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Test Report

Report No. : CQASZ20180800010E-02

Applicant: GANZHOU DEHUIDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address of Applicant: Dehuida Science and Technology Park, Huoyanshan Road, Anyuan District, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, China

Manufacturer: GANZHOU DEHUIDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address of Manufacturer: Dehuida Science and Technology Park, Huoyanshan Road, Anyuan District, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, China

Factory: GANZHOU DEHUIDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

Address of Factory: No. 5 , 6, 7, 8, 9 Build, Dehuida Science and Technology Park, Huoyanshan Road, Anyuan District, Ganzhou City, Jianxi Province, China

Equipment Under Test (EUT):

Product: WiFi Speaker

Test Model No.: 79207PI

Brand Name: i-box

FCC ID: 2AO5X-79207PI

Standards: 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C

Date of Test: 2018-08-03 to 2018-08-23

Date of Issue: 2018-08-23

Test Result : PASS*

Tested By:

Tiny You

(Tiny You)

Reviewed By:

Aaron Ma

(Aaron Ma)

Approved By:

Jack Ai

(Jack Ai)



* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp, The result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of CQA, this report can't be reproduced except in full.

2 Version

Revision History Of Report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
CQASZ20180800010E-02	Rev.01	Initial report	2018-08-23

3 Test Summary

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (c)	ANSI C63.10 2013	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10 2013	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(3)	KDB558074 D01 v04	PASS
6dB Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(2)	KDB558074 D01 v04	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (e)	KDB558074 D01 v04	PASS
Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	KDB558074 D01 v04	PASS
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	KDB558074 D01 v04	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 2013	PASS
Restricted bands around fundamental frequency (Radiated Emission)	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 2013	PASS

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5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	GANZHOU DEHUIDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address of Applicant:	Dehuida Science and Technology Park, Huoyanshan Road, Anyuan District, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, China
Manufacturer:	GANZHOU DEHUIDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address of Manufacturer:	Dehuida Science and Technology Park, Huoyanshan Road, Anyuan District, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, China
Factory:	GANZHOU DEHUIDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of Factory:	No. 5 , 6, 7, 8, 9 Build, Dehuida Science and Technology Park, Huoyanshan Road, Anyuan District, Ganzhou City, Jianxi Province, China

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	WiFi Speaker
Model No.:	79207PI
Trade Mark:	i-box
Hardware version:	V1.2
Software version:	V1.1
Operation Frequency:	IEEE 802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412MHz to 2462MHz IEEE 802.11n(HT40): 2422MHz to 2452MHz
Channel Numbers:	IEEE 802.11b/g, IEEE 802.11n HT20: 11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT40: 7 Channels
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Type of Modulation:	IEEE for 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE for 802.11g : OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE for 802.11n(HT20 and HT40) : OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK)
Transfer Rate:	IEEE for 802.11b: 1Mbps/2Mbps/5.5Mbps/11Mbps IEEE for 802.11g : 6Mbps/9Mbps/12Mbps/18Mbps/24Mbps/36Mbps/48Mbps/54Mbps IEEE for 802.11n(HT20) : 6.5Mbps/13Mbps/19.5Mbps/26Mbps/39Mbps/52Mbps/58.5Mbps/65Mbps IEEE for 802.11n(HT40) : 13.5Mbps/27Mbps/40.5Mbps/54Mbps/81Mbps/108Mbps/121.5Mbps/135Mbps
Product Type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input type="checkbox"/> Portable <input type="checkbox"/> Fix Location
Test Software of EUT:	MT7628 QA 0.0.0.96(manufacturer declare)
Antenna Type:	Integral antenna
Antenna Gain:	2dBi
Power Supply:	Adaptor: Model: NBS24J120200D5 Input: AC100-240V 50/60Hz 0.6A Output:DC12.0V 2.0A

Operation Frequency each of channel(802.11b/g/n HT20)							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
1	2412MHz	4	2427MHz	7	2442MHz	10	2457MHz
2	2417MHz	5	2432MHz	8	2447MHz	11	2462MHz
3	2422MHz	6	2437MHz	9	2452MHz		
Operation Frequency each of channel(802.11n HT40)							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency		
1	2422MHz	4	2437MHz	7	2452MHz		
2	2427MHz	5	2442MHz				
3	2432MHz	6	2447MHz				

Note:

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

For 802.11b/g/n (HT20):

Channel	Frequency
The Lowest channel	2412MHz
The Middle channel	2437MHz
The Highest channel	2462MHz

For 802.11n (HT40):

Channel	Frequency
The Lowest channel	2422MHz
The Middle channel	2437MHz
The Highest channel	2452MHz

Note:

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5.3 Test Environment and Mode

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	24.0 °C
Humidity:	52 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1008 mbar
Test mode:	
Transmitting mode:	Keep the EUT in transmitting mode with all kind of modulation and all kind of data rate.
Operated Mode for Worst Duty Cycle:	
Note: Continuous transmission (or at least 98% duty cycle) cannot be achieved because of hardware limitations, the EUT was operated at its maximum power control level	
The output power setting of EUT is set in the factory and followed the maximum power control level in below. (average conduct power range)	
802.11b	13dBm±1.0dB
802.11g	12dBm±1.0dB
802.11n(HT20)	12dBm±1.0dB
802.11n(HT40)	12dBm±1.0dB

5.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Remark	FCC certification
Adaptor	MASS POWER	NBS24J120200D5	Provide by client	Verification
PC	Lenovo	ThinkPad E450c	SL10G10780	FCC ID

5.5 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd.,

1F., Block A of Tongsheng Technology Building, Huahui Road, Dalang Street, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

5.6 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• **CNAS (No. CNAS L5785)**

CNAS has accredited Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

• **ISED Registration No.: 22984-1**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

• **A2LA (Certificate No. 4742.01)**

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 4742.01.

• **FCC Registration No.: 522263**

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.:522263

5.7 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate.

The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities.

The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 „Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the **Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd.** quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for CQA laboratory is reported:

Test	Range	Uncertainty	Notes
Radiated Emission	Below 1GHz	$\pm 5.12\text{dB}$	(1)
Radiated Emission	Above 1GHz	$\pm 4.60\text{dB}$	(1)
Conducted Disturbance	0.15~30MHz	$\pm 3.34\text{dB}$	(1)

(1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

5.8 Deviation from Standards

None.

5.9 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

5.10 Other Information Requested by the Customer

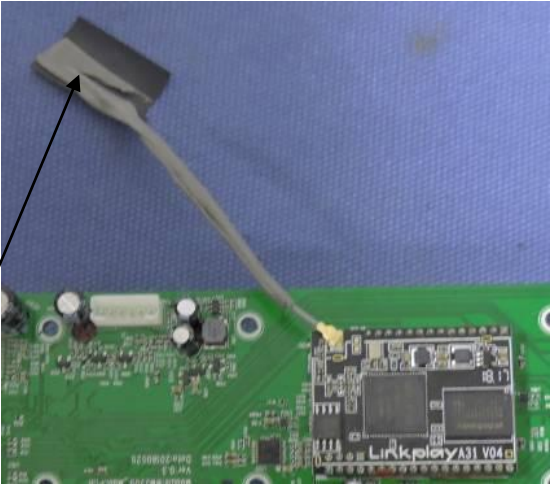
None.

5.11 Equipment List

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Instrument No.	Calibration Due Date
1	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	CQA-005	2018/9/24
2	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU26	CQA-038	2018/9/24
3	Preamplifier	MITEQ	AFS4-00010300-18-10P-4	CQA-035	2018/9/24
4	Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6D-02001800-29-20P	CQA-036	2018/9/24
5	Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1516	CQA-087	2019/3/21
6	Bilog Antenna	R&S	HL562	CQA-011	2018/9/24
7	Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	CQA-012	2018/9/24
8	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	CQA-088	2018/9/24
9	Coax cable (9KHz~40GHz)	CQA	RE-low-01	CQA-077	2018/9/24
10	Coax cable (9KHz~40GHz)	CQA	RE-high-02	CQA-078	2018/9/24
11	RF cable(9KHz~40GHz)	CQA	RF-01	CQA-079	2018/9/24
12	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	CQA-089	2018/9/24
13	Wideband Peak Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	CQA-090	2018/9/24
14	Power divider	CQA	PWD-2533-02-SMA-79	CQA-067	2018/9/29
15	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI3	CQA-005	2018/9/24
16	LISN	R&S	ENV216	CQA-003	2018/9/24
17	Coaxial cable (9KHz~300MHz)	CQA	N/A	CQA-C009	2018/10/17

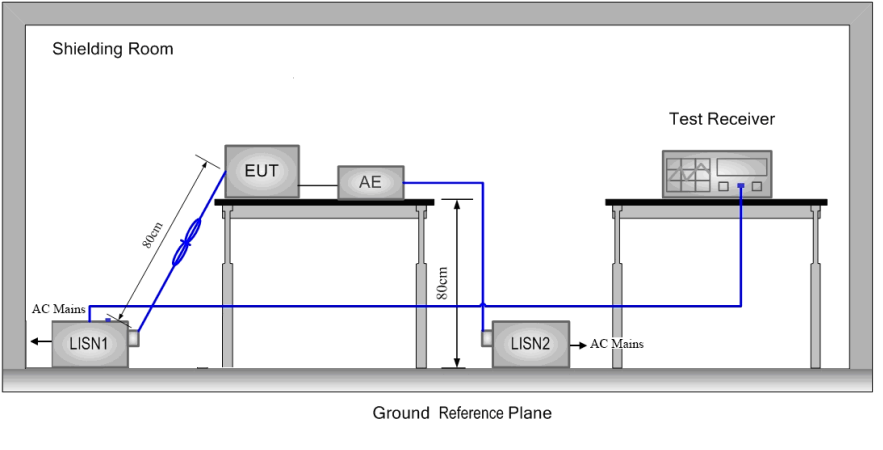
6 Test results and Measurement Data

6.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.203 /247(c)
<p>15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.</p> <p>15.247(b) (4) requirement: The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>	
EUT Antenna:	
<p>The antenna is Integral antenna. The best case gain of the antenna is 2.0dBi.</p>	

6.2 Conducted Emissions

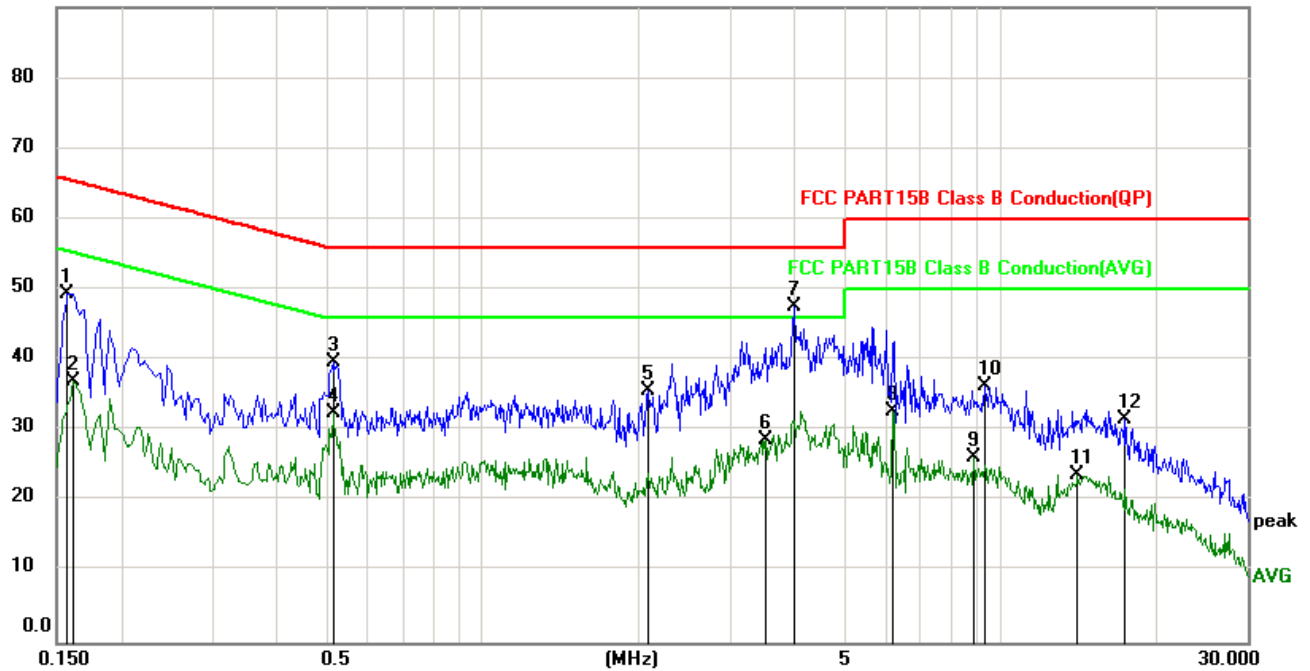
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.207		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013		
Test Frequency Range:	150kHz to 30MHz		
Limit:	Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.			
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room. 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50μH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded. 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0.8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0.8 m from the LISN 2. 5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10: 2013 on conducted measurement. 		

<p>Test Setup:</p>	
<p>Exploratory Test Mode:</p>	<p>Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates at lowest, middle and highest channel.</p>
<p>Final Test Mode:</p>	<p>Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate of 802.11b at highest channel is the worst case. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.</p>
<p>Test Voltage:</p>	<p>AC120V/60Hz</p>
<p>Test Results:</p>	<p>Pass</p>

Measurement Data

Live Line:

90.0 dBuV



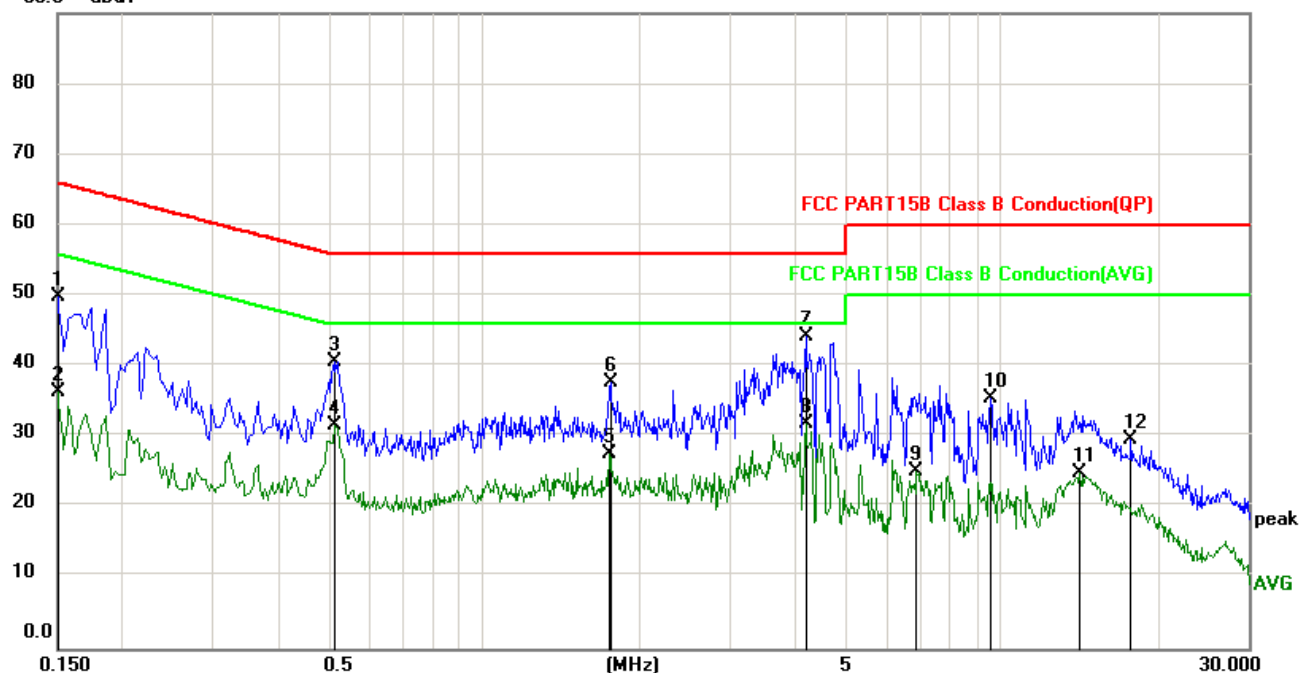
No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1580	39.60	9.73	49.33	65.57	-16.24	peak	
2		0.1620	27.29	9.73	37.02	55.36	-18.34	AVG	
3		0.5140	30.08	9.74	39.82	56.00	-16.18	peak	
4		0.5140	22.80	9.74	32.54	46.00	-13.46	AVG	
5		2.0860	25.83	9.76	35.59	56.00	-20.41	peak	
6		3.5140	18.86	9.77	28.63	46.00	-17.37	AVG	
7	*	4.0060	37.82	9.78	47.60	56.00	-8.40	peak	
8		6.2019	23.04	9.79	32.83	50.00	-17.17	AVG	
9		8.8900	16.40	9.81	26.21	50.00	-23.79	AVG	
10		9.3419	26.52	9.81	36.33	60.00	-23.67	peak	
11		14.1019	13.97	9.83	23.80	50.00	-26.20	AVG	
12		17.4419	21.74	9.86	31.60	60.00	-28.40	peak	

Remark:

1. The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT:
2. Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.
3. If the Peak value under Average limit, the Average value is not recorded in the report.

Neutral Line:

90.0 dBuV

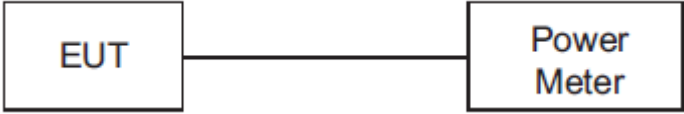


No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1500	40.05	9.73	49.78	66.00	-16.22	peak	
2		0.1500	26.63	9.73	36.36	56.00	-19.64	AVG	
3		0.5140	30.89	9.74	40.63	56.00	-15.37	peak	
4		0.5140	21.88	9.74	31.62	46.00	-14.38	AVG	
5		1.7500	17.83	9.76	27.59	46.00	-18.41	AVG	
6		1.7540	27.92	9.76	37.68	56.00	-18.32	peak	
7	*	4.1939	34.49	9.78	44.27	56.00	-11.73	peak	
8		4.1939	22.04	9.78	31.82	46.00	-14.18	AVG	
9		6.8419	15.40	9.80	25.20	50.00	-24.80	AVG	
10		9.5100	25.52	9.81	35.33	60.00	-24.67	peak	
11		14.1500	15.04	9.83	24.87	50.00	-25.13	AVG	
12		17.8339	19.66	9.86	29.52	60.00	-30.48	peak	

Remark:

1. The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT:
2. Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.
3. If the Peak value under Average limit, the Average value is not recorded in the report.

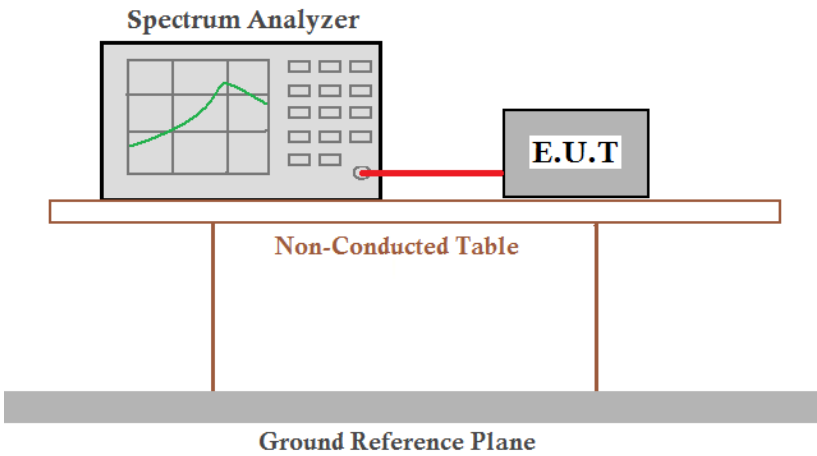
6.3 Conducted Peak Output Power

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (b)(3)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01 v04
Test Setup:	 <pre> graph LR EUT[EUT] --- PM[Power Meter] </pre>
Exploratory Test Mode:	Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40) Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Limit:	30dBm
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

802.11b mode				
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	17.17	12.91	30.00	Pass
Middle	17.68	13.41	30.00	Pass
Highest	17.72	13.07	30.00	Pass
802.11g mode				
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	16.81	12.1	30.00	Pass
Middle	17.24	12.64	30.00	Pass
Highest	16.8	12.53	30.00	Pass
802.11n(HT20)mode				
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	16.38	12.01	30.00	Pass
Middle	17.08	12.54	30.00	Pass
Highest	17.08	12.42	30.00	Pass
802.11n(HT40)mode				
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	16.04	11.49	30.00	Pass
Middle	16.54	12.07	30.00	Pass
Highest	16.51	11.94	30.00	Pass

