

FCC Part 15E Measurement and Test Report

For

Linkplay Technology Inc.

8F-8036, Qianren Building, No.7, Yingcui Road, Jiangning District,

Nanjing, China

FCC ID: 2ANOG-A76D

FCC Rule(s):	<u>FCC Part 15E</u>	
Product Description:	<u>Wireless Smart Audio Module</u>	
Tested Model:	<u>A76D</u>	
Report No.:	<u>STR17088019I-1</u>	
Tested Date:	<u>2017-07-01 to 2017-07-08</u>	
Issued Date:	<u>2017-07-09</u>	
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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: Linkplay Technology Inc.
Address of applicant: 8F-8036, Qianren Building, No.7, Yingcui Road, Jiangning District, Nanjing, China

Manufacturer: Linkplay Technology Inc.
Address of manufacturer: 8F-8036, Qianren Building, No.7, Yingcui Road, Jiangning District, Nanjing, China

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Wireless Smart Audio Module
Trade Name:	Linkplay
Model No.:	A76D
Adding Model:	A76E, A76H, A76L
Rated Voltage:	DC 5V
Power Adapter Model:	TPA-255050CU Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A; Output: DC5V, 500mA
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer. The appearance of others models listed in the report is different from main-test model A76D, but the circuit and the electronic construction do not change, declared by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac-HV80
Frequency Range:	5150-5250MHz, 5725-5850MHz
RF Output Power:	11.63dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	6-54Mbps, up to 433 Mbps
Quantity of Channels:	15
Channel Separation:	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz
Type of Antenna:	I-PEX
Antenna Gain:	4.64dBi

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Linkplay Technology Inc. in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C&E, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C&E, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2014, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. The measurement guide KDB 789033 D02 v01r02 for Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices and KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 shall be performed also.

1.4 Table for parameters of Test Software setting

The test utility software used during testing was “AP6xxx.bat”. During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)												
	NCB: 20MHz												
	5180	5200	5240	5260	5300	5320	5500	5580	5700	5720	5745	5785	5825
802.11a 6Mbps	76	76	76	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	76	76	76
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	76	76	76	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	76	76	76
Mode	NCB: 40MHz												
	5190	5230	5270	5310	5510	5550	5670	5710	5755	5795			
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	76	76	/	/	/	/	/	/	76	76			
Mode	NCB: 80MHz												
	5210		5290		5530		5610		5690		5775		
802.11ac-HV80 MCS0/Nss2	76		/		/		/		/		76		

1.5 EUT Operating during test

EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode. During the test, EUT operation to normal function and programs under WIN XP were executed.

1.6 Test Facility

FCC – Registration No.: 934118

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

1.7 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	802.11a	5180MHz, 5200MHz, 5240MHz, 5745MHz, 5785MHz,5825MHz
TM2	802.11n-HT20	5180MHz, 5200MHz, 5240MHz, 5745MHz, 5785MHz,5825MHz
TM3	802.11n-HT40	5190MHz, 5230MHz, 5755MHz, 5795MHz,
TM4	802.11ac-HV80	5210MHz, 5775MHz,
Note: All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case is recorded in this report.		

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Core
Adapter Cable	1.0	Shielded	Without Core

Special Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	Lenovo	E10	LR-63C8R

1.8 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	Conducted	$\pm 0.42\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	$\pm 1.5\%$
Power Spectral Density	Conducted	$\pm 1.8\text{dB}$
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	$\pm 2.17\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions	Conducted	$\pm 2.88\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions	Radiated	$\pm 5.1\text{dB}$

1.9 Test Equipment List and Details

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
SEMT-1072	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1031	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1007	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1008	Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1043	Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	2002	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1011	Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1042	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1121	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170582	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1069	Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1001	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1003	L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
SEMT-1002	Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2017-06-12	2018-06-11

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§ 15.203; § 15.405	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§ 15.207; § 15.407(b)(6)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.407(a)(1),(2)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§ 15.407(e)	Emission Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.407(a)(1),(2)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§ 15.407(b)(1),(2),(3)	Conducted Spurious Emission	Compliant
§ 15.205; § 15.407(b)(1),(2),(3)	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§ 15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Compliant
§ 15.407(h)	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	N/A

N/A: not applicable

3. RF Exposure

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307 and § 2.1093, the portable transmitter must comply the RF exposure requirements.

3.2 Test Result

This product complied with the requirement of the RF exposure, please see the RF exposure.

4. Antenna Requirement

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

4.2 Evaluation Information

This product has an I-PEX antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

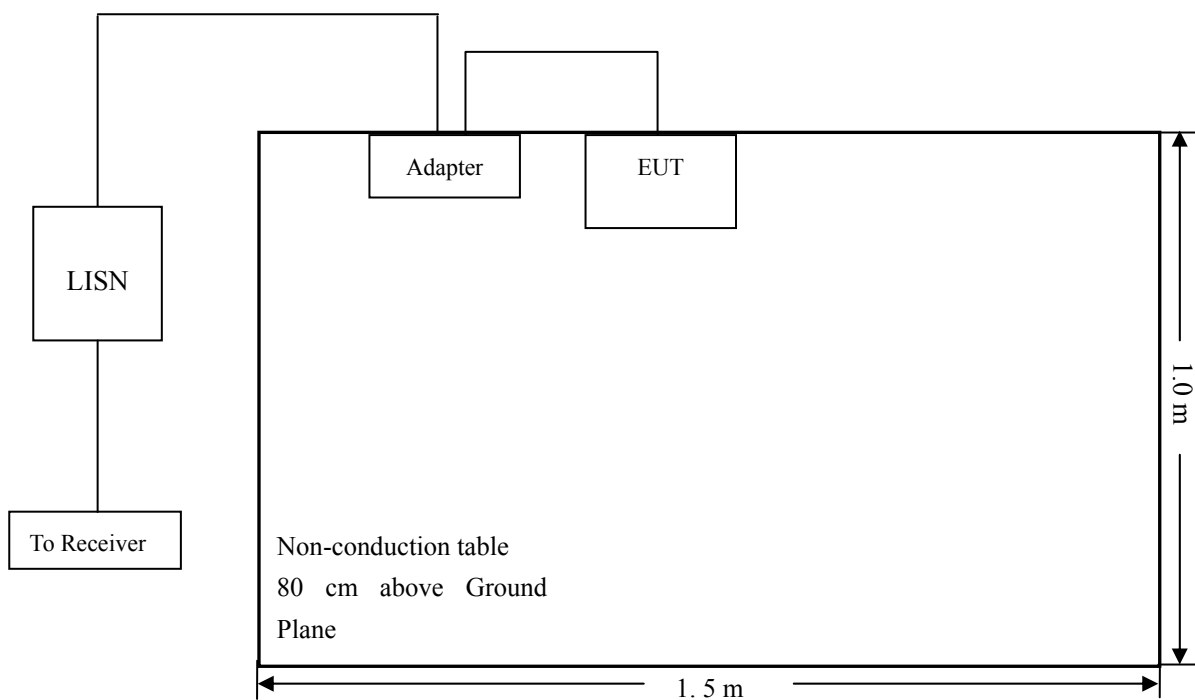
5. Conducted Emissions

5.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

5.3 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



5.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

5.5 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency 150 kHz
Stop Frequency..... 30 MHz
Sweep Speed Auto
IF Bandwidth..... 10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth 9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode Normal

5.6 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data in section 5.7, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207 Conducted margin for a Class B device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

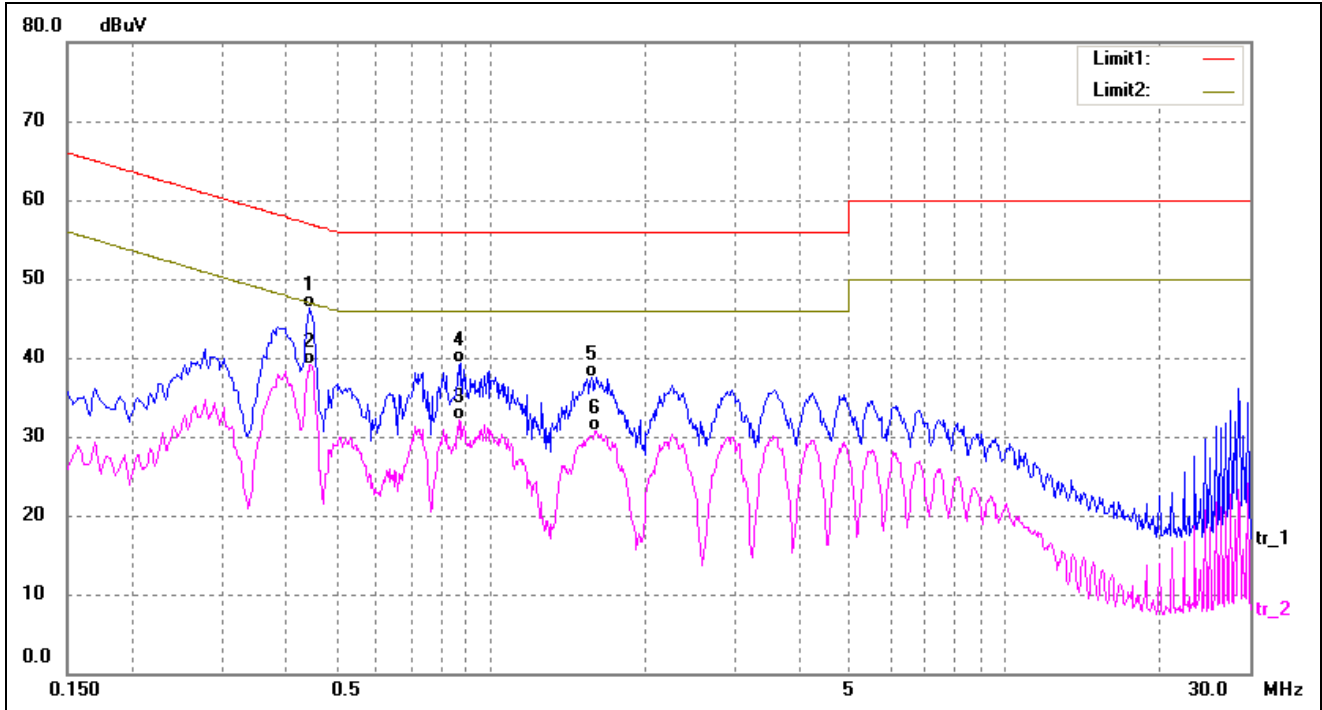
-7.67 dB at 0.4500 MHz in the Line, AVG detector, 0.15-30MHz

5.7 Conducted Emissions Test Data

Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data

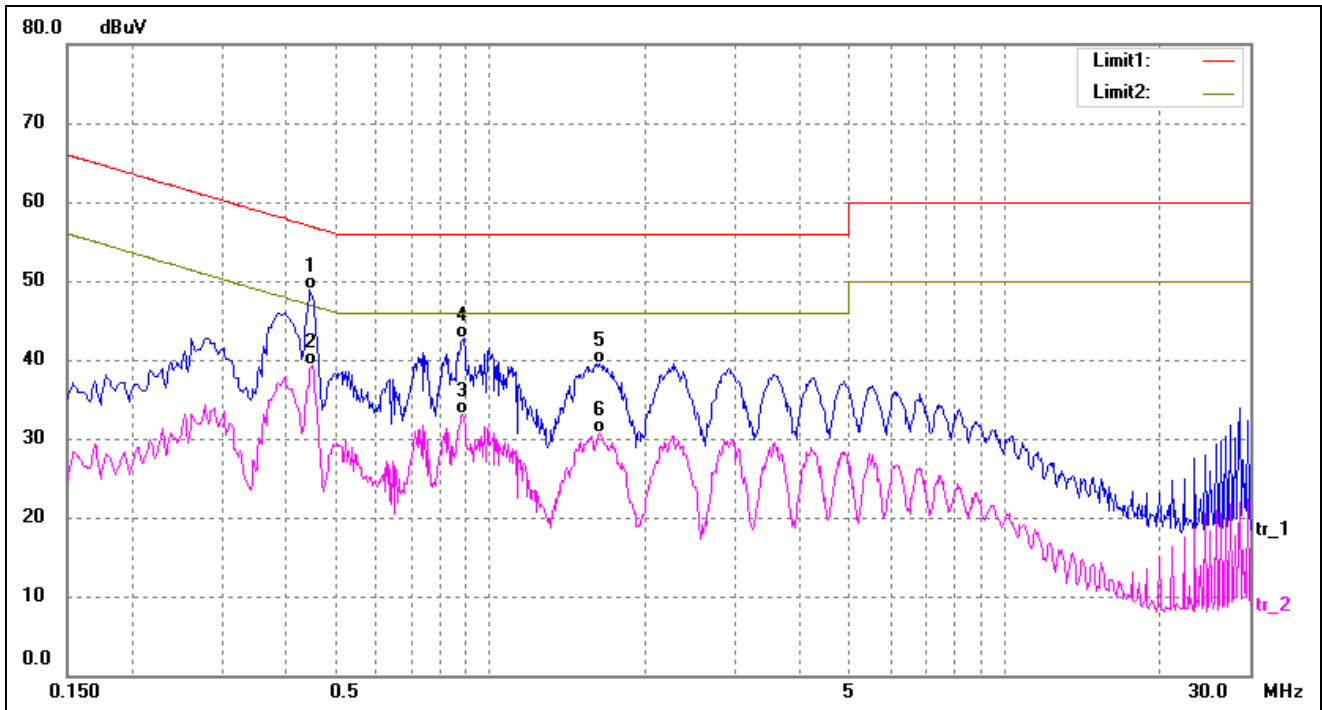
EUT: *Wireless Smart Audio Module*
 Tested Model: *A76D*
 Operating Condition: *Transmitting*
 Comment: *AC 120V/60Hz; Adapter DC 5V*

Test Specification: *Neutral*



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.4460	36.51	9.80	46.31	56.95	-10.64	QP
2*	0.4460	29.28	9.80	39.08	46.95	-7.87	AVG
3	0.8700	22.28	9.77	32.05	46.00	-13.95	AVG
4	0.8780	29.47	9.77	39.24	56.00	-16.76	QP
5	1.5740	27.84	9.75	37.59	56.00	-18.41	QP
6	1.5980	20.94	9.74	30.68	46.00	-15.32	AVG

Test Specification: Line



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.4460	39.12	9.80	48.92	56.95	-8.03	QP
2*	0.4500	29.41	9.80	39.21	46.88	-7.67	AVG
3	0.8820	23.39	9.77	33.16	46.00	-12.84	AVG
4	0.8860	32.86	9.77	42.63	56.00	-13.37	QP
5	1.6340	29.75	9.74	39.49	56.00	-16.51	QP
6	1.6340	20.95	9.74	30.69	46.00	-15.31	AVG

6. Power Spectral Density

6.1 Standard Applicable

Section 15.407(a) Power limits:

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

6.2 Test Procedure

According to 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 KHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set $RBW \geq 1/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a).
- b) Set $VBW \geq 3 RBW$.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10\log(500\text{kHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas $RBW (< 500 \text{ KHz})$ is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10\log(1\text{MHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas $RBW (< 1 \text{ MHz})$ is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 KHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since $RBW=100 \text{ KHz}$ is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

6.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

6.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

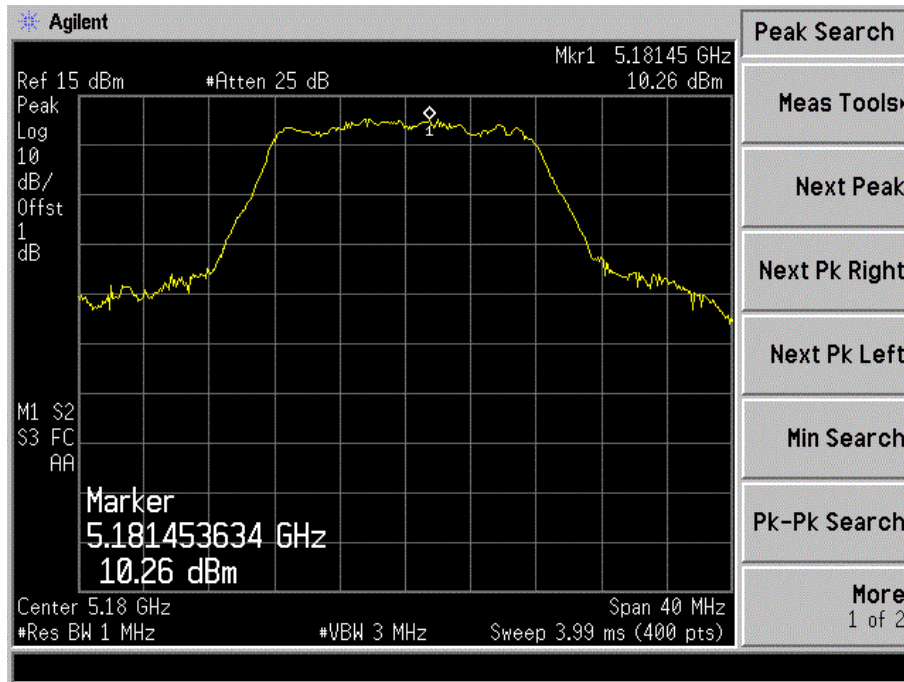
5150-5250MHz

Operating mode	Test Channel	Power Spectral Density dBm/MHz	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	5180	10.26	11
	5200	10.32	11
	5240	10.57	11
802.11n-HT20	5180	9.505	11
	5200	9.701	11
	5240	9.979	11
802.11n-HT40	5190	6.613	11
	5230	6.731	11
802.11ac-HV80	5210	1.826	11

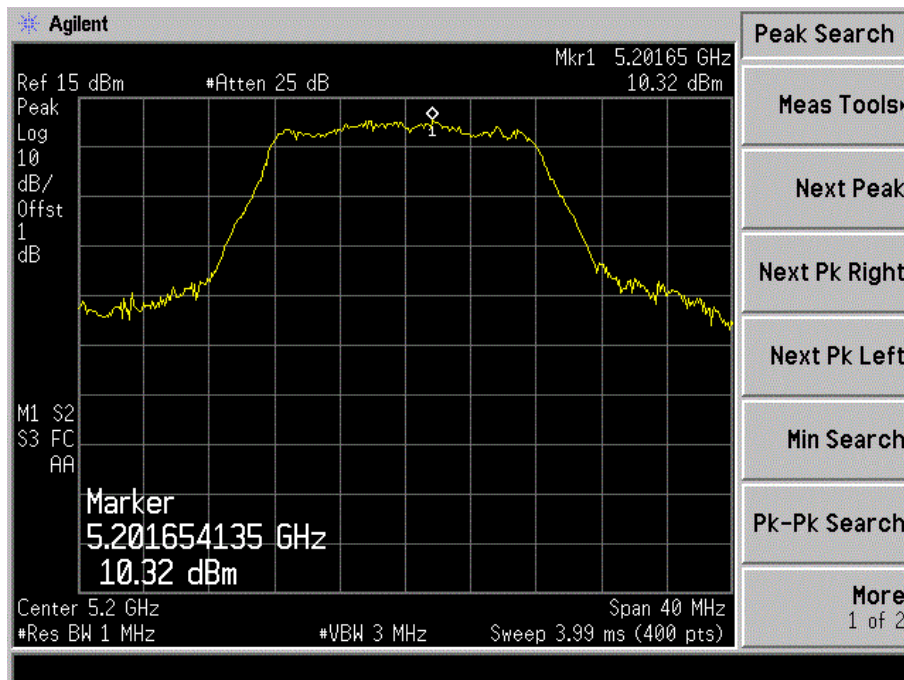
5725-5850MHz

Operating mode	Test Channel	Power Spectral Density dBm/500kHz	Limit (dBm/500kHz)
802.11a	5745	6.674	30
	5785	6.556	30
	5825	6.760	30
802.11n-HT20	5745	5.598	30
	5785	5.166	30
	5825	5.813	30
802.11n-HT40	5755	2.673	30
	5795	2.041	30
802.11ac-HV80	5775	-2.959	30

