

# FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

## Test Report

<b>Equipment Under Test</b>	<b>DAVV SMART CRADLE 360</b>
<b>Model Name</b>	<b>OP-DP101GL-BK</b>
<b>FCC ID</b>	<b>2AO5Q-OP-DP101GL-BK</b>
<b>Applicant</b>	<b>OPUS ONE INC.</b>
<b>Manufacturer</b>	<b>HANBO ENC CO., LTD.</b>
<b>Date of Test(s)</b>	<b>2018. 02. 13 ~ 2018. 02. 22</b>
<b>Date of Issue</b>	<b>2018. 03. 16</b>

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

<b>Issue to</b>	<b>Issue by</b>
<b>OPUS ONE INC.</b>  20, Pangyo-ro 289beon-gil, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea  Tel.: +82-31-717-1425 Tel.: +82-31-717-1435	<b>MOVON CORPORATION</b>  498-2, Geumeo-ro, Pogok-eup, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-812  Tel.: +82-31-338-8837 Fax: +82-31-338-8847



## Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Description	Revised by
--	Mar 16, 2018	Initial	--

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## 1. Attestation of test result

### 1.1. Details of applicant

Applicant : OPUS ONE INC.  
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Contact Person : Sang In Baek  
Telephone : +82-31-717-1425  
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### 1.2. Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer : HANBO ENC CO., LTD.  
Address : 10, Nambusunhwon-ro 57-gil, Yangcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea

### 1.3. Summary of test results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications;

Section in FCC part 15	Description	Result
§15.205 §15.209 §15.247(d)	Transmitter radiated spurious emissions, Conducted spurious emission	C
§15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	C
§15.207(a)	AC Conducted power line test	C
§15.247(b)(e)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	C
§15.247(e)	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	C
§1.1307(b)(1)	RF exposure evaluation	C
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	C

The sample was tested according to the following specification:

**FCC Parts 15.247; ANSI C63.4:2014, ANSI C63.10:2013**

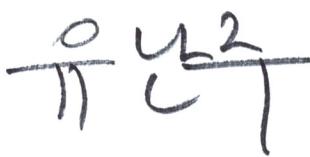
**FCC Public Notice KDB 558074 D01 v04**

**TEST SITE REGISTRATION NUMBER: FCC(KR0151)**

#### \* Abbreviation

C Complied  
N/A Not applicable  
F Fail

#### Approval Signatories

Test and Report Completed by :	Report Approval by :
	
Nanju Yoo Test Engineer MOVON CORPORATION	Issac Jin Technical Manager MOVON CORPORATION

## 2. EUT Description

<b>Kind of product</b>	DAVV SMART CRADLE 360
<b>FCC ID</b>	2AO5Q-OP-DP101GL-BK
<b>Model Name</b>	OP-DP101GL-BK
<b>Serial Number</b>	N/A
<b>Power supply</b>	DC 5.0 V
<b>Frequency range</b>	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz (802.11n20) 2 422 MHz ~ 2 452 MHz (802.11n40)
<b>Modulation technique</b>	OFDM
<b>Number of channels</b>	11 (802.11n20) 7 (802.11n40)
<b>Antenna gain</b>	2.82 dB i (Max.)
<b>Test Site Registration Number</b>	FCC(KR0151)

### 2.1. Declarations by the manufacturer

None

### 2.2. Details of modification

None

### 2.3. Table for Test Modes (WLAN)

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate to find the worst radiated emission.

The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item.

Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases.

The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Mode	Data rate (Worst case)	Channel No. (Freq. MHz)
<b>802.11n_20</b>	MCS0	<b>01</b> (2 412) / <b>06</b> (2 437) / <b>11</b> (2 462)
<b>802.11n_40</b>	MCS0	<b>03</b> (2 422) / <b>06</b> (2 437) / <b>09</b> (2 452)

### 2.4 Duty Cycle of EUT

Duty Cycle of EUT is  $\geq 98\%$ , duty factor is not required.

Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
<b>802.11n_20</b>	Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$	-
<b>802.11n_40</b>	Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$	-

### 3. Measurement equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number	Calibration Interval	Calibration due.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS30	829673/015	1 year	2018-12-07
Signal Generator	R&S	SMA100A	102188	1 year	2018-05-30
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV-40	100832	1 year	2018-05-30
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41290645	1 year	2018-05-30
Power Sensor	Agilent	9327A	US40441490	1 year	2018-05-30
Power Module	R&S	OSP120	100905	1 year	2018-12-08
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100236	2 year	2019-04-25
Horn Antenna	AH Systems	SAS-572	269	2 year	2019-08-01
Horn Antenna	AH Systems	SAS-573	164	2 year	2018-05-30
Bi-Log Ant.	S/B	VULB 9161SE	9161-4159	2 year	2018-06-14
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AM-1431	1497315	1 year	2018-05-30
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS43-01002600	1374382	1 year	2018-11-03
Controller	INNCO	CO2000	cc200/064/6961003/L	N/A	N/A
Antenna Master	INNCO	MA4000	MA4000/038/6961003/L	N/A	N/A
Loop Antenna	ETS LINDGREN	6502	00118166	2 year	2018-10-31
TWO LINE-V-NETWORK	R&S	ESH3-Z5	100296	1 year	2018-12-07
Low Noise Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA18H	170013-L	1 year	2018-06-02
AMPLIFIER	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	301N	185428	1 year	2018-12-07

※ Remark;  
**Support equipment**

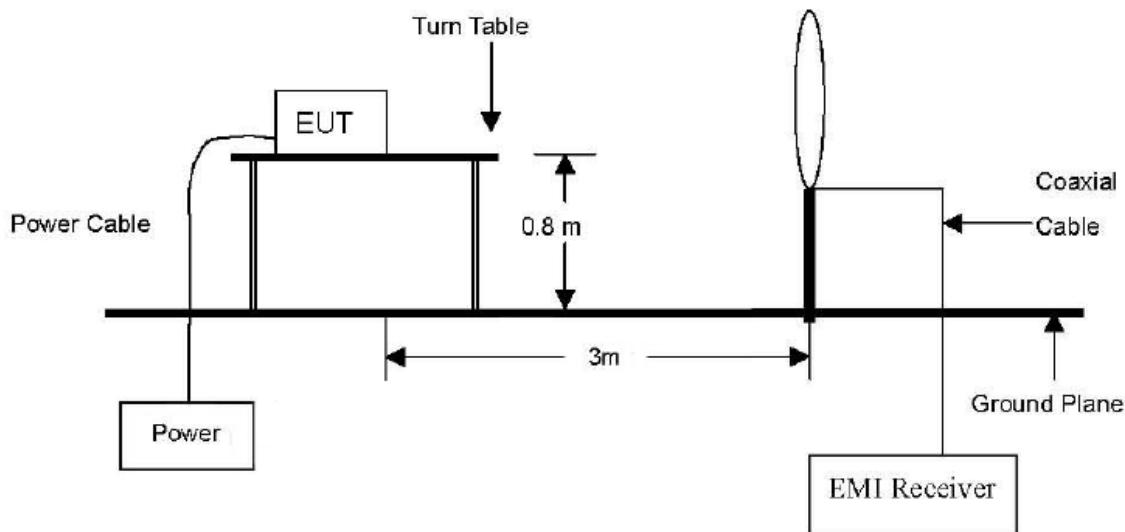
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number
Notebook computer	DELL	Latitude D510	-