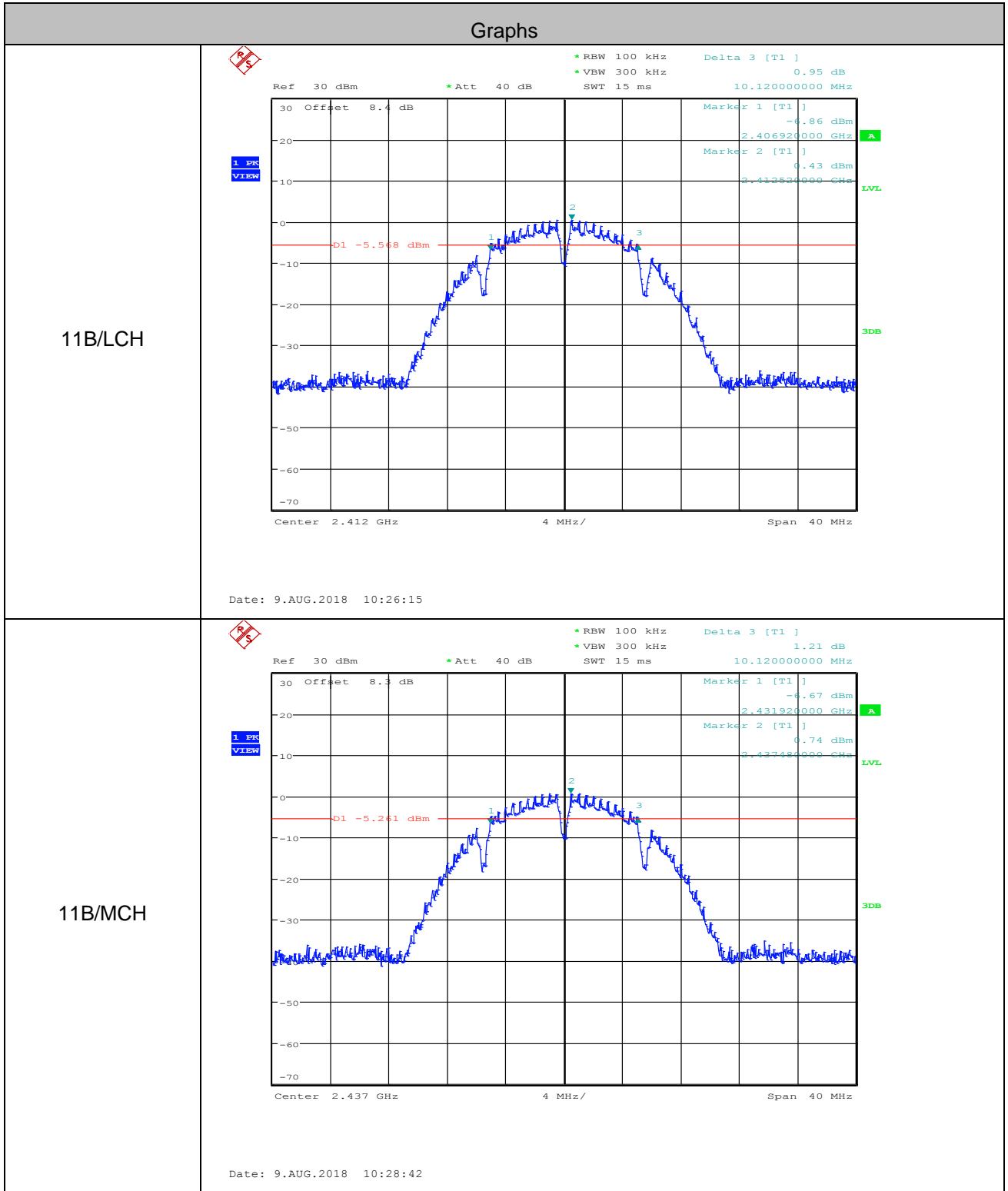
6.4 6dB Occupy Bandwidth

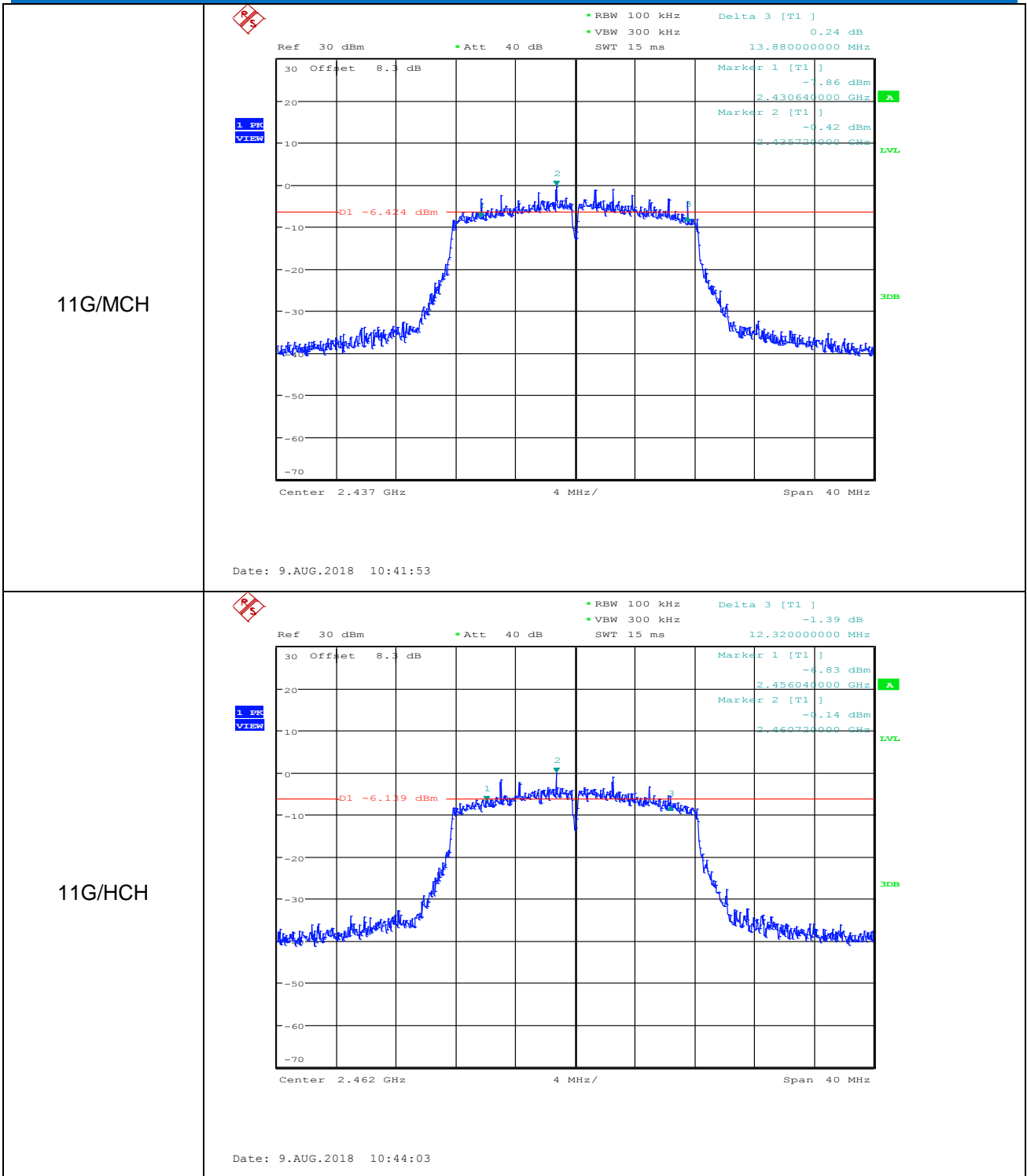
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(2)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01 v04
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor</p>
Exploratory Test Mode:	Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40) Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Limit:	≥ 500 kHz
Test Results:	Pass

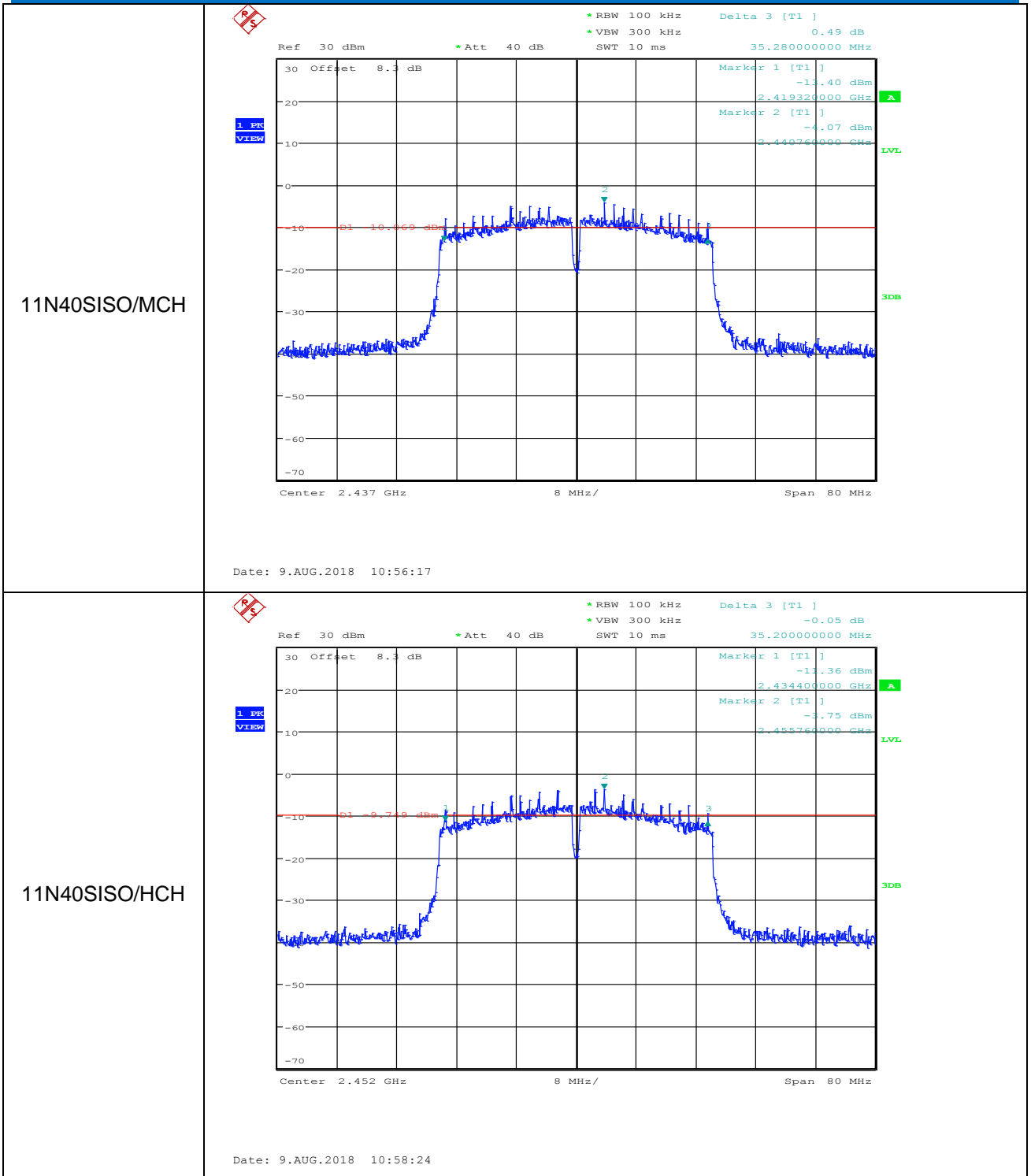
Measurement Data

802.11b mode			
Test channel	6dB Occupy Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	10.120	≥500	Pass
Middle	10.120	≥500	Pass
Highest	9.680	≥500	Pass
802.11g mode			
Test channel	6dB Occupy Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	14.080	≥500	Pass
Middle	13.880	≥500	Pass
Highest	12.320	≥500	Pass
802.11n(HT20) mode			
Test channel	6dB Occupy Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	13.840	≥500	Pass
Middle	15.160	≥500	Pass
Highest	15.080	≥500	Pass
802.11n(HT40)mode			
Test channel	6dB Occupy Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	35.280	≥500	Pass
Middle	35.280	≥500	Pass
Highest	35.200	≥500	Pass

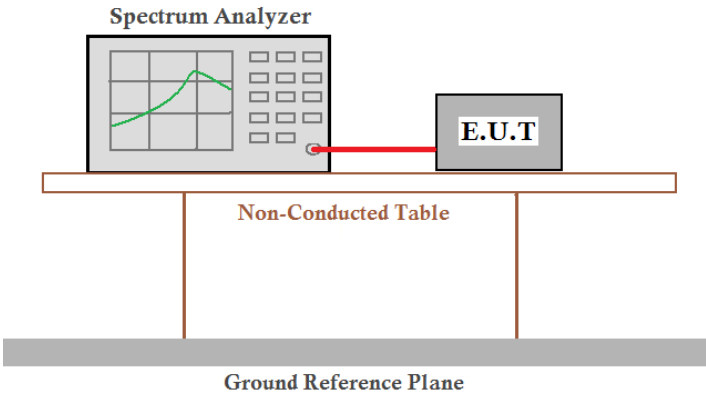
Test plot as follows:





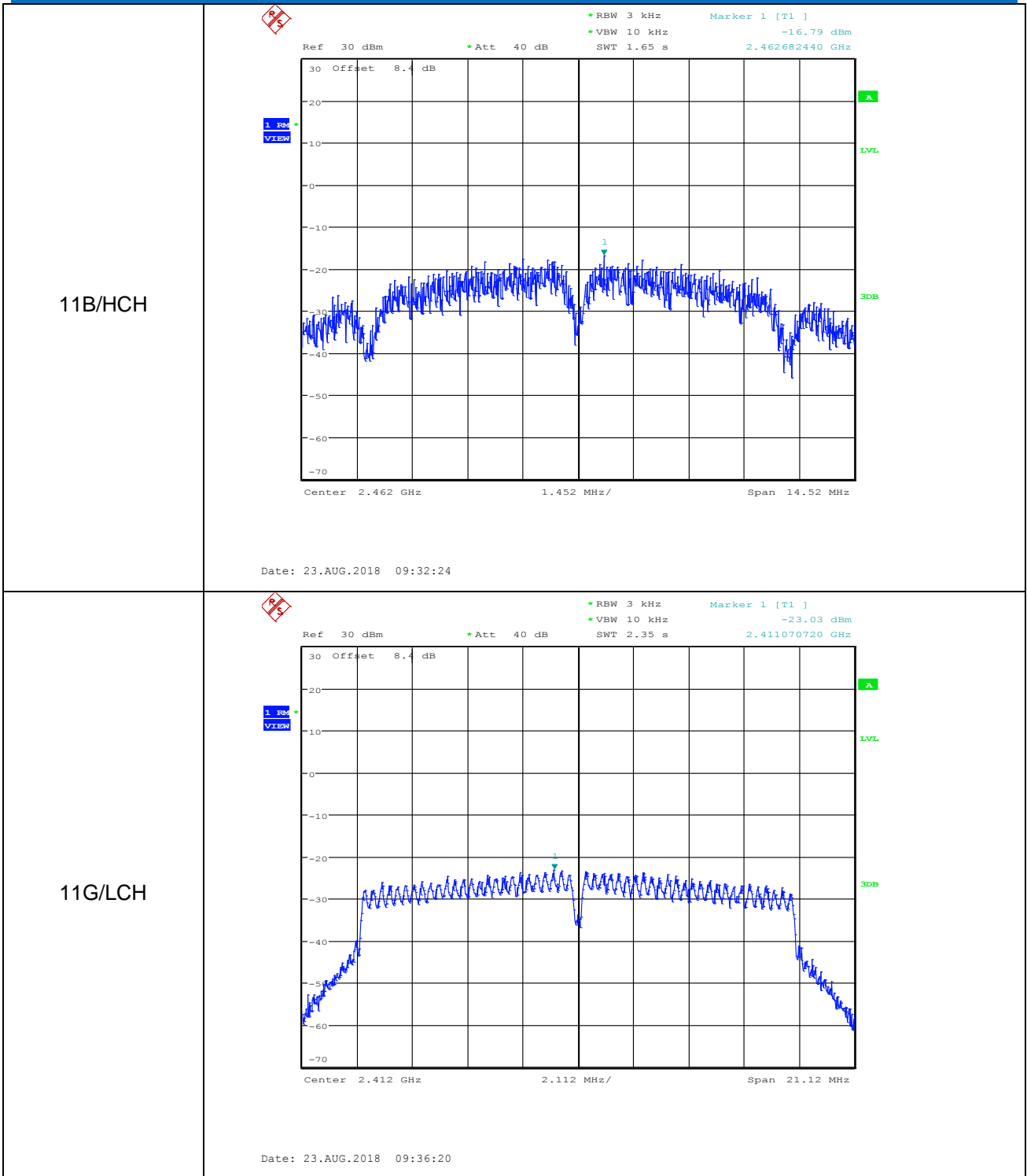


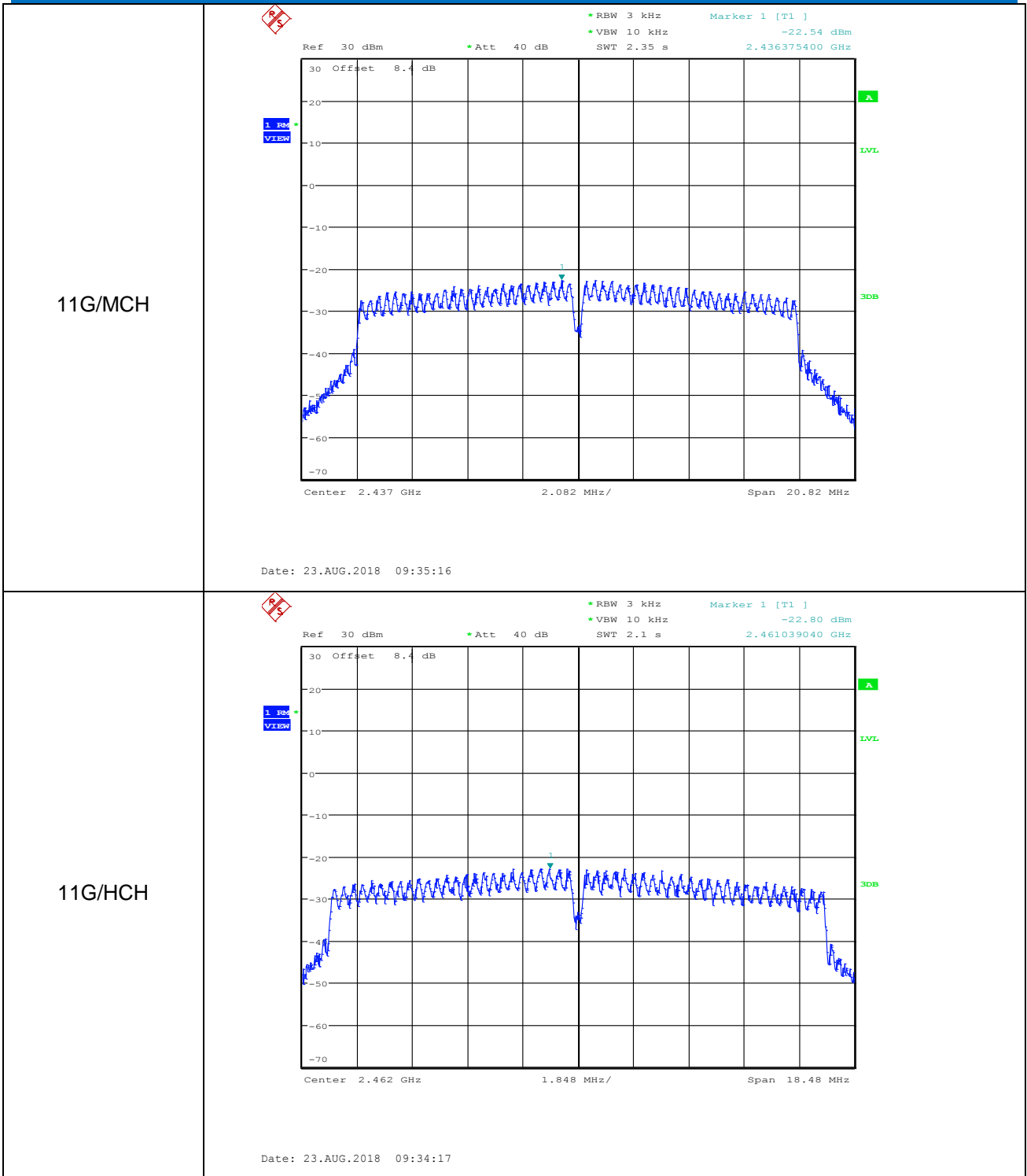
6.5 Power Spectral Density

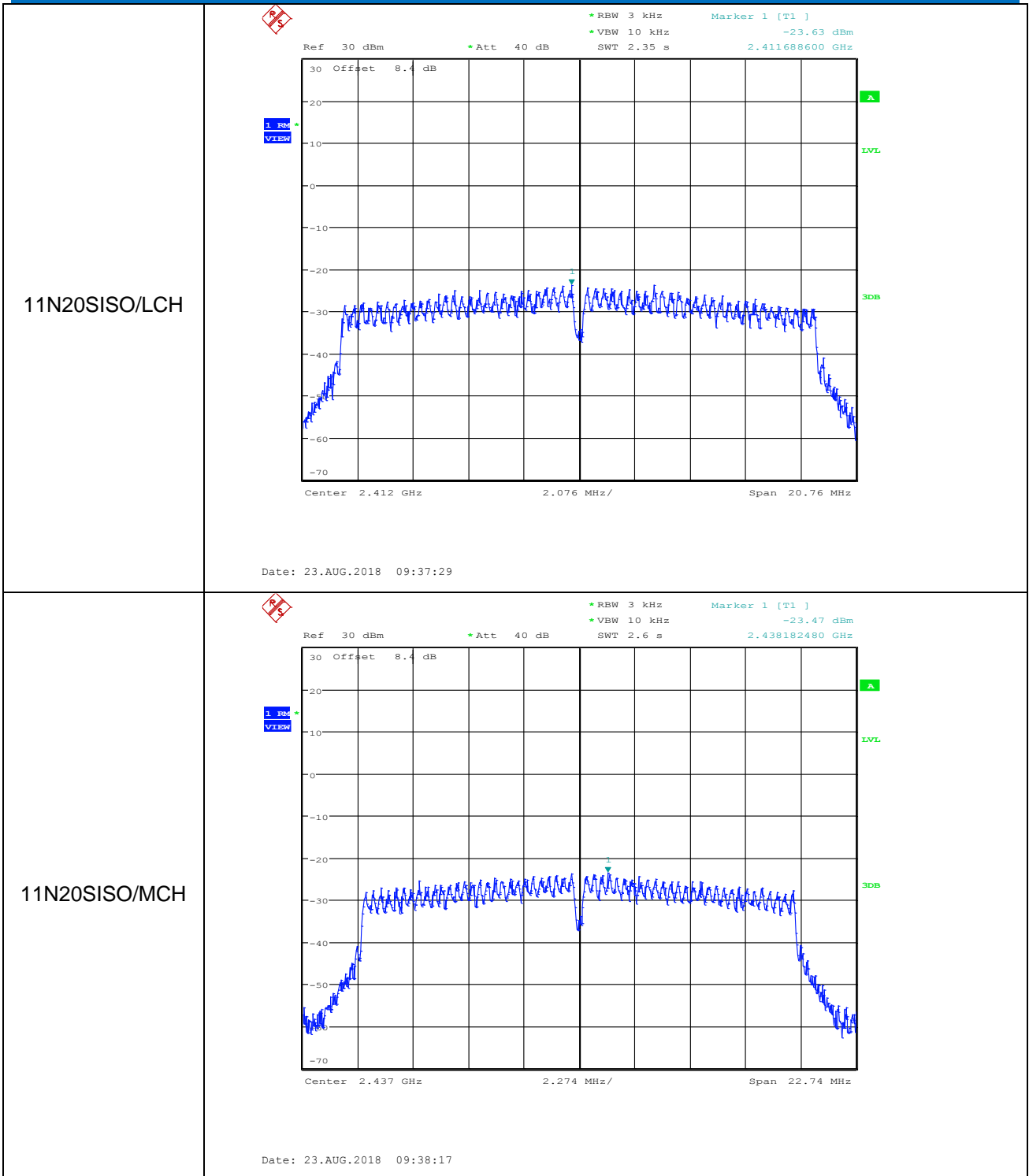
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (e)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01 v04
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. 3) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$. 4) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$. 5) Detector = peak. 6) Sweep time = auto couple. 7) Trace mode = max hold. 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize. 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor</p>
Exploratory Test Mode:	Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates
Final Test Mode:	<p>Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40)</p> <p>Only the worst case is recorded in the report.</p>
Limit:	$\leq 8.00 \text{ dBm}/3 \text{ kHz}$
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

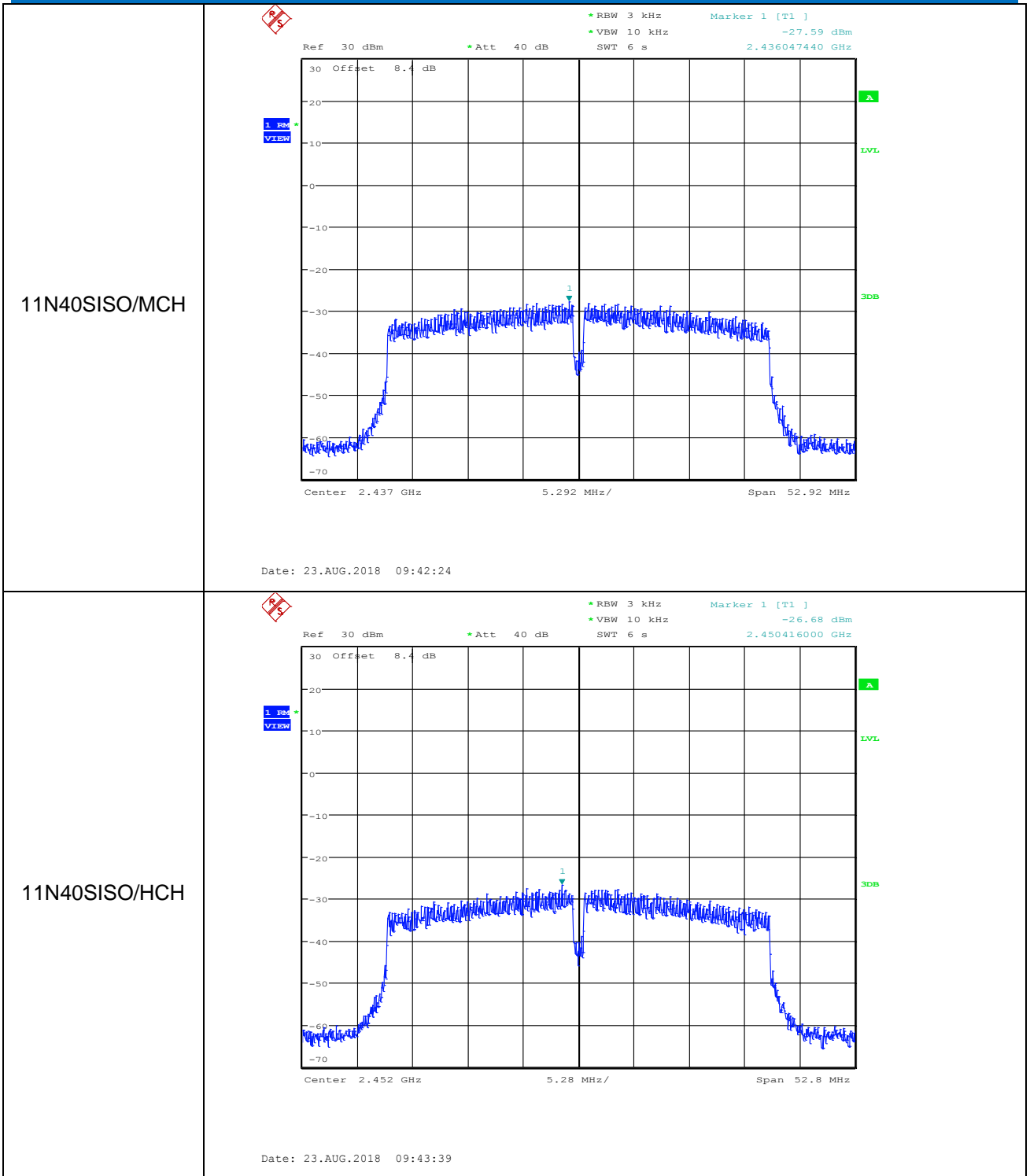
802.11b mode			
Test channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
Lowest	-17.78	≤8.00	Pass
Middle	-17.23	≤8.00	Pass
Highest	-16.79	≤8.00	Pass
802.11g mode			
Test channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
Lowest	-23.03	≤8.00	Pass
Middle	-22.54	≤8.00	Pass
Highest	-22.8	≤8.00	Pass
802.11n(HT20) mode			
Test channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
Lowest	-23.63	≤8.00	Pass
Middle	-23.47	≤8.00	Pass
Highest	-23.39	≤8.00	Pass
802.11n(HT40) mode			
Test channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
Lowest	-27.81	≤8.00	Pass
Middle	-27.59	≤8.00	Pass
Highest	-26.68	≤8.00	Pass



