

FCC & IC TEST REPORT (Wi-Fi 2.4GHz)
No. 171100706SHA-001

Applicant : GES Singapore Pte Ltd.
28 Marsiling Lane, Singapore 739152

Manufacturing site : Same as applicant

Product Name : 802.11a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.1 M.2 2230 Type Card

Type/Model : QCNFA364A

TEST RESULT : PASS

SUMMARY

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or specification:

47CFR Part 15 (2017): Radio Frequency Devices


ANSI C63.10 (2013): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

RSS-247 Issue 2 (Feb 2017): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

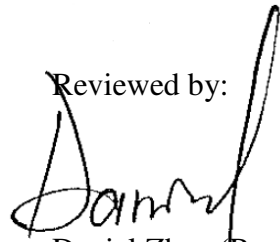
RSS-Gen Issue 4 (December 2014): General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Date of issue: Dec 15, 2017

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Content

SUMMARY.....	1
1 GENERAL INFORMATION	5
1.1 Description of Client.....	5
1.2 Identification of the EUT	5
1.3 Technical Specification.....	6
2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS.....	7
2.1 Standards or specification	7
2.2 Mode of operation during the test.....	7
2.3 Test software list	8
2.4 Test peripherals list	8
2.5 Instrument list	9
2.6 Test Summary	10
2.7 Measurement Uncertainty	11
3 MINIMUM 6dB BANDWIDTH	12
3.1 Limit.....	12
3.2 Test Configuration	12
3.3 Test Procedure and test setup.....	12
3.4 Test Protocol	13
4 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	26
4.1 Test limit	26
4.2 Test Configuration	26
4.3 Test procedure and test setup.....	27
4.4 Test protocol	28
5 POWER SPECTRUM DENSITY	29
5.1 Test limit	29
5.2 Test Configuration	29
5.3 Test procedure and test setup.....	30
5.4 Test Protocol	31
6 EMISSION OUTSIDE THE FREQUENCY BAND.....	44
6.1 Test limit	44
6.2 Test Configuration	44
6.3 Test procedure and test setup.....	44
6.4 Test Protocol	46
7 RADIATED EMISSIONS IN RESTRICTED FREQUENCY BANDS.....	67
7.1 Test limit	67
7.2 Test Configuration	67
7.3 Test procedure and test setup.....	68
7.4 Test Protocol	69
8 POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION	73
8.1 Limit.....	73
8.2 Test configuration	73
8.3 Test procedure and test set up.....	74
8.4 Test protocol	75
9 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	76
9.1 Test limit	76
9.2 Test Configuration	76

9.3 Test procedure and test setup 77
9.4 Test protocol 78

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Client

Applicant : GES Singapore Pte Ltd.
28 Marsiling Lane, Singapore 739152

Manufacturing site : Same as applicant

1.2 Identification of the EUT

Product Name : 802.11a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.1 M.2 2230 Type Card

Type/model : QCNFA364A

FCC ID : 2AOJ9-7357622

IC : 9871A -7357622

1.3 Technical Specification

Operation Frequency : 2412-2462MHz
Band

Type of Modulation : DSSS

EUT Modes of Modulation : DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM

Channel Number : 11 for b/g/n20; 9 for n40.

Description of EUT : This device is a module supporting 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac as well as Bluetooth dual modes.
Among this report, only 802.11b/g/n was assessed.

Port identification : /

Antenna : PIFA, 2.6dBi, 2*2 MIMO

Rating : 3.3Vdc from host equipment

Declared Temperature range : -10°C ~ 70°C

Category of EUT : Class B

EUT type : Table top
 Floor standing

Sample received date : Nov 5, 2017

Sample Identification : /

No

Date of test : Nov 5, 2017 – Dec 15, 2017

2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2017)
ANSI C63.10 (2013)
RSS-247 Issue 2 (Feb 2017)
RSS-Gen Issue 4 (December 2014)
KDB 558074 (V04)
KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01

2.2 Mode of operation during the test

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the internal modulation and continuously transmission was applied.

Test software setting: default power setting among the software *QCARCT*

The lowest, middle and highest channel were tested as representatives.

Freq. Band (MHz)	Mode	L (MHz)	M (MHz)	H (MHz)
2400-2483.5	802.11b	2412	2437	2462
	802.11g	2412	2437	2462
	802.11n20	2412	2437	2462
	802.11n40	2422	2442	2452

The power is confirmed at all data rates for each mode, and the highest reading is achieved under the data rate below:

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)
802.11b	1
802.11g	6
802.11n20	MCS8
802.11n40	MCS8

All tests are conducted among this data rate.

Duty cycle for each mode is calculated as:

Mode	Duty cycle
802.11b	127.82 ms/128.59 ms = 0.994
802.11g	21.45 ms/21.587 ms = 0.994
802.11n20	19.787 ms/20.012 ms = 0.989
802.11n40	Duty cycle = 9.54 ms/9.725 ms = 0.981

For all duty cycle is $\geq 98\%$, it could be looked as continuously transmission.

Antenna gain calculation

Mode	Beamforming supported	CDD supported	Directional gain (dBi)	PSD Directional gain (dBi)
802.11b	No	Yes	2.6	5.6
802.11g	No	Yes	2.6	5.6
802.11n20	No	No	2.6	2.6
802.11n40	No	No	2.6	2.6

2.3 Test software list

Test Items	Software	Manufacturer	Version
Conducted emission	ESxS-K1	R&S	V2.1.0
Radiated emission	ES-K1	R&S	V1.71

2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	Name	Band and Model	Description
1	Laptop computer	HP, EliteBook 2530P	-

2.5 Instrument list

Radiated Emission					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB 26	EC 3045	2018-10-18
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	EC 4206	2018-05-30
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	R&S	HF 906	EC 3049	2018-09-22
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	ETS	3117	EC 4792-1	2018-08-23
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pre-amplifier	R&S	Pre-amp 18	EC5881	2018-06-19
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Semi-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3048	2018-09-08
RF test					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2018-09-10
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2018-03-03
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2018-03-06
<input type="checkbox"/>	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2018-03-03
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mobile Test System	Litepoint	Iqxel	EC 5176	2018-01-11
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2018-02-23
Additional instrument					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3323	2018-06-14
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3324	2018-04-09
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3325	2018-03-23
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2018-06-28
Conducted Emission					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	EC 2107	2018-10-19
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	A.M.N.	R&S	ESH2-Z5	EC 3119	2018-12-01
<input type="checkbox"/>	I.S.N.	FCC	FCC-TLISN -T8-02	EC 3756	2018-02-08

2.6 Test Summary

This report applies to tested sample only. The test results have been compared directly with the limits, and the measurement uncertainty is recorded. This report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Intertek Testing Service Shanghai Limited.

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERANCE	IC REFERANCE	RESULT
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth & Occupied bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen (6.6) RSS-247 Issue 2 5.2 (a)	Pass
Maximum peak output power	15.247(b)	RSS-Gen (6.12) RSS-247 Issue 2 5.4 (d)	Pass
Power spectrum density	15.247(e)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.2 (b)	Pass
Radiated emission	15.205 & 15.209	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.5	Pass
Emission outside the frequency band	15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.5	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207	RSS-Gen (8.8)	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable

2.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT

Item No.	Test Items	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
1	Radio frequency	0.84 × 10⁻⁷
2	RF power, conducted	0.74 dB
3	RF power, radiated	5.92 dB
5	Power Spectral Density, conducted	2.99 dB
6	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	0.88 %
7	Conducted emission at mains ports	3.19 dB
8	Radiated Emissions up to 1 GHz	4.90 dB
9	Radiated Emissions 1-6GHz	5.02 dB
19	Radiated Emissions 6-18GHz	5.28 dB

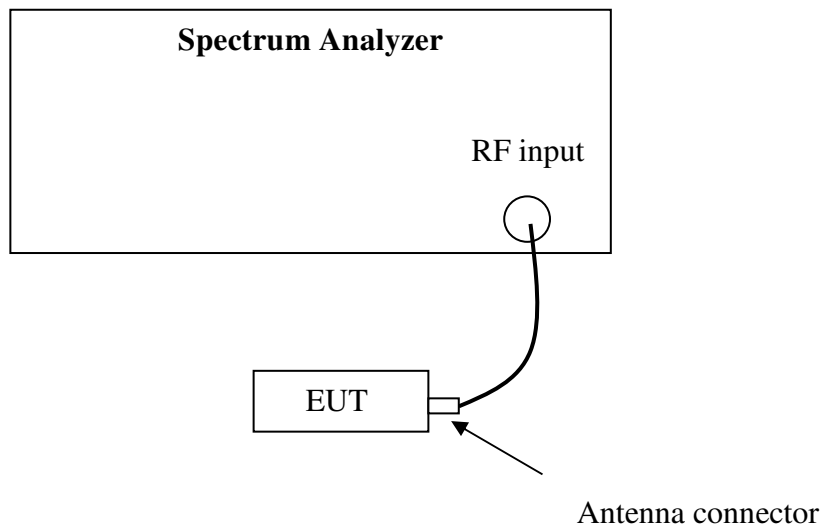
3 Minimum 6dB Bandwidth

Test result: Pass

3.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.2 Test Configuration



3.3 Test Procedure and test setup

The minimum 6dB bandwidth per FCC §15.247(a)(2) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer according to DTS test procedure of “KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02” for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements(clause 8.2).

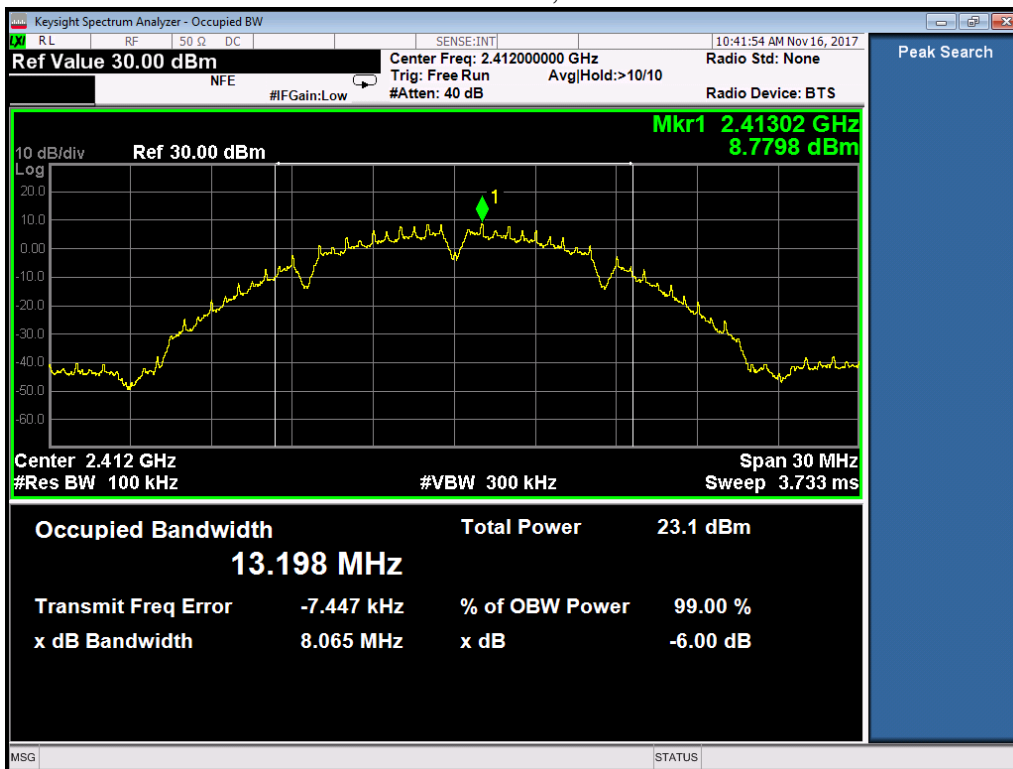
3.4 Test Protocol

Temperature: 22 °C
Relative Humidity: 43 %

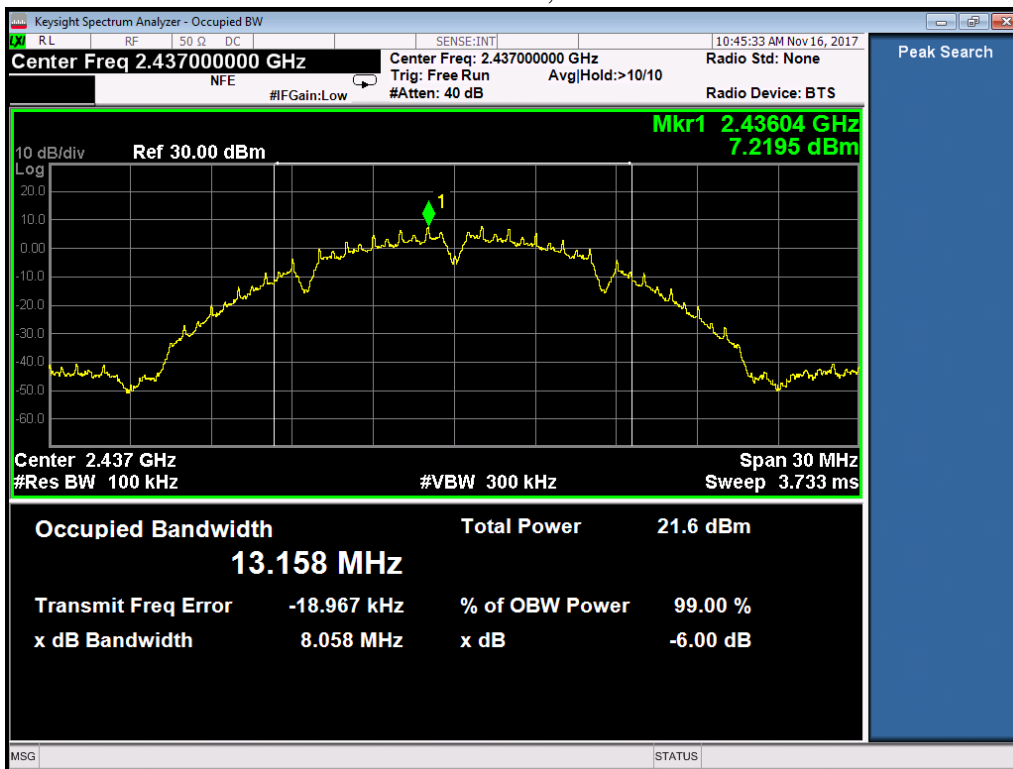
Modulation	Channel	Minimum 6dB Bandwidth (MHz)			Limits (MHz)
		Port0	Port 1	Port 2	
802.11b	L	8.07	8.07	/	> 0.5
	M	8.06	8.08	/	> 0.5
	H	8.05	8.07	/	> 0.5
802.11g	L	15.13	15.12	/	> 0.5
	M	15.33	15.13	/	> 0.5
	H	15.53	15.12	/	> 0.5
802.11n20	L	15.14	15.12	/	> 0.5
	M	15.13	15.12	/	> 0.5
	H	15.14	15.13	/	> 0.5
802.11n40	L	35.10	35.08	/	> 0.5
	M	35.11	35.09	/	> 0.5
	H	35.10	35.09	/	> 0.5