## 4. Transmitter radiated spurious emissions and conducted spurious emissions

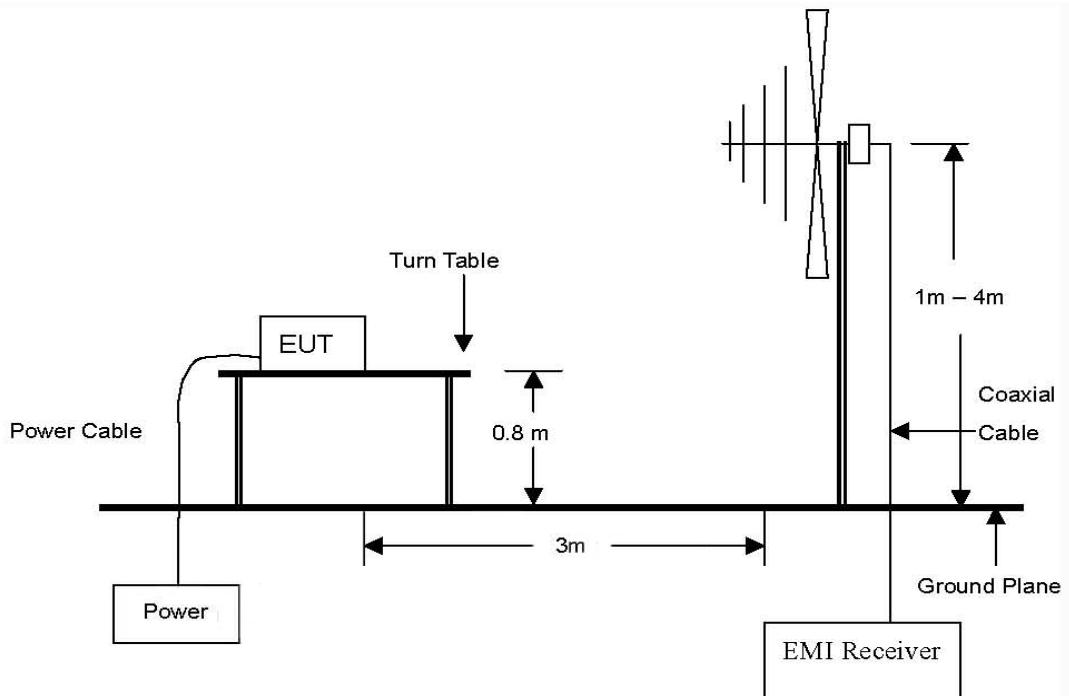
### 4.1. Test setup

#### 4.1.1. Transmitter radiated spurious emissions

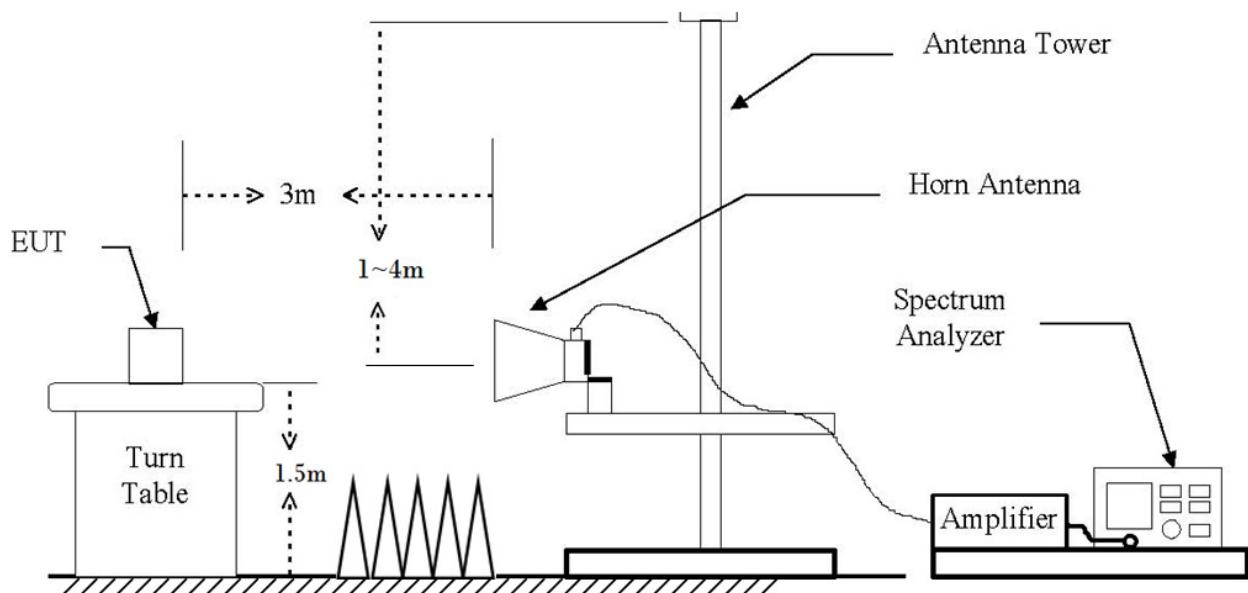
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9kHz to 30MHz Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions.



**4.2. Limit**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based in either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.209(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated at 3M (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Radiated ( $\mu$ V/m)
0.009–0.490	300		2400/F(kHz)
0.490–1.705	30	See the remark	24000/F(kHz)
1.705–30.0	30		30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

#### 4.3. Test procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2014  
In case of the air temperature of the test site is out of the range is 10 to 40°C before the testing  
proceeds the warm-up time of EUT maintain adequately

##### 4.3.1. Test procedures for radiated spurious emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m (Below 1 GHz.) / 1.5 m (Above 1 GHz) above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

※ Remark:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 10 kHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency below 30 MHz
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) or Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
4. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

##### 4.3.2. Test procedures for conducted spurious emissions

All data rates and modes were investigated for conducted spurious emissions. Only the conducted emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

Per the guidance of KDB 558074, section 5.4.1.1, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 kHz. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 4.4.4. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 30 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth.

#### 4.4. Test result

Ambient temperature: 26 °C

Relative humidity: 46 % R.H.

##### 4.4.1. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum from 9kHz to 30 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB. All reading values are peak values.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

##### -802.11n20

###### A. Low channel (2 412 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

###### B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

###### C. High channel (2 462 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

##### ※ Remark

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. Limit line = specific Limits (dB $\mu$ V) + Distance extrapolation factor
3. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

**-802.11n40**
**A. Low channel (2 422 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

**B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

**C. High channel (2 452 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

**※ Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. Limit line = specific Limits (dB $\mu$ V) + Distance extrapolation factor
3. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

#### 4.4.2. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB. All reading values are peak values.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

#### -802.11n20

##### A. Low channel (2 412 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	ANT+C.L-AMP (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
43.05	43.2	Peak	V	-19.3	23.9	40.0	16.1
49.36	47.2	Peak	V	-19.7	27.5	40.0	12.5
52.88	37.3	Peak	H	-19.7	17.6	40.0	22.4
95.83	49.3	Peak	V	-21.3	28.0	43.5	15.5
103.59	49.1	Peak	V	-20.7	28.4	43.5	15.1
Above 200.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

##### B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	ANT+C.L-AMP (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
43.15	42.1	Peak	V	-19.3	22.8	40.0	17.2
49.43	46.4	Peak	V	-19.7	26.7	40.0	13.3
52.95	36.5	Peak	H	-19.7	16.8	40.0	23.2
96.13	48.4	Peak	V	-21.3	27.1	43.5	16.4
103.48	48.5	Peak	V	-20.7	27.8	43.5	15.7
Above 200.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**C. High channel (2 462 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	ANT+C.L-AMP (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
42.26	43.5	Peak	V	-19.3	24.2	40.0	15.8
48.56	47.3	Peak	V	-19.7	27.6	40.0	12.4
53.10	35.9	Peak	H	-19.7	16.2	40.0	23.8
95.85	48.6	Peak	V	-21.3	27.3	43.5	16.2
102.89	47.6	Peak	V	-20.7	26.9	43.5	16.6
Above 200.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**-802.11n40**
**A. Low channel (2 422 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	ANT+C.L-AMP (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
50.59	53.6	Peak	V	-19.8	33.8	40.0	6.2
97.94	52.4	Peak	V	-21.1	31.3	43.5	12.2
103.06	52.4	Peak	V	-20.8	31.6	43.5	11.9
133.00	41.1	Peak	V	-14.5	26.6	43.5	16.9
Above 200.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**※ Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

**B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	ANT+C.L-AMP (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
51.48	53.2	Peak	V	-19.8	33.4	40.0	6.6
96.85	52.6	Peak	V	-21.1	31.5	43.5	12.0
103.64	53.1	Peak	V	-20.8	32.3	43.5	11.2
132.38	42.0	Peak	V	-14.5	27.5	43.5	16.0
Above 200.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**C. High channel (2 452 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	ANT+C.L-AMP (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
50.31	52.5	Peak	V	-19.8	32.7	40.0	7.3
97.55	51.8	Peak	V	-21.1	30.7	43.5	12.8
102.98	52.9	Peak	V	-20.8	32.1	43.5	11.4
133.13	41.4	Peak	V	-14.5	26.9	43.5	16.6
Above 200.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**※ Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

#### 4.4.3. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

#### -802.11n20

##### A. Low channel (2 412 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 820.59	68.64	Peak	H	32.86	45.23	56.27	74.00	17.73
4 823.77	57.30	Average	H	32.86	45.23	44.93	54.00	9.07
4 821.46	61.88	Peak	V	32.86	45.23	49.51	74.00	24.49
4 822.57	51.95	Average	V	32.86	45.23	39.58	54.00	14.42
Above 5000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

##### B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 868.20	66.32	Peak	H	32.86	45.23	53.95	74.00	20.05
4 863.57	54.69	Average	H	32.86	45.23	42.32	54.00	11.68
4 867.15	56.85	Peak	V	32.86	45.23	44.48	74.00	29.52
4 862.43	49.87	Average	V	32.86	45.23	37.50	54.00	16.50
Above 5000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**C. High channel (2 462 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 931.59	68.49	Peak	H	32.86	45.06	56.29	74.00	17.71
4 924.06	54.02	Average	H	32.86	45.06	41.82	54.00	12.18
4 933.25	62.18	Peak	V	32.86	45.06	49.98	74.00	24.02
4 928.14	46.80	Average	V	32.86	45.06	34.60	54.00	19.40
Above 5000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**-802.11n40**
**A. Low channel (2 422 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 833.53	62.88	Peak	H	32.86	45.23	50.51	74.00	23.49
4 837.88	50.13	Average	H	32.86	45.23	37.76	54.00	16.24
4 835.49	55.87	Peak	V	32.86	45.23	43.50	74.00	30.50
4 835.63	42.87	Average	V	32.86	45.23	30.50	54.00	23.50
Above 5000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 853.02	62.84	Peak	H	32.86	45.23	50.47	74.00	23.53
4 858.08	52.50	Average	H	32.86	45.23	40.13	54.00	13.87
4 861.23	54.24	Peak	V	32.86	45.23	41.87	74.00	32.13
4 859.37	44.24	Average	V	32.86	45.23	31.87	54.00	22.13
Above 5000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**C. High channel (2 452 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 898.91	63.40	Peak	H	32.86	45.23	51.03	74.00	22.97
4 897.47	49.30	Average	H	32.86	45.23	36.93	54.00	17.07
4 898.36	54.07	Peak	V	32.86	45.23	41.70	74.00	32.30
4 895.36	41.97	Average	V	32.86	45.23	29.60	54.00	24.40
Above 5000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**※ Remark**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental Frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor - Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. 15.31 Measurement standards.

**THE AMPLITUDE OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS FROM INTENTIONAL RADIATORS AND EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS WHICH ARE ATTENUATED MORE THAN 20 DB BELOW THE PERMISSIBLE VALUE NEED NOT BE REPORTED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED ELSEWHERE IN THIS PART.**

## 4.5 Radiated Band Edge

### 4.5.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. If the output power of this device was measured by spectrum analyzer, the attenuation under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in test restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 – 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 4.5.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v04
2. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.
3. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground.
4. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
5. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
6. For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
7. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold;
  - (3) Set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW= 3MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz for peak measurement. For average measurement:
    - VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle is no less than 98 percent.

