* Legend:

1 = very good

2 = good

P(ass) = passed a.m. test specification(s)



Test Report - Products Prüfbericht-Nr.: Auftrags-Nr.: Seite 1 von 26 **CN21RVPD 002** 168328768 Test report no .: Order no.: Page 1 of 26 Kunden-Referenz-Nr.: Auftragsdatum: N/A 2021-06-08 Client reference no.: Order date: SZ DJI Osmo Technology Co., Ltd. Auftraggeber: 4F, Jingkou Community Comprehensive Service Building, No. 83 Bishui Road North, Client: Guangming Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, P. R. China Prüfgegenstand: **DJI MIC Transmitter** Test item: Bezeichnung / Typ-Nr.: AST01 Identification / Type no.: **Auftrags-Inhalt: Test Report** Order content: Prüfgrundlage: FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Test specification: IEEE Std 1528-2013 IC RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015 Wareneingangsdatum: 2021-09-22 Date of sample receipt: Prüfmuster-Nr.: A003126947-011 Test sample no: Prüfzeitraum: 2021-09-27 Testing period: Please refer to Photo Document Ort der Prüfung: TÜV Rheinland Place of testing: (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Prüflaboratorium: TÜV Rheinland Testing laboratory: (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Prüfergebnis*: **Pass** Test result*: geprüft von: genehmigt von: X (Julin Lin X Wanty & Hardy tested by: authorized by: Ausstellungsdatum: Datum: Date: 2021-10-15 Issue date: 2021-10-15 Stellung / Position: Sachverständige(r)/Expert Stellung / Position: Sachverständige(r)/Expert FCC ID: 2ANDR-AST01 Sonstiges / Other: IC: 23060-AST01 HVIN: AST01 Zustand des Prüfgegenstandes bei Anlieferung: Prüfmuster vollständig und unbeschädigt Condition of the test item at delivery: Test item complete and undamaged * Legende: 3 = befriedigend 1 = sehr aut 4 = ausreichend 5 = mangelhaft P(ass) = entspricht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) F(ail) = entspricht nicht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) N/T = nicht getestet N/A = nicht anwendbar 3 = satisfactory

Dieser Prüfbericht bezieht sich nur auf das o.g. Prüfmuster und darf ohne Genehmigung der Prüfstelle nicht auszugsweise vervielfältigt werden. Dieser Bericht berechtigt nicht zur Verwendung eines Prüfzeichens. This test report only relates to the a. m. test sample. Without permission of the test center this test report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This test report does not entitle to carry any test mark.

F(ail) = failed a.m. test specification(s)

4 = sufficient

N/A = not applicable

5 = poor

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1. General Information

1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Equipment Mode Class		Highest Reported Body SAR _{1g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)		
2 4CH= technology	Antenna 0	0.45		
2.4GHz technology	Antenna 1	0.65		

Note:

- 1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; 10-gram SAR for Product Specific 10g SAR, limit: 4.0W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.
- FCC KDB publications
 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- 3. Antenna 0 and antenna 1 cannot be working at the same time, so there is no co-location test requirement for Antenna 0 and antenna 1.



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1.2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

1.2.1.General Information

Equipment Name	DJI MIC Transmitter
FCC ID	2ANDR-AST01
IC	23060-AST01
HVIN	AST01
Brand Name	DJI
Model Name	AST01
Antenna Type	Integral Antenna (LAP Antenna)
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

1.2.2.Wireless Technologies

Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	2.4GHz technology: 2400 – 2483.5MHz
Uplink Modulations	GFSK, 2.4GHz technology: Rate 1Mbps, Rate 2Mbps

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

1.3. Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Antenna	Mode	2.4G technology (dBm)	
	RATE 1Mbps	Ch2~Ch36: 17.5	
Antenna 0	KATE HMDps	Ch37: 14.5	
Antenna o	RATE 2Mbps	Ch2~Ch36: 17.5	
	RATE ZIMBPS	Ch37: 12.5	
	RATE 1Mbps	Ch2~Ch36: 17.5	
Antenna 1	KATE HMDps	Ch37: 13.0	
Antenna i	RATE 2Mbps	Ch2~Ch36: 17.5	
	RATE ZIVIDPS	Ch37: 12.0	



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2. Test Sites

2.1. Test Facilities

TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

No. 362 Huanguan Road Middle Longhua District, Shenzhen 518110 People's Republic of China

A2LA Cert. No.: 5162.01

FCC Registration No.: 694916 IC Registration No.: 25069

2.2. Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	22.1°C
Relative Humidity	58%