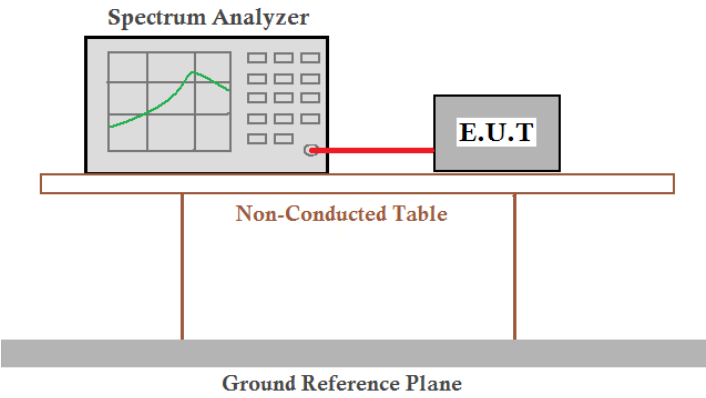




<p>11N20SISO/HCH</p>	<p>Ref 30 dBm *Att 40 dB *RBW 3 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -23.39 dBm *VBW 10 kHz SWT 2.6 s 2.464126280 GHz</p> <p>30 Offset 8.4 dB</p> <p>1 RBW VIEW</p> <p>Center 2.462 GHz 2.262 MHz/ Span 22.62 MHz</p> <p>Date: 23.AUG.2018 09:39:09</p>
<p>11N40SISO/LCH</p>	<p>Ref 30 dBm *Att 40 dB *RBW 3 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -27.81 dBm *VBW 10 kHz SWT 6 s 2.422635040 GHz</p> <p>30 Offset 8.4 dB</p> <p>1 RBW VIEW</p> <p>Center 2.422 GHz 5.292 MHz/ Span 52.92 MHz</p> <p>Date: 23.AUG.2018 09:40:40</p>



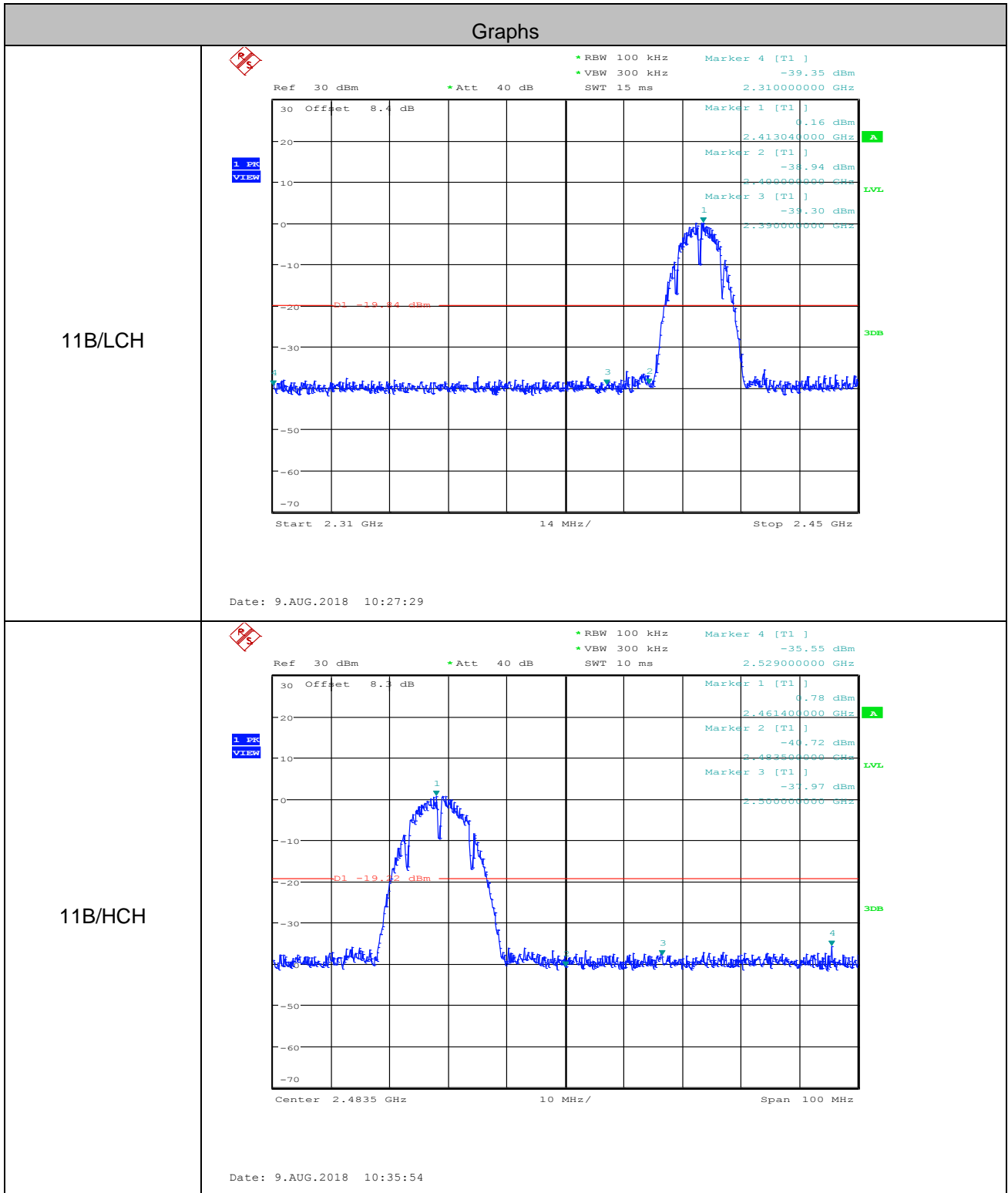
6.6 Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions

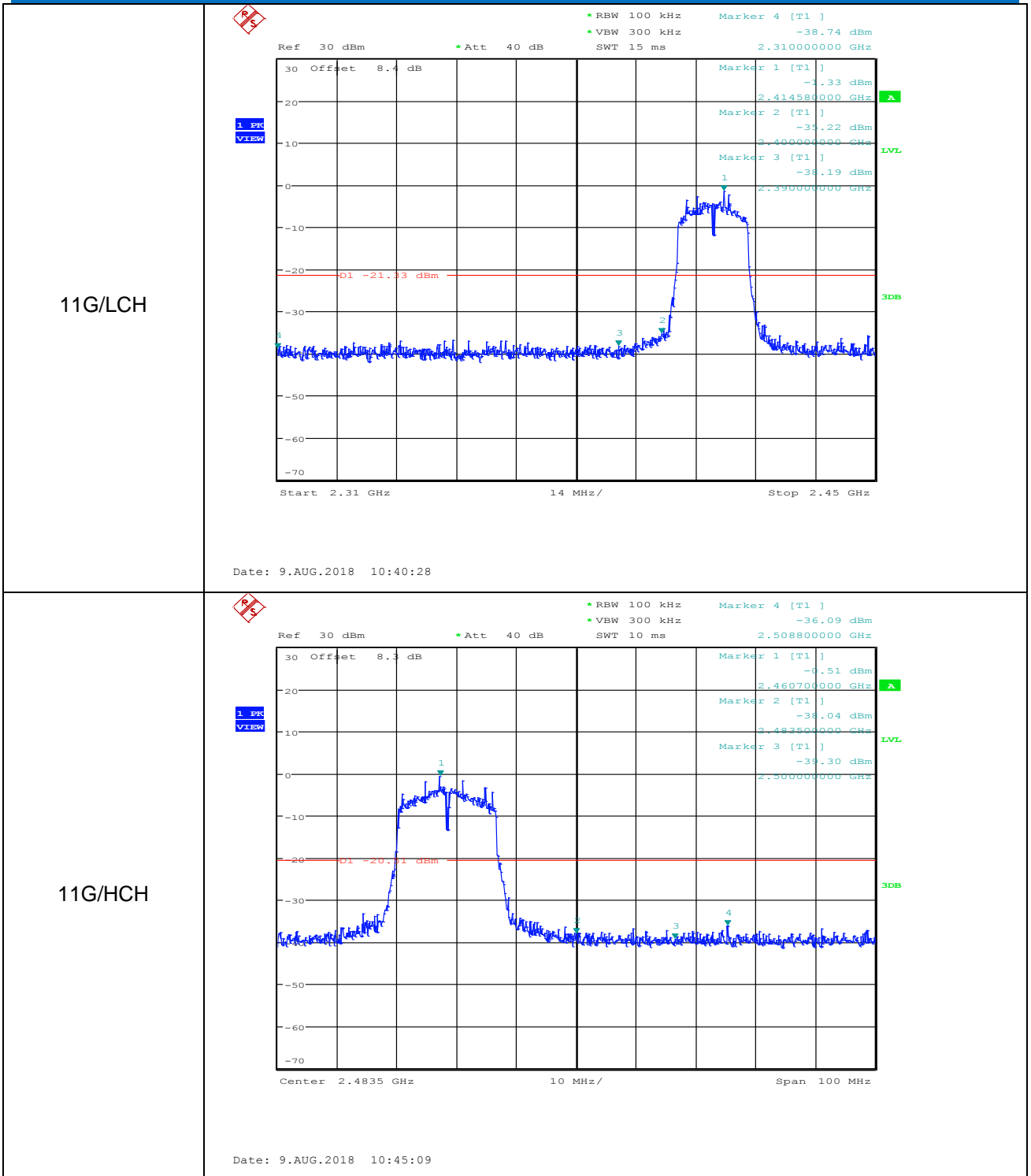
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01 v04
Test Setup:	 <p>Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor</p>
Exploratory Test Mode:	Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40) Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Test Results:	Pass

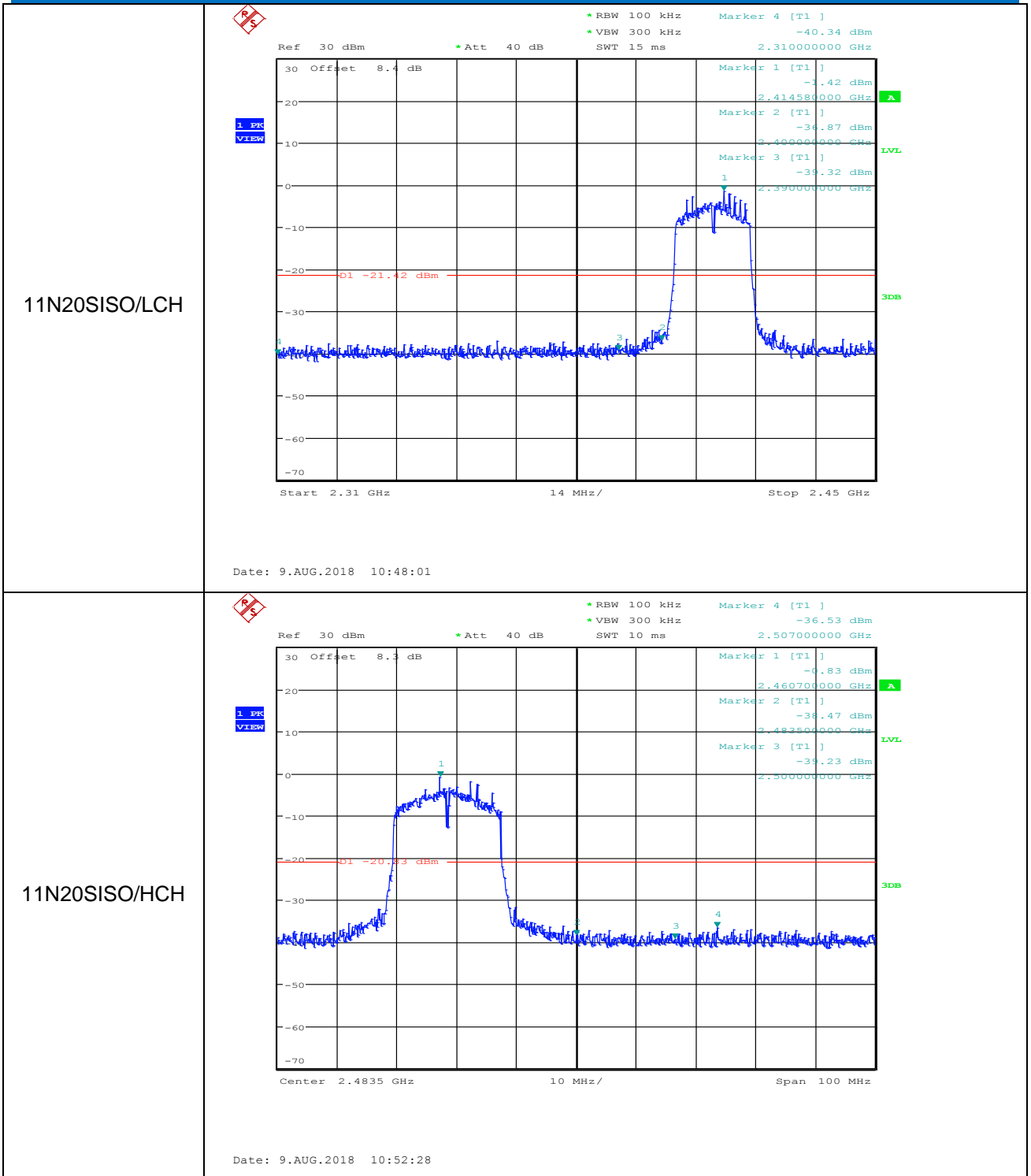
Test Data:

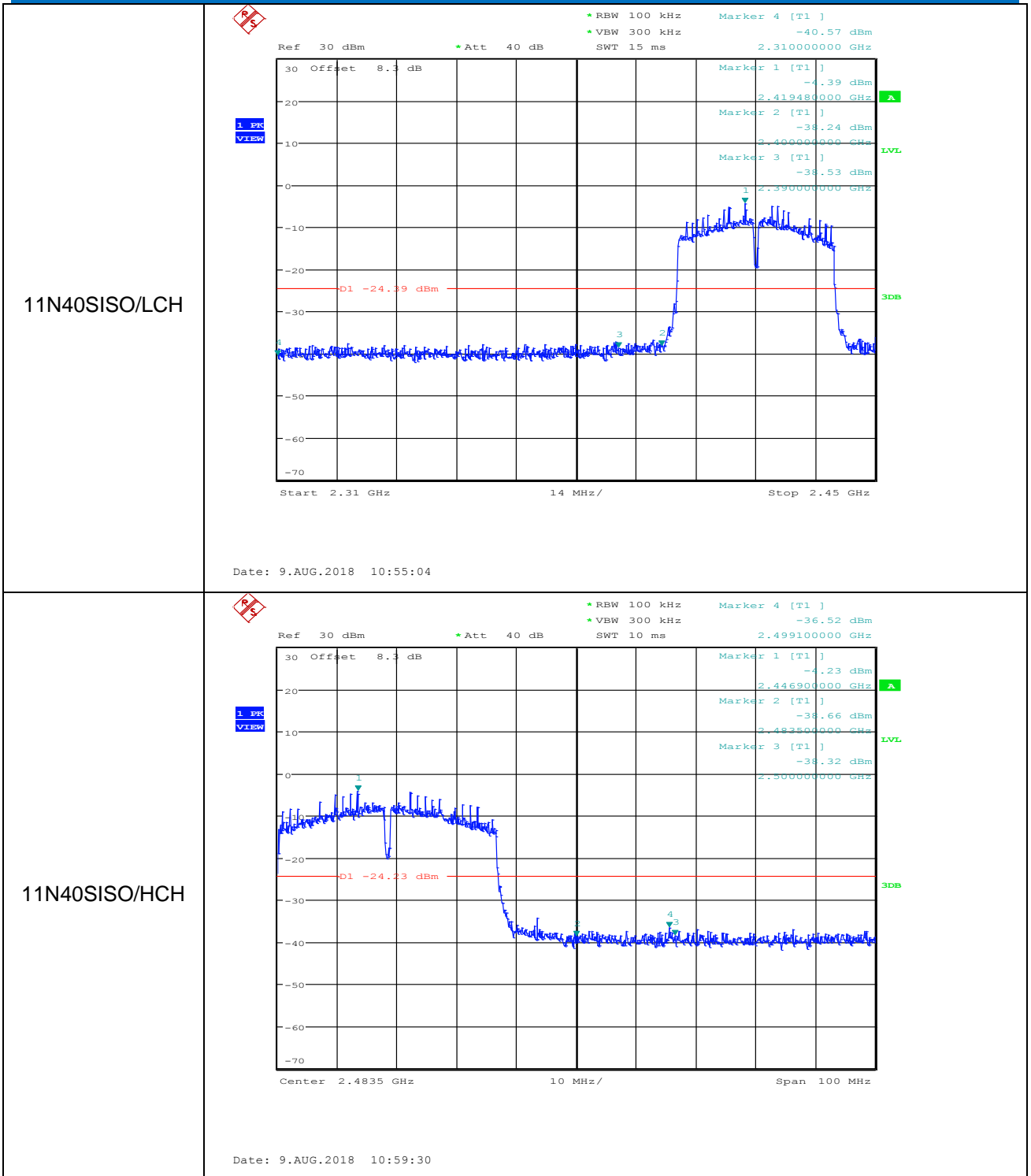
Test mode: 802.11b				
Test channel	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Result
Lowest	2400	-38.940	-19.84	Pass
Highest	2483.5	-40.720	-19.22	Pass
Test mode: 802.11g				
Test channel	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Result
Lowest	2400	-35.220	-21.33	Pass
Highest	2483.5	-38.040	-20.51	Pass
Test mode: 802.11n(HT20)				
Test channel	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Result
Lowest	2400	-36.870	-21.42	Pass
Highest	2483.5	-38.470	-20.83	Pass
Test mode: 802.11n(HT40)				
Test channel	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Result
Lowest	2400	-38.240	-24.39	Pass
Highest	2483.5	-38.660	-24.23	Pass

Test plot as follows:

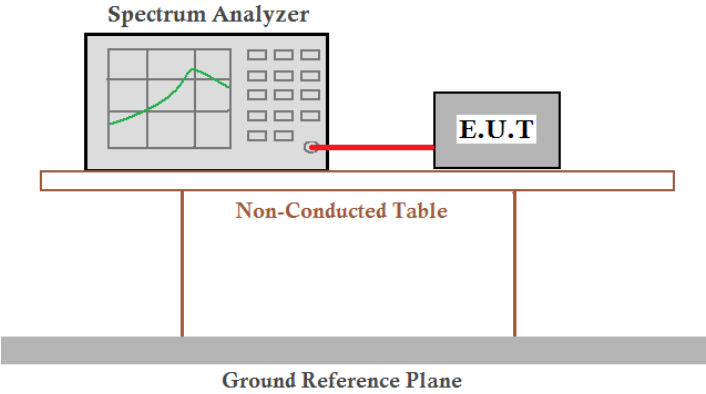




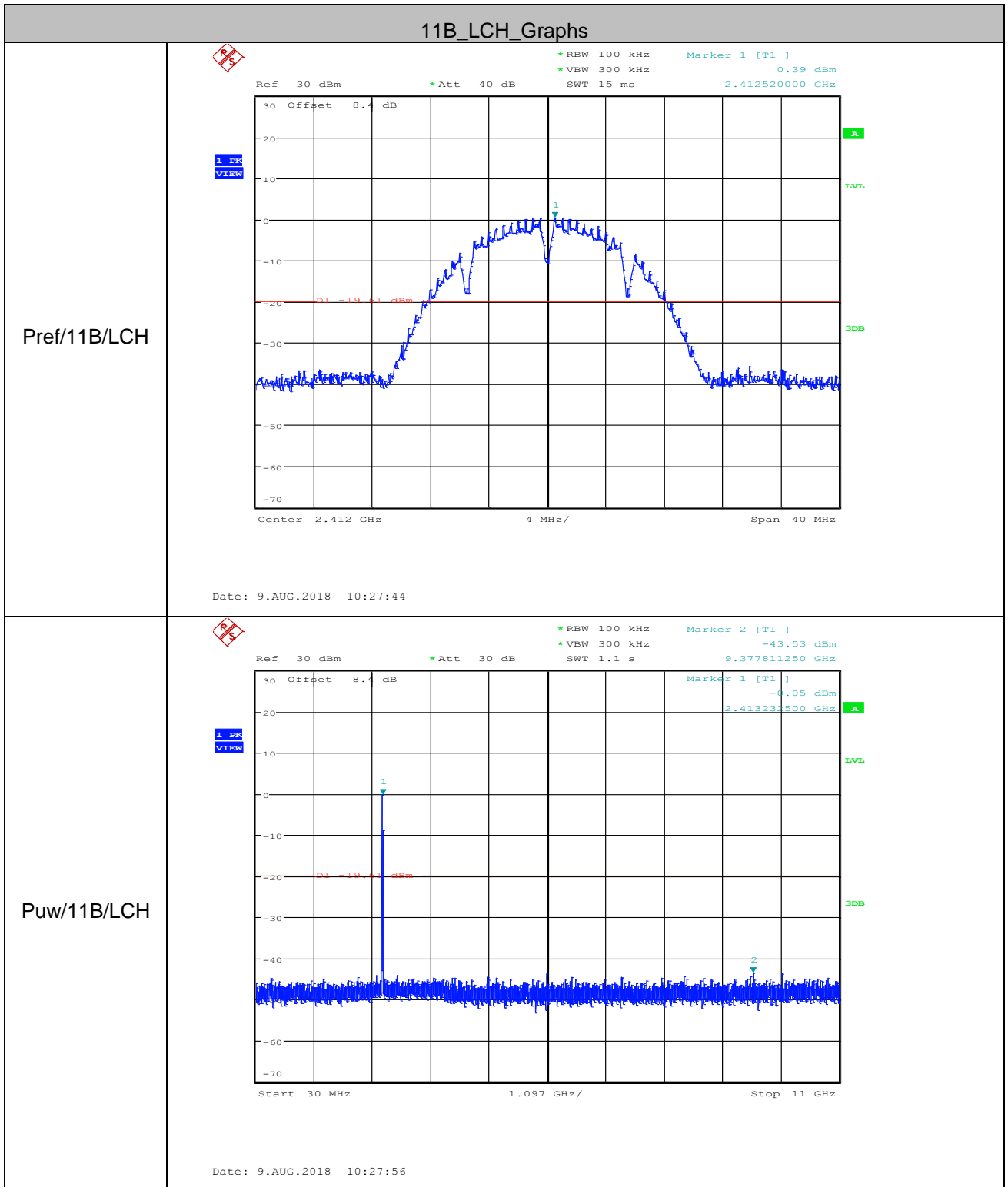


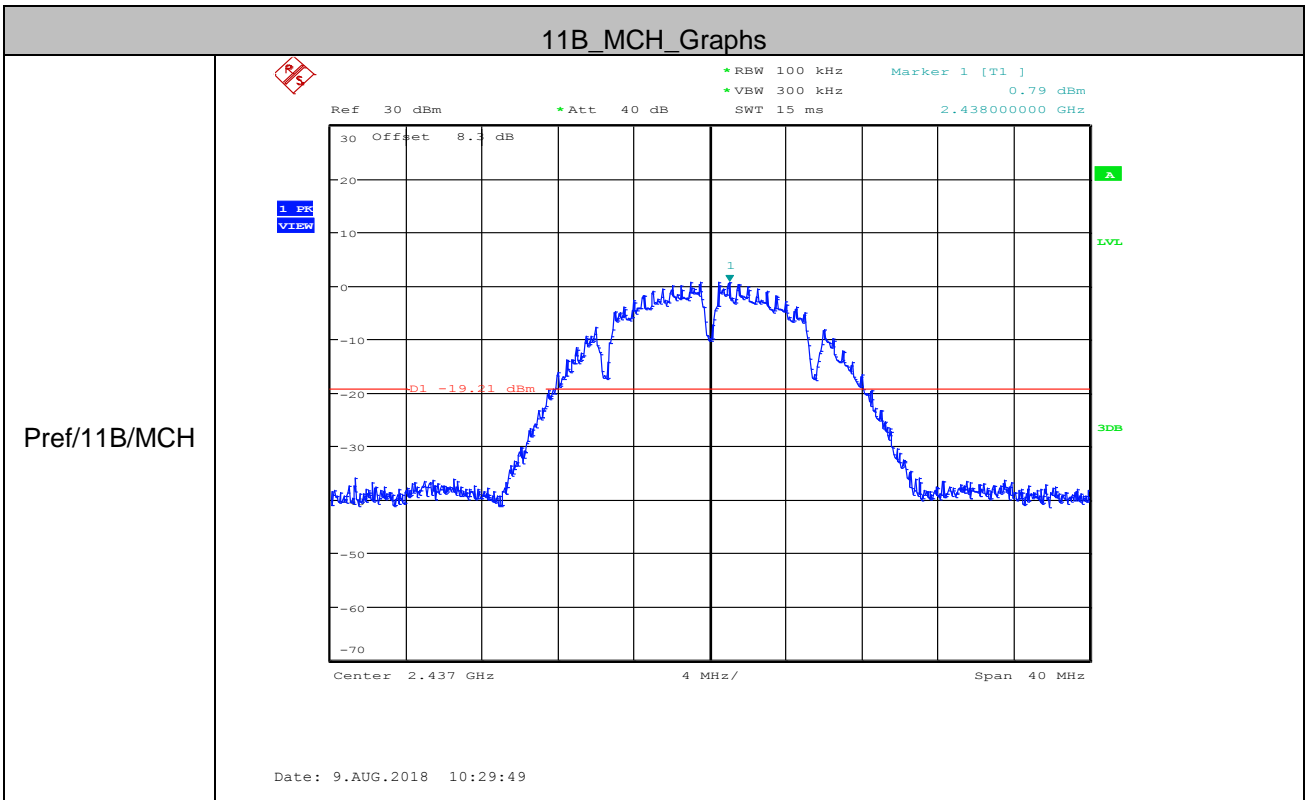
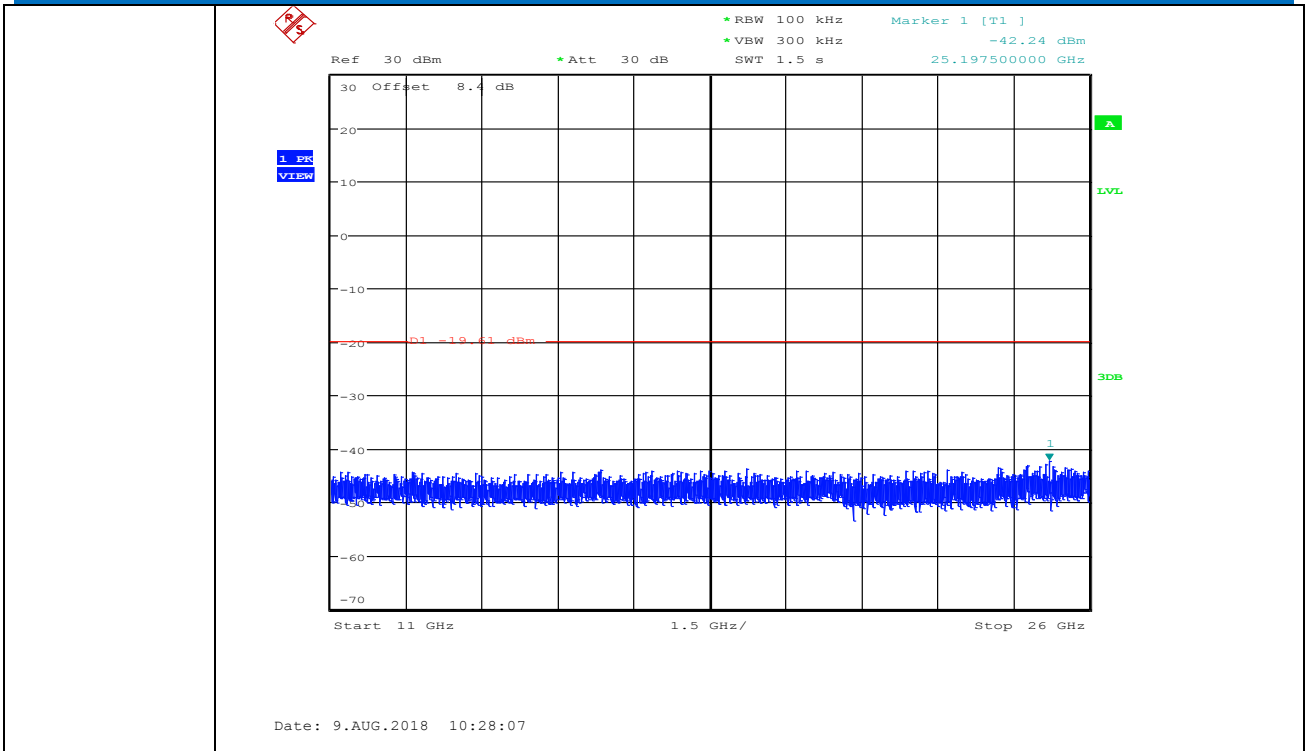


6.7 RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

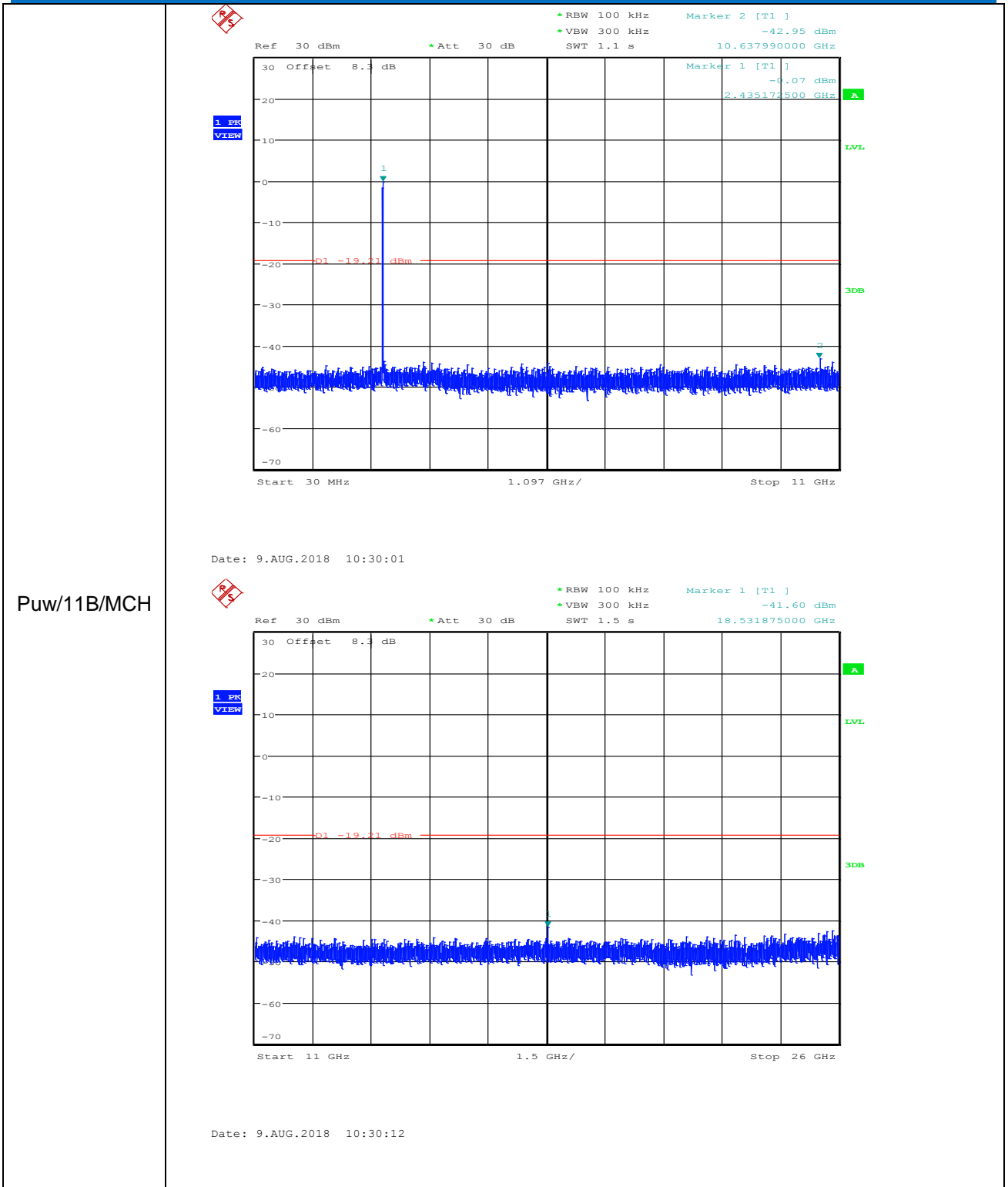
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01 v04
Test Setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup for RF conducted spurious emissions. A Spectrum Analyzer is connected via a red cable to an E.U.T (Equipment Under Test). Both are placed on a Non-Conducted Table, which is supported by two vertical legs. Below the table is a Ground Reference Plane, represented by a thick grey bar.</p>
	Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor
Exploratory Test Mode:	Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40) Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Test Results:	Pass

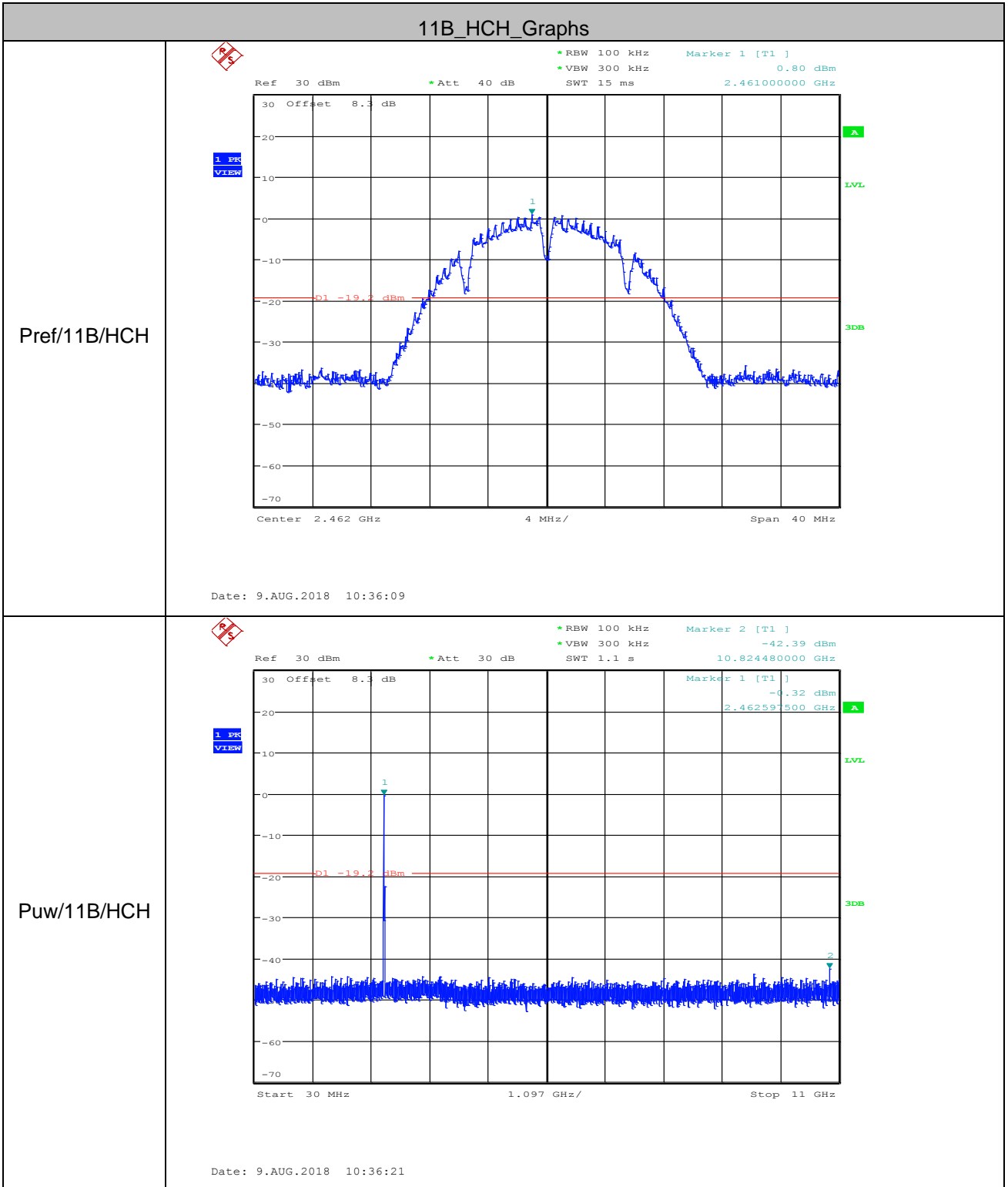
Test plot as follows:

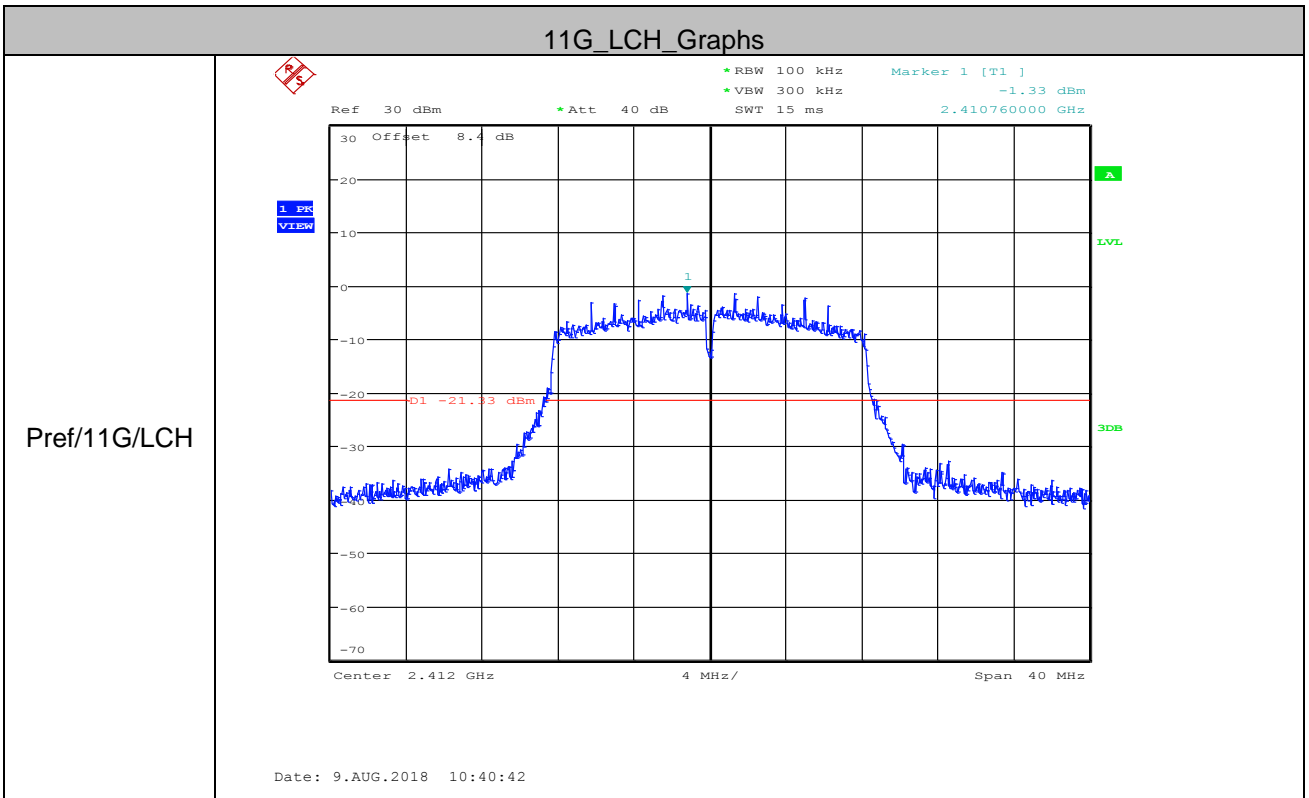
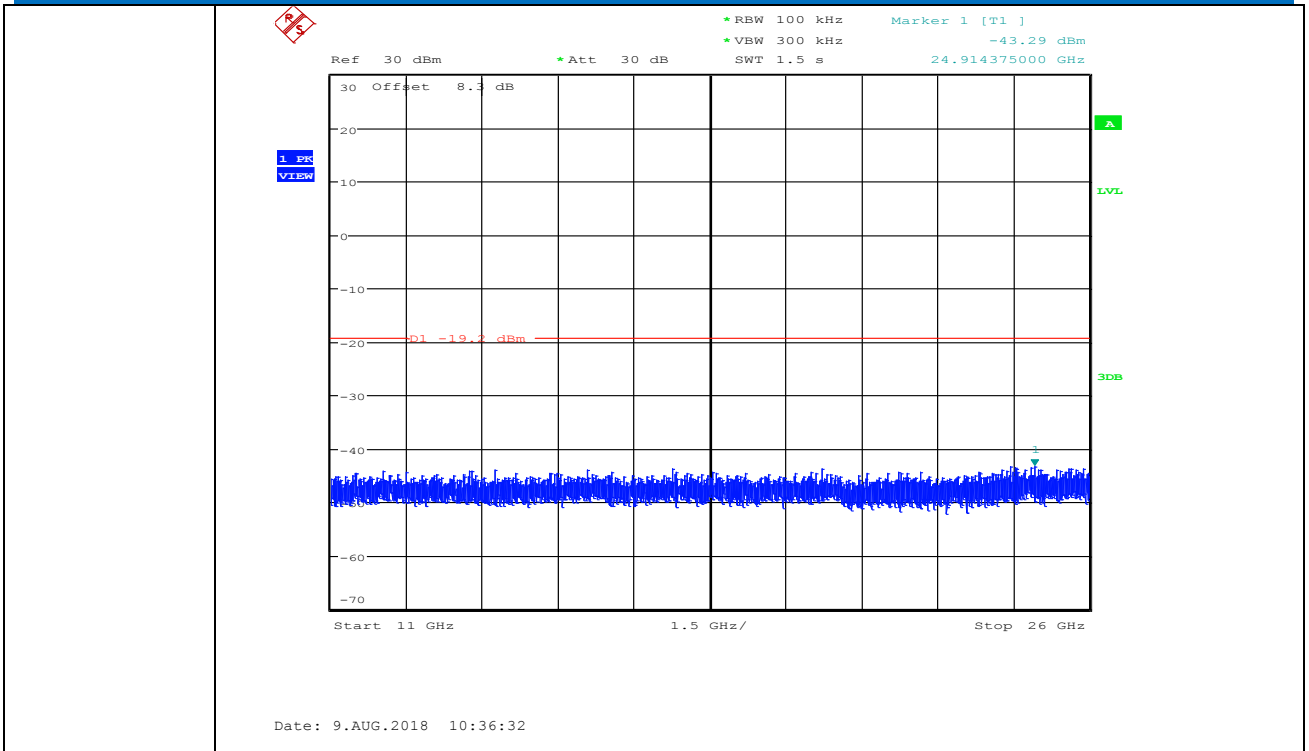