#### 4.5.3. Test Result

##### -802.11n20

###### A. 2 310 - 2 390 MHz measurement

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp+CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 399.99	89.00	Peak	H	28.09	47.36	69.73	74.00	4.27
2 399.99	71.15	Average	H	28.09	47.36	51.88	54.00	2.12
2 399.99	79.55	Peak	V	28.09	47.36	60.28	74.00	13.72
2 399.99	65.00	Average	V	28.09	47.36	45.73	54.00	8.27

###### B. 2 483.5 – 2 500 MHz measurement

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp+CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.51	67.42	Peak	H	28.09	47.36	48.15	74.00	25.85
2 483.51	50.20	Average	H	28.09	47.36	30.93	54.00	23.07
2 483.51	58.65	Peak	V	28.09	47.36	39.38	74.00	34.62
2 483.51	42.40	Average	V	28.09	47.36	23.13	54.00	30.87

##### -802.11n40

###### A. 2 310 - 2 390 MHz measurement

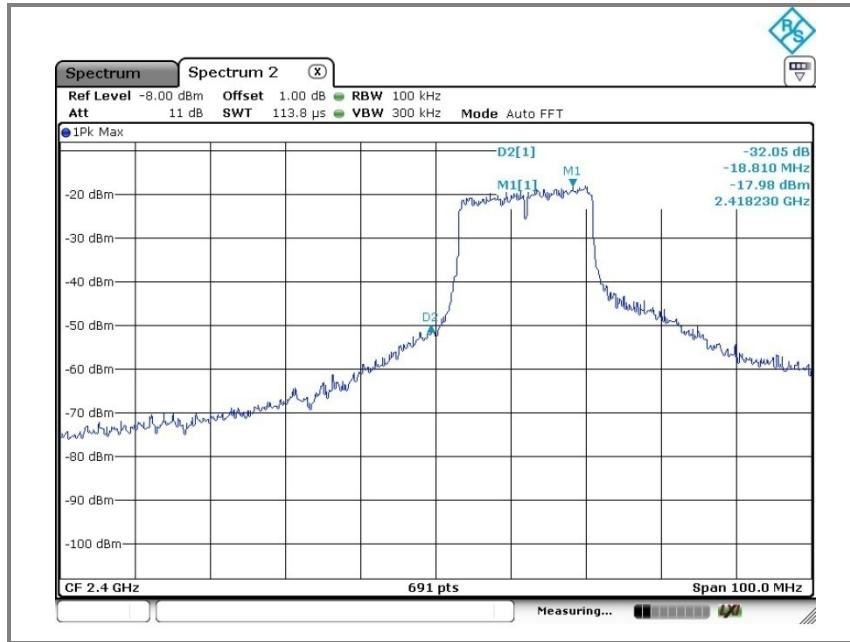
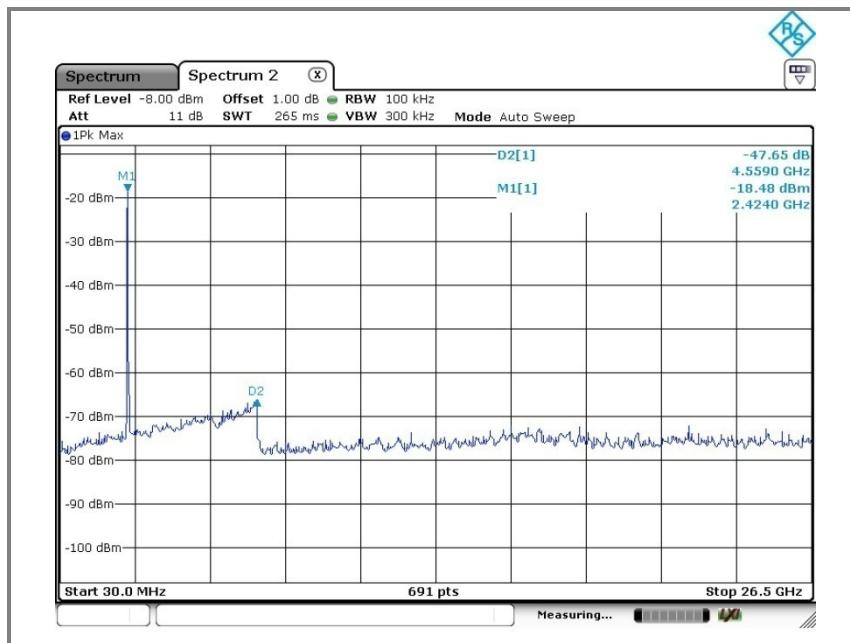
Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp+CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 398.62	79.52	Peak	H	28.09	47.36	60.25	74.00	13.75
2 399.99	65.54	Average	H	28.09	47.36	46.27	54.00	7.73
2 398.68	73.60	Peak	V	28.09	47.36	54.33	74.00	19.67
2 399.99	60.46	Average	V	28.09	47.36	41.19	54.00	12.81

###### B. 2 483.5 – 2 500 MHz measurement

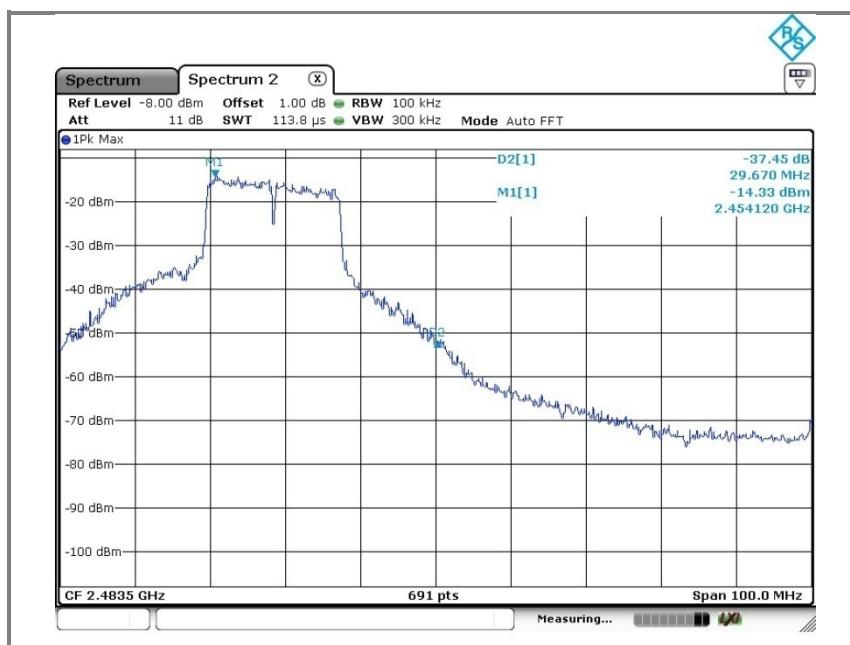
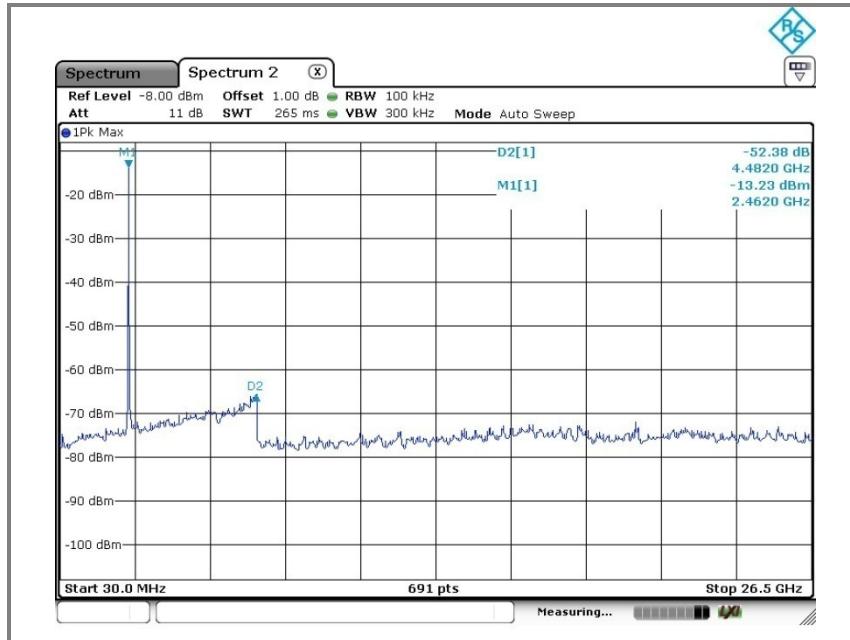
Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp+CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 484.35	64.14	Peak	H	28.09	47.36	44.87	74.00	29.13
2 483.51	51.78	Average	H	28.09	47.36	32.51	54.00	21.49
2 484.18	57.39	Peak	V	28.09	47.36	38.12	74.00	35.88
2 483.51	43.58	Average	V	28.09	47.36	24.31	54.00	29.69