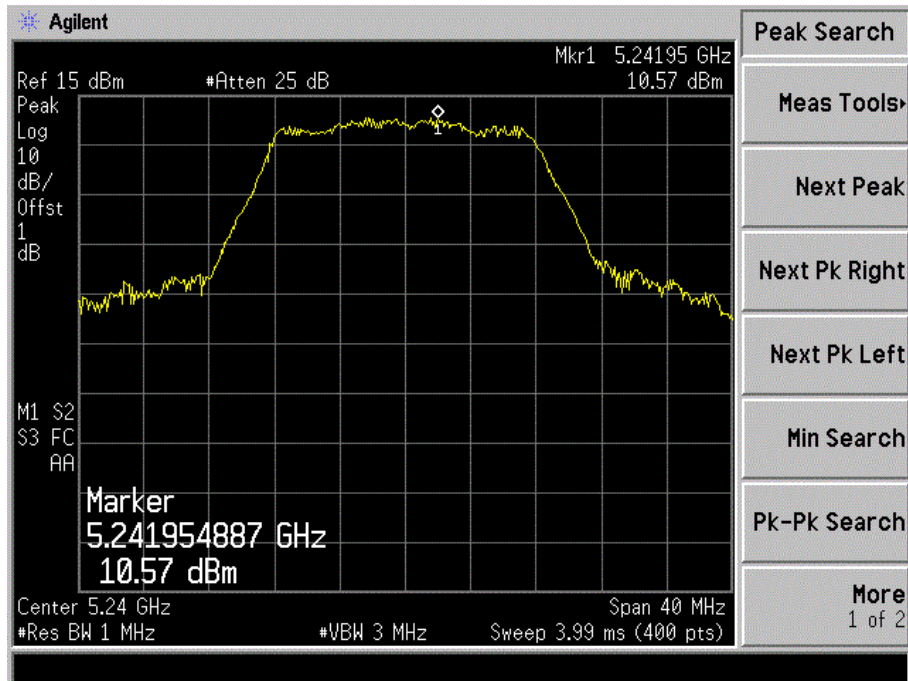
Test Mode: 802.11a
5180MHz



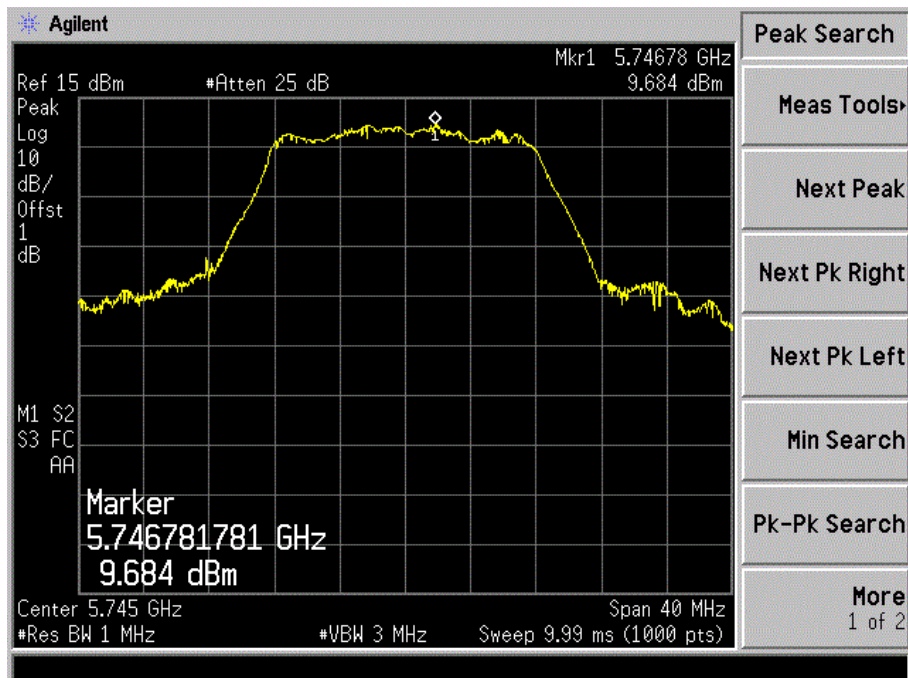
5200MHz



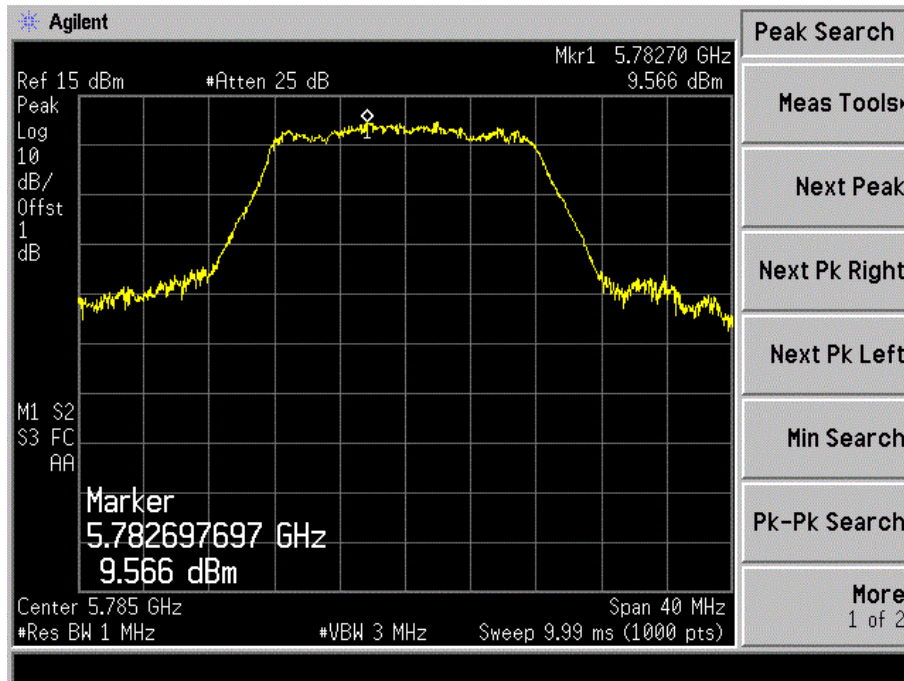
5240MHz



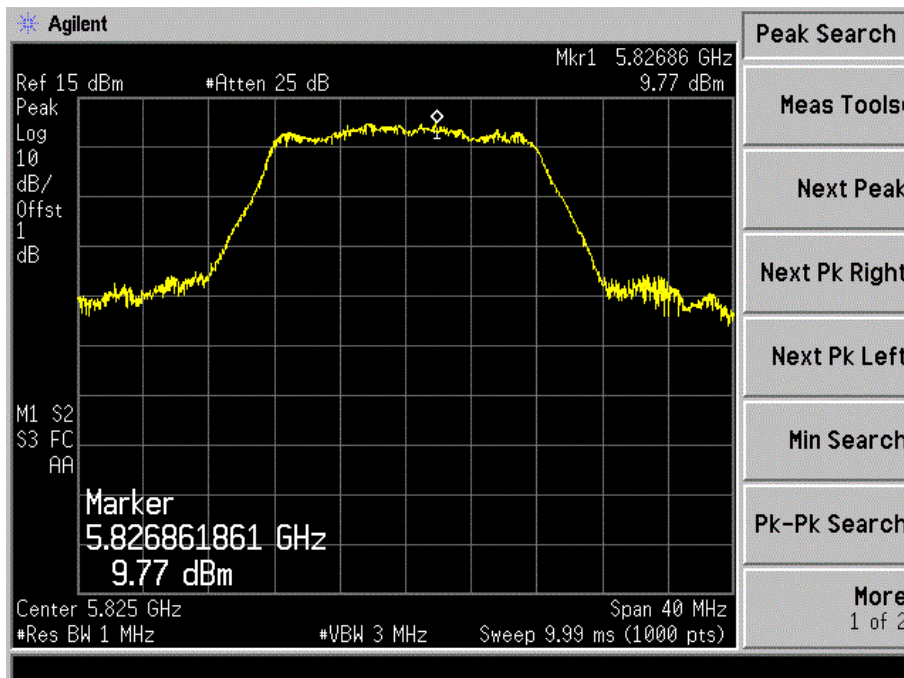
5745MHz



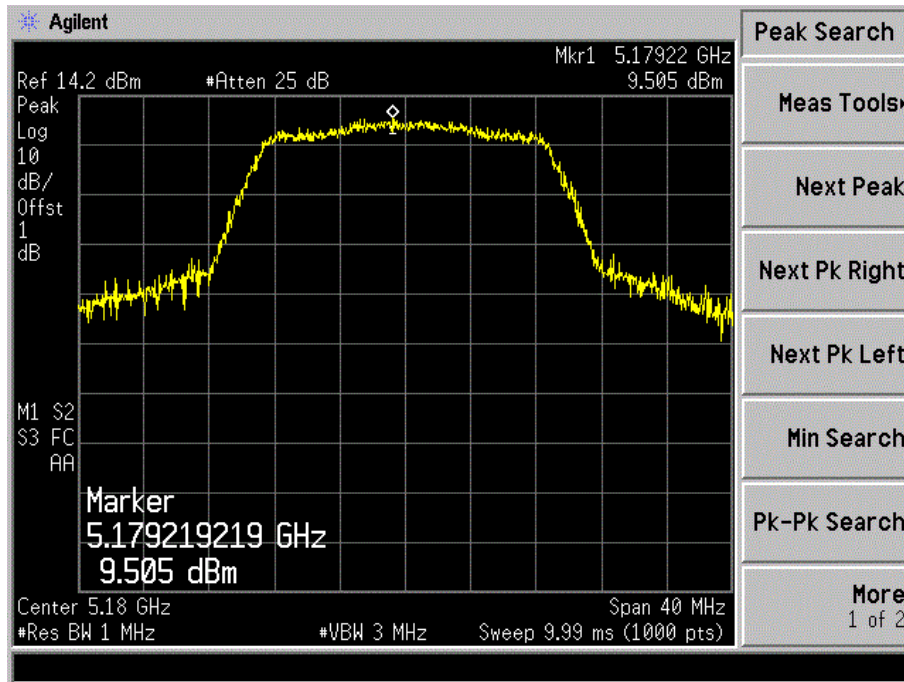
5785MHz



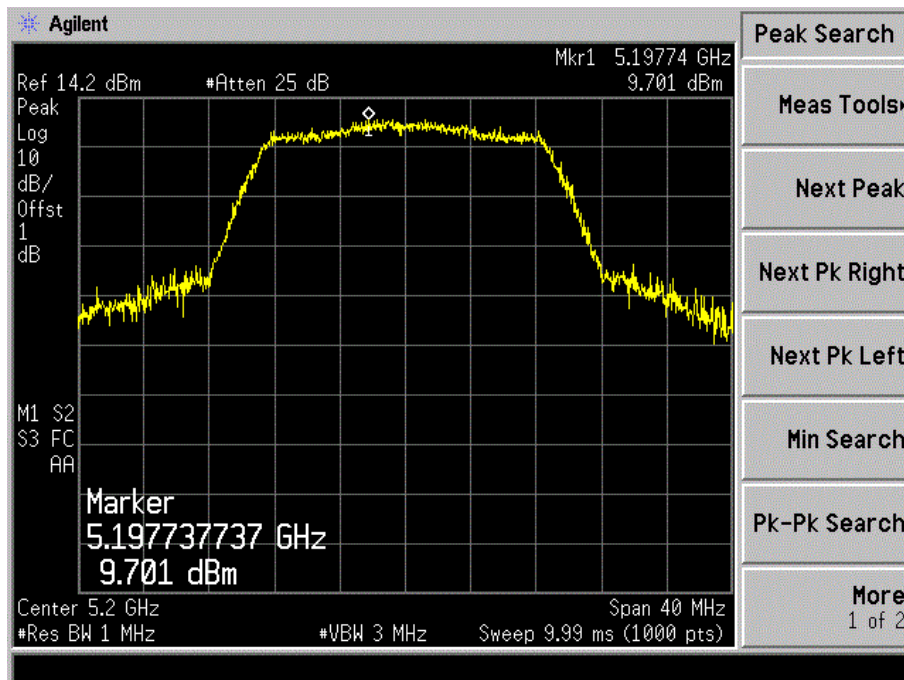
5805MHz



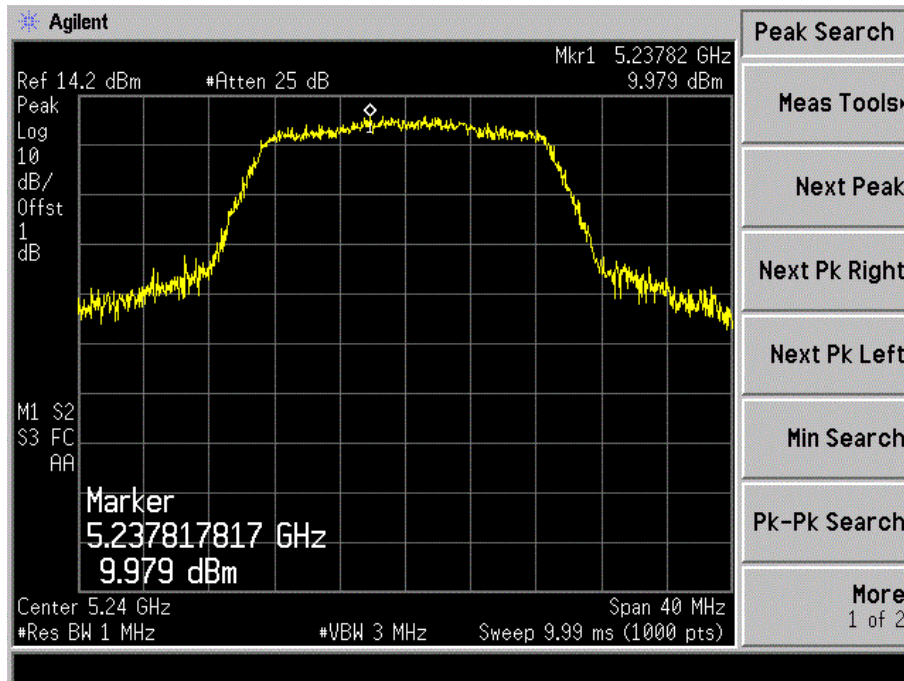
Test Mode: 802.11n-HT20
5180MHz



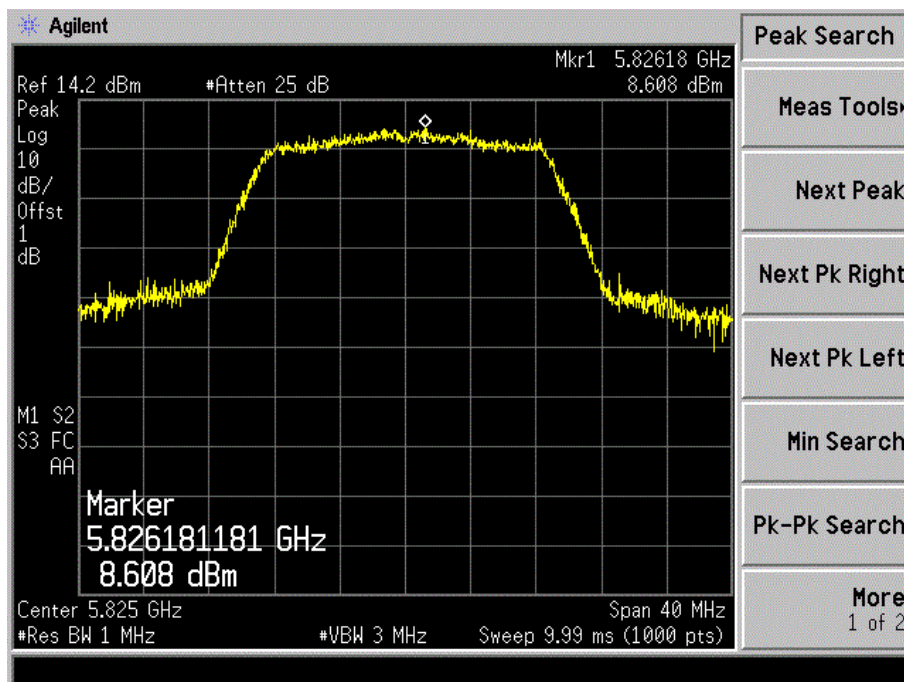
5200MHz



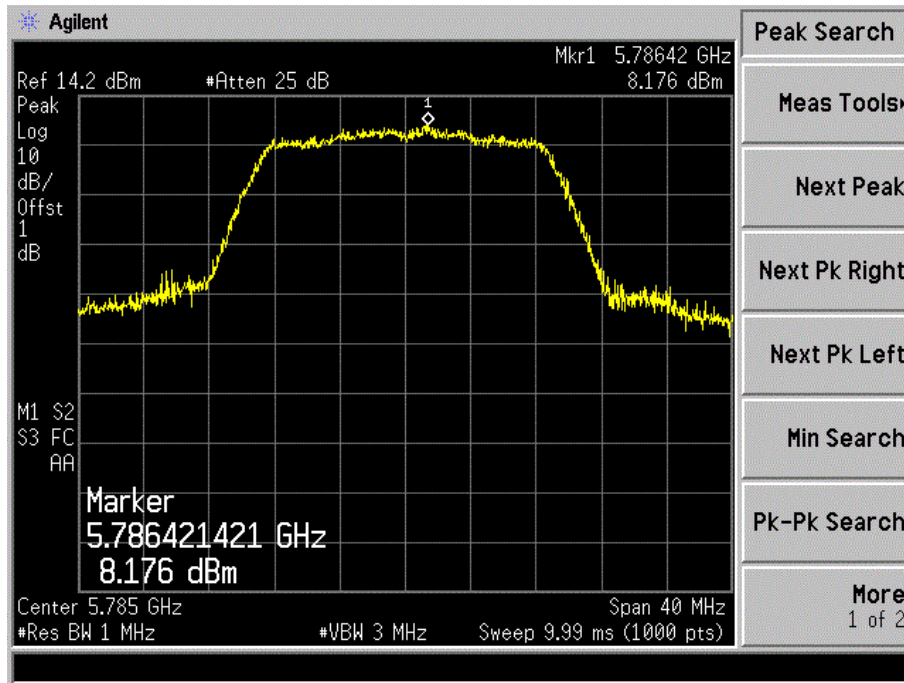
5240MHz



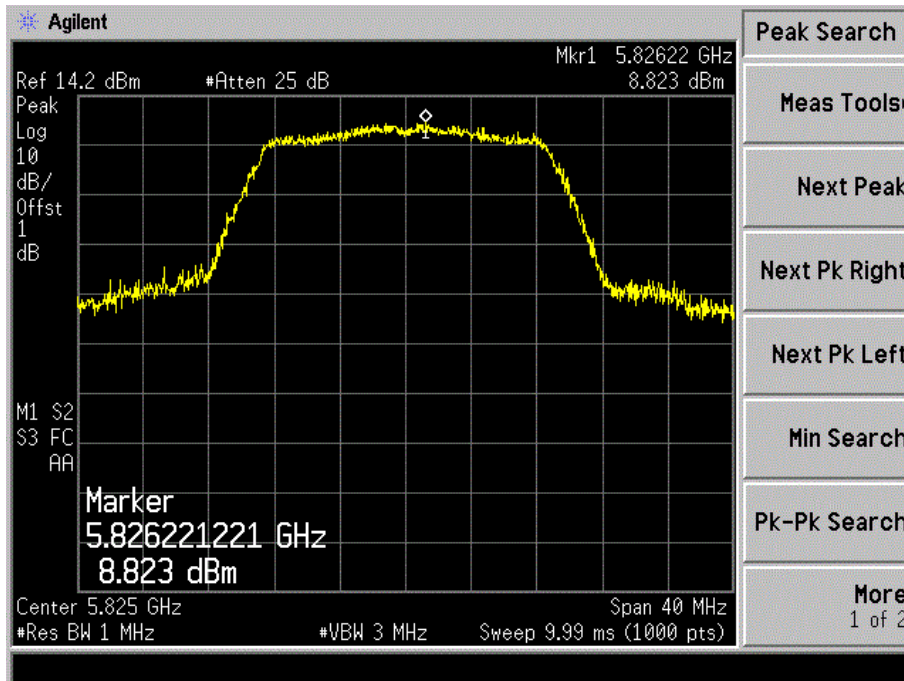
5745MHz



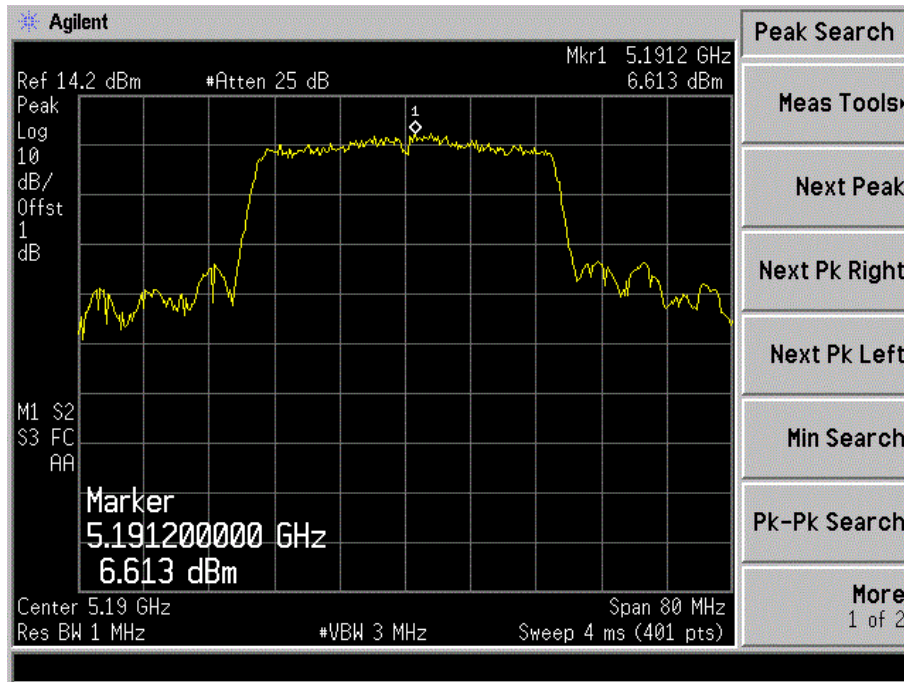
5785MHz



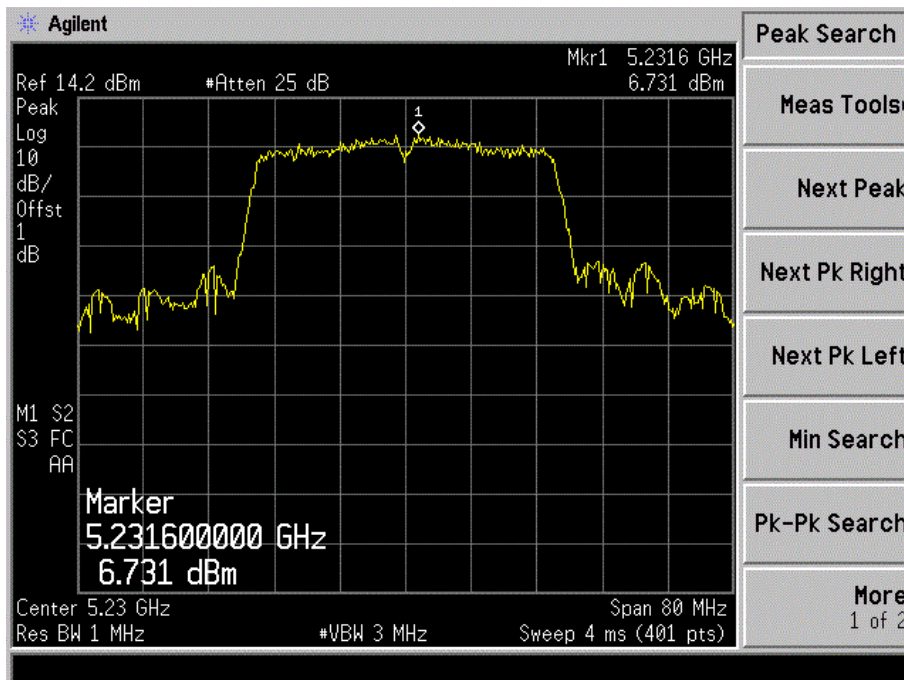
5825MHz



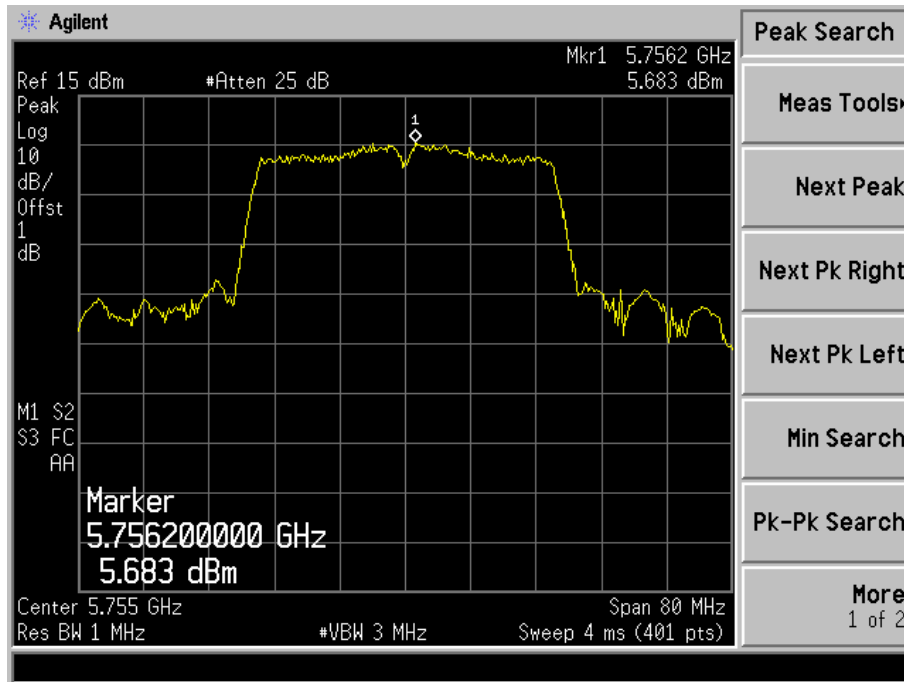
Test Mode: 802.11n-HT40
5190MHz



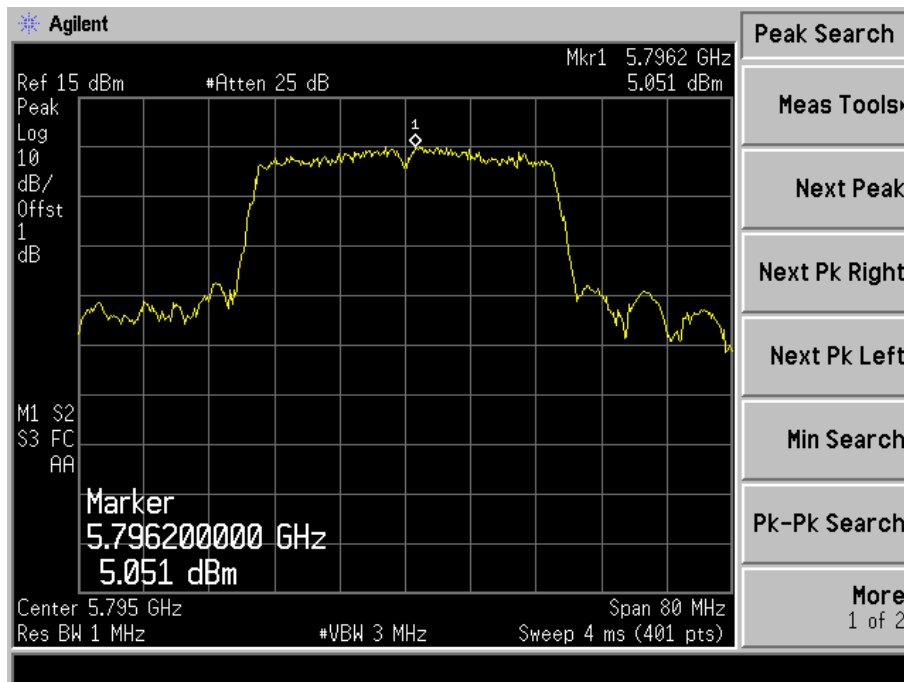
5230MHz



5755MHz

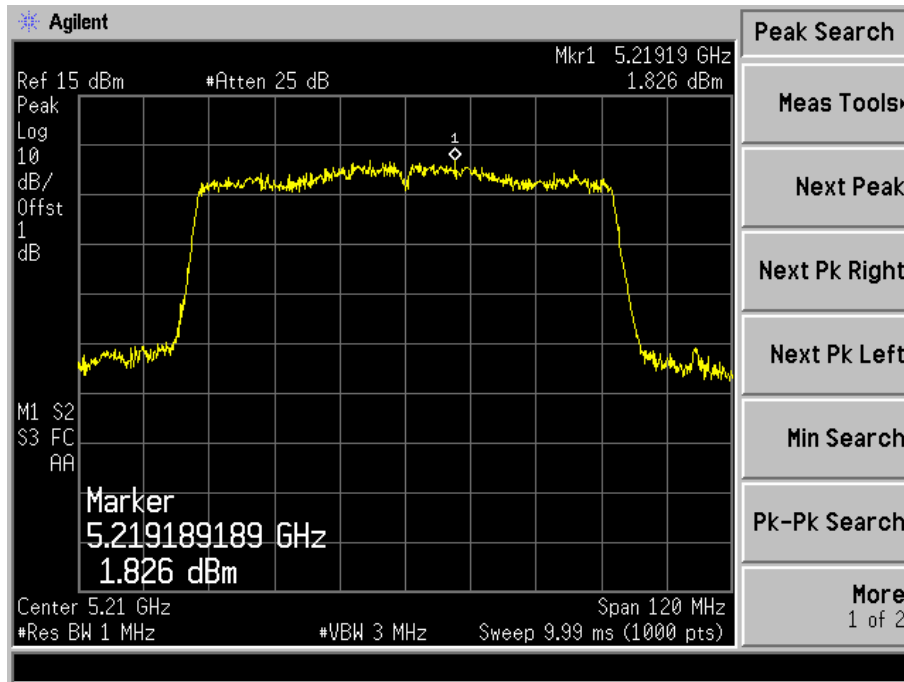


5795MHz

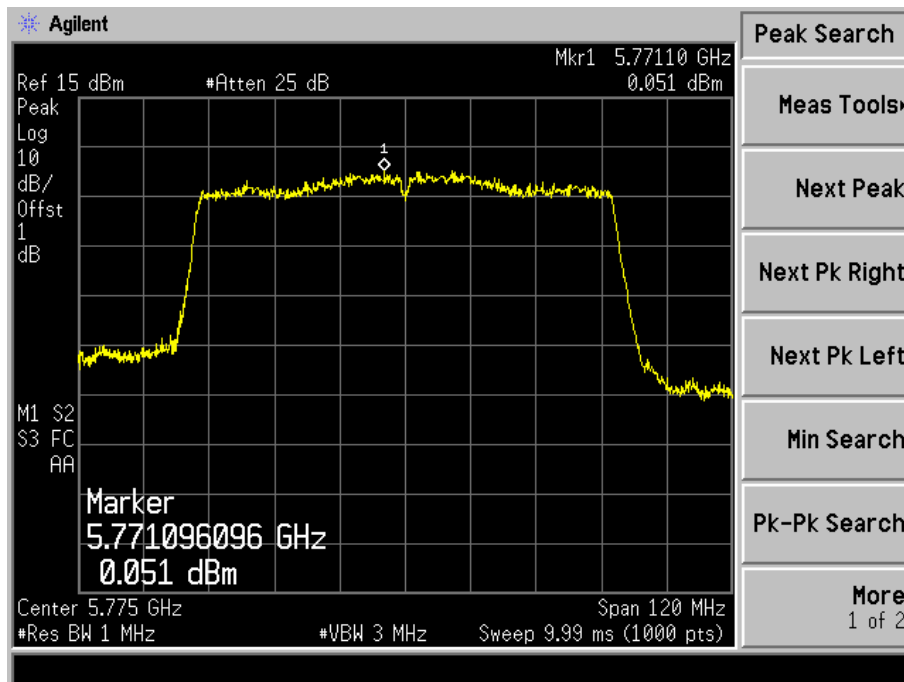


Test Mode: 802.11ac-HV80

5210MHz



5775MHz



7. Emission Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.407 (a) and (e)

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2 Test Procedure

According to 789033 D02 v01r02 section C&D, the following is the measurement procedure.

1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.

b) Set the VBW > RBW.

c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.

e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare

this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

D. 99 Percent Occupied Bandwidth

The 99-percent occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5 % of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99-percent occupied bandwidth is required only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in section II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99-percent occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to 789033 D02 v01r02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 define the minimum frequency range over which the spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in section II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with 15.407(a).

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
4. Set VBW $\geq 3 \cdot$ RBW
5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

7.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24° C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

7.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

5150-5250MHz

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	26 dB Bandwidth MHz	99% Bandwidth MHz	Limit MHz
802.11a	5180	21.320	16.6262	Pass
	5200	21.226	16.6216	Pass
	5240	21.170	16.6232	Pass
802.11n-HT20	5180	21.469	17.9380	Pass
	5200	21.419	17.9119	Pass
	5240	21.391	17.8073	Pass
802.11n-HT40	5190	40.59	36.111	Pass
	5230	40.44	36.094	Pass
802.11ac-HV80	5210	81.272	75.4871	Pass

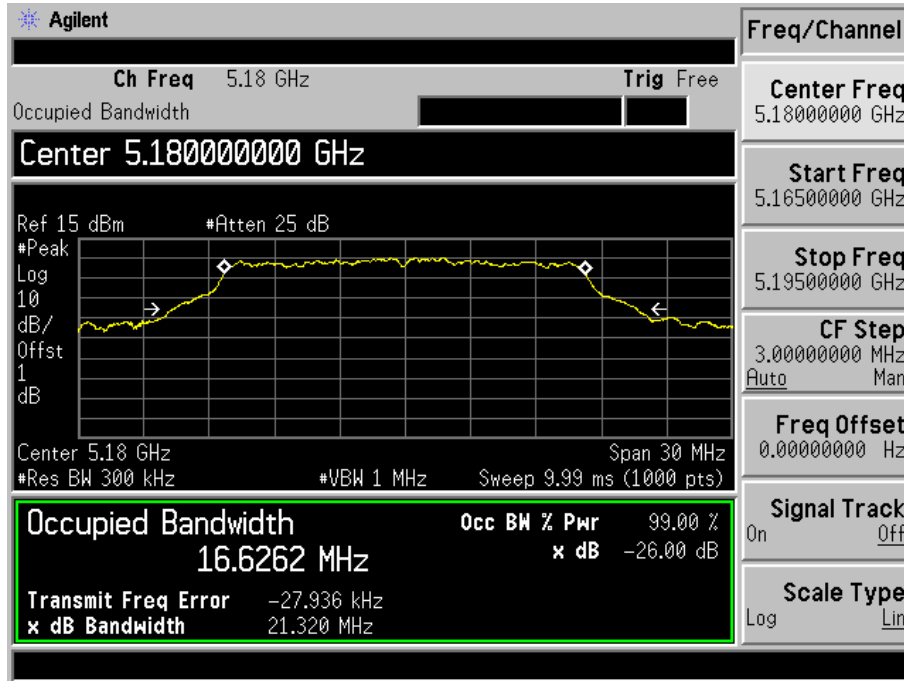
5725-5850MHz

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	6 dB Bandwidth MHz	99% Bandwidth MHz	Limit kHz
802.11a	5745	16.267	16.6474	≥500
	5785	16.288	16.6521	≥500
	5825	16.273	16.6491	≥500
802.11n-HT20	5745	17.536	17.8985	≥500
	5785	17.640	17.9100	≥500
	5825	17.541	17.9246	≥500
802.11n-HT40	5755	36.02	36.320	≥500
	5795	36.19	36.167	≥500
802.11ac-HV80	5775	74.488	75.4577	≥500

