RF Exposure evaluation

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According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05
The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances
\leq 50 mm are determined by:
[ (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm) ] \bullet [ \checkmark
f(GHz)] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where
  \ensuremath{\mbox{f(GHz)}} is the RF channel transmit frequency in \ensuremath{\mbox{GHz}}
   Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
WIFI:
Worse case is as below: [2412 MHz 8.75dBm ( 7.499 mW) output power]
(7.499 \text{ mW} /5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.412}(\text{GHz})] = 2.32 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}
BLE:
Worse case is as below: [2402 MHz 2.19dBm ( 1.656 \text{ mW}) output power]
(1.656 \text{ mW} /5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.402}(\text{GHz})] = 0.5 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}
BT:
Worse case is as below: [2402 MHz 4.95 dBm (3.126 mW) output power]
(3.126 \text{ mW} /5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.402}(\text{GHz})] = 0.97 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}
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Then SAR evaluation is not required