

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.49.1.22.BES.A

BTF TESTING LAB (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. F101,201 AND 301, BUILDING 1, BLOCK 2, TANTOU INDUSTRIAL PARK, TANTOU COMMUNITY SONGGANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 04/22 EPGO365

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/06/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/6/2023	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/6/2023	JES
Approved by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/6/2023	Gann TOUTANN

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	Customer Name
Distribution :	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Name	Date	Modifications
Jérôme Luc	2/6/2023	Initial release





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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROB			
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 04/22 EPGO365		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.204 MΩ		
Dipole 2: R2=0.212 M Ω			
	Dipole 3: R3=0.187 MΩ		

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100 W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and d_{be} + d_{step} along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{\left(d_{be} + d_{step}\right)^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{be}/(\delta/2)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{be} + d_{step}\right) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

 d_{be} is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).



4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES Uncertainty Probability Divisor ci Standard Uncertainty (%)					Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters				
Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C				
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C			
Lab Humidity	30-70 %			

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

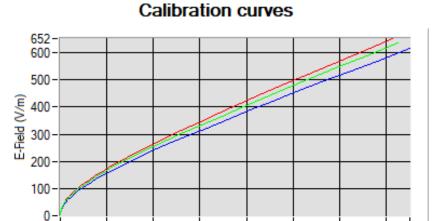
Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.79	0.94	0.85

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
106	110	107

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$





0.08

Voltage (V)

Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

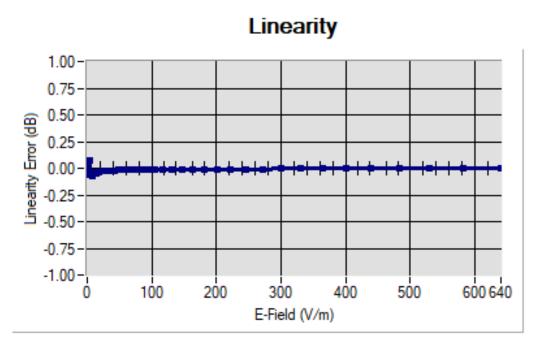
5.2 **LINEARITY**

0.00

0.02

0.04

0.06



0.12

0.10

0.140.15

Linearity:+/-1.77% (+/-0.08dB)



5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

T :: 4	E	CarraeE
<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency	<u>ConvF</u>
	(MHz +/- 100MHz)	
HL450*	450	1.82
BL450*	450	1.74
HL750	750	1.65
BL750	750	
HL850		1.68
	835	1.68
BL850	835	1.69
HL1800	1800	1.96
BL1800	1800	2.01
HL1900	1900	2.24
BL1900	1900	2.20
HL2000	2000	2.33
BL2000	2000	2.29
HL2100	2100	2.35
BL2100	2100	2.40
HL2300	2300	2.36
BL2300	2300	2.44
HL2450	2450	2.36
BL2450	2450	2.28
HL2600	2600	2.40
BL2600	2600	2.27
HL3500	3500	2.00
BL3500	3500	2.13
HL3700	3700	2.02
BL3700	3700	2.10
HL3900	3900	1.99
BL3900	3900	2.19
HL4200	4200	2.27
BL4200	4200	2.39
HL4600	4600	2.27
BL4600	4600	2.37
HL4900	4900	2.16
BL4900	4900	2.05
HL5200	5200	2.24
BL5200	5200	2.26
HL5400	5400	2.12
BL5400	5400	2.08
HL5600	5600	2.18
BL5600	5600	2.05
HL5800	5800	2.04
BL5800	5800	2.01
	2000	

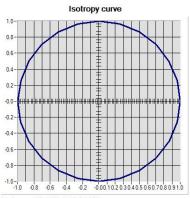
^{*} Frequency not covered by COFRAC scope, calibration not accredited

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg



5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL1800 MHz



Isotropy:+/-0.18% (+/-0.01dB)



LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024		
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2021	10/2024		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2021	05/2024		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2021	02/2024		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2021	04/2024		
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024		
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2021	11/2024		
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Waveguide	MVG	1 501 37/16 00/1217 1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG		Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024



