

FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report

For

International Products Sourcing Group

4119 Leap Road, Hilliard OH, 43026

FCC Part 2.1093,

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005+A1:2010

ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002(R2008) Test Standards:

Product Description: 14" Notebook PC

Tested Model: CW140

Report No.: STR18098198H

Max. SAR Values: Body: 1.151 W/kg(1g)

Sample Receipt Date: 2018-09-17

Tested Date: 2018-09-27 to 2018-09-28

Issued Date: 2018-09-28

Tested By: Lucy Wei / Engineer

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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.



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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: International Products Sourcing Group Address of applicant: 4119 Leap Road, Hilliard OH, 43026

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Emdoor Digital Technology CO.,LTD

Address of manufacturer: H.Q.:6/F JinFuLai Building,49-1 Dabao Road, Bao An

District, Shenzhen

General Description of EUT:	General Description of EUT:				
Product Name:	14" Notebook PC				
Brand Name:	WINBOOK				
Model No.	CW140				
Adding Model(s):	1				
Rated Voltage:	7.6V by battery				
Battery Capacity:	5920mAh				
Device Category:	Portable Device				
Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer.					

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Technical Characteristics of EUT:			
WIFI (2.4G)			
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n		
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)		
DE Outrot Danier	Antenna A: 16.01dBm(Conducted)		
RF Output Power:	Antenna B : 15.23dBm (Conducted)		
Type of Modulation:	CCK, BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps		
Quantity of Channels:	11/7		
Channel Separation:	5MHz		
Antenna Type:	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	Antenna A: 1.0dBi		
Antenna Gain.	Antenna B : 1.0dBi		
Bluetooth			
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2		
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz		
RF Output Power:	7.18dBm (Conducted)		
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps		
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK		
Quantity of Channels:	79/40		
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz		
Antenna Type:	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	1.0dBi		
Wi-Fi(5G)			
Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n-HT20/40, 802.11ac-HT20/40/80		
Frequency Range:	5180-5240MHz, 5745-5825MHz		
DE Output Dower	Antenna A: 7.46dBm(Conducted)		
RF Output Power:	Antenna B: 7.22dBm (Conducted)		
Type of Modulation:	BPSK , QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM, 256-QAM		
Data Rate:	6-54Mbps, up to 433.3Mbps		
Type of Antenna:	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	Antenna A : 1.0dBi		
Antenna Gam.	Antenna B : 1.0dBi		



1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the International Products Sourcing Group in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005+A1:2010, ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002(R2008), and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 and 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 and 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

1.4 Test Facility

FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd. Laboratory has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to the Commissions Declaration Of Conformity (DOC). The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

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2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Body (0mm Gap) Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} Limit (W/kg)
Antenna A_WLAN 2.4G	1.151	1.6
Antenna B_WLAN 2.4G	1.038	1.6

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005+A1:2010, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techiques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t is the exposure duration, or related to the

electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Probe Length: 330 mm

Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mmMaximum external diameter: 8 mmProbe Tip External Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm

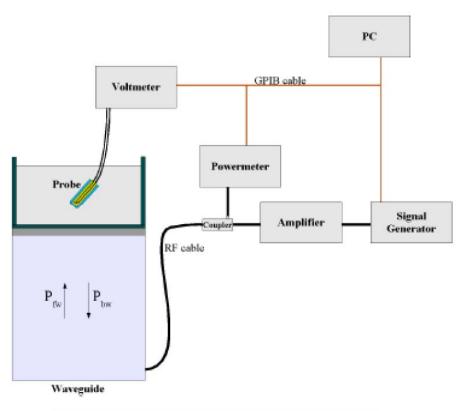


- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB

- Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line: 1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta}\cos^2\left(\pi\frac{y}{a}\right)e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

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The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm2.