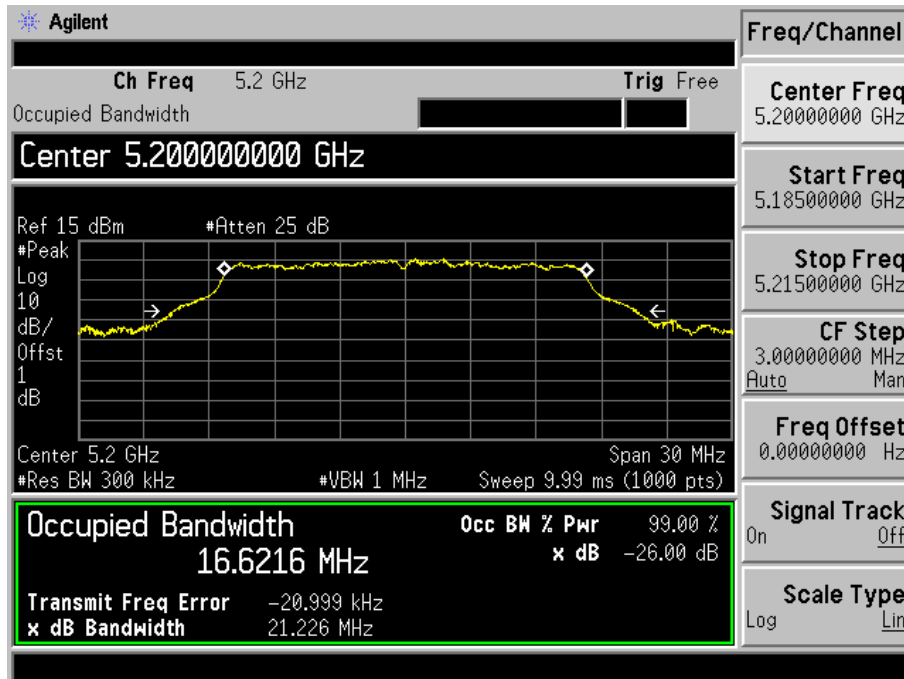
5150-5250MHz

Test mode: 802.11a

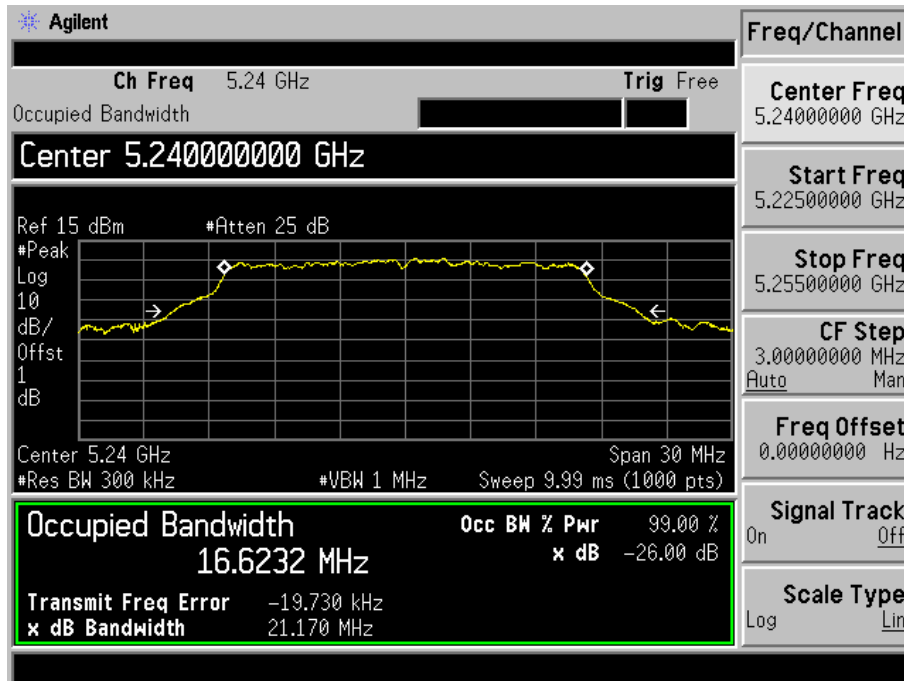
5180MHz



5200MHz

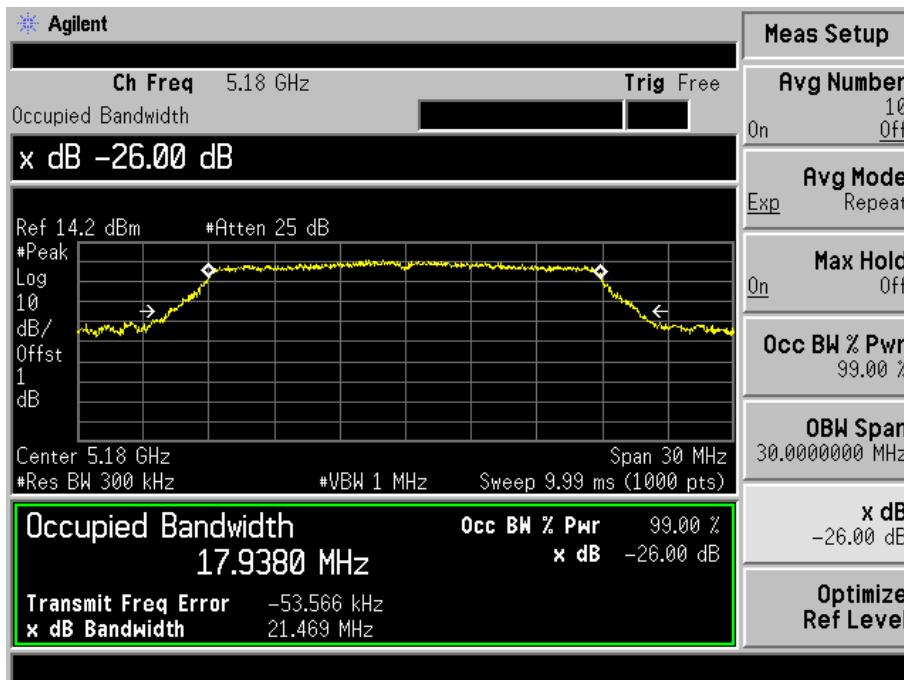


5240MHz

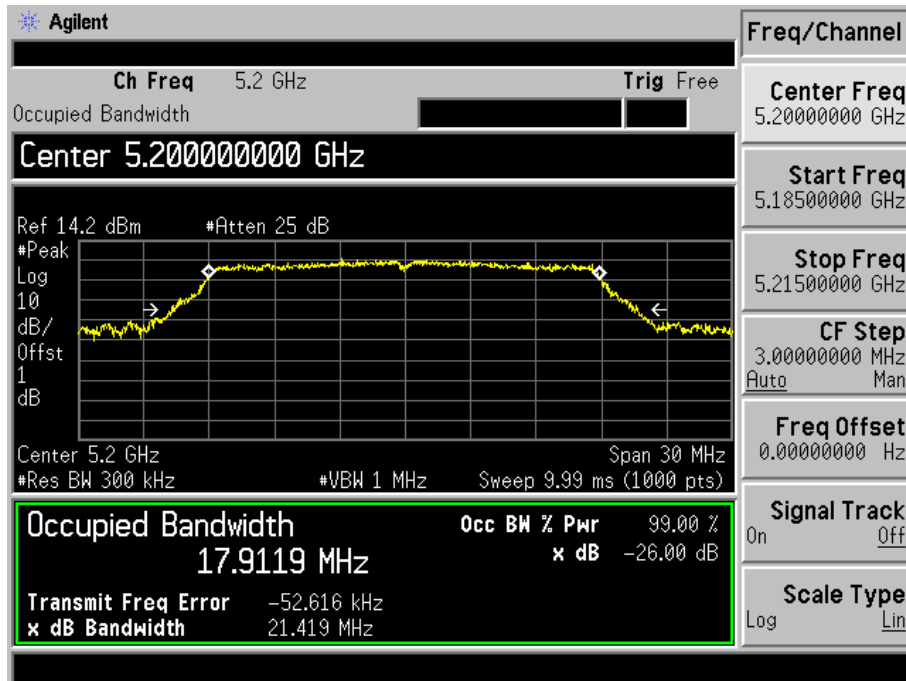


Test mode: 802.11n-HT20

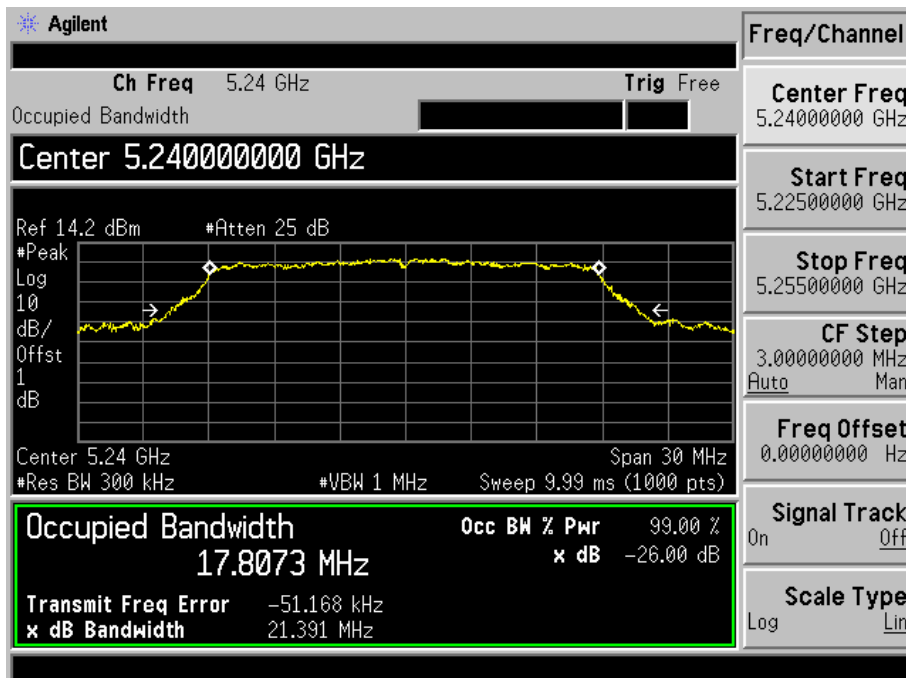
5180MHz



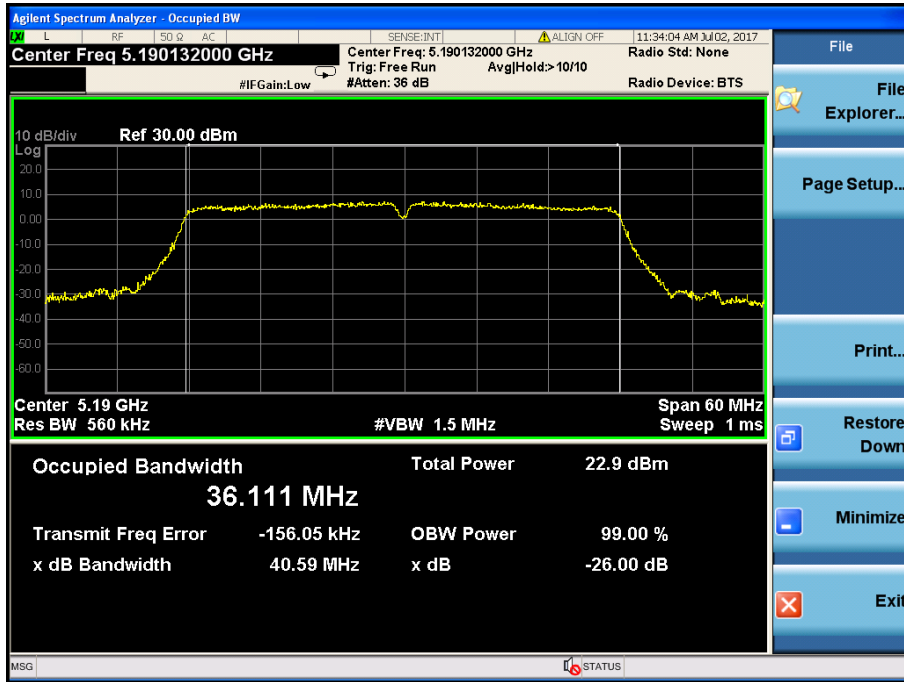
5200MHz



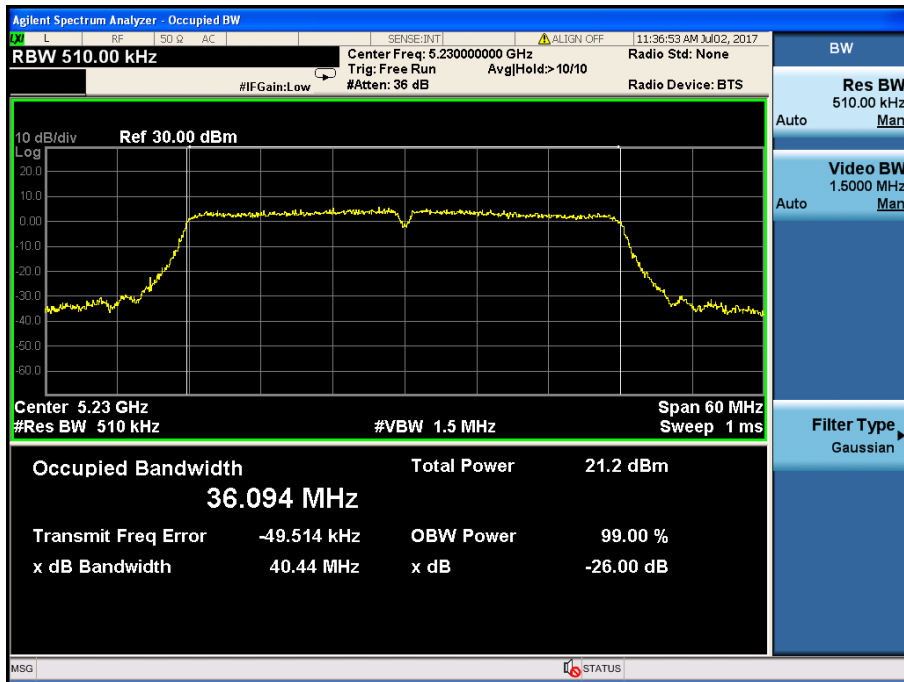
5240MHz



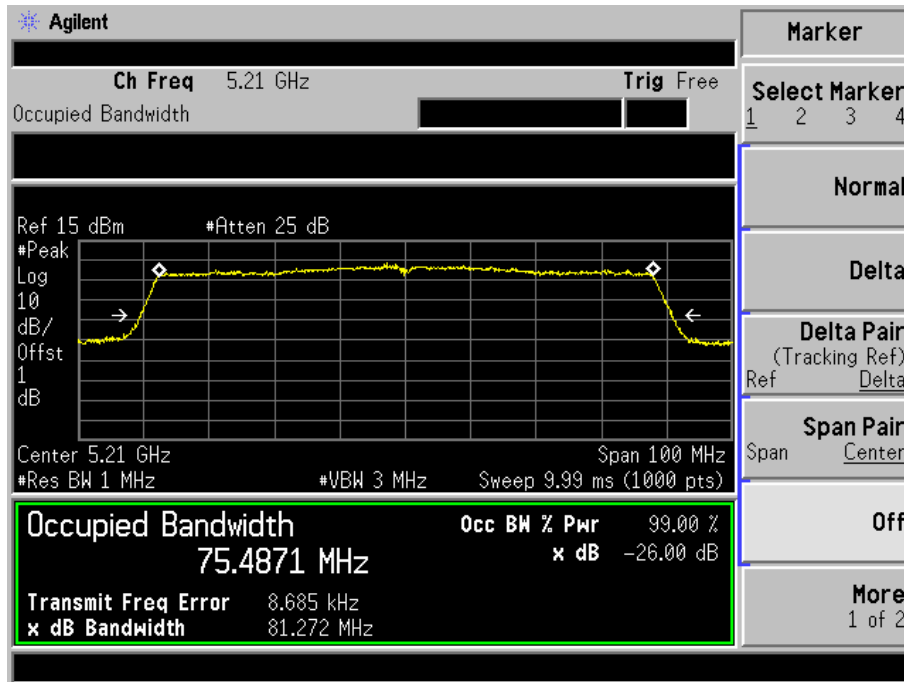
Test mode: 802.11n-HT40
5190MHz



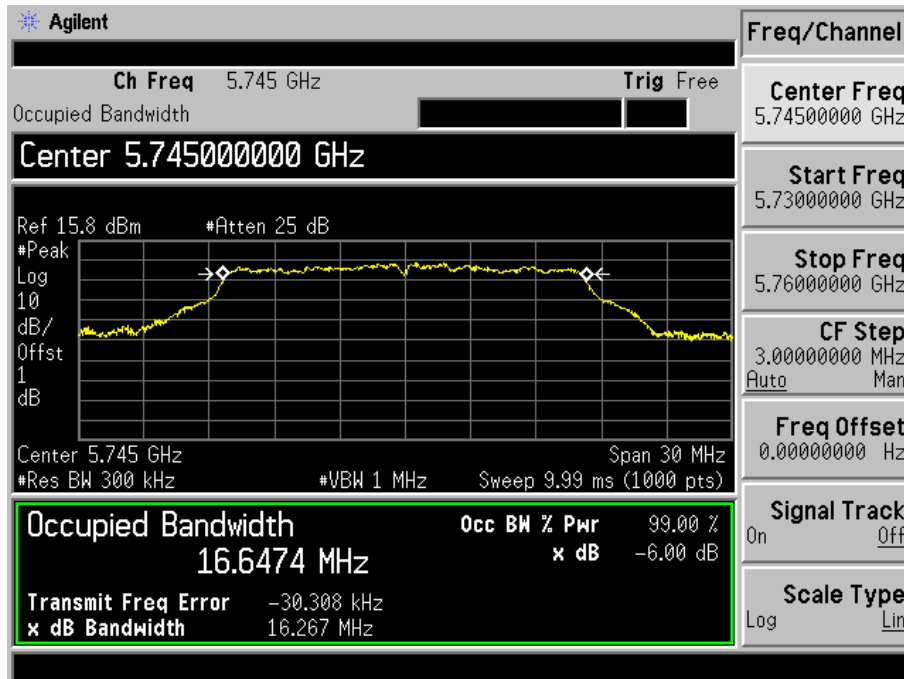
5230MHz



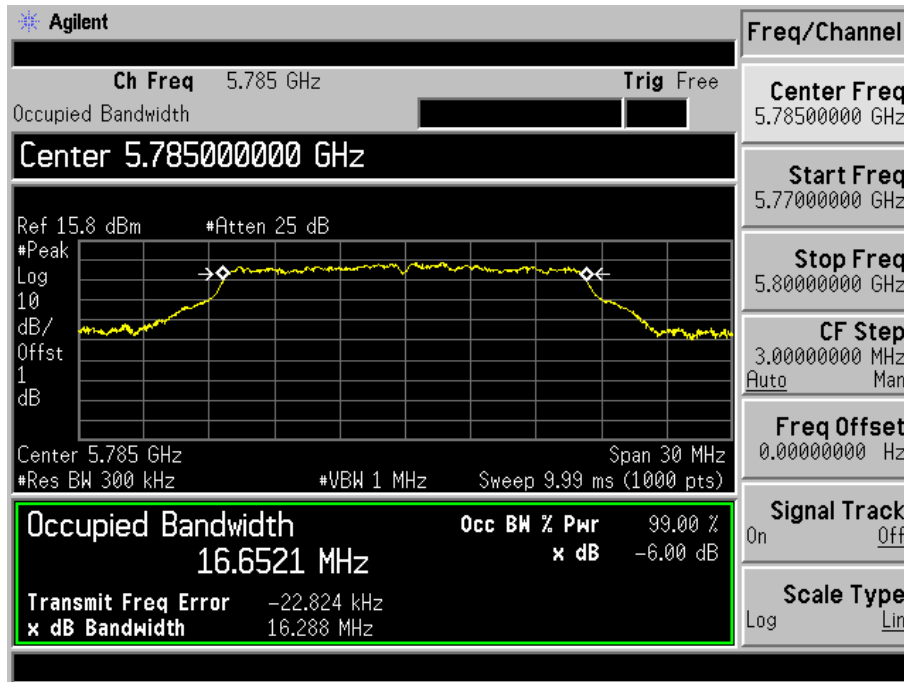
Test mode: 802.11ac-HV80
5210MHz



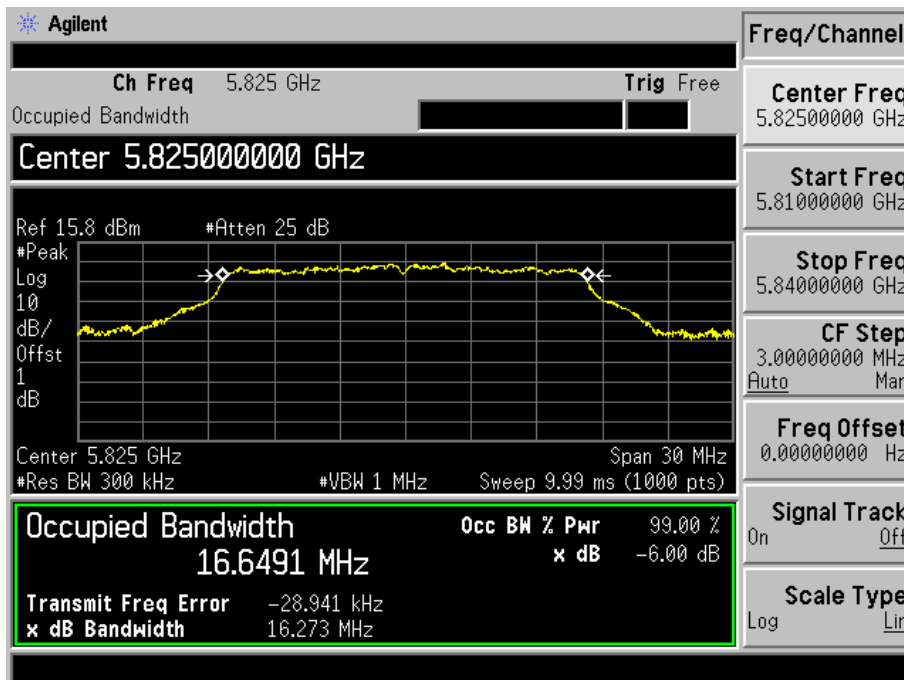
5725-5850MHz
Test mode: 802.11a
5745MHz



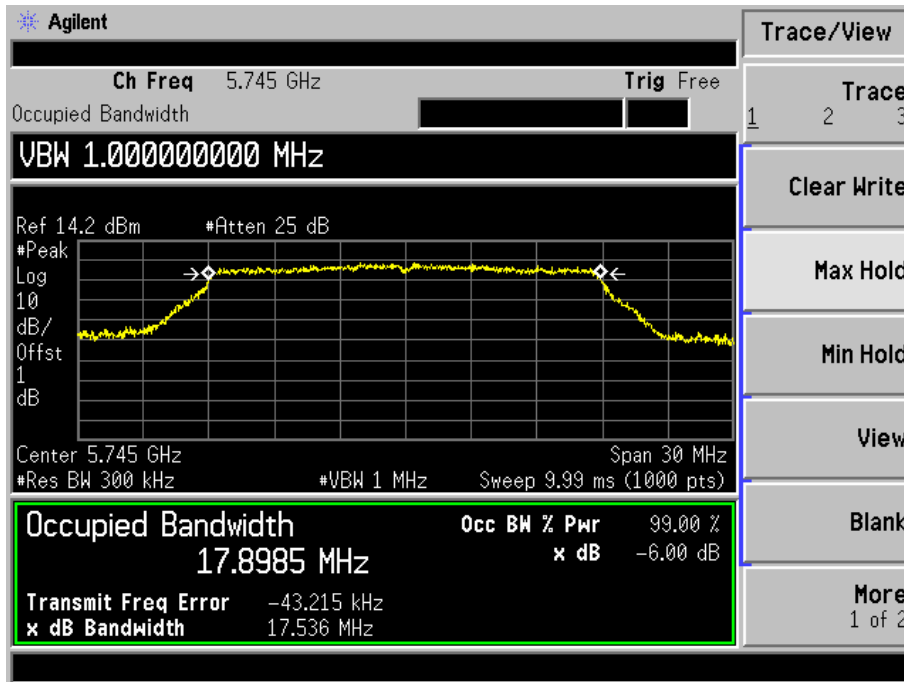
5785MHz



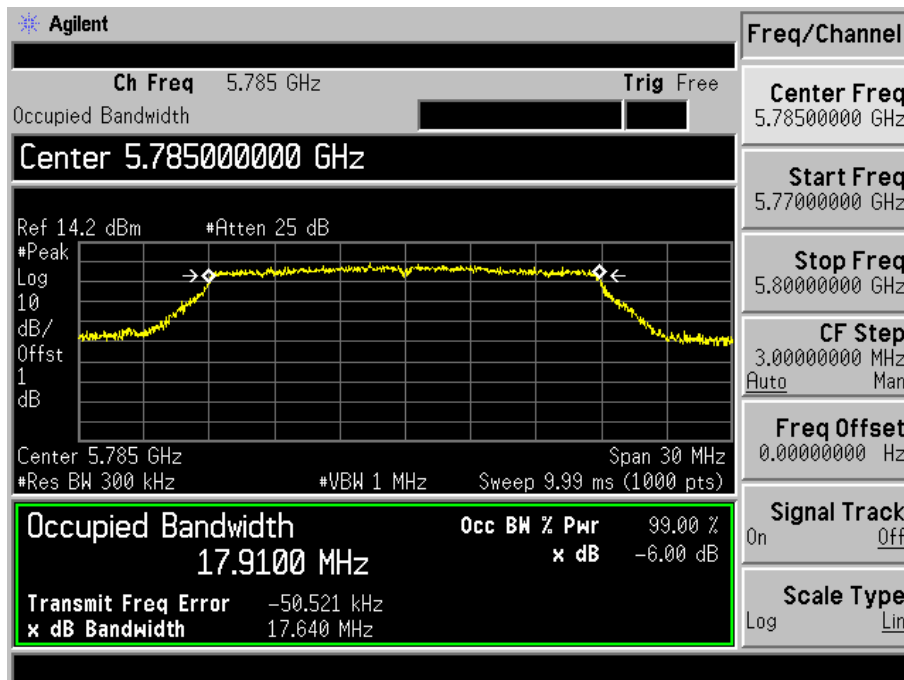
5825MHz



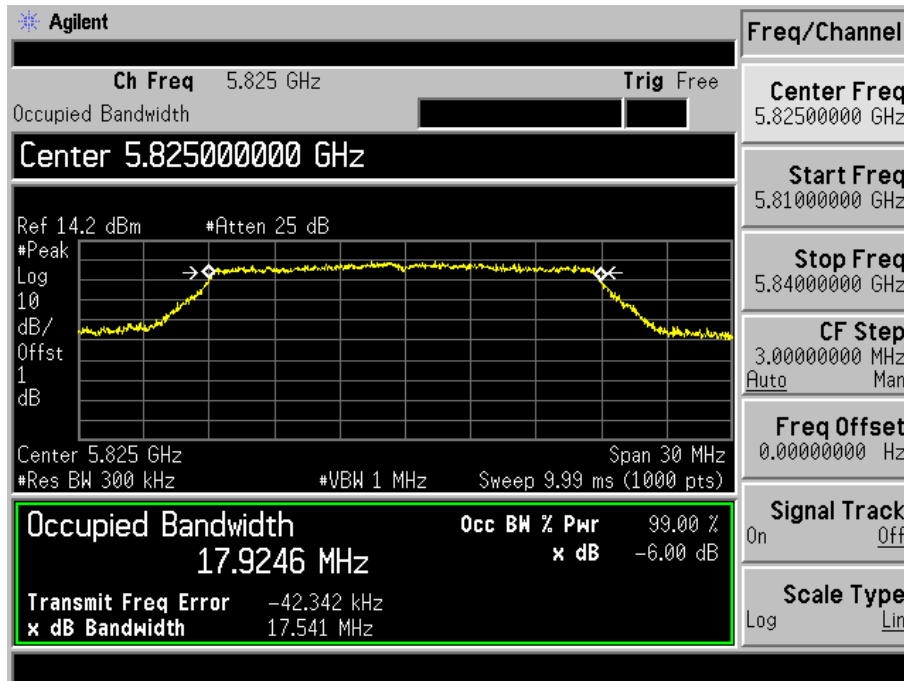
Test mode: 802.11-HT20
5745MHz



5785MHz

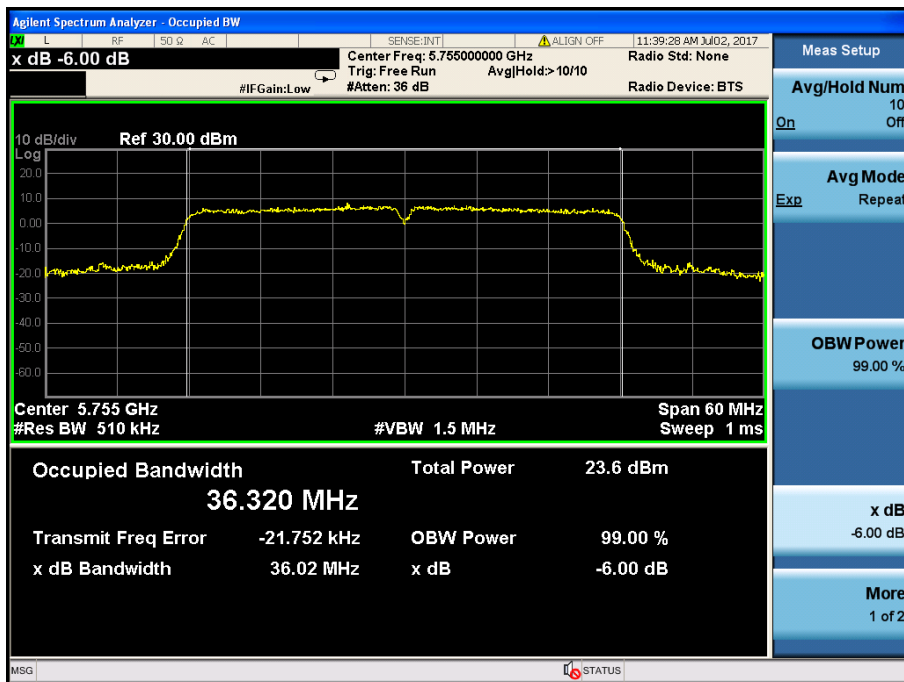


5825MHz

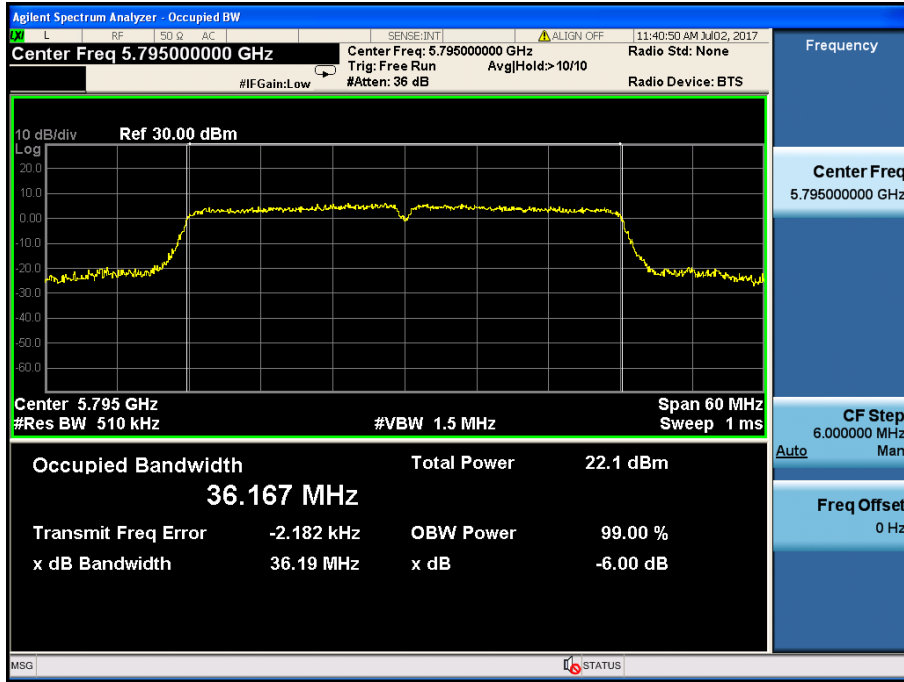


Test mode: 802.11n-HT40

5755MHz

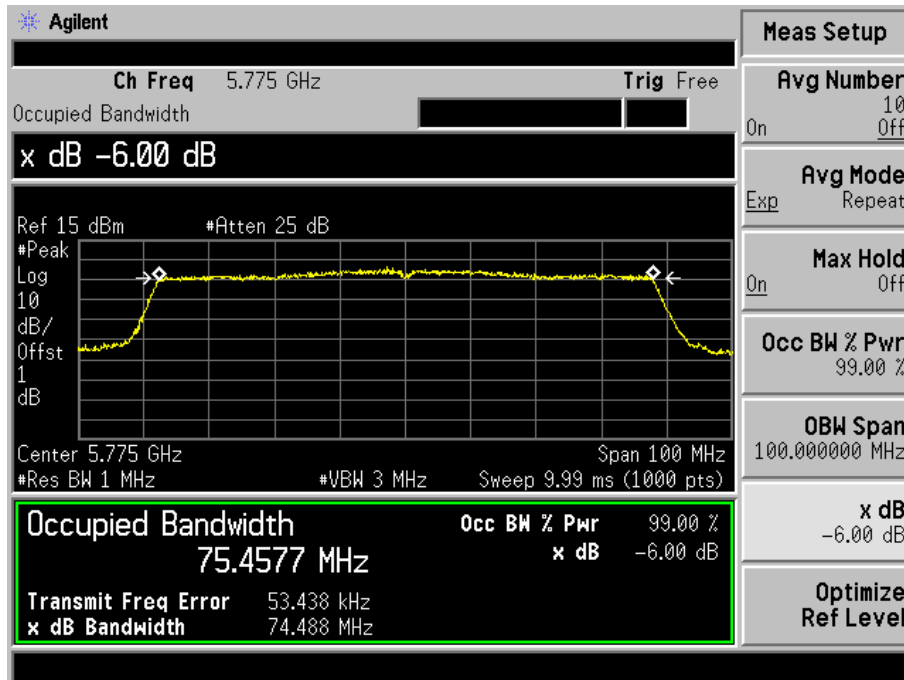


5795MHz



Test mode: 802.11ac-HV80

5775MHz



8. Maximum Conducted Output Power

8.1 Standard Applicable

Section 15.407(a) Power limits:

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

8.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02 v01r02 section E, the following is the measurement procedure.