Operation mode: 802.11n20

A. Low channel(2.412 MHz)

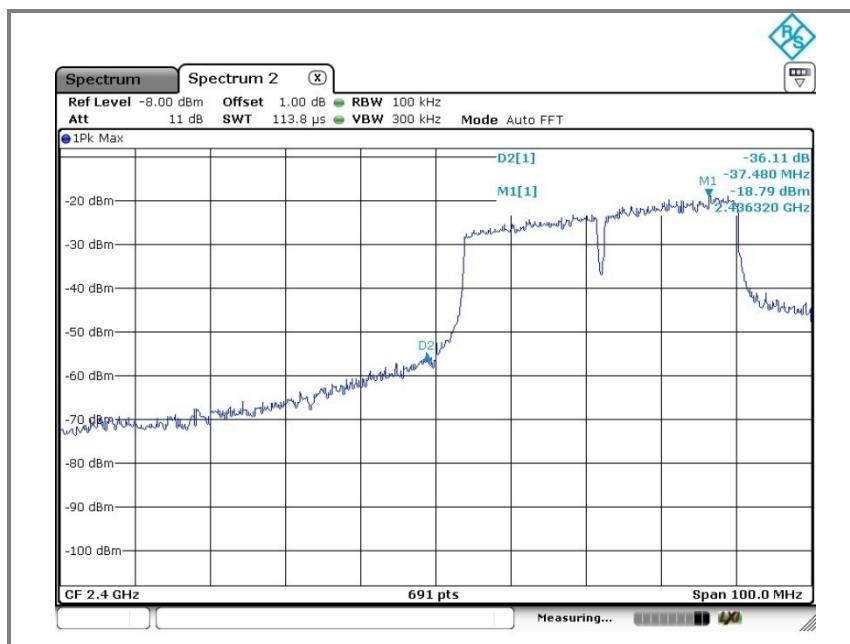
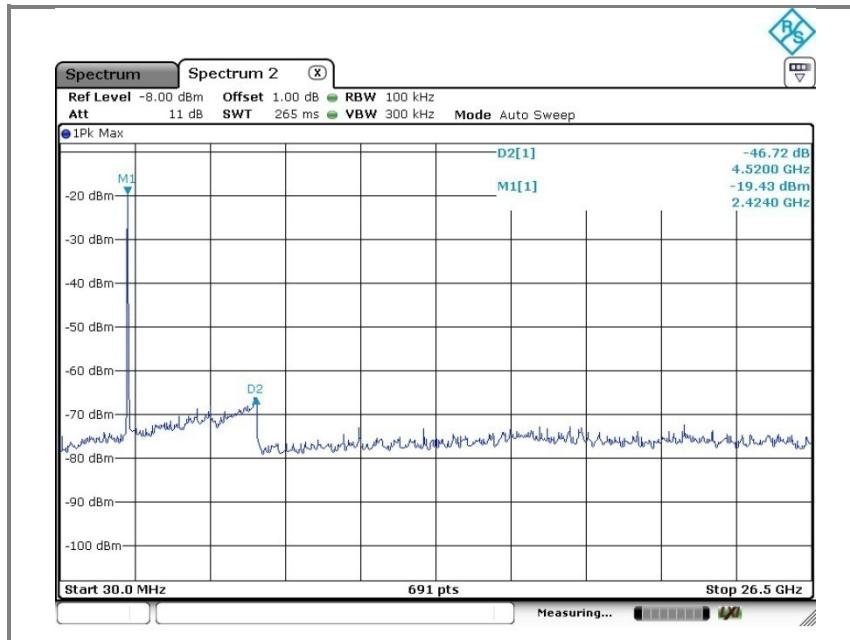


**B. High channel(2.462 MHz)**

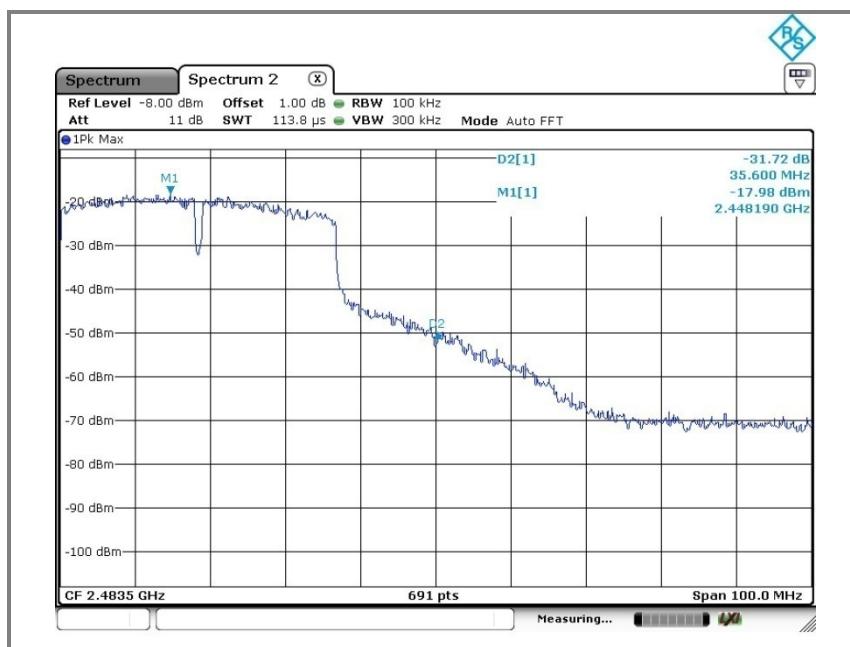
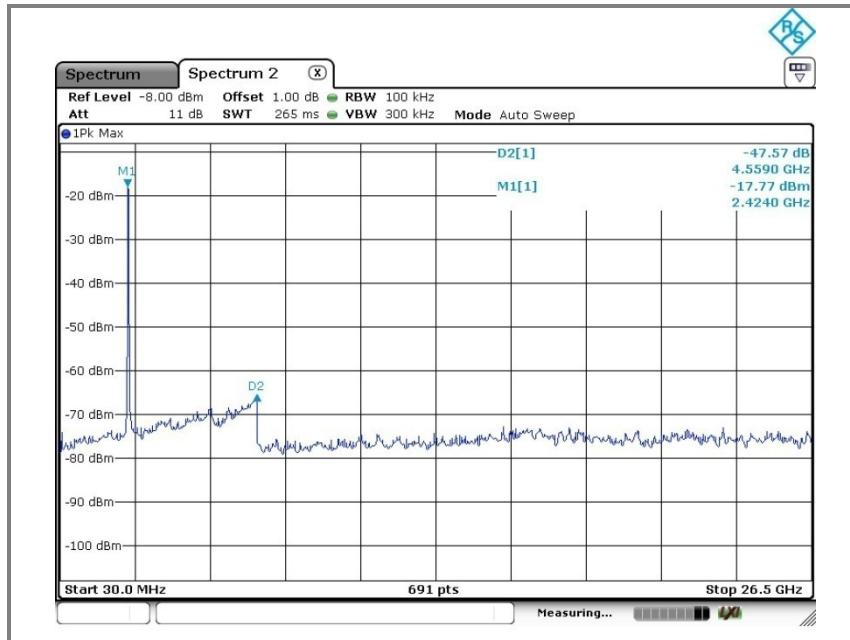


Operation mode: 802.11n40

**A. Low channel(2.422 MHz)**

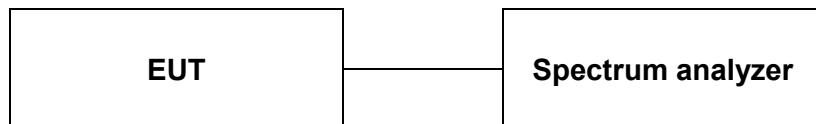


**B. High channel(2.452 MHz)**



## 5. 6 dB bandwidth

### 5.1. Test setup



### 5.2. Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2 400~2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725~5 825 MHz bands. The minimum of 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

### 5.3. Test procedure

1. The 6 dB band width was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer. Display Line and Marker Delta functions, the 6 dB band width of the emission was determined.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100kHz, VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW, Span= 2 times the DTS bandwidth  
Detector = peak, Trace = max hold, Sweep=auto couple

### 5.4. Test results

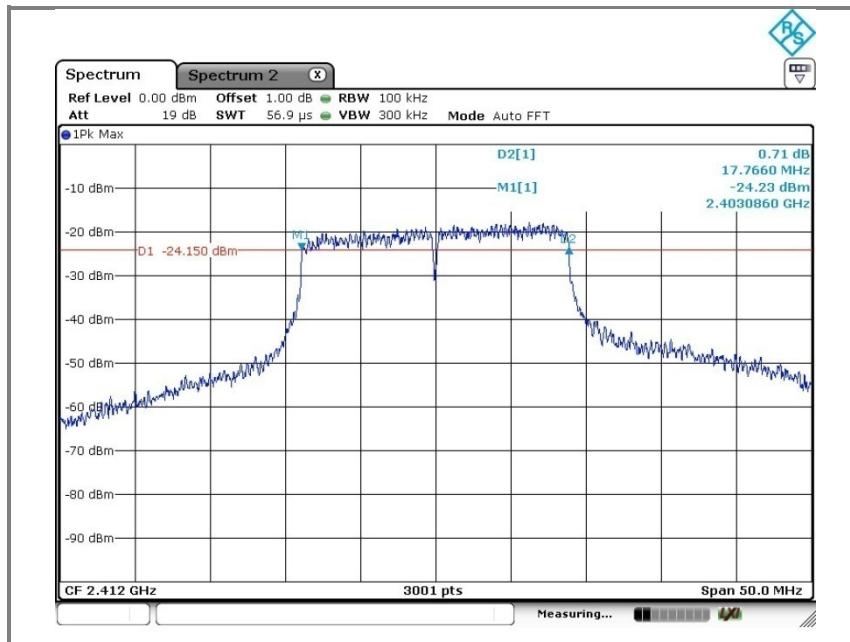
Ambient temperature: 26 °C

Relative humidity: 46 % R.H.