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:
$$\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)},$$

$$C = \text{heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle)},$$

 \triangle T = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

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$$SAR = \frac{\left| \mathbf{E} \right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma = \text{simulated tissue conductivity},$

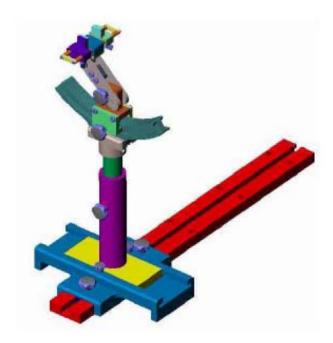
 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

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4.6 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2018-06-01	2019-05-31
2450MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2018-03-20	2019-03-19
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2018-03-20	2019-03-19
SAM Phantom	MVG	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	SEMT-1064	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Power meter	Keithley	3500	JC-2017-09-001	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Power meter	Keithley	3500	JC-2017-09-001	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Power Sensor	Agilent	11636B	JC-2017-10-002	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Attenuator	HP	DTS10-6GHz-6dB	SEMT-1033	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
Attenuator	HP	DTS10-6GHz-6dB	SEMT-1034	2018-05-22	2019-05-21



5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Water	Salt	Sugar	HEC	Preventol	DGBE
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Body						
2450	55.0	0.1	0	0	0	44.9

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5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

T4 E	Не	ead	Во	ody
Target Frequency	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(σ)	(E r)	(σ)	(E r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2



5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
T	Т	Conductivity Permittivity				T ::4			
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Reading	Target	Delta	Reading	Target	Delta	Limit (%)	Date
MITIZ.	(0)	(σ)	(σ)	(%)	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	(%)	(70)	
2450	21.3	1.91	1.95	-2.05	52.01	52.70	-1.31	±5	2018-09-27

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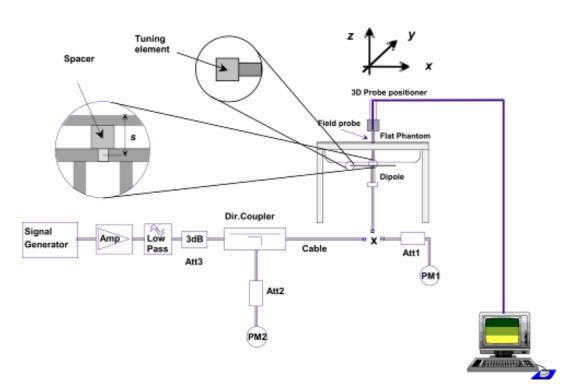
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram

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Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm(250 mW) before dipole is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	Date
Body					
2450	50.41	12.60	50.4	-0.02	2018-09-27

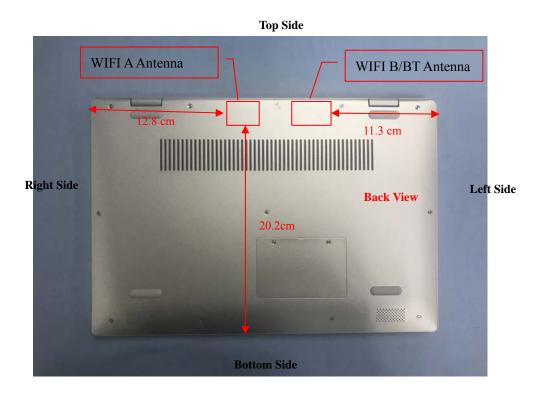
Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.



7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 EUT Antenna Position



Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position



7.2 EUT Testing Position

Exclusion Distance Calculation						
Frequency Bands Service Maximum Tune-up Power Average Power Exclusion Dista						
Antenna A- WLAN(2.4G)	802.11b	16.5dBm	16.5dBm	25mm		
Antenna B- WLAN(2.4G)	15.5dBm	20mm				
Note: Refer to Chapter 9.1 Conducted RF Output Power						

Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 447498 D01v06, the distance of the antennas to all adjacent edges SAR test exclusion for adjacent edges.

Body mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Body SAR tests, Test distance: 0mm							
Antennas Front Back Right Side Left Side Top Side Bottom Si						Bottom Side	
WLAN A	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	
WLAN B	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	

Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 and KDB 447498 D01 v06, this device is overall diagonal dimension(>20cm) tablet, tested in direct contact (no gap) with flat phantom.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.