Port 0

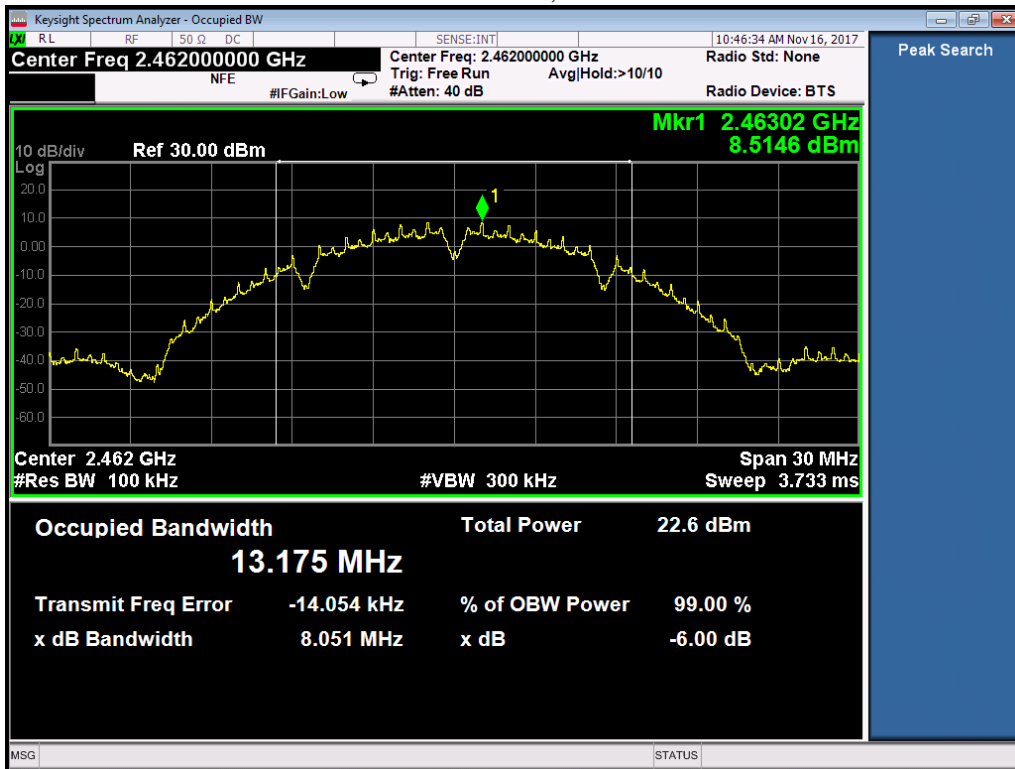
802.11b, L



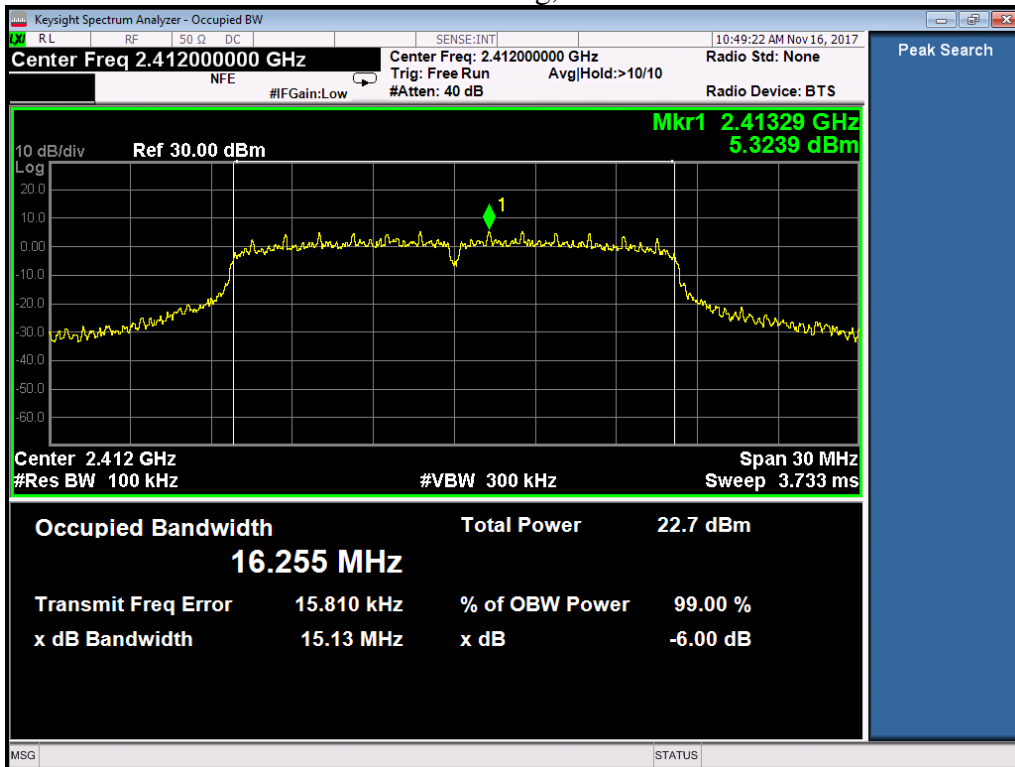
802.11b, M



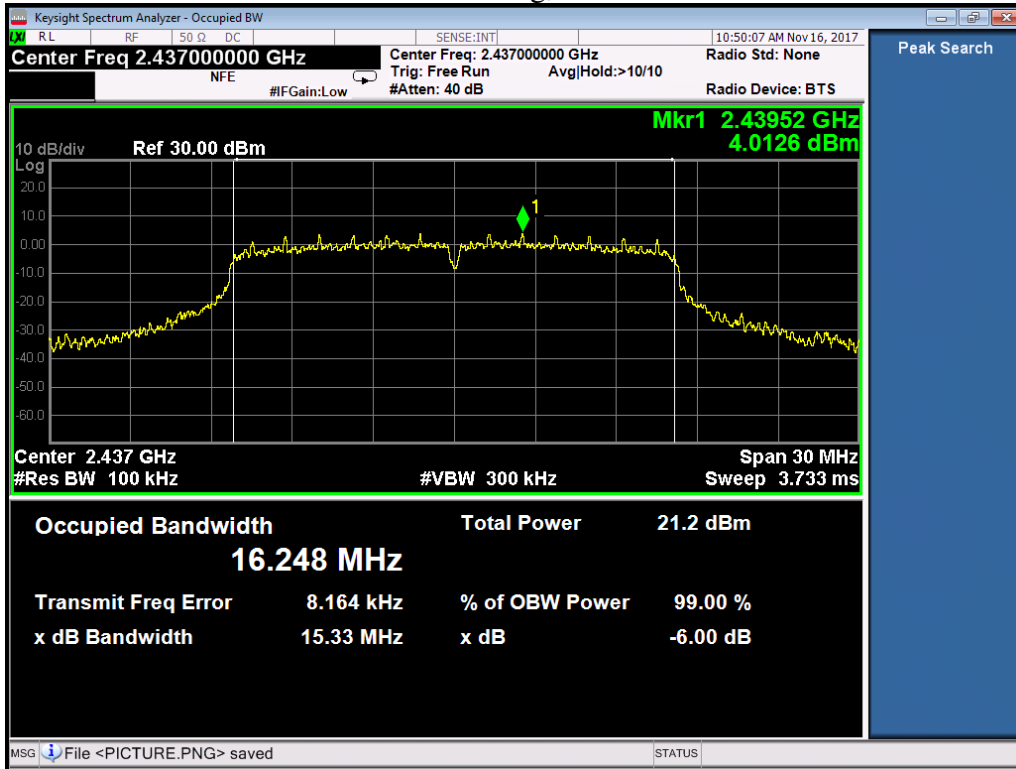
802.11b, H



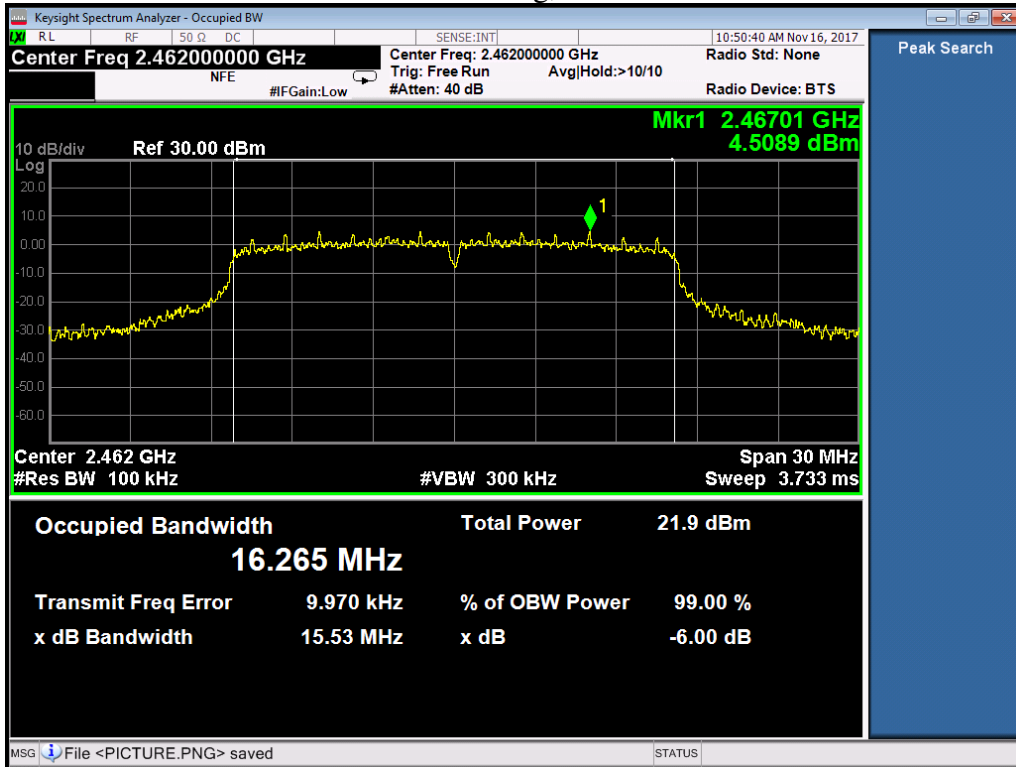
802.11g, L



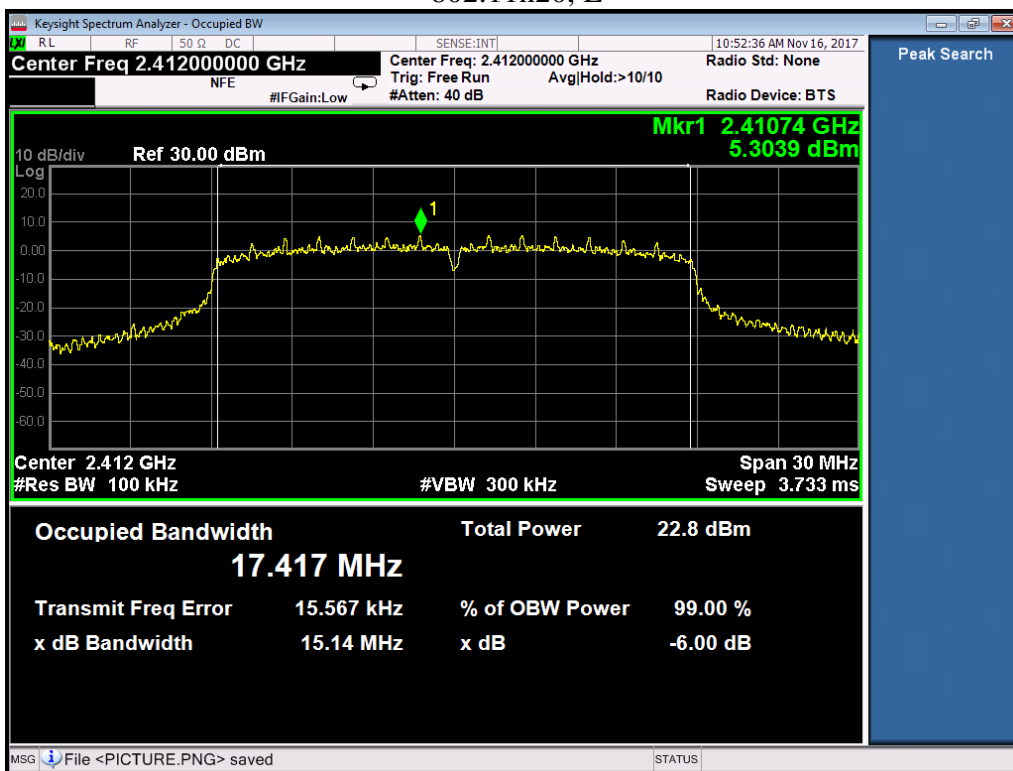
802.11g, M



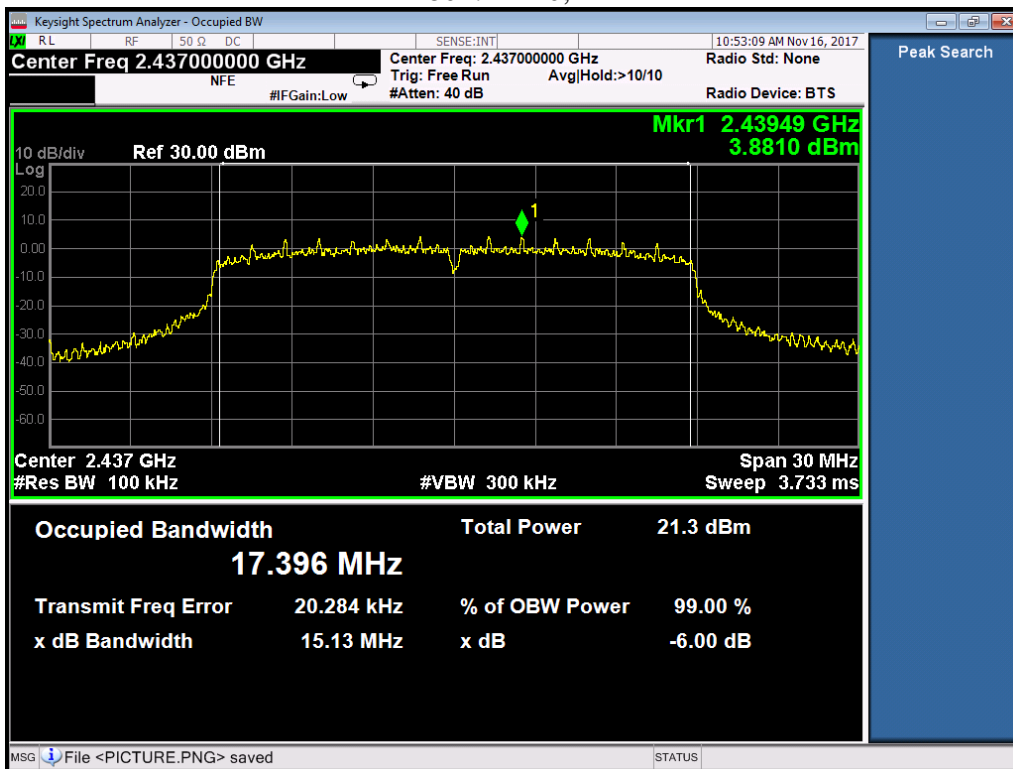
802.11g, H



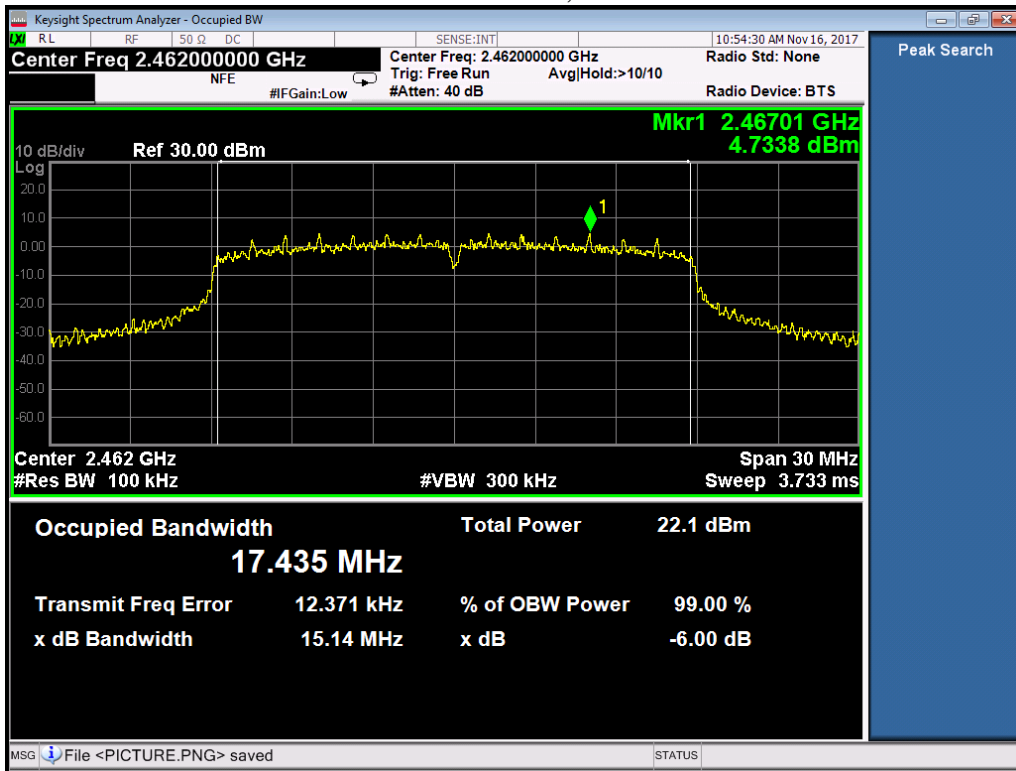
802.11n20, L



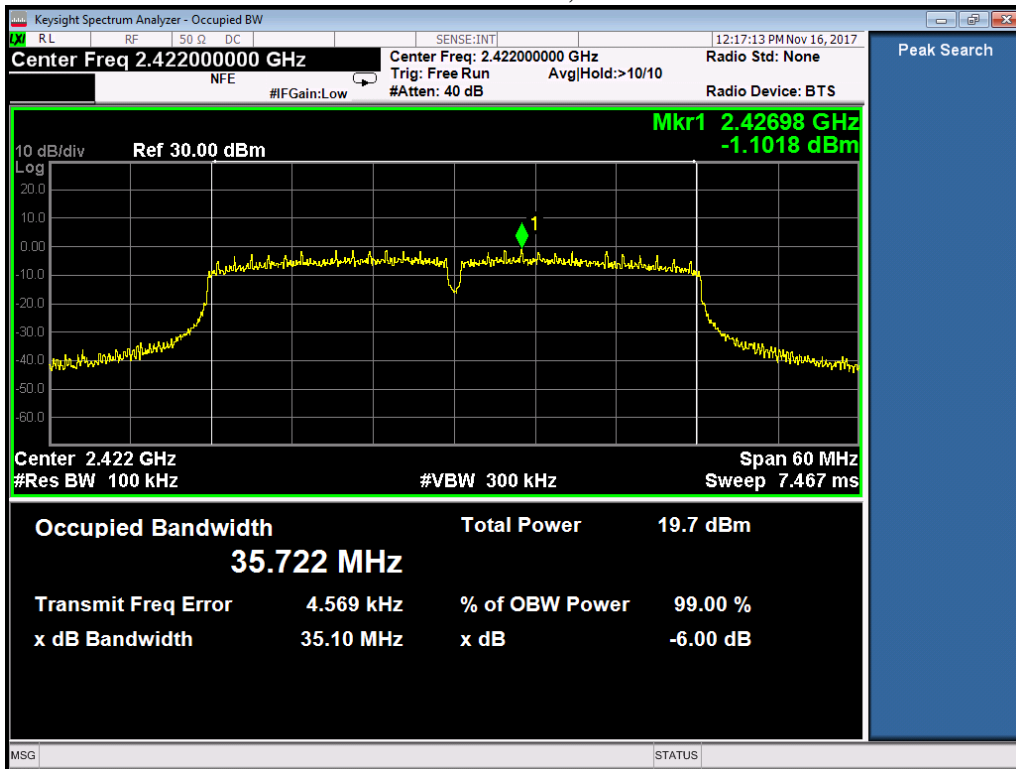
802.11n20, M



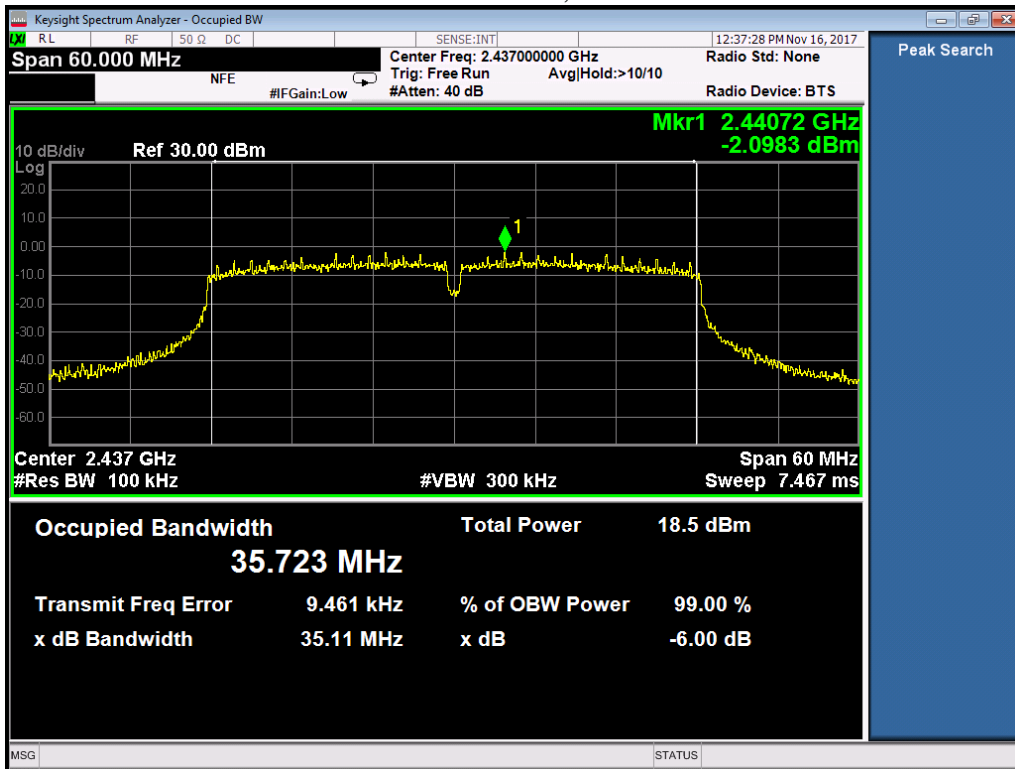
802.11n20, H



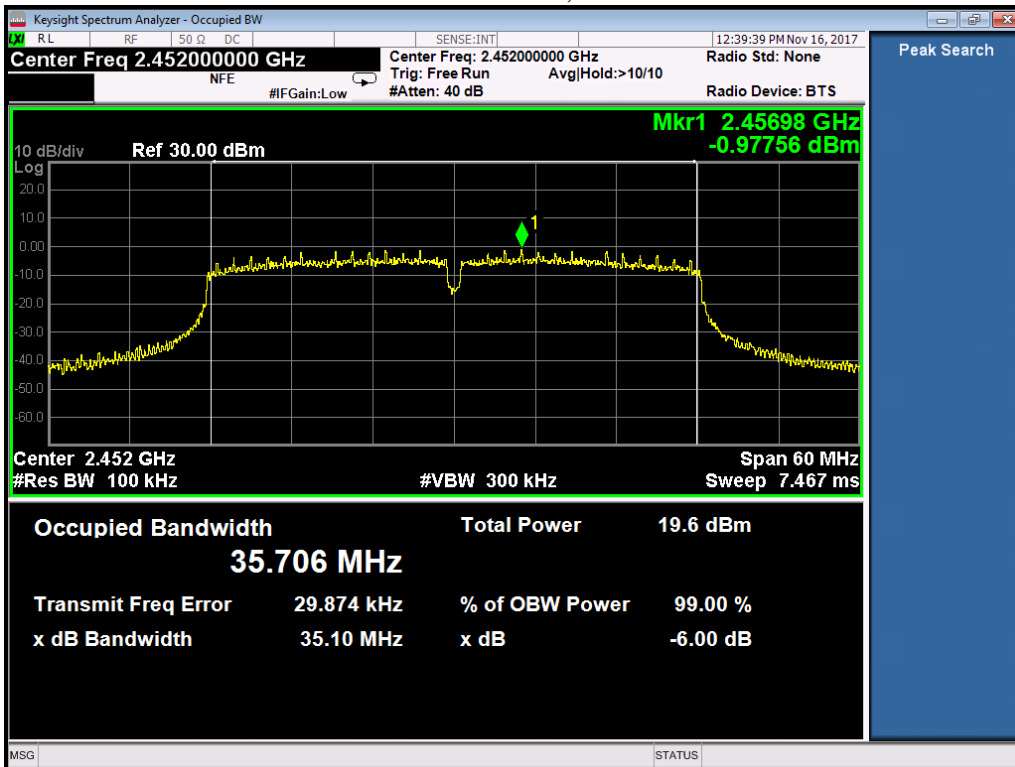
802.11n40, L



802.11n40, M

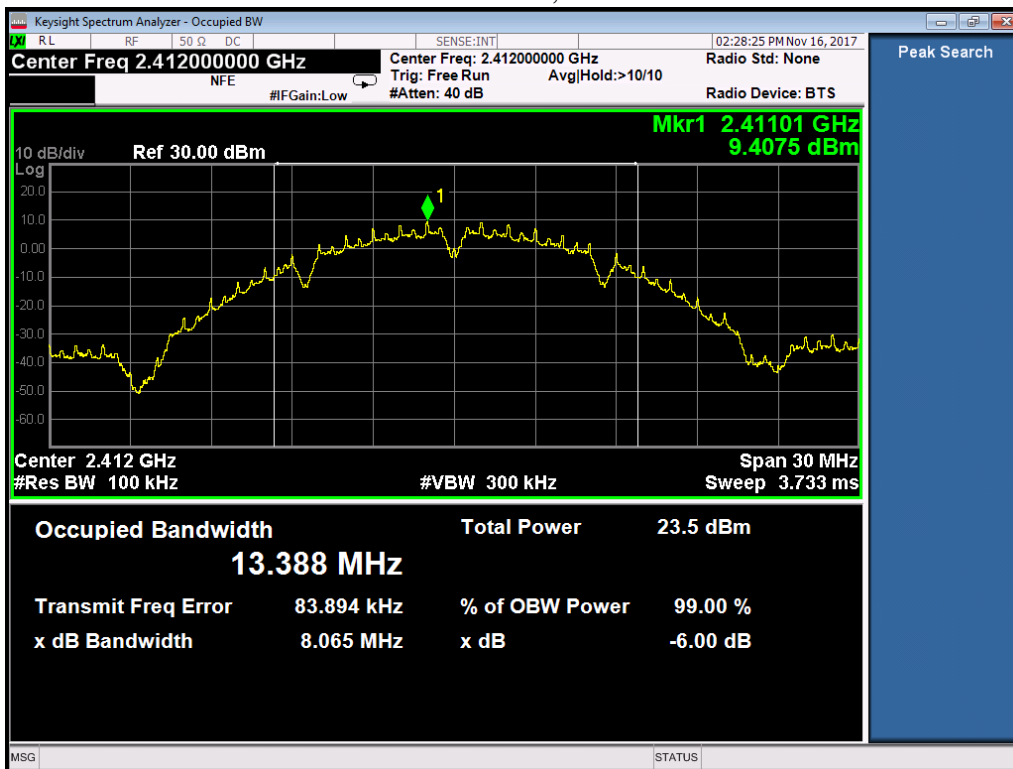


802.11n40, H

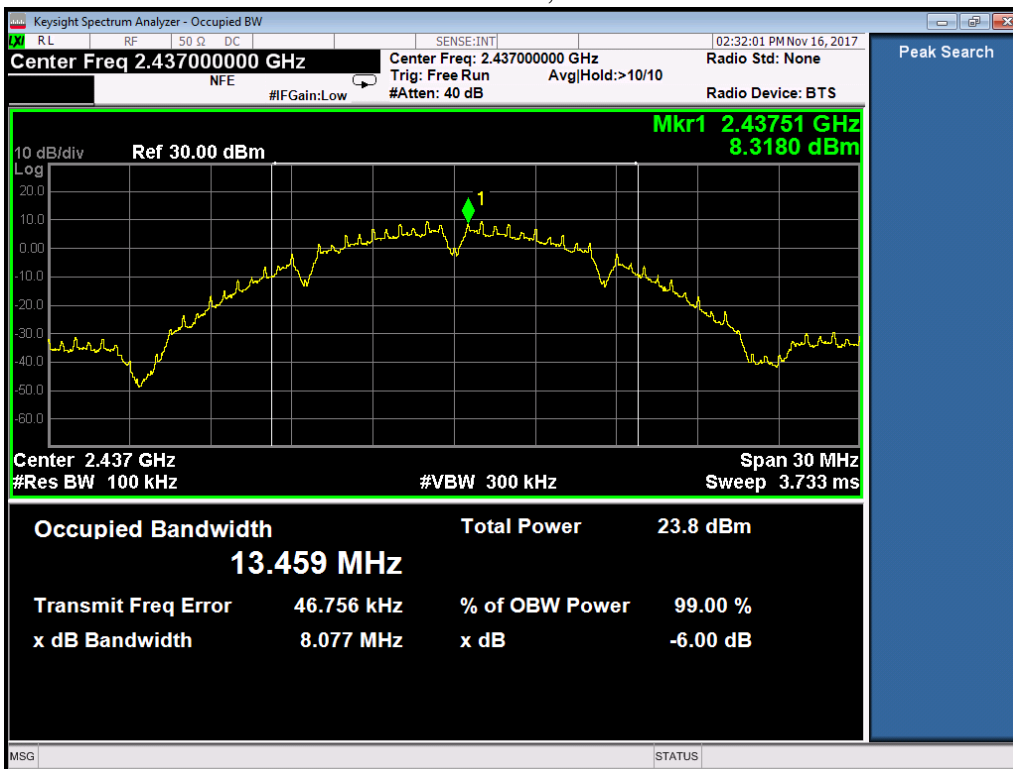


Port 1

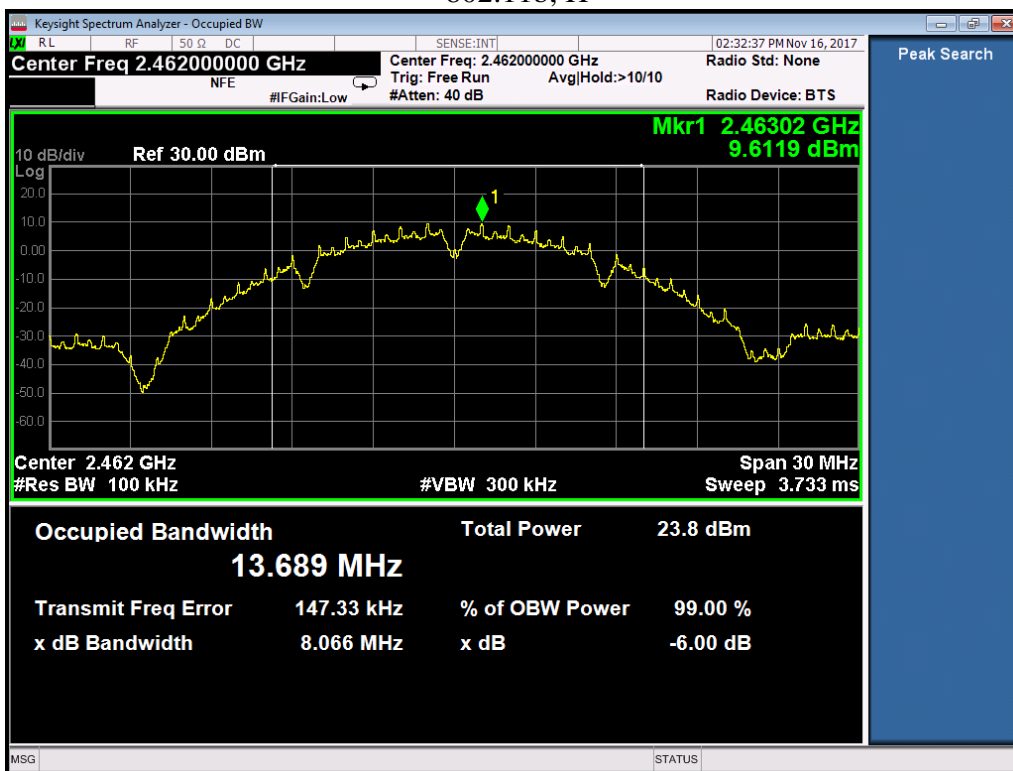
802.11b, L



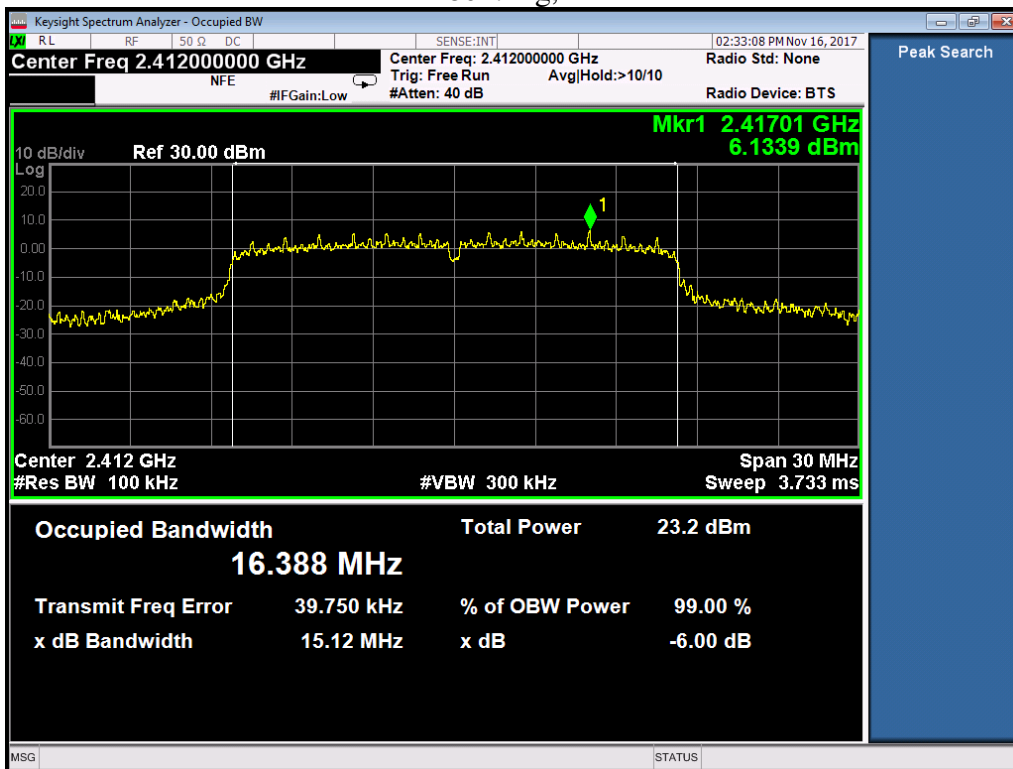
802.11b, M



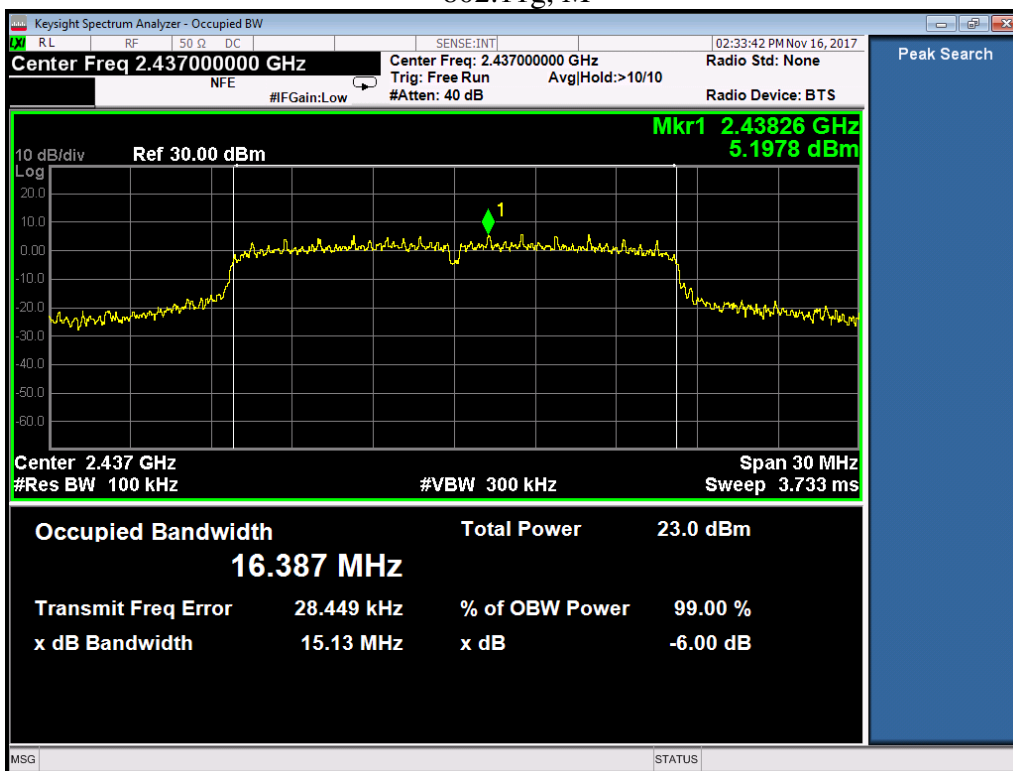
802.11b, H



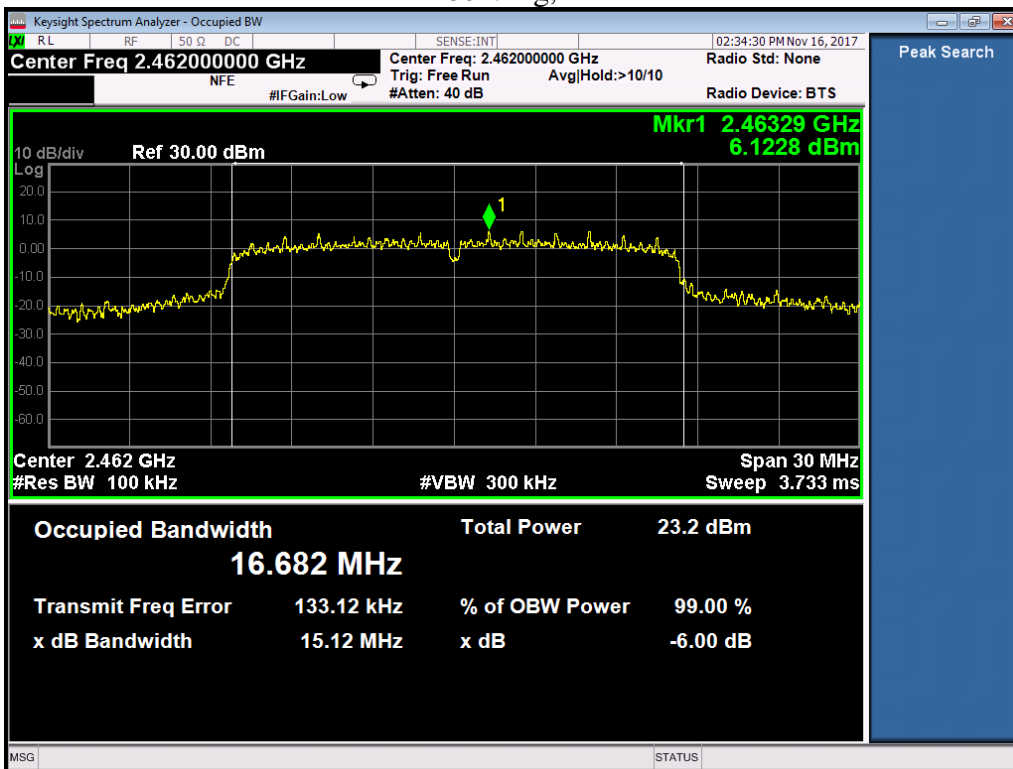
802.11g, L



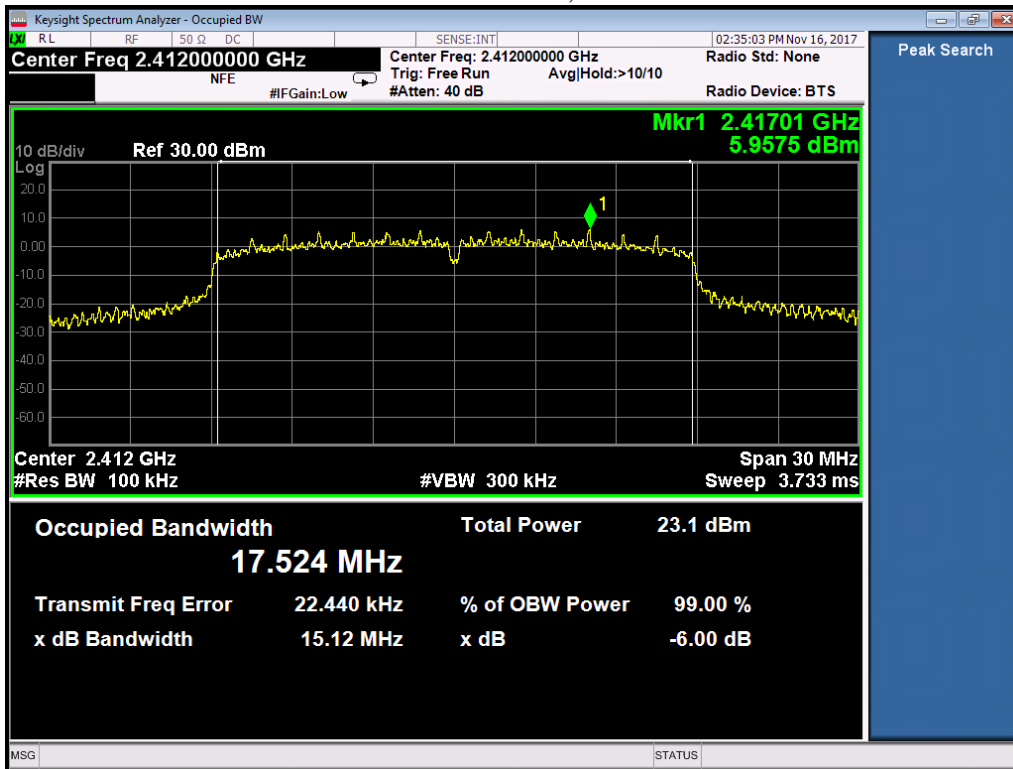
802.11g, M



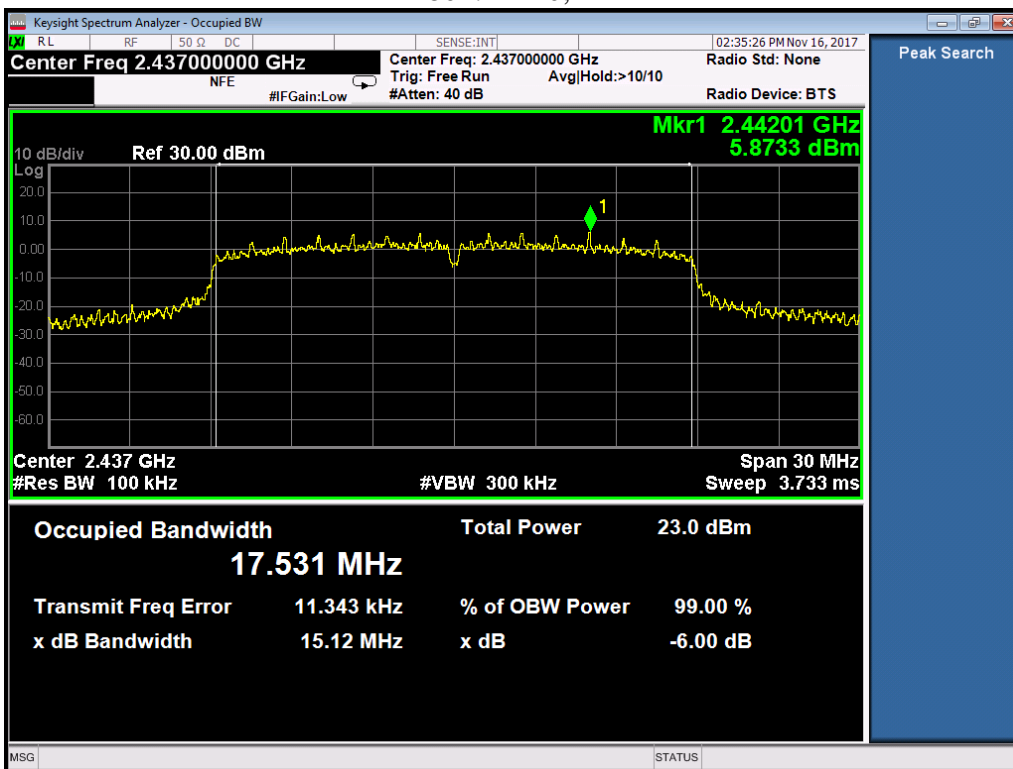
802.11g, H



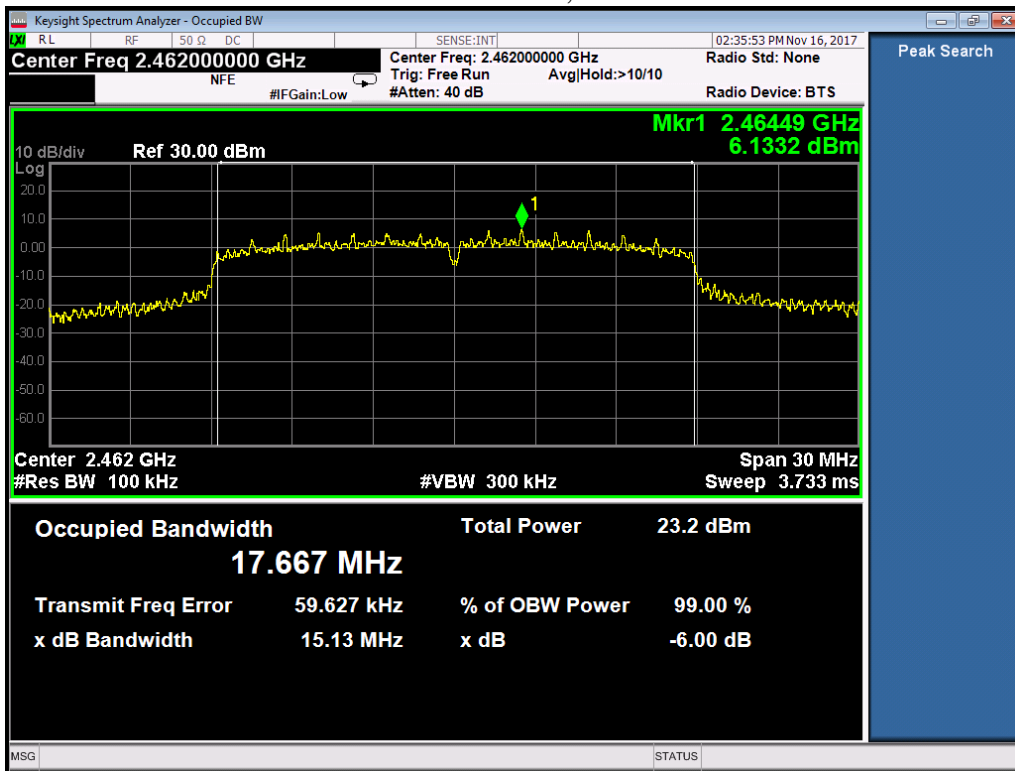
802.11n20, L



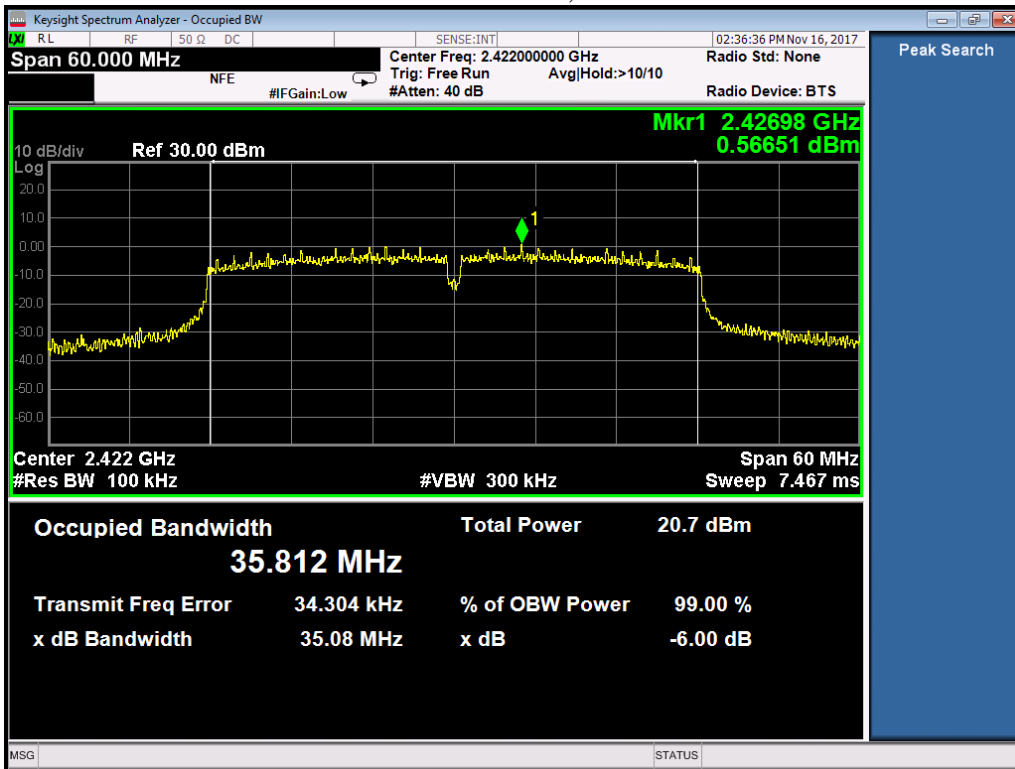
802.11n20, M



802.11n20, H



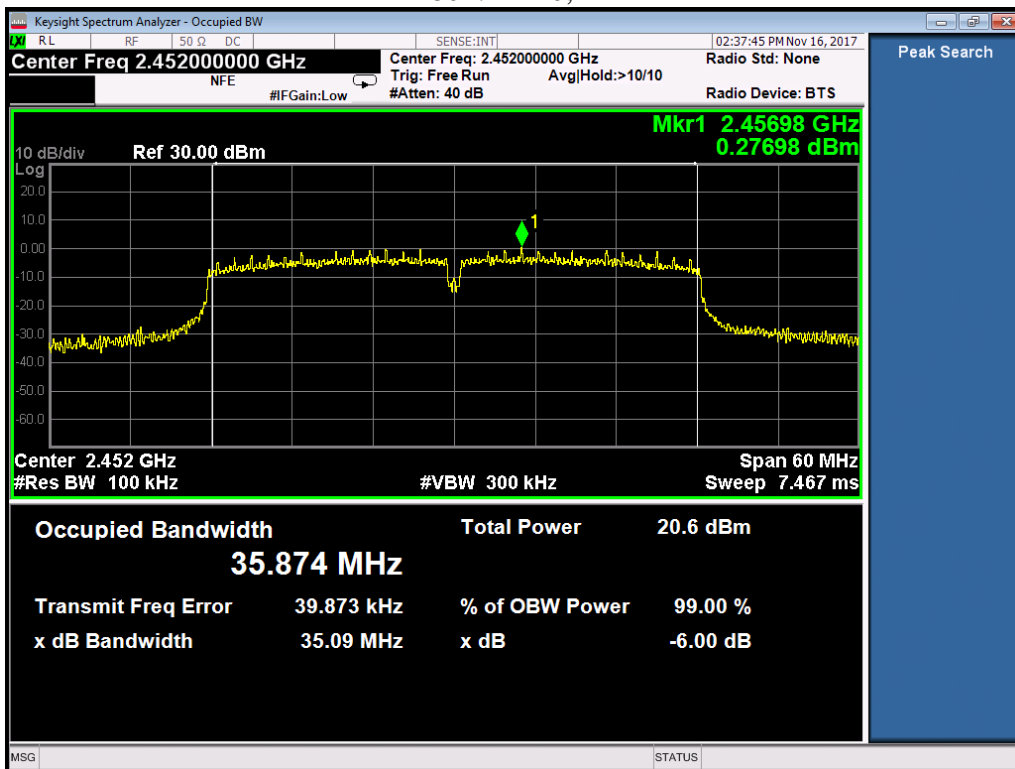
802.11n40, L



802.11n40, M



802.11n40, H



4 Maximum Conducted Output power

Test result: Pass

4.1 Test limit

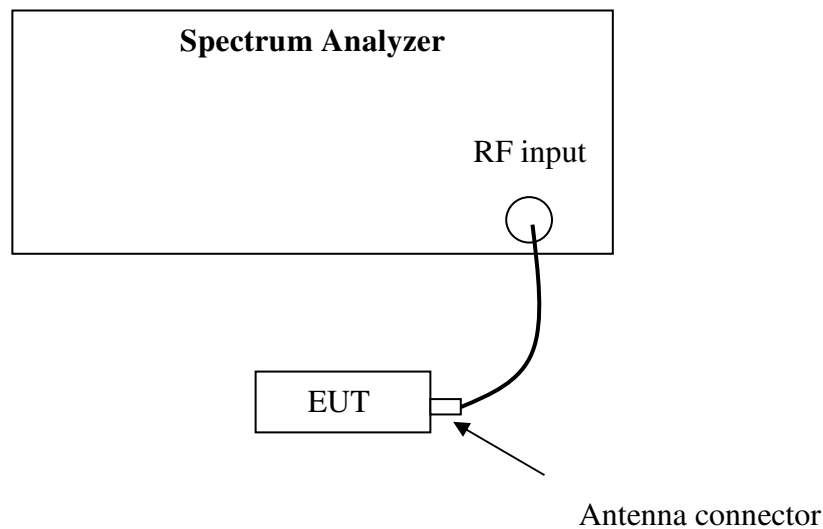
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt

For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 30dBm and 30+ (6 –antenna gain-beam forming gain).

4.2 Test Configuration



4.3 Test procedure and test setup

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of “KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance” for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements (clause 9.2.3.1).

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
 - b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.
 - c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
 - d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

4.4 Test protocol

Temperature: 22 °C
Relative Humidity: 43 %

Test Mode	Channel	Reading (dBm)			Duty cycle factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
		Port0	Port 1	Port 2				
802.11b	L	18.60	18.80	/	/	21.71	30.00	8.29
	M	18.30	18.80	/	/	21.57	30.00	8.43
	H	18.50	18.20	/	/	21.36	30.00	8.64
802.11g	L	18.20	18.10	/	/	21.16	30.00	8.84
	M	17.30	16.90	/	/	20.11	30.00	9.89
	H	17.50	16.60	/	/	20.08	30.00	9.92
802.11n20	L	18.30	16.80	/	/	20.62	30.00	9.38
	M	16.80	17.40	/	/	20.12	30.00	9.88
	H	17.10	17.30	/	/	20.21	30.00	9.79
802.11n40	L	15.20	15.10	/	/	18.16	30.00	11.84
	M	14.80	15.20	/	/	18.01	30.00	11.99
	H	14.90	14.90	/	/	17.91	30.00	12.09

Note: Reading port x (mW) = $10^{(\text{reading port x (dBm)}/10 + \text{duty cycle factor (dB)}/10)}$; x = 0, 1, 2.
 Total Power (mW) = reading port 0 (mW) + reading port 1 (mW) + reading port 2 (mW)
 Total power (dBm) = $10 * \log(\text{Total power(mW)})$

The Maximum EIRP = 21.71dBm + 2.6dBi = 24.31dBm = 538.27mW < IC EIRP limit of 4W

5 Power spectrum density

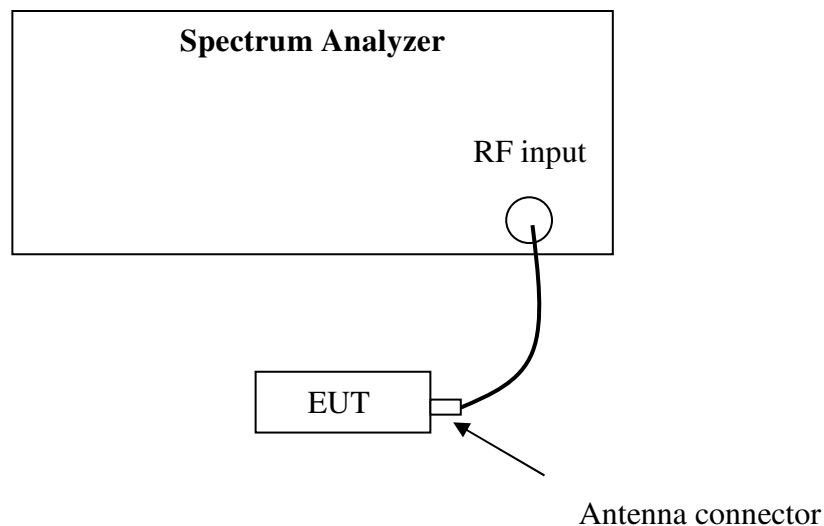
Test result: Pass

5.1 Test limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 8dBm/MHz and $8 + (6 - \text{antenna gain} - \text{beam forming gain})$.