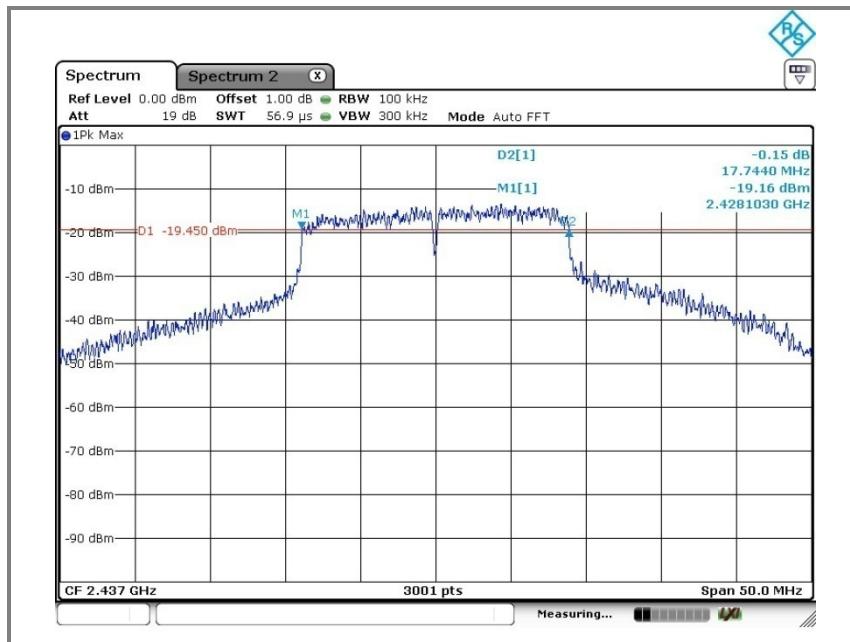
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	6 dB bandwidth(MHz)
802.11n20	2 412	17.766
	2 437	17.744
	2 462	17.694
802.11n40	2 422	28.024
	2 437	33.151
	2 452	34.479

**-802.11n20**

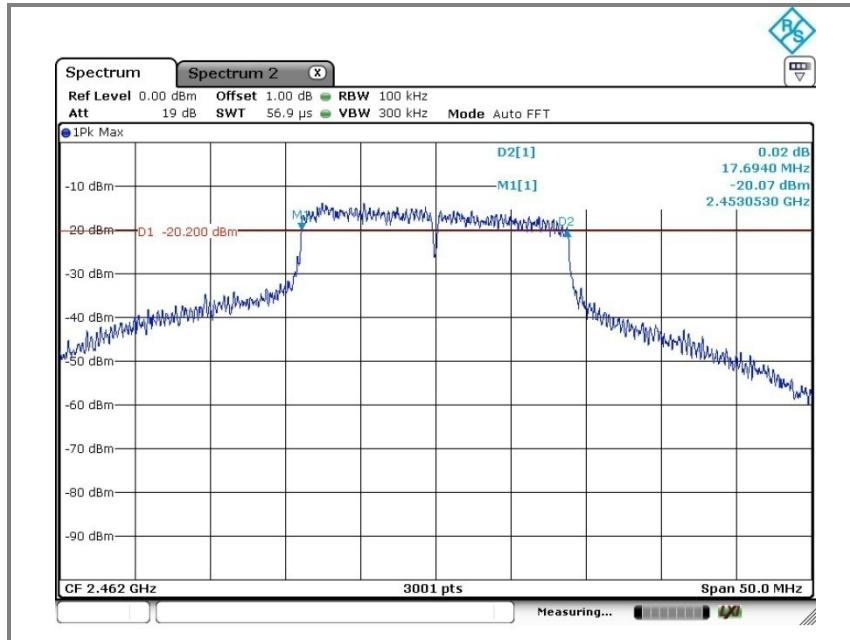
**A. Low channel (2.412 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel (2.437 MHz)**

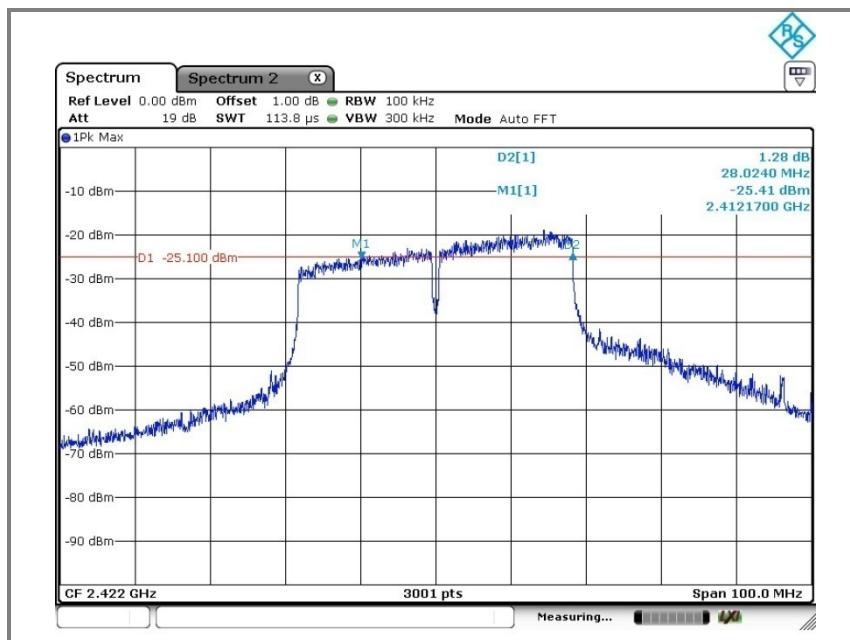


**C. High channel (2 462 MHz)**

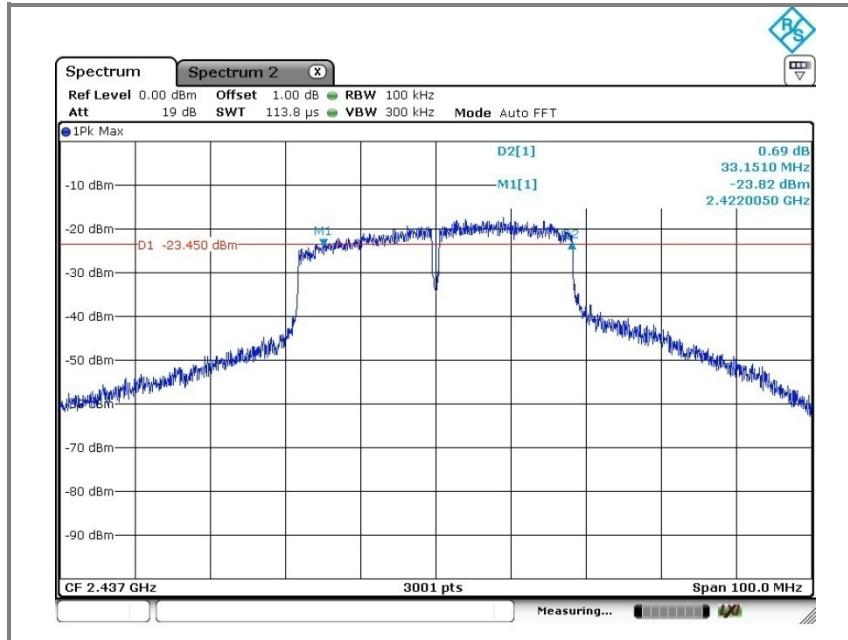


**-802.11n40**

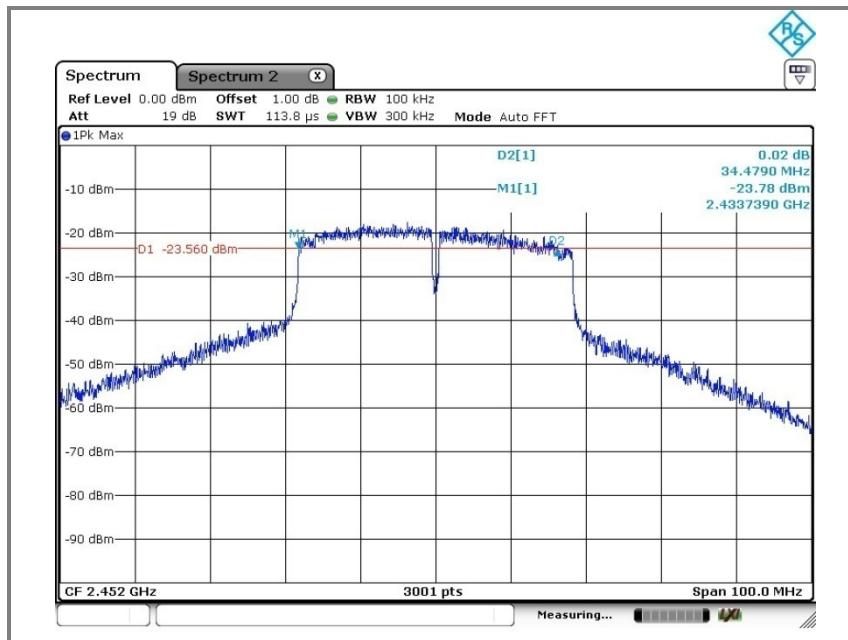
**A. Low channel (2 422 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**



**C. High channel (2 452 MHz)**



## 6. Maximum Output Power Measurement

### 6.1. Test setup.



### 6.2. Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 6 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400 – 2 483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725 – 5 805 MHz band: 1 Watt.

### 6.3 Test procedure

Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power is measured using the following procedure (RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth).

1. Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
2. Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW. / Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
4. Sweep time = auto couple
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize
8. Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### 6.4 Test results

Ambient temperature: 26 °C

Relative humidity: 46 % R.H.

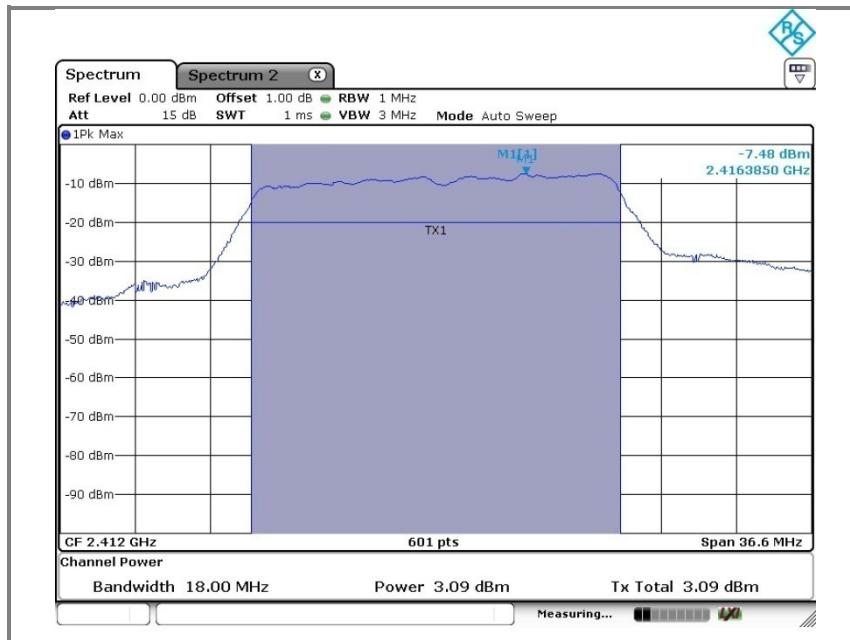
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
802.11g	2 412	3.09	30
	2 437	7.36	
	2 462	6.98	
802.11n20	2 422	3.97	30
	2 437	5.93	
	2 452	6.16	