2.3. List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1014	May. 19, 2021	3 years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7506	May. 26, 2021	1 year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1557	May. 20, 2021	1 year
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV 7	103665	Aug. 07, 2021	1 year
Vector Network Analyzer	R&S	ZNB 8	107040	Aug. 07, 2021	1 year
Dielectric assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1269	May. 19, 2021	1 year
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB 100A	180840	Aug. 05, 2021	1 year
EPM Series Power Meter	Keysight	N1914A	MY58240005	Dec. 11, 2020	2 years
Power Sensor	Keysight	N8481H	MY58250002	Dec. 11, 2020	1 year
Power Sensor	Keysight	N8481H	MY58250006	Dec. 11, 2020	1 year
DC Power Supply	Topward	3303D	809332	Dec. 11, 2020	1 year
Coaxial Directional Couper	shhuaxiang	DTO-0.4/3.9-10	18052101	Dec. 11, 2020	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463219	Dec. 11, 2020	1 year
Digital Thermometer	LKM	DTM3000	3116	Dec. 11, 2020	1 year
Power Amplifier Mini circuit	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	SN002101809	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM	SPEAG	SAM-Twin V8.0	1961	N/A	N/A



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3. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci 1g	Ci 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g (± %)	Standard Uncertainty 10g (± %)	Vi Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.65	Normal	1	1	1	6.65	6.65	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effects	1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.1	0.1	8
Modulation Response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
Response Time	0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	8
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	8
RF Ambient – Noise	3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
RF Ambient – Reflections	3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Max. SAR Evaluation	2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	8
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.2 / 2.6	Normal	1	1	1	2.2	2.6	30
Device Holder	3.3 / 3.4	Normal	1	1	1	3.3	3.4	30
Power Drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	7.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.3	4.3	8
SAR correction	1.2 / 0.97	Rectangular	√3	1	0.84	0.7	0.5	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8	20
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	20
Temp. unc Conductivity	5.2	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.1	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)					11.11	11.13		
Expanded Uncertainty (K =	= 2)					22.2	22.3	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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4. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528- 2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures & manufacturer KDB inquiries:

- IC RSS-102 Issue 5:March 2015
- IEEE 1528:2013
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate
 of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless
 communication devices Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency
 range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

o <u>TCB workshop</u> April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids(TSL)





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5. SAR Measurement System

5.1. Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

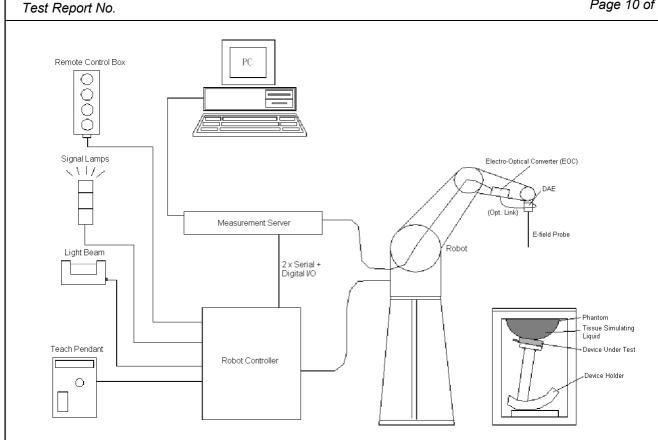
5.2. SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



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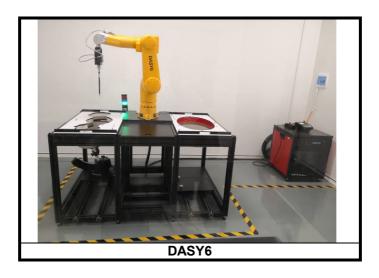


DASY System Setup

5.2.1.Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)





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5.2.2. Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



5.2.3.Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm





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5.2.4. Phantoms

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Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	



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5.2.5. Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

5.2.6. System Validation Dipoles

	ion 21poioo	
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	11
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	



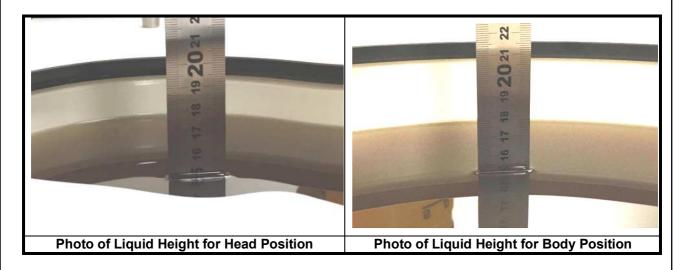
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5.2.7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.