5.2 Test Configuration



5.3 Test procedure and test setup

The power output per FCC §15.247(e) was tested according to DTS test procedure of “KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02” (clause 10.5) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.

This procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (*i.e.*, duty cycle < 98%), and when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is constant (*i.e.*, duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent):

- a) Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in 6.0.
- b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- c) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- d) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- e) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- f) Detector = power averaging (RMS) or sample detector (when RMS not available).
- g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}$.
- h) Sweep time = auto couple.
- i) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to “free run”.
- j) Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- l) Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a), to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
- m) If resultant value exceeds the limit, then reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span in order to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

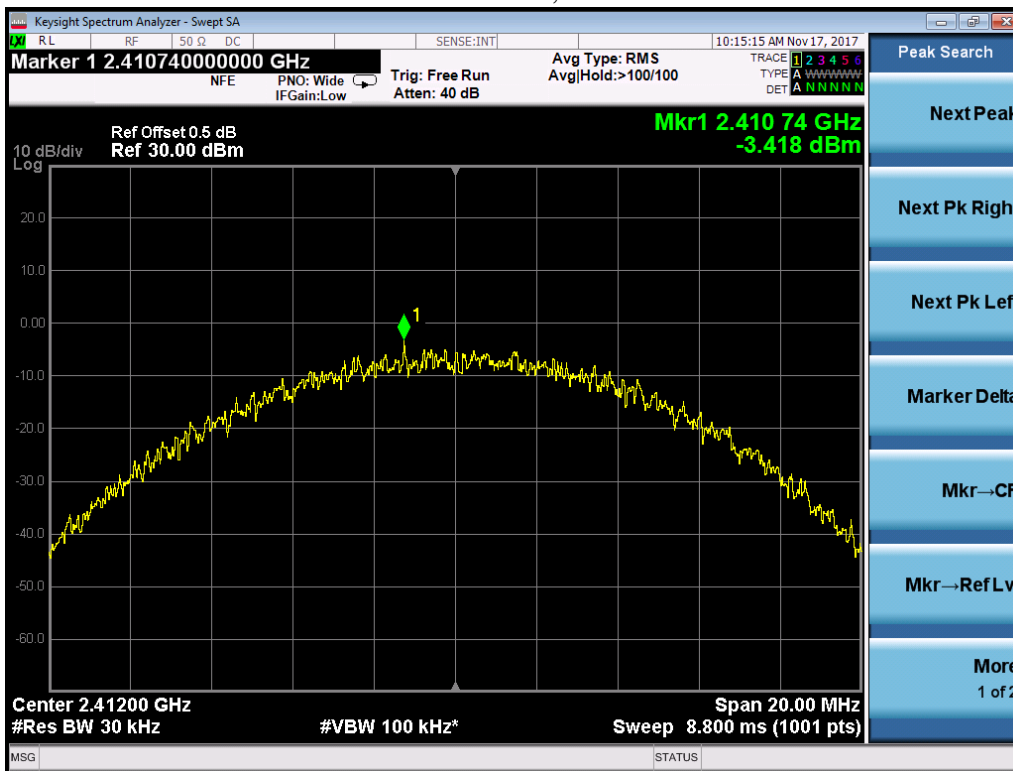
5.4 Test Protocol

Temperature: 24 °C
Relative Humidity: 43 %

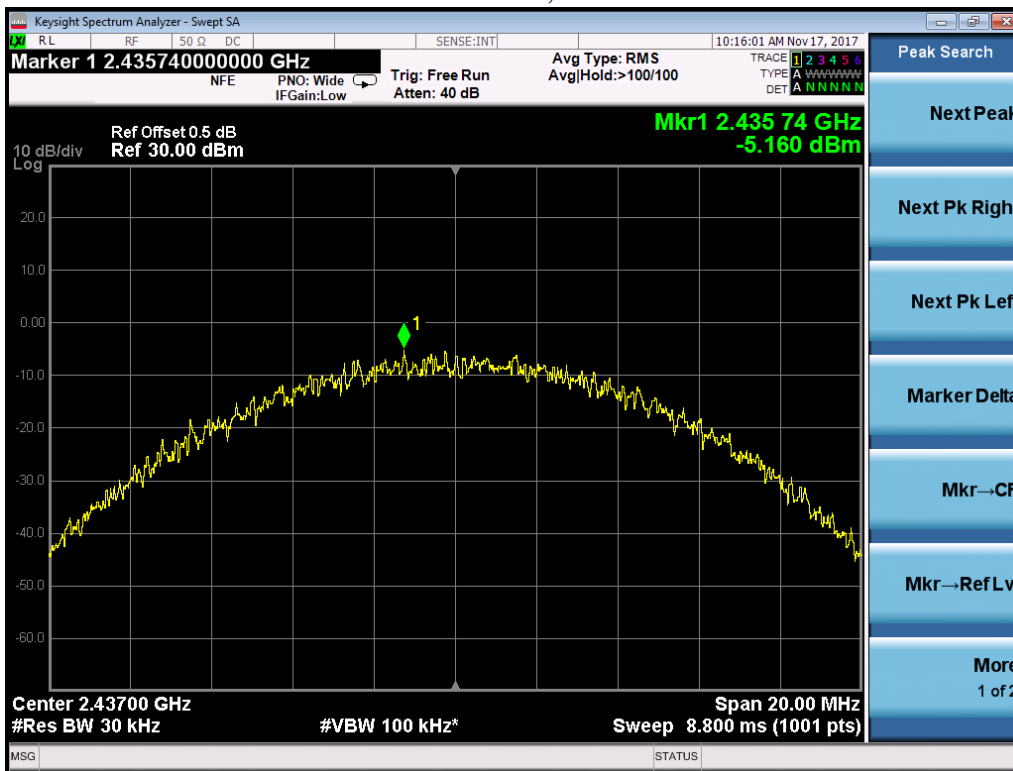
Test Mode	Channel	Reading (dBm/3kHz)			Duty cycle factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Margin (dB)
		Port0	Port 1	Port 2				
802.11b	L	-3.42	-4.03	/	/	-0.70	8.00	8.70
	M	-5.16	-3.05	/	/	-0.97	8.00	8.90
	H	-4.69	-3.01	/	/	-0.76	8.00	8.70
802.11g	L	-9.06	-8.28	/	/	-5.64	8.00	13.60
	M	-9.77	-8.13	/	/	-5.86	8.00	13.80
	H	-9.03	-8.04	/	/	-5.50	8.00	13.50
802.11n20	L	-8.72	-8.38	/	/	-5.54	8.00	13.50
	M	-10.32	-8.46	/	/	-6.28	8.00	14.20
	H	-9.35	-8.54	/	/	-5.92	8.00	13.90
802.11n40	L	-14.83	-13.12	/	/	-10.88	8.00	18.80
	M	-15.38	-13.69	/	/	-11.44	8.00	19.40
	H	-15.08	-13.63	/	/	-11.28	8.00	19.20