#### ※ Remark

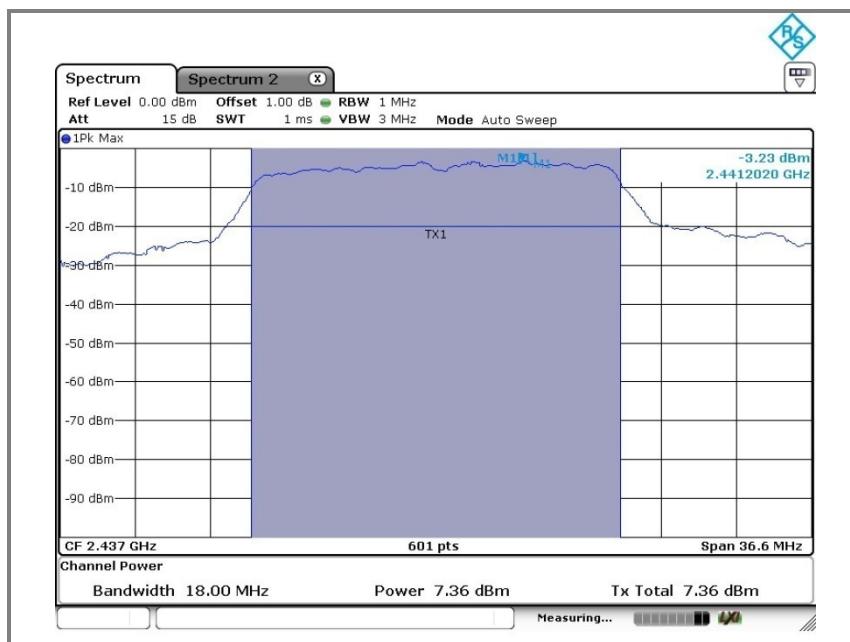
Duty Cycle of EUT is  $\geq 98\%$ , duty factor is not required.

Operation mode: 802.11n20

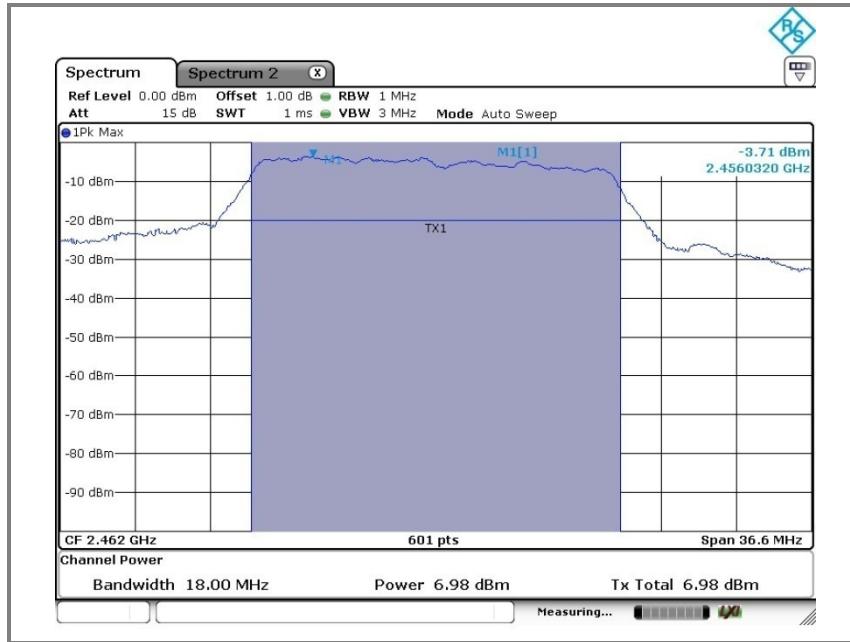
**A. Low channel(2.412 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel(2.437 MHz)**

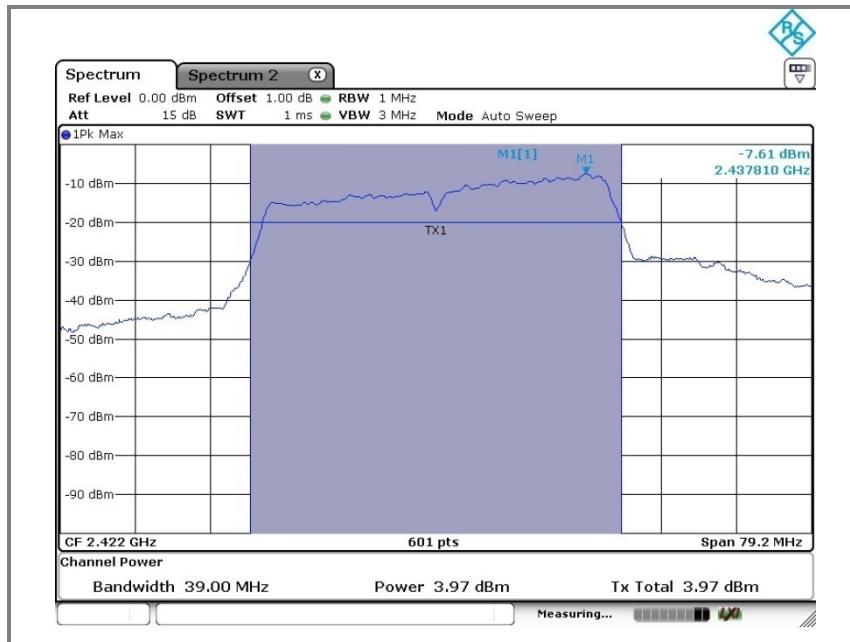


**C. High channel(2.462 MHz)**

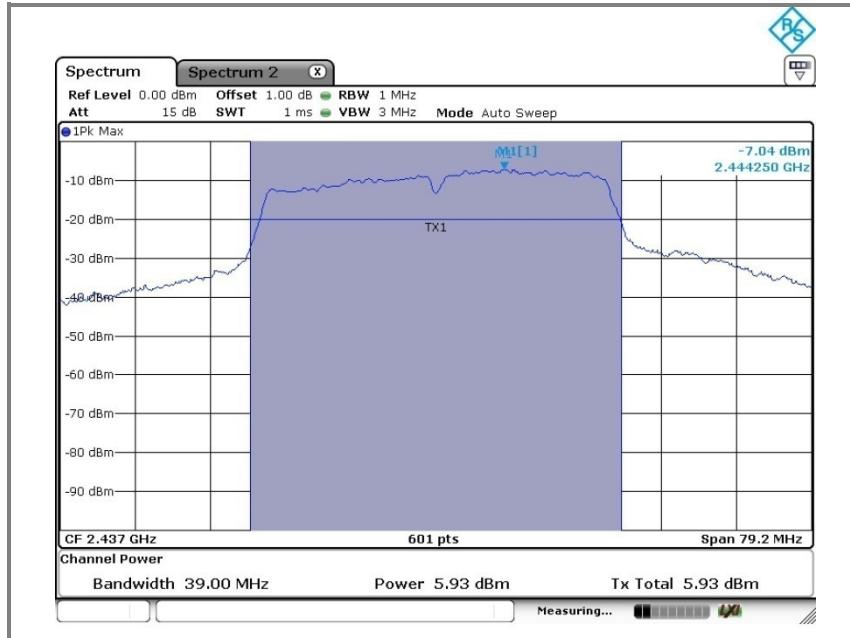


**Operation mode: 802.11n40**

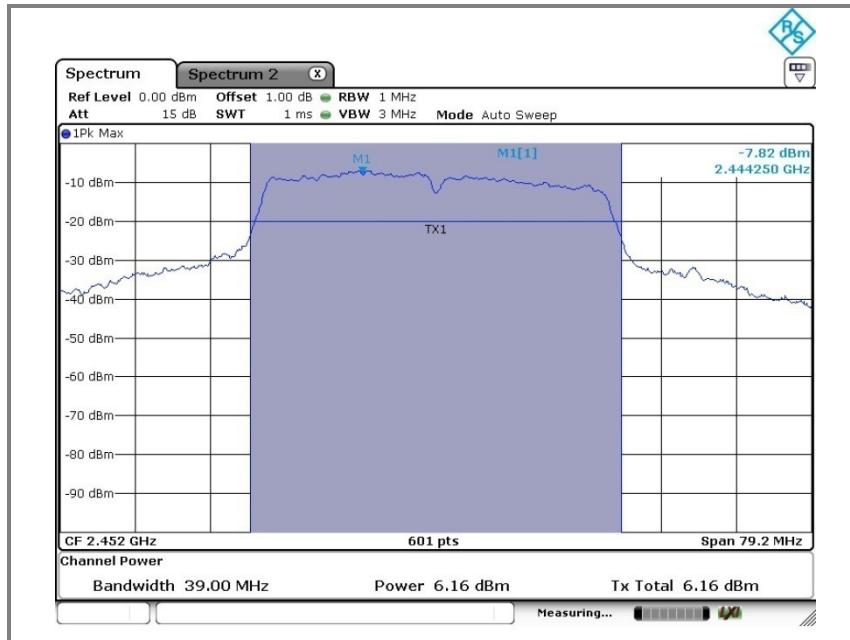
**A. Low channel(2.422 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel(2.437 MHz)**

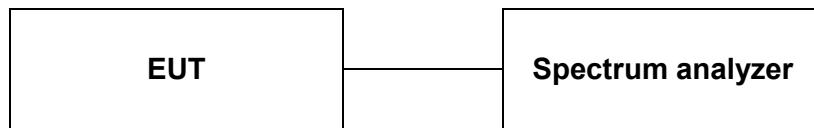


**C. High channel(2.452 MHz)**



## 7. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 7.1. Test setup



### 7.2. Limit

< 8dBm @ 3kHz BW

### 7.3. Test procedure (PKPSD)

1. The RF power output was measured with a Spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using;  
Span = 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth  
 $RBW = 3\text{kHz} \leq RBW \leq 100\text{kHz}$   
 $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$ , Sweep = Auto couple  
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

### 7.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 25 °C

Relative humidity: 46 % R.H.