Dielectric Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.49.20.22.BES.A

BTF TESTING LAB (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. F101,201 AND 301, BUILDING 1, BLOCK 2, TANTOU INDUSTRIAL PARK, TANTOU COMMUNITY SONGGANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA

MVG LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE

FREQUENCY: 0.4-6 GHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 06/22 OCPG 88

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/06/2023



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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited Dielectric Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the LIMESAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/6/2023	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/6/2023	JES
Approved by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/6/2023	Gann TOUTANN

2023.02.09 11:29:33 +01'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution :	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	2/6/2023	Initial release





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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the suggested methods and requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for liquid permittivity measurements and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SCLMP			
Serial Number	SN 06/22 OCPG 88			
Product Condition (new / used)	New			

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's Dielectric Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the LIMESAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – *MVG LIMESAR Dielectric Probe*



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards outline techniques for dielectric property measurements. The LIMESAR test bench employs one of the methods outlined in the standards, using a contact probe or open-ended coaxial transmission-line probe and vector network analyzer. The standards recommend the measurement of two reference materials that have well established and stable dielectric properties to validate the system, one for the calibration and one for checking the calibration. The LIMESAR test bench uses De-ionized water as the reference for the calibration and either DMS or Methanol as the reference for checking the calibration. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 LIQUID PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENTS

The permittivity of a liquid with well established dielectric properties was measured and the measurement results compared to the values provided in the fore mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>DIELECTRIC PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENT</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the Dielectric Permittivity measurement:

Uncertainty analysis of Permittivity Measurement					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (+/-%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (+/-%)
Expanded uncertainty (confidence level of 95%, k = 2)					10 %

Uncertainty analysis of Conductivity Measurement					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (+/-%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (+/-%)
Expanded uncertainty (confidence level of 95%, k = 2)				8.2%	

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

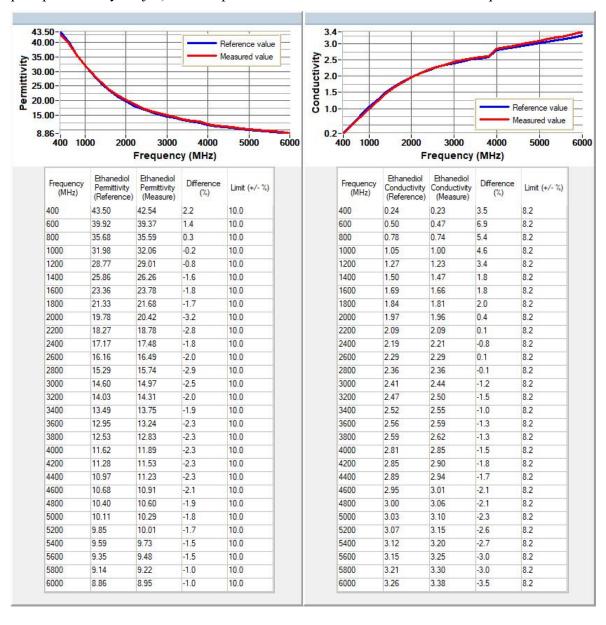
Measurement Condition

Software	LIMESAR
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %



6.1 LIQUID PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENT

A liquid of known characteristics (methanol or ethanediol) is measured with the probe and the results (complex permittivity ϵ '+ $j\epsilon$ '') are compared with the reference values for this liquid.





SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet								
Equipment Description	I HOPPITICATION NO I		Next Calibration Date					
LIMESAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
Liquid measurement probe	MVG	SN 35/10 OCPG37	11/2022	11/2023				
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024				
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2021	10/2024				
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2021	05/2024				
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027				
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024				



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.49.4.22.BES.A

BTF TESTING LAB (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

F101,201 AND 301, BUILDING 1, BLOCK 2, TANTOU INDUSTRIAL PARK, TANTOU COMMUNITY SONGGANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/22 DIP 0G750-655

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/06/2023



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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.