %		
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %		
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %		

2100	39.8 ±5 %	1.4	19 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %	1.6	67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	1.8	30 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %	1.9	96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %	2.4	10 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %	2.9	91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

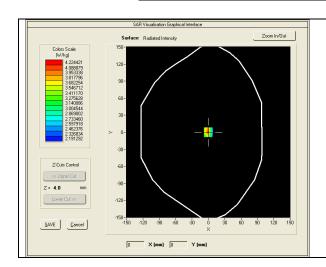
The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

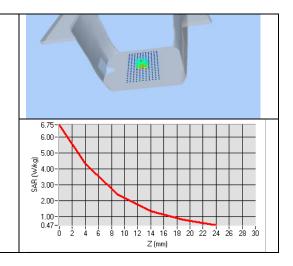
Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.1 sigma: 1.42
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	39.84 (3.98)	20.5	20.20 (2.02)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	



2450	52.4	24	
2600	55.3	24.6	
3000	63.8	25.7	
3500	67.1	25	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	



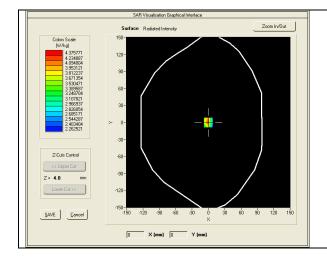
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

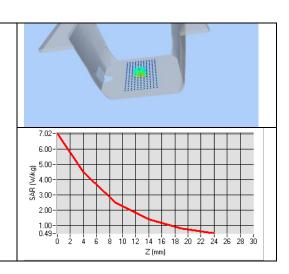
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 54.2 sigma: 1.54
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	measured	measured	
1900	43.33 (4.33)	21.59 (2.16)	







LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2019	10/2020	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2020	01/2023	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	15098832	11/2017	11/2020	