- (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iii) Set VBW \geq 3 MHz.
- (iv) Number of points in sweep \geq 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (v) Sweep time = auto.

- (vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle \geq 98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to “free run”.
- (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- (ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

8.3 Environmental Conditions

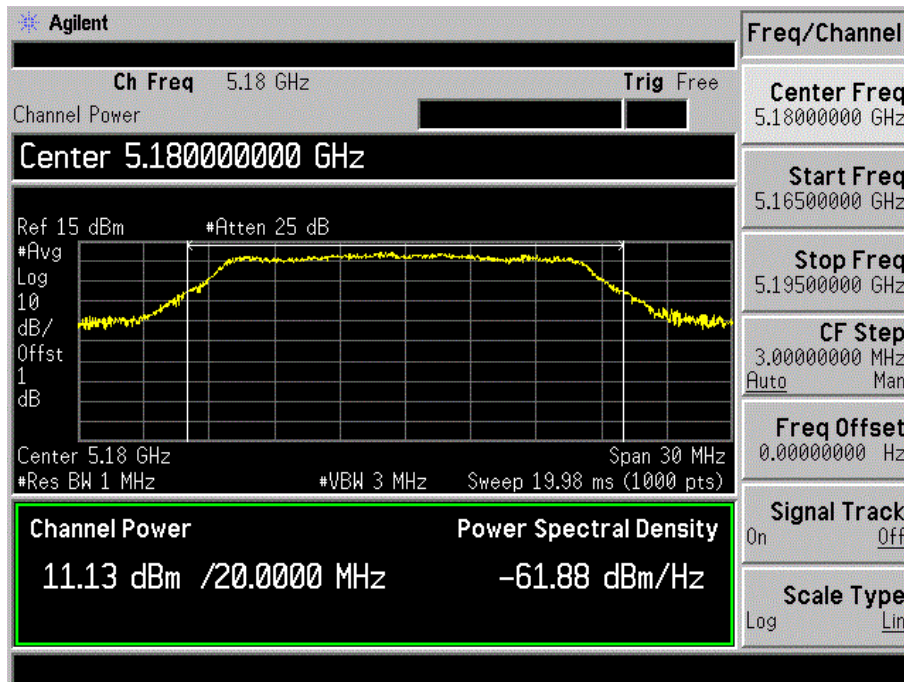
Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	65%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

8.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

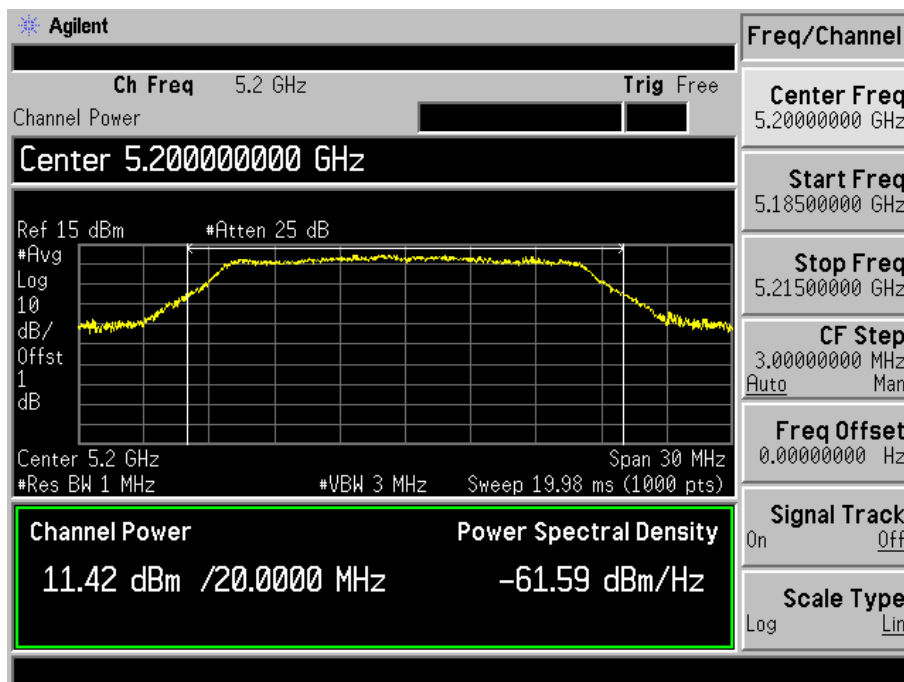
For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz, 5725-5850GHz

Test mode	Frequency MHz	Output Power dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
802.11a	5180	11.13	12.97	250
	5200	11.42	13.87	250
	5240	11.63	14.55	250
	5745	10.58	11.43	1000
	5785	10.59	11.46	1000
	5825	10.81	12.05	1000
802.11n-HT20	5180	10.66	11.64	250
	5200	10.59	11.46	250
	5240	10.86	12.19	250
	5745	8.66	7.35	1000
	5785	8.87	7.71	1000
	5825	9.37	8.65	1000
802.11n-HT40	5190	9.96	9.91	250
	5230	10.34	10.81	250
	5755	7.91	6.18	1000
	5795	7.75	5.96	1000
802.11ac-HV80	5210	6.60	4.57	250
	5775	5.02	3.18	1000