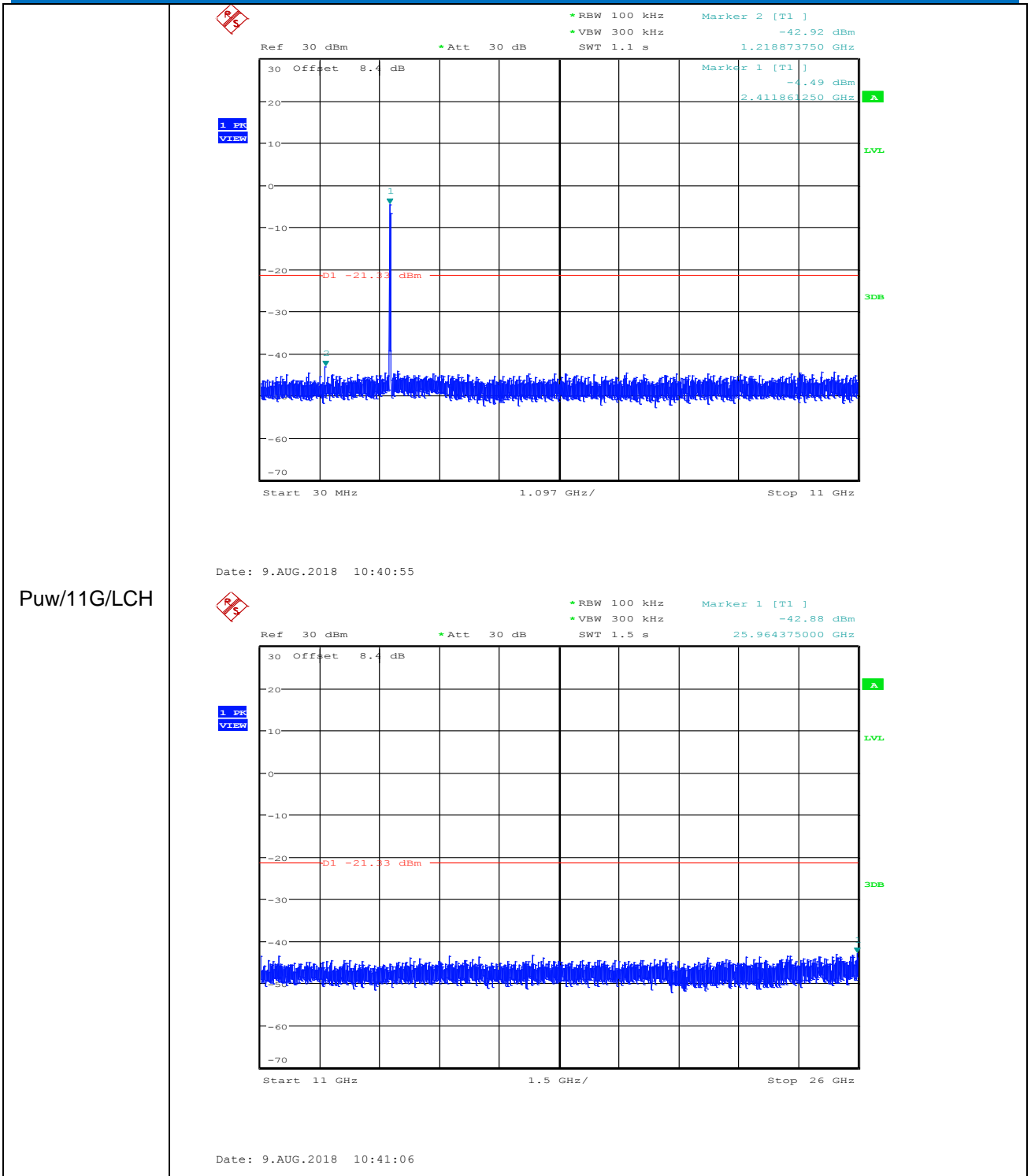
Pref/11B/MCH

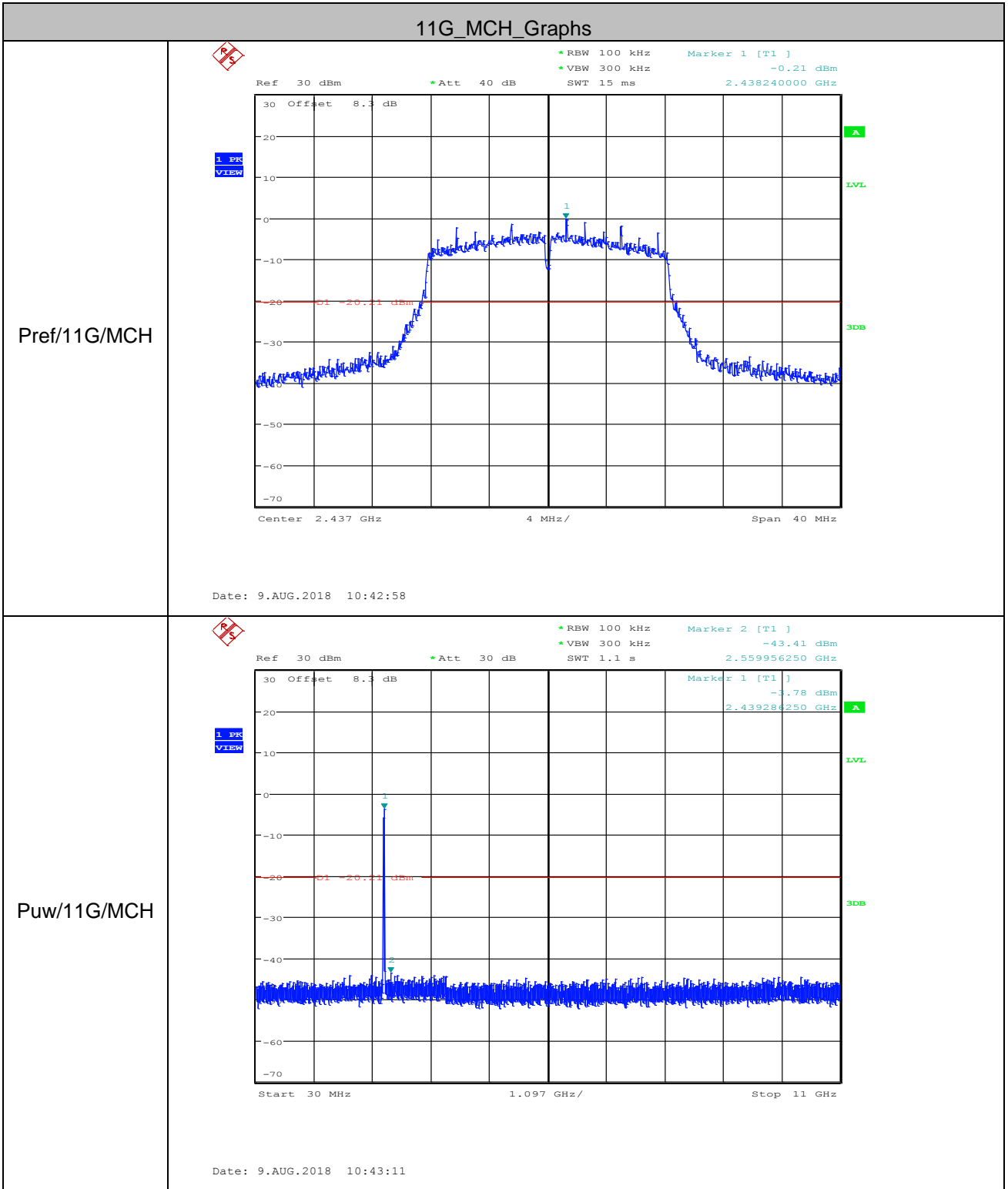


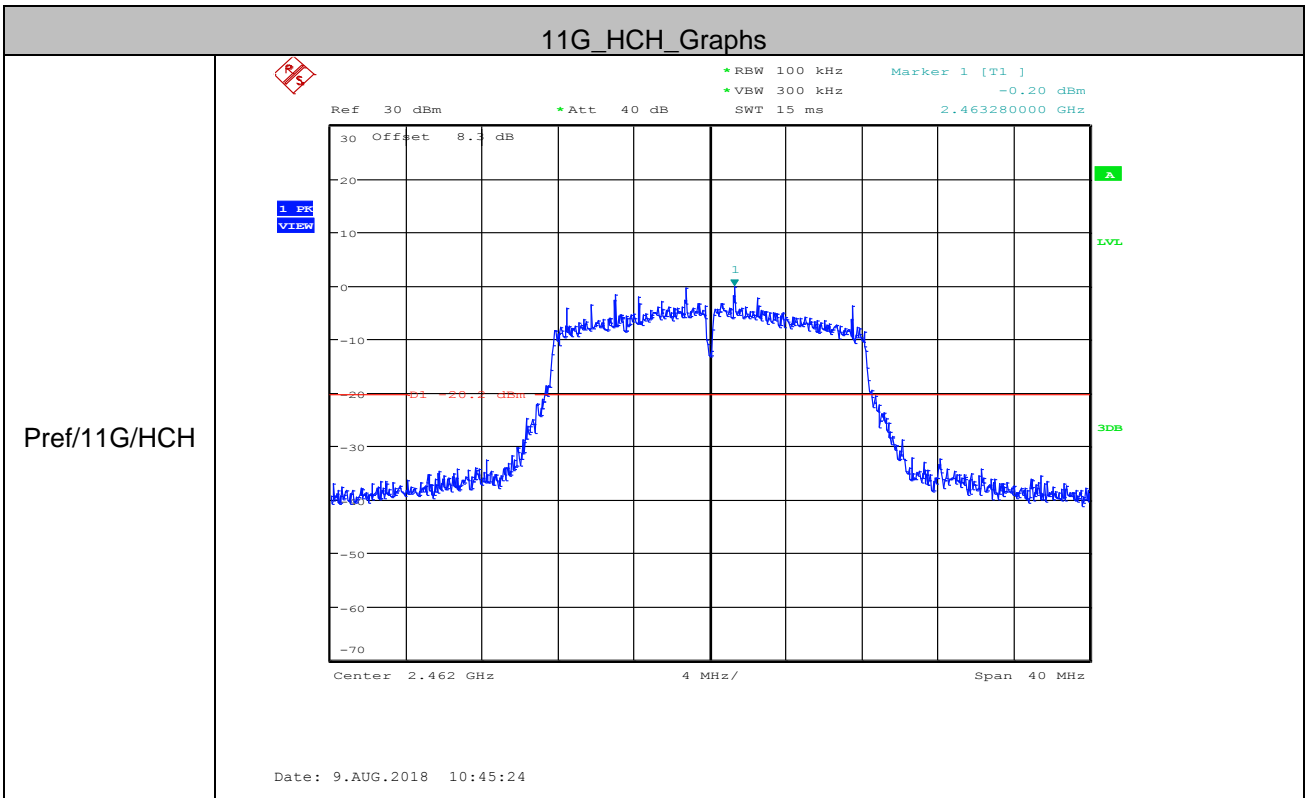
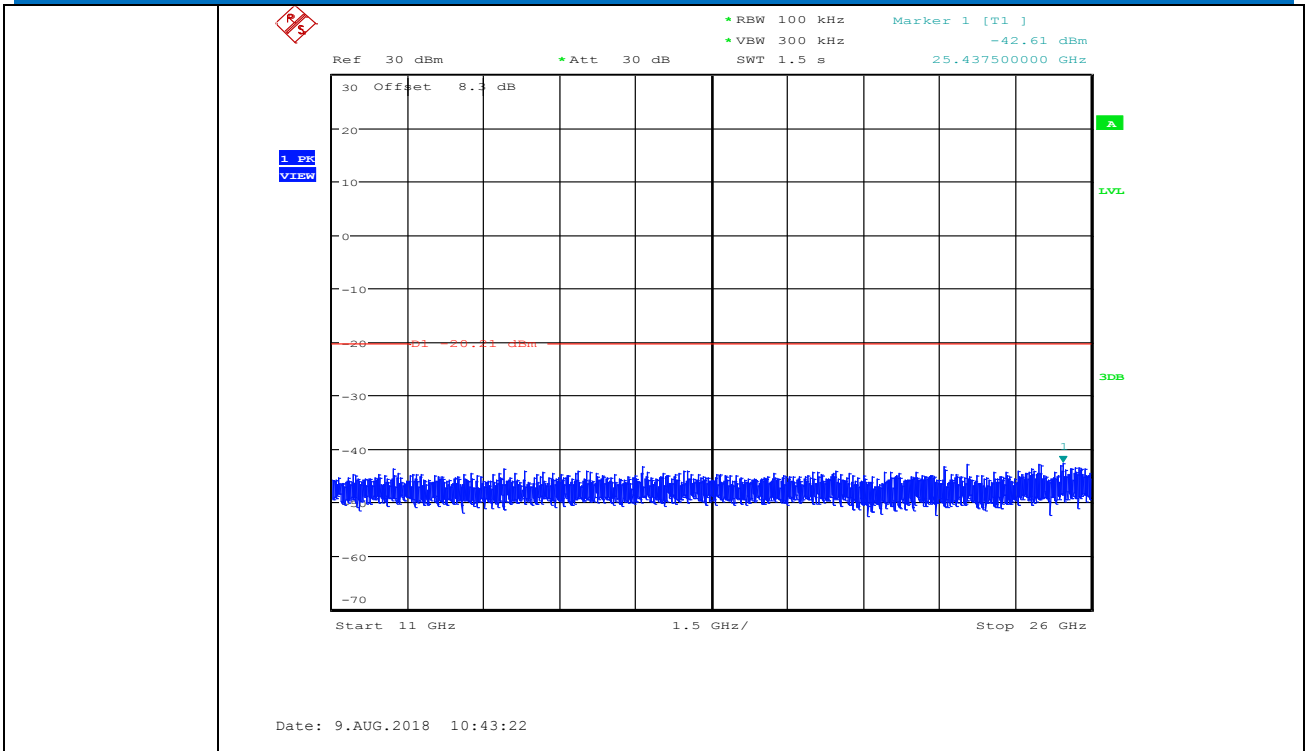




Pref/11G/LCH

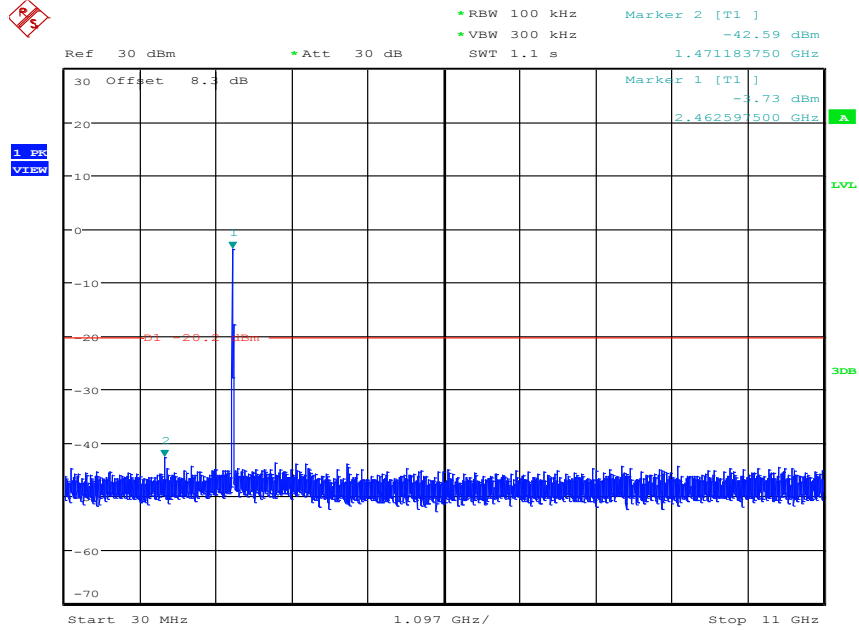




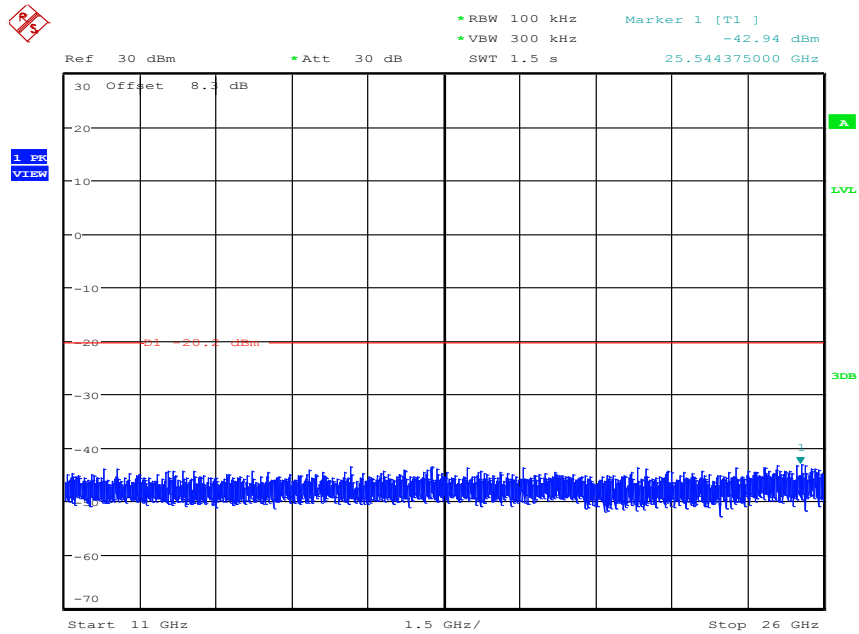


Pref/11G/HCH

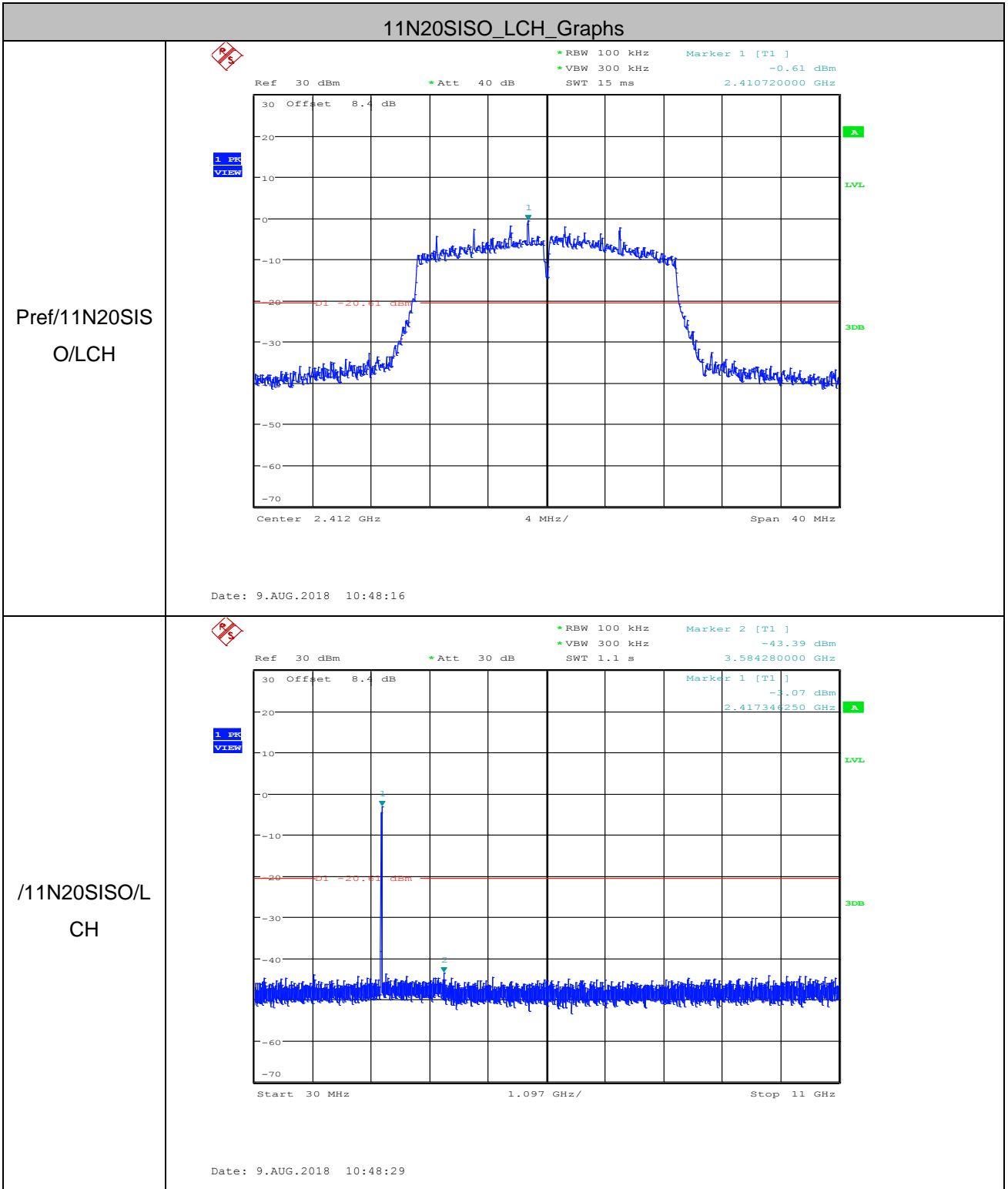
Puw/11G/HCH

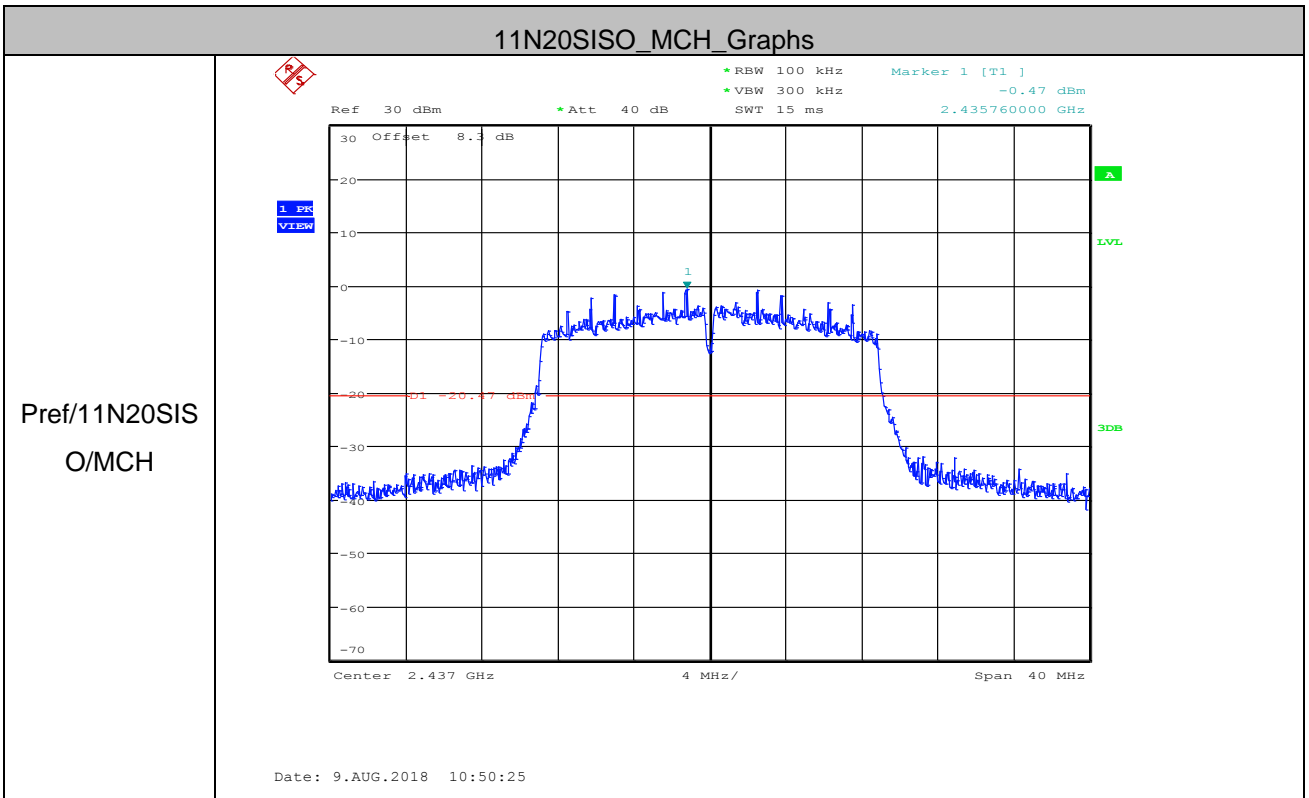
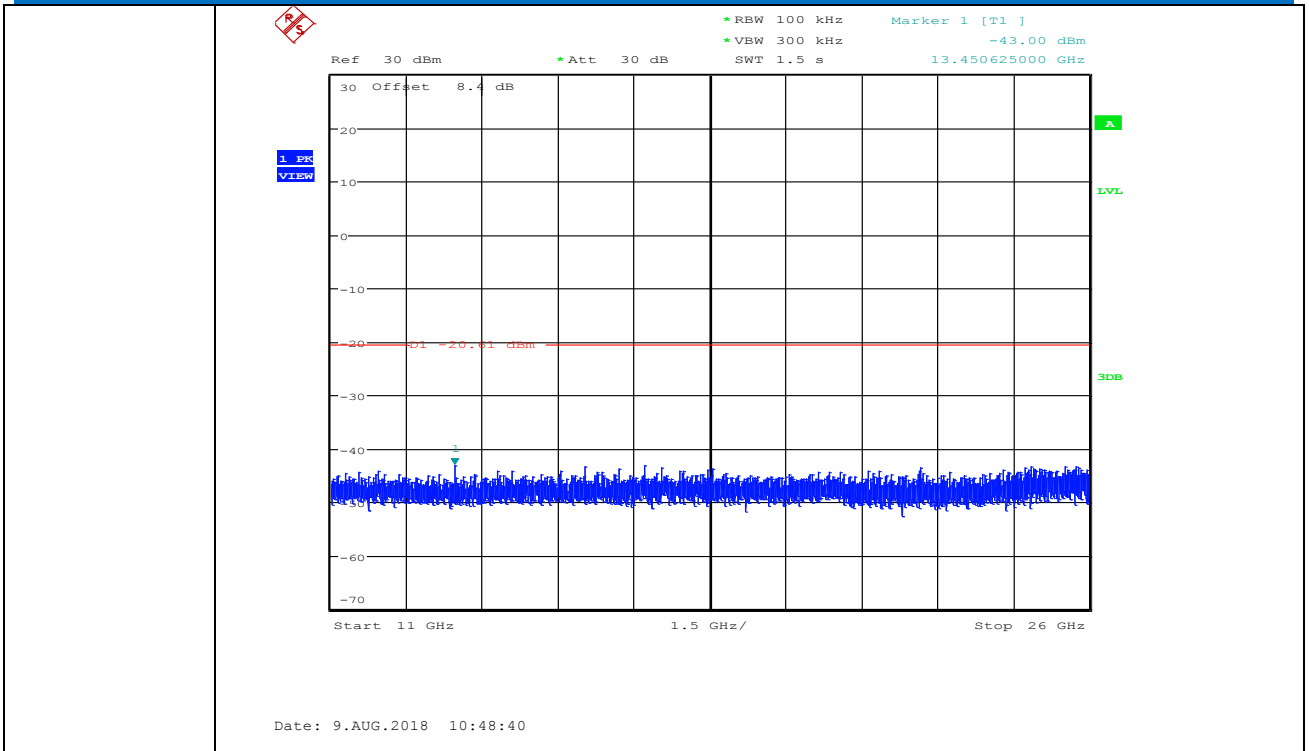