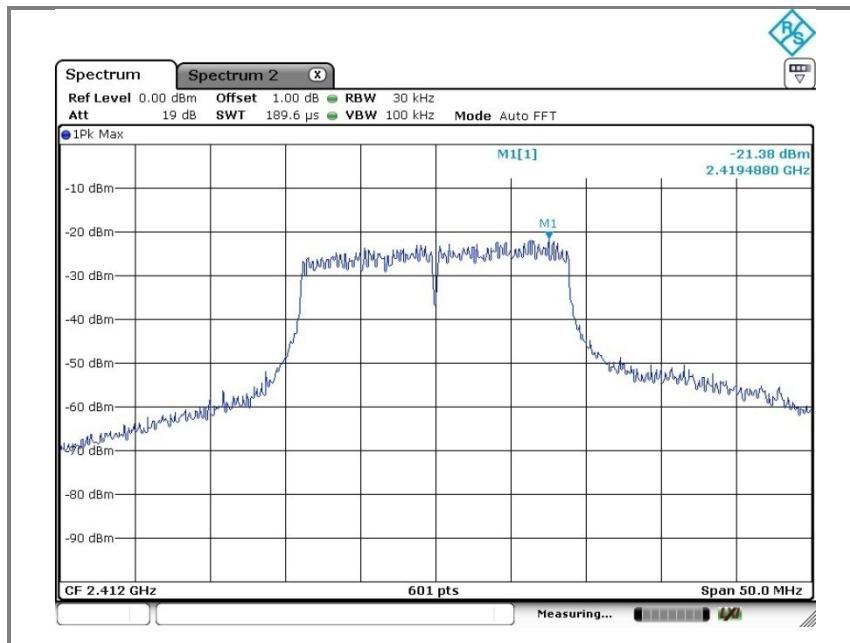
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Peak output power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
802.11n20	2 412	-21.38	8
	2 437	-17.43	
	2 462	-18.33	
802.11n40	2 422	-22.06	8
	2 437	-20.84	
	2 452	-19.96	

#### ※ Remark

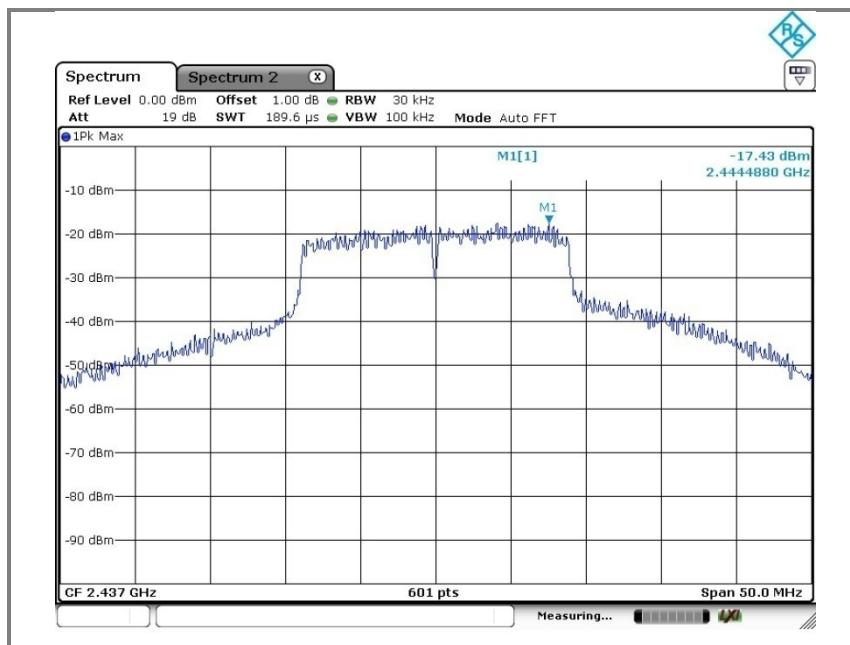
Duty Cycle of EUT is  $\geq 98\%$ , duty factor is not required.

-802.11n20

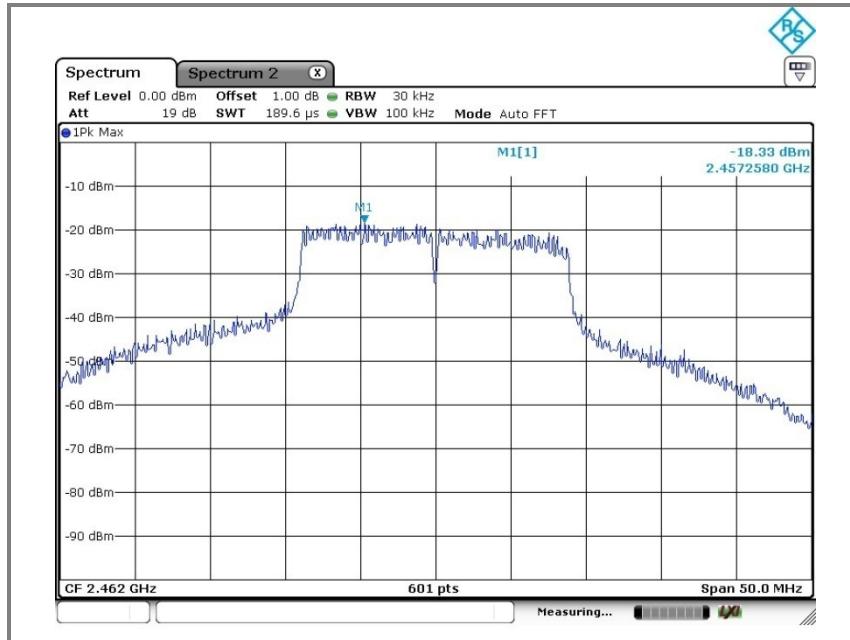
**A. Low channel (2.412 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel (2.437 MHz)**