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8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

	Antenna A- WLAN(2.4G) - Maximum Average Power								
Test Mode Data Rate		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)				
		CH 01	2412	16.01	16.5				
802.11b	802.11b 1Mbps	CH 06	2437	15.98	16.5				
		CH 11	2462	15.92	16.5				
		CH 01	2412	14.17	15.0				
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 06	2437	14.44	15.0				
		CH 11	2462	14.2	15.0				
902 11		CH 01	2412	14.15	14.5				
802.11n	MCS0	CH 06	2437	14.11	14.5				
(20MHz)		CH 11	2462	14.06	14.5				
902 11		CH 03	2422	14.72	15.0				
802.11n	MCS0	CH 06	2437	14.12	15.0				
(40MHz)		CH 09	2452	14.46	15.0				

	Antenna B- WLAN(2.4G) - Maximum Average Power							
Test Mode	Test Mode Data Rate		Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)			
		CH 01	2412	15.23	15.5			
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 06	2437	15.12	15.5			
		CH 11	2462	15.03	15.5			
	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	13.21	13.5			
802.11g		CH 06	2437	12.94	13.5			
		CH 11	2462	13.1	13.5			
902.11		CH 01	2412	12.99	13.5			
802.11n	MCS0	CH 06	2437	13.07	13.5			
(20MHz)		CH 11	2462	13.12	13.5			
902.11		CH 03	2422	13.41	14.0			
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS0	CH 06	2437	13.17	14.0			
(401/1112)		CH 09	2452	13.56	14.0			

Remark:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements ,when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is

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required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

3 .For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2W/kg.

Antenna A -WLAN(5.2G)- Maximum Average Power						
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power		
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)		
	CH 36	5180	7.26	8.0		
802.11a	CH 40	5200	7.46	8.0		
	CH 48	5240	7.03	8.0		
	CH 36	5180	6.7	7.0		
802.11n-20	CH 40	5200	6.72	7.0		
	CH 48	5240	6.69	7.0		
802.11n -40	CH 38	5190	5.92	6.5		
802.11II - 40	CH 46	5230	5.64	6.5		
	CH 36	5180	6.91	7.5		
802.11ac-20	CH 40	5200	6.75	7.5		
	CH 48	5240	6.77	7.5		
802.11ac -40	CH 38	5190	5.75	6.0		
002.11ac -40	CH 46	5230	5.32	6.0		
802.11ac-80	CH 42	5210	7.02	7.5		



	Antenna A -WLAN(5.8G) - Maximum Average Power							
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power				
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)				
	CH 149	5745	6.71	7.5				
802.11a	CH 157	5785	6.82	7.5				
	CH 165	5825	7.02	7.5				
	CH 149	5745	6.96	7.5				
802.11n-20	CH 157	5785	6.9	7.5				
	CH 165	5825	6.86	7.5				
802.11n -40	CH 151	5755	5.5	6.0				
802.1111-40	CH 159	5795	5.7	6.0				
	CH 149	5745	6.74	7.0				
802.11ac-20	CH 157	5785	6.82	7.0				
	CH 165	5825	6.84	7.0				
802.11ac -40	CH 151	5755	5.71	6.0				
802.11ac -40	CH 159	5795	5.36	6.0				
802.11ac-80	CH 155	5775	6.98	7.5				

	Antenna B -WLAN(5.2G)- Maximum Average Power							
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency Channel		Tune-up power				
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)				
	CH 36	5180	7.04	7.5				
802.11a	CH 40	5200	7.22	7.5				
	CH 48	5240	6.93	7.5				
	CH 36	5180	6.54	7.0				
802.11n-20	CH 40	5200	6.39	7.0				
	CH 48	5240	6.47	7.0				
902 11 40	CH 38	5190	5.28	6.0				
802.11n -40	CH 46	5230	5.41	6.0				
	CH 36	5180	6.45	7.0				
802.11ac-20	CH 40	5200	6.63	7.0				
	CH 48	5240	6.55	7.0				
902 1100 40	CH 38	5190	5.44	6.0				
802.11ac -40	CH 46	5230	5.1	6.0				
802.11ac-80	CH 42	5210	6.74	7.0				



	Antenna B -WLAN(5.8G) - Maximum Average Power							
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power				
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)				
	CH 149	5745	6.41	7.5				
802.11a	CH 157	5785	6.65	7.5				
	CH 165	5825	7.07	7.5				
	CH 149	5745	6.52	7.0				
802.11n-20	CH 157	5785	6.65	7.0				
	CH 165	5825	6.73	7.0				
802.11n -40	CH 151	5755	5.14	5.5				
802.1111 -40	CH 159	5795	5.33	5.5				
	CH 149	5745	6.48	7.0				
802.11ac-20	СН 157	5785	6.72	7.0				
	CH 165	5825	6.66	7.0				
802.11ac -40	CH 151	5755	5.26	5.5				
002.11ac -40	CH 159	5795	5.32	5.5				
802.11ac-80	CH 155	5775	6.29	6.5				