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Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid										
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%						
		For Head								
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93						
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95						
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02						
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26						
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35						
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44						
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75						
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89						
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06						
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06						
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89						
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00						
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21						
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32						
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53						
		For Body								
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01						
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02						
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10						
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37						
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56						
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60						
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60						
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60						
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90						
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05						
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27						
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48						
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57						
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69						
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93						
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06						
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30						



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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericid e	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	_	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	_
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

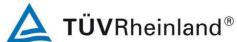
Simulating Head Liquid (HBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Water (% by weight)	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight)	Sodium salt (% by weight)
50 - 65%	10 - 30%	8 - 25%

Simulating Body Liquid (MBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Water (% by weight)	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight)	Sodium salt (% by weight)
60 - 80%	20 - 40%	0 – 1.5%





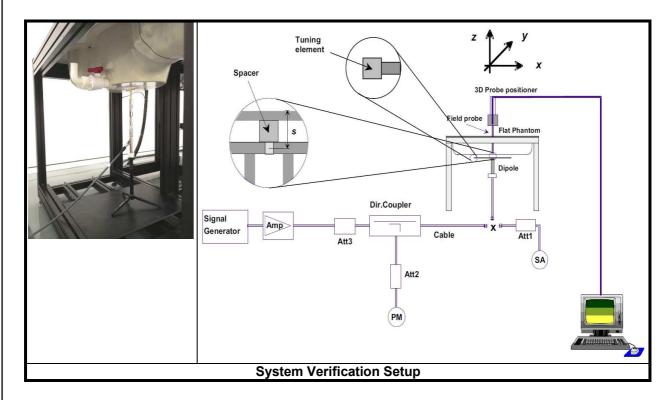
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5.2.8.SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.



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6. SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

6.1. Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz	
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm	
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm	
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm	
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm	

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

6.2. Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.



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6.3. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

6.4. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

6.5.SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.





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7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

7.1. EUT Configuration and Setting

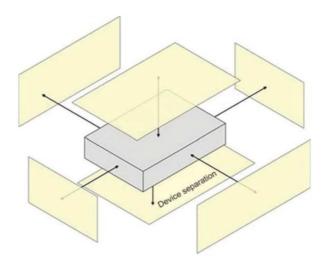
<Considerations Related to 2.4GHz technology for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed 2.4GHz technology testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During 2.4GHz technology SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

7.2. EUT Testing Position

7.2.1.Body Exposure Conditions

For this 2.4GHz technology device, SAR evaluated and tested all edges (Front Face, Rear Face, Left Side, Right Side, Top Side, and Bottom Side), and each antenna is tested separately, at 0 mm separation from a flat phantom. The wireless mode and frequency band are repeated for the highest reported SAR configuration in the case of wearing a accessory, (If the sample does not fit the phantom after wearing the accessory, the second largest value surface is tested)





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7.3. Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity	Measured Permittivity	Target Conductivity	Target Permittivity	Conductivity Deviation	Permittivity Deviation
	- 7	()	(σ)	(ε _r)	(σ)	(ε _r)	(%)	(%)
Sep. 27, 2021	H2450	2450	1.872	38.155	1.80	39.20	4.00	-2.67

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ± 2 °C.

7.4. System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test	Drobo	Probe S/N	l Calib		Measured		Measured	Va	alidation for C	W	Validation for Modulation			
Date	I C					Calibration Point		Conductivity Permittivity		Sensitivity		Probe	Modulation Duty Factor	PAR
				(σ)	(ε _r)	Range	Linearity	Isotropy	Type					
Sep. 27, 2021	7506	Head	2450	1.872	38.155	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass			

7.5. System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

	Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
H	Sep. 27, 2021	Head	2450	51.80	13.20	52.80	1.93	1014	7506	1557

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.



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8. Maximum Output Power

8.1. Measured Conducted Power Result

All Rate have been tested, the average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<2.4G technology>

Antenna 0

Mode	1Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	2 (2406)	19 (2440)	37 (2476)		
Average Power	17.151	17.001	14.198		
Mode		2Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	2 (2406)	19 (2440)	37 (2476)		
Average Power	16.932	16.862	11.899		

Antenna 1

Mode	1Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	2 (2406)	19 (2440)	37 (2476)		
Average Power	16.821	17.326	12.343		
Mode		2Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	2 (2406)	19 (2440)	37 (2476)		
Average Power	16.658	17.236	11.139		