Port 0

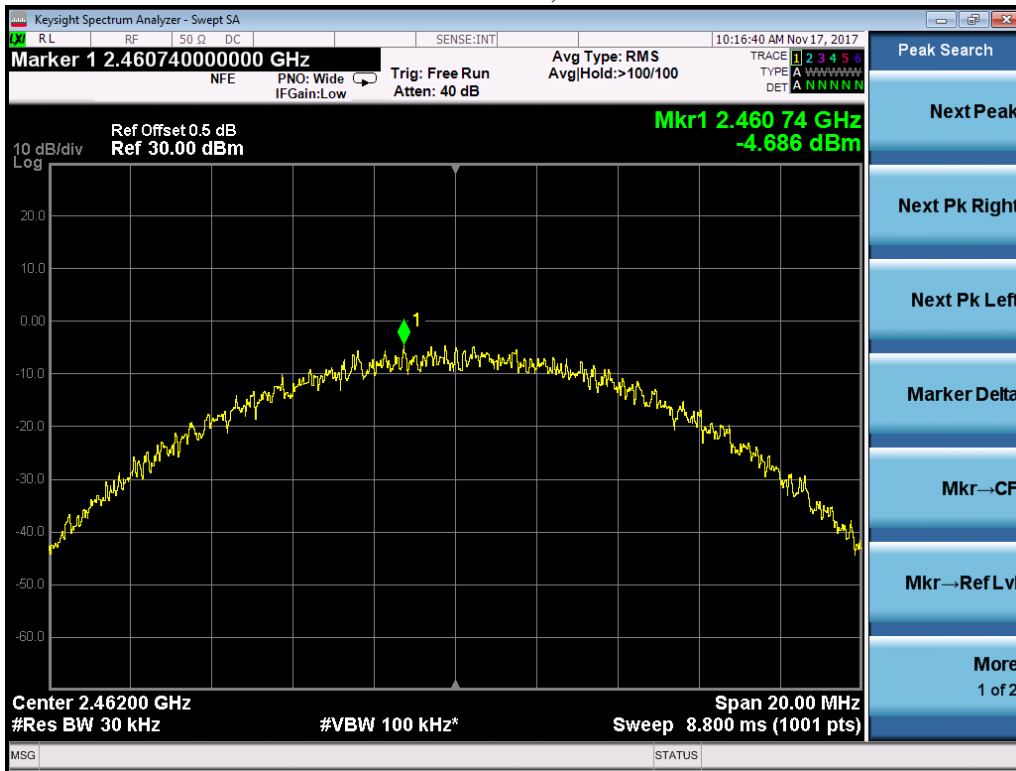
802.11b, L



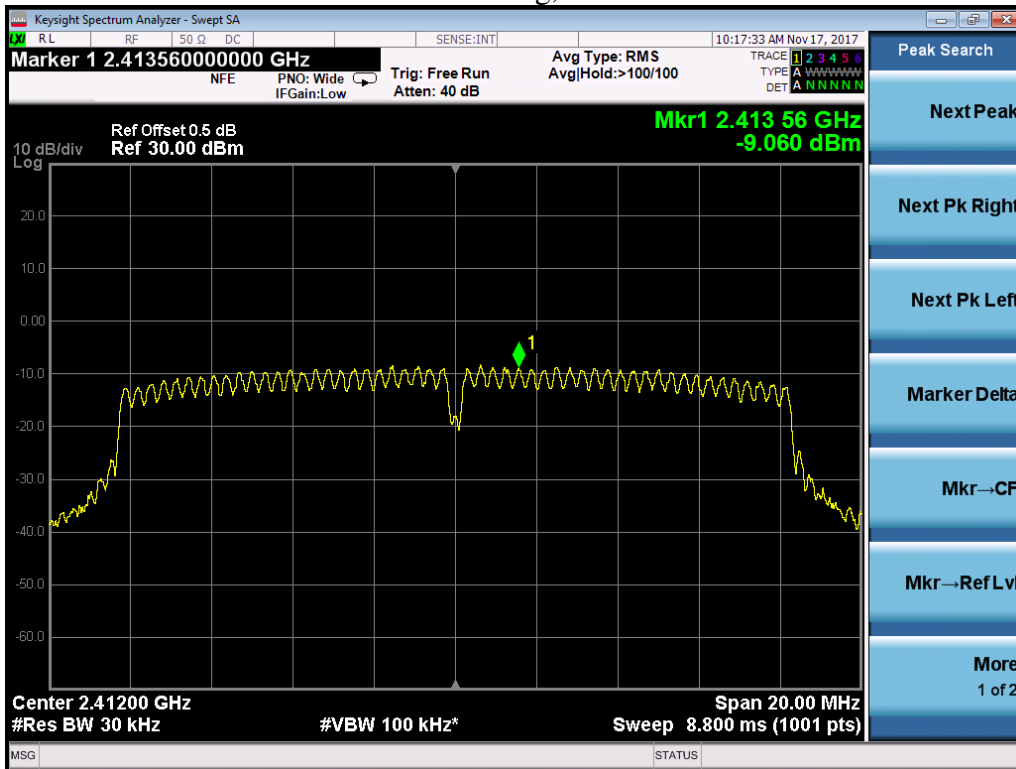
802.11b, M



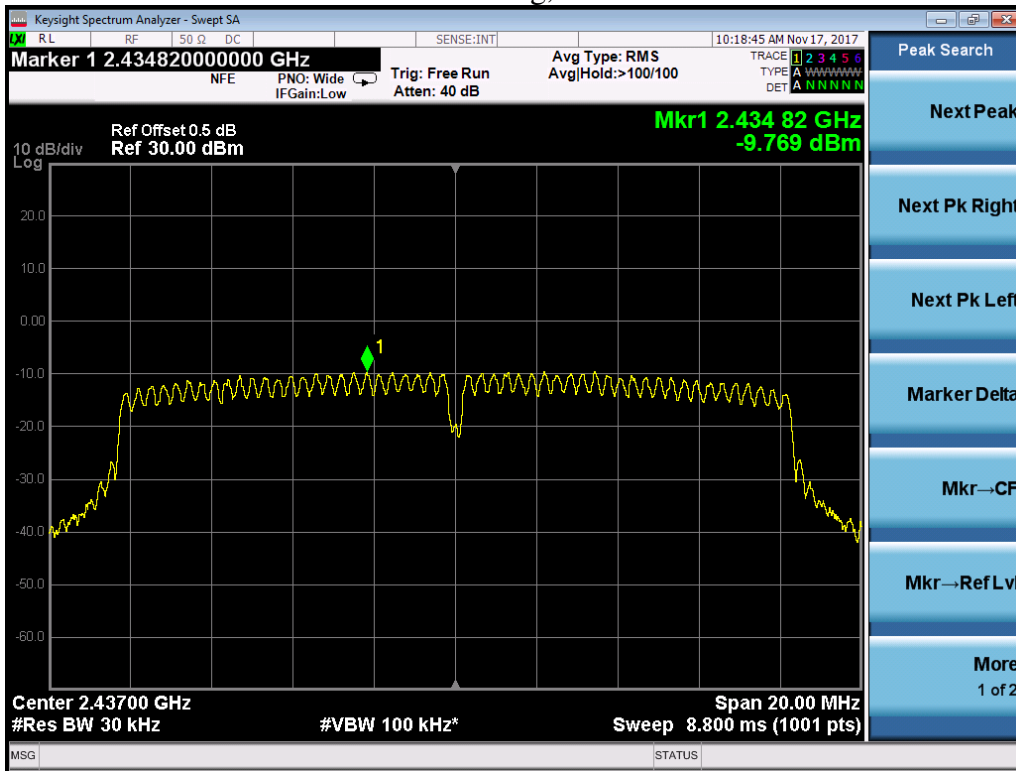
802.11b, H



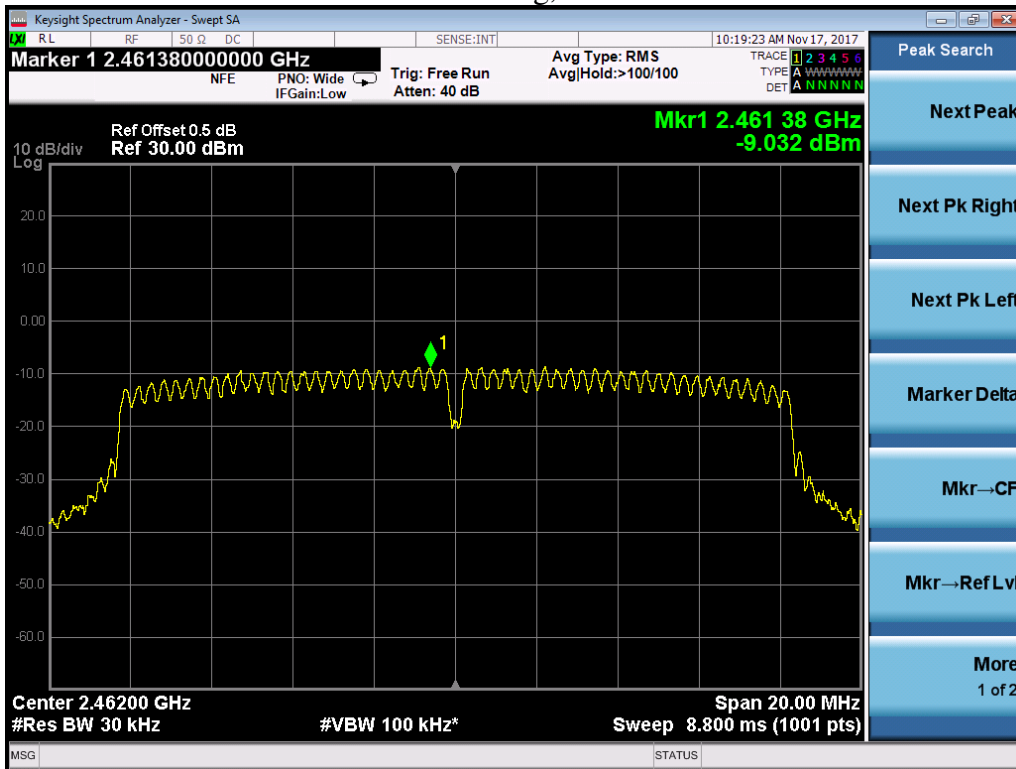
802.11g, L



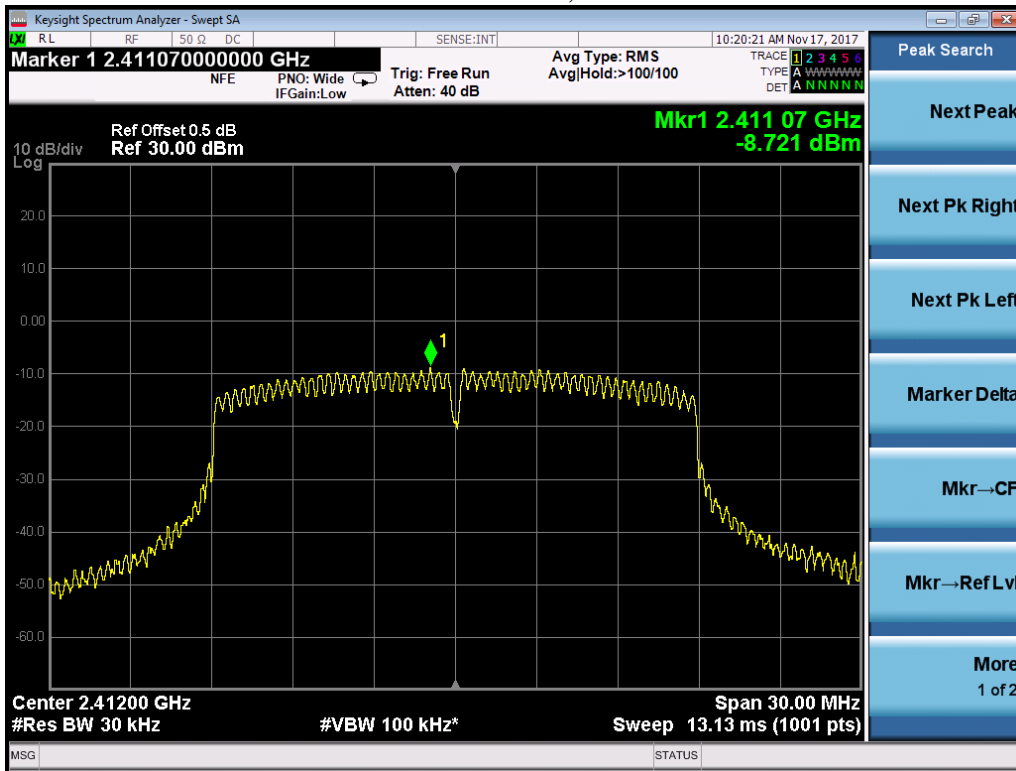
802.11g, M



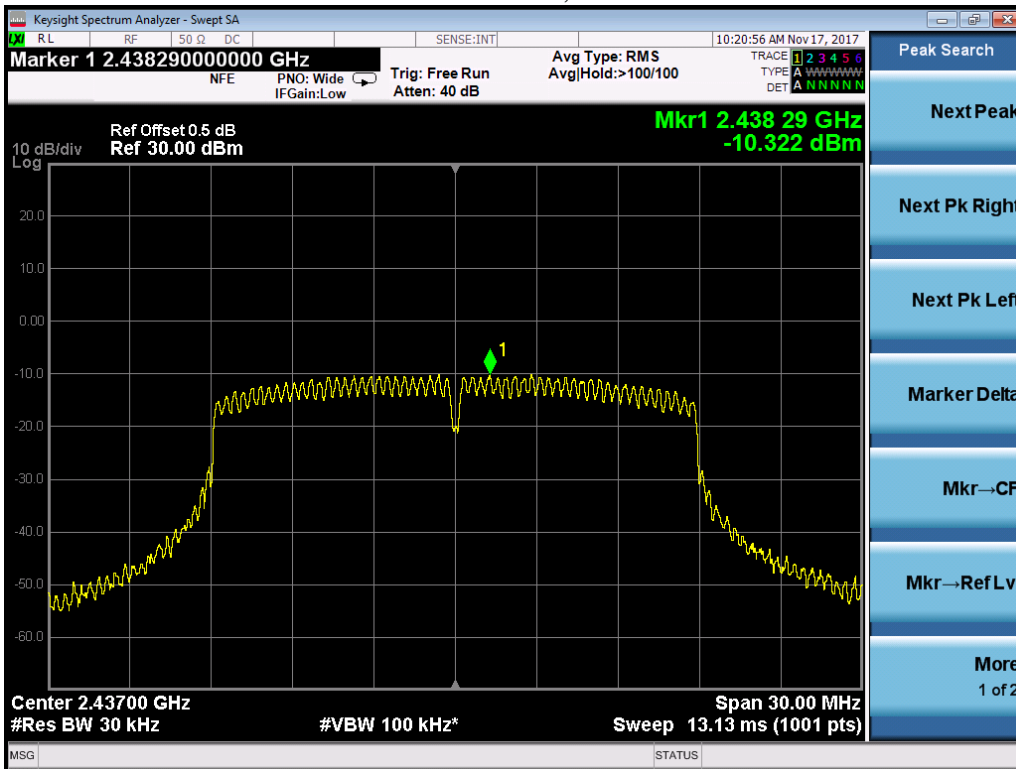
802.11g, H



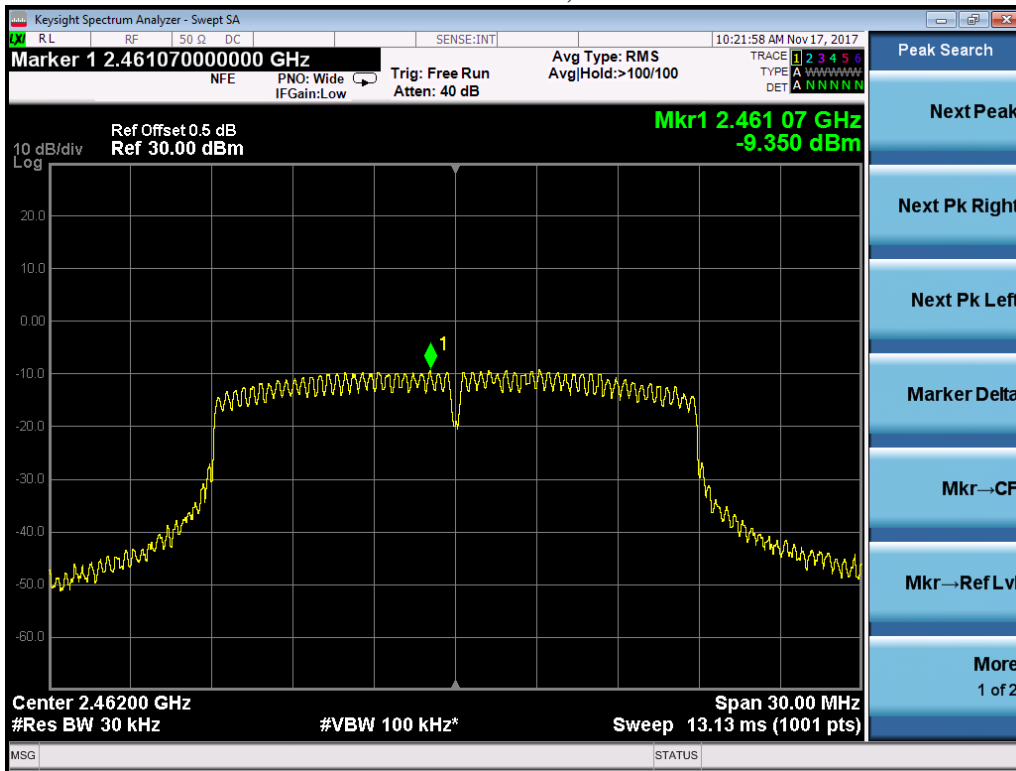
802.11n20, L



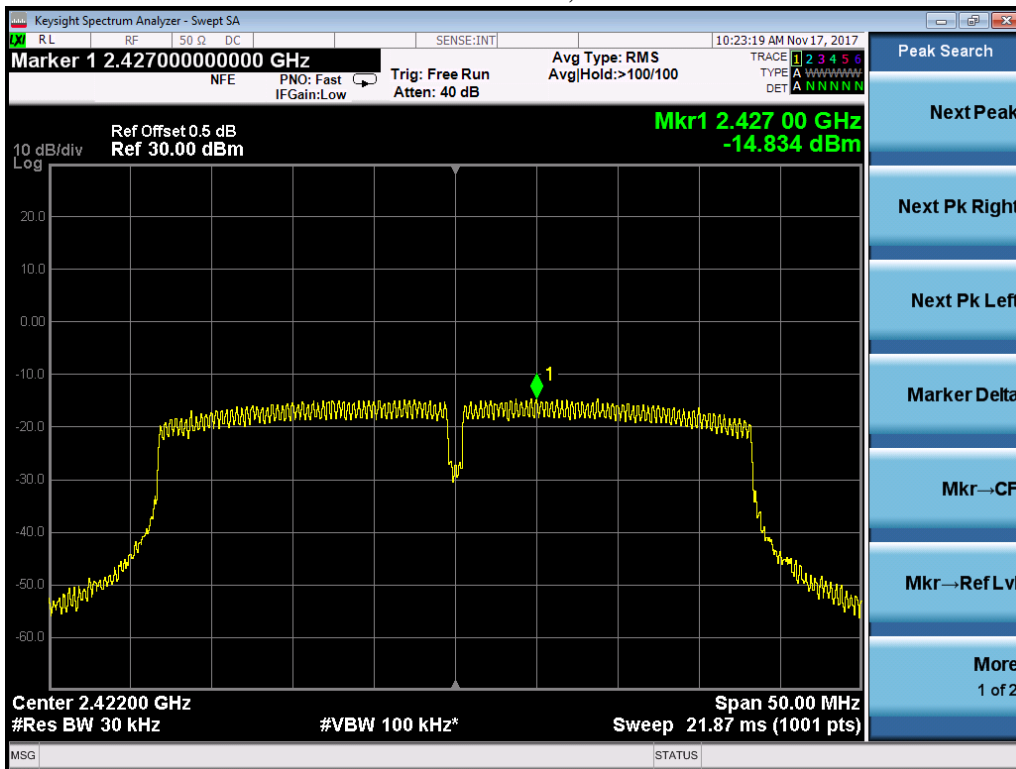
802.11n20, M



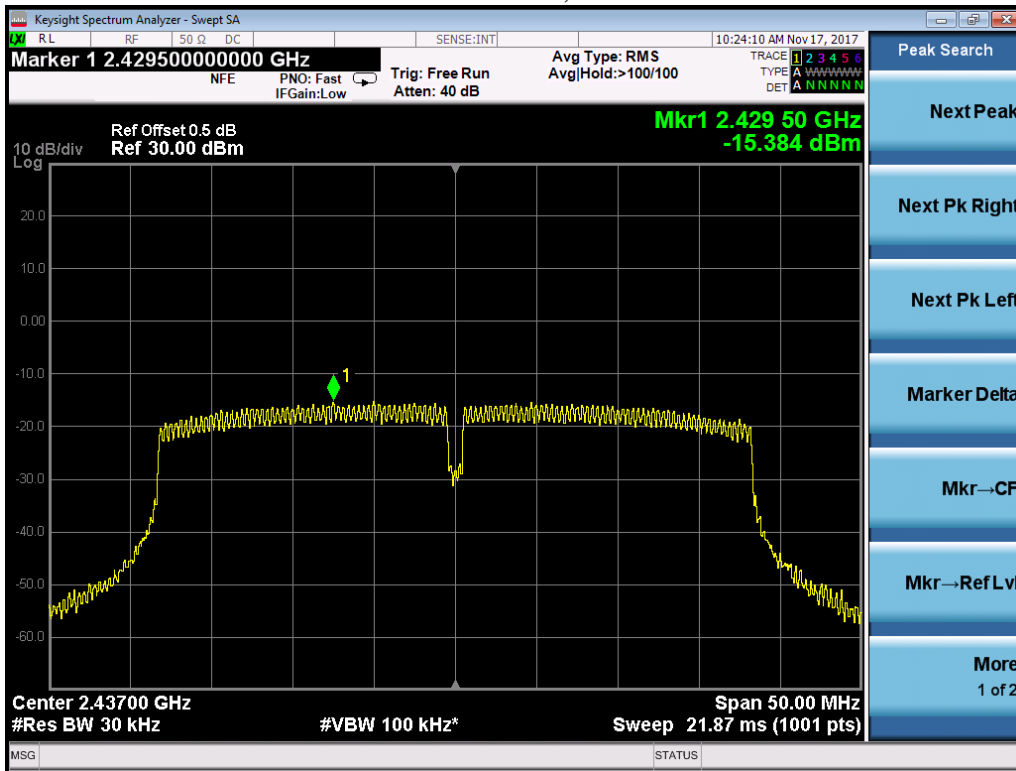
802.11n20, H



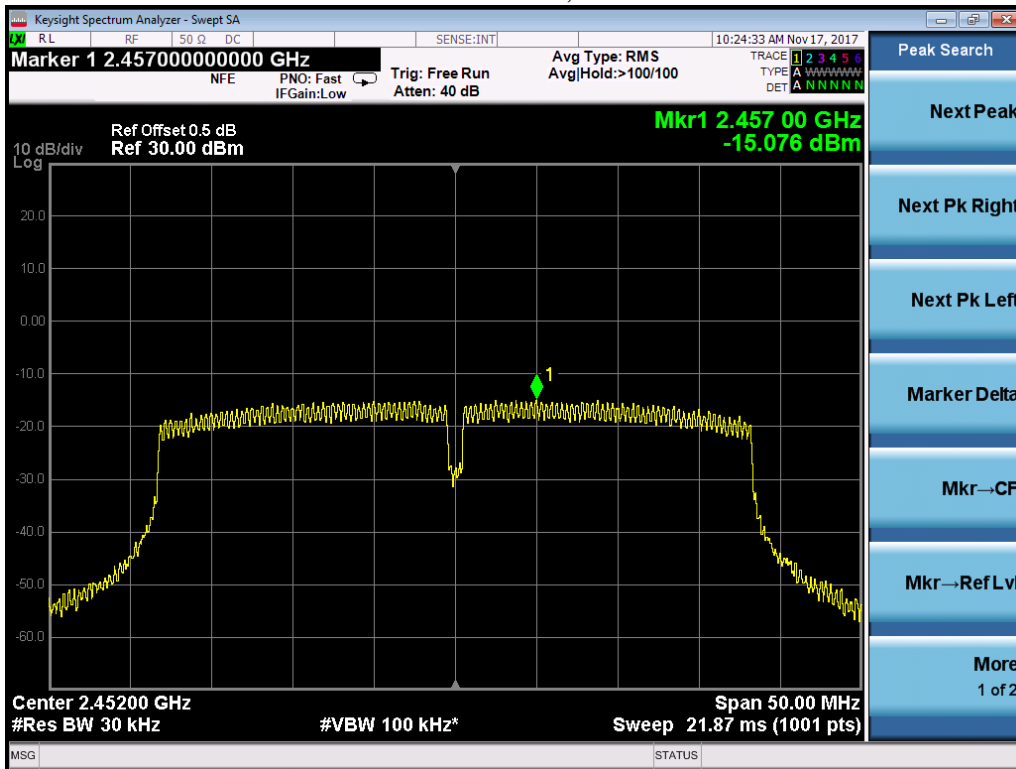
802.11n40, L



802.11n40, M

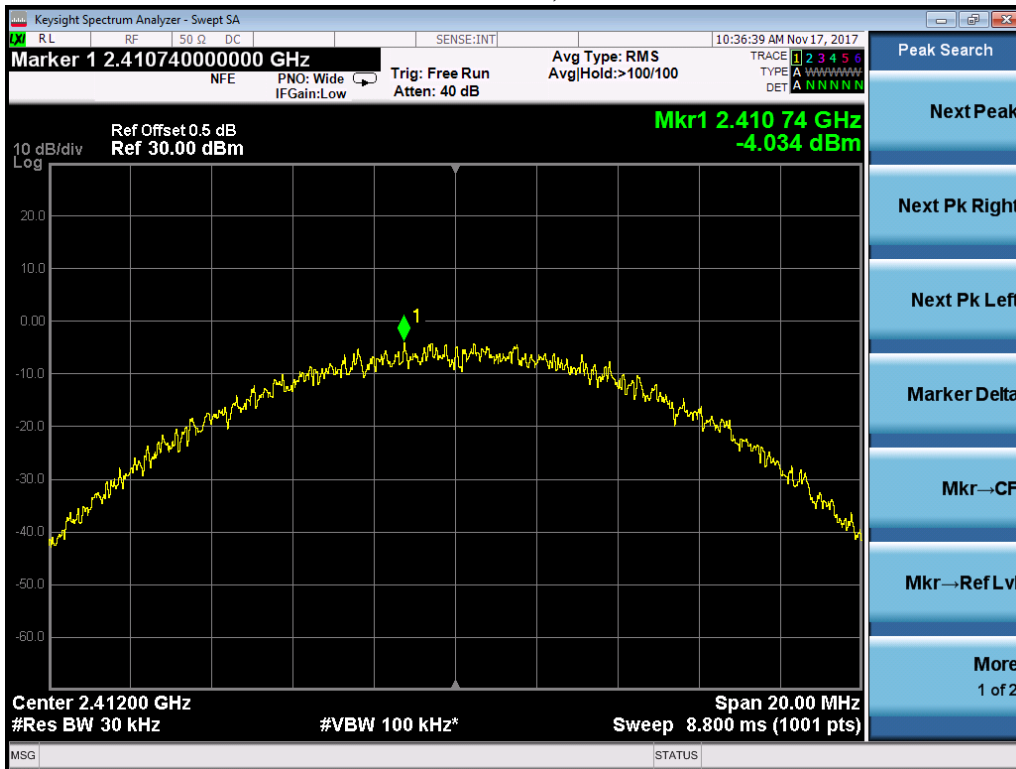


802.11n40, H

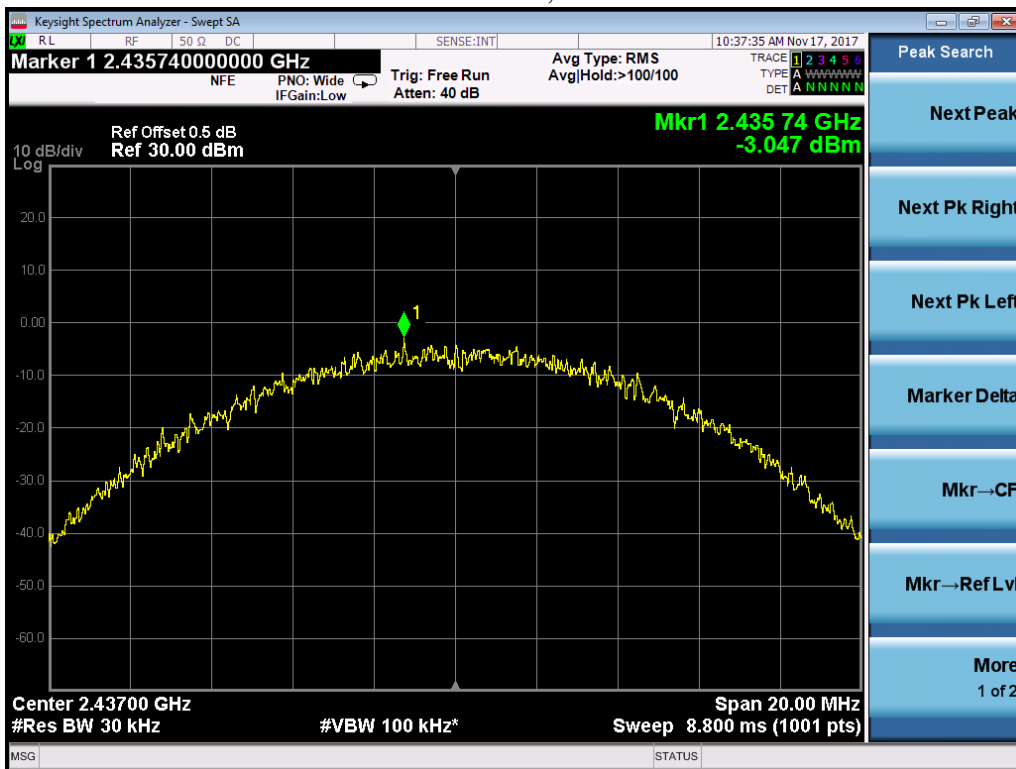


Port 1

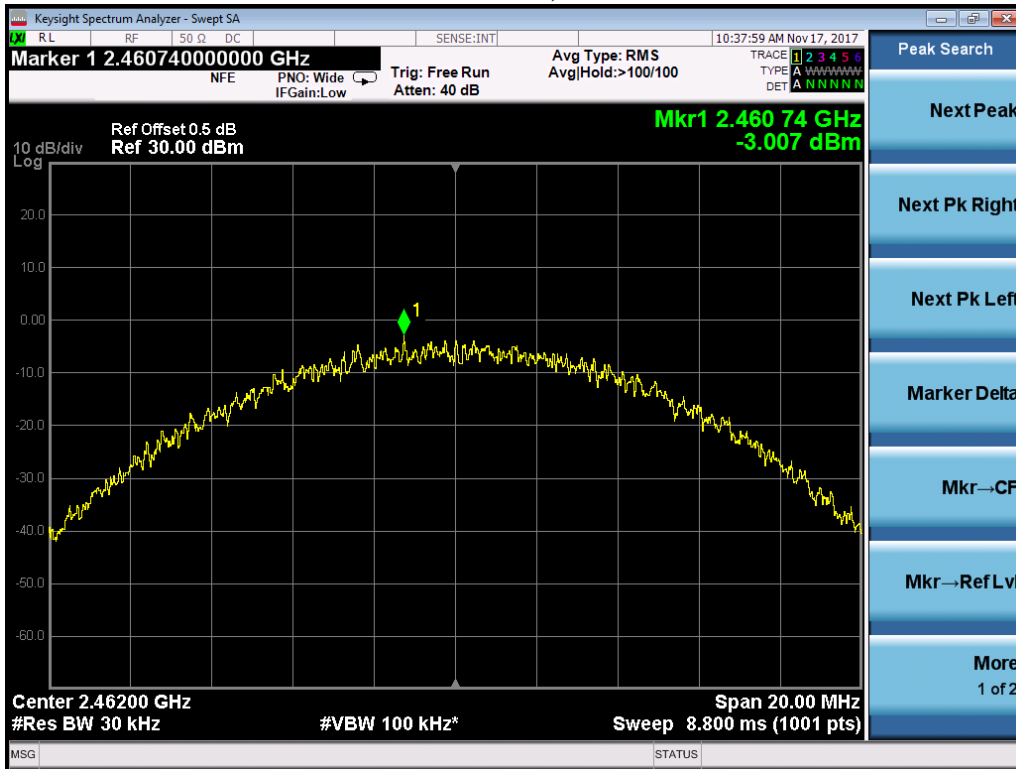
802.11b, L



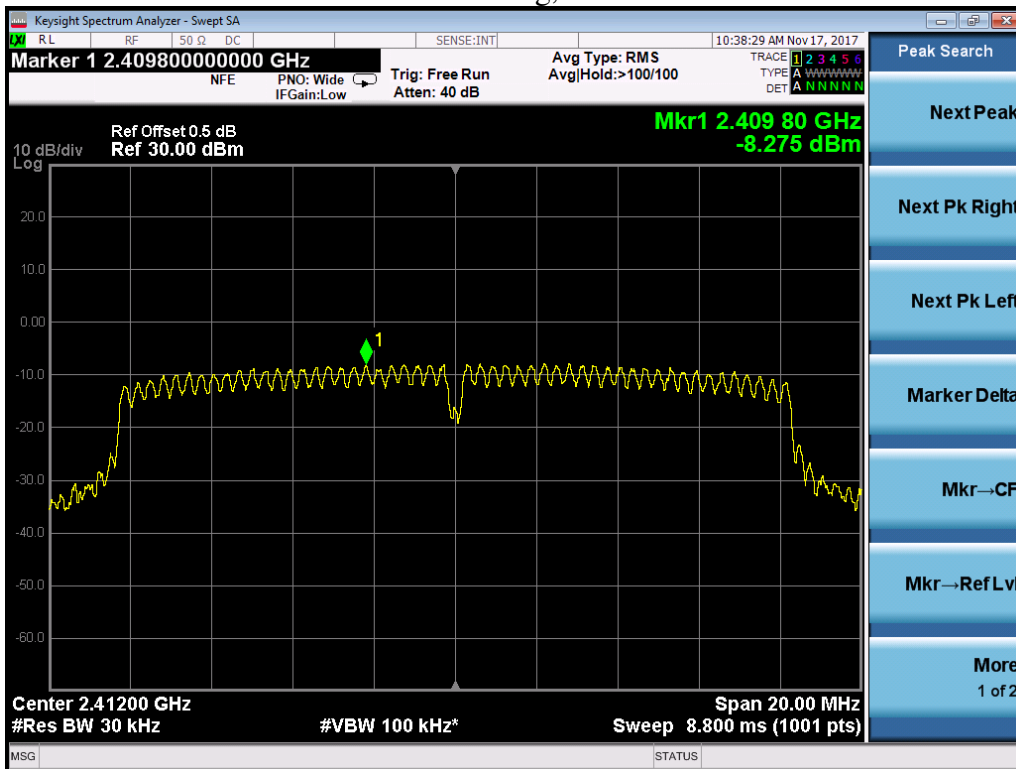
802.11b, M



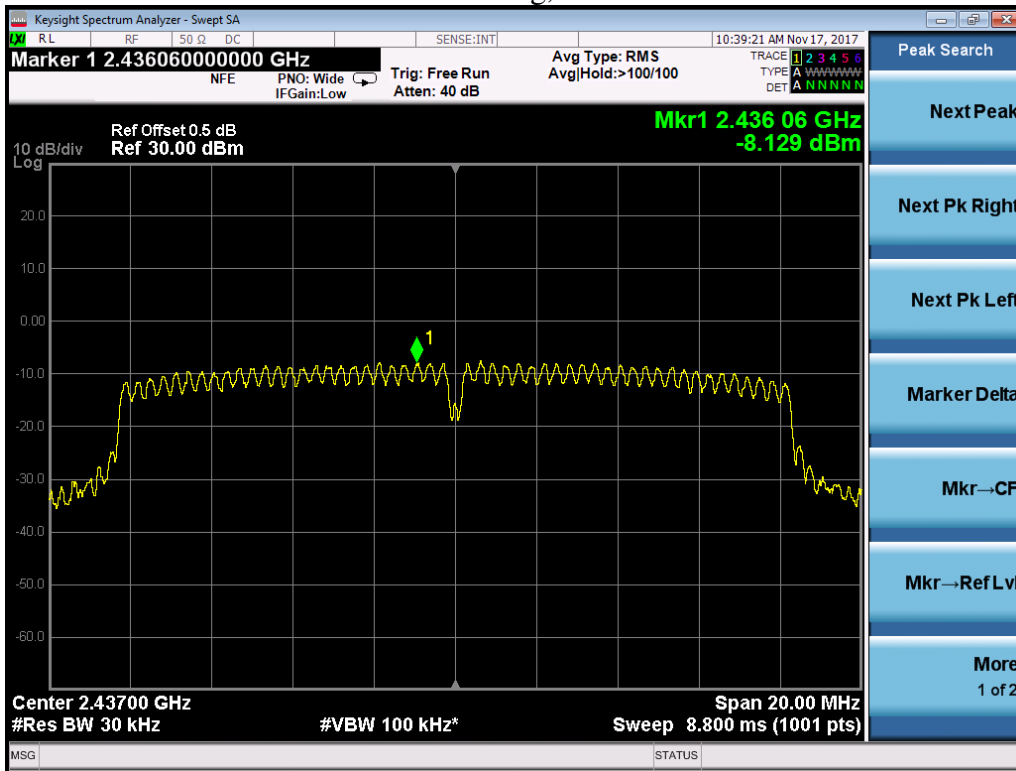
802.11b, H



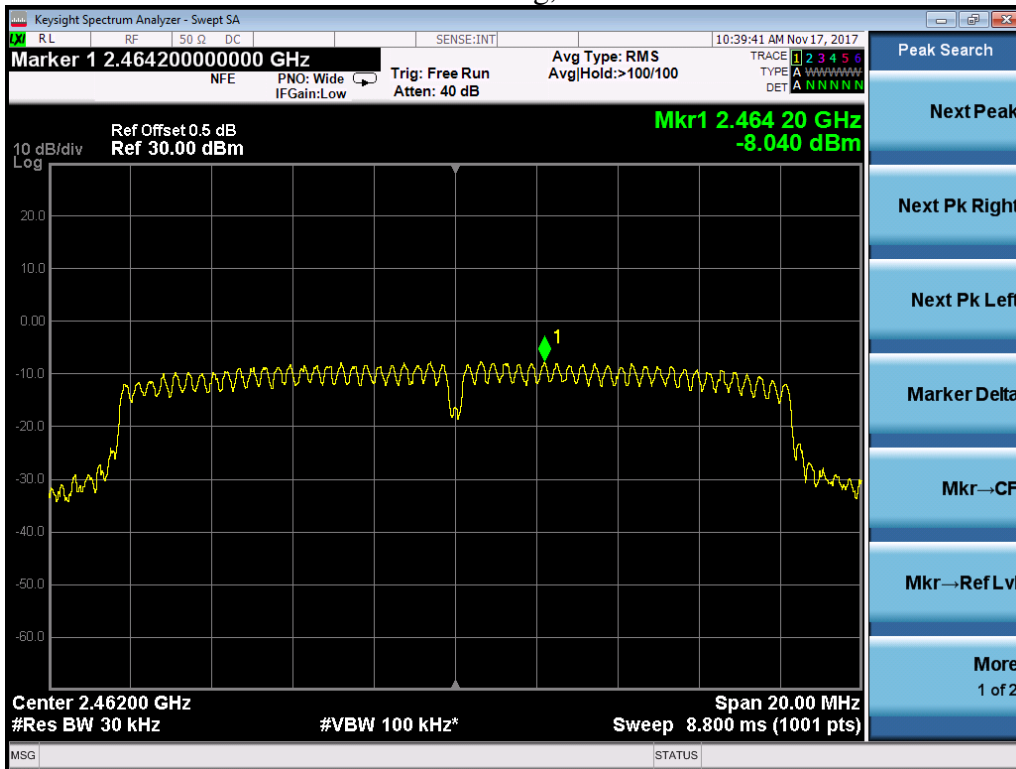
802.11g, L



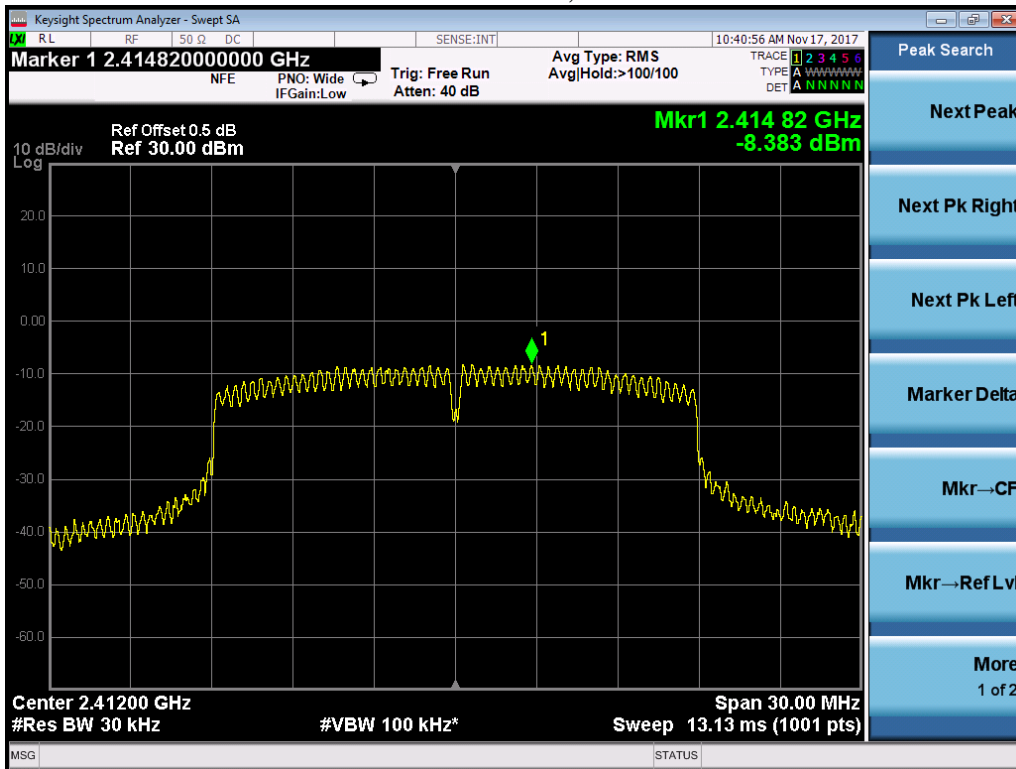
802.11g, M



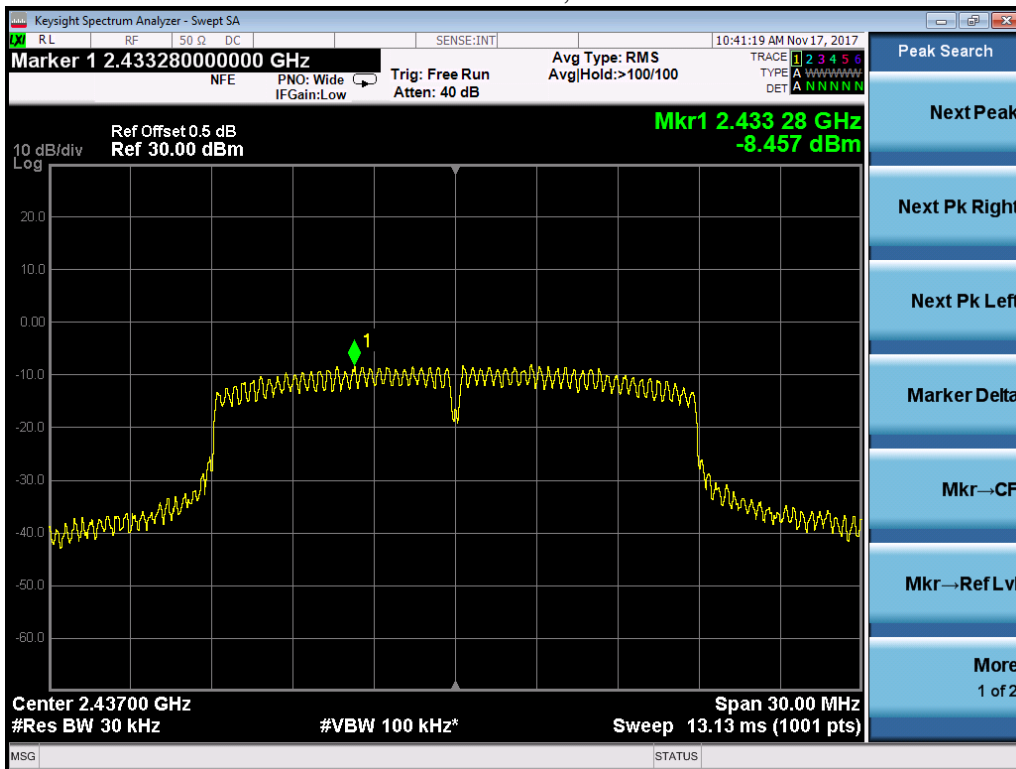
802.11g, H



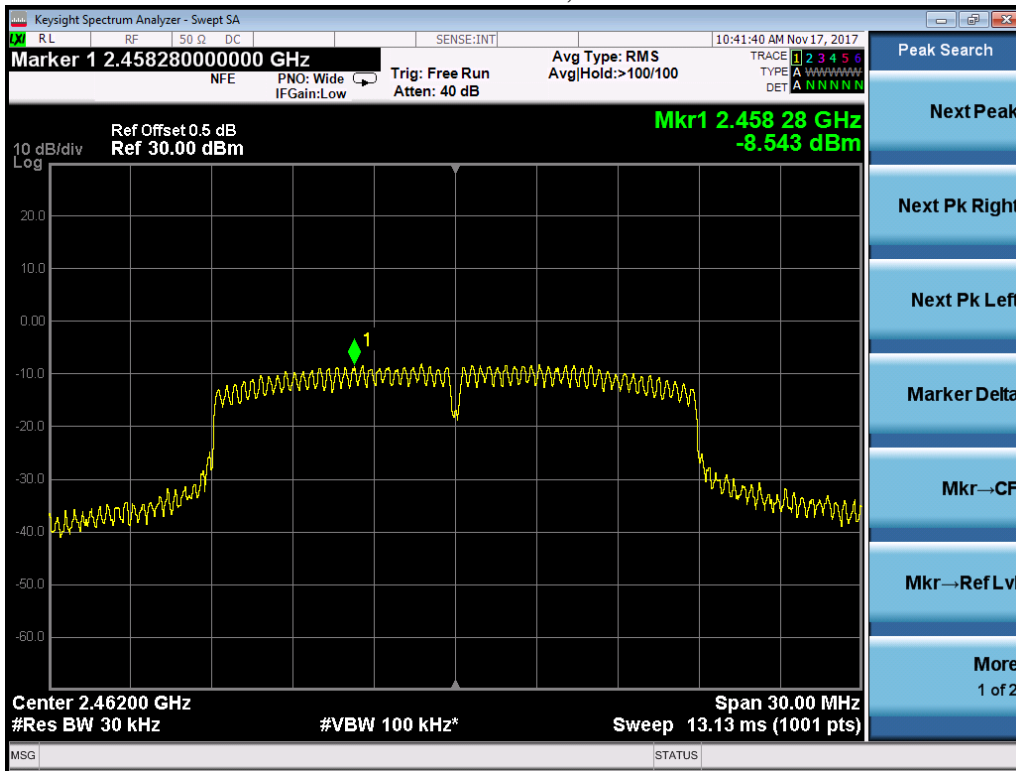
802.11n20, L



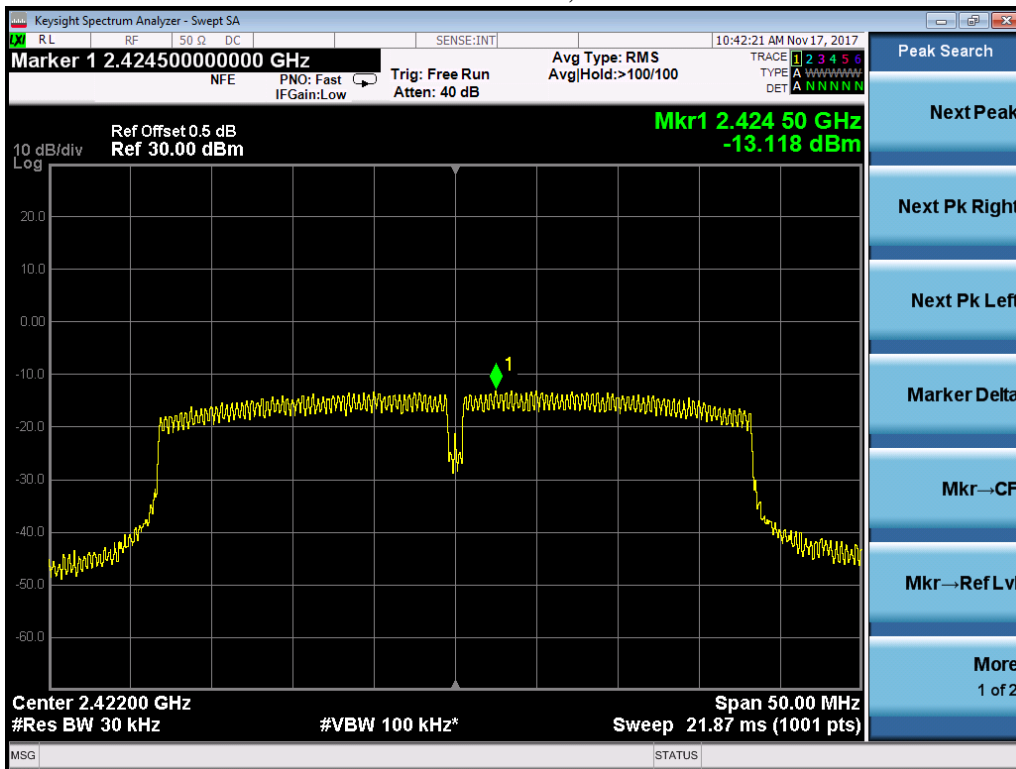
802.11n20, M



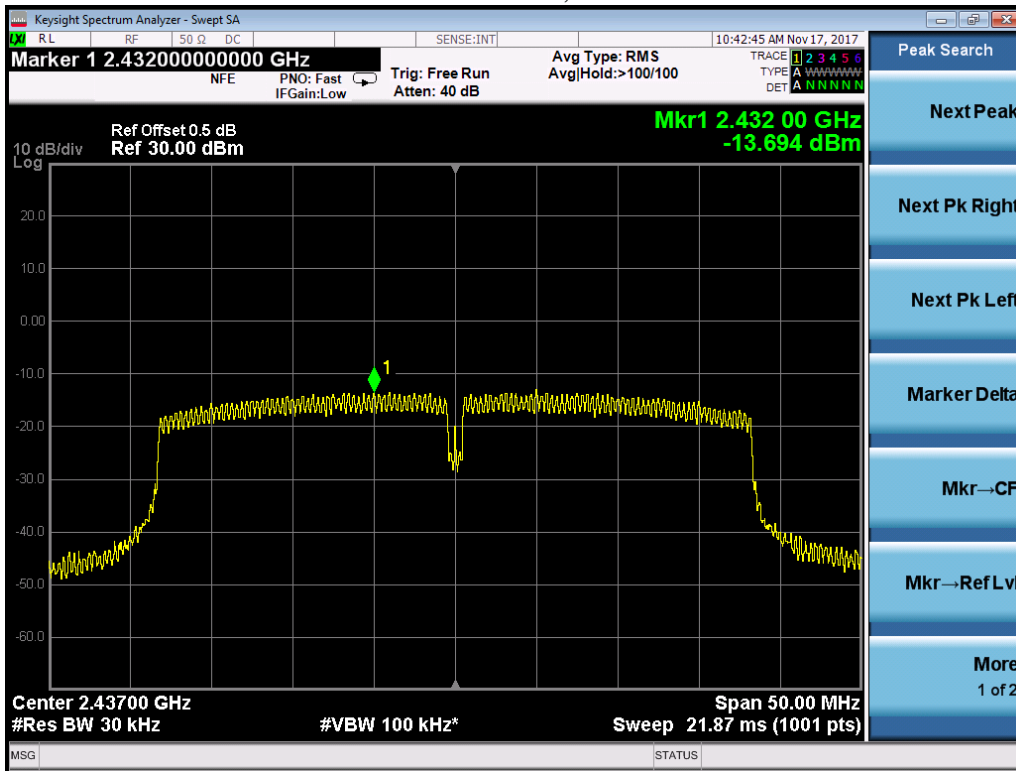
802.11n20, H



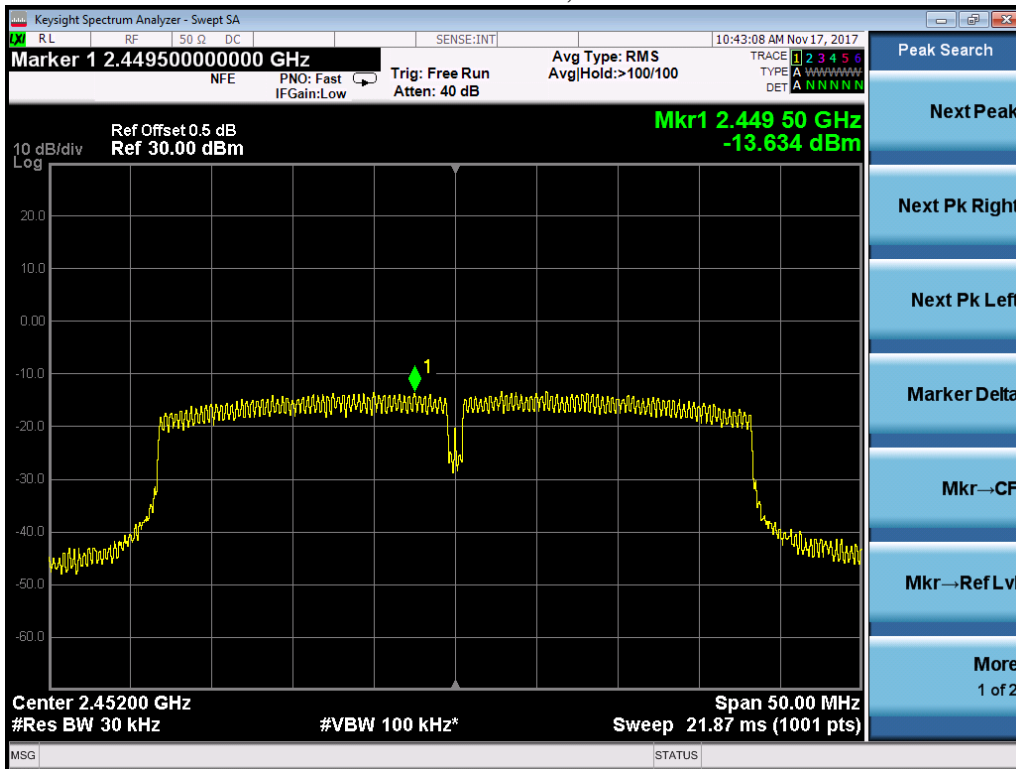
802.11n40, L



802.11n40, M



802.11n40, H



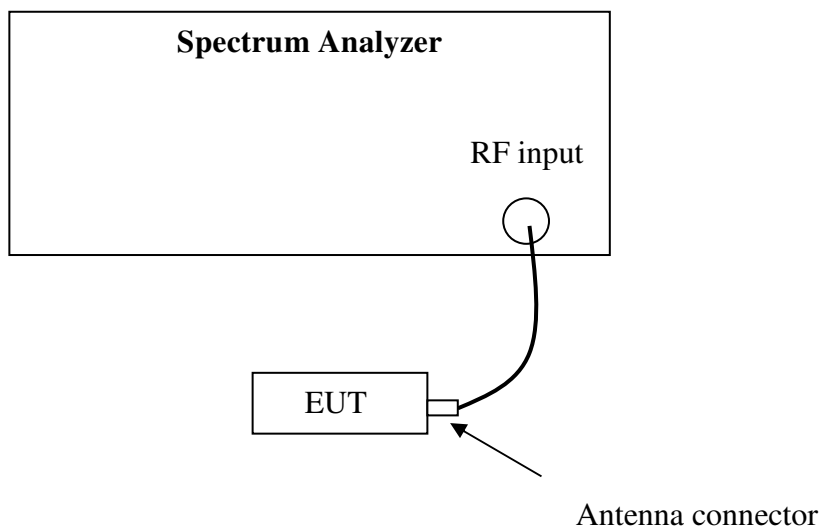
6 Emission outside the frequency band

Test result: Pass

6.1 Test limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

6.2 Test Configuration



6.3 Test procedure and test setup

The Emission outside the frequency Band per FCC § 15.247(d) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set at 100kHz, the video bandwidth set at 300kHz, and the SPAN>>RBW.

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of “KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance” (clause 11.0) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.

If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (*i.e.*, 30 dBc).

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the *DTS bandwidth*.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

Emission level measurement

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Ensure that the number of measurement points \geq span/RBW
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

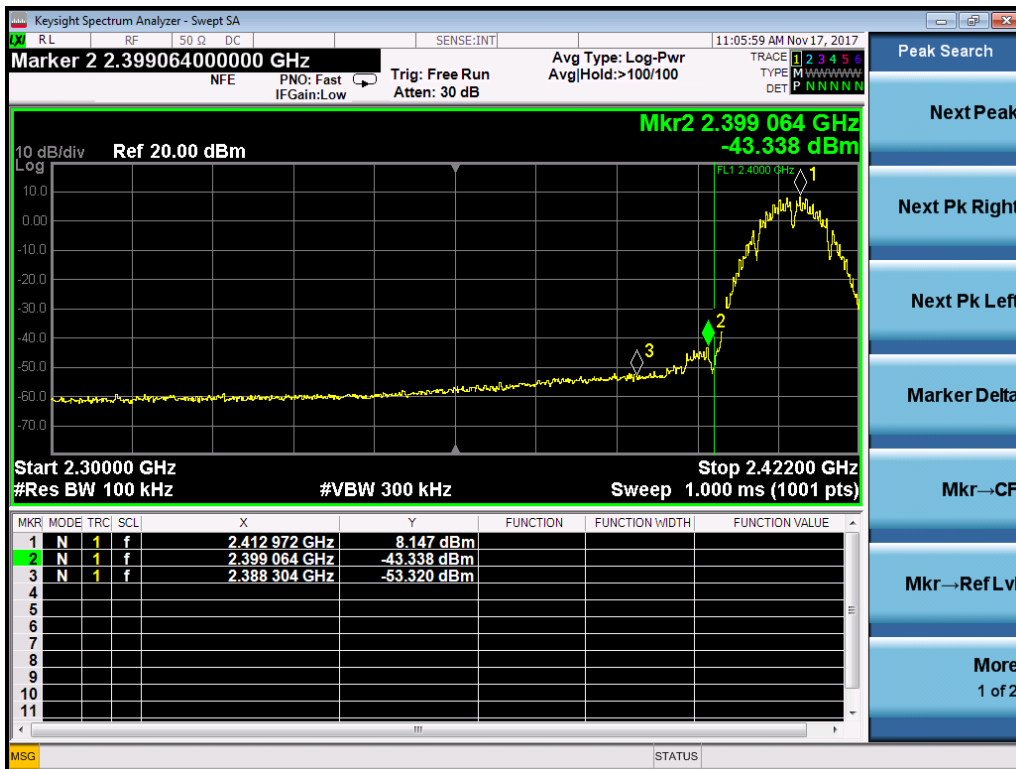
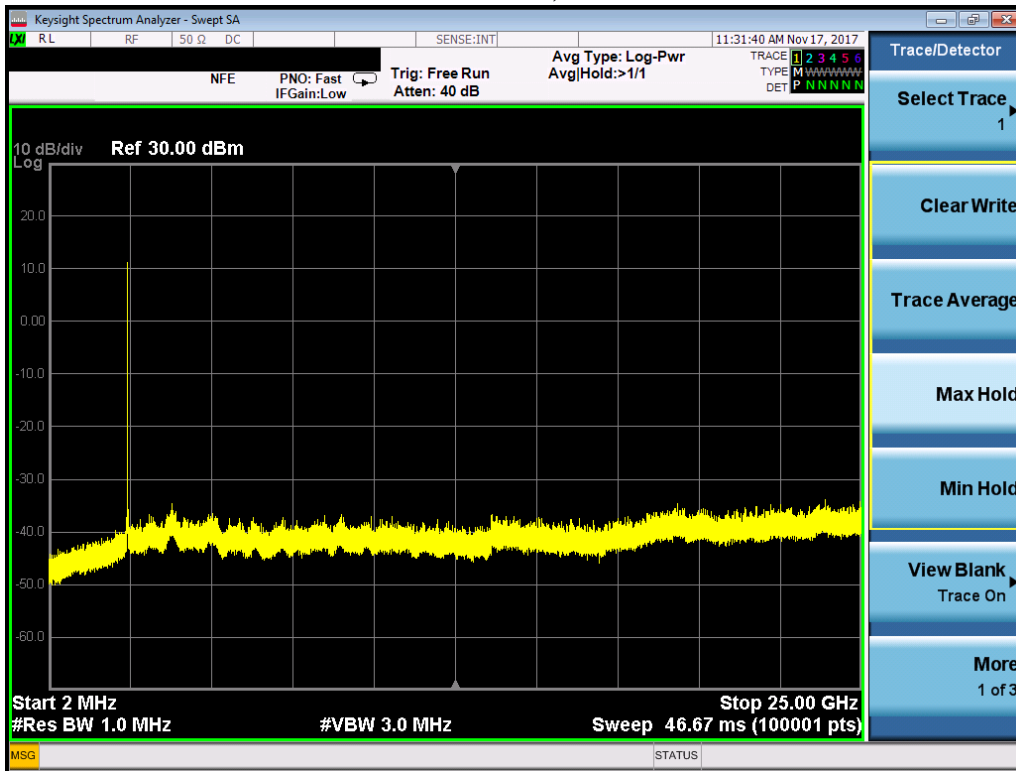
6.4 Test Protocol

Temperature: °C
Relative Humidity: %

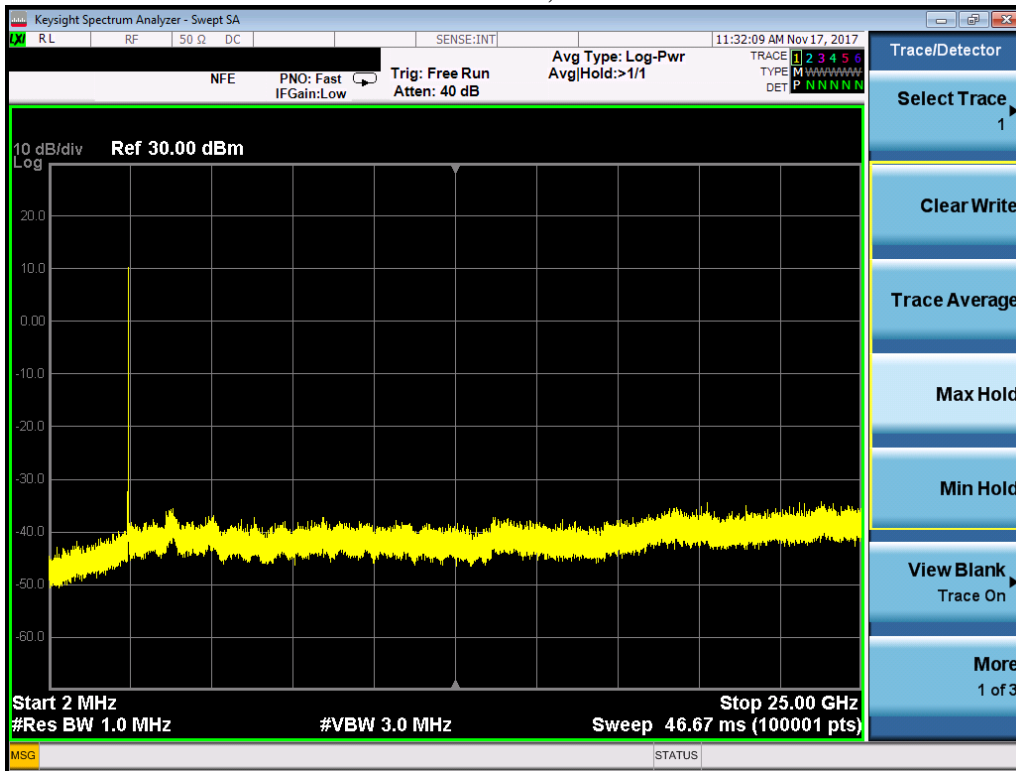
Test Mode	Channel	Results		Limit
		Port0	Port 1	
802.11b	L	Pass	Pass	≥ 30dBc
	M	Pass	Pass	
	H	Pass	Pass	
802.11g	L	Pass	Pass	
	M	Pass	Pass	
	H	Pass	Pass	
802.11n20	L	Pass	Pass	
	M	Pass	Pass	
	H	Pass	Pass	
802.11n40	L	Pass	Pass	
	M	Pass	Pass	
	H	Pass	Pass	