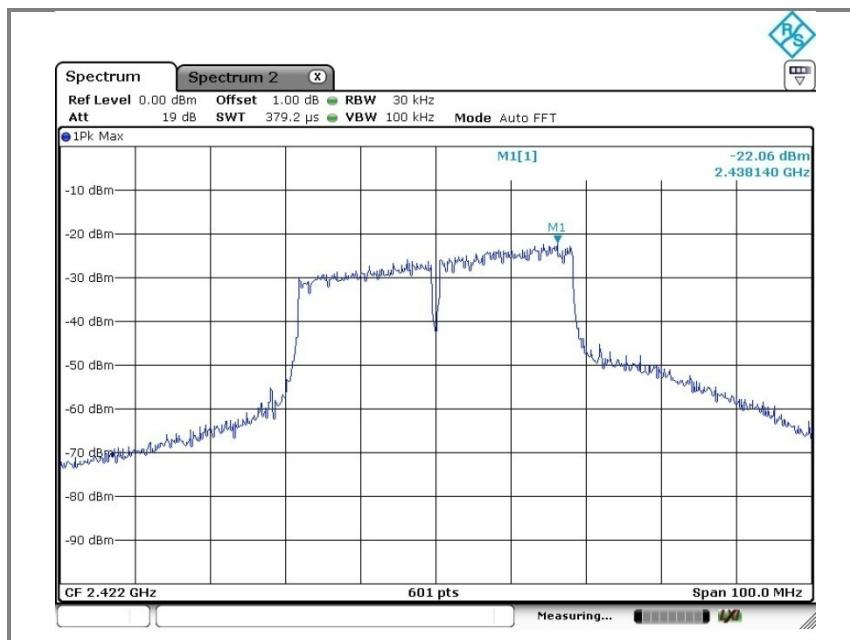


**C. High channel (2 462 MHz)**

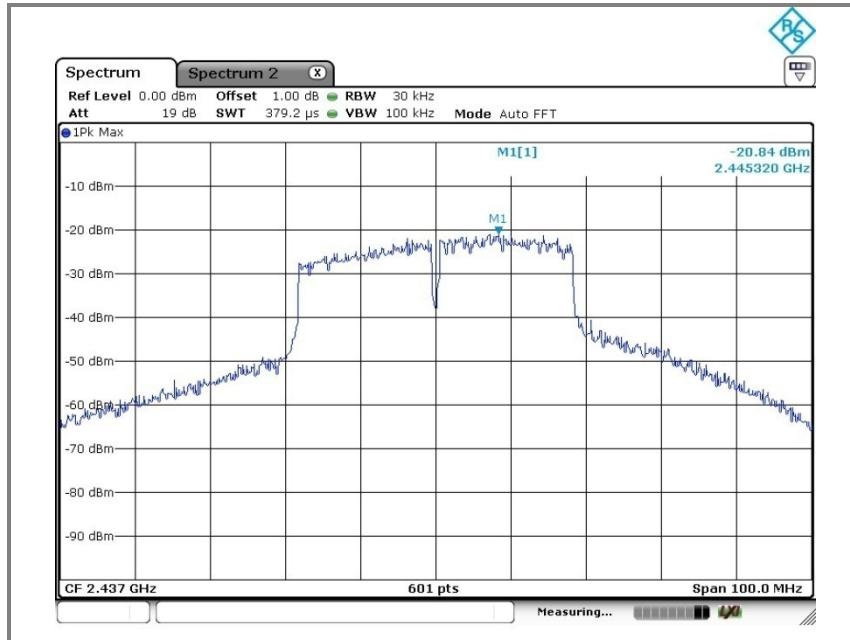


**-802.11n40**

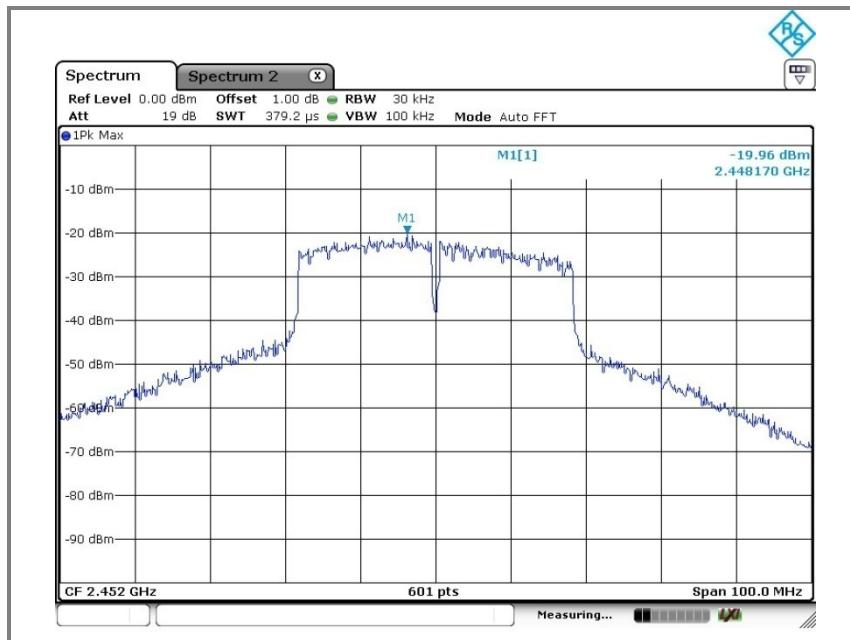
**A. Low channel (2 422 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

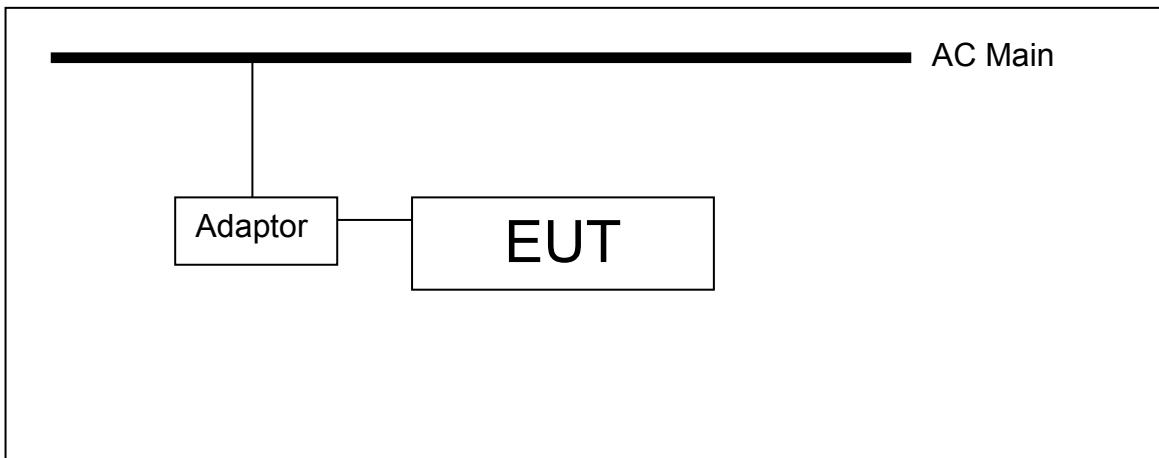


**C. High channel (2 452 MHz)**



## 8. AC Conducted power line test

### 8.1 Test setup



### 8.2 Limit

According to §15.107(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall be on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66-56*	56-46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

#### ※ Remark

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### 8.3 Test procedures

The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.6 m × 3.6 m (L×W×H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)× 1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.

The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

## 8.4 Test results

Ambient temperature: 24°C

Relative humidity: 46% R.H.

Frequency range: 0.15 MHz ~ 30 MHz

Measured bandwidth: 9 kHz

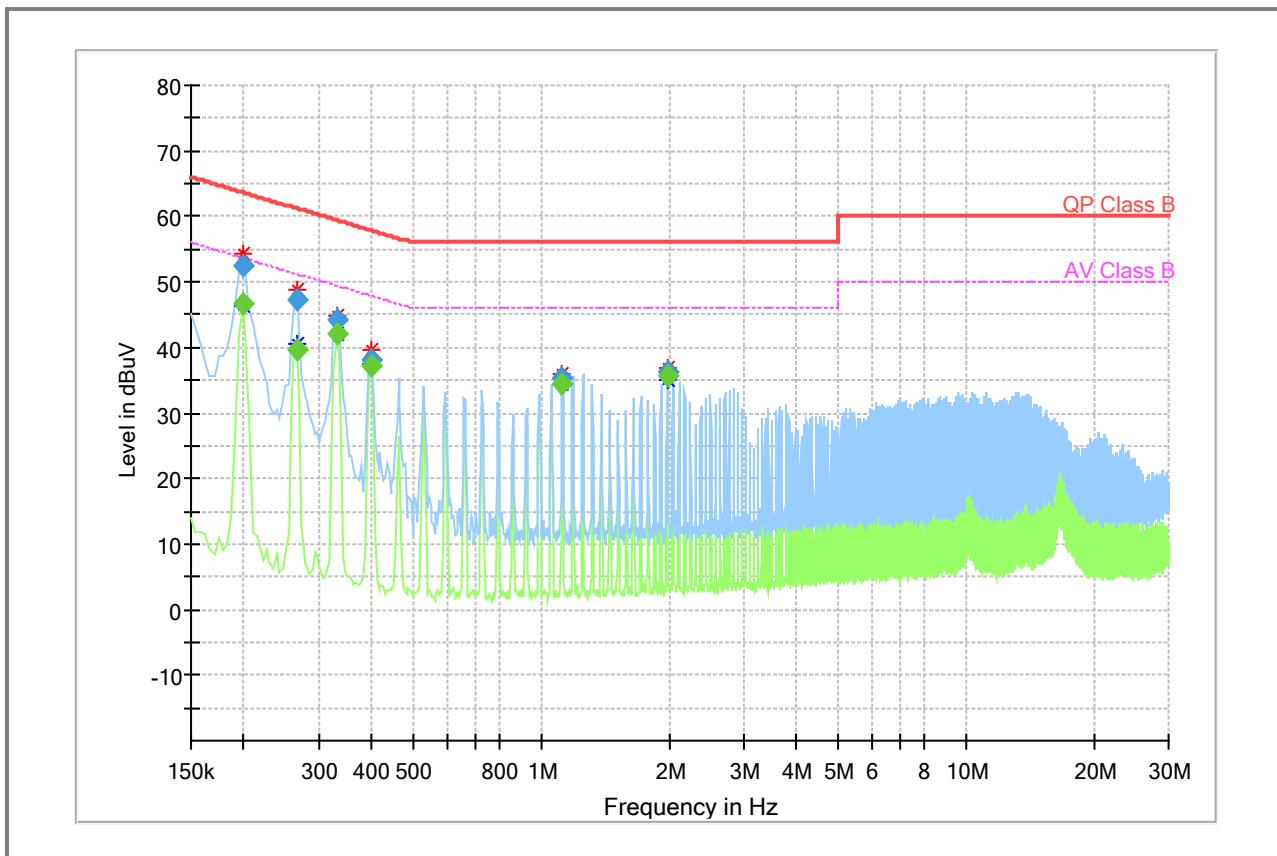
Freq. (MHz)	Line	Q-Peak		
		Level(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin(dB)
0.20	H	52.59	63.69	11.11
0.27	H	47.19	61.24	14.05
0.33	H	44.35	59.45	15.10
0.40	H	38.02	57.90	19.87
1.12	H	35.25	56.00	20.75
1.98	H	36.41	56.00	19.59

Freq. (MHz)	Line	Average		
		Level(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin(dB)
0.20	N	46.71	53.69	6.98
0.27	H	39.64	51.24	11.60
0.33	H	42.06	49.45	7.39
0.40	H	37.16	47.90	10.74
1.12	H	34.49	46.00	11.51
1.98	H	35.62	46.00	10.38

### ※ Remark

Line(H): Hot

Line(N): Neutral

**Plot of conducted power line**

## 9. Antenna requirement

### 9.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used.

### 9.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Chip antenna,

Antenna gain is 2.82 dB i.

## 10. RF exposure evaluation

### 10.1. 10.1 Environmental evaluation and exposure limit according to FCC CFR 47 part 1, 1.1307(b), 1.1310

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines. According to KDB 447498 (2)(a)(i)

#### Limits for maximum permissible exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength(V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control exposures				
300 – 1 500	--	--	F/300	6
1 500 – 100 000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300 – 1 500	--	--	F/1 500	6
<u>1 500 – 100 000</u>	--	--	<u>1</u>	<u>30</u>

### 10.2. Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2)$

Where

Pd= Power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Pout=output power to antenna in mW

G= Numeric gain of the antenna relative to isotropic antenna

Pi=3.1416

R= distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.

### 10.3. Test result of RF exposure evaluation

Test Item : RF Exposure evaluation data

Test Mode : Normal operation

### 10.4. Output power into antenna & RF exposure evaluation distance

Antenna gain: 2.82 dB<sub>i</sub>

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Peak power to antenna (dBm)	Antenna gain (dB <sub>i</sub> )	Antenna Gain (dB <sub>i</sub> ) Numeric	Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Power density Limits (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
802.11n20	2 412	3.09	2.82	1.91	0.000 8	1
	2 437	7.36			0.002 1	
	2 462	6.98			0.001 9	
802.11n40	2 422	3.97	2.82	1.91	0.001 0	1
	2 437	5.93			0.001 5	
	2 452	6.16			0.001 6	

#### ※ Remark

The power density Pd (5th column) at a distance of 20 cm calculated from the friis transmission formula is far below the limit of 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> .