Date: 9.AUG.2018 10:45:37



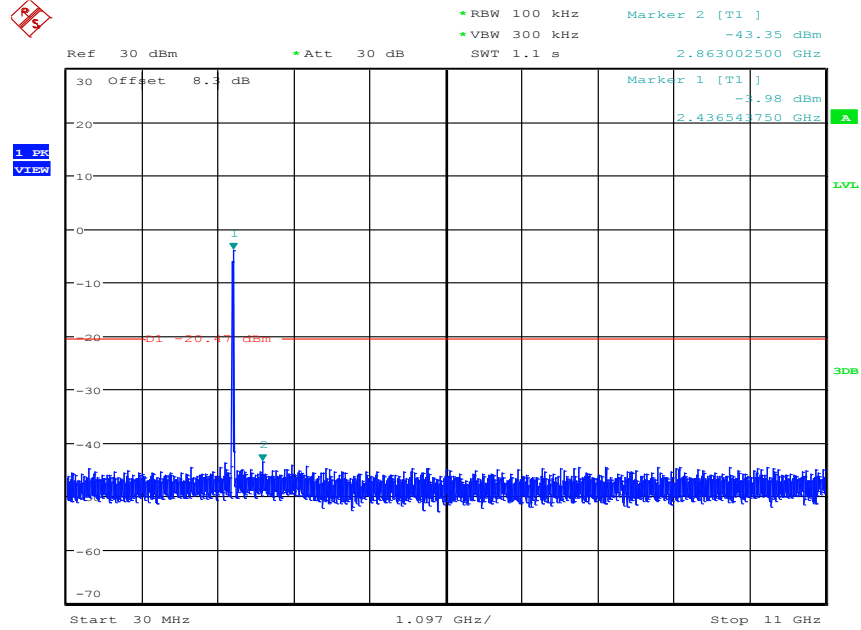
Date: 9.AUG.2018 10:45:48



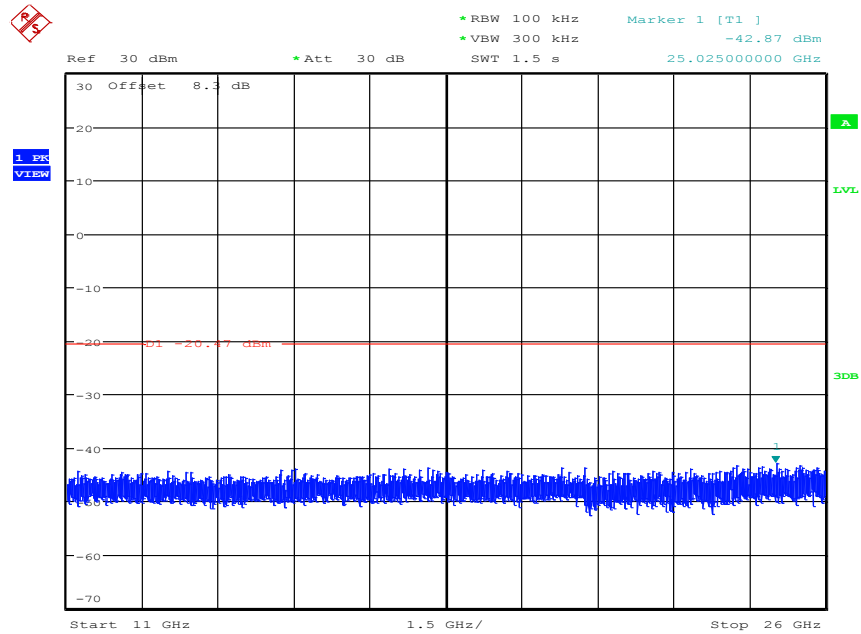


Pref/11N20SISO
 O/MCH

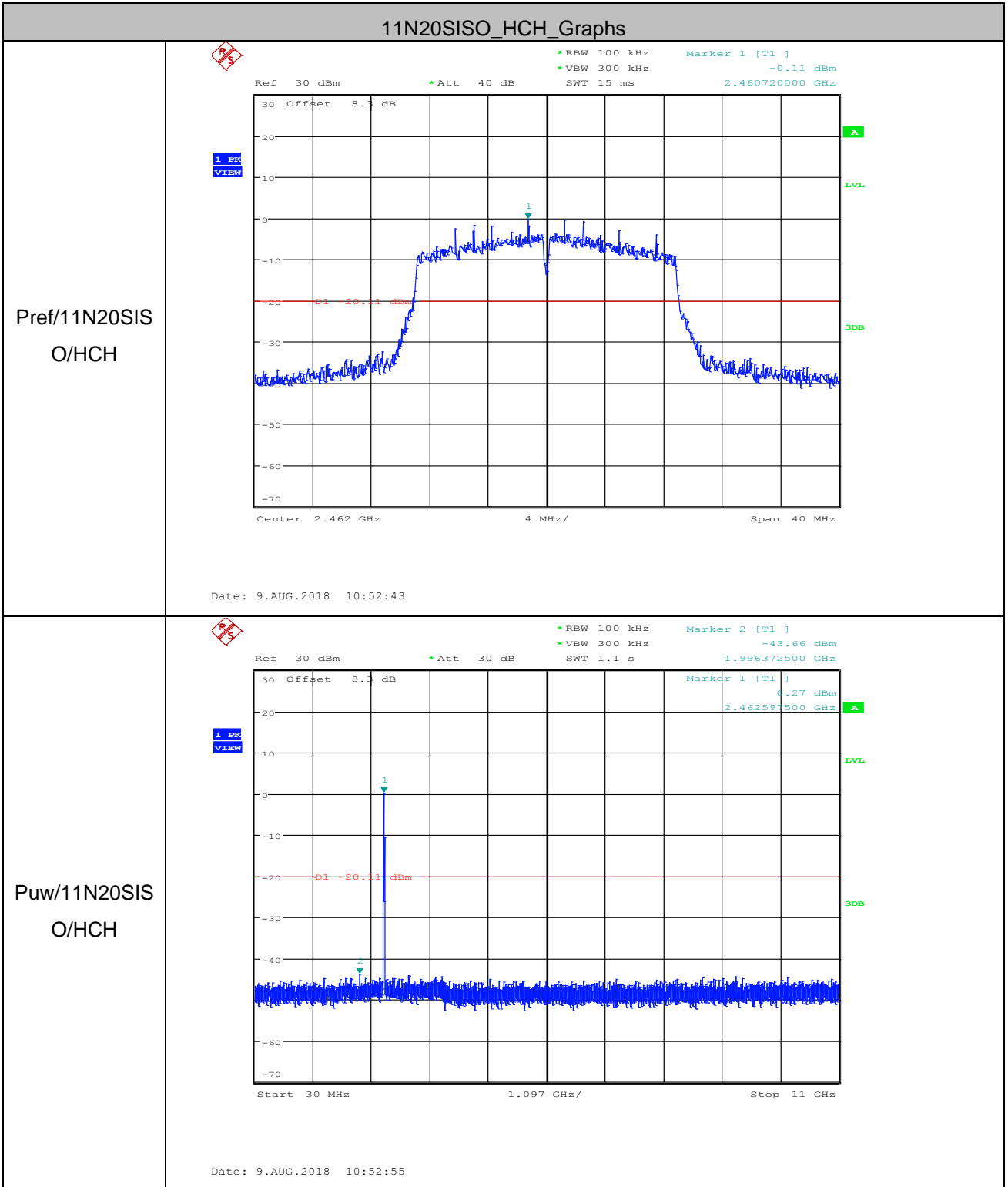
Puw/11N20SIS
 O/MCH

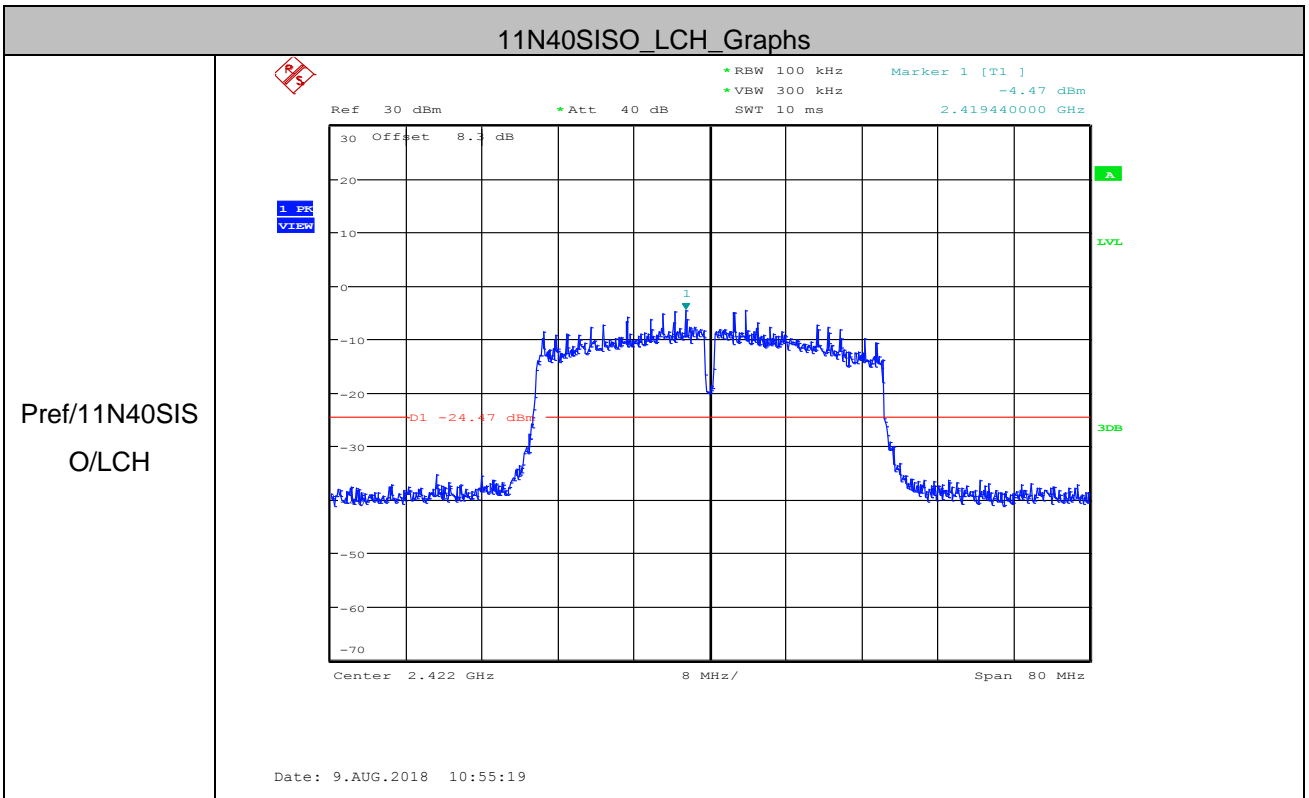
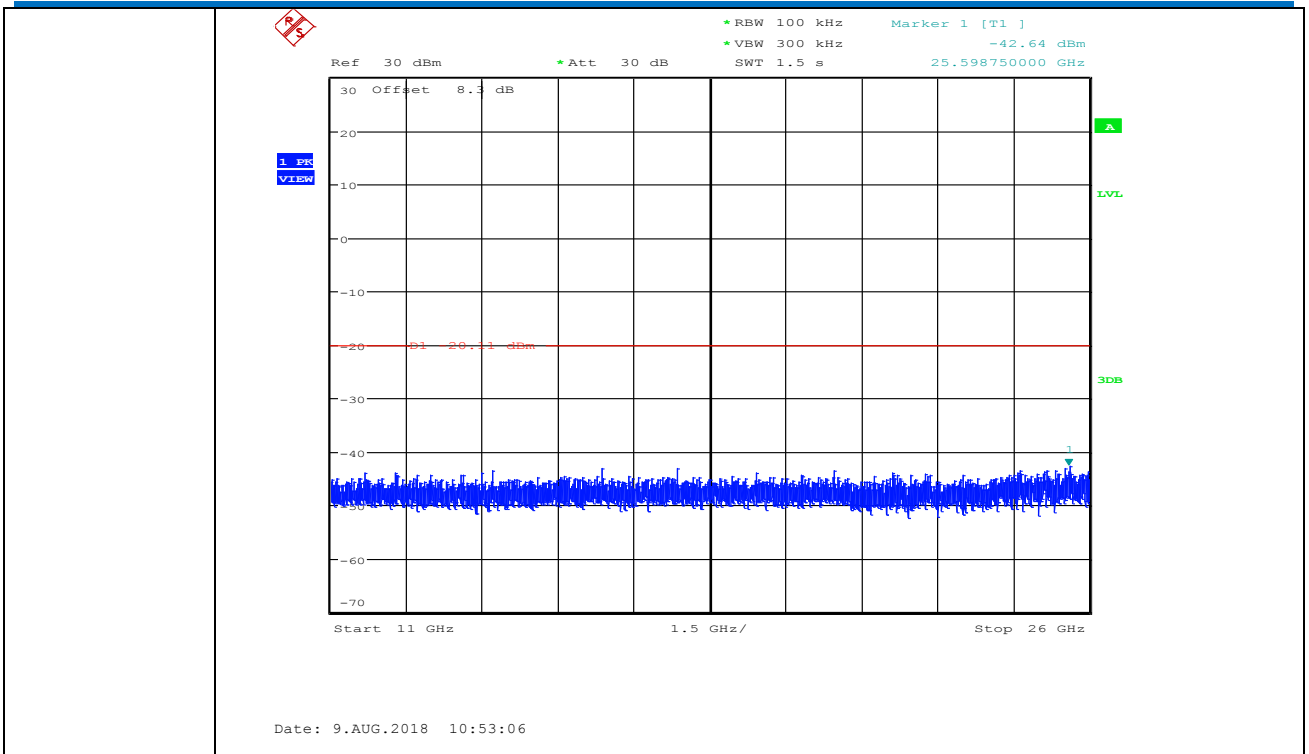


Date: 9.AUG.2018 10:50:38



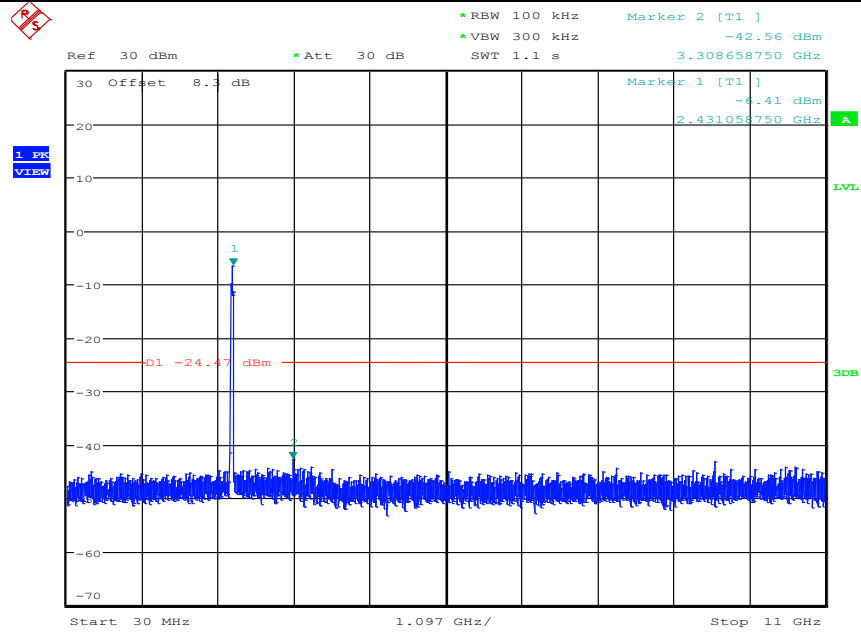
Date: 9.AUG.2018 10:50:48



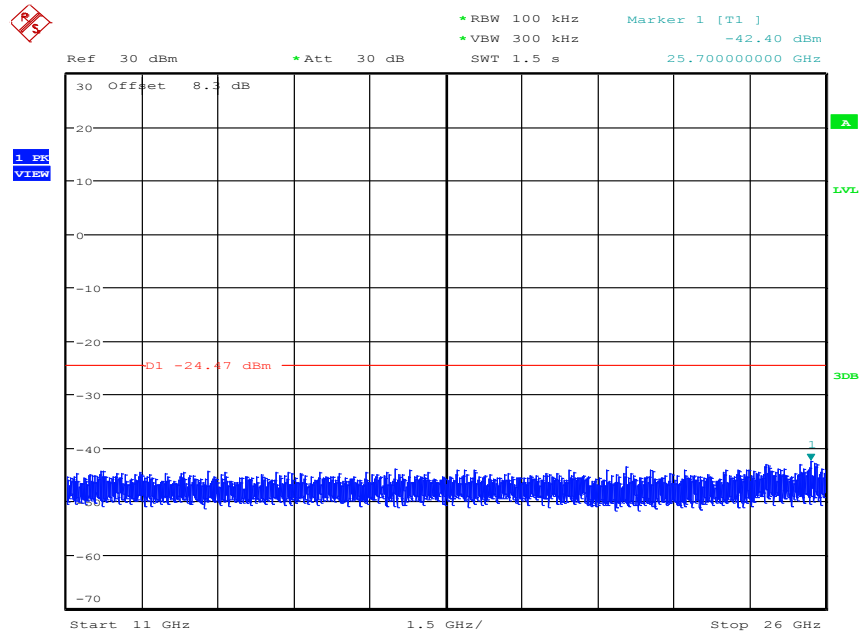


Pref/11N40SIS
 O/LCH

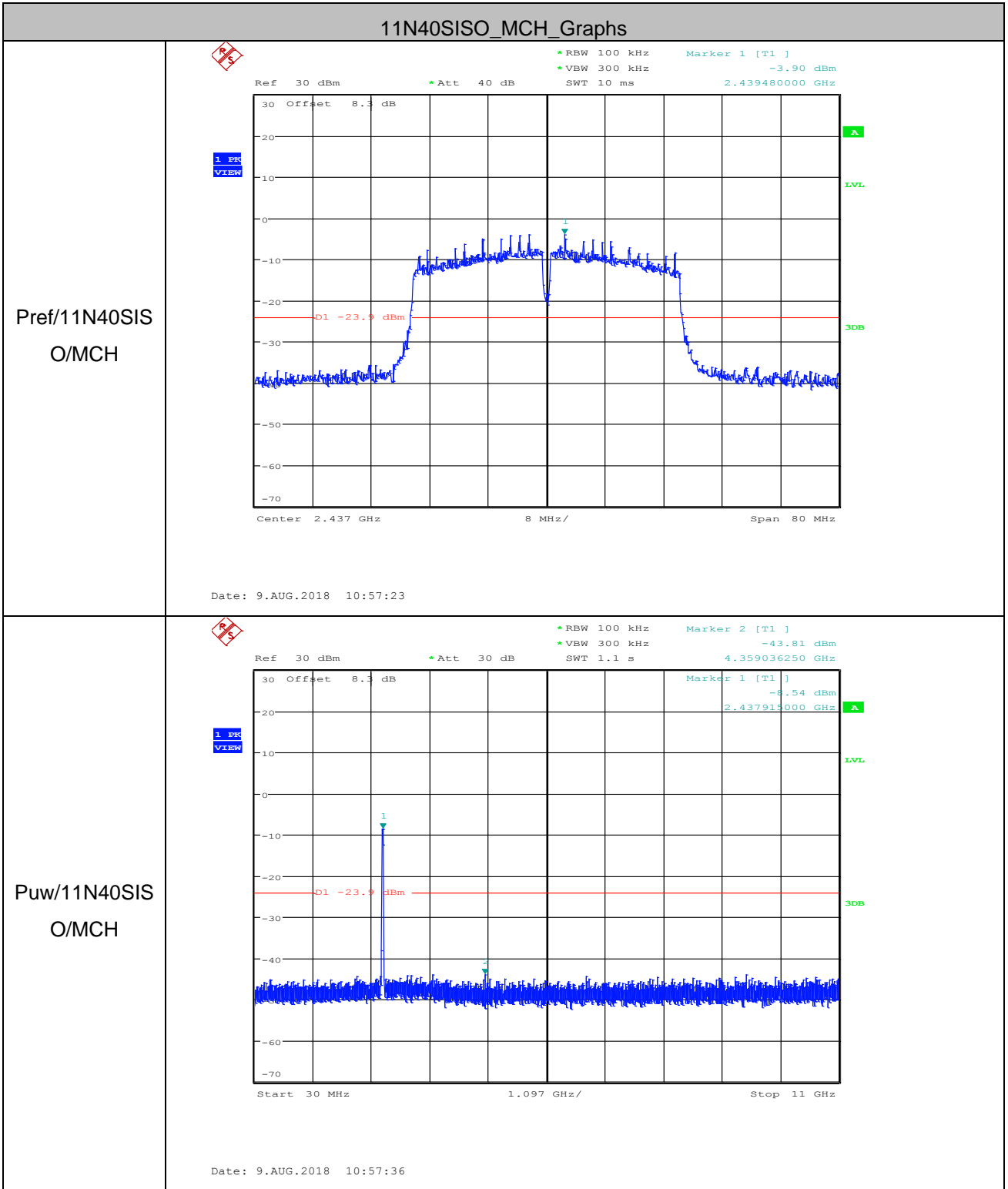
Puw/11N40SIS
 O/LCH

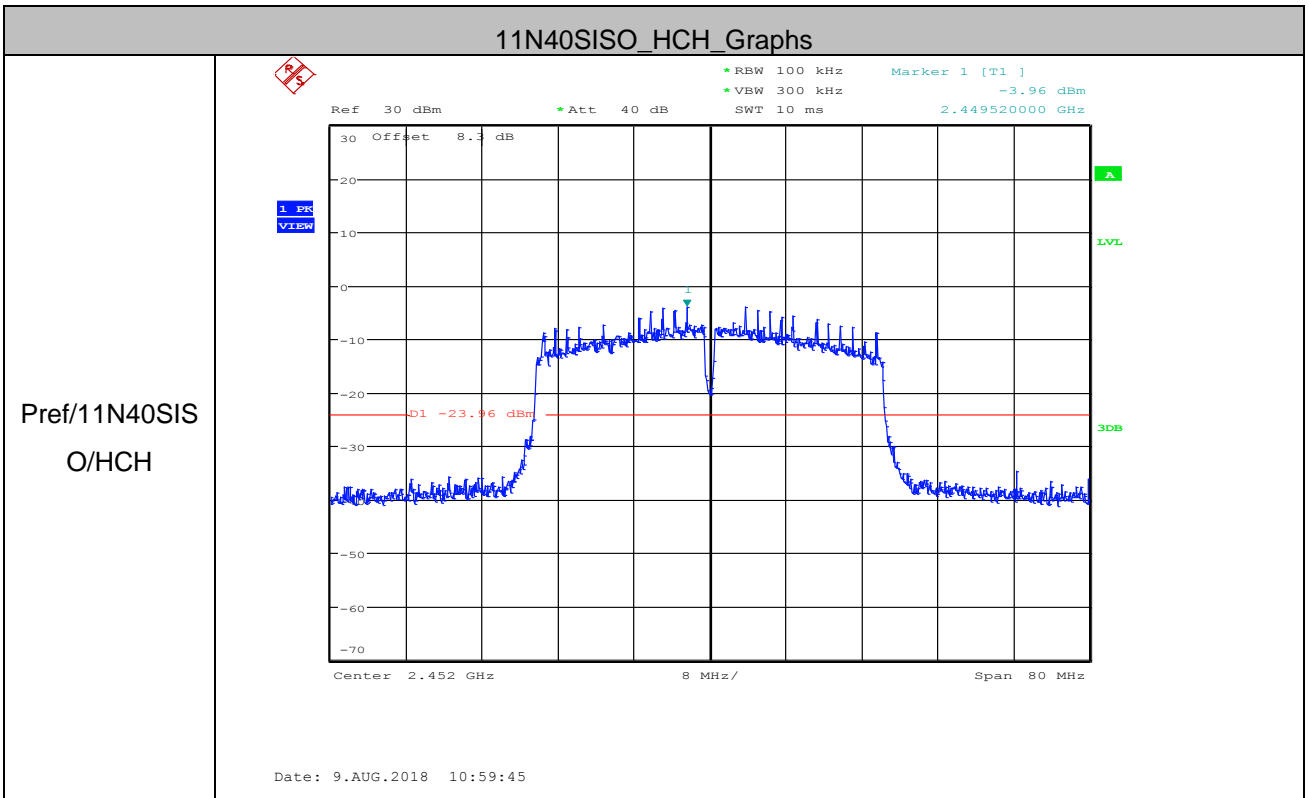
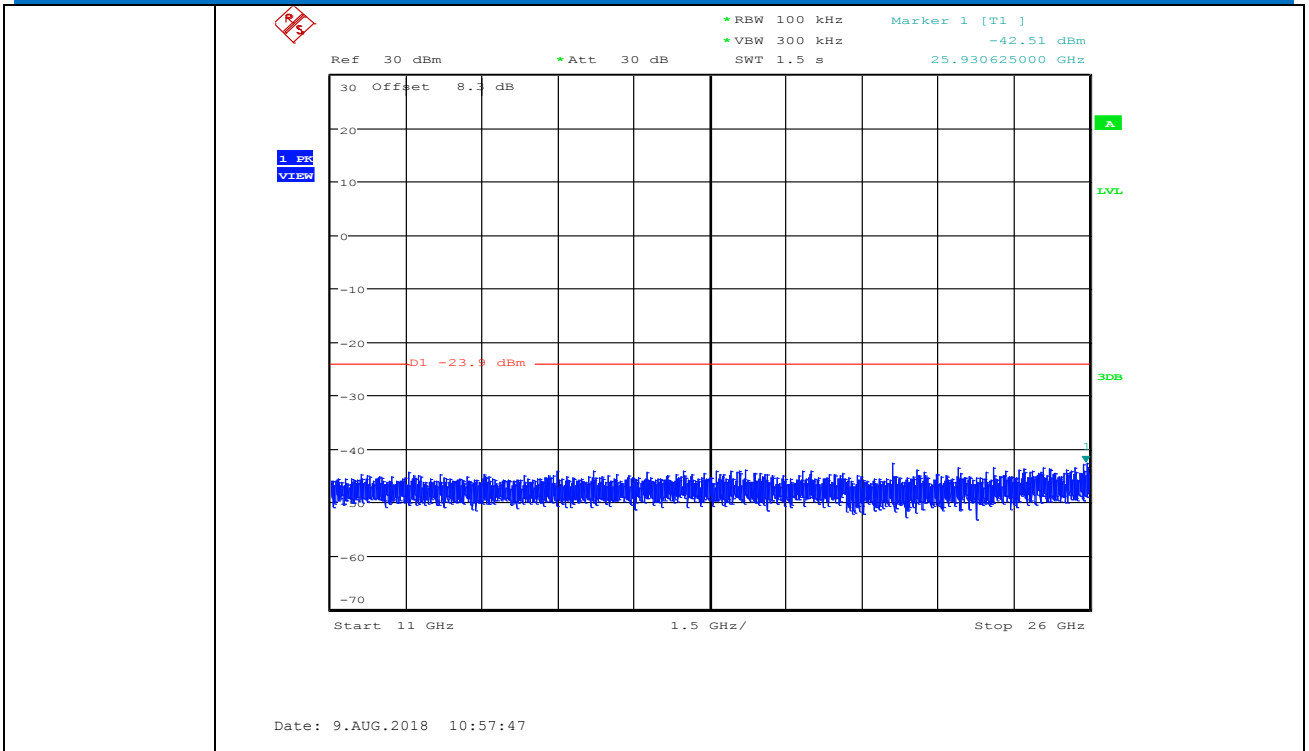