Port 0

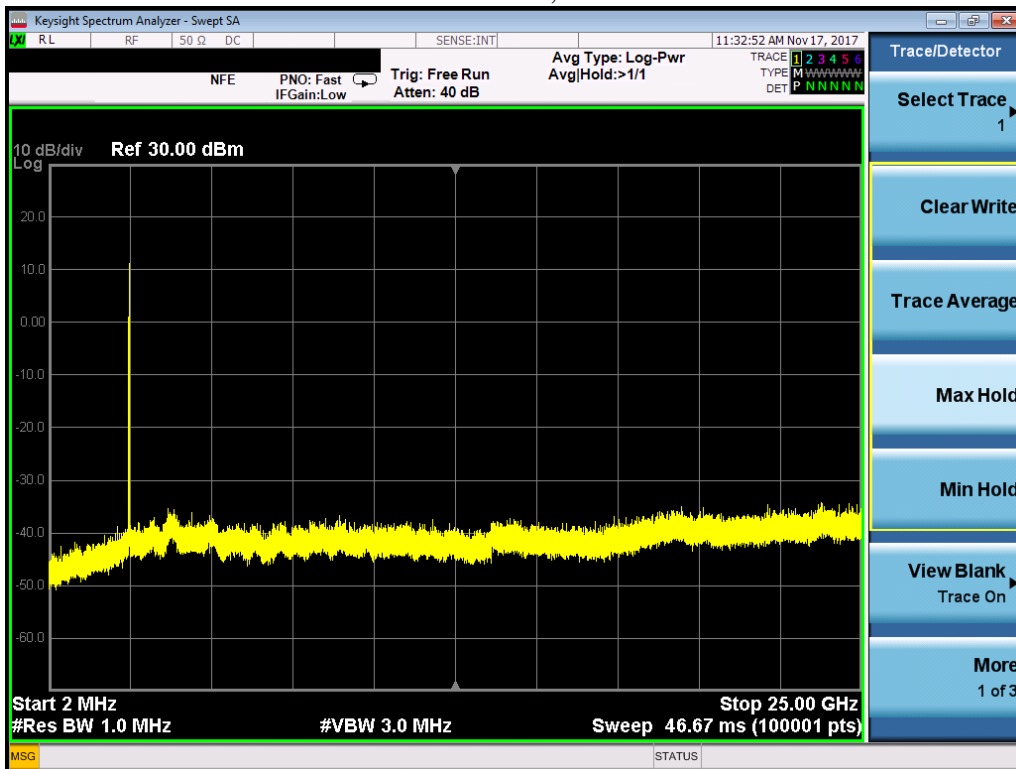
802.11b, L



802.11b, M

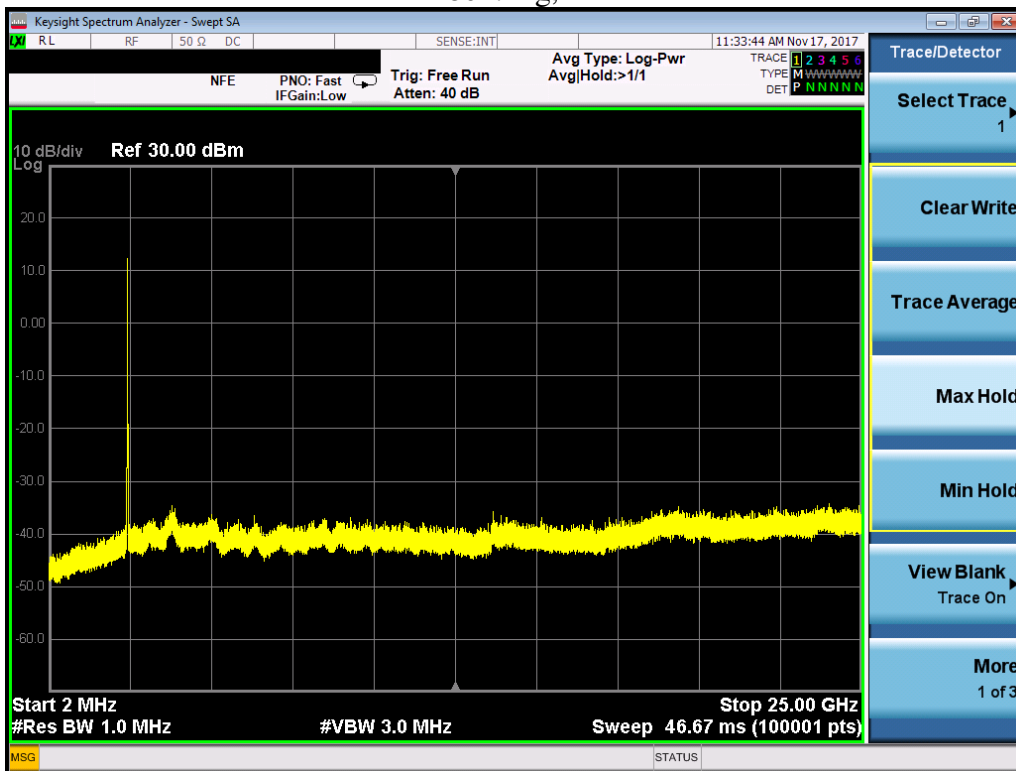


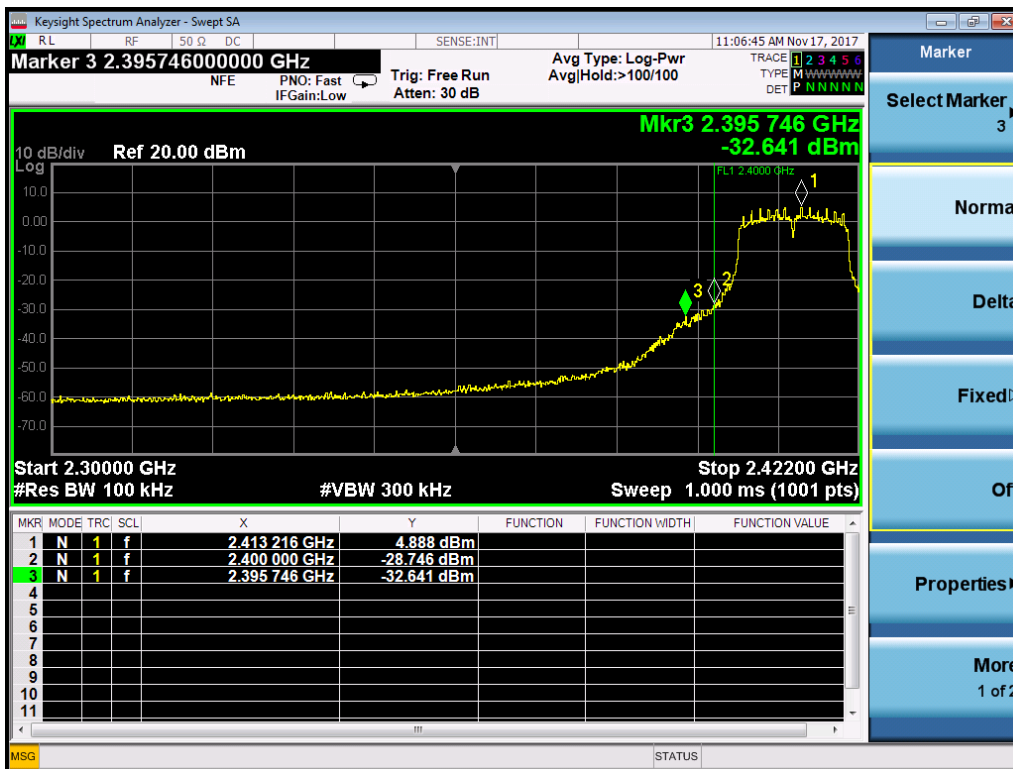
802.11b, H



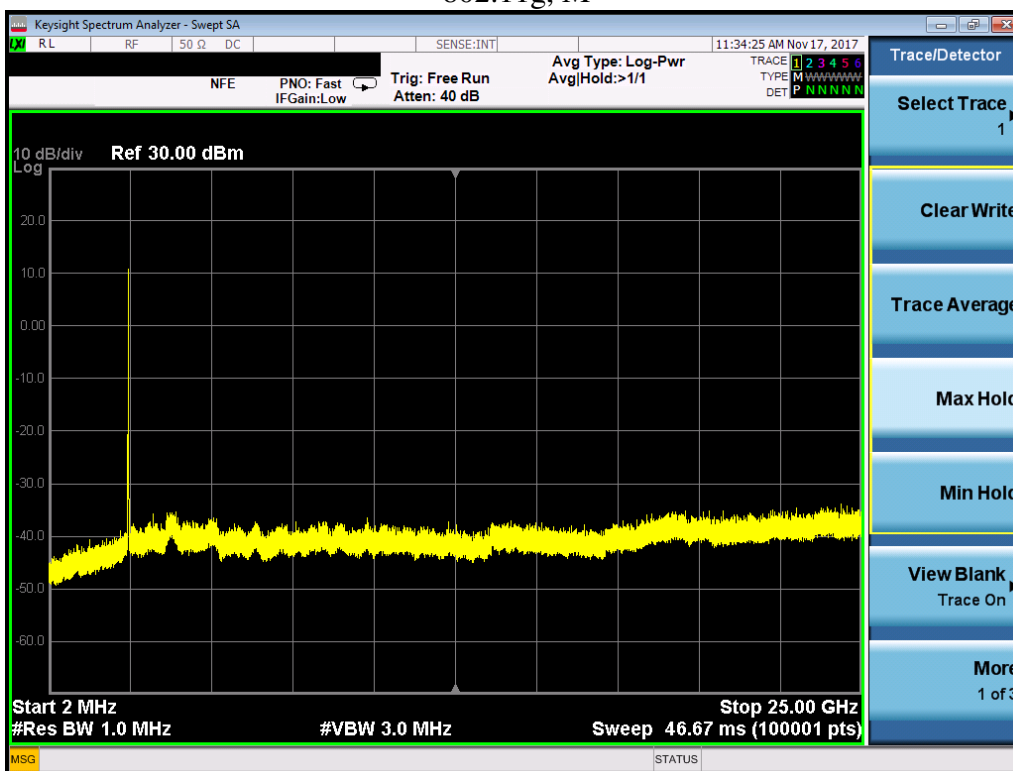


802.11g, L

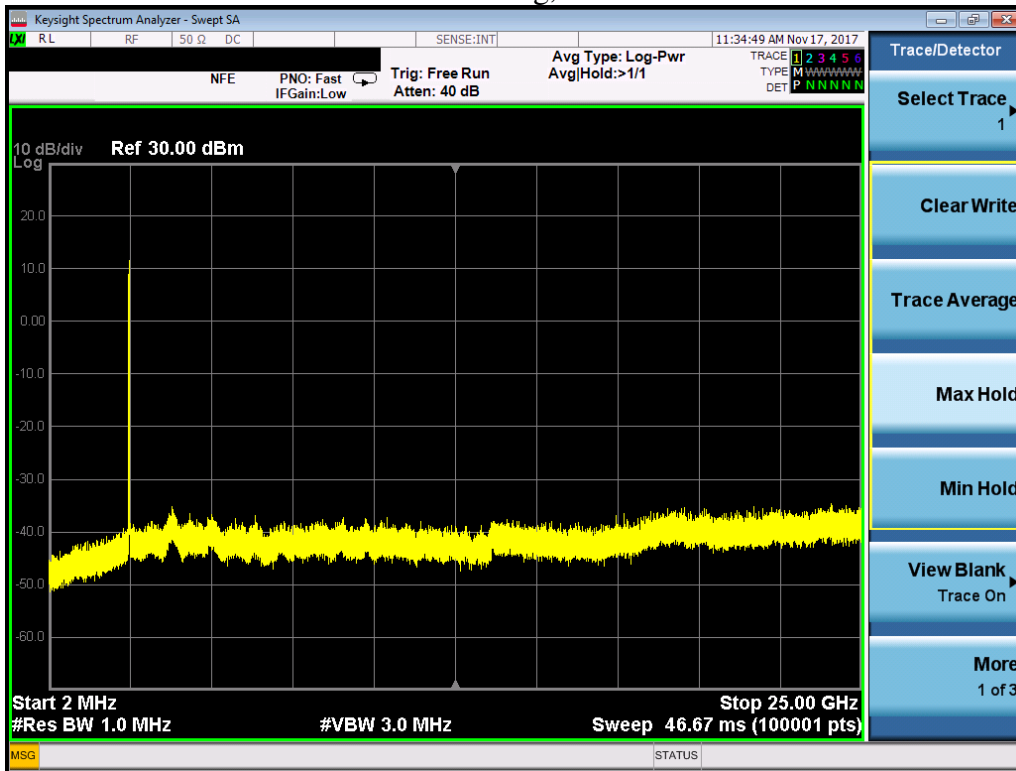




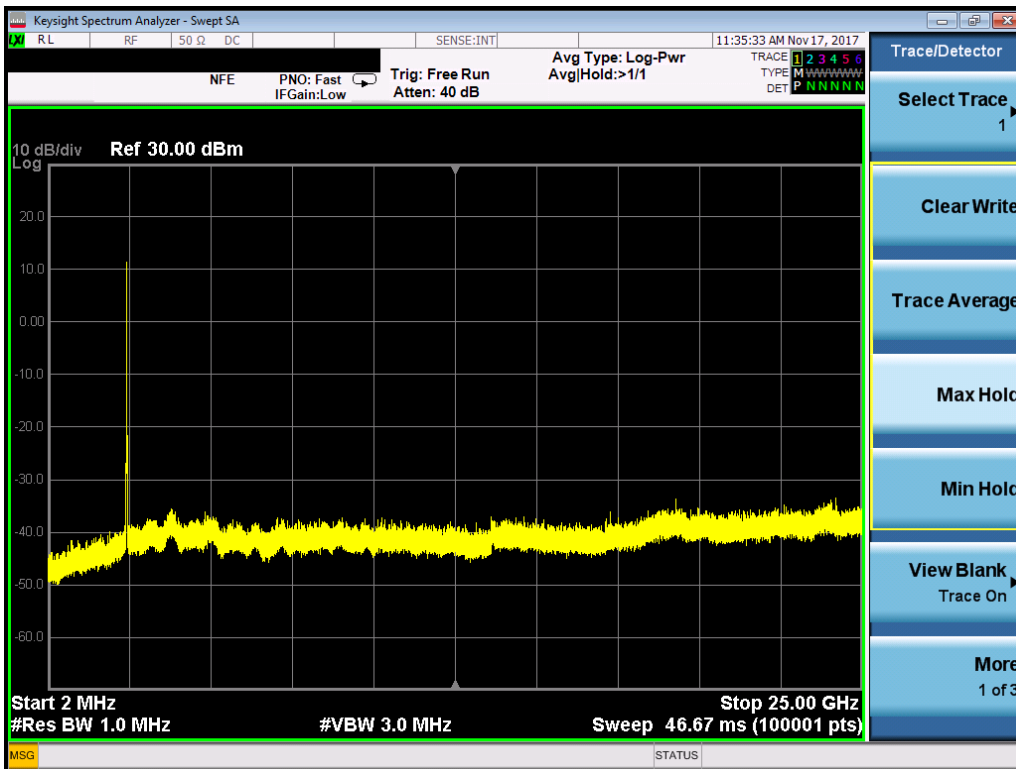
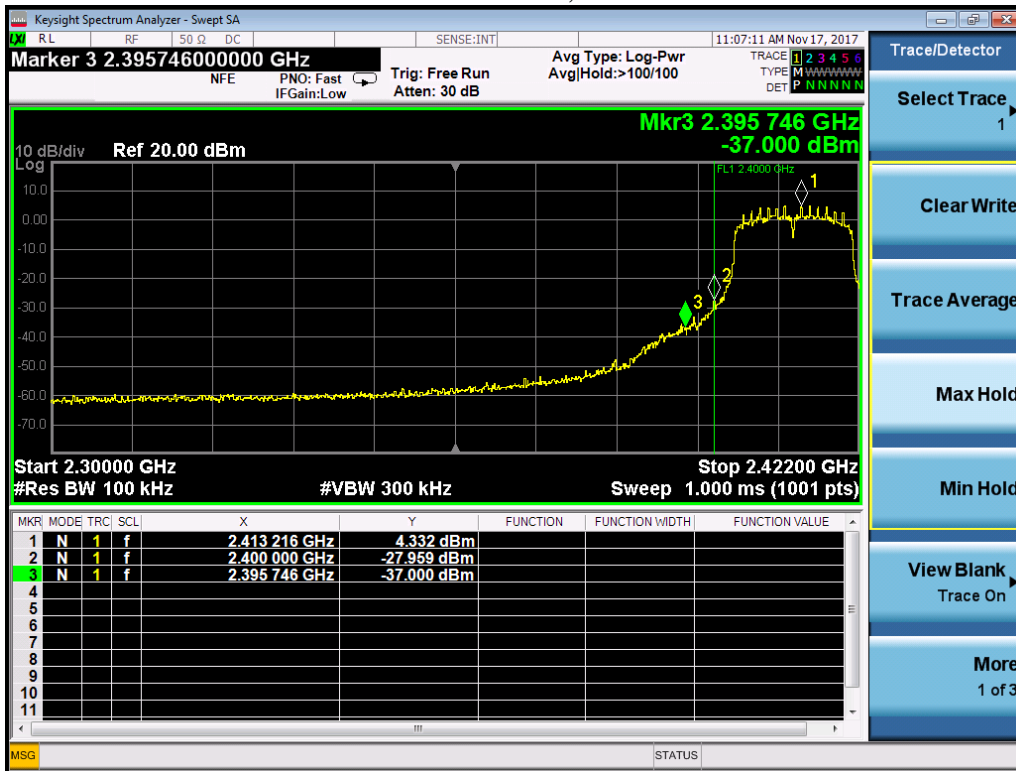
802.11g, M



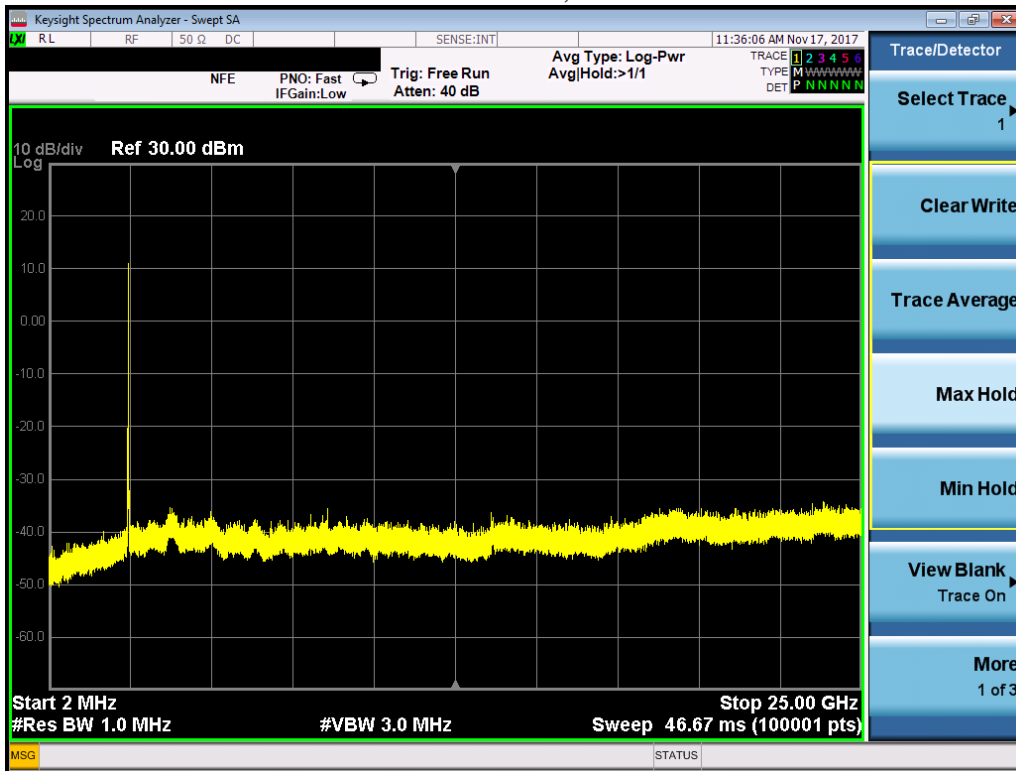
802.11g, H



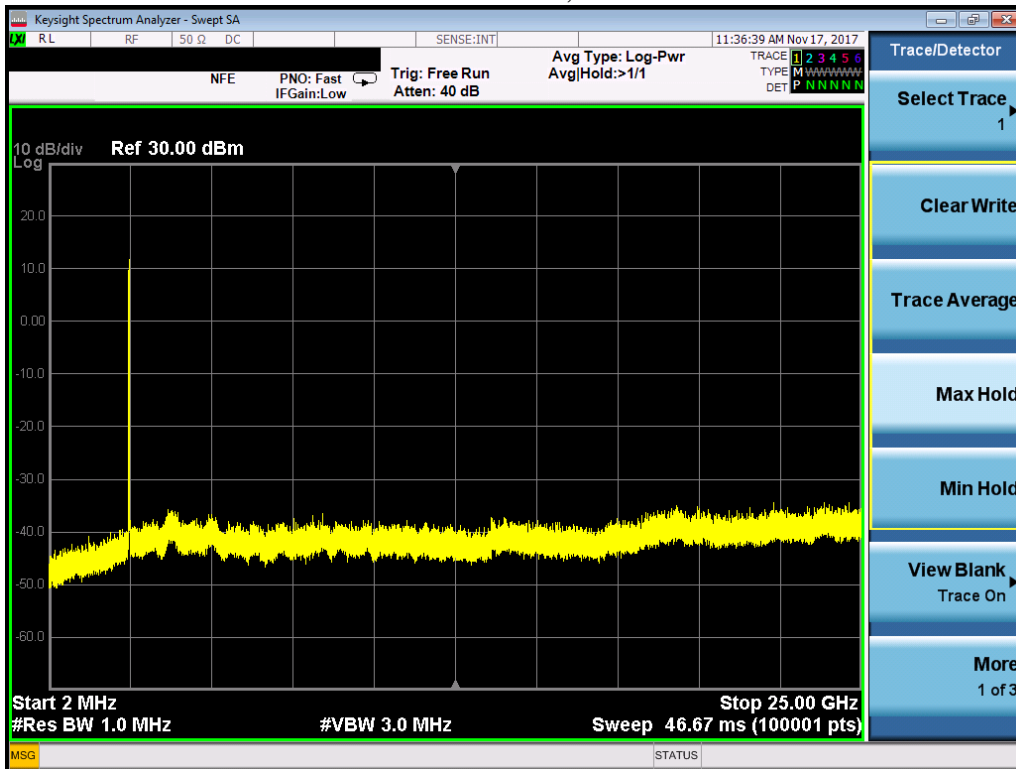
802.11n20, L



802.11n20, M

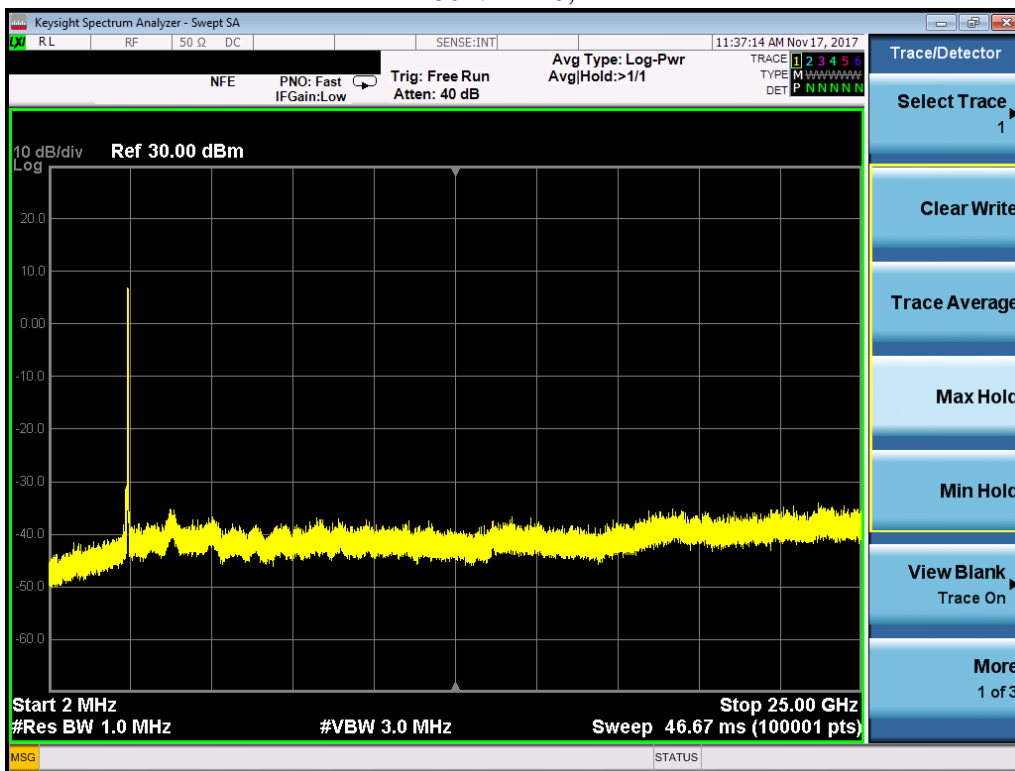


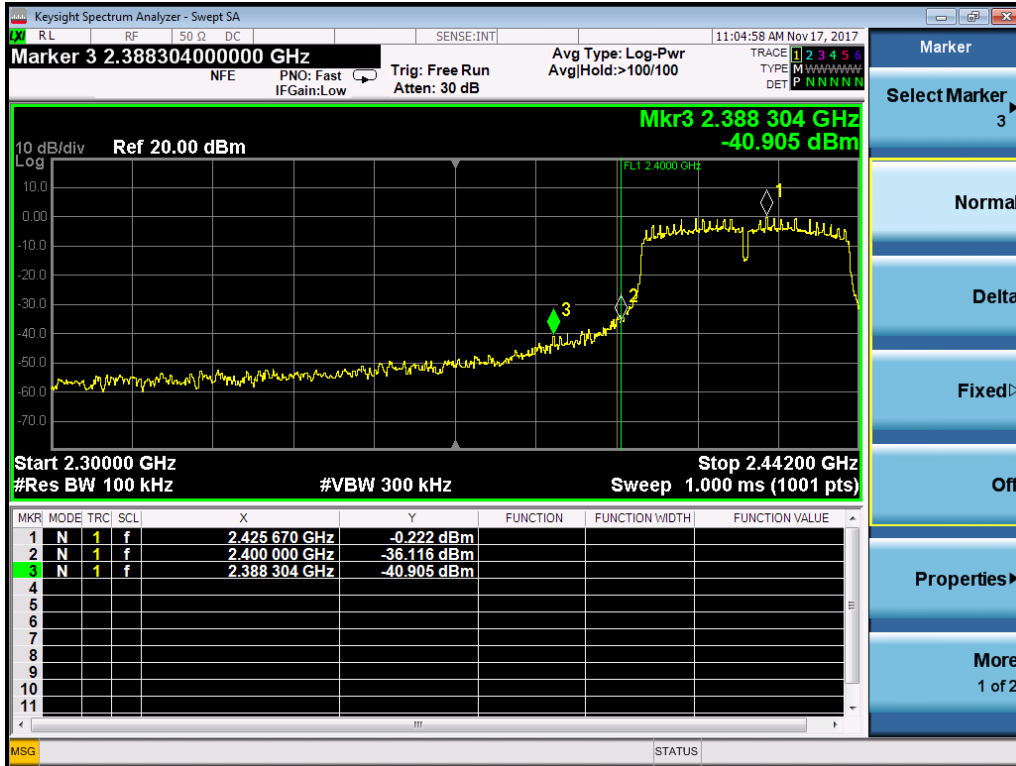
802.11n20, H



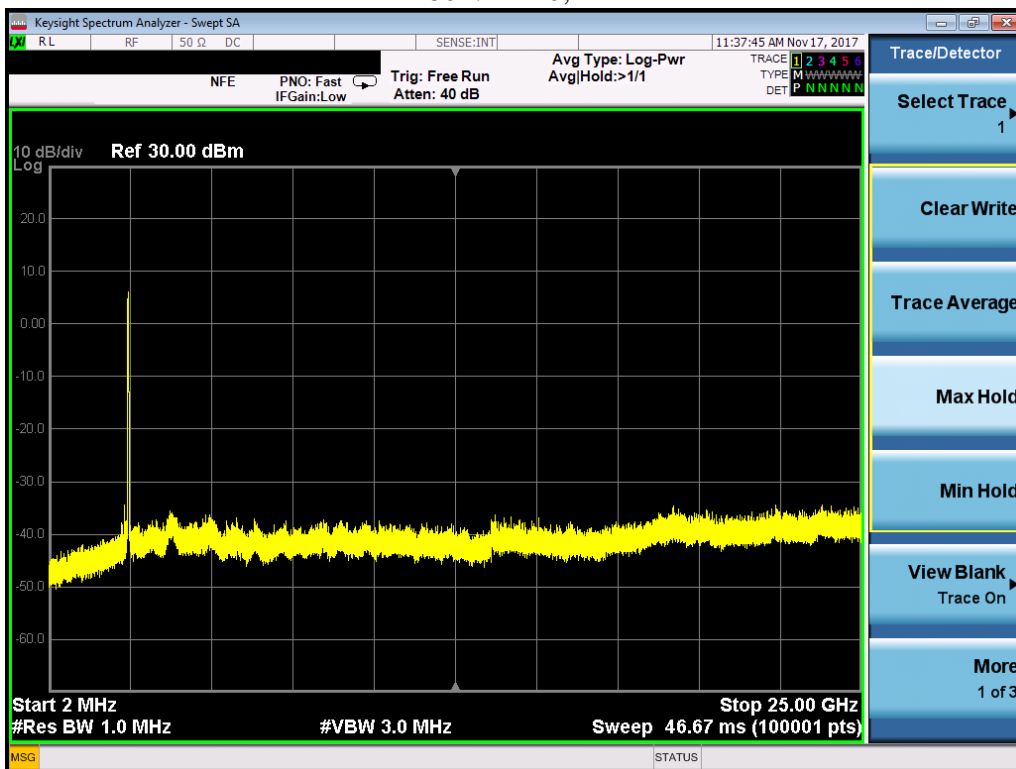


802.11n40, L

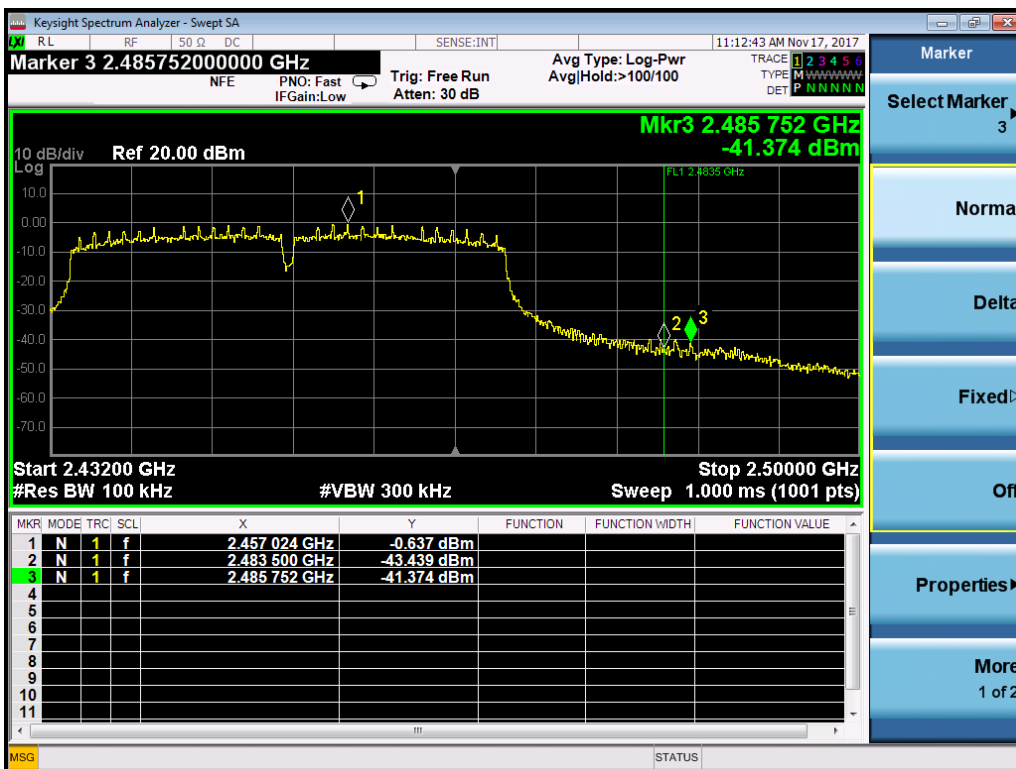
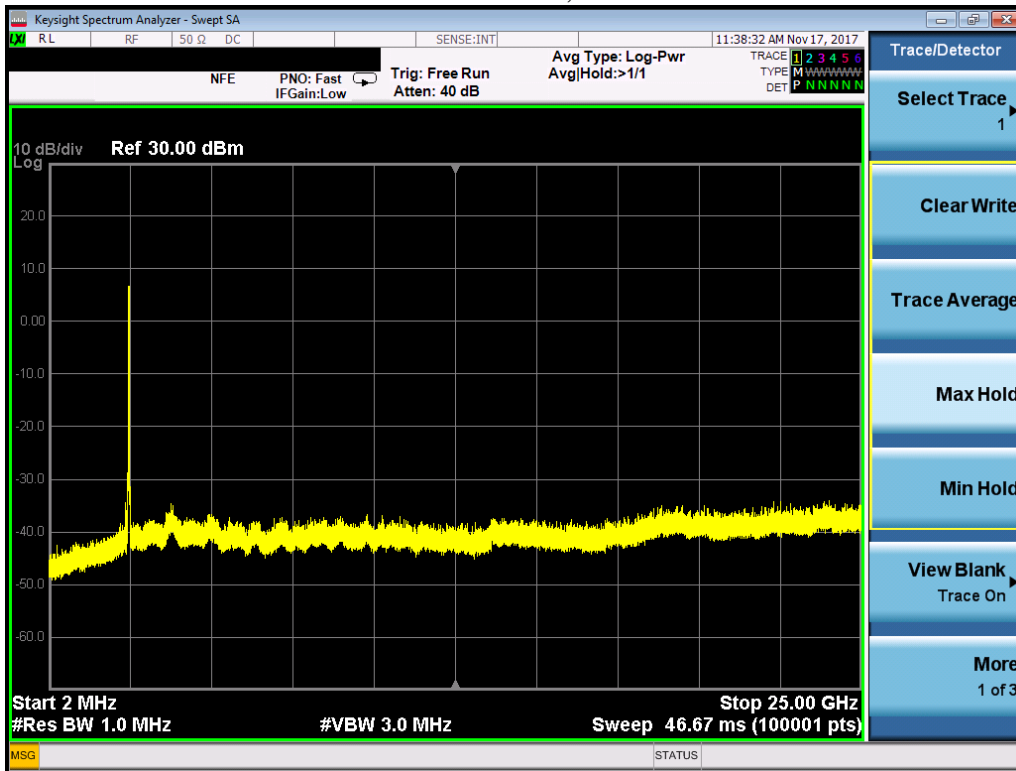