Remark:

WLAN(5.2G) , WLAN(5.8G) maximum output power is 7.46dBm and 7.07dBm respectively,, and Maximum Tune-Up output power is 8.0dBm and 7.5dBm . Per KDB 447498 D01 V06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

WLAN(5.2G):

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
8.0	6.31	5	5.2	2.88	3

The exclusion thresholds is 2.88< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

WLAN(5.8G):

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
7.5	5.62	5	5.825	2.71	3

The exclusion thresholds is 2.71 < 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

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Bluetooth - Maximum EIRP(EDR)							
Test Mode Data Rate		Average Power(dBm)	Tune-up power(dBm)				
GFSK	1Mbps	7.18	7.5				
4*π4DQPSK	2Mbps	5.35	7.5				
8DPSK	3Mbps	4.58	7.5				

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power								
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up			
			(MHz)	(dBm)	power(dBm)			
		CH 00	2402	2.48	3.0			
BLE	1Mbps	CH 19	2440	2.44	3.0			
		CH 39	2480	0.67	3.0			

Remark:

1.Bluetooth maximum output power is 7.18dBm, and Maximum Tune-Up output power is 7.5dBm. Per KDB 447498 D01 V06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
7.5	5.62	5	2.441	1.76	3

The exclusion thresholds is 1.76< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

- 2.WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. WLAN(2.4G) and WLAN(5G) cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4.WLAN A and WLAN B cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 5. The DUT do not support MIMO function.



9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Body SAR

	Antenna A -WLAN 2.4GHz– Body SAR Test									
Plot	Test		Test Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	CAD1=	Scaled	
No.	Mode	Position	СН	CH. MHz	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR1g	
110.		Body	CII.		(dBm)	(dBm)		(vv/kg)	(W/kg)	
1.	802.11b	Back side	01	2412	16.01	16.5	1.119	0.067	0.075	
2.	802.11b	Top side	01	2412	16.01	16.5	1.119	0.952	1.066	
3.	802.11b	Top side	06	2437	15.98	16.5	1.127	0.951	1.072	
4.	802.11b	Top side	11	2462	15.92	16.5	1.143	1.007	1.151	

	Antenna B -WLAN 2.4GHz- Body SAR Test								
Plot		Test	Frequ	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Position	CH.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body	CII.	1. NITIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
5.	802.11b	Back side	01	2412	15.23	15.5	1.064	0.036	0.038
6.	802.11b	Top side	01	2412	15.23	15.5	1.064	0.975	1.038
7.	802.11b	Top side	06	2437	15.12	15.5	1.091	0.922	1.006
8.	802.11b	Top side	11	2462	15.03	15.5	1.114	0.672	0.749

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

Repeated SAR

	Antenna A -WLAN 2.4GHz– Body SAR Test								
Plot		Test	Frequ	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Position	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
9.	802.11b	Top side	11	2462	15.92	16.5	1.143	0.998	1.141

	Antenna B -WLAN 2.4GHz- Body SAR Test								
Plot		Test	Frequ	uency	Output	Rated	Casling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Position	СН.	MII-	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
INO.		Body	CH.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(vv/kg)	(W/kg)
10.	802.11b	Top side	01	2412	15.23	15.5	1.064	0.969	1.031

Remark:

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original

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and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is

 \geqslant 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	×
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	œ
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	8
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	œ
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	12.02	R	√3	1	1	6.94	6.94	8
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	œ
Phantom and Tissue Parameters		1	1		1	1	1	1	1
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and	E3.2	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.10	0.90	œ
conductivity									



Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	œ
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	∞
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	∞
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	∞
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				25.32	24.43	
(95% Confidence interval)									

10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	œ
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∝
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	œ
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	×
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Tolerance Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ

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			1		1	ı	ı	ı	1
integration Algoritms for Max.									
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	√3	1	1	6.94	6.94	×
measurement									
Deviation of experimental dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R	√3	1	1	3.20	3.20	×
from numerical dipole									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	×
thickness tolerances)									
Uncertainty in SAR correction for	E3.2	2.0	R	√3	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	×
deviations in permittivity and									
conductivity									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	0.37	R	√3	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				23.39	22.43	
(95% Confidence interval)									



Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 2018/09/27

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

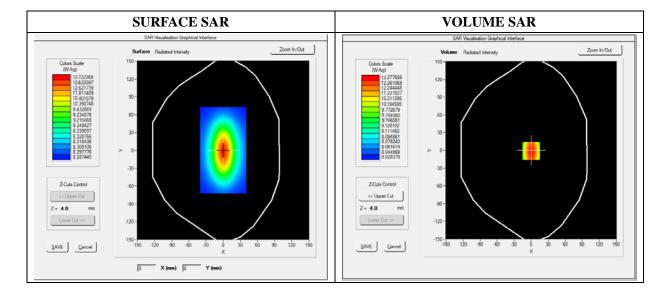
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 2018/06/01

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm			
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Dipole			
Band	CW2450			
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	1.369745
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



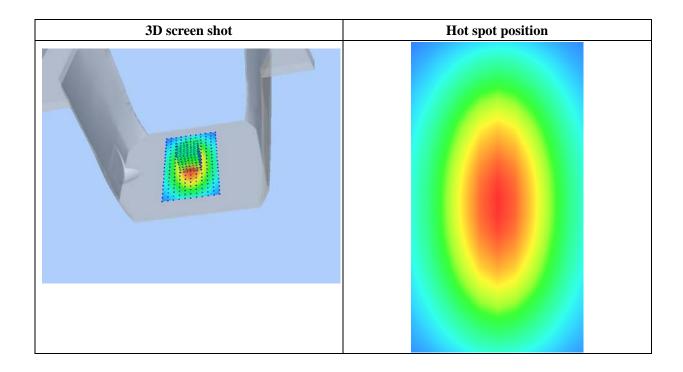


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.351512
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.600533

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	12.1631	10.01221	9.2566	8.5623	6.3469	4.5626
(W/Kg)							
	11.27	1					
	10.25						
	7.60) -					
	18 (W/kg		$ \setminus $				
	≥ 6.17 ⊊	7-					
	ഗ് 4.50)-		$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$	+++		
					\perp \mid \mid		
	3.05 2.03	3-1 1 1					
		0.0 2.5 5.0 7			25.0 27.5 30.0 32	2.5 35.0	
				Z (mm)			







Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

TYPE	BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>				
Tablet	Antenna A_WiFi_802.11b	Measurement 4: Flat Plane with Top side device position on High Channel in 802.11b mode				
Tablet	Antenna B_WiFi_802.11b	Measurement 6: Flat Plane with Top side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode				

Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

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MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2018/09/27

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

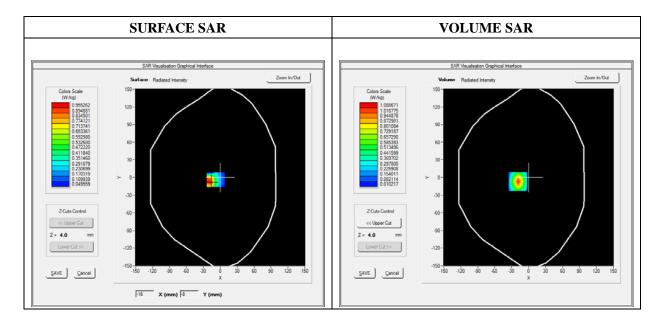
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 2018/06/01

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm	
Phantom	Flat Plane	
Device Position	Тор	
Band	Antenna A -WiFi_802.11b	
Channels	High	
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1	

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255		
Power Variation (%)	0.937231		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.2		

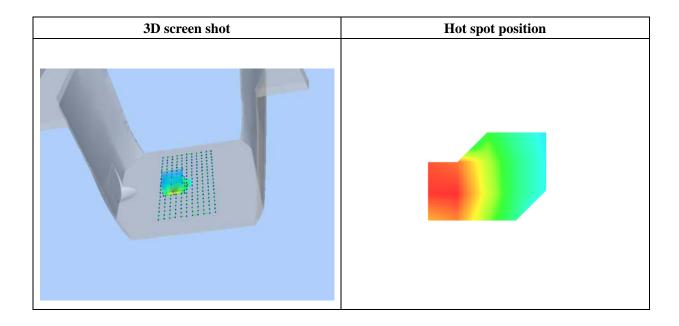




Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-7.00 SAR Peak: 2.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.390125		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.007424		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.3781	2.3781 1.0887	0.3384	0.0930	0.0349
	2.4- 2.0- (b) 1.5- WH 1.0- 0.5- 0.0-		14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	





MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2018/09/27

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

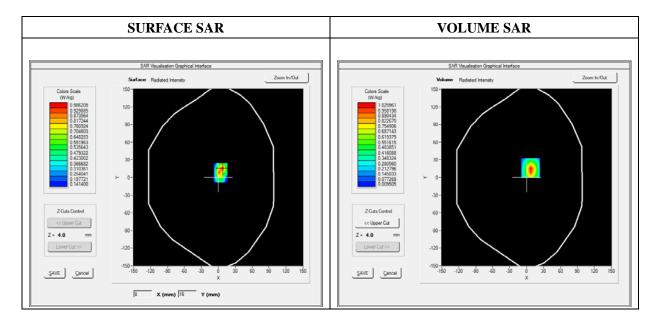
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 2018/06/01

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm	
Phantom	Flat Plane	
Device Position	Тор	
Band	Antenna B-WiFi_802.11b	
Channels	Low	
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1	

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255		
Power Variation (%)	0.648833		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.2		

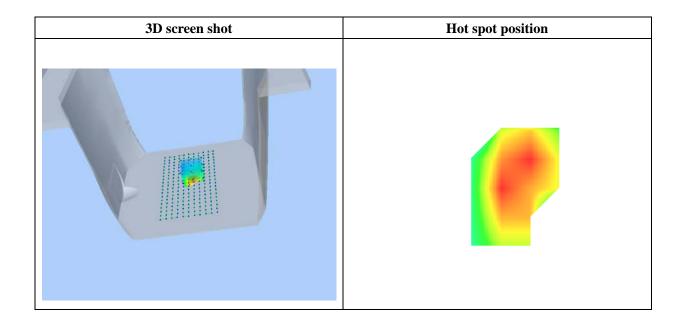




Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=16.00 SAR Peak: 2.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.397577
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.974943

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.1049	1.0260	0.3613	0.1172	0.0460
	2.10- 1.75- 1.50- 1.25- 1.00- WW 1.25- 0.75- 0.50- 0.25- 0.02- 0 2	4 6 8 10 12	14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	



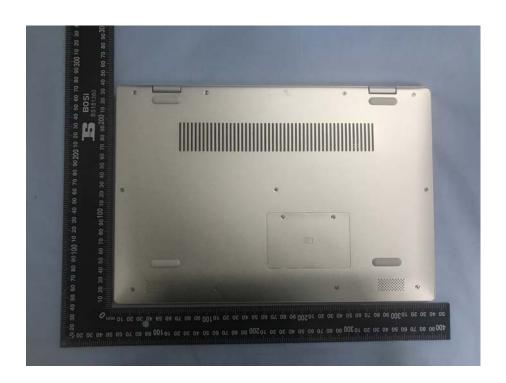


Annex C. EUT Photos

EUT View_1



EUT View_2





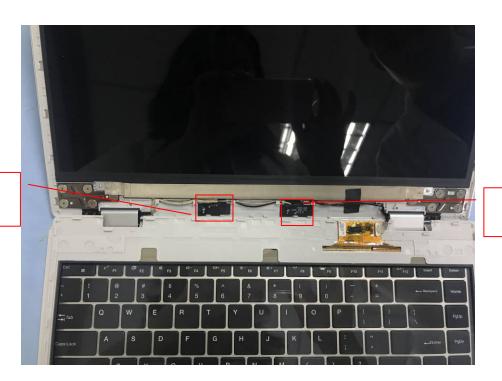
EUT View_3



Antenna View

Antenna B

BT/WIFI



Antenna A WIFI

Report No.: STR18098198H



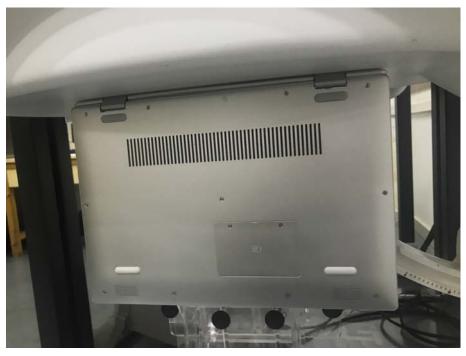
Annex D. Test Setup Photos

Test View 1





Body Top





Annex E. Calibration Certificate

Please refer to the exhibit for the calibration certificate

***** END OF REPORT *****