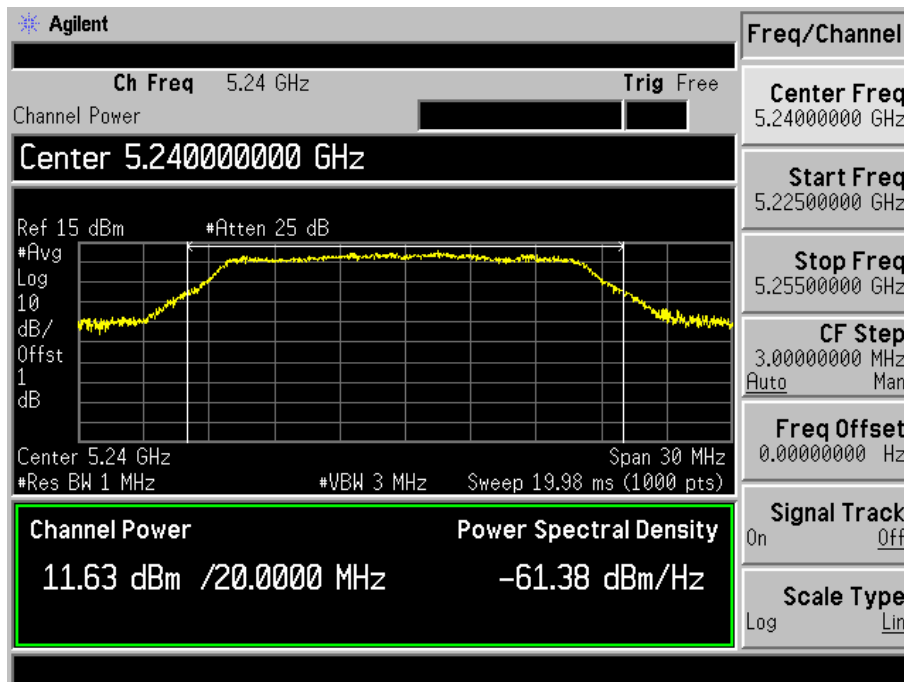
Test Mode: 802.11a
5180MHz



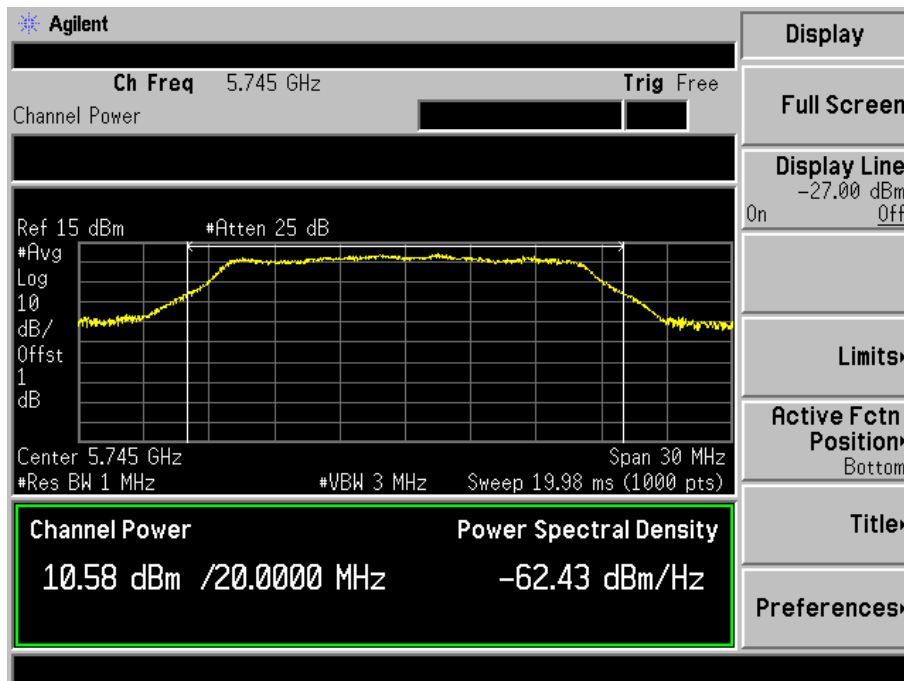
5200MHz



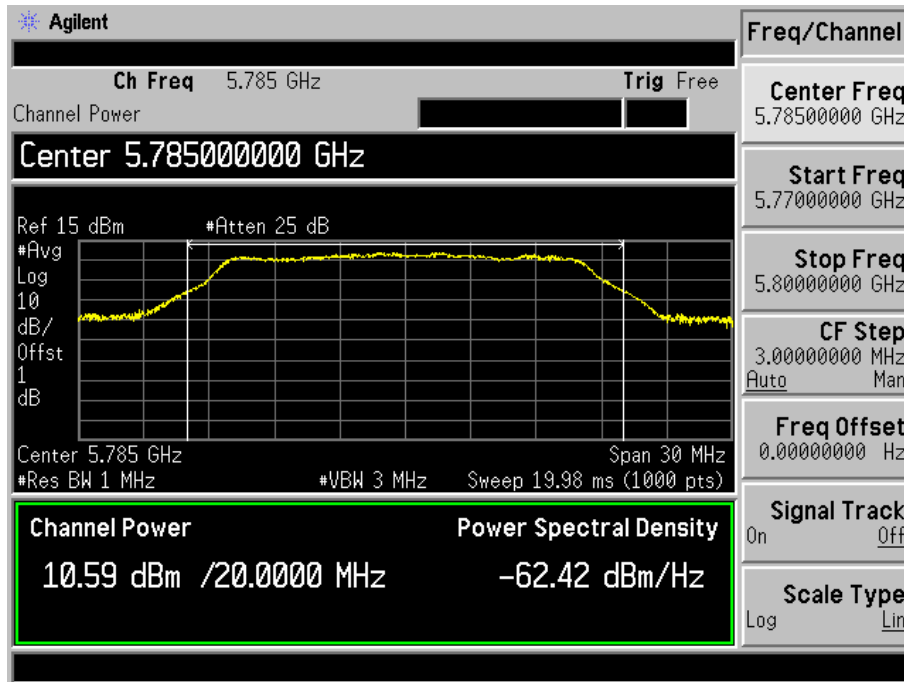
5240MHz



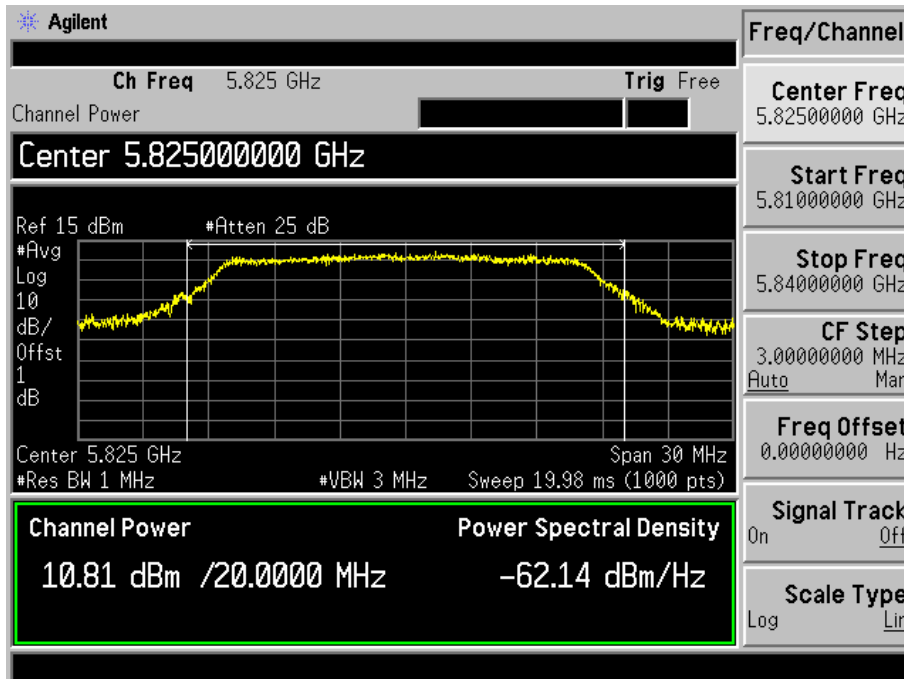
5745MHz



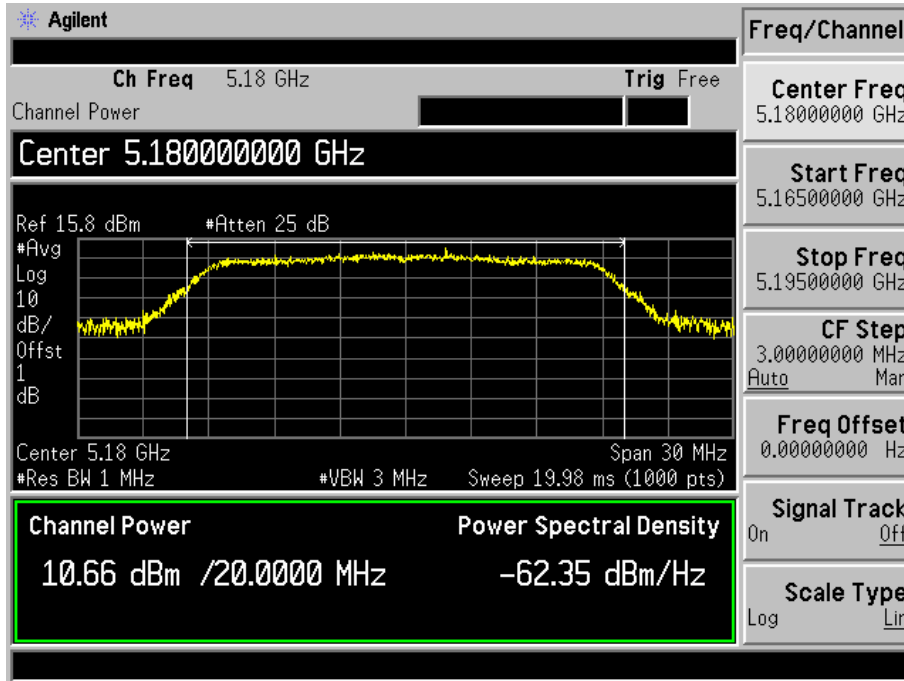
5785MHz



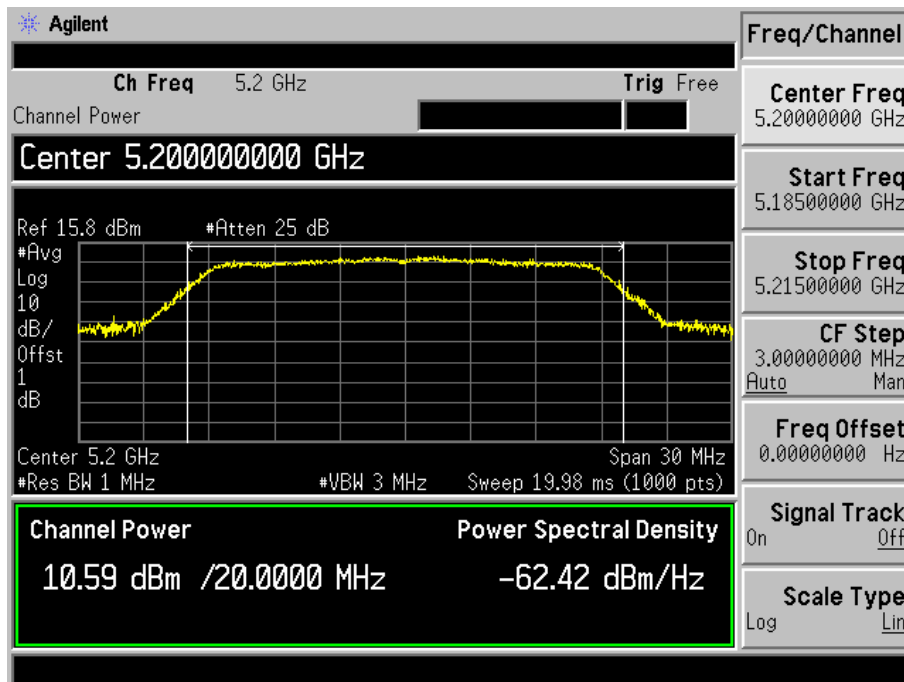
5825MHz



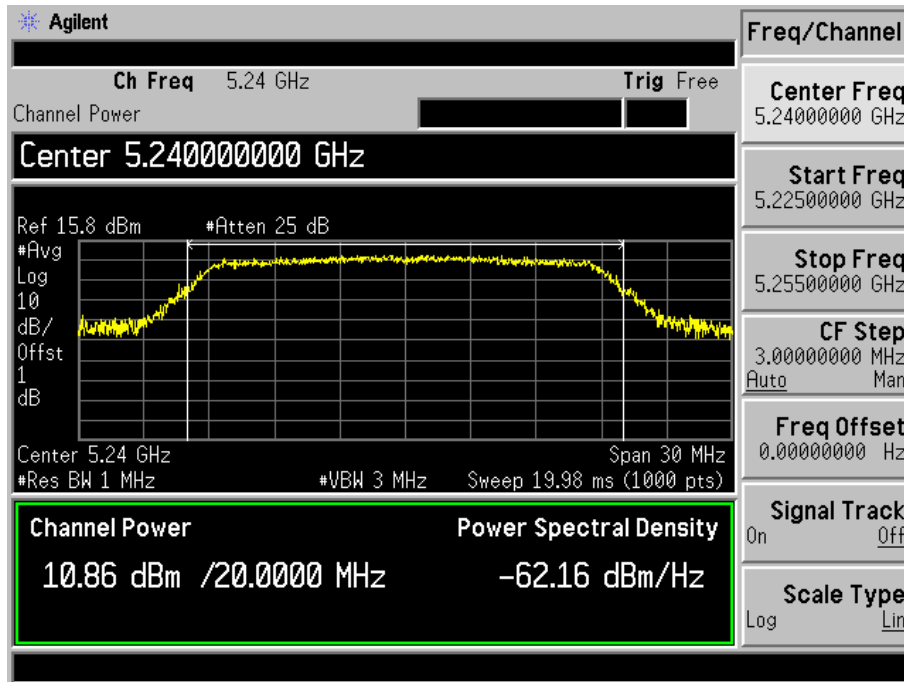
Test Mode: 802.11n-HT20
5180MHz



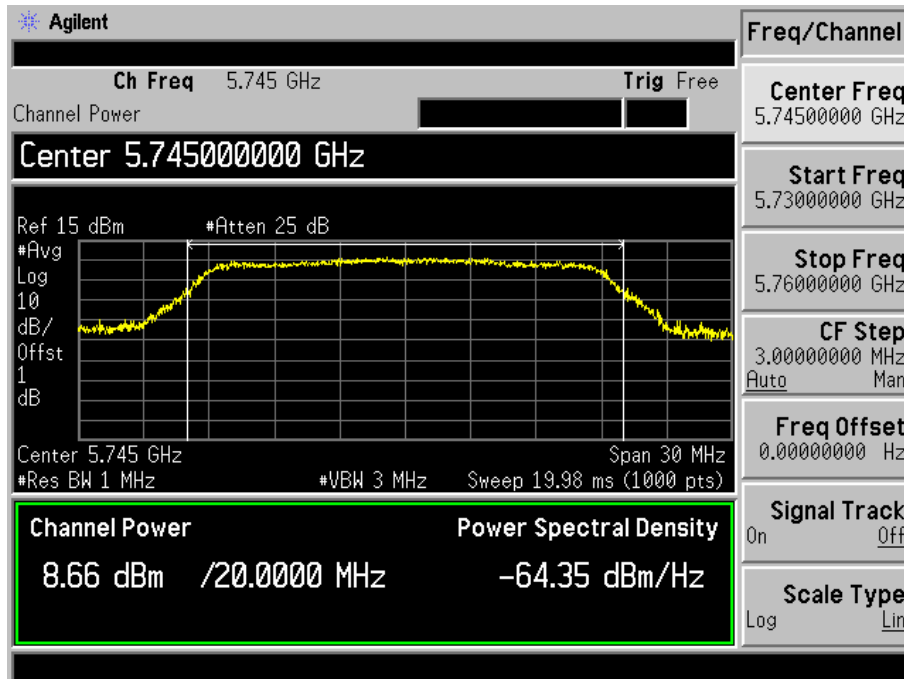
5200MHz



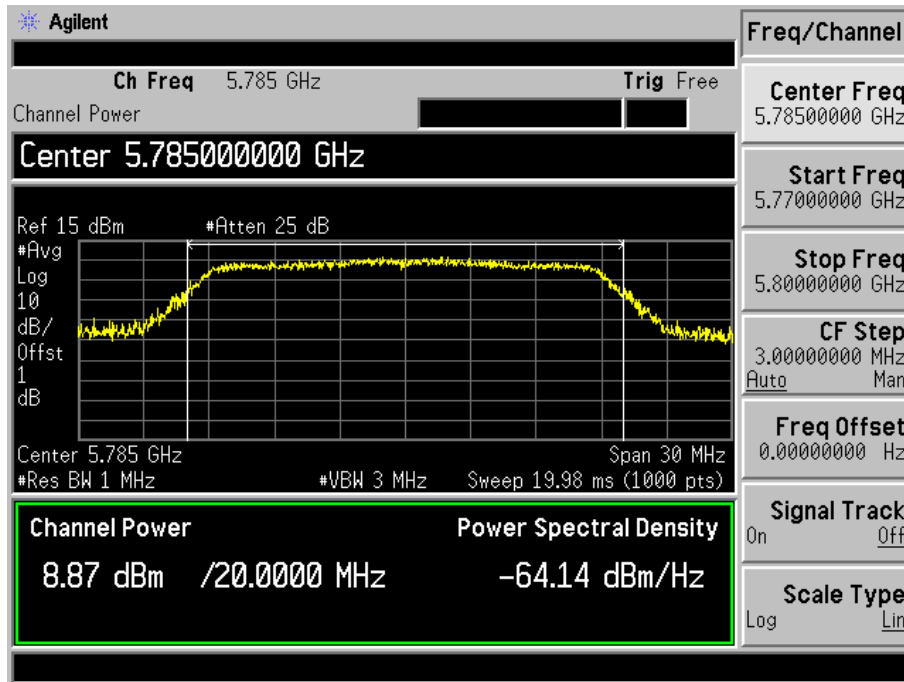
5240MHz



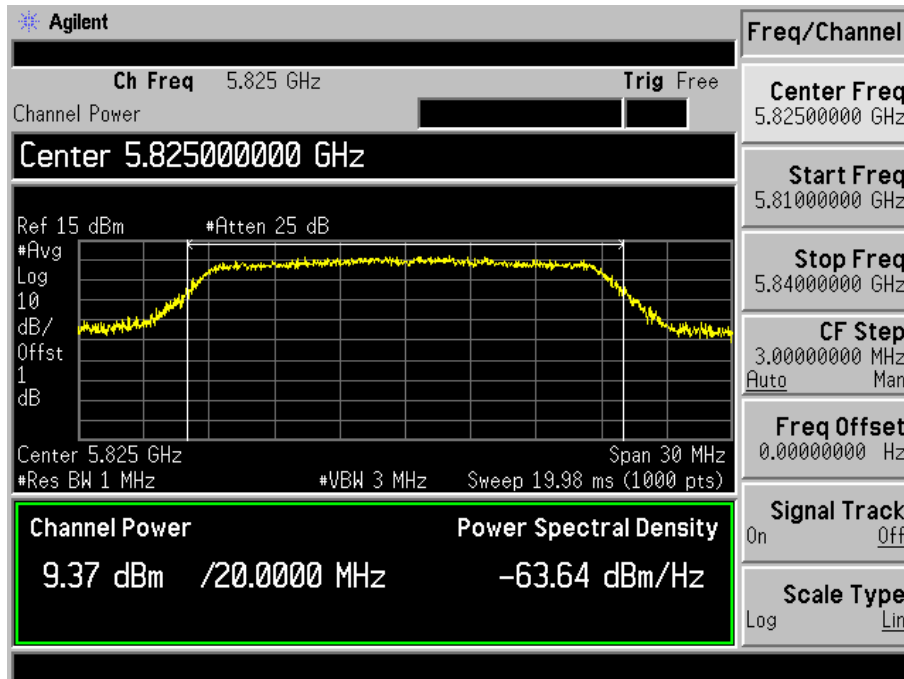
5745MHz



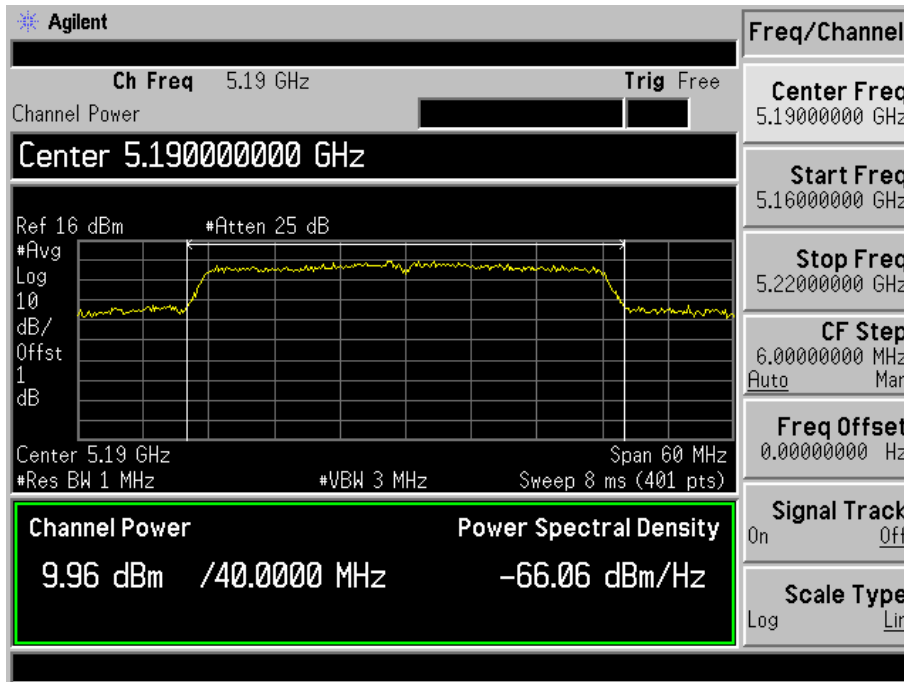
5785MHz



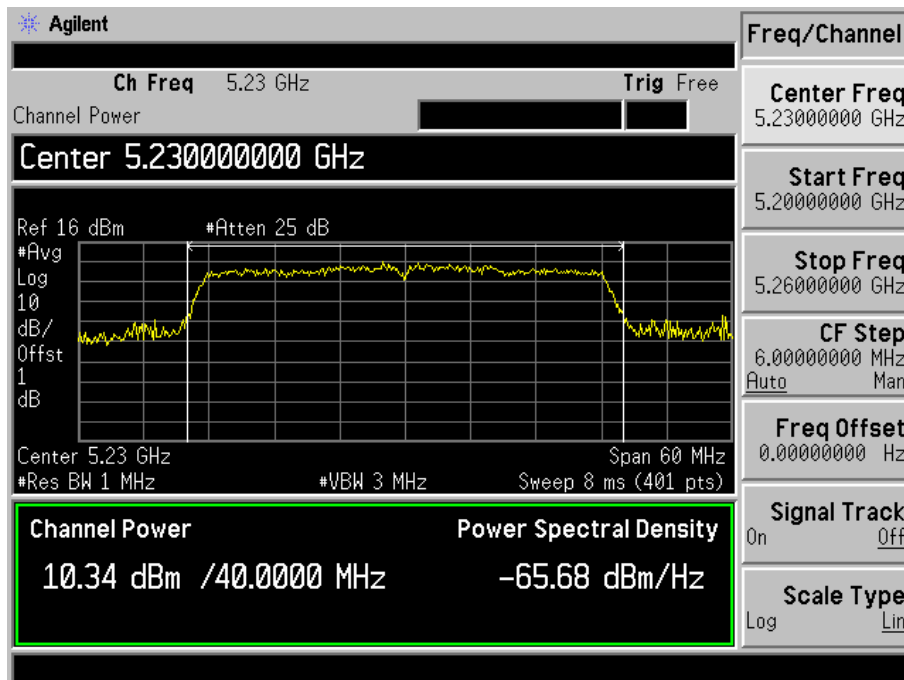
5825MHz



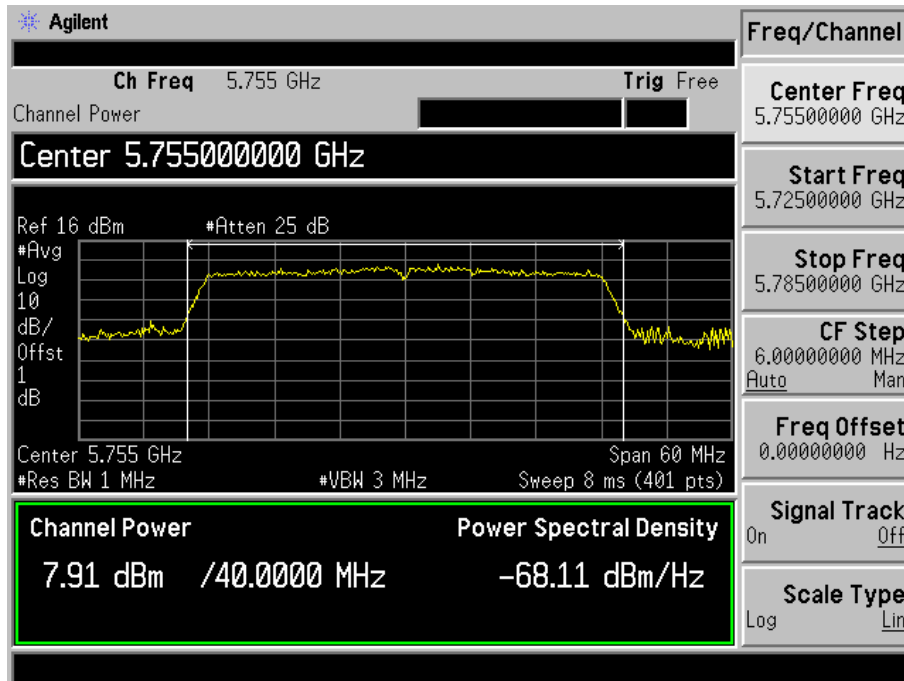
Test Mode: 802.11n-HT40
5190MHz



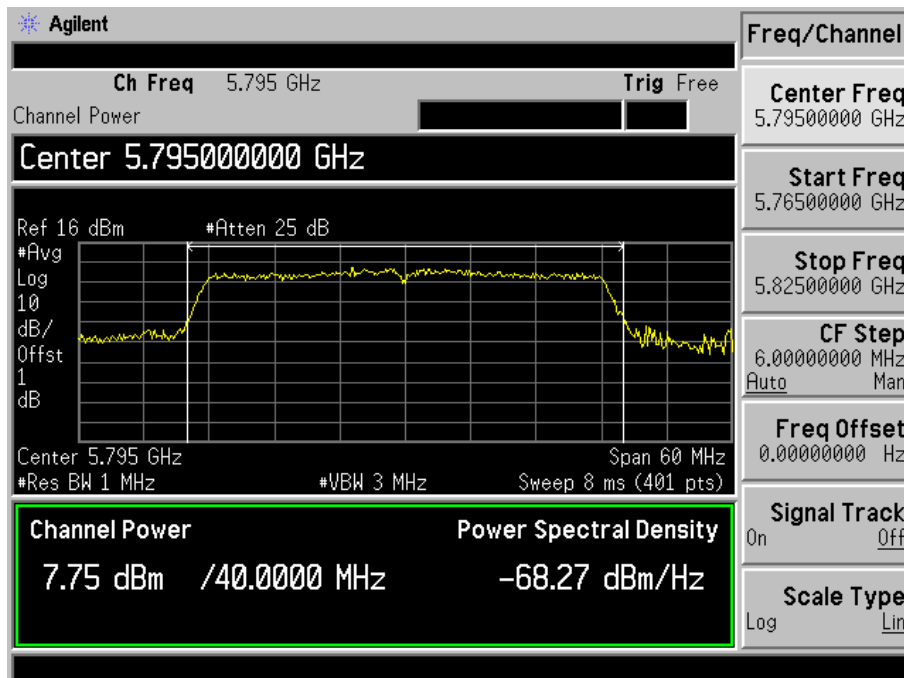
5230MHz



5755MHz

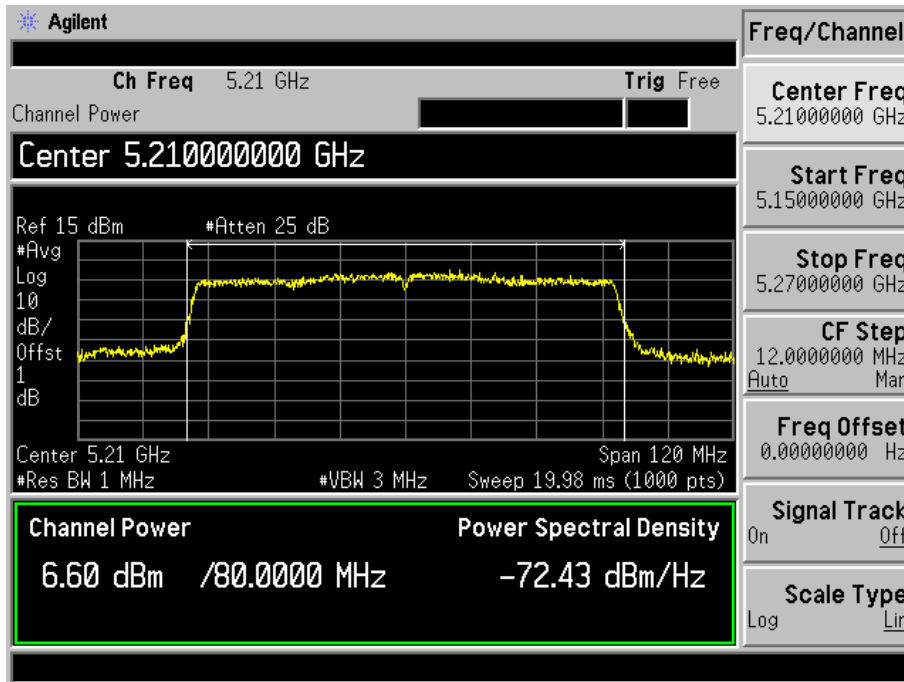


5795MHz

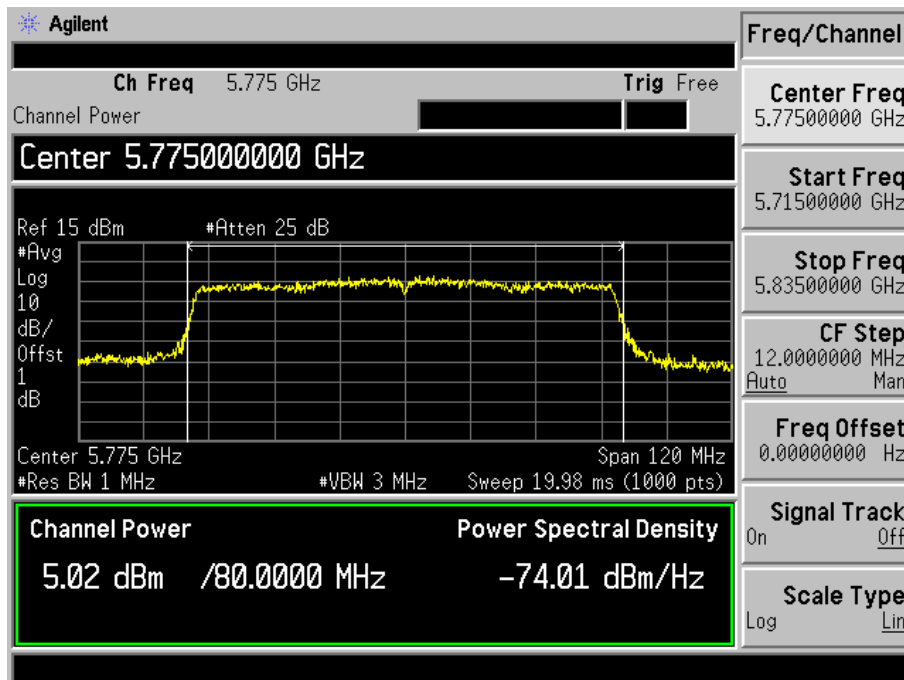


Test Mode: 802.11ac-HV80

5210MHz



5775MHz



9. Conducted Spurious Emissions

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.407 (b) (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

9.2 Test Procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer via a RF combiner.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100kHz/1MHz, VBW=300kHz/3MHz, Sweep = auto
3. Set the Lowest, Middle and Highest Transmitting Channel, observed the outside band of 30MHz to 40GHz, then mark the higher-level emission for comparing with the FCC rules.

9.3 Environmental Conditions

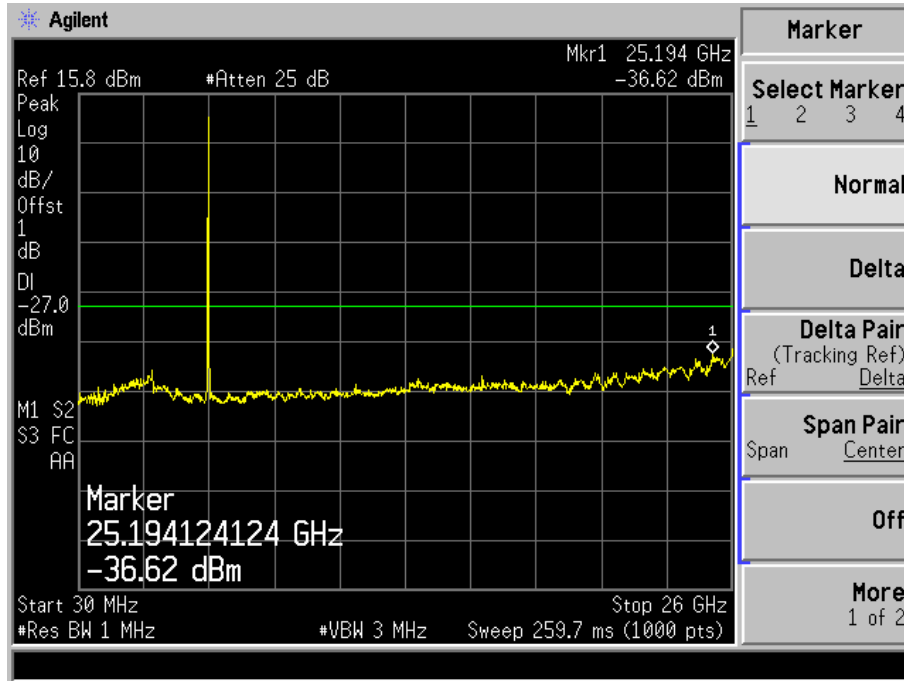
Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

10.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

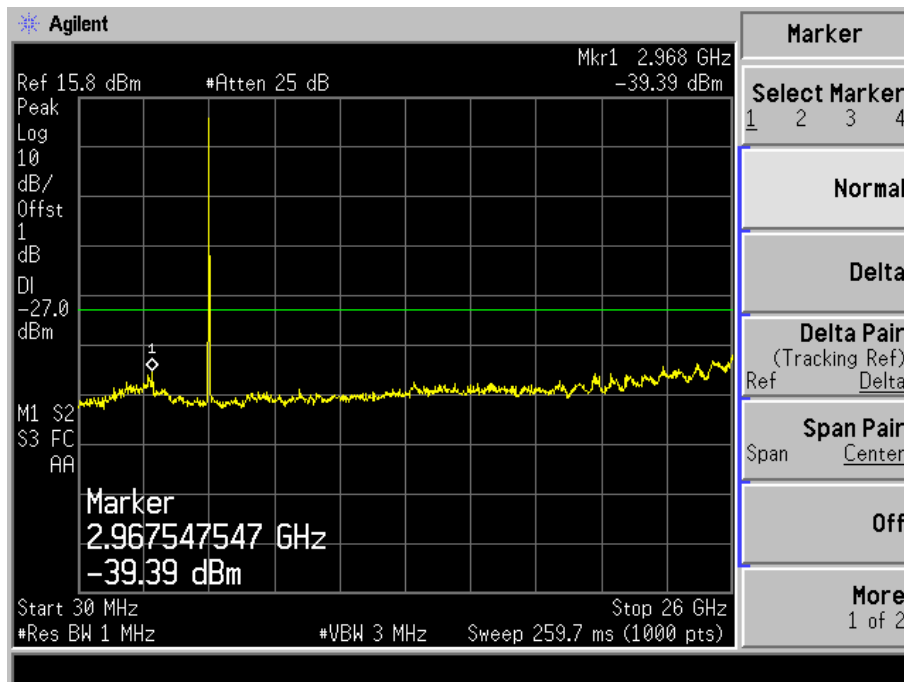
Emissions above 26.5GHz are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits and test data are not reported.