802.11n40, M

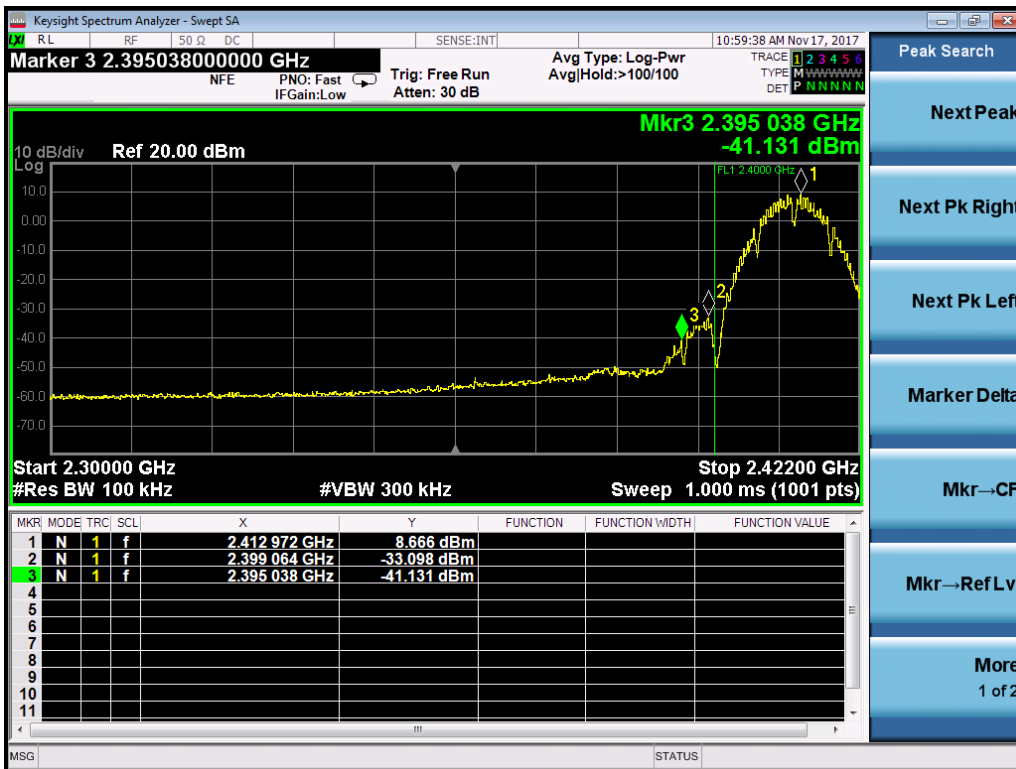
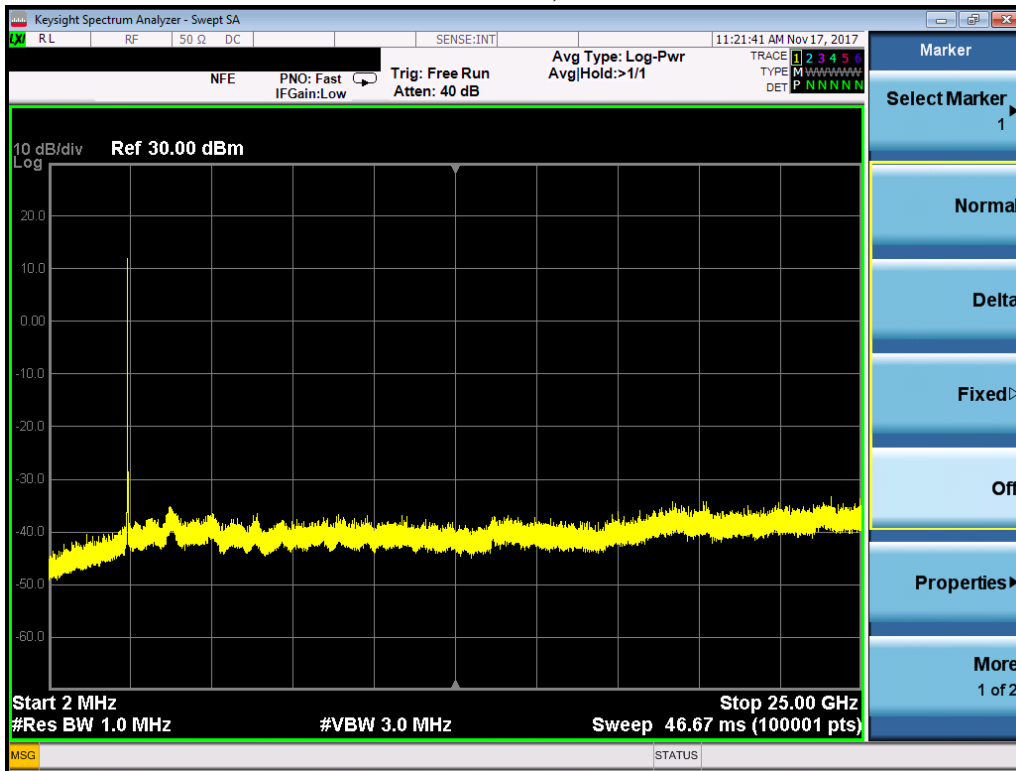


802.11n40, H

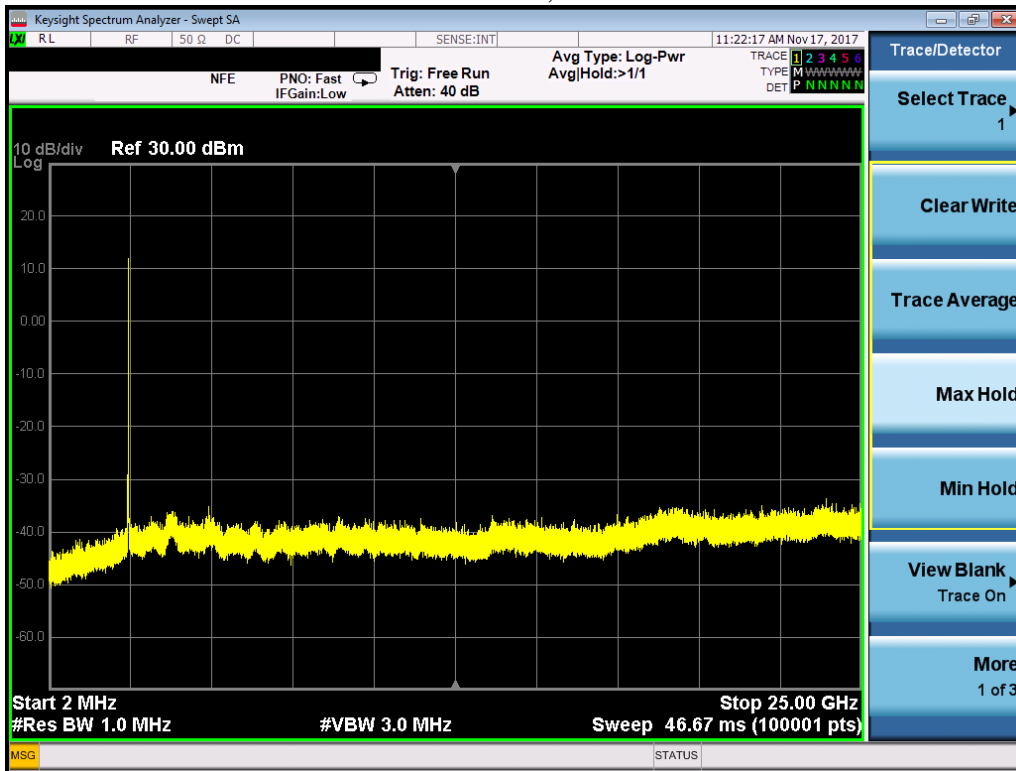


Port 1

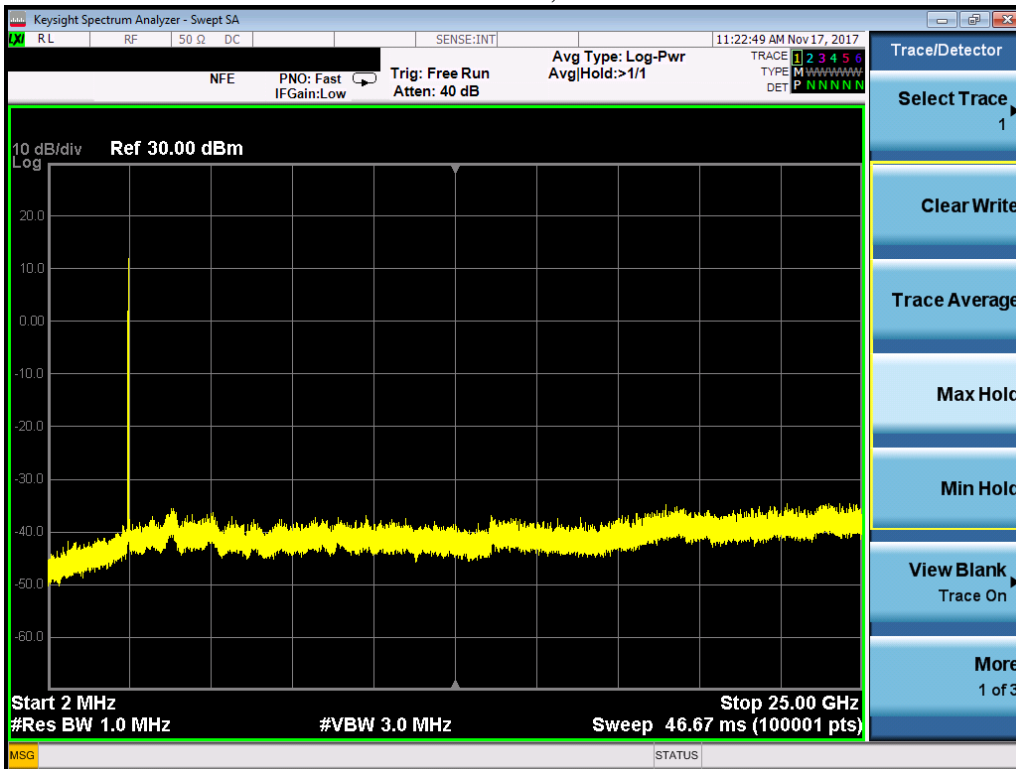
802.11b, L



802.11b, M

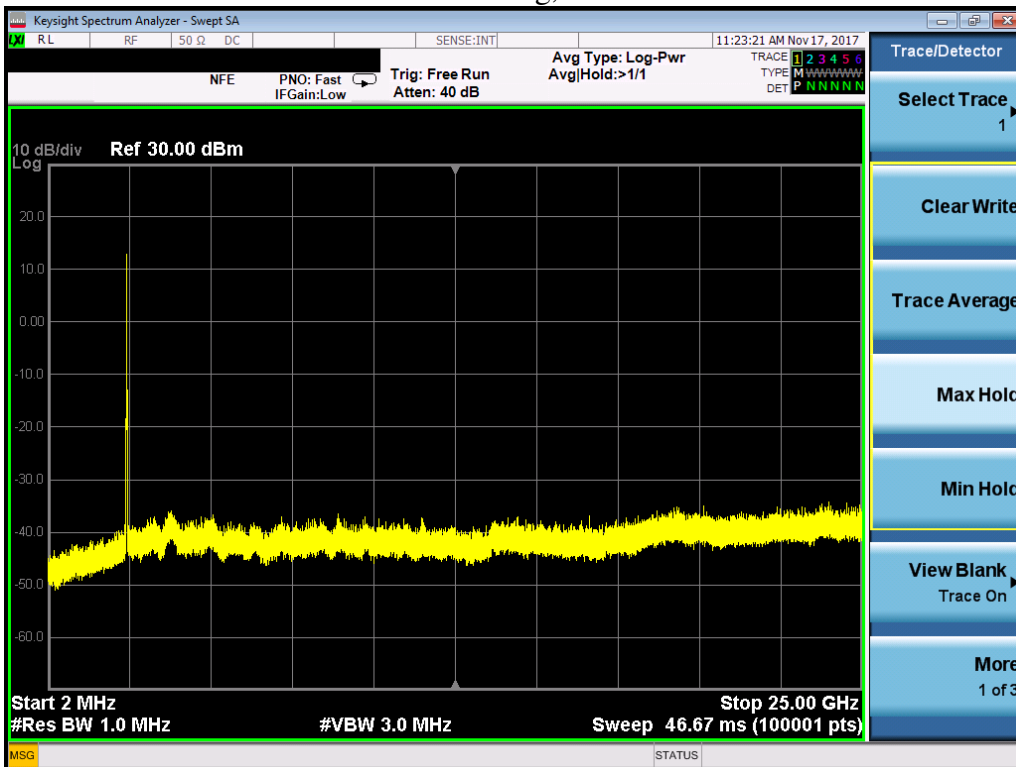


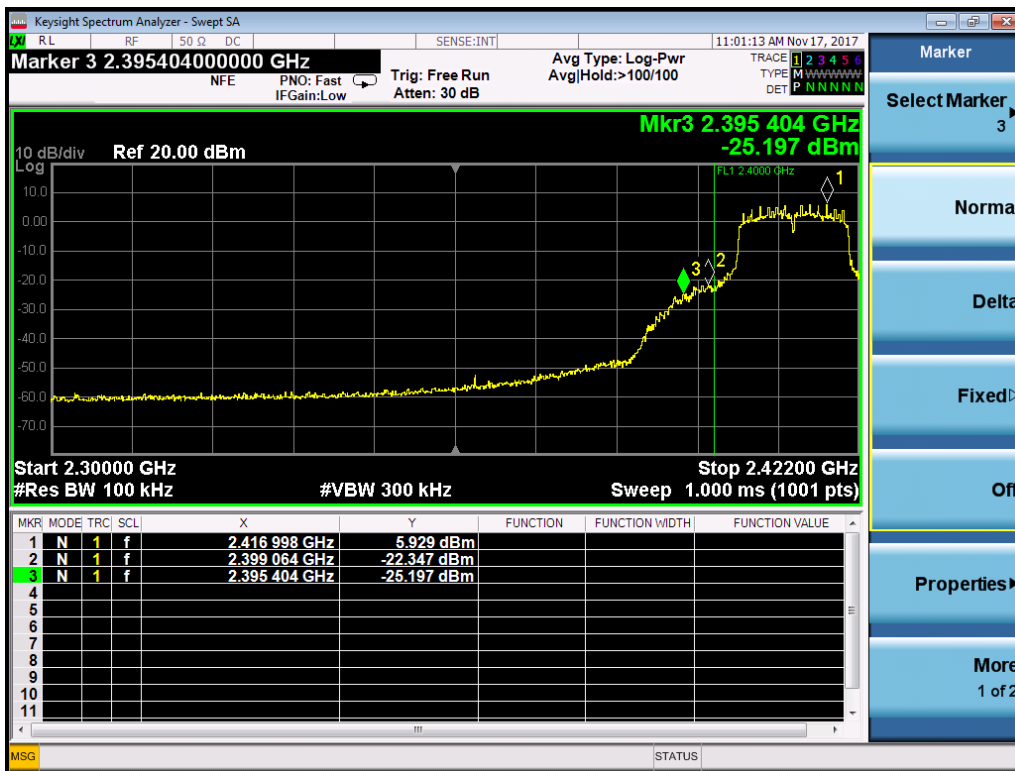
802.11b, H



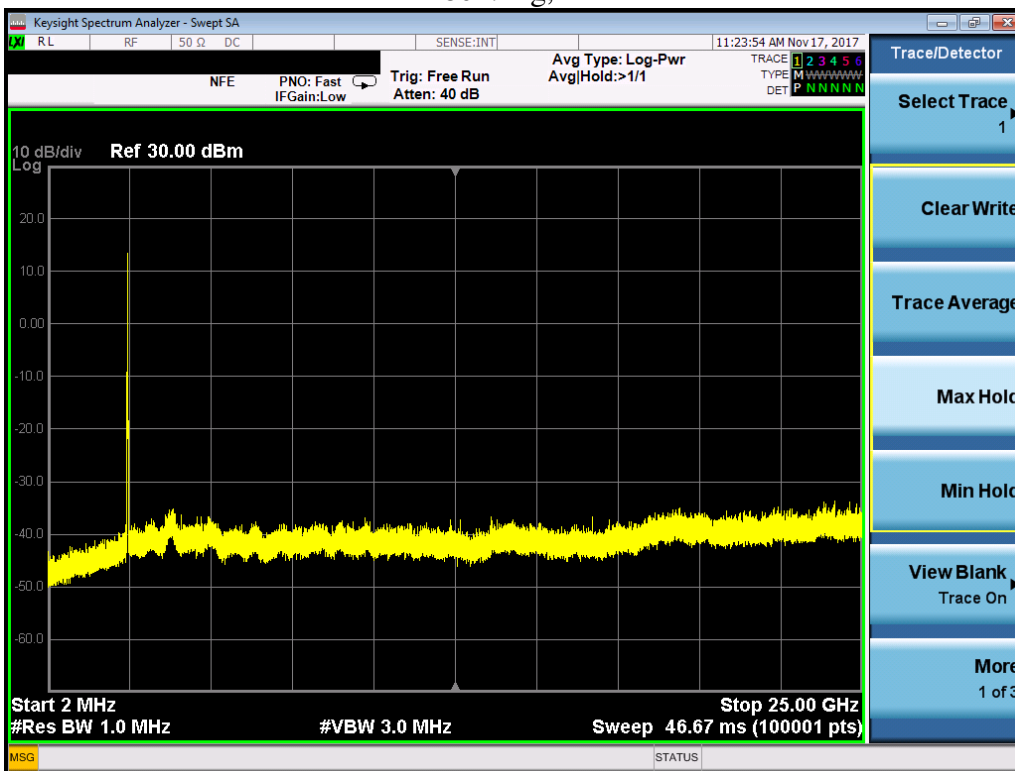


802.11g, L

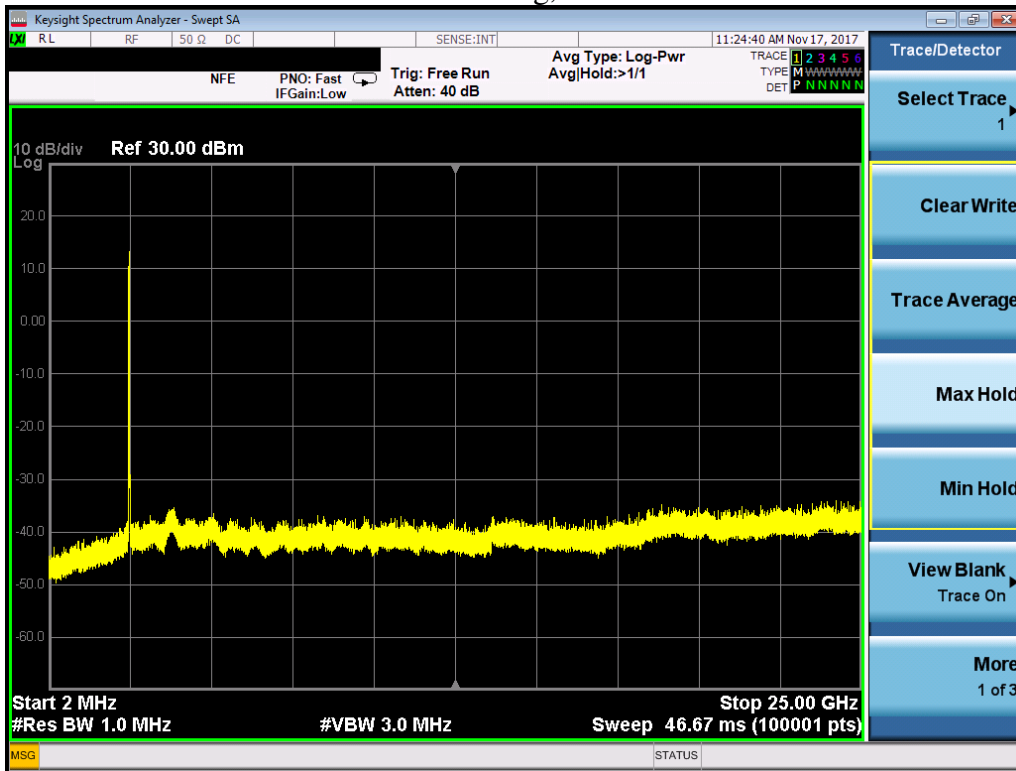




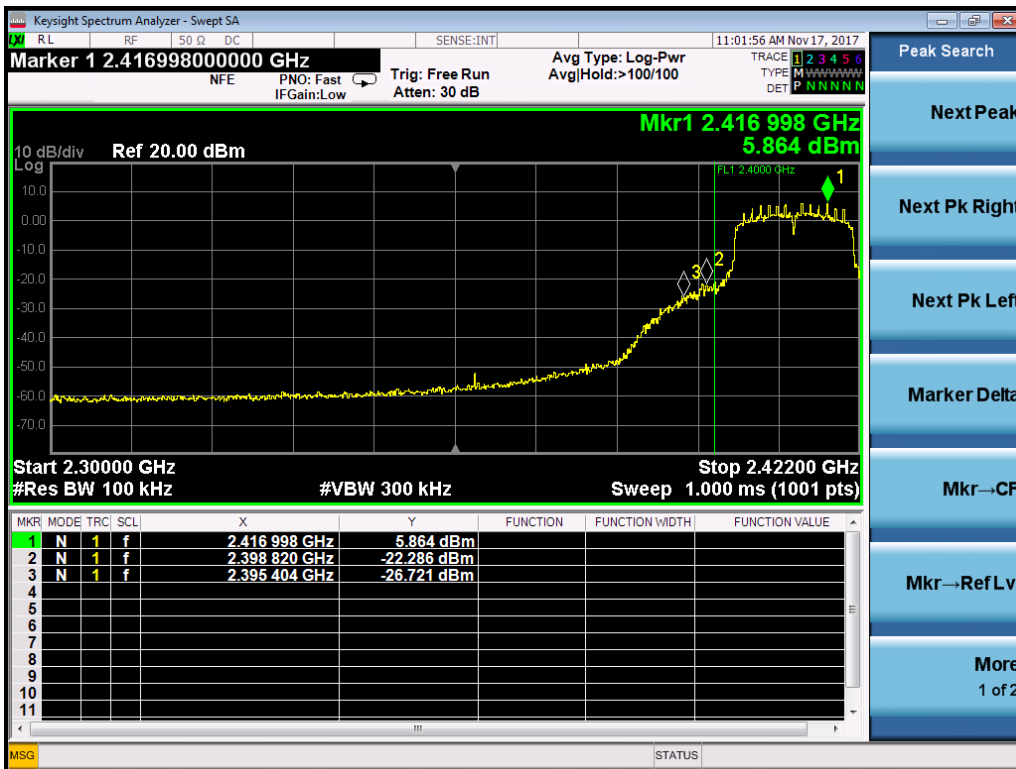
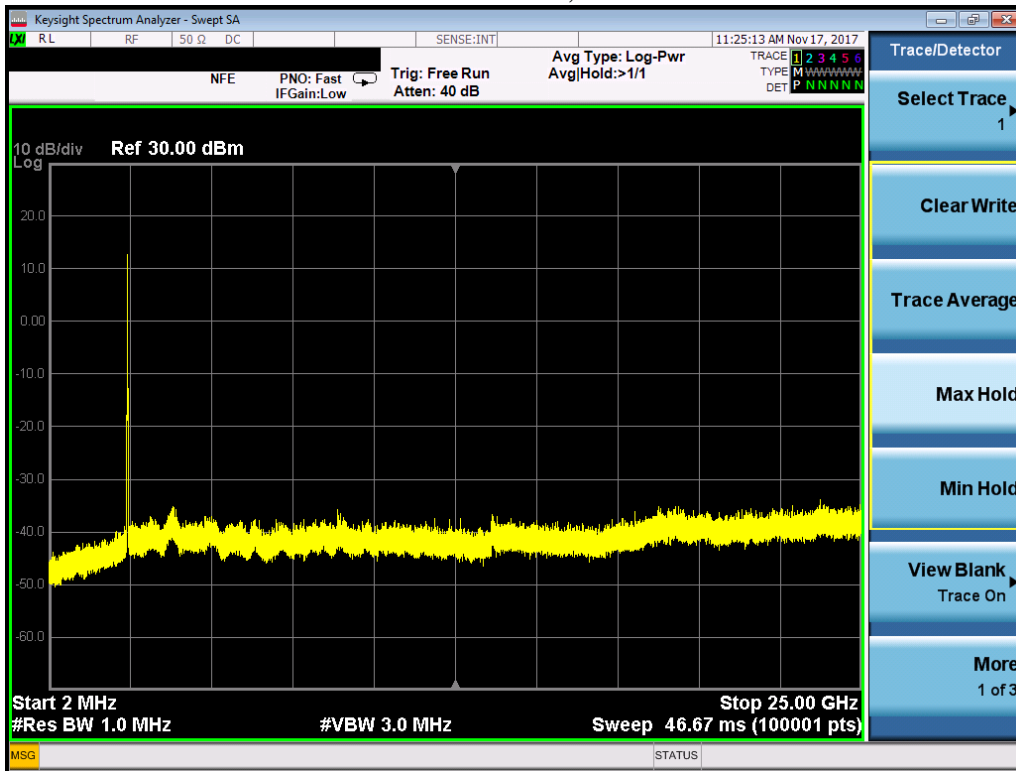
802.11g, M