Date: 9.AUG.2018 10:55:32

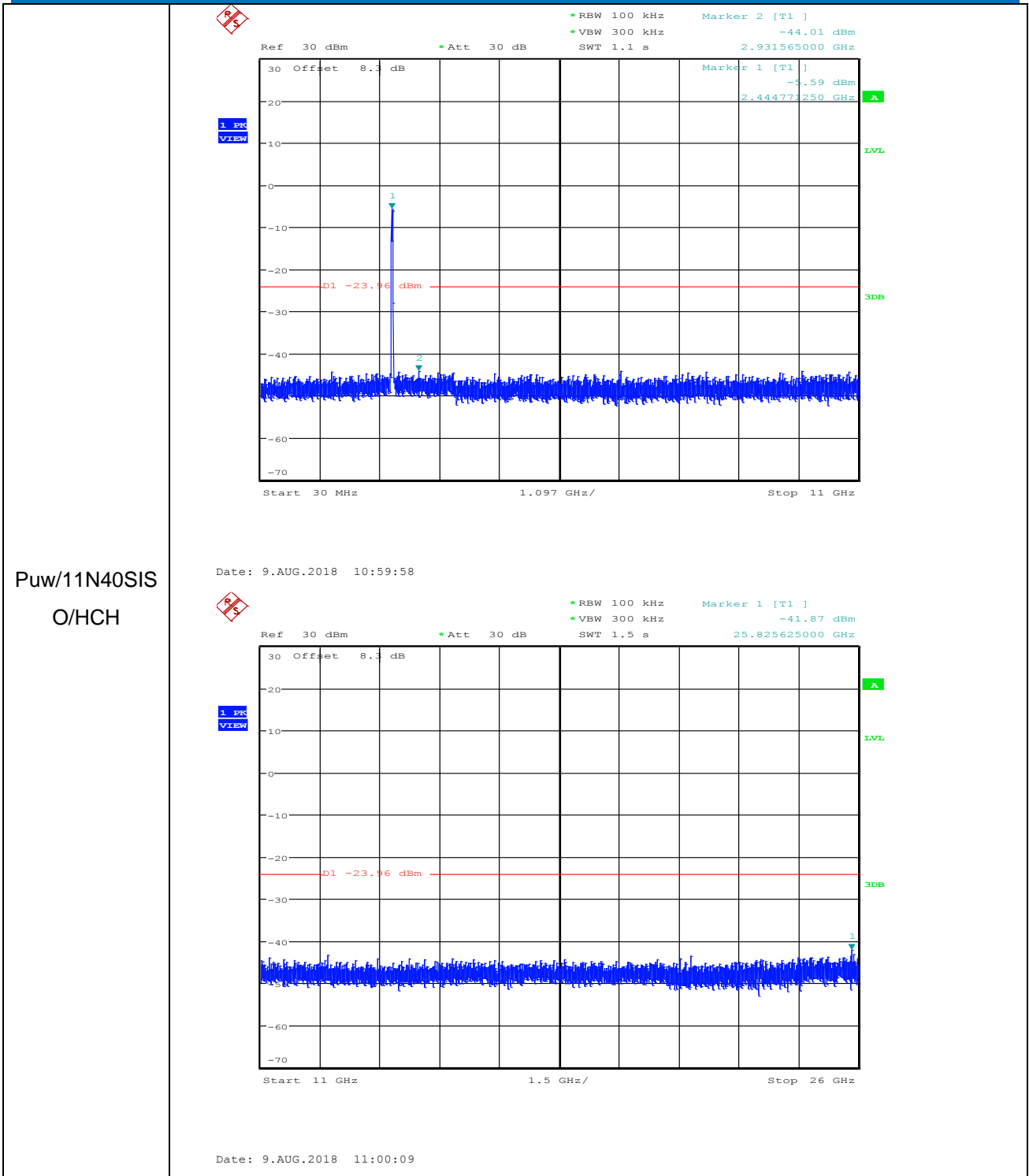


Date: 9.AUG.2018 10:55:43





Pref/11N40SISO
 O/HCH



Remark:

Pretest 9kHz to 25GHz, find the highest point when testing, so only the worst data were shown in the test report. Per FCC Part 15.33 (a) and 15.31 (o) ,The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

6.8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.209 and 15.205				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2013				
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)				
Receiver Setup:	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
	0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
	0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
	0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
	0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
	0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
	0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100 kHz	300kHz	Quasi-peak
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
Peak		1MHz	10Hz	Average	
Limit:	Frequency	Field strength (microvolt/meter)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
	0.009MHz-0.490MHz	2400/F(kHz)	-	-	300
	0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24000/F(kHz)	-	-	30
	1.705MHz-30MHz	30	-	-	30
	30MHz-88MHz	100	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
	88MHz-216MHz	150	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
	216MHz-960MHz	200	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
	960MHz-1GHz	500	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
	Above 1GHz	500	54.0	Average	3
Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.					

Test Setup:

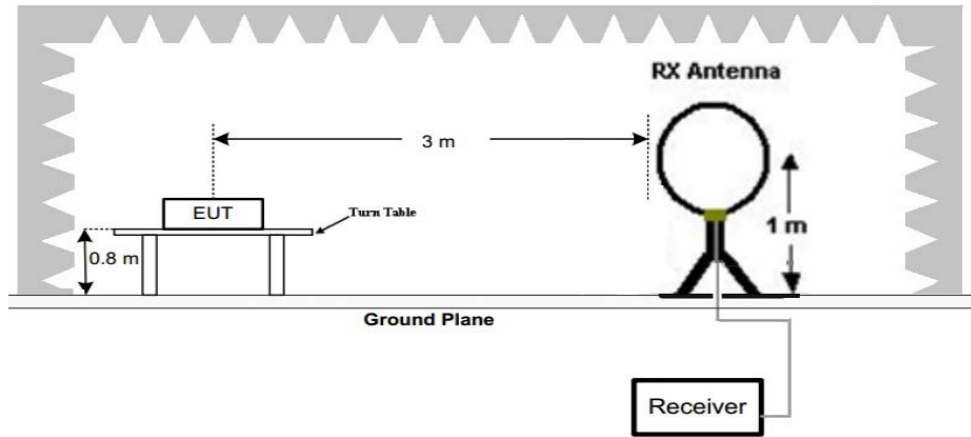


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

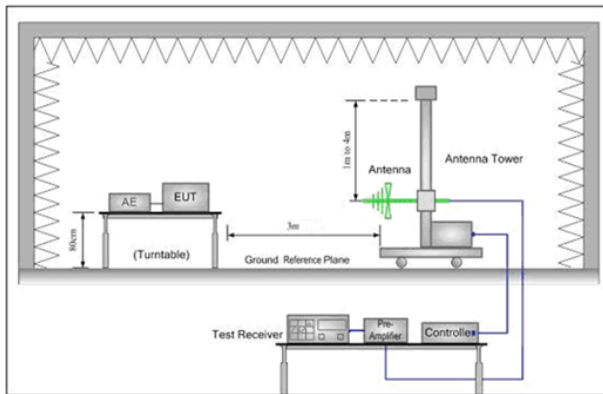


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

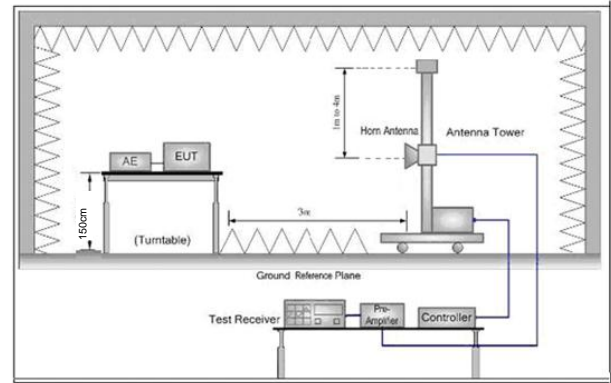


Figure 3. Above 1 GHz

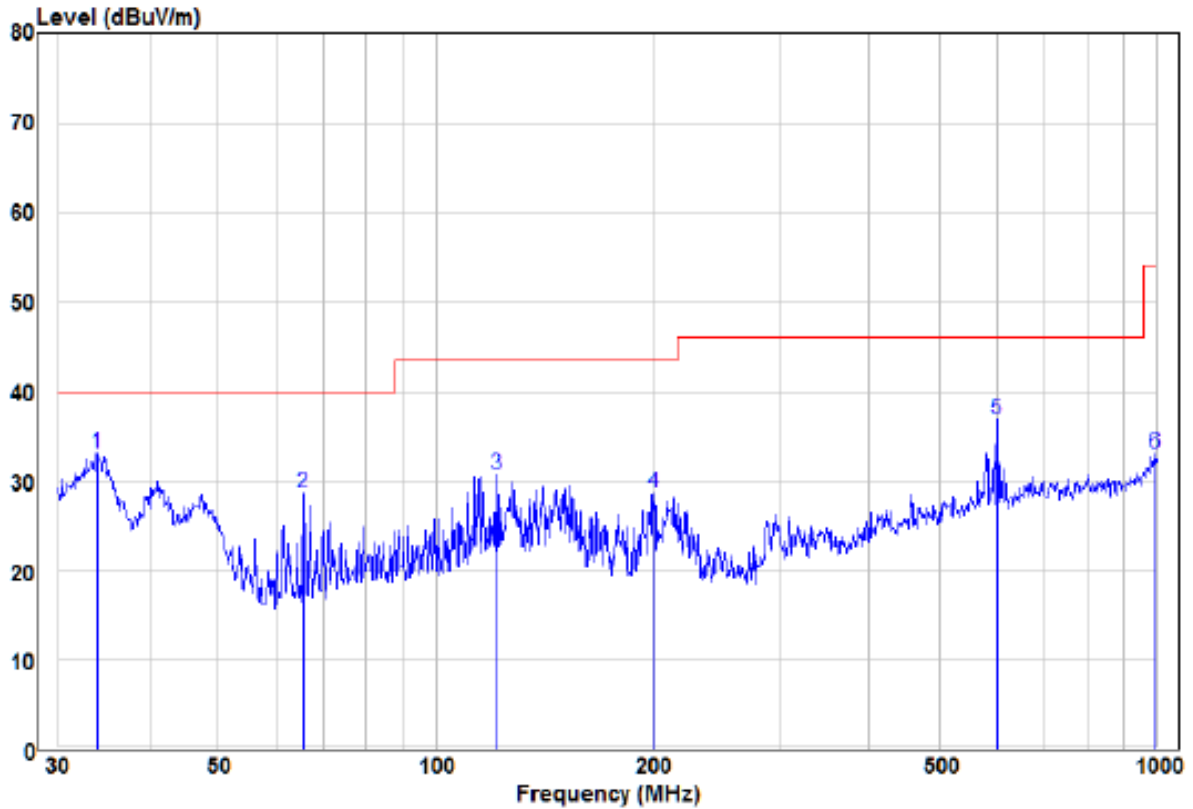
Test Procedure:

- a. 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
 2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
 Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz: Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters(for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel h. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
Exploratory Test Mode:	<p>Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates. Transmitting mode.</p>
Final Test Mode:	<p>Pretest the EUT at Transmitting mode which it is worse case Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40) For below 1GHz, through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate of 802.11b at highest channel is the worst case. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.</p>
Test Results:	<p>Pass</p>

6.8.1 Radiated emission below 1GHz

30MHz~1GHz		
Test mode:	Transmitting	Vertical



	Read Freq	Read Level	Factor	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
	MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		
1	pp	34.04	14.57	18.59	33.16	40.00	-6.84 Peak	VERTICAL
2		65.57	21.83	6.76	28.59	40.00	-11.41 Peak	VERTICAL
3		121.55	20.18	10.61	30.79	43.50	-12.71 Peak	VERTICAL
4		200.69	20.22	8.51	28.73	43.50	-14.77 Peak	VERTICAL
5		601.43	18.61	18.23	36.84	46.00	-9.16 Peak	VERTICAL
6		996.50	10.26	22.83	33.09	54.00	-20.91 Peak	VERTICAL

Remark:

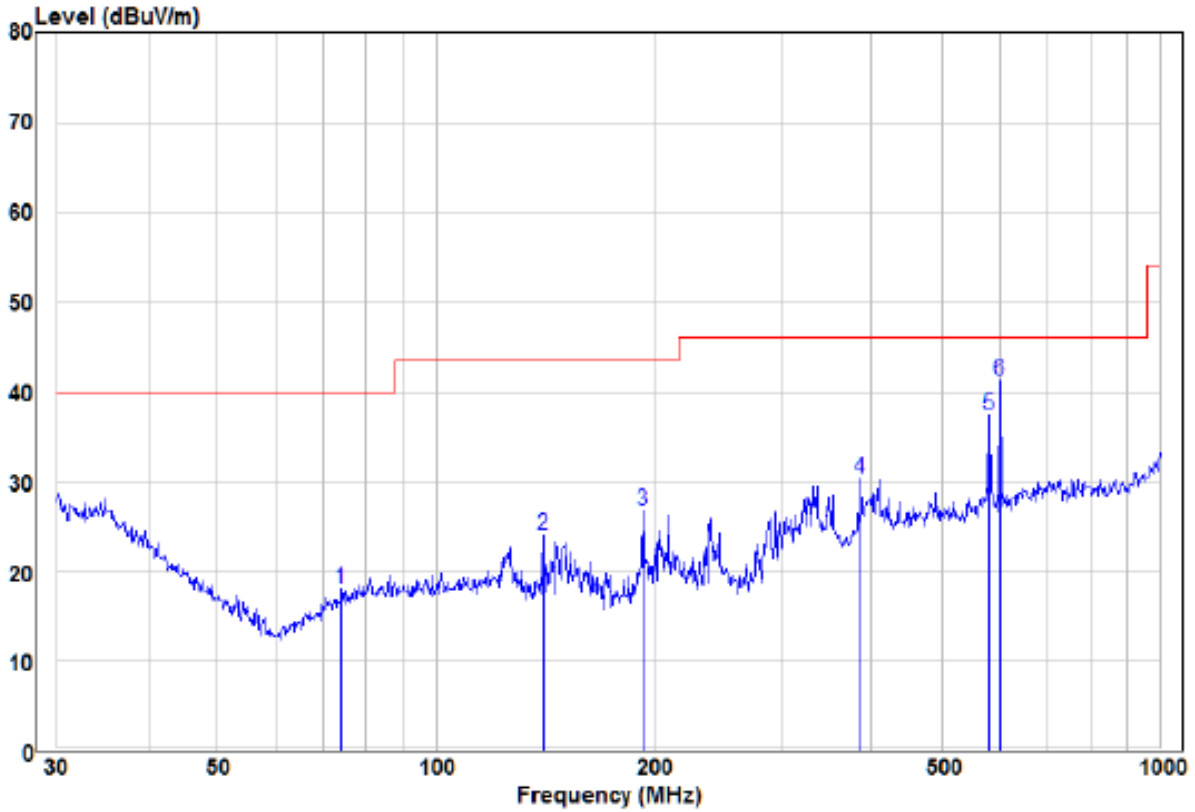
The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor,

Level = Read Level + Factor,

Over Limit=Level-Limit Line.

Test mode:	Transmitting	Horizontal
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	Read Freq	Read Level	Factor	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
	MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		
1	74.14	9.20	8.81	18.01	40.00	-21.99	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	140.84	15.63	8.35	23.98	43.50	-19.52	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	193.09	18.75	8.09	26.84	43.50	-16.66	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	386.63	16.35	13.93	30.28	46.00	-15.72	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	580.70	19.42	17.91	37.33	46.00	-8.67	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6 pp	601.43	23.10	18.23	41.33	46.00	-4.67	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor,

Level = Read Level + Factor,

Over Limit=Level-Limit Line.

6.8.2 Transmitter emission above 1GHz

Test mode:		802.11b(1Mbps)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
4824.000	52.32	-4.26	48.06	74	-25.94	peak	H
4824.000	36.34	-4.26	32.08	54	-21.92	AVG	H
7236.000	50.87	1.18	52.05	74	-21.95	peak	H
7236.000	38.41	1.18	39.59	54	-14.41	AVG	H
4824.000	54.84	-4.26	50.58	74	-23.42	peak	V
4824.000	39.10	-4.26	34.84	54	-19.16	AVG	V
7236.000	50.39	1.18	51.57	74	-22.43	peak	V
7236.000	36.10	1.18	37.28	54	-16.72	AVG	V

Test mode:		802.11b(1Mbps)		Test channel:		Middle	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
4874.000	52.10	-4.12	47.98	74	-26.02	peak	H
4874.000	36.11	-4.12	31.99	54	-22.01	AVG	H
7311.000	50.20	1.46	51.66	74	-22.34	peak	H
7311.000	35.18	1.46	36.64	54	-17.36	AVG	H
4874.000	52.41	-4.12	48.29	74	-25.71	peak	V
4874.000	37.80	-4.12	33.68	54	-20.32	AVG	V
7311.000	49.63	1.46	51.09	74	-22.91	peak	V
7311.000	35.41	1.46	36.87	54	-17.13	AVG	V

Test mode:		802.11b(1Mbps)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		H/V
4924.000	51.41	-4.03	47.38	74	-26.62	peak	H
4924.000	38.40	-4.03	34.37	54	-19.63	AVG	H
7386.000	49.60	1.66	51.26	74	-22.74	peak	H
7386.000	36.93	1.66	38.59	54	-15.41	AVG	H
4924.000	54.55	-4.03	50.52	74	-23.48	peak	V
4924.000	37.75	-4.03	33.72	54	-20.28	AVG	V
7386.000	49.42	1.66	51.08	74	-22.92	peak	V
7386.000	37.68	1.66	39.34	54	-14.66	AVG	V

Remark:

- 1) The 1Mbps of rate of 802.11b is the worst case.
- 2) The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Final Test Level} = \text{Receiver Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Factor} - \text{Preamplifier Factor}$$
- 3) Scan from 9kHz to 25GHz, The disturbance above 13GHz and below 30MHz was very low, and the above harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.