802.11a

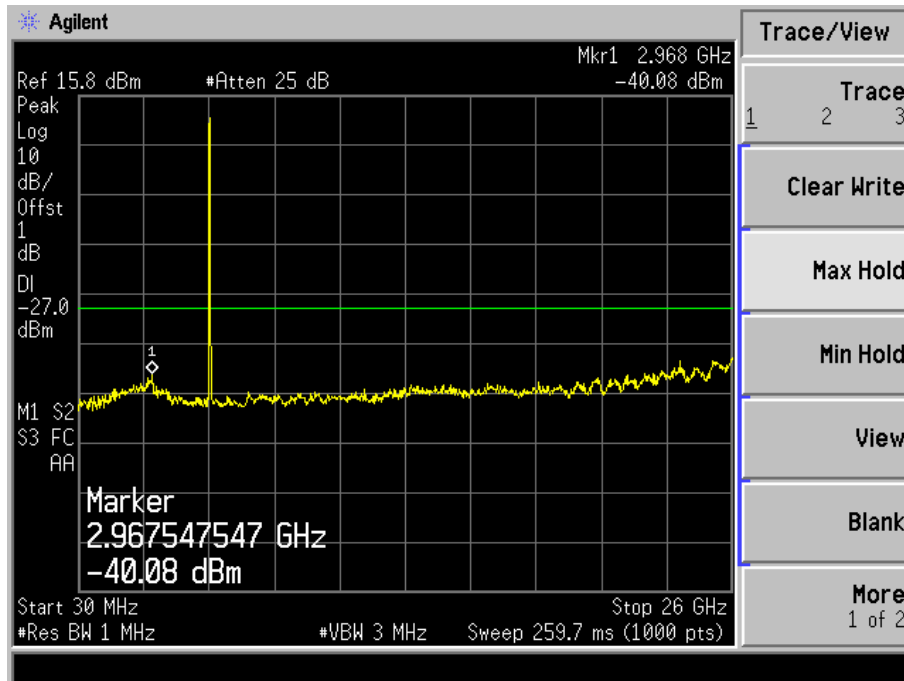
5180MHz



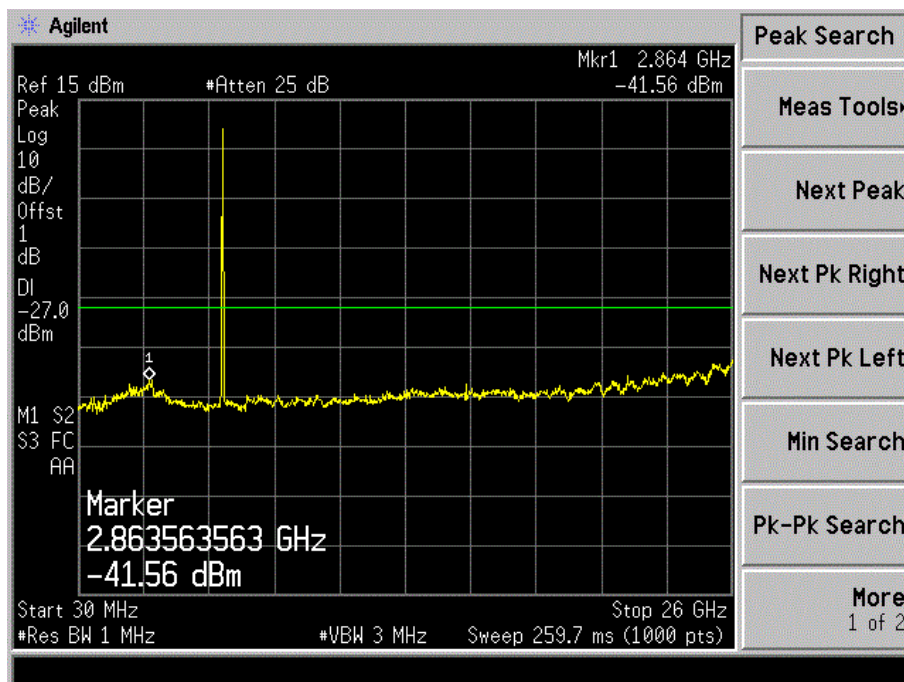
5200MHz



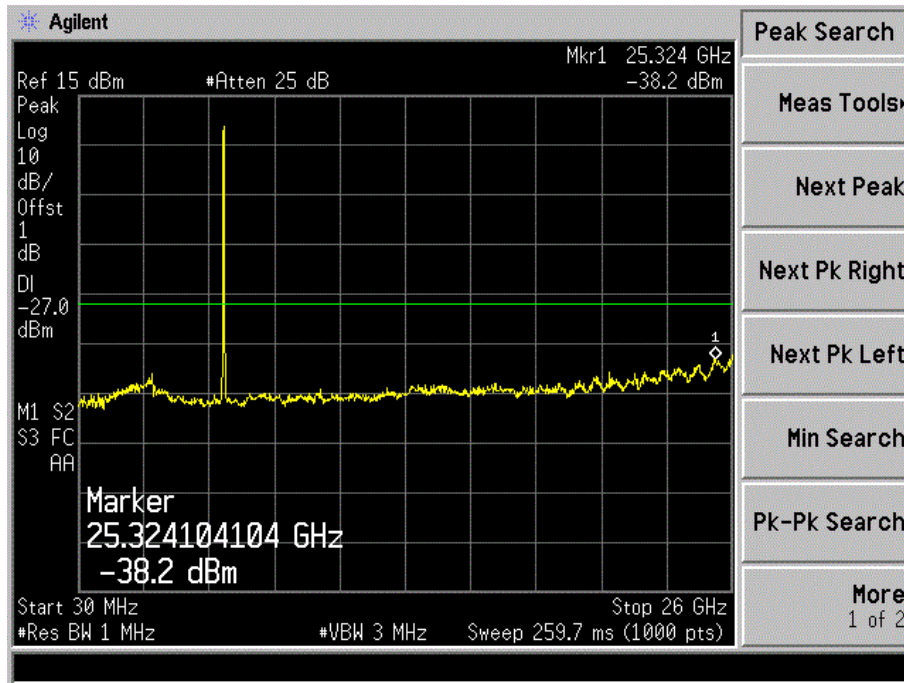
5240MHz



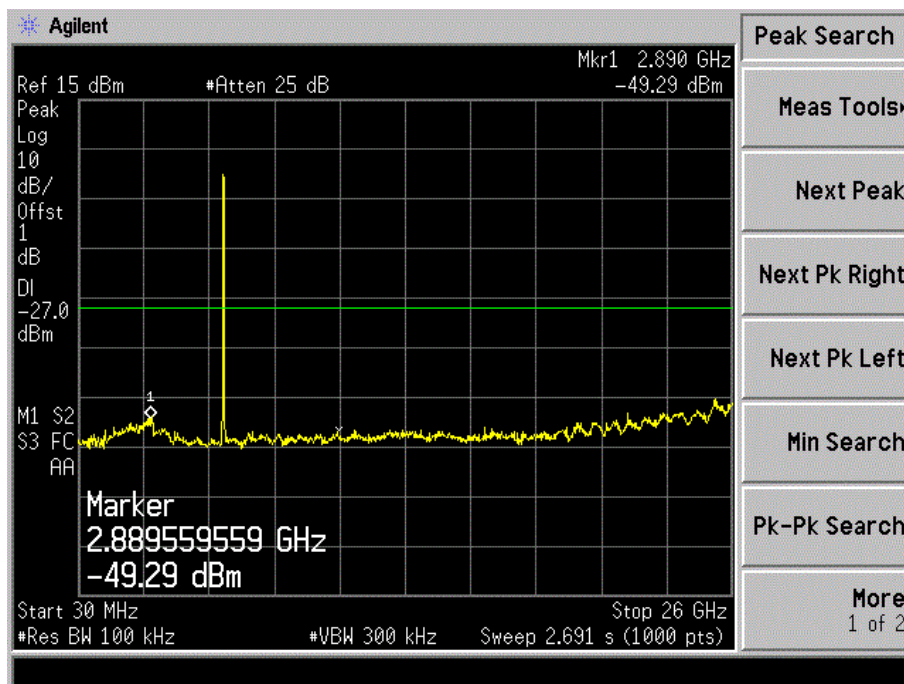
5745MHz



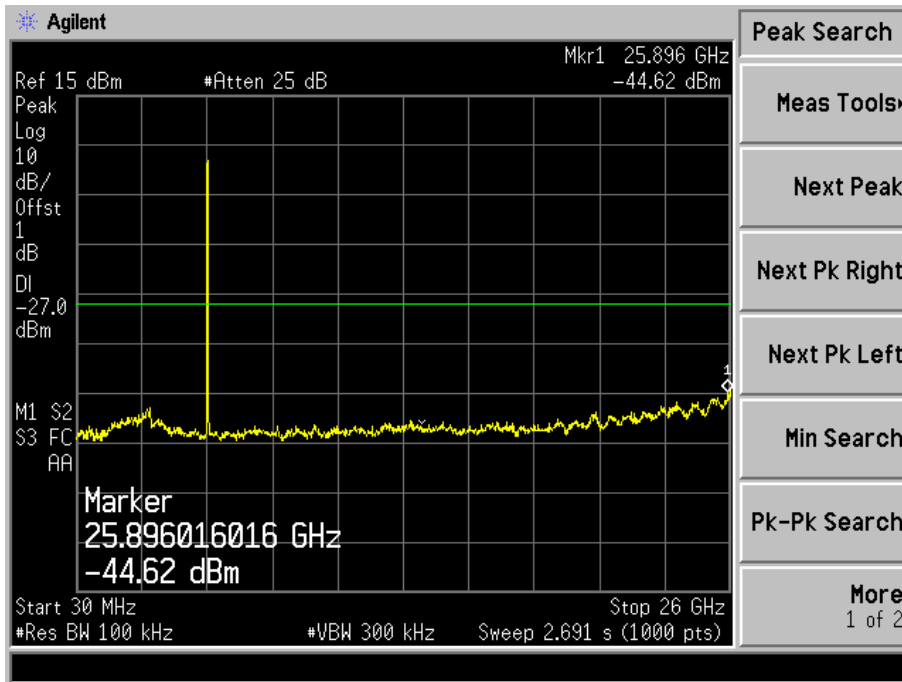
5785MHz



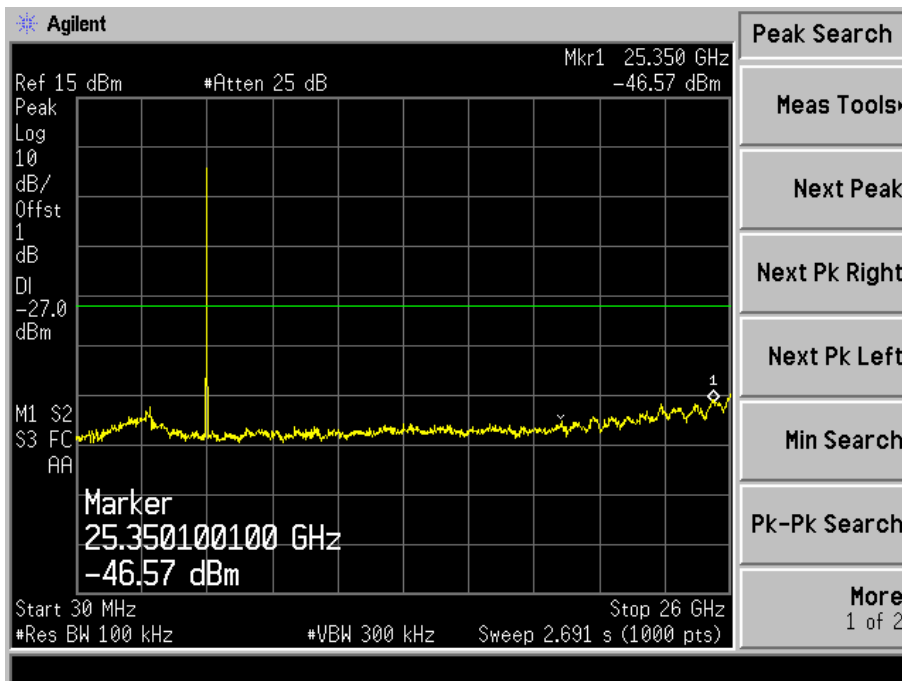
5825MHz



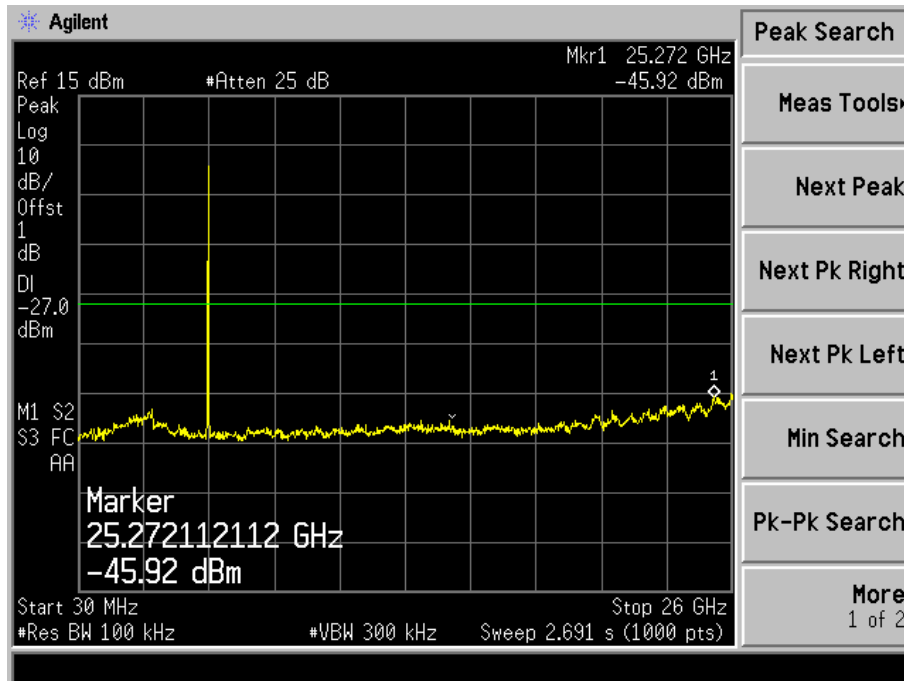
802.11n HT20
5180MHz



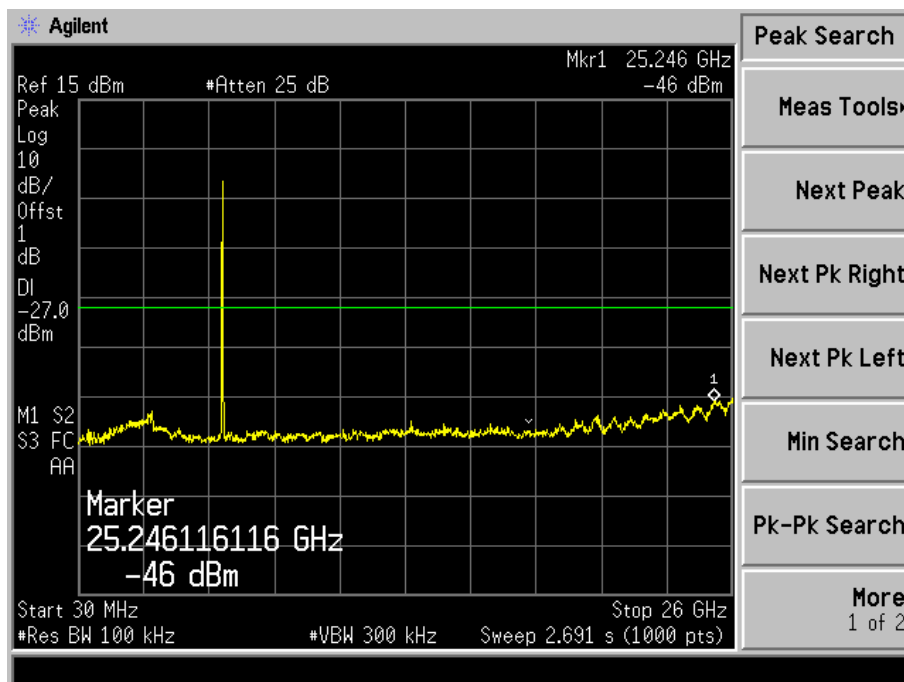
5200MHz



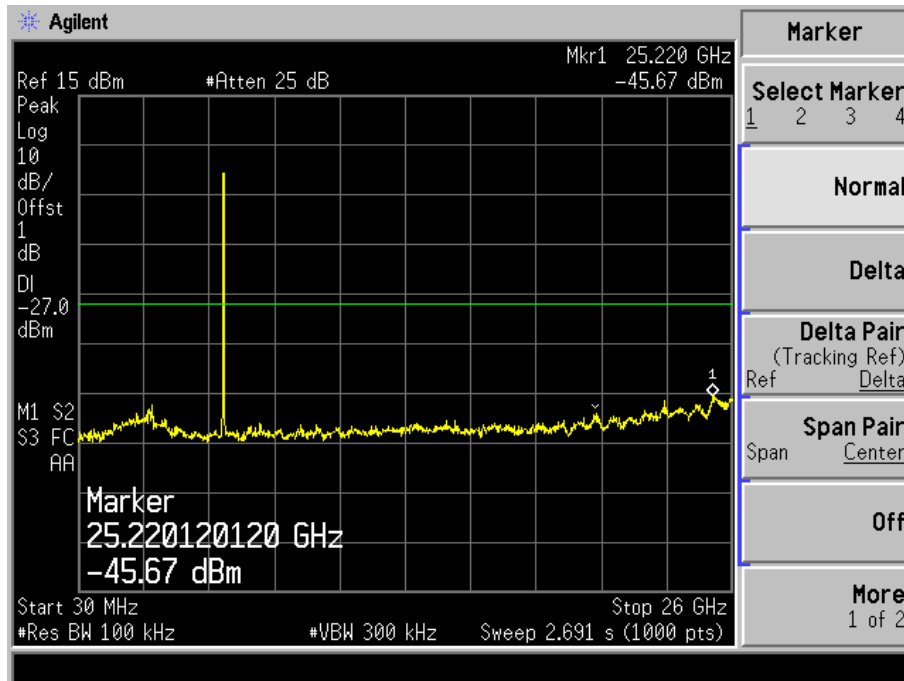
5240MHz



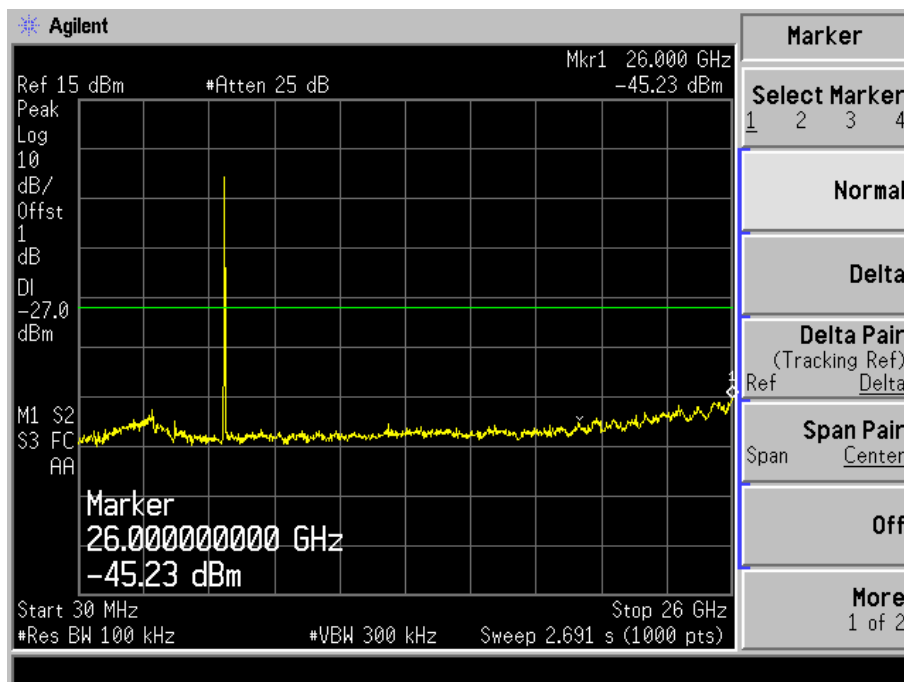
5745MHz



5785MHz

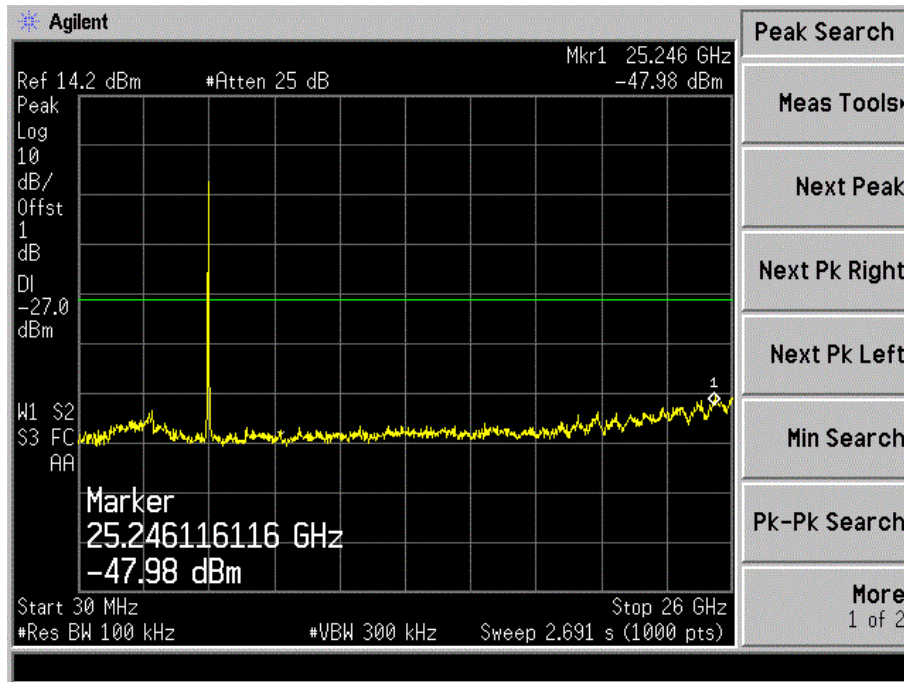


5825MHz

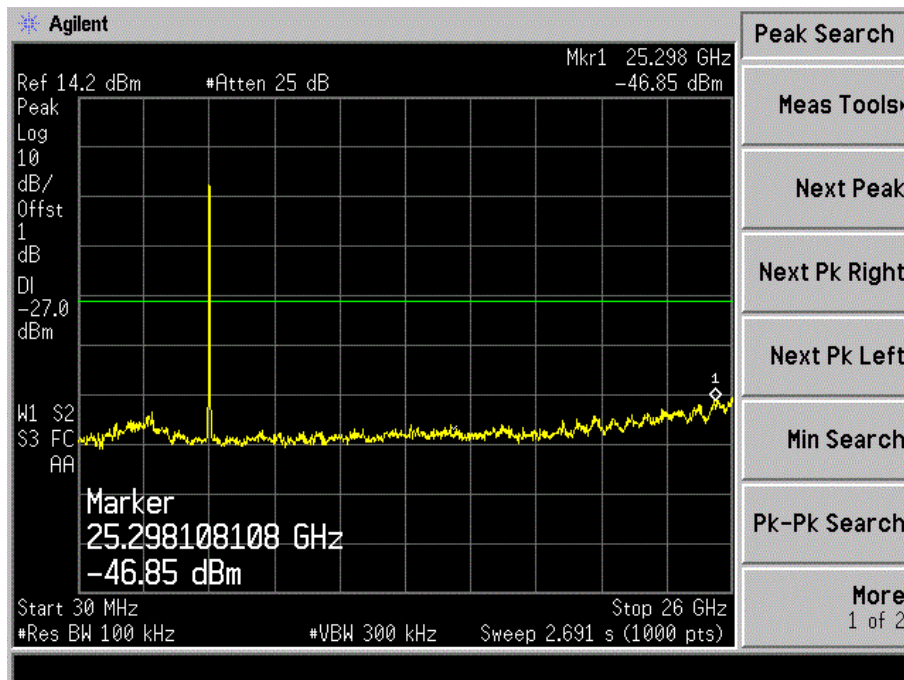


802.11n-HT40

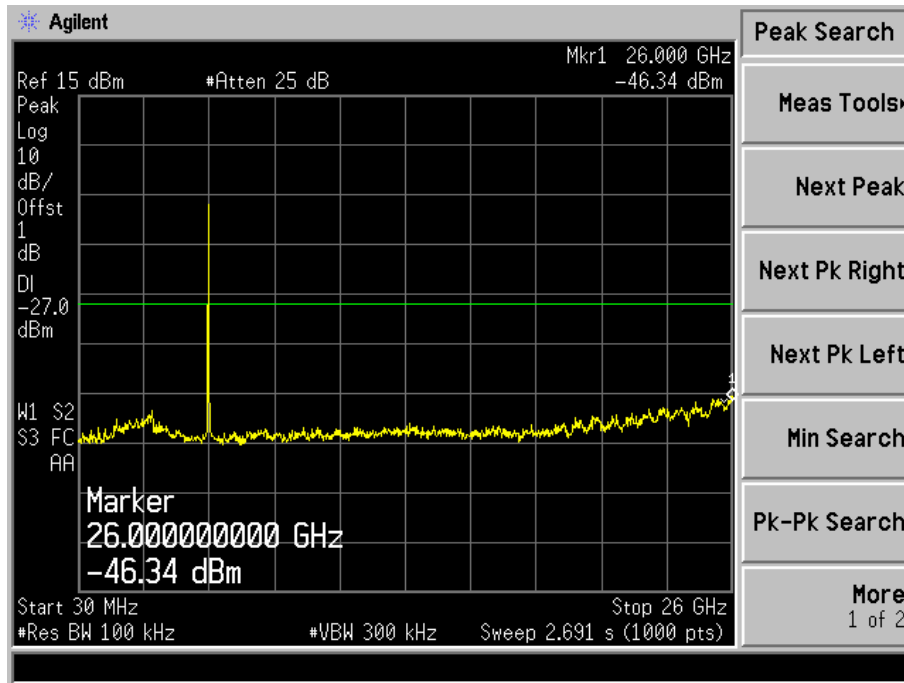
5190MHz



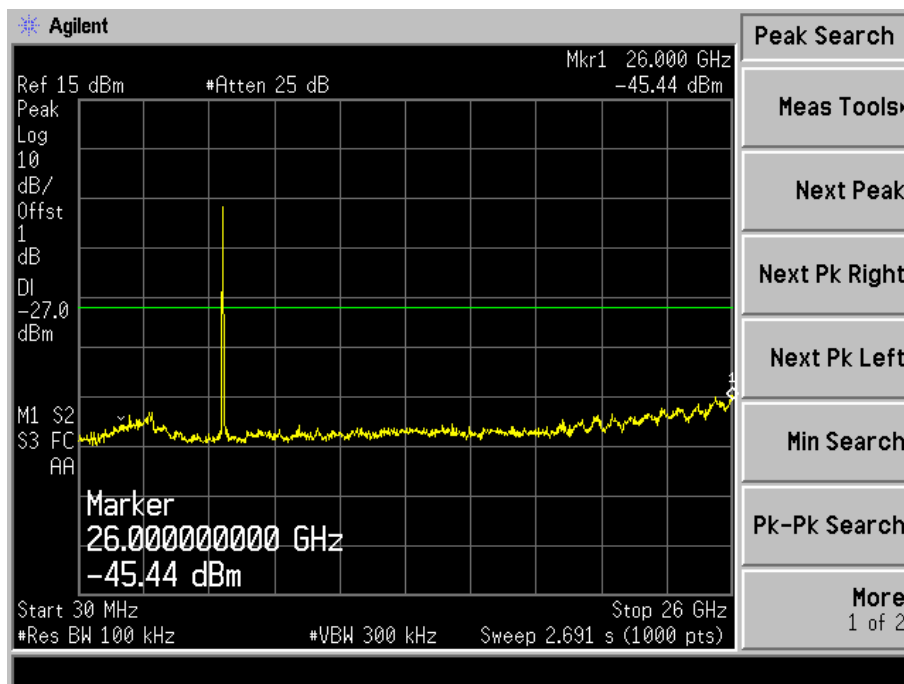
5230MHz



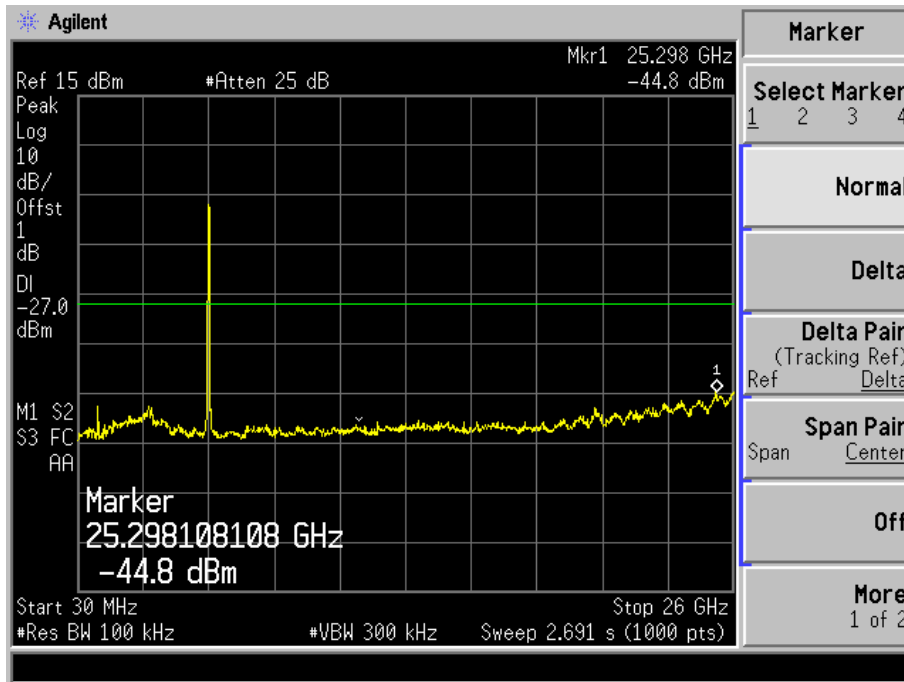
5755MHz



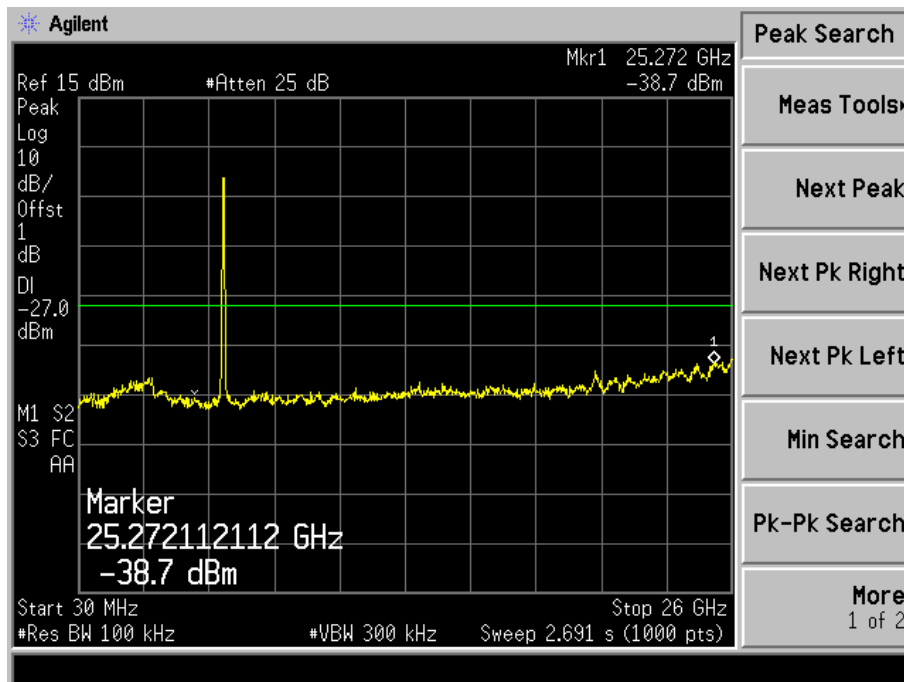
5795MHz



802.11ac-HV80
5210MHz



5775MHz



11. Radiated Spurious Emissions

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.407(b)(6), Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in Section 15.209.

According to §15.407(b)(7), The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

789033 D02 v01r02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:

$$\text{EIRP} = ((E*d)^2) / 30$$

where:

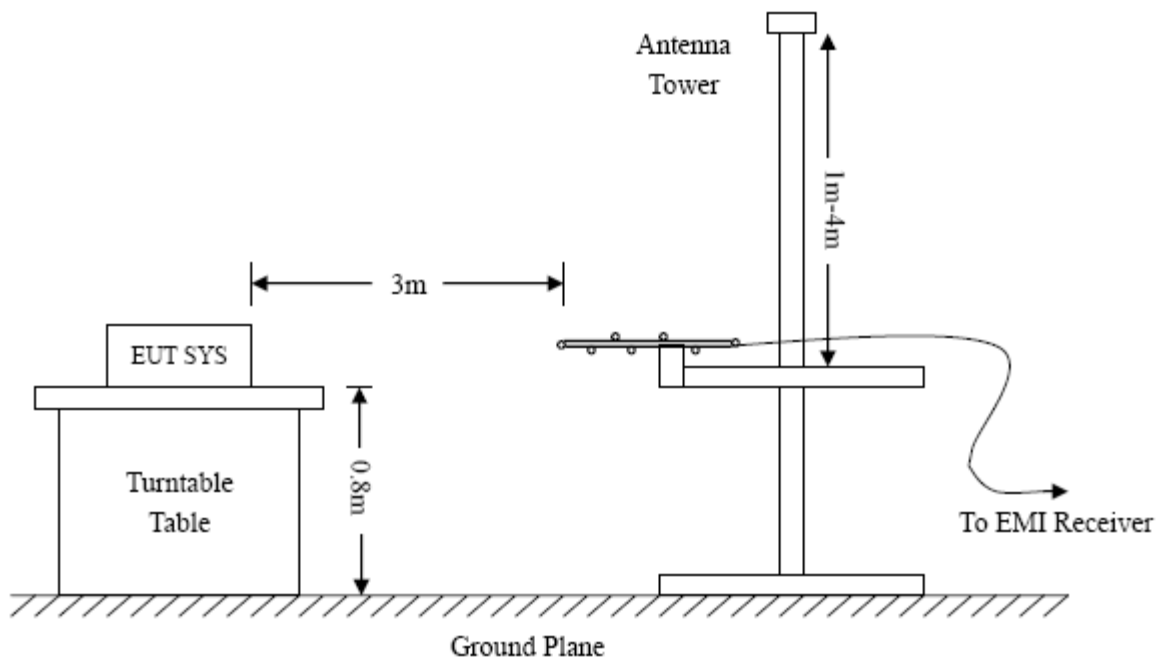
- E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters;
- EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.

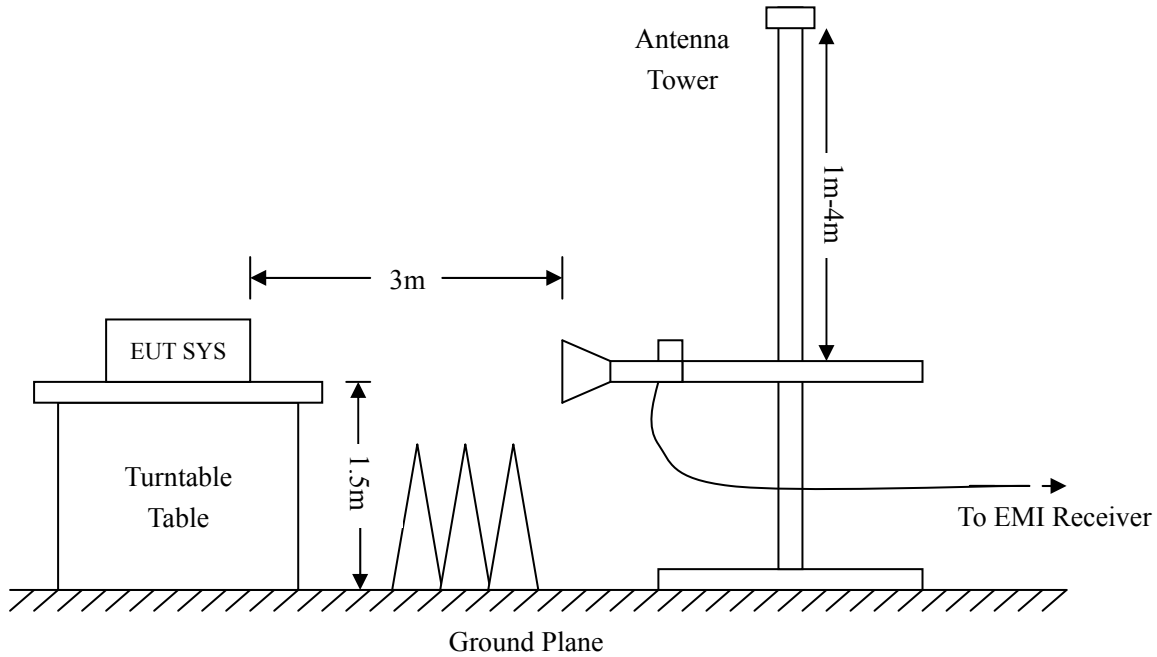
11.2 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.407(b)(6) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit..

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.





11.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the radiated emission test for above 1GHz, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

For peak detector:

RBW = 1000kHz, VBW = 3000kHz, Sweep Time = Auto

For average detector:

RBW = 1000kHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep Time = Auto

11.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corr. Ampl.} = \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Ant. Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Ampl. Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -6dB μ V means the emission is 6dB μ V below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{FCC Part 15 Limit}$$

11.5 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

11.6 Summary of Test Results/Plots

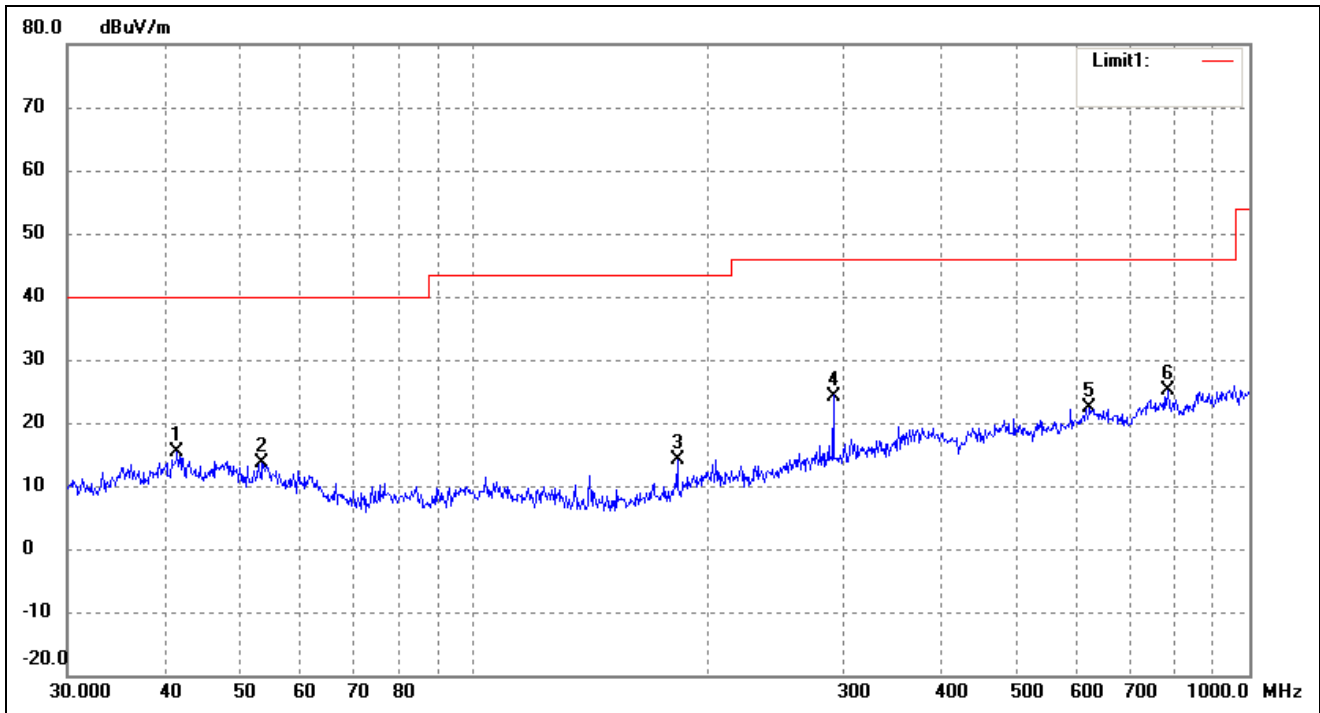
According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.407(b)(6) standards, and had the worst margin of:

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

For 802.11a (worst case)

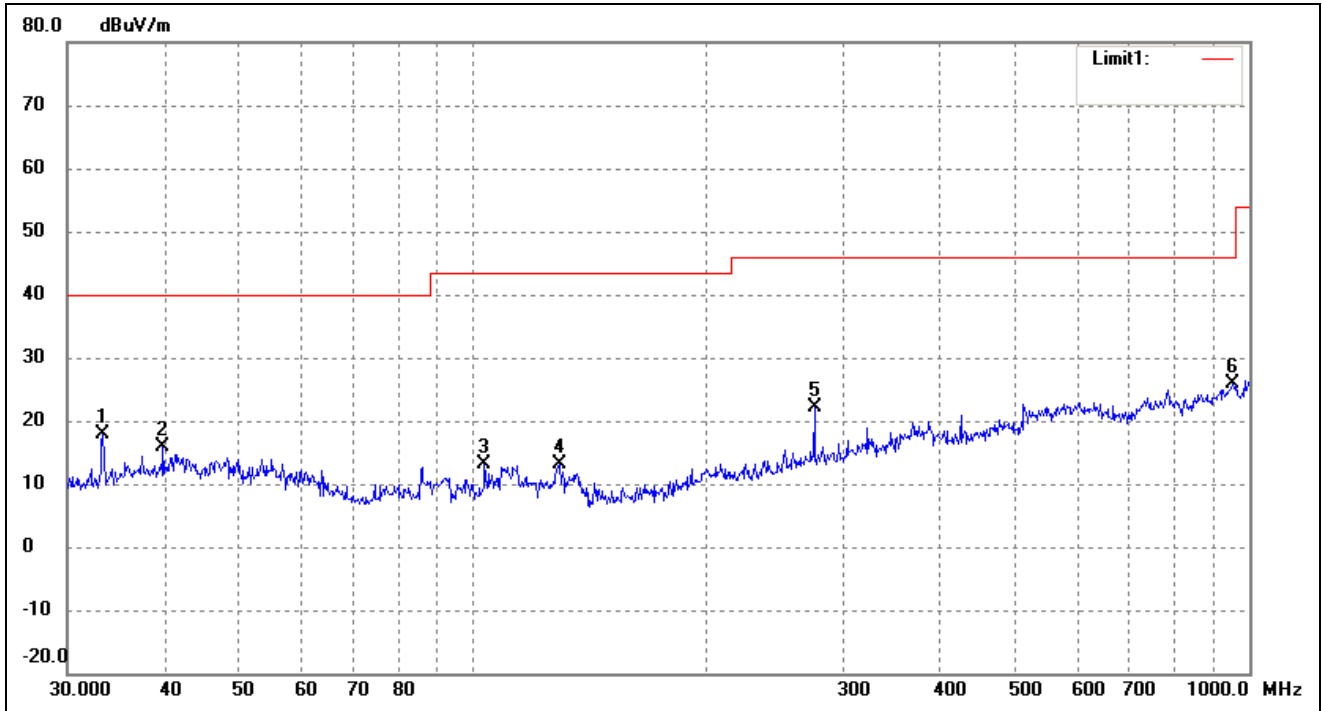
Spurious Emission From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Horizontal