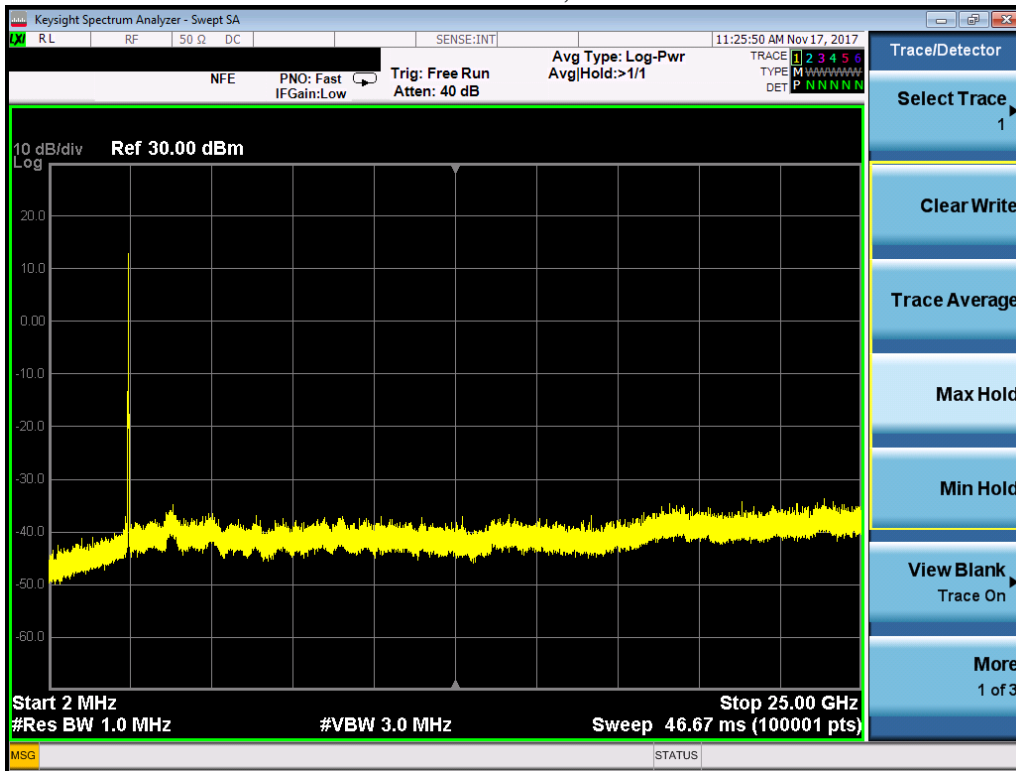
802.11g, H



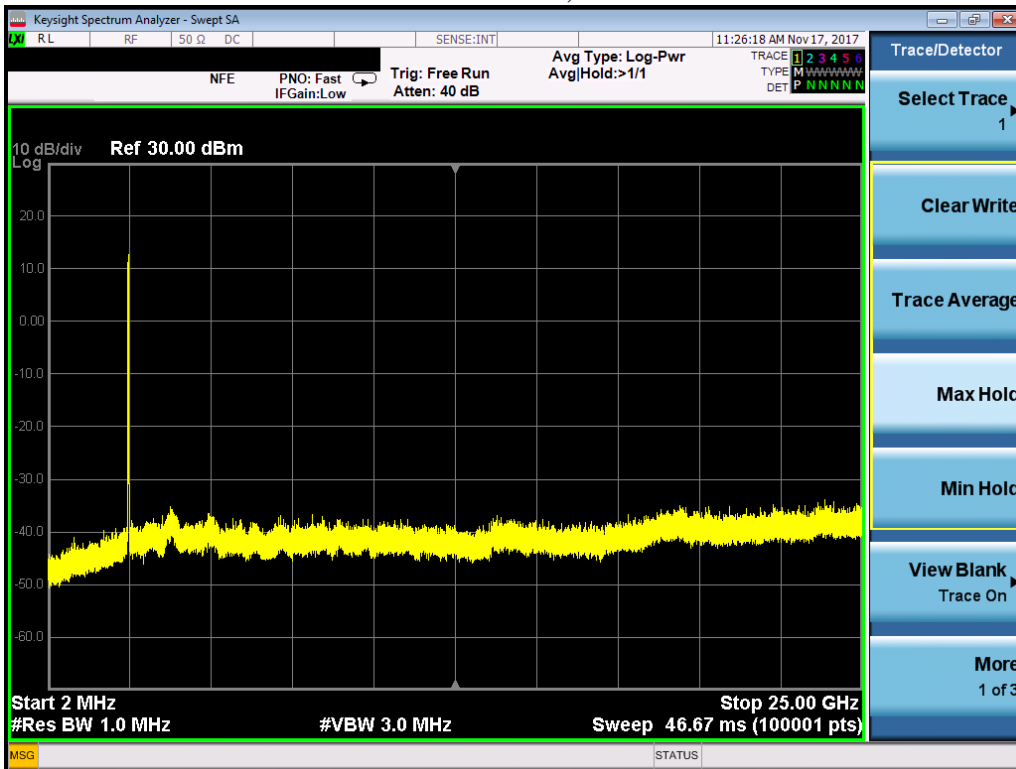
802.11n20, L



802.11n20, M

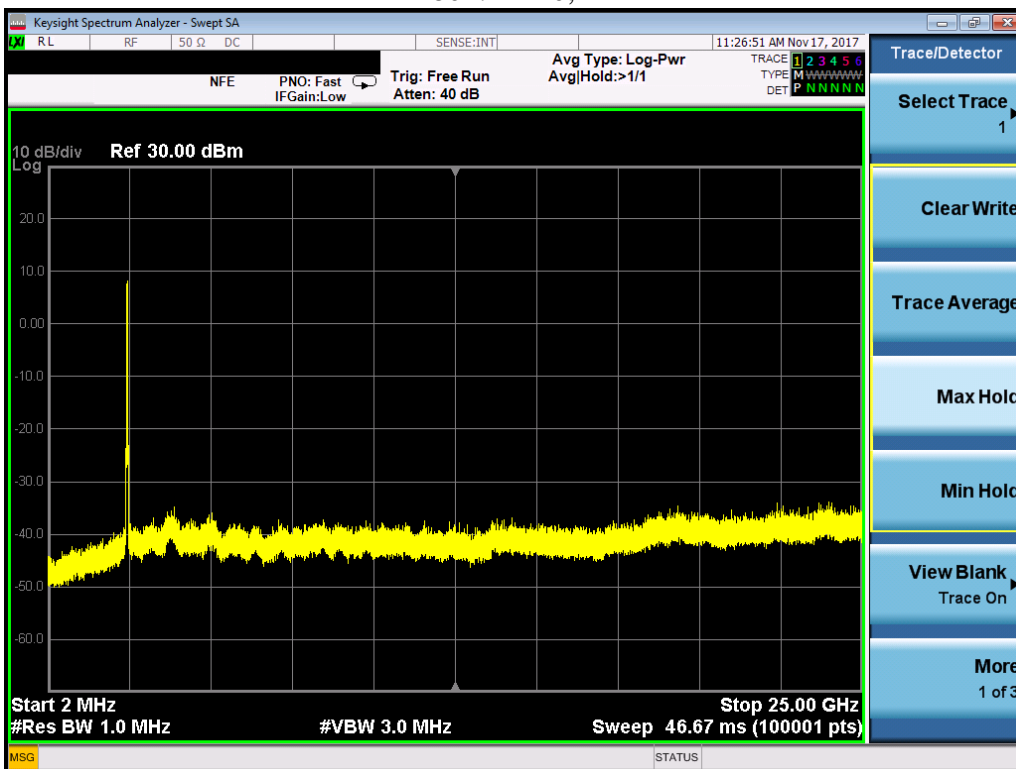


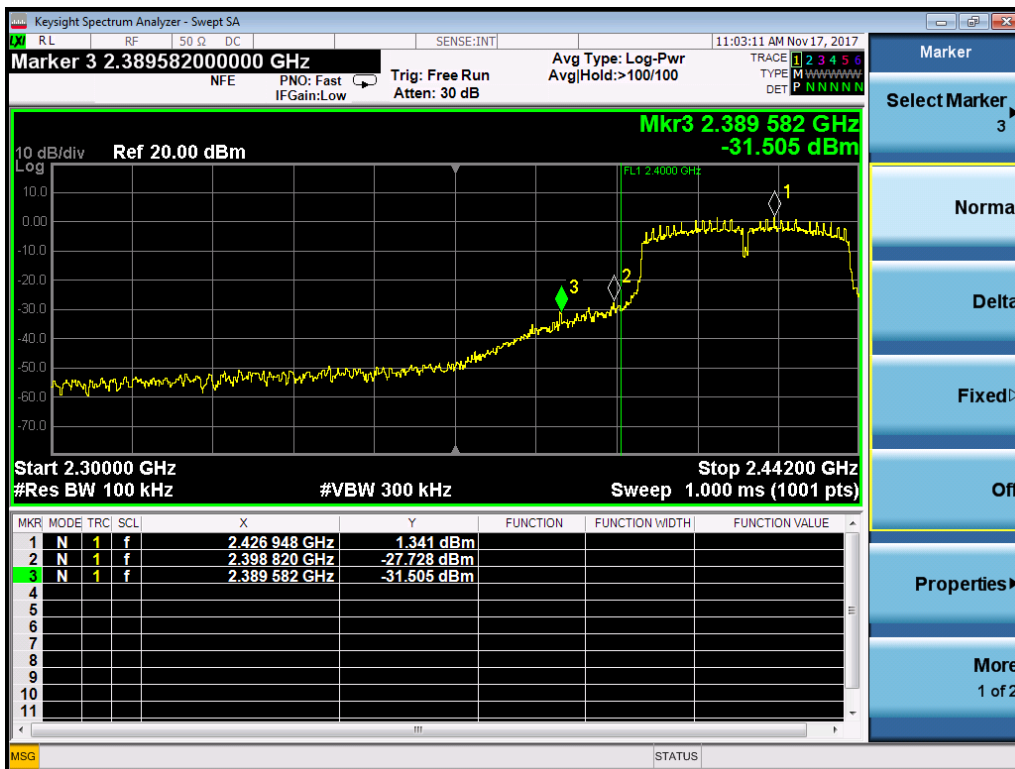
802.11n20, H



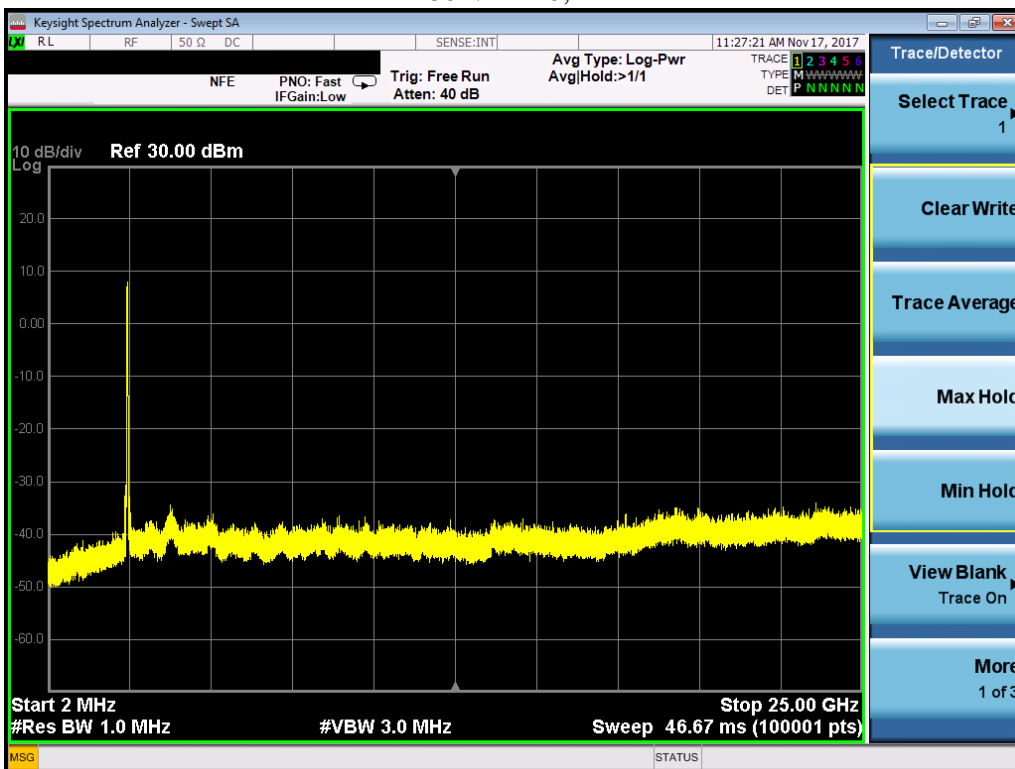


802.11n40, L

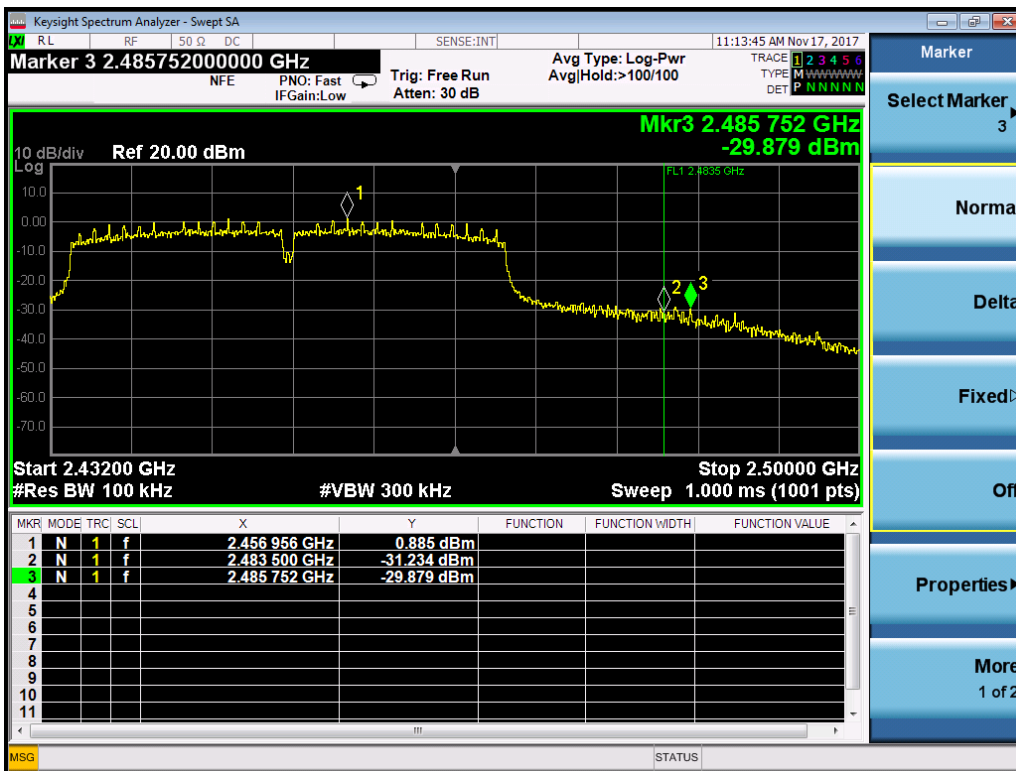
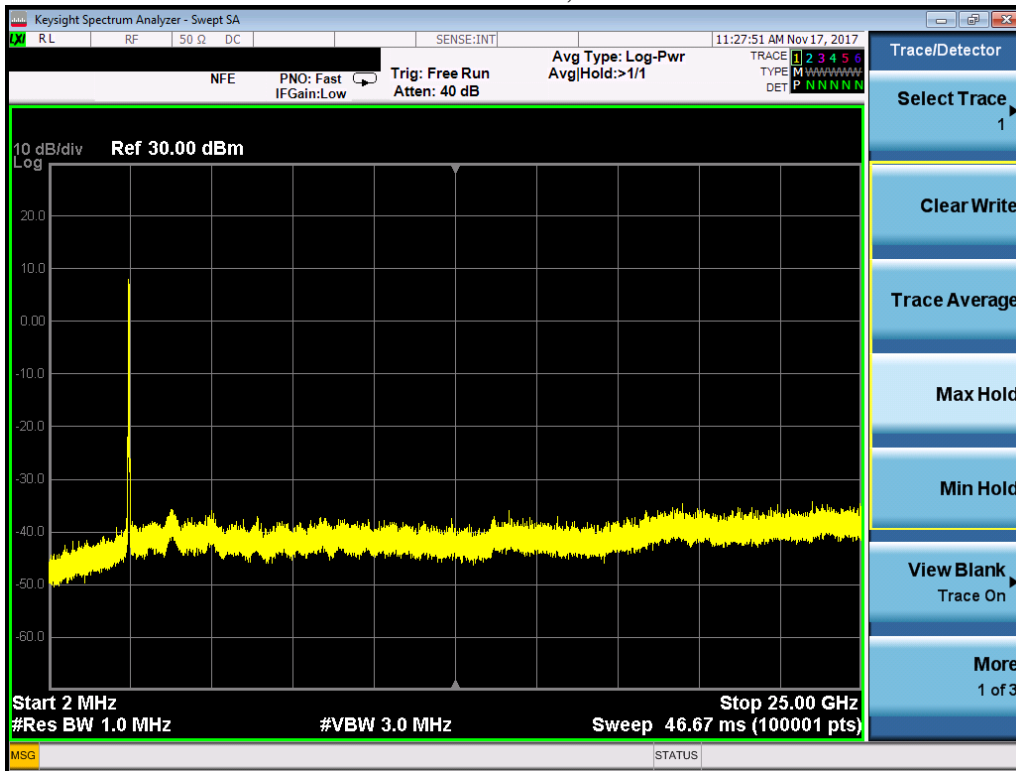




802.11n40, M



802.11n40, H



7 Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands

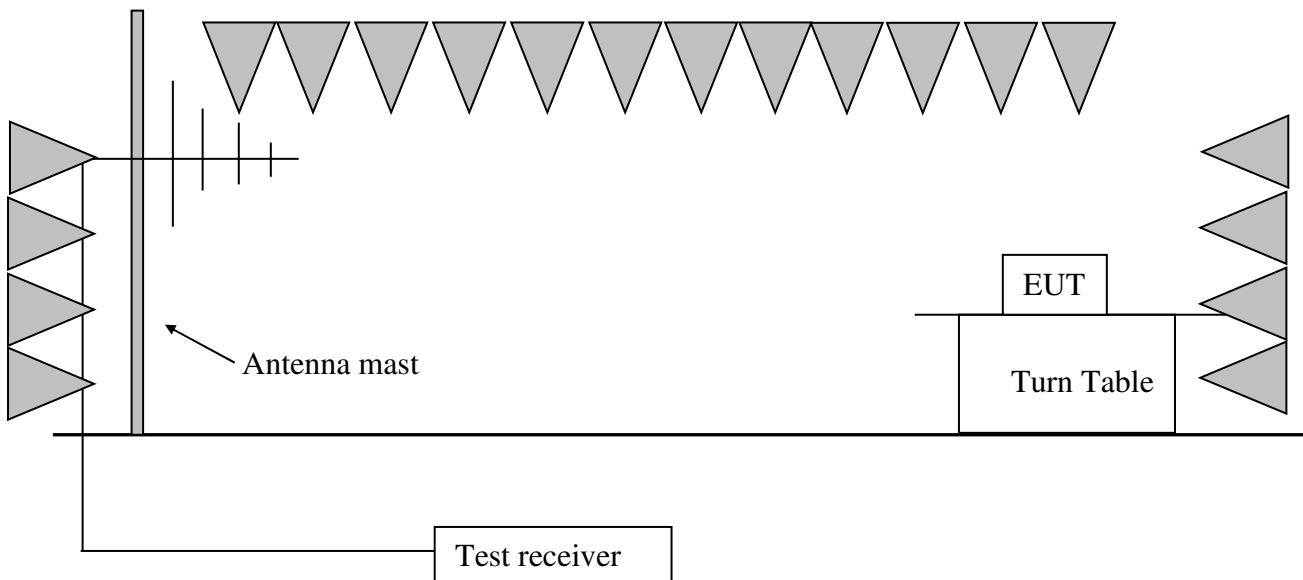
Test result: Pass

7.1 Test limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

7.2 Test Configuration



7.3 Test procedure and test setup

The measurement was applied in a semi-anechoic chamber. While testing for spurious emission higher than 1GHz, if applied, the pre-amplifier would be equipped just at the output terminal of the antenna.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m. For emissions testing at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm above the reference ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m.

The turntable rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the receiving antenna which was mounted on an antenna mast. The antenna moved up and down between from 1meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level.

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of KDB558074 D01 DTS “Meas Guidance” for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.

The radiated emission was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set as:

RBW = 300 Hz, VBW = 1 kHz (9 kHz~150 kHz);
RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 30 kHz (150 kHz~30MHz);
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz (30MHz~1GHz for PK)
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz (>1GHz for PK);
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz (>1GHz for AV);

Remark:

1. Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)
2. Measured level= Original Receiver Reading + Factor
3. Margin = Limit – Measured level
4. If the PK measured level is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example:

Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.
Then Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 – 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;
Measured level = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m
Assuming limit = 54dBuV/m,
Measured level = 10.20dBuV/m, then Margin = 54 - 10.20 = 43.80dBuV/m.

7.4 Test Protocol

Temperature: 25 °C
Relative Humidity: 55 %

Emission lower than 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dBµV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limits (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
344.90	41.80	15.90	46.00	4.20	PK	H
502.36	40.40	19.30	46.00	5.60	PK	H
698.69	41.10	20.90	46.00	4.90	PK	V

Emission higher than 1GHz

802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dBµV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limits (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
L	2390.00	58.10	37.30	74.00	15.90	PK	V
	2390.00	44.60	37.30	54.00	9.40	AV	V
	4825.25	55.60	-1.50	74.00	18.40	PK	V
	4824.96	46.20	-1.50	54.00	7.80	AV	V
	7236.50	52.40	2.70	74.00	21.60	PK	H
	7236.50	45.00	2.70	54.00	9.00	AV	H
M	2390.00	50.30	37.30	54.00	3.70	PK	V
	4874.00	54.80	-1.10	74.00	19.20	PK	V
	4874.00	45.60	-1.10	54.00	8.40	AV	V
	7311.00	52.70	3.10	74.00	21.30	PK	H
	7311.00	45.10	3.10	54.00	8.90	AV	H
H	2483.50	60.40	37.30	74.00	13.60	PK	V
	2483.50	45.80	37.30	54.00	8.20	AV	V

	4924.00	54.50	-0.80	74.00	19.50	PK	V
	4924.00	45.50	-0.80	54.00	8.50	AV	V
	7386.00	52.40	3.50	74.00	21.60	PK	H
	7386.00	45.00	3.50	54.00	9.00	AV	H

802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dBμV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
L	2390.00	56.30	37.30	74.00	17.70	PK	V
	2390.00	42.90	37.30	54.00	11.10	AV	V
	4824.00	50.30	-1.50	54.00	3.70	PK	V
	7236.50	49.60	2.70	54.00	4.40	PK	H
M	2390.00	50.20	37.30	54.00	3.80	PK	V
	4874.00	51.50	-1.10	54.00	2.50	PK	V
	7311.00	48.70	3.10	54.00	5.30	PK	H
H	2483.50	58.50	37.30	74.00	15.50	PK	V
	2483.50	44.10	37.30	54.00	9.90	AV	V
	4924.00	52.20	-0.80	54.00	1.80	PK	V
	7386.00	49.30	3.50	54.00	4.70	PK	H

802.11n20

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dBμV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
L	2390.00	56.90	37.30	74.00	17.10	PK	V
	2390.00	43.30	37.30	54.00	10.70	AV	V
	4824.00	50.10	-1.50	54.00	3.90	PK	V
	7236.50	49.70	2.70	54.00	4.30	PK	H
M	2390.00	50.50	37.30	54.00	3.50	PK	V
	4874.00	51.60	-1.10	54.00	2.40	PK	V
	7311.00	48.40	3.10	54.00	5.60	PK	H
H	2483.50	59.20	37.30	74.00	14.80	PK	V
	2483.50	44.40	37.30	54.00	9.60	AV	V
	4924.00	51.00	-0.80	54.00	3.00	PK	V
	7386.00	52.60	3.50	54.00	1.40	PK	H

802.11n40

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dBμV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
L	2390.00	54.60	37.30	74.00	19.40	PK	V
	2390.00	42.00	37.30	54.00	12.00	AV	V
	4844.00	49.80	-1.30	54.00	4.20	PK	V
	7266.00	51.50	3.00	54.00	2.50	PK	H
M	2390.00	50.20	37.30	54.00	3.80	PK	V
	4874.00	49.90	-1.10	54.00	4.10	PK	V
	7311.00	50.20	3.10	54.00	3.80	PK	H
H	2483.50	57.20	37.30	74.00	16.80	PK	V
	2483.50	42.90	37.30	54.00	11.10	AV	V
	4904.00	50.10	-0.80	54.00	3.90	PK	V
	7356.00	52.30	3.20	54.00	1.70	PK	H

8 Power line conducted emission

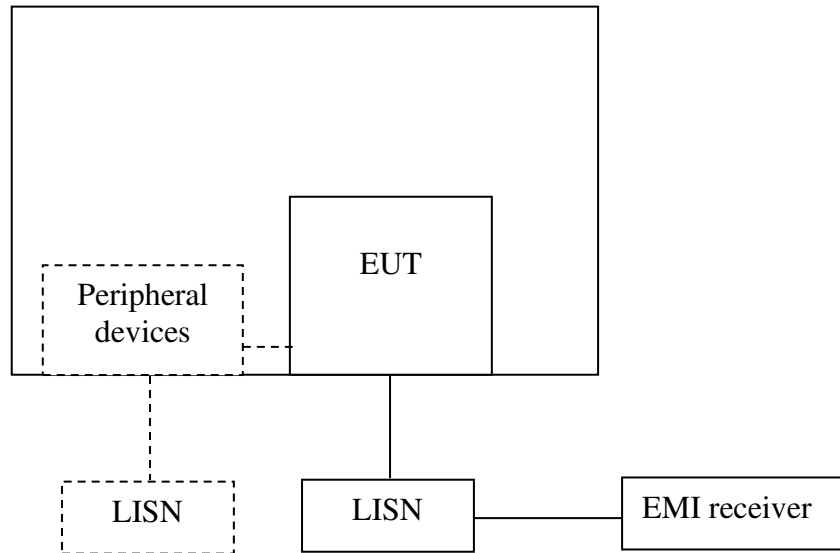
Test result: Pass

8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	QP	AV
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.2 Test configuration



For table top equipment, wooden support is 0.8m height table

For floor standing equipment, wooden support is 0.1m height rack.

8.3 Test procedure and test set up

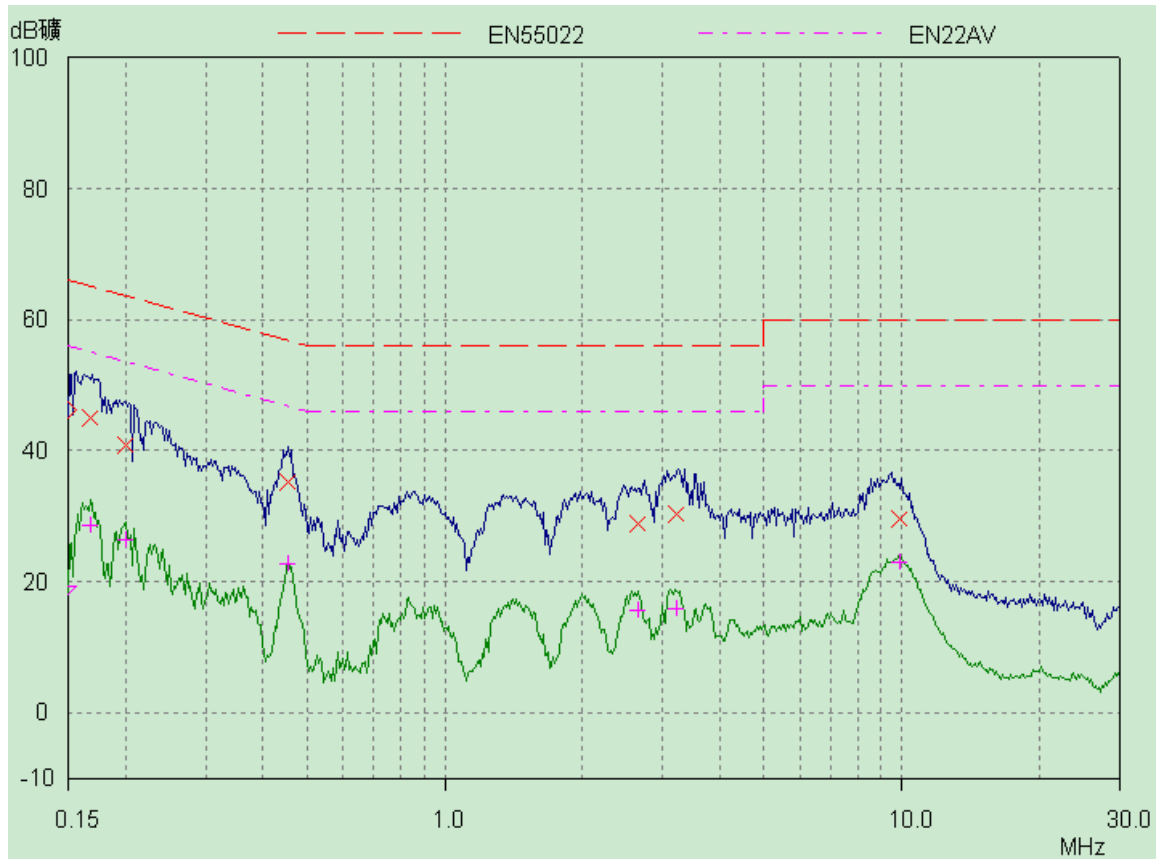
Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

8.4 Test protocol

Temperature: 24 °C
Relative Humidity: 44 %



Frequency	Correct Factor (dB)	Corrected Reading (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
		QP	AV	QP	AV	QP	AV
0.17 (L)	3.00	45.11	28.70	65.10	55.10	19.99	26.40
0.20 (L)	3.00	40.84	26.39	63.58	53.58	22.74	27.19
0.46 (N)	3.00	35.48	22.60	56.78	46.78	21.30	24.18
2.63 (N)	3.00	29.51	17.91	56.00	46.00	26.49	28.09
3.21 (N)	3.00	31.02	18.23	56.00	46.00	24.98	27.77
9.88 (N)	3.00	29.85	23.21	60.00	50.00	30.15	26.79

Remark: 1. Correction Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB).
2. Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Reading.

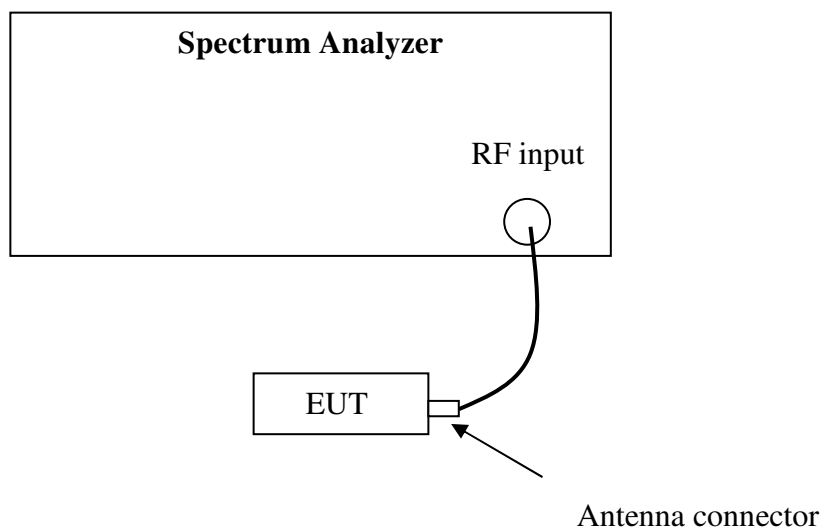
9 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Status: Tested

9.1 Test limit

None

9.2 Test Configuration



9.3 Test procedure and test setup

The bandwidth was measured from the antenna port of the EUT.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
4. Set VBW $\geq 3 \cdot$ RBW
5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

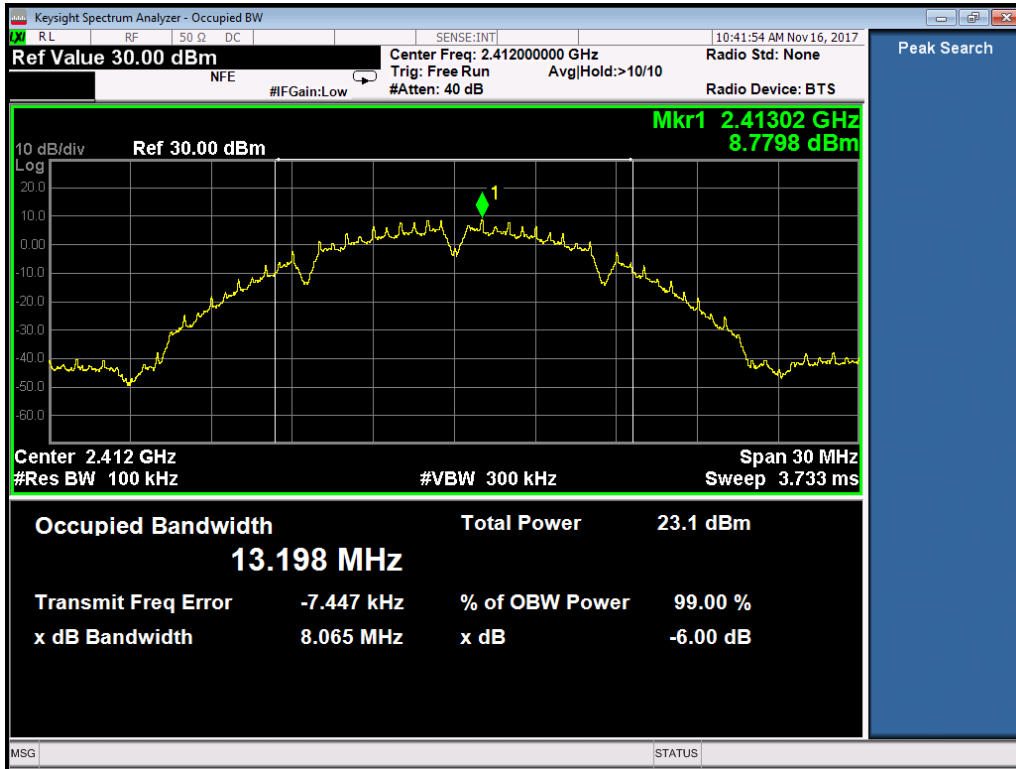
9.4 Test protocol

Temperature : 25 °C
Relative Humidity : 55 %

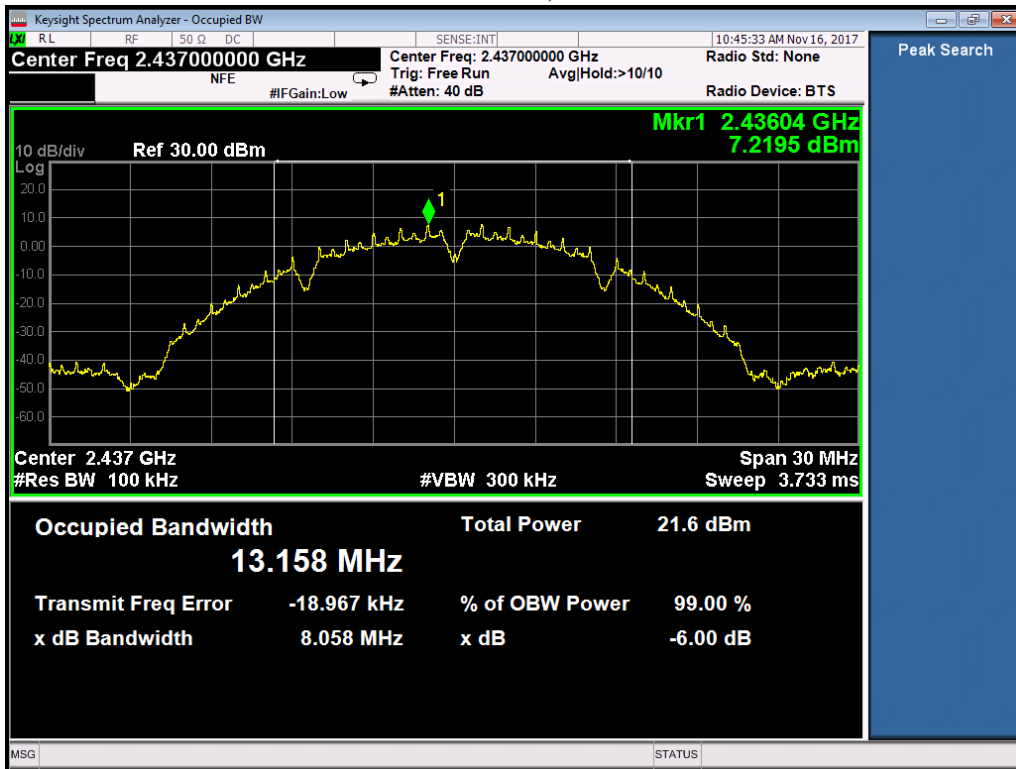
Modulation	Channel	99% Bandwidth (MHz)		
		Port0	Port 1	Port 2
802.11b	L	13.20	13.39	/
	M	13.16	13.46	/
	H	13.17	13.69	/
802.11g	L	16.26	16.39	/
	M	16.25	16.39	/
	H	16.27	16.68	/
802.11n20	L	17.42	17.52	/
	M	17.40	17.53	/
	H	17.44	17.67	/
802.11n40	L	35.72	35.81	/
	M	35.72	35.82	/
	H	35.71	35.87	/