6.9 Restricted bands around fundamental frequency

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.209 and 15.205		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2013		
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)		
Limit:	Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m @3m)	Remark
	30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak Value
	88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak Value
	216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak Value
	960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak Value
	Above 1GHz	54.0	Average Value
		74.0	Peak Value

Test Setup:

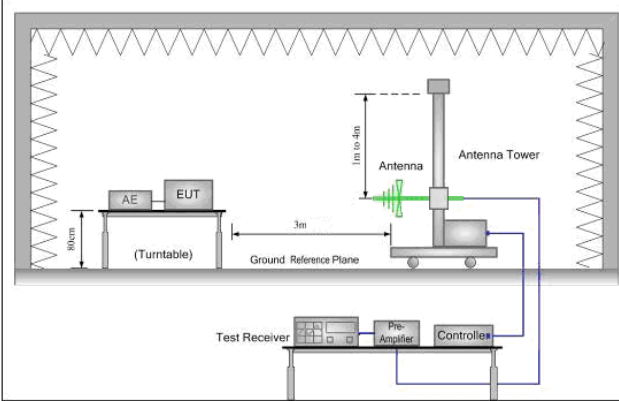


Figure 1. 30MHz to 1GHz

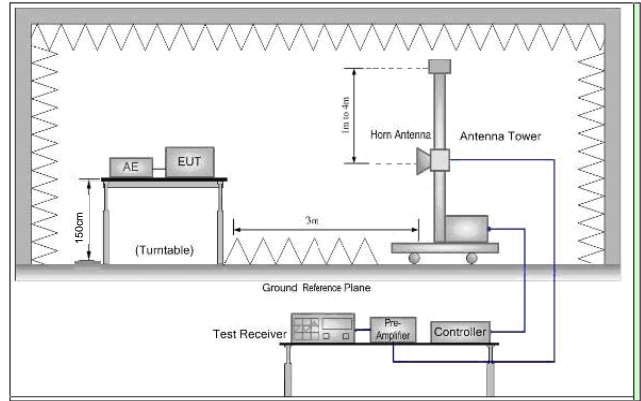


Figure 2. Above 1 GHz

Test Procedure:

- a. 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:
Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the

	<p>measurement.</p> <p>d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</p> <p>e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</p> <p>f. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel</p> <p>g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel , the Highest channel</p> <p>h. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.</p>
<p>Exploratory Test Mode:</p>	<p>Transmitting with all kind of modulations, data rates. Transmitting mode.</p>
<p>Final Test Mode:</p>	<p>Pretest the EUT at Transmitting mode, found the Transmitting mode which it is worse case Through Pre-scan, find the 1Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11b; 6Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11g ; 6.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT20) ; 13.5Mbps of rate is the worst case of 802.11n(HT40) Only the worst case is recorded in the report.</p>
<p>Test Results:</p>	<p>Pass</p>

Test data:

Worse case mode:		802.11b(1Mbps)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
2390.000	58.80	-9.2	49.60	74	-24.40	peak	H
2390.000	44.39	-9.2	35.19	54	-18.81	AVG	H
2400.000	59.85	-9.39	50.46	74	-23.54	peak	H
2400.000	46.54	-9.39	37.15	54	-16.85	AVG	H
2390.000	59.04	-9.2	49.84	74	-24.16	peak	V
2390.000	44.52	-9.2	35.32	54	-18.68	AVG	V
2400.000	60.15	-9.39	50.76	74	-23.24	peak	V
2400.000	46.39	-9.39	37.00	54	-17.00	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11b(1Mbps)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
2483.500	58.28	-9.29	48.99	74	-25.01	peak	H
2483.500	44.23	-9.29	34.94	54	-19.06	AVG	H
2483.500	58.10	-9.29	48.81	74	-25.19	peak	V
2483.500	46.03	-9.29	36.74	54	-17.26	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11g(6Mbps)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
2390.000	58.59	-9.2	49.39	74	-24.61	peak	H
2390.000	44.75	-9.2	35.55	54	-18.45	AVG	H
2400.000	60.02	-9.39	50.63	74	-23.37	peak	H
2400.000	46.79	-9.39	37.40	54	-16.60	AVG	H
2390.000	58.63	-9.2	49.43	74	-24.57	peak	V
2390.000	44.37	-9.2	35.17	54	-18.83	AVG	V
2400.000	59.35	-9.39	49.96	74	-24.04	peak	V
2400.000	46.65	-9.39	37.26	54	-16.74	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11g(6Mbps)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
2483.500	58.41	-9.29	49.12	74	-24.88	peak	H
2483.500	43.76	-9.29	34.47	54	-19.53	AVG	H
2483.500	57.57	-9.29	48.28	74	-25.72	peak	V
2483.500	45.66	-9.29	36.37	54	-17.63	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11n(HT20)(6.5Mbps)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
2390.000	58.86	-9.2	49.66	74	-24.34	peak	H
2390.000	44.28	-9.2	35.08	54	-18.92	AVG	H
2400.000	60.10	-9.39	50.71	74	-23.29	peak	H
2400.000	46.61	-9.39	37.22	54	-16.78	AVG	H
2390.000	58.62	-9.2	49.42	74	-24.58	peak	V
2390.000	44.41	-9.2	35.21	54	-18.79	AVG	V
2400.000	59.80	-9.39	50.41	74	-23.59	peak	V
2400.000	46.13	-9.39	36.74	54	-17.26	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11n(HT20)(6.5Mbps)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)		H/V
2483.500	57.54	-9.29	48.25	74	-25.75	peak	H
2483.500	43.55	-9.29	34.26	54	-19.74	AVG	H
2483.500	58.25	-9.29	48.96	74	-25.04	peak	V
2483.500	45.66	-9.29	36.37	54	-17.63	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11n(HT40)(13.5Mbps)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		H/V
2390.000	58.64	-9.2	49.44	74	-24.56	peak	H
2390.000	44.94	-9.2	35.74	54	-18.26	AVG	H
2400.000	59.59	-9.39	50.20	74	-23.80	peak	H
2400.000	46.57	-9.39	37.18	54	-16.82	AVG	H
2390.000	58.37	-9.2	49.17	74	-24.83	peak	V
2390.000	44.87	-9.2	35.67	54	-18.33	AVG	V
2400.000	59.58	-9.39	50.19	74	-23.81	peak	V
2400.000	46.41	-9.39	37.02	54	-16.98	AVG	V

Worse case mode:		802.11n(HT40)(13.5Mbps)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		H/V
2483.500	58.01	-9.29	48.72	74	-25.28	peak	H
2483.500	43.90	-9.29	34.61	54	-19.39	AVG	H
2483.500	58.33	-9.29	49.04	74	-24.96	peak	V
2483.500	46.25	-9.29	36.96	54	-17.04	AVG	V

Note:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Final Test Level} = \text{Receiver Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Factor} - \text{Preamplifier Factor}$$

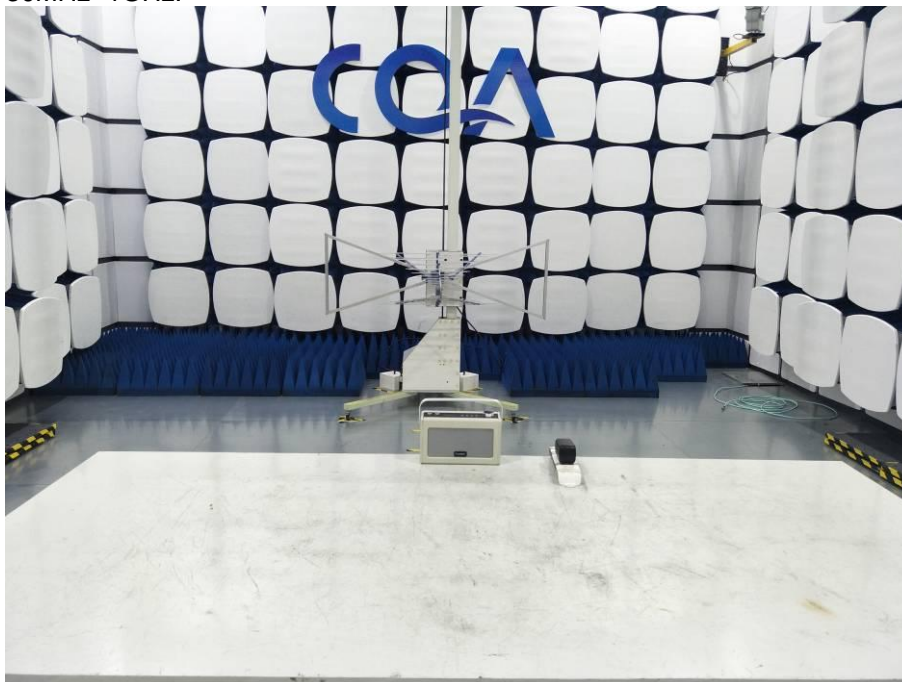
7 Photographs - EUT Test Setup

7.1 Radiated Spurious Emission

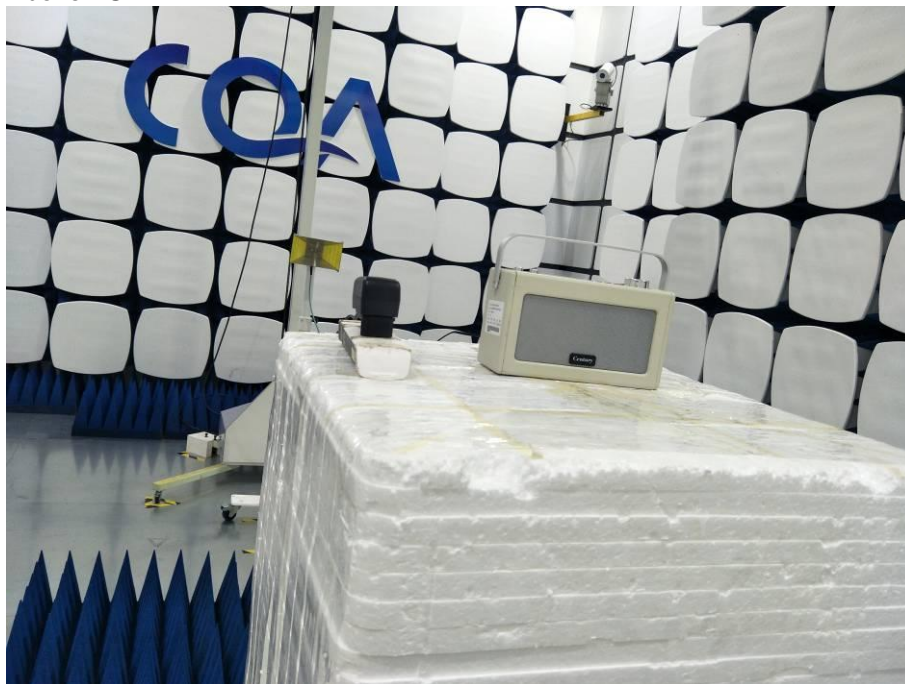
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30MHz~1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



7.2 Conducted Emission



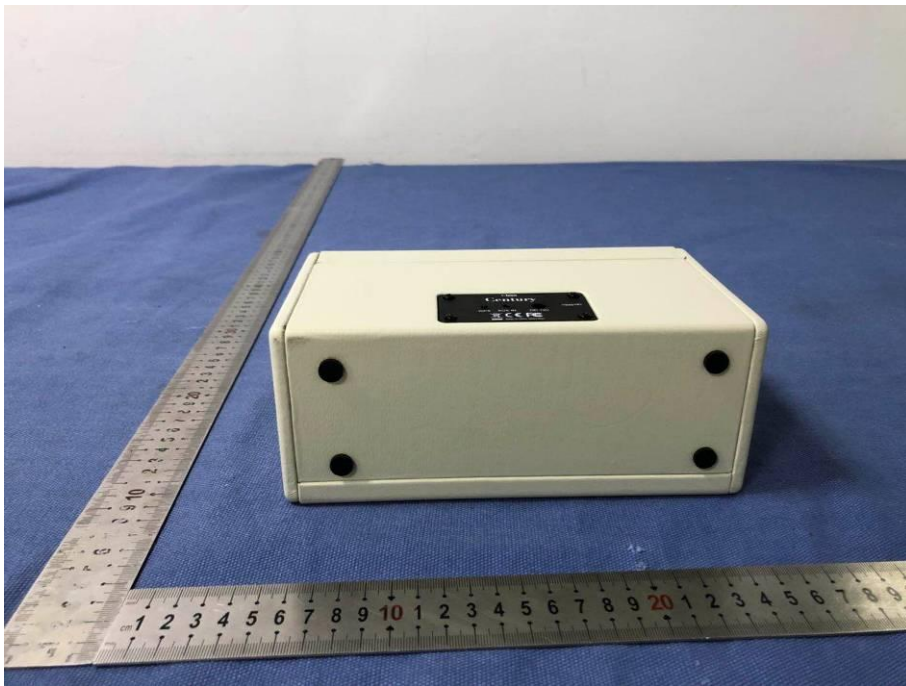
8 Photographs - EUT Constructional Details

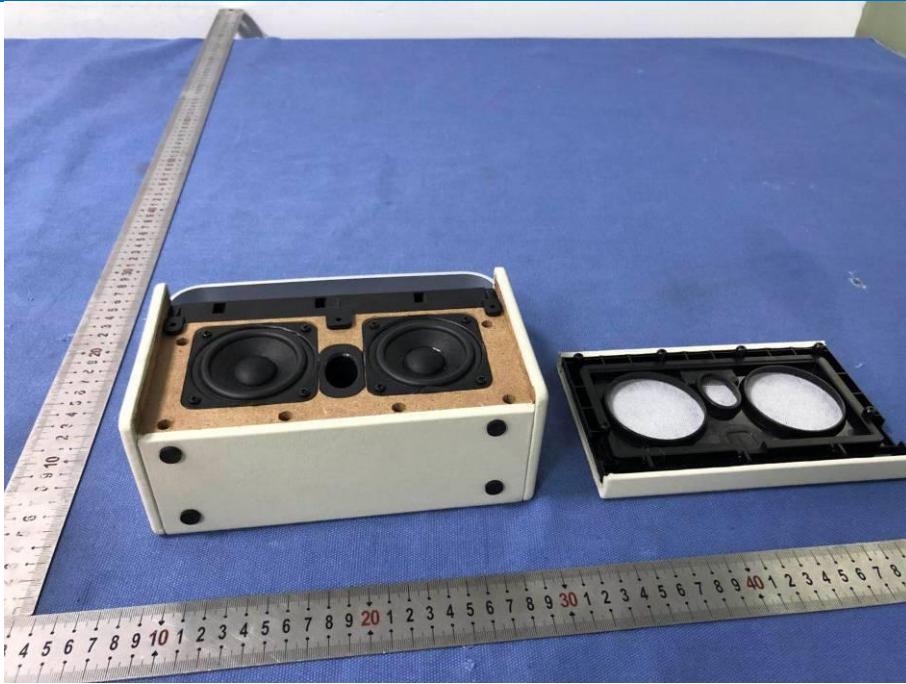
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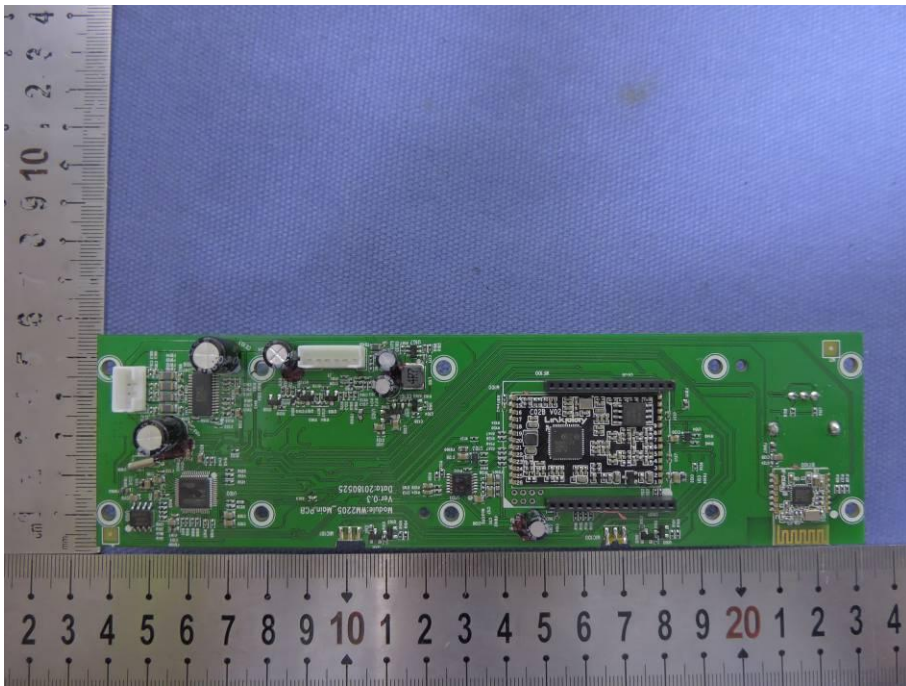
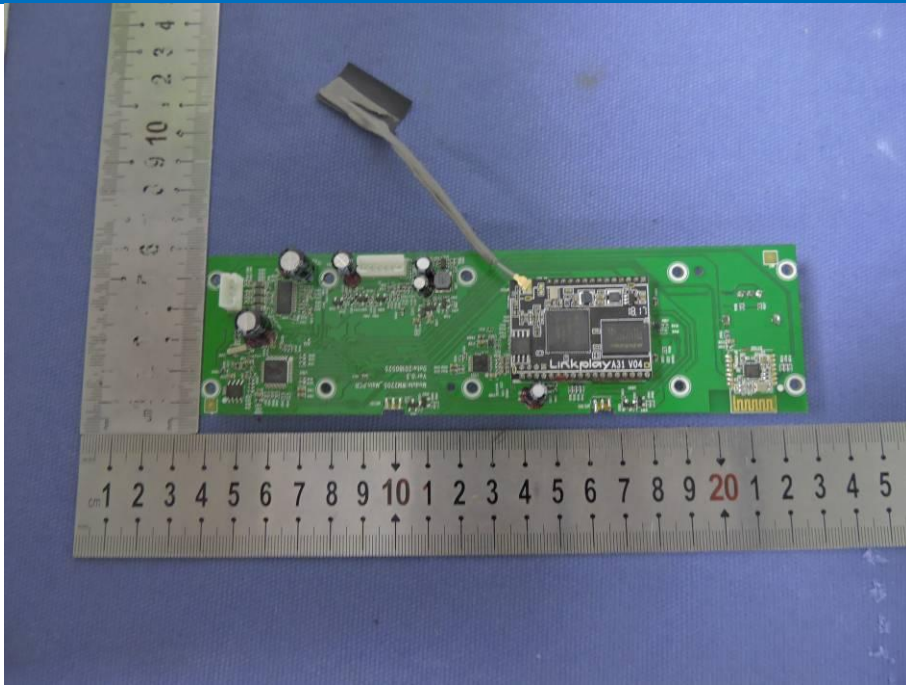


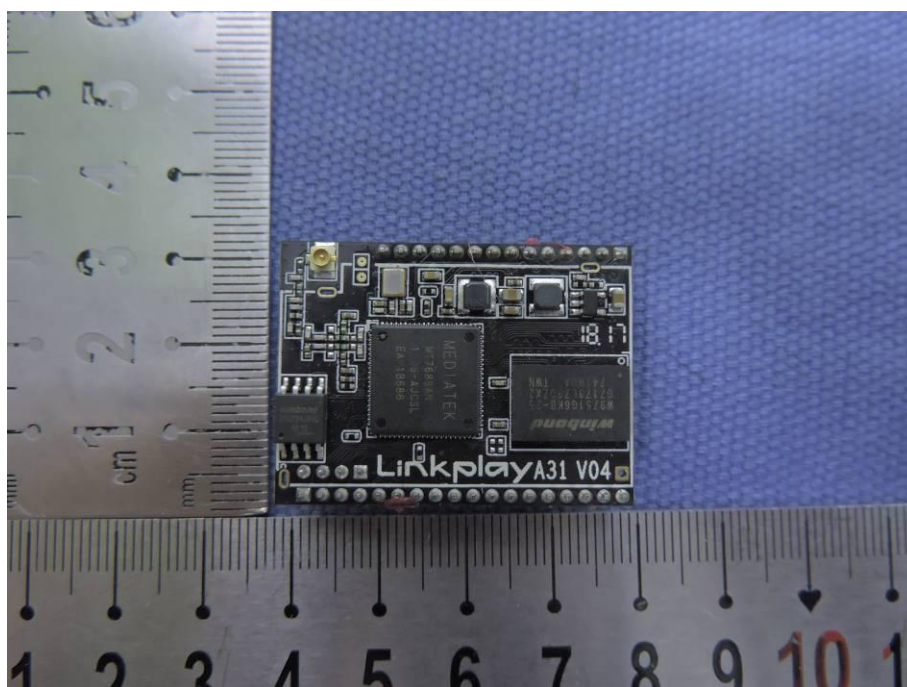
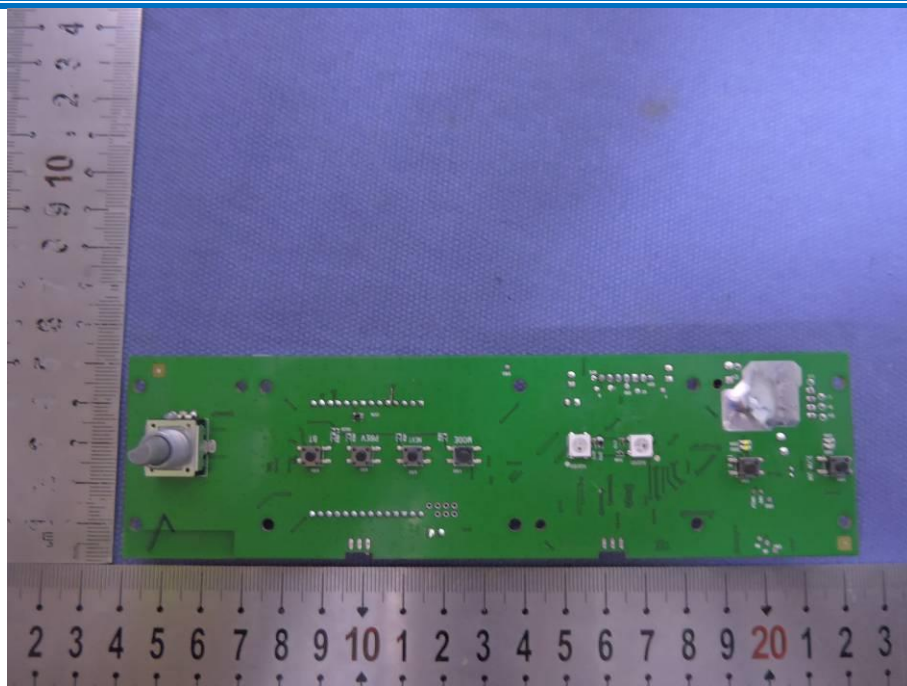


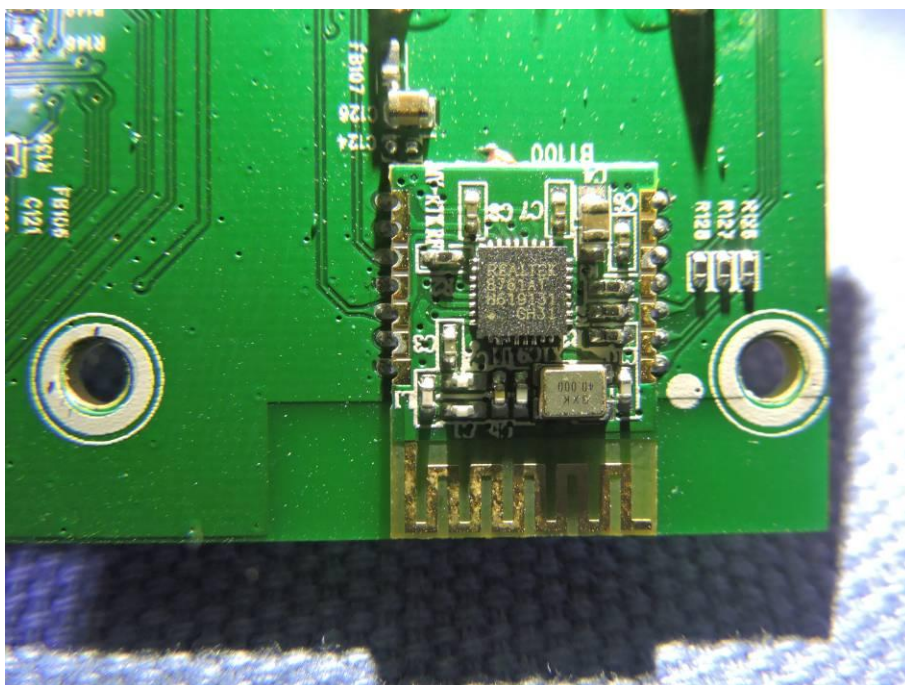
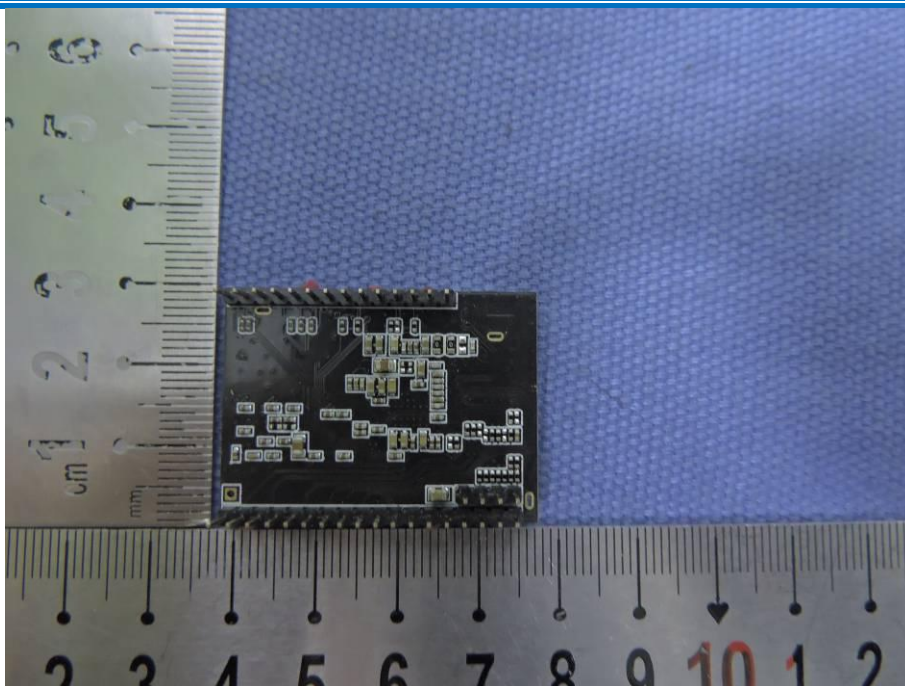












THE END