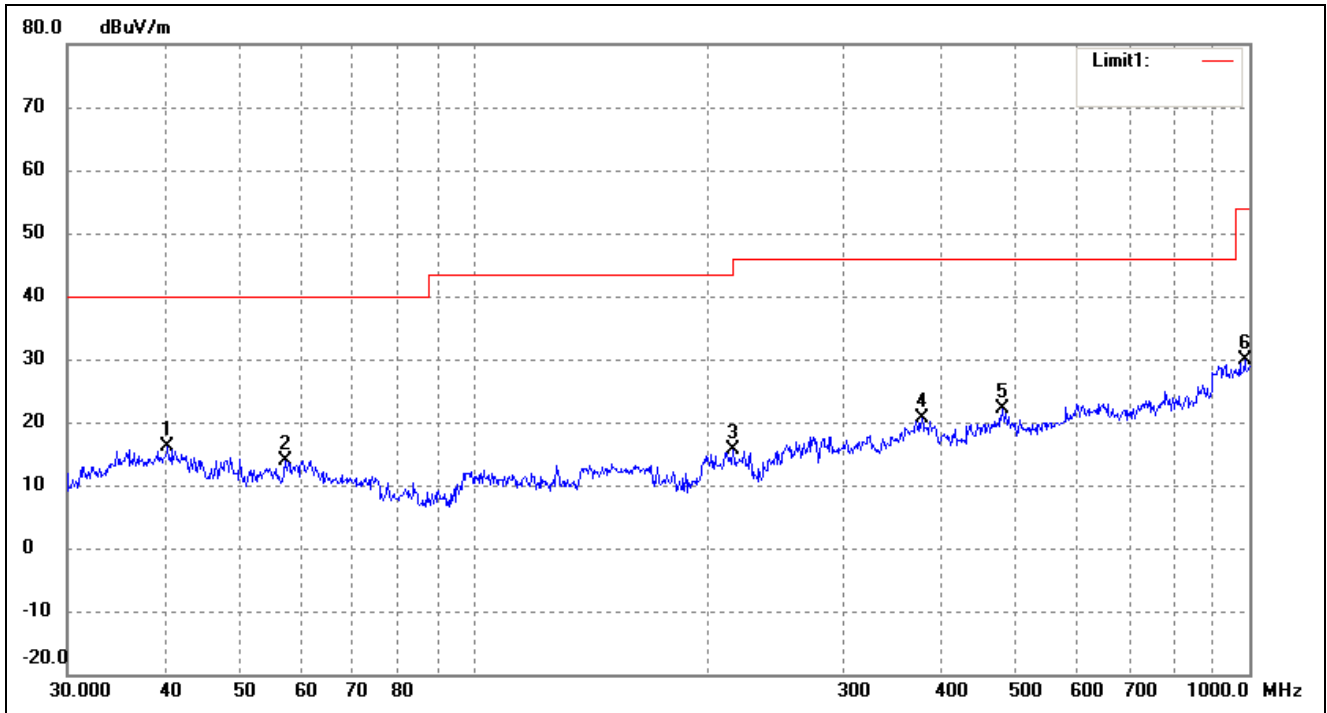
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	41.5670	23.08	-7.77	15.31	40.00	-24.69	325	100	peak
2	53.5052	22.40	-8.76	13.64	40.00	-26.36	97	100	peak
3	183.2005	25.03	-10.93	14.10	43.50	-29.40	102	100	peak
4	291.0360	30.10	-5.85	24.25	46.00	-21.75	97	100	peak
5	622.8900	21.22	1.16	22.38	46.00	-23.62	296	100	peak
6	785.0935	22.46	2.65	25.11	46.00	-20.89	304	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical



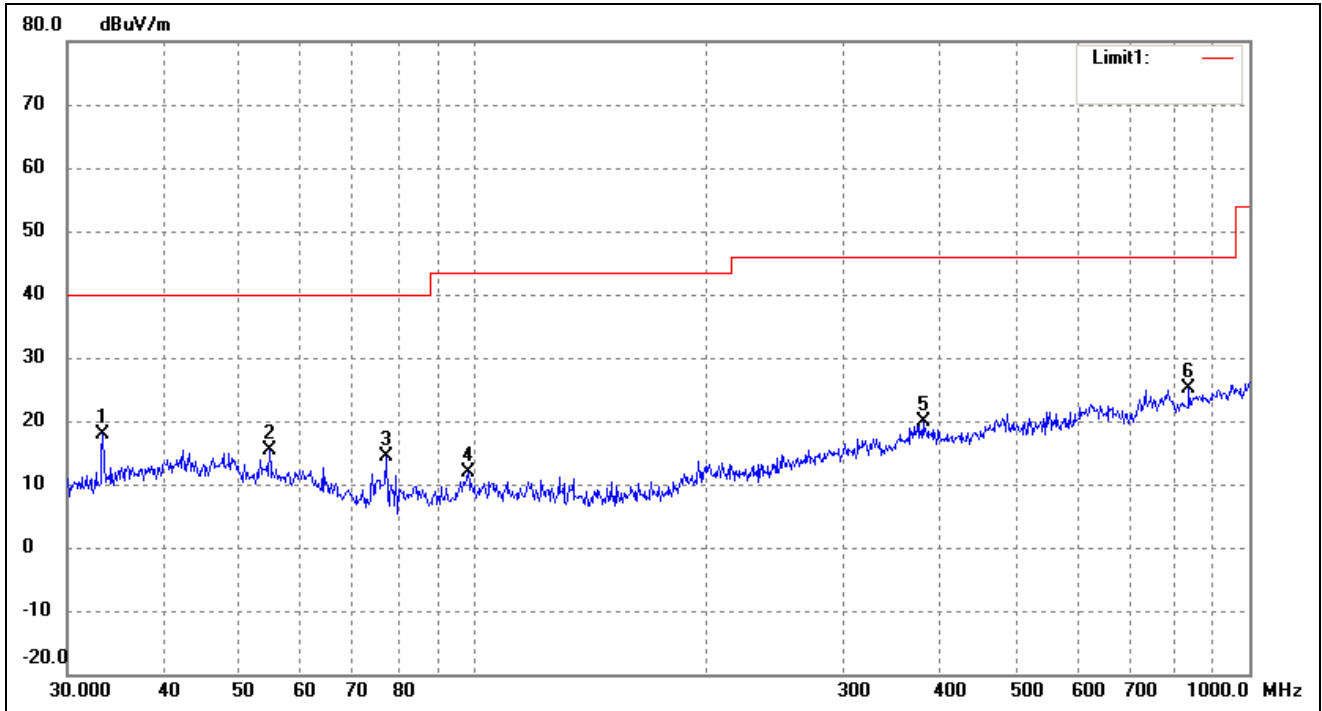
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	33.3279	27.27	-9.46	17.81	40.00	-22.19	305	100	peak
2	39.8542	23.58	-7.71	15.87	40.00	-24.13	96	100	peak
3	103.4421	24.16	-10.99	13.17	43.50	-30.33	70	100	peak
4	129.4678	24.98	-11.97	13.01	43.50	-30.49	95	100	peak
5	275.1570	28.44	-6.30	22.14	46.00	-23.86	55	100	peak
6	952.0937	22.07	3.85	25.92	46.00	-20.08	312	100	peak

For 802.11n-HT20 (worst case)
 Spurious Emission From 30 MHz to 1 GHz
 Horizontal



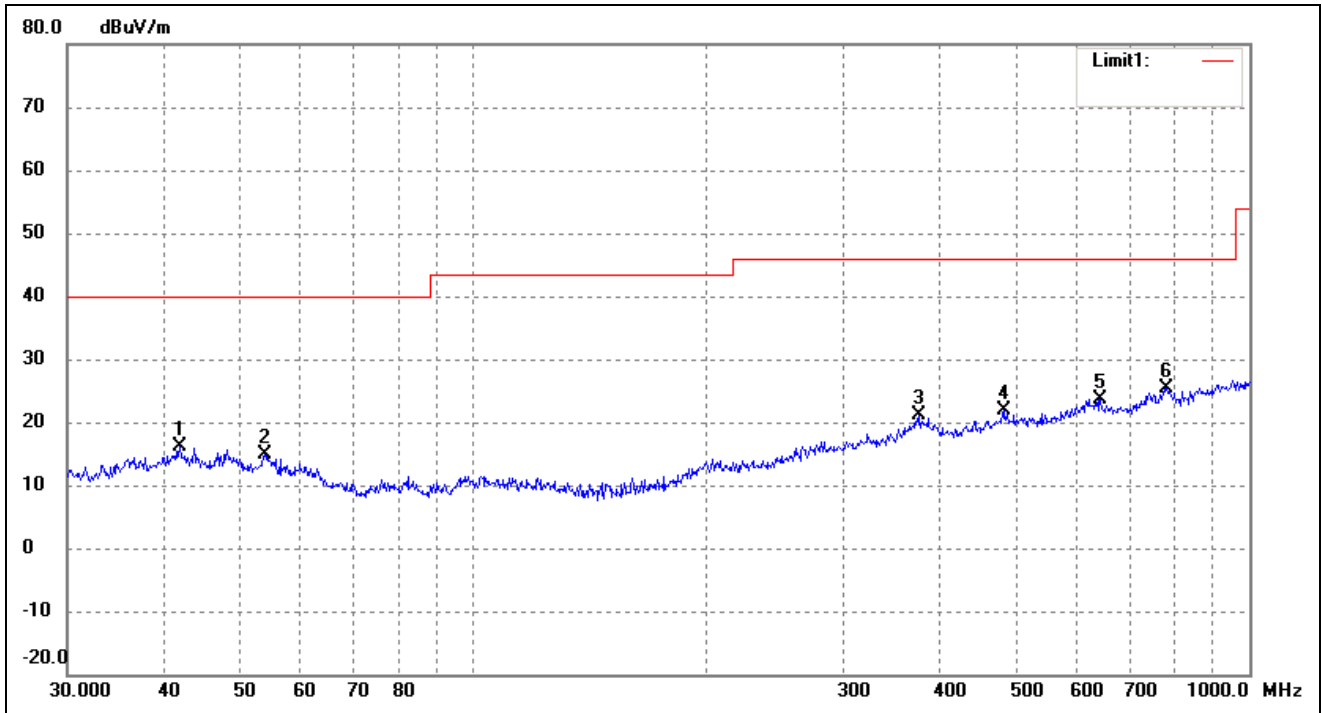
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	40.4172	23.89	-7.70	16.19	40.00	-23.81	87	100	peak
2	57.1914	23.21	-9.22	13.99	40.00	-26.01	94	100	peak
3	216.0240	24.55	-8.81	15.74	46.00	-30.26	100	100	peak
4	378.5843	22.70	-2.17	20.53	46.00	-25.47	144	100	peak
5	480.5276	23.15	-1.08	22.07	46.00	-23.93	96	100	peak
6	986.0717	25.80	4.16	29.96	54.00	-24.04	162	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical



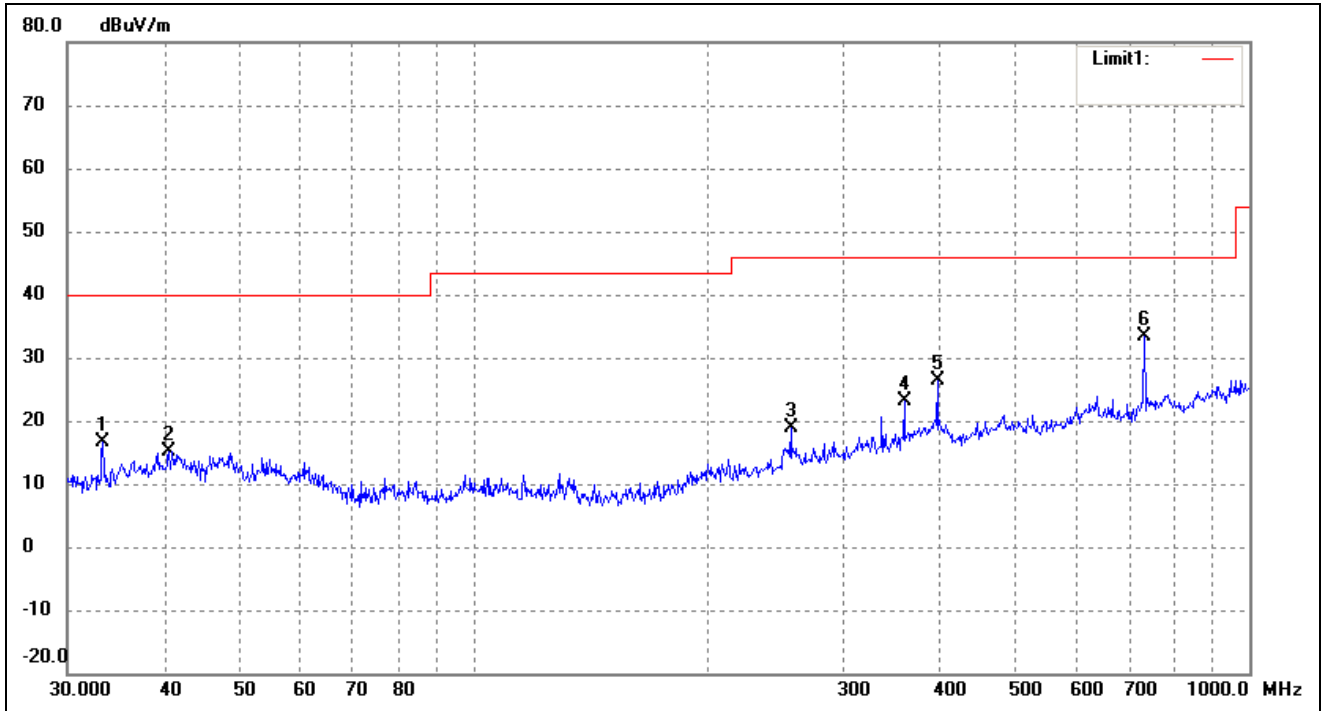
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	33.3279	27.24	-9.46	17.78	40.00	-22.22	126	100	peak
2	54.6429	24.23	-8.91	15.32	40.00	-24.68	92	100	peak
3	77.3212	26.57	-12.21	14.36	40.00	-25.64	125	100	peak
4	98.4866	23.13	-11.21	11.92	43.50	-31.58	122	100	peak
5	379.9141	22.08	-2.11	19.97	46.00	-26.03	247	100	peak
6	836.2443	23.25	1.84	25.09	46.00	-20.91	349	100	peak

For 802.11n-HT40 (worst case)
 Spurious Emission From 30 MHz to 1 GHz
 Horizontal



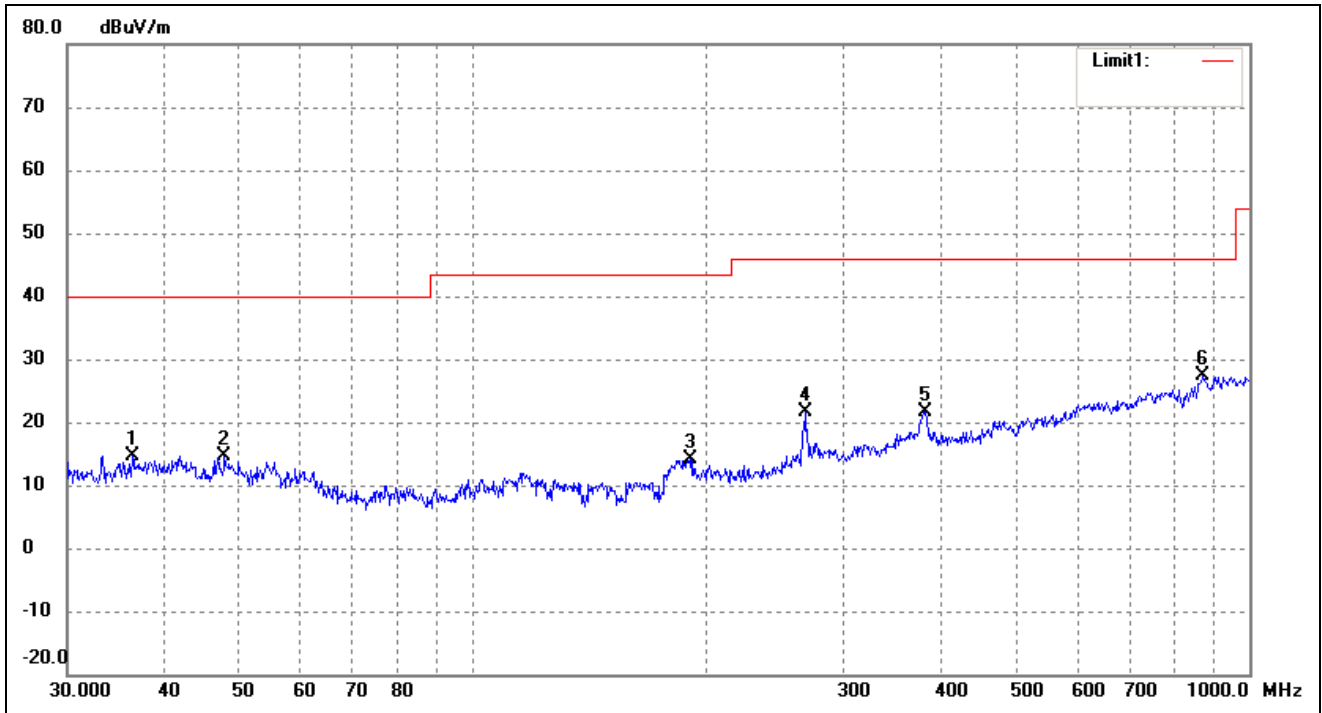
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	41.8596	23.85	-7.79	16.06	40.00	-23.94	117	100	peak
2	53.8818	23.75	-8.81	14.94	40.00	-25.06	130	100	peak
3	375.9385	23.42	-2.33	21.09	46.00	-24.91	73	100	peak
4	483.9094	23.03	-1.27	21.76	46.00	-24.24	268	100	peak
5	642.8613	22.99	0.65	23.64	46.00	-22.36	78	100	peak
6	782.3453	22.63	2.78	25.41	46.00	-20.59	343	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical



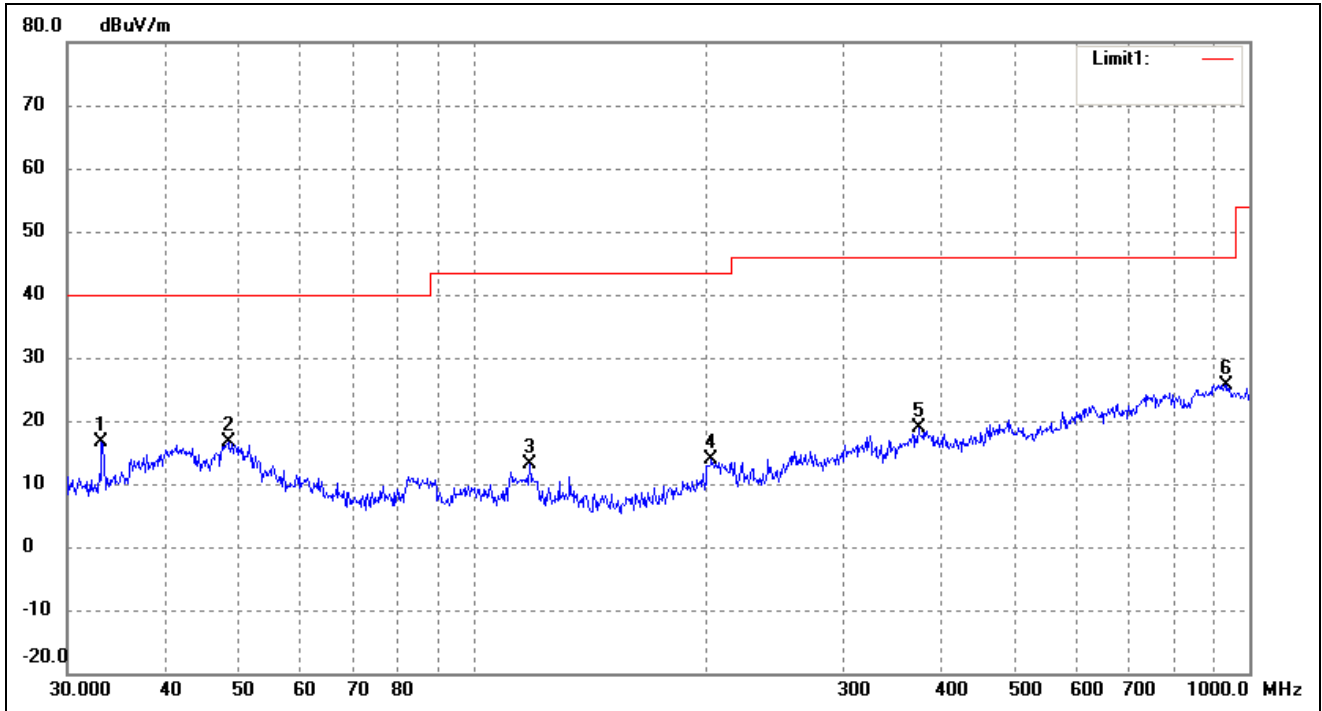
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	33.3279	26.14	-9.46	16.68	40.00	-23.32	271	100	peak
2	40.5591	22.85	-7.70	15.15	40.00	-24.85	237	100	peak
3	256.5211	26.02	-7.18	18.84	46.00	-27.16	79	100	peak
4	359.1860	26.57	-3.32	23.25	46.00	-22.75	273	100	peak
5	396.2415	29.28	-2.95	26.33	46.00	-19.67	358	100	peak
6	731.9203	31.73	1.66	33.39	46.00	-12.61	305	100	peak

For 802.11ac-HV80 (worst case)
 Spurious Emission From 30 MHz to 1 GHz
 Horizontal



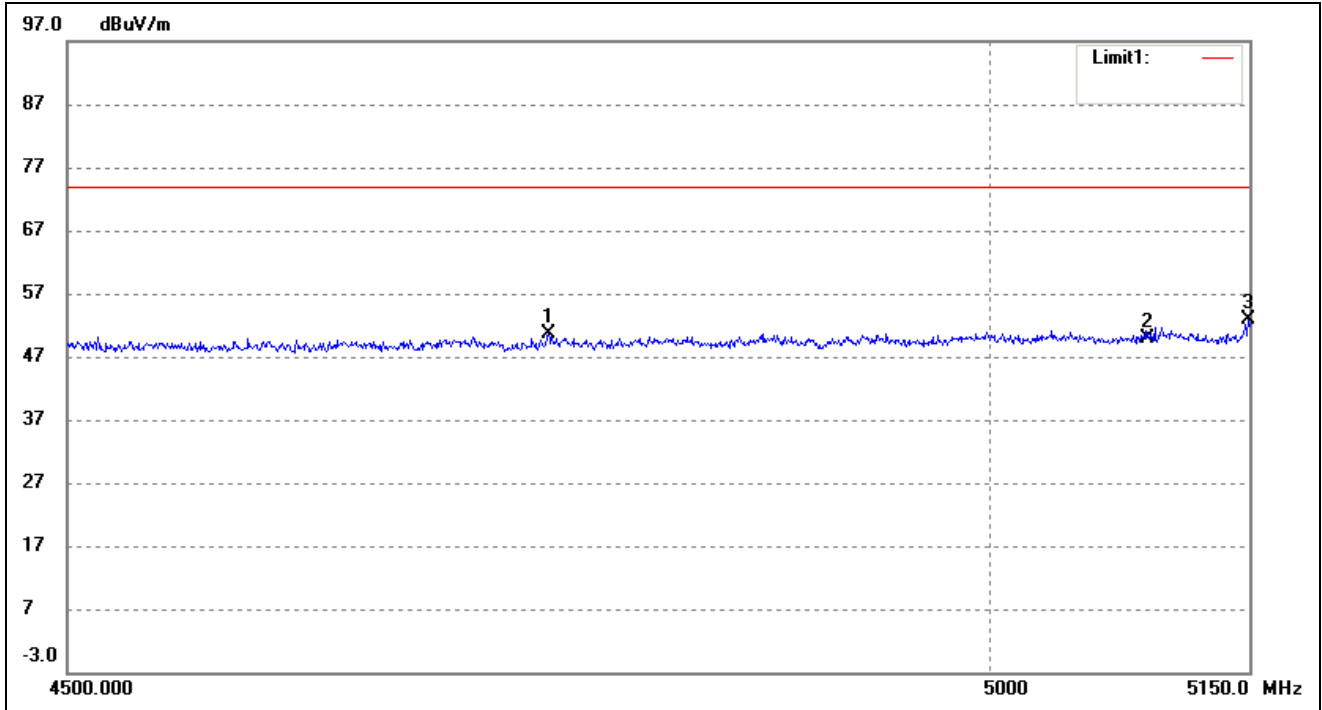
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	36.3814	23.36	-8.66	14.70	40.00	-25.30	271	100	peak
2	47.8260	22.92	-8.18	14.74	40.00	-25.26	92	100	peak
3	190.4050	23.97	-9.96	14.01	43.50	-29.49	113	100	peak
4	267.5455	28.23	-6.63	21.60	46.00	-24.40	95	100	peak
5	382.5879	23.97	-2.23	21.74	46.00	-24.26	275	100	peak
6	872.1832	24.34	3.05	27.39	46.00	-18.61	310	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical



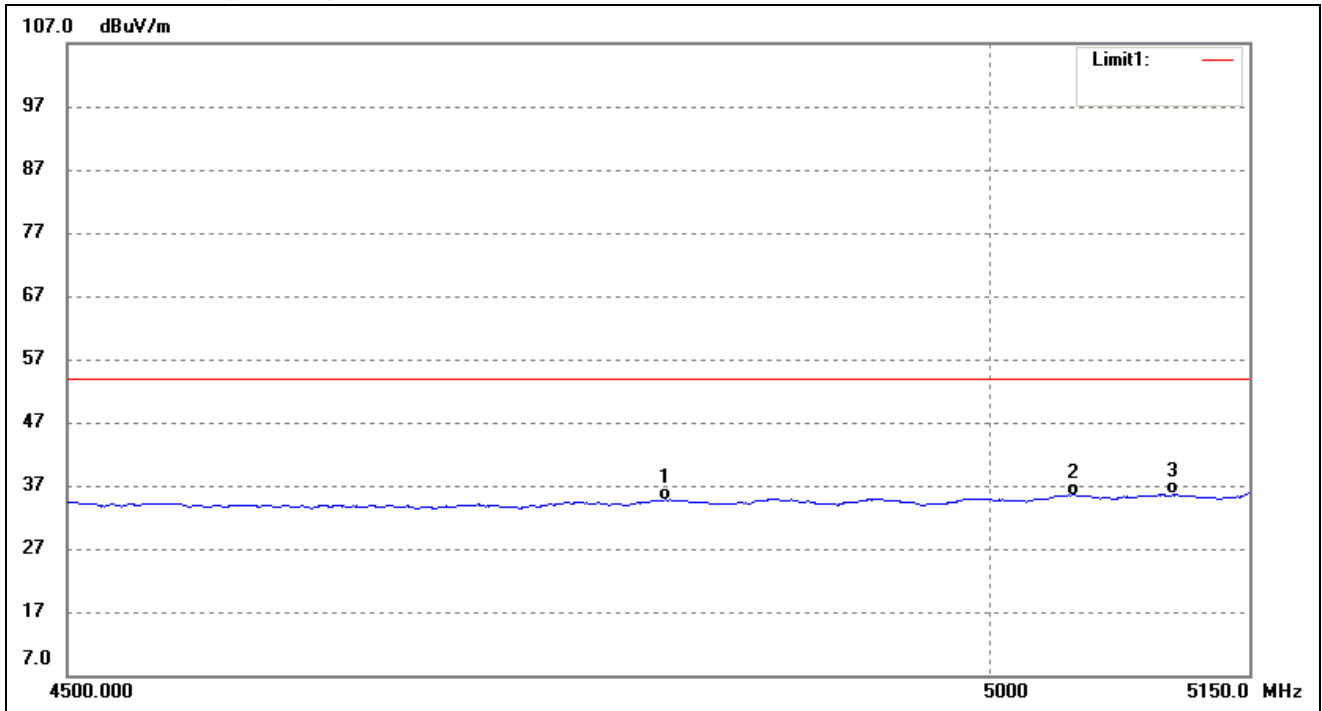
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	33.2112	26.04	-9.50	16.54	40.00	-23.46	234	100	peak
2	48.3318	24.80	-8.21	16.59	40.00	-23.41	92	100	peak
3	118.1862	24.59	-11.38	13.21	43.50	-30.29	255	100	peak
4	202.8104	22.51	-8.68	13.83	43.50	-29.67	100	100	peak
5	374.6226	21.32	-2.41	18.91	46.00	-27.09	332	100	peak
6	935.5463	21.57	4.13	25.70	46.00	-20.30	205	100	peak

For 802.11a
 Spurious Emission above 1GHz
 For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz(802.11a)
 Restricted Bandedge Peak



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4754.015	51.67	-1.12	50.55	74.00	-23.45	91	100	peak
2	5091.276	50.22	-0.27	49.95	74.00	-24.05	157	100	peak
3	5149.305	53.12	-0.13	52.99	74.00	-21.01	283	100	peak