Port 0

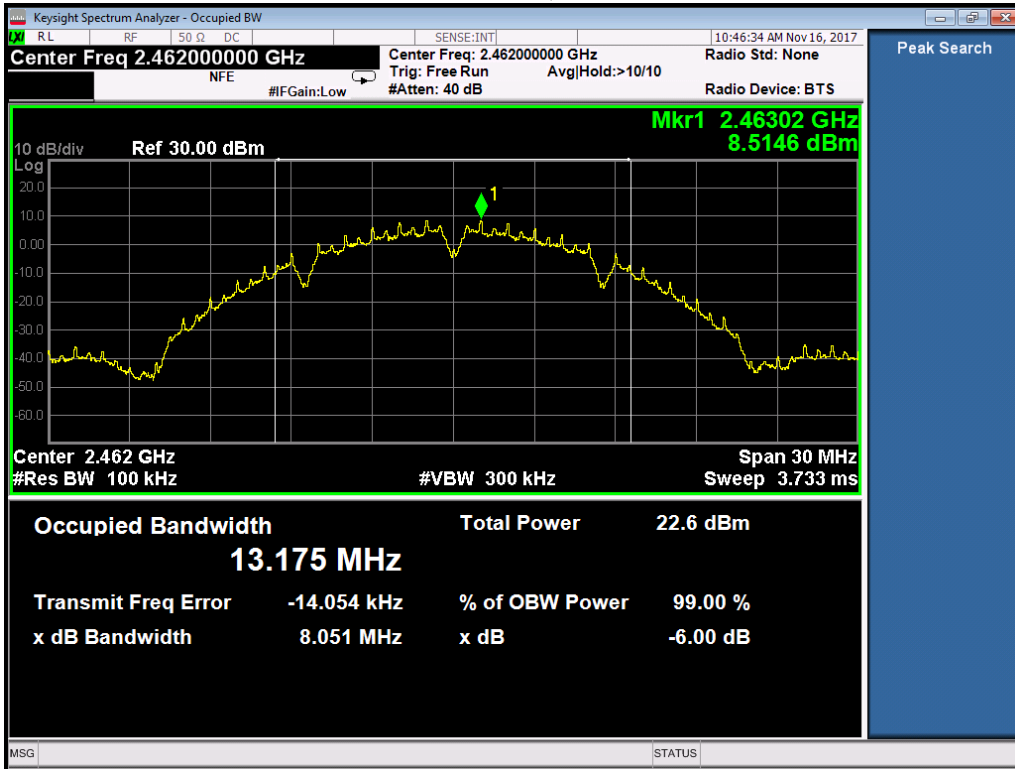
802.11b, L



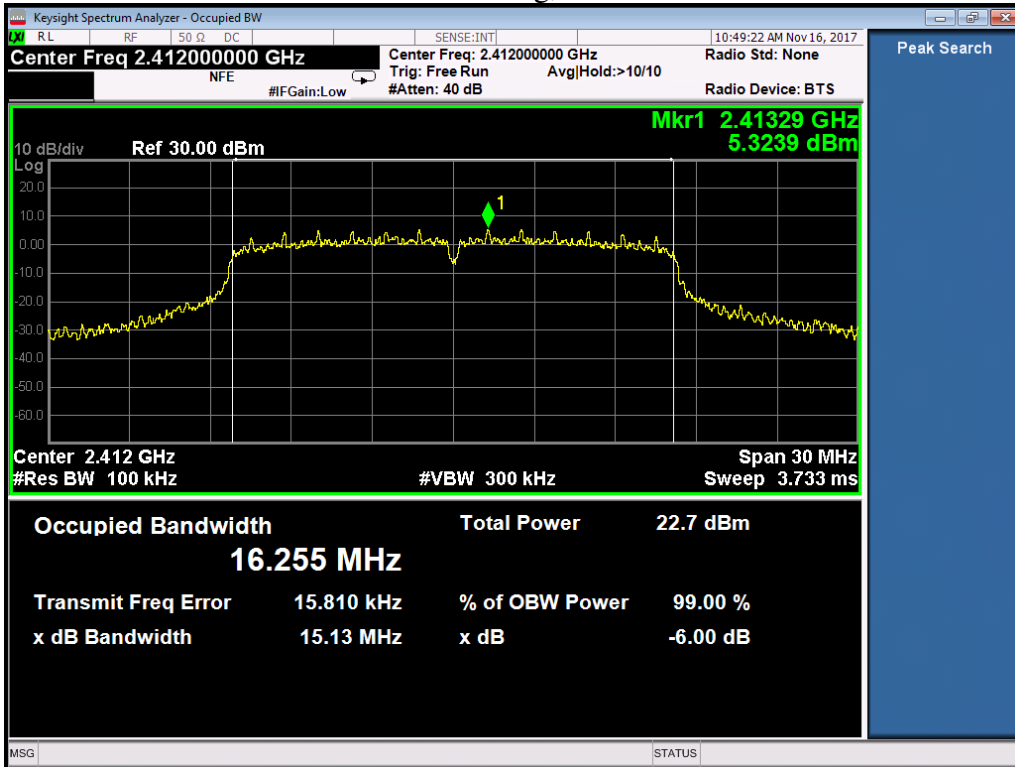
802.11b, M



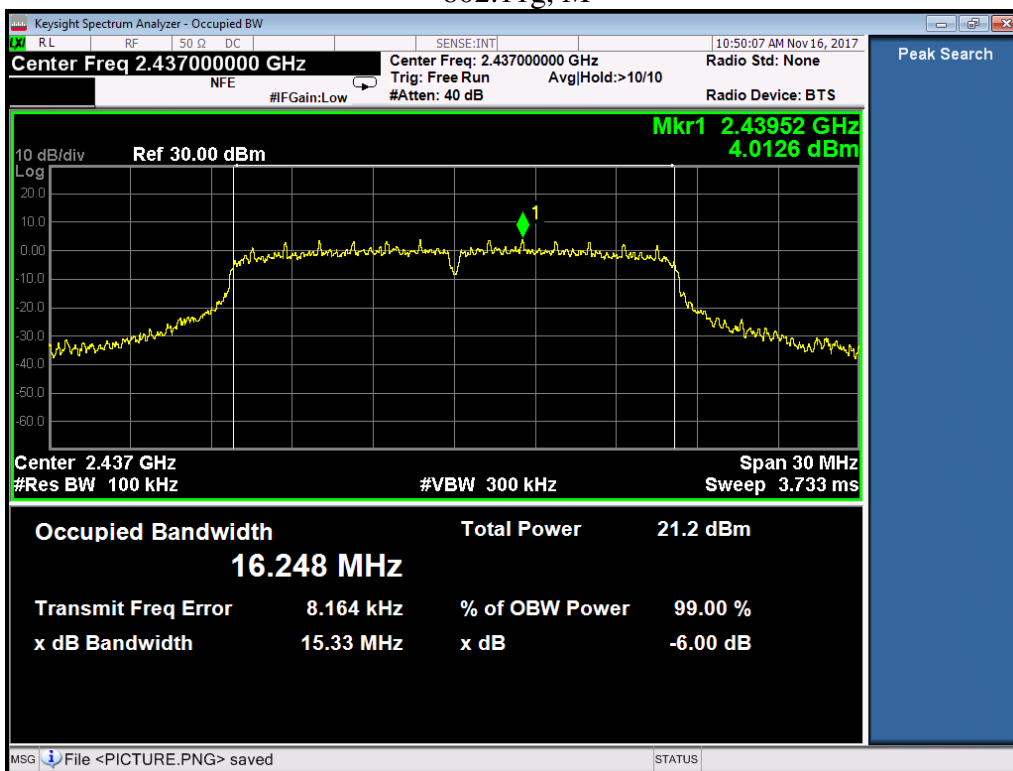
802.11b, H



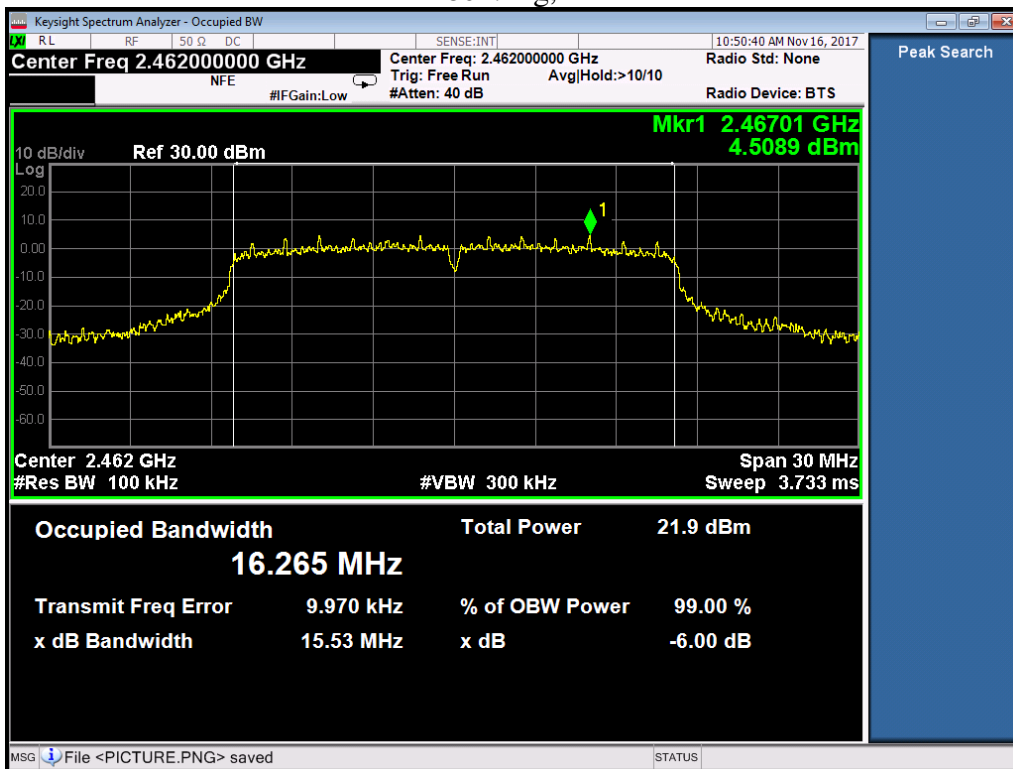
802.11g, L



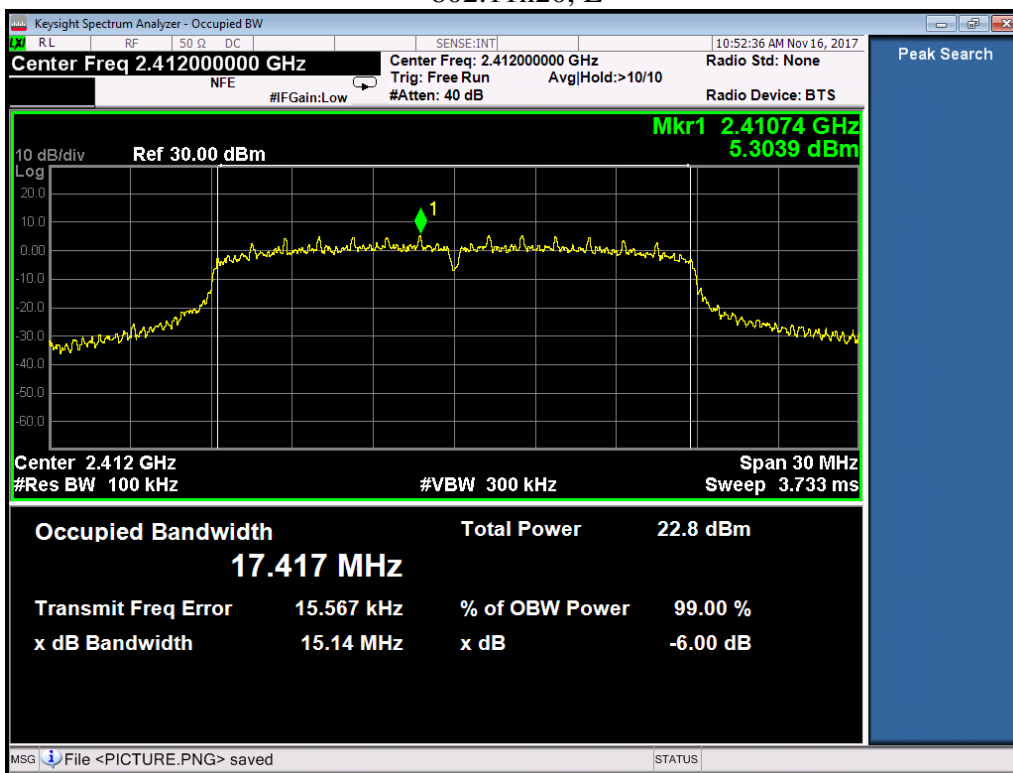
802.11g, M



802.11g, H



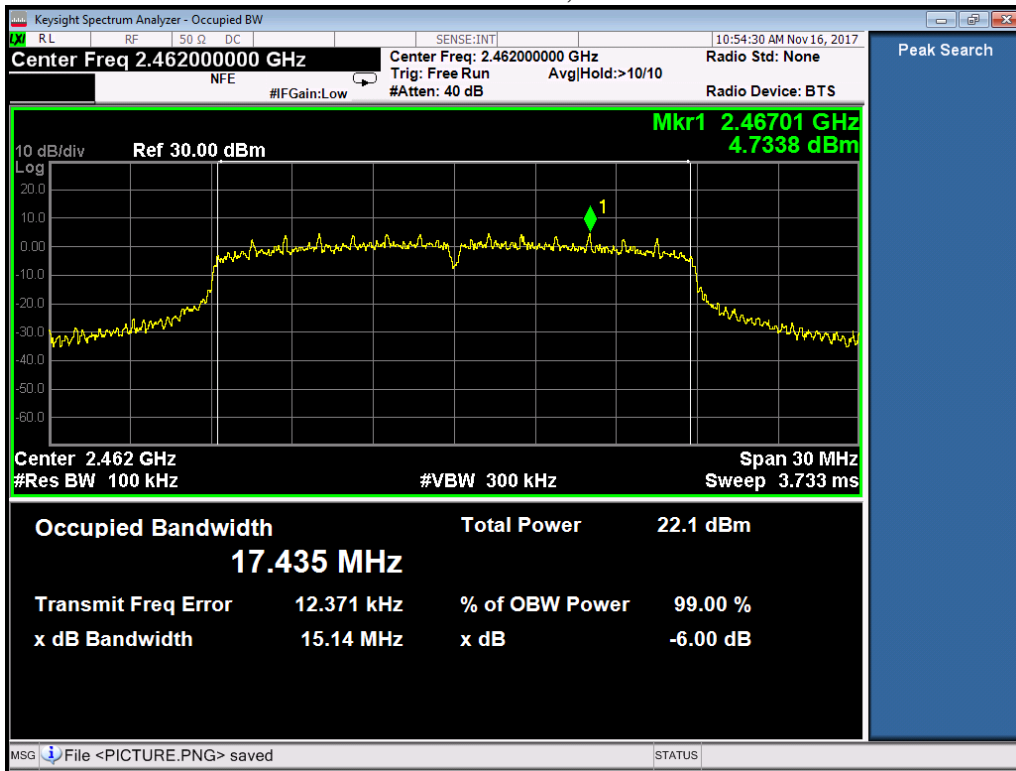
802.11n20, L



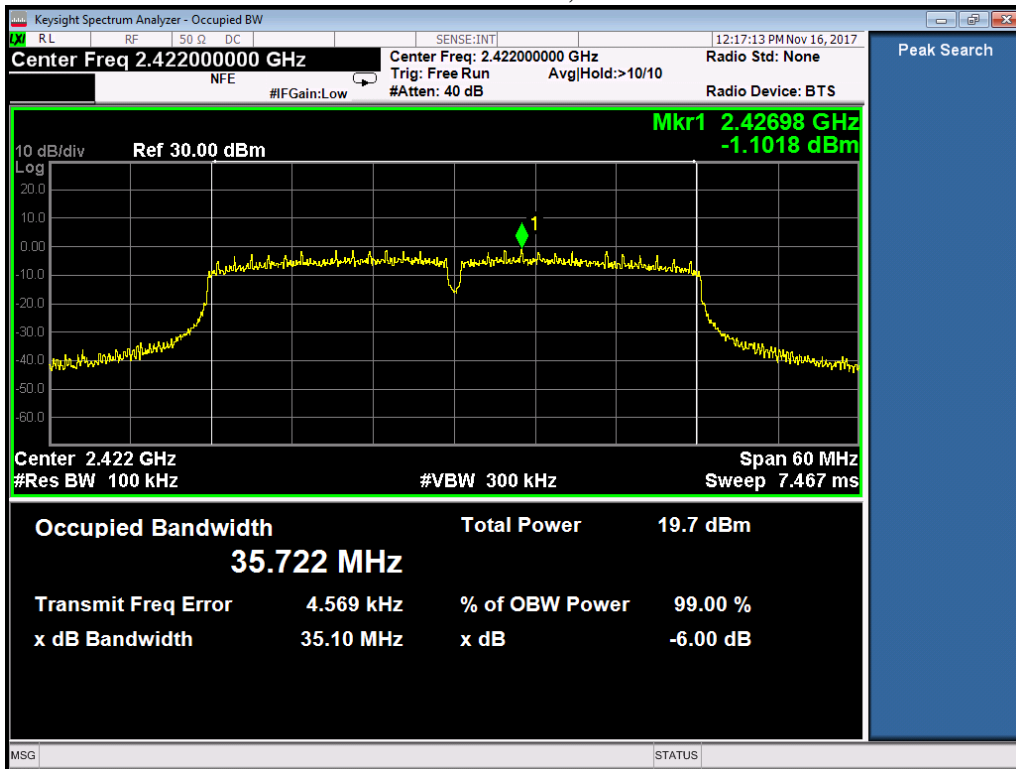
802.11n20, M



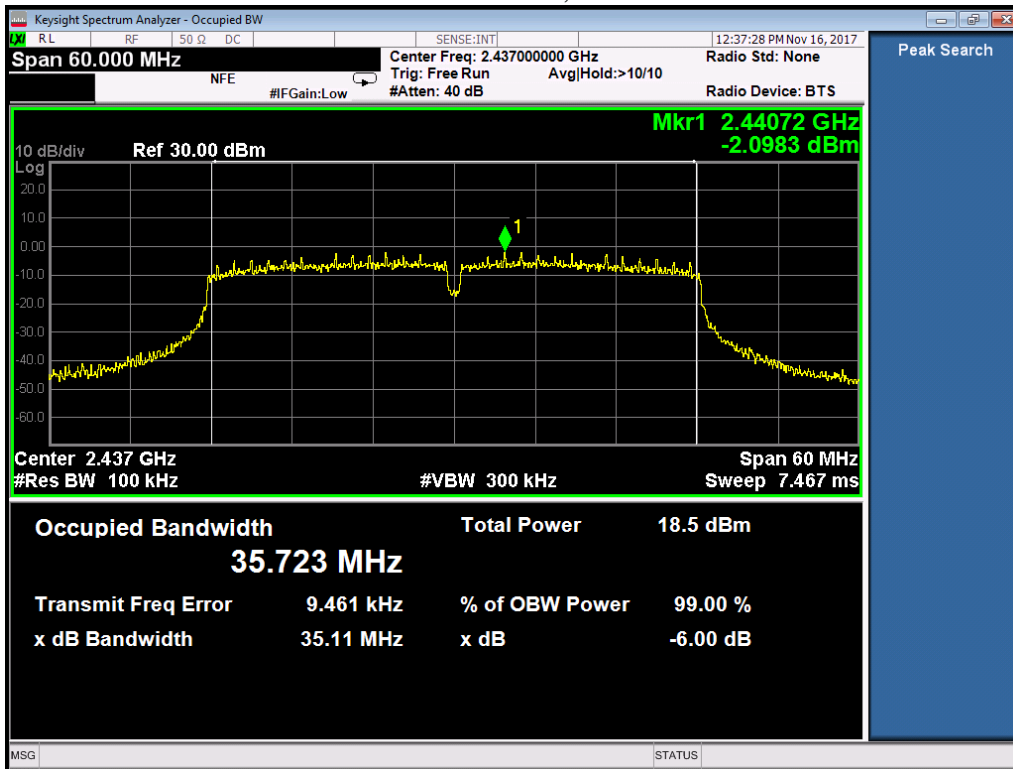
802.11n20, H



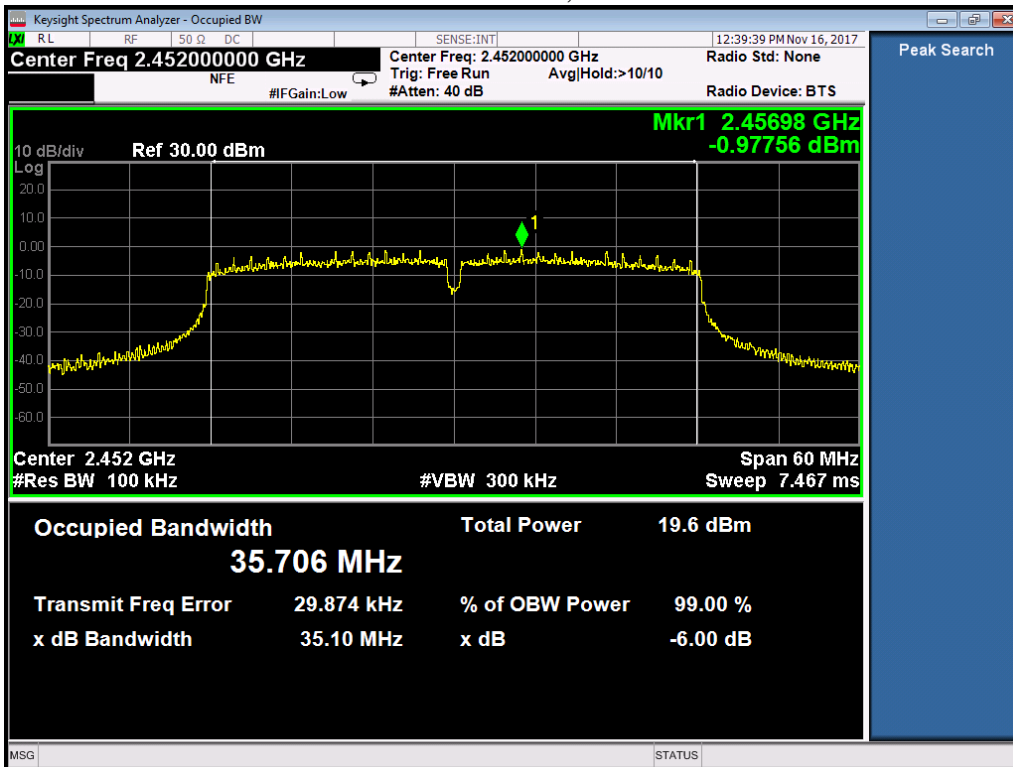
802.11n40, L



802.11n40, M



802.11n40, H

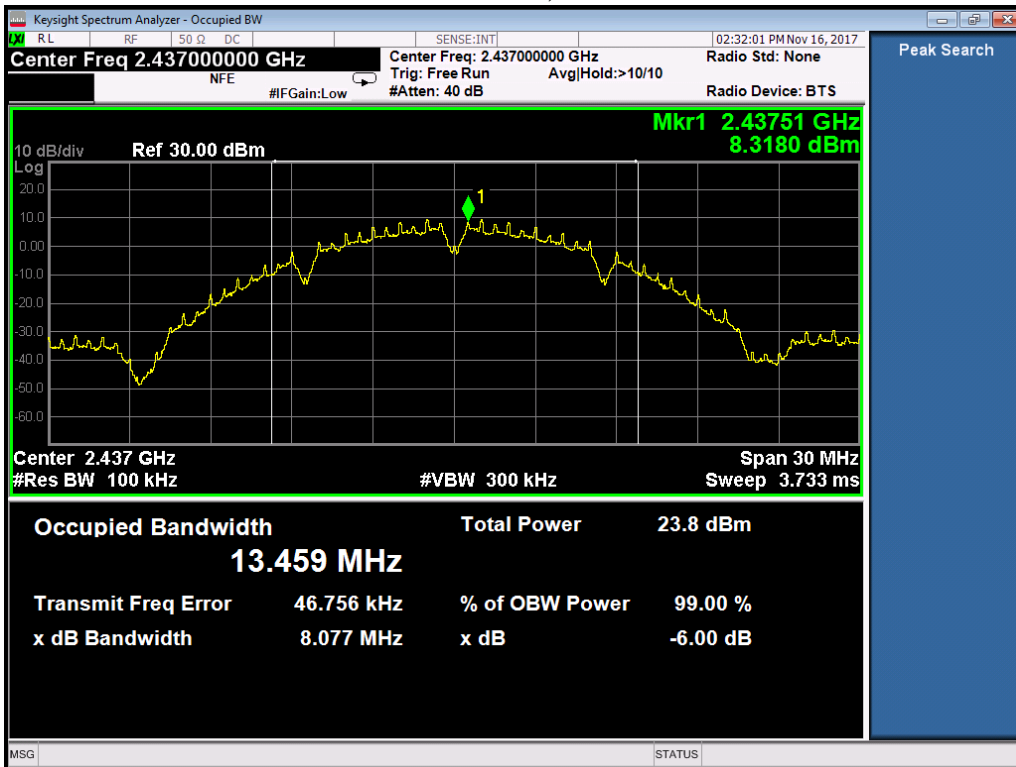


Port 1

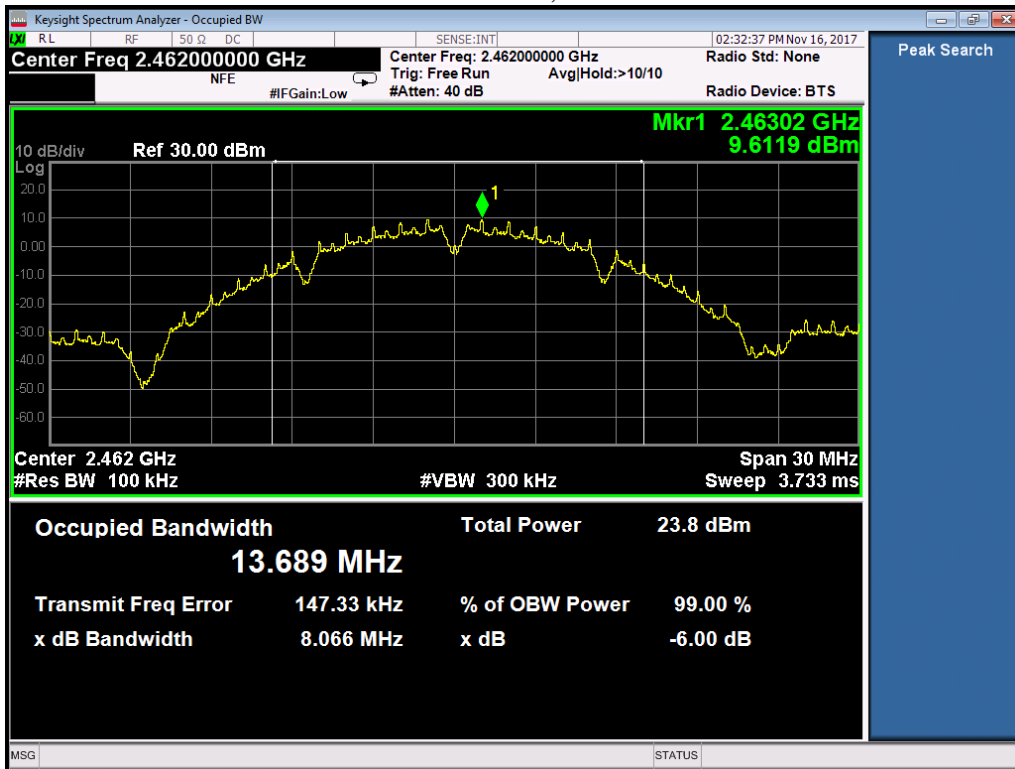
802.11b, L



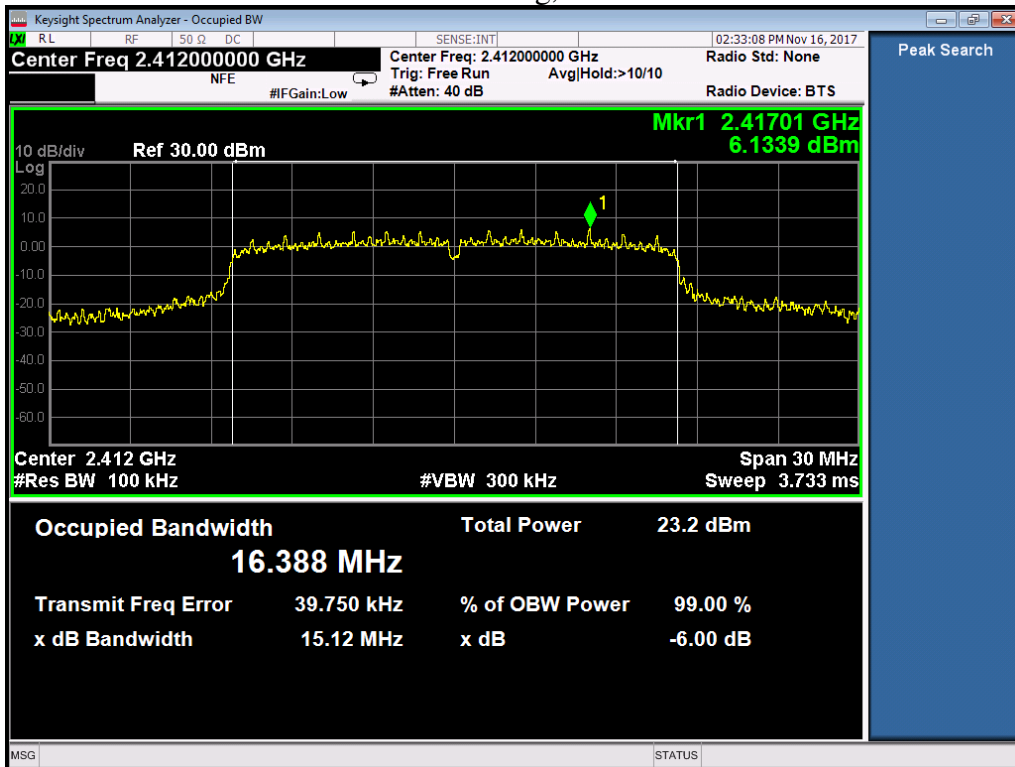
802.11b, M



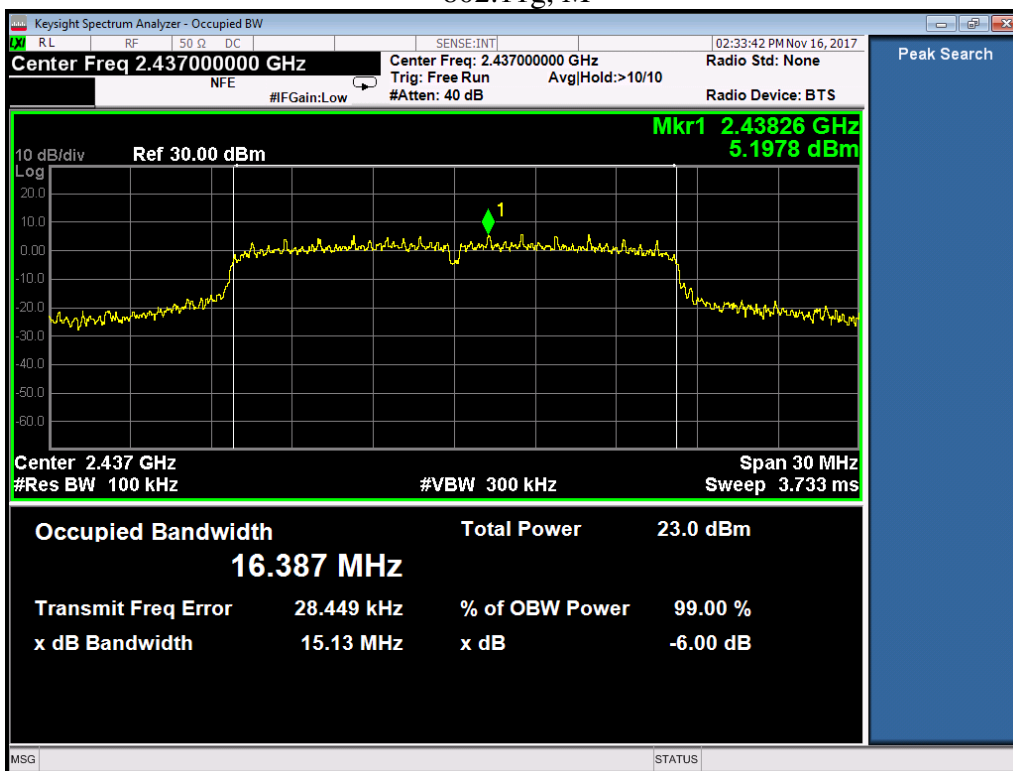
802.11b, H



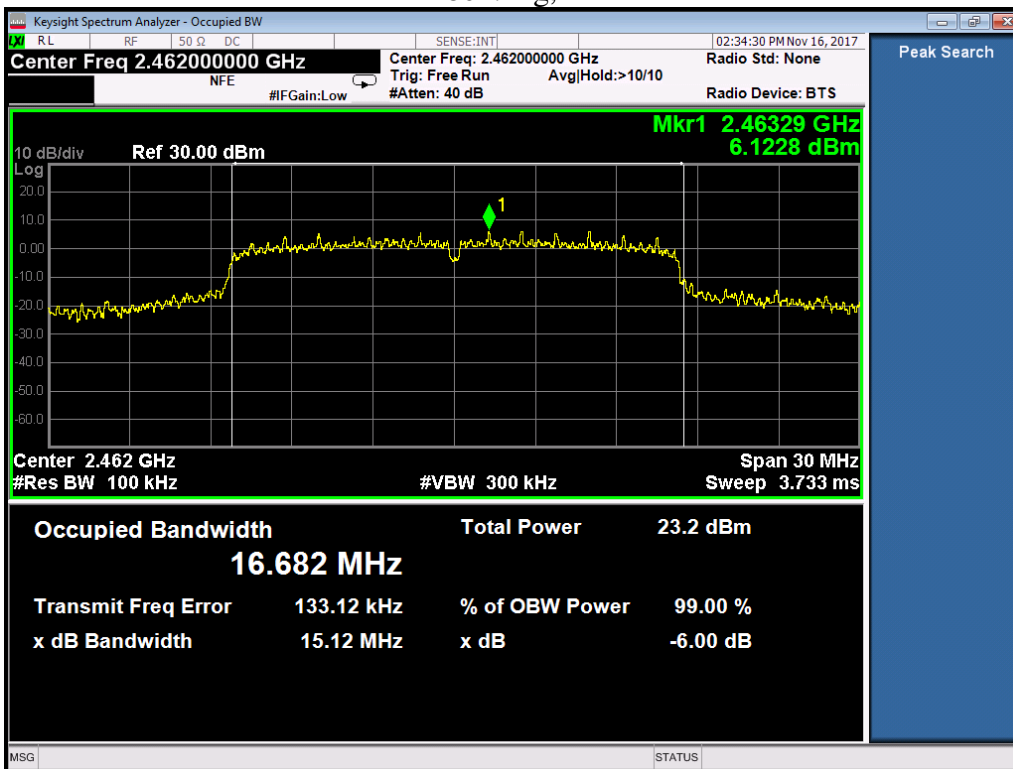
802.11g, L



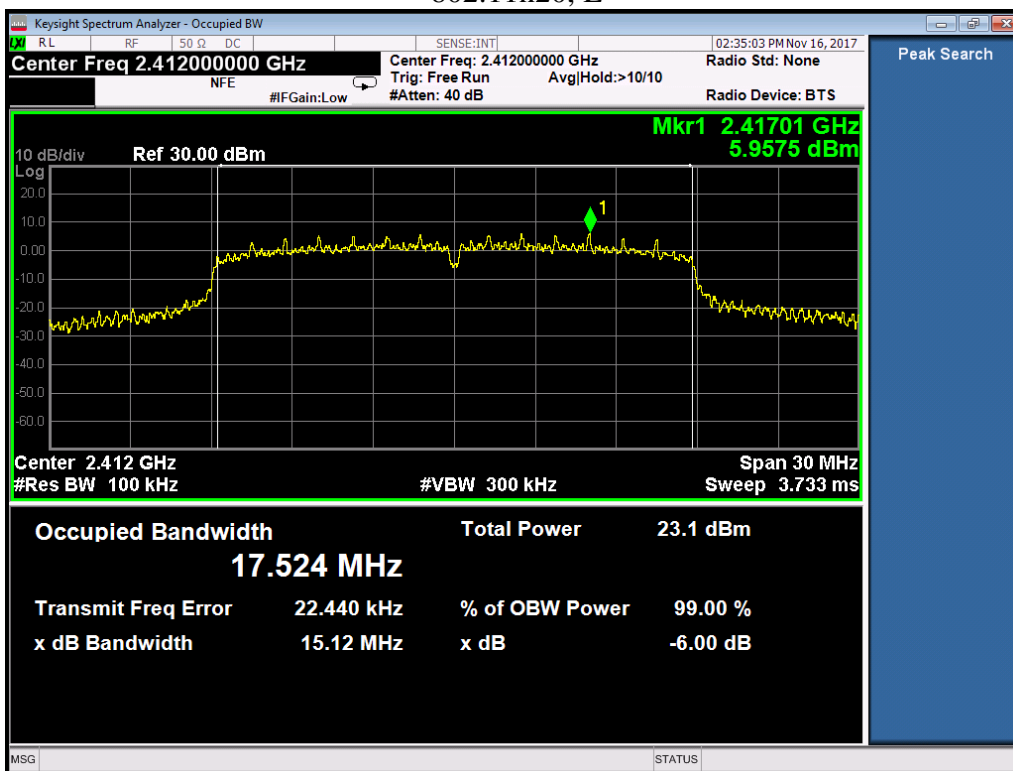
802.11g, M



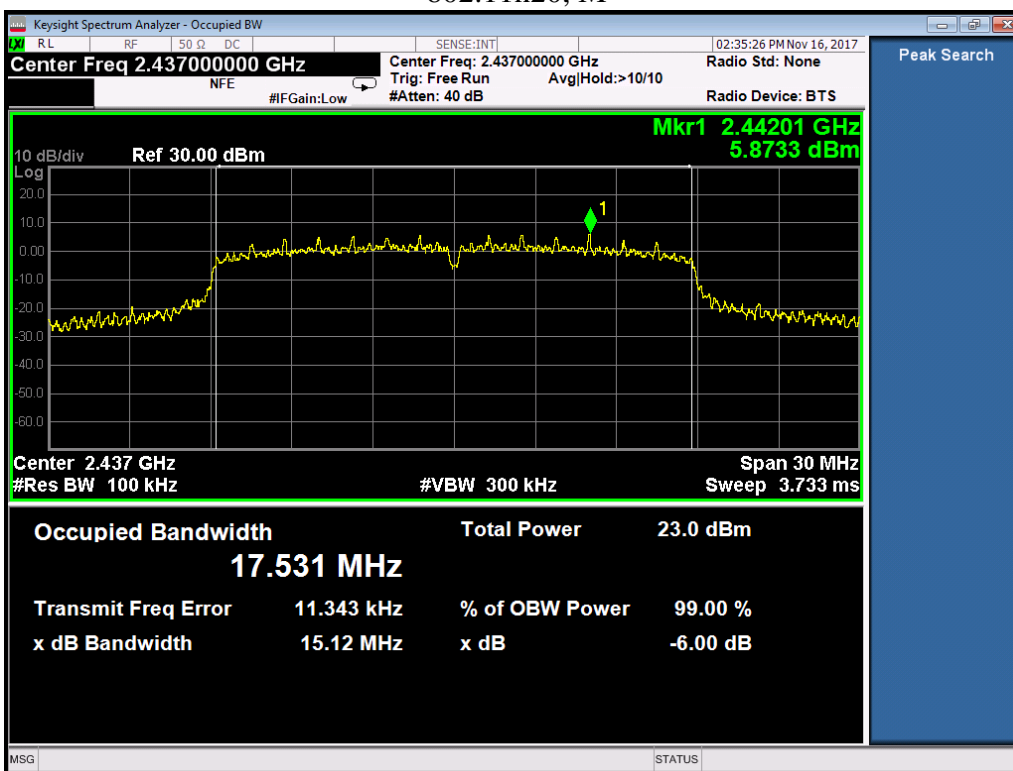
802.11g, H



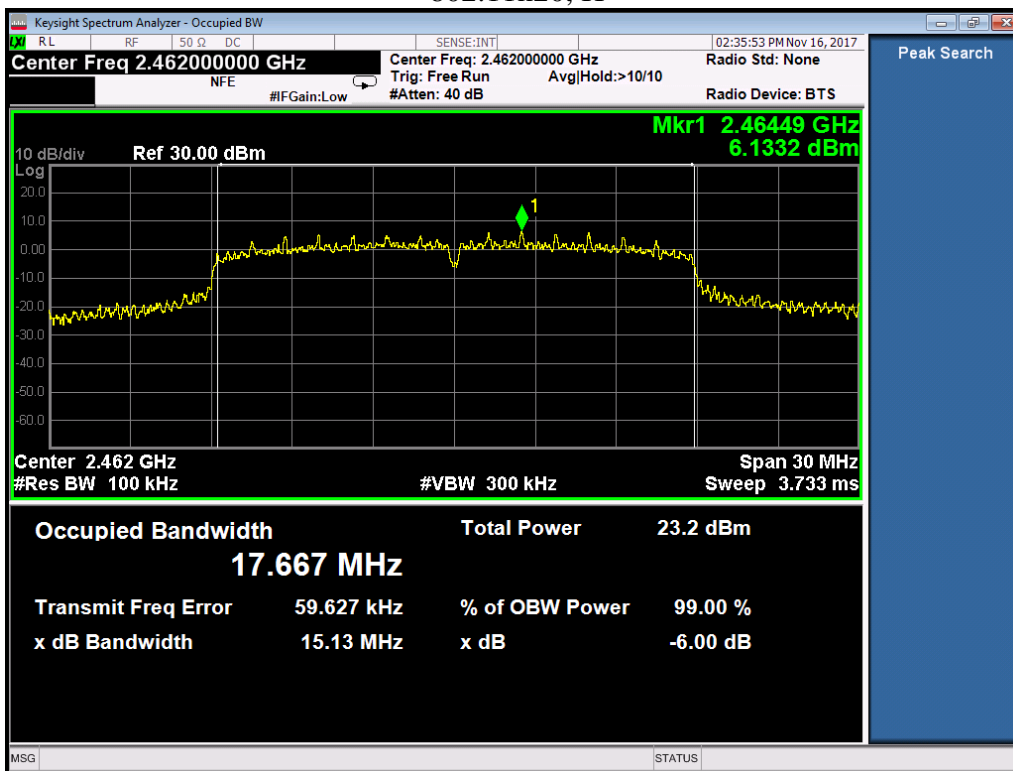
802.11n20, L



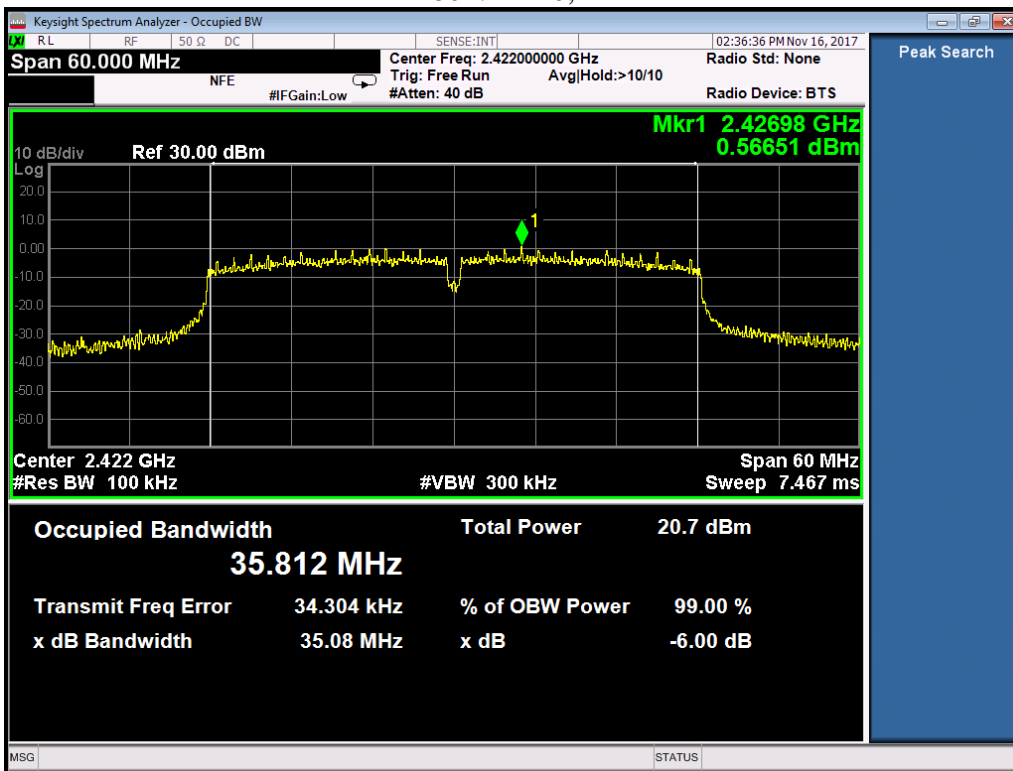
802.11n20, M



802.11n20, H



802.11n40, L



802.11n40, M



802.11n40, H