Restricted Bandedge Average



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4817.291	35.55	-0.96	34.59	54.00	-19.41	246	100	AVG
2	5047.503	35.87	-0.37	35.50	54.00	-18.50	261	100	AVG
3	5105.033	35.79	-0.24	35.55	54.00	-18.45	75	100	AVG

Note: this EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5180MHz)										
15540	PK	51.23	185	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	63.23	74	-10.77
15540	PK	49.58	235	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	61.58	74	-12.42
15540	AV	36.62	119	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.62	54	-5.38
15540	AV	35.89	170	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	47.89	54	-6.11
High Channel (5240MHz)										
15720	PK	50.16	285	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	62.16	74	-11.84
15720	PK	48.97	132	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	60.97	74	-13.03
15720	AV	37.23	121	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	49.23	54	-4.77
15720	AV	36.85	206	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.85	54	-5.15

Out of Band edge

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-45.31	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-43.36	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

For the frequency band 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11a)

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5745MHz)										
11490	PK	51.22	155	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	59.82	74	-14.18
11490	PK	49.21	171	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	57.81	74	-16.19
11490	AV	38.59	151	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	47.19	54	-6.81
11490	AV	38.21	216	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.81	54	-7.19
High Channel (5825MHz)										
11650	PK	52.03	158	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	60.63	74	-13.37
11650	PK	51.27	308	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	59.87	74	-14.13
11650	AV	39.58	285	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	48.18	54	-5.82
11650	AV	38.56	246	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	47.16	54	-6.84

Out of Band edge

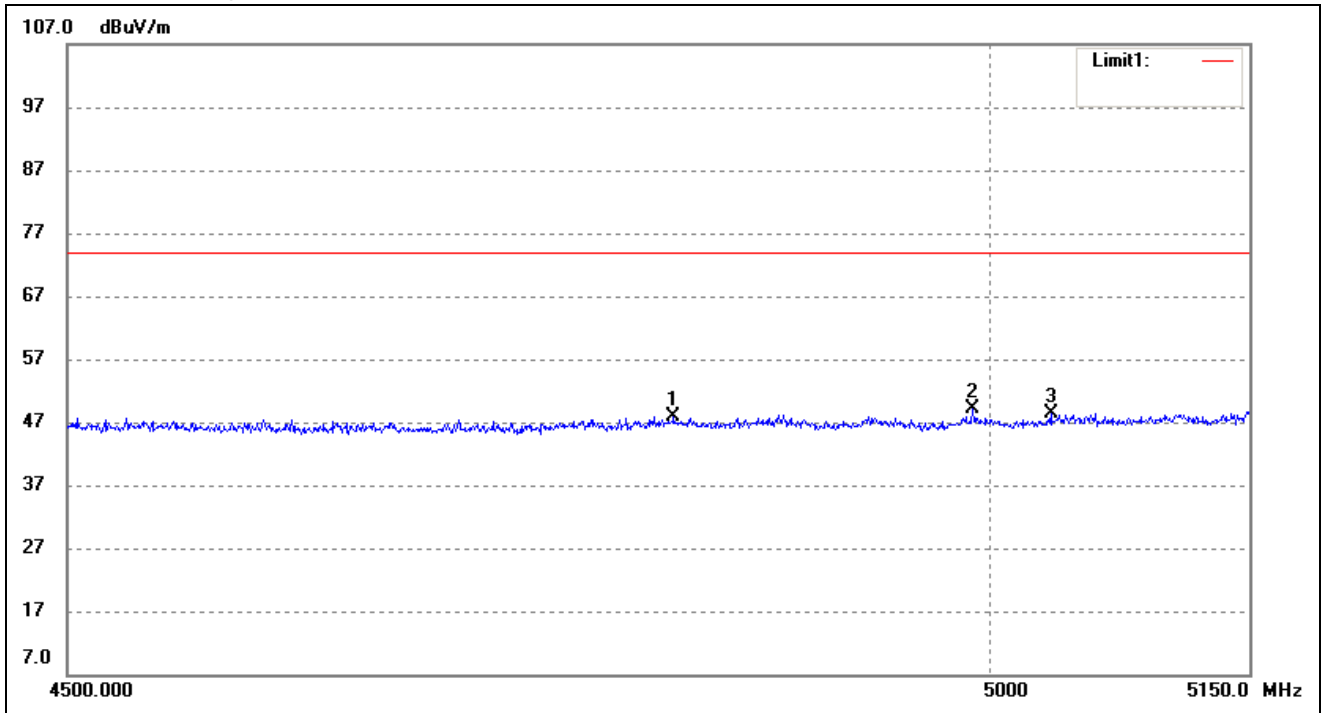
Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5715	-48.31	-27
	5715 to 5725	-44.32	-17
Highest	5850 to 5860	-45.35	-17
	Above 5860	-48.63	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

802.11n HT20

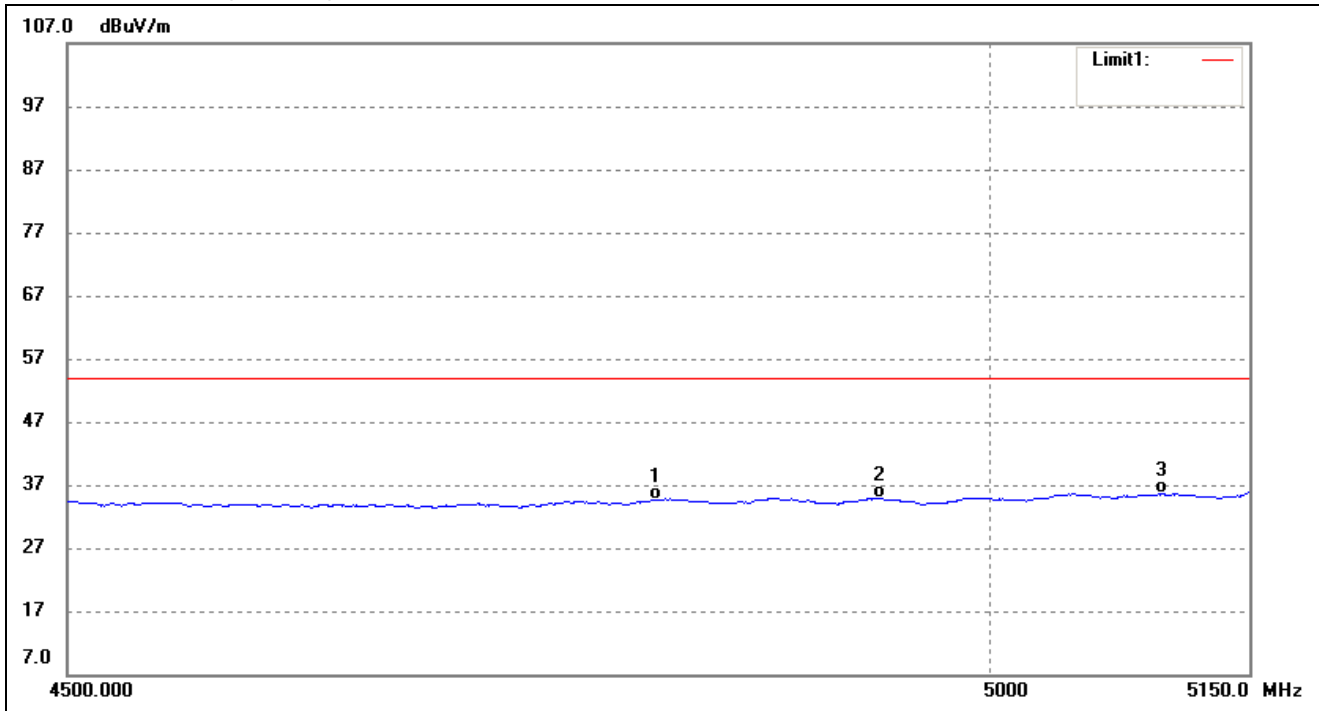
For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz(802.11n HT20)

Restricted Bandedge Peak



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4822.493	48.76	-0.94	47.82	74.00	-26.18	239	100	peak
2	4989.949	49.68	-0.51	49.17	74.00	-24.83	104	100	peak
3	5034.581	48.72	-0.40	48.32	74.00	-25.68	292	100	peak

Restricted Bandedge Average



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4812.094	35.55	-0.97	34.58	54.00	-19.42	174	100	AVG
2	4937.045	35.53	-0.65	34.88	54.00	-19.12	302	100	AVG
3	5099.526	35.78	-0.25	35.53	54.00	-18.47	62	100	AVG

Note: this EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5180MHz)										
15540	PK	50.98	185	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	62.98	74	-11.02
15540	PK	49.32	235	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	61.32	74	-12.68
15540	AV	36.51	119	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.51	54	-5.49
15540	AV	35.72	170	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	47.72	54	-6.28
High Channel (5240MHz)										
15720	PK	49.98	285	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	61.98	74	-12.02
15720	PK	48.72	132	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	60.72	74	-13.28
15720	AV	37.06	121	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	49.06	54	-4.94
15720	AV	36.59	206	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.59	54	-5.41

Out of Band edge

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-44.58	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-45.74	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

For the frequency band 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11n HT20)

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5745MHz)										
11490	PK	51.01	155	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	59.61	74	-14.39
11490	PK	49.52	171	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	58.12	74	-15.88
11490	AV	38.13	151	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.73	54	-7.27
11490	AV	37.89	216	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.49	54	-7.51
High Channel (5825MHz)										
11650	PK	51.79	158	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	60.39	74	-13.61
11650	PK	51.03	308	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	59.63	74	-14.37
11650	AV	39.23	285	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	47.83	54	-6.17
11650	AV	38.27	246	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.87	54	-7.13

Out of Band edge

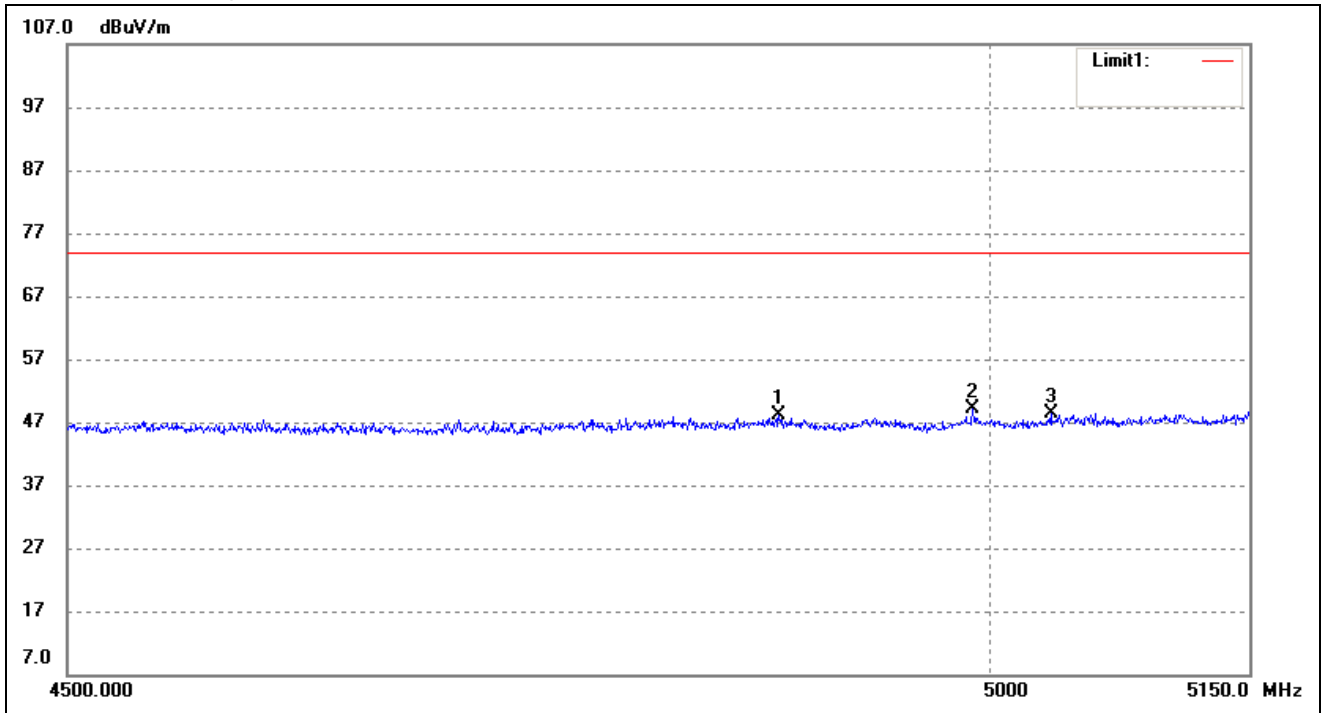
Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5715	-43.67	-27
	5715 to 5725	-44.79	-17
Highest	5850 to 5860	-45.61	-17
	Above 5860	-46.54	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

802.11n-HT40

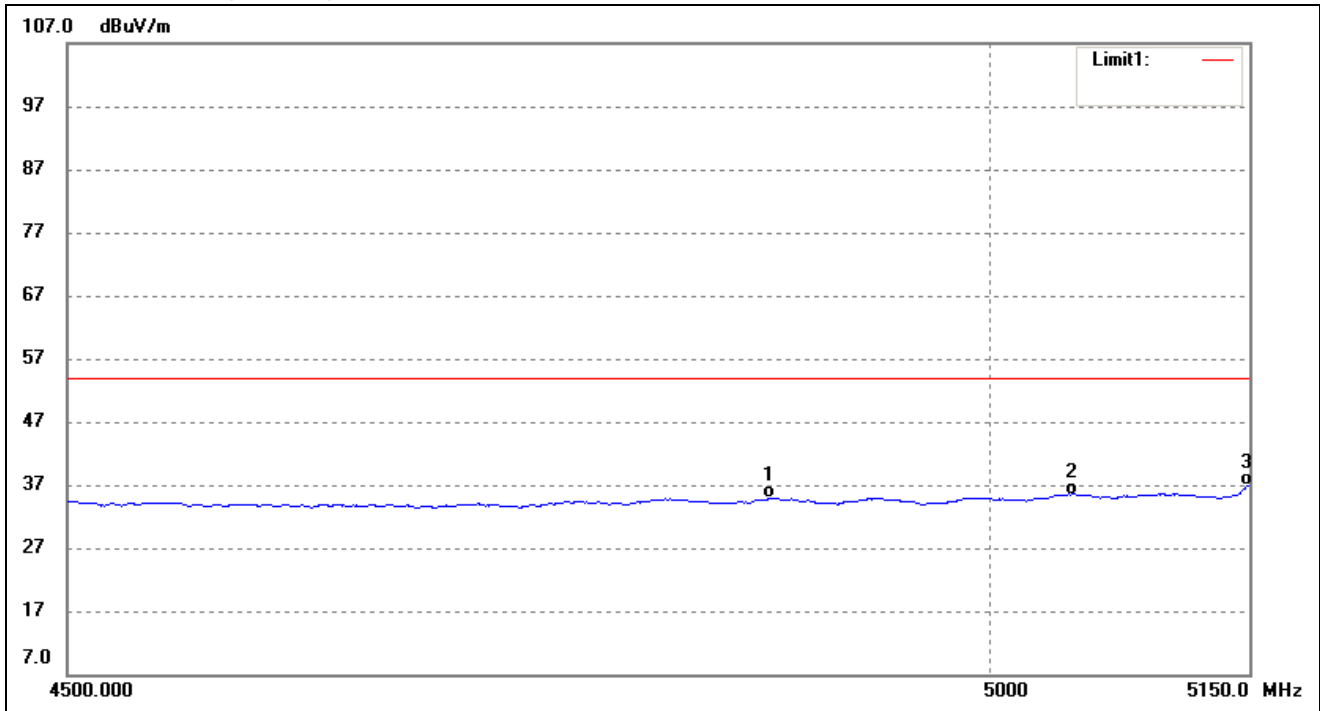
For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz(802.11n-HT40)

Restricted Bandedge Peak



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4880.750	48.84	-0.80	48.04	74.00	-25.96	112	100	peak
2	4989.949	49.68	-0.51	49.17	74.00	-24.83	313	100	peak
3	5034.581	48.72	-0.40	48.32	74.00	-25.68	212	100	peak

Restricted Bandedge Average



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4875.484	35.57	-0.81	34.76	54.00	-19.24	357	100	AVG
2	5046.822	35.87	-0.37	35.50	54.00	-18.50	95	100	AVG
3	5149.305	37.09	-0.13	36.96	54.00	-17.04	295	100	AVG

Note: this EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5190MHz)										
15570	PK	50.29	185	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	62.29	74	-11.71
15570	PK	49.23	235	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	61.23	74	-12.77
15570	AV	36.82	119	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.82	54	-5.18
15570	AV	36.26	170	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.26	54	-5.74
High Channel (5230MHz)										
15690	PK	51.27	285	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	63.27	74	-10.73
15690	PK	49.25	132	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	61.25	74	-12.75
15690	AV	37.89	121	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	49.89	54	-4.11
15690	AV	37.26	206	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	49.26	54	-4.74

Out of Band edge

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-47.80	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-44.15	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

For the frequency band 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11n-HT40)

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5755MHz)										
11510	PK	50.68	155	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	59.28	74	-14.72
11510	PK	48.96	171	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	57.56	74	-16.44
11510	AV	37.56	151	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.16	54	-7.84
11510	AV	38.03	216	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.63	54	-7.37
High Channel (5795MHz)										
11590	PK	50.38	158	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	58.98	74	-15.02
11590	PK	49.26	308	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	57.86	74	-16.14
11590	AV	37.82	285	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	46.42	54	-7.58
11590	AV	36.92	246	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	45.52	54	-8.48

Out of Band edge

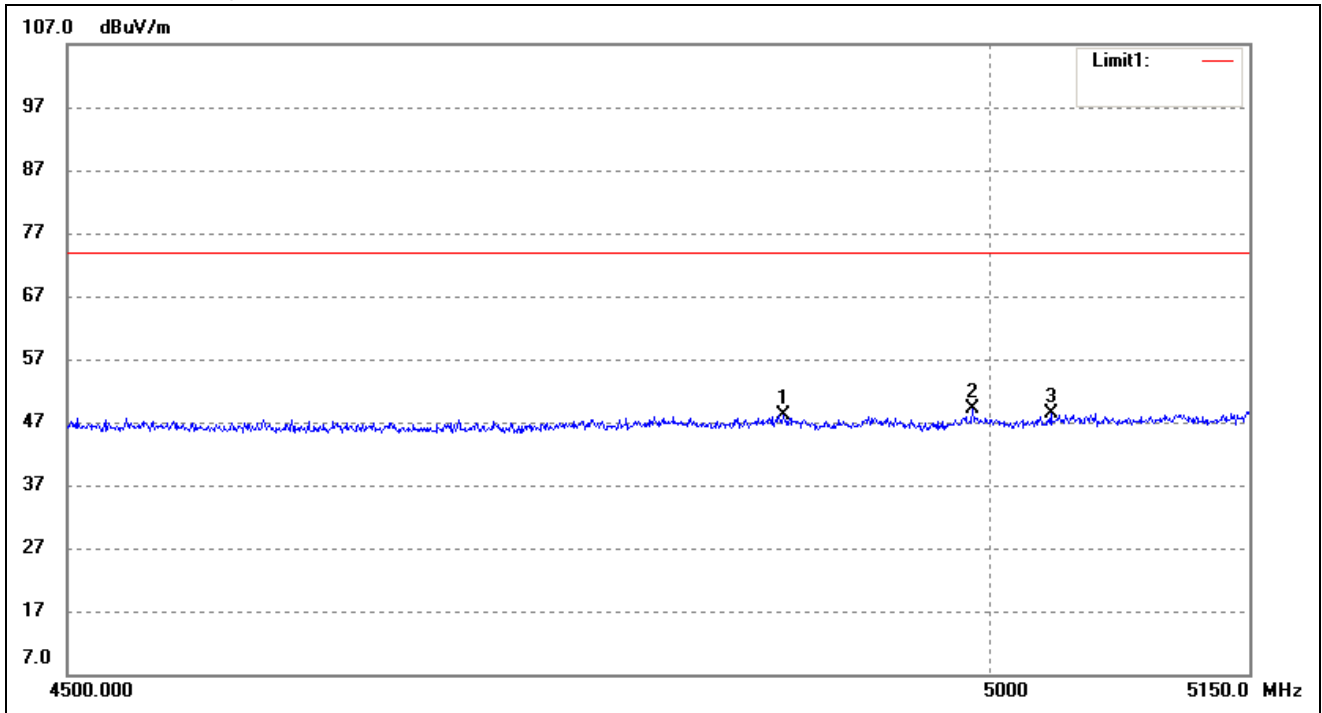
Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5715	-45.83	-27
	5715 to 5725	-45.67	-17
Highest	5850 to 5860	-47.18	-17
	Above 5860	-46.93	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

802.11ac-HV80

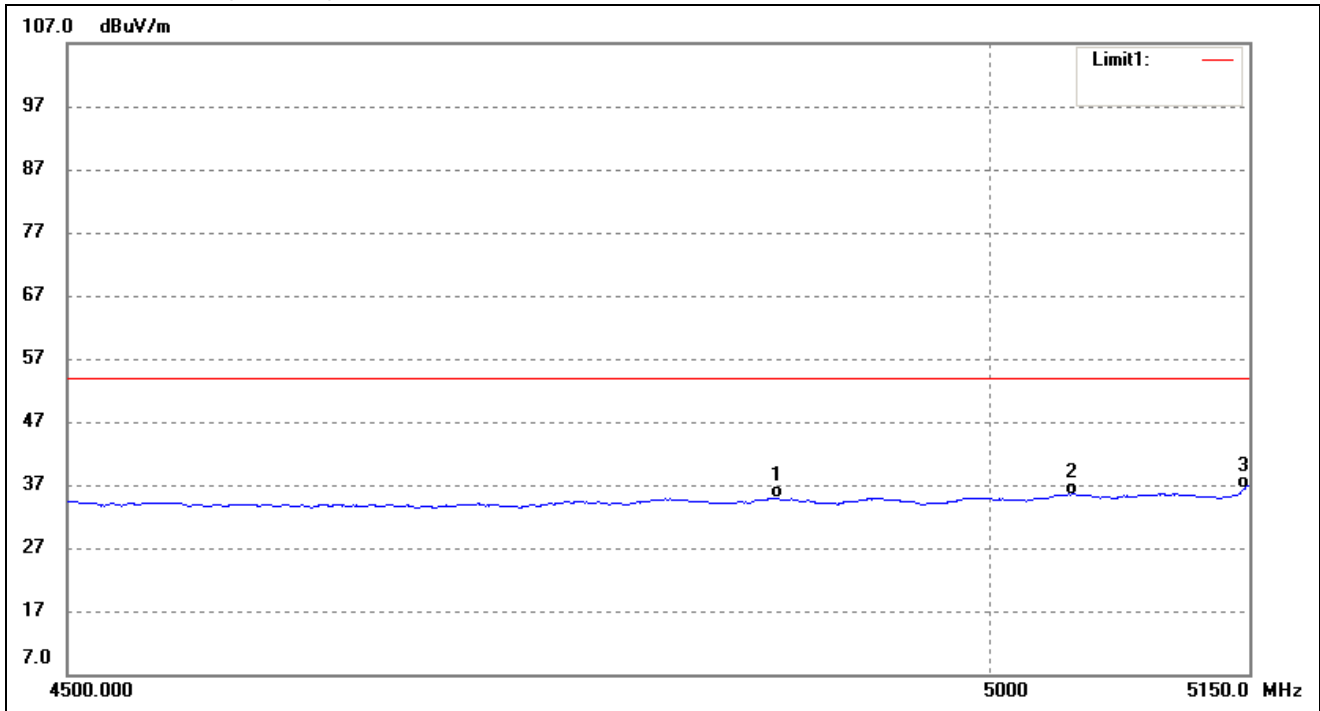
For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz(802.11n-HT40)

Restricted Bandedge Peak



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4883.384	48.85	-0.78	48.07	74.00	-25.93	109	100	peak
2	4989.949	49.68	-0.51	49.17	74.00	-24.83	61	100	peak
3	5034.581	48.72	-0.40	48.32	74.00	-25.68	156	100	peak

Restricted Bandedge Average



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4880.091	35.58	-0.80	34.78	54.00	-19.22	285	100	AVG
2	5046.822	35.87	-0.37	35.50	54.00	-18.50	91	100	AVG
3	5146.527	36.40	-0.14	36.26	54.00	-17.74	316	100	AVG

Note: this EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (5210MHz)										
15630	PK	49.28	185	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	61.28	74	-12.72
15630	PK	48.36	235	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	60.36	74	-13.64
15630	AV	37.25	119	V	40.7	10.9	39.6	49.25	54	-4.75
15630	AV	36.59	170	H	40.7	10.9	39.6	48.59	54	-5.41

Out of Band edge

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-46.93	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-44.82	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

For the frequency band 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11ac-HV80)

Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
High Channel (5775MHz)										
11550	PK	49.85	155	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	58.45	74	-15.55
11550	PK	48.96	171	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	57.56	74	-16.44
11550	AV	36.87	151	V	38.9	9.8	40.1	45.47	54	-8.53
11550	AV	37.26	216	H	38.9	9.8	40.1	45.86	54	-8.14

Out of Band edge

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5715	-46.89	-27
	5715 to 5725	-45.12	-17
Highest	5850 to 5860	-44.67	-17
	Above 5860	-49.53	-27

Note: the data just list the worst cases

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9 kHz to 40GHz, which above 3th Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

12. Frequency Stability

12.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.407(g), Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual.

12.2 Test Procedure

According to §2.1055, the following test procedure was performed.

The Frequency Stability is measured directly with a Frequency Domain Analyzer. Frequency Deviation in ppm is calculated from the measured peak to peak value.

The Carrier Frequency Stability over Power Supply Voltage and over Temperature is measured with a Frequency Domain Analyzer in histogram mode

Temperature:	Supply Voltage
20°C	85-115% of declared nominal voltage
-30°C to +50°C	Normal

12.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

12.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

5150-5250MHz

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	177	0.0340
40	5.0	185	0.0356
30	5.0	132	0.0254
20	5.0	132	0.0254
10	5.0	155	0.0298
0	5.0	137	0.0263
-10	5.0	153	0.0294
-20	5.0	179	0.0344
-30	5.0	144	0.0277

802.11n_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	156	0.0300
40	5.0	151	0.0290
30	5.0	106	0.0204
20	5.0	105	0.0202
10	5.0	130	0.0250
0	5.0	142	0.0273
-10	5.0	157	0.0302
-20	5.0	86	0.0165
-30	5.0	115	0.0221

802.11n-HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5190 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	153	0.0295
40	5.0	159	0.0306
30	5.0	113	0.0218
20	5.0	117	0.0225
10	5.0	133	0.0256
0	5.0	148	0.0285
-10	5.0	157	0.0303
-20	5.0	89	0.0171
-30	5.0	111	0.0214

802.11ac-HV80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5210 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	151	0.0289
40	5.0	169	0.0323
30	5.0	132	0.0252
20	5.0	119	0.0228
10	5.0	138	0.0264
0	5.0	147	0.0281
-10	5.0	157	0.0300
-20	5.0	113	0.0216
-30	5.0	117	0.0224

5725-5850MHz

802.11a_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	146	0.0252
40	5.0	122	0.0211
30	5.0	95	0.0164
20	5.0	125	0.0216
10	5.0	181	0.0313
0	5.0	147	0.0254
-10	5.0	164	0.0283
-20	5.0	103	0.0178
-30	5.0	128	0.0221

802.11n_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	162	0.0280
40	5.0	150	0.0259
30	5.0	152	0.0263
20	5.0	142	0.0245
10	5.0	118	0.0204
0	5.0	108	0.0187
-10	5.0	161	0.0278
-20	5.0	102	0.0176
-30	5.0	178	0.0308

802.11n_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5755MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	168	0.0292
40	5.0	126	0.0219
30	5.0	111	0.0193
20	5.0	125	0.0217
10	5.0	181	0.0315
0	5.0	149	0.0259
-10	5.0	137	0.0238
-20	5.0	182	0.0316
-30	5.0	133	0.0231

802.11ac_HV80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5775MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF (Hz)	Error (ppm)
50	5.0	169	0.0293
40	5.0	138	0.0239
30	5.0	117	0.0203
20	5.0	128	0.0222
10	5.0	181	0.0313
0	5.0	151	0.0261
-10	5.0	132	0.0229
-20	5.0	185	0.0320
-30	5.0	124	0.0215

So, Frequency Stability Versus Input Voltage is:

5150-5250MHz

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	165	0.0317
	5.0	132	0.0254
	5.5	168	0.0323

802.11n_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	119	0.0229
	5.0	105	0.0202
	5.5	121	0.0233

802.11n_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5190 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VAC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	128	0.0247
	5.0	117	0.0225
	5.5	136	0.0262

802.11ac_HV80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5210 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VAC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	136	0.0261
	5.0	119	0.0228
	5.5	143	0.0274

5725-5850MHz

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	144	0.0249
	5.0	125	0.0216
	5.5	142	0.0245

802.11n_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	130	0.0225
	5.0	142	0.0245
	5.5	140	0.0242

802.11n_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5755 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VAC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	124	0.0215
	5.0	125	0.0217
	5.5	136	0.0236

802.11ac_HV80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5775 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VAC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency (Hz)	Error (ppm)
20	3.7	129	0.0224
	5.0	128	0.0222
	5.5	111	0.0193

***** END OF REPORT *****