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8.2. SAR Testing Results

8.2.1.SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz



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8.2.3.SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Ch.	Antenna	Earphone	Data Rate	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
1	2.4GHz	Front Face	2	0	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	-0.05	0.417	0.45
	2.4GHz	Rear Face	2	0	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	0.03	0.168	0.18
	2.4GHz	Left Side	2	0	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	-0.06	0.069	0.07
	2.4GHz	Right Side	2	0	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	-0.16	0.401	0.43
	2.4GHz	Top Side	2	0	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	-0.06	0.091	0.10
	2.4GHz	Bottom Side	2	0	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	0.15	0.259	0.28
	2.4GHz	Front Face	2	0	-	2Mbps	17.5	16.932	1.14	0.04	0.209	0.24
	2.4GHz	Front Face	2	0	٧	1Mbps	17.5	17.151	1.08	-0.04	0.384	0.42
	2.4GHz	Front Face	19	1	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	-0.02	0.533	0.55
	2.4GHz	Rear Face	19	1	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	0.06	0.302	0.31
2	2.4GHz	Left Side	19	1	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	-0.14	0.626	0.65
	2.4GHz	Right Side	19	1	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	-0.12	0.09	0.09
	2.4GHz	Top Side	19	1	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	-0.06	0.15	0.16
	2.4GHz	Bottom Side	19	1	-	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	-0.08	0.419	0.44
	2.4GHz	Left Side	19	1	-	2Mbps	17.5	17.236	1.06	-0.11	0.288	0.31
	2.4GHz	Left Side	19	1	٧	1Mbps	17.5	17.326	1.04	-0.11	0.594	0.62



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8.2.4.SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg

and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results. Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.



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Appendixes

All attachments are integral parts of this test report. This applies especially to the following appendix:

Appendix A: SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Appendix B: SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Appendix C: Calibration Certificate for probe and Dipole

Appendix D: Photographs of EUT and setup

Appendix A

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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland IoT Excellence Center Date: 2021/9/29

System Check-D2450V2_H2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2 SN:1014

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.827 S/m; ϵ_r = 37.991; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

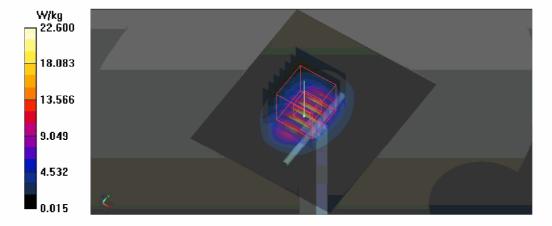
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/5/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2021/5/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250 mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.6 W/kg

Pin=250 mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



Appendix B

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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland IoT Excellence Center Date: 2021/9/29

P01 2.4GHz_Front Face_0cm_Ch19_Ant0_1Mbps

DUT: EUT

Communication System: 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2440 MHz; σ = 1.819 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.001; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

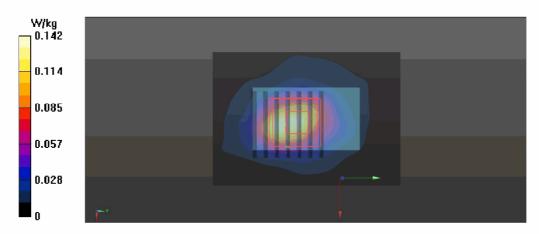
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8) @ 2440 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/5/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2021/5/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (51x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.142 W/kg

- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.302 V/m; Power Drift = -0.92 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.066 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland IoT Excellence Center Date: 2021/9/29

P02 2.4GHz_Front Face_0cm_Ch19_Ant1_1Mbps

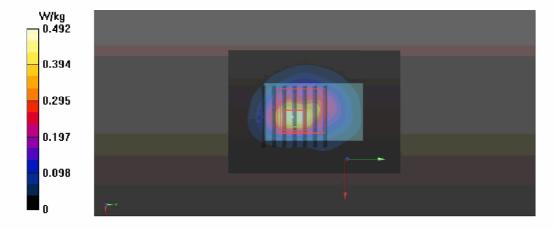
DUT: EUT

Communication System: 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2440 MHz; σ = 1.819 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.001; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8) @ 2440 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/5/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2021/5/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)
- **Area Scan (51x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.492 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.667 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.142 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 W/kg



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Client

TUV-CN

Certificate No:

Z21-60202

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 1014

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 19, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22\pm3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 3846	26-Apr-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60084)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN 777	08-Jan-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60003)	Jan-22
	l li		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)	Jan-22
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)	Jan-22

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: May 24, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60202

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60202

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

Tresuit With Head TOL		
SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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S P E A G

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.8Ω- 1.16jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.3dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.053 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z21-60202

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Date: 05.19.2021

Prüfbericht - Produkte Test Report - Products

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1014 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.788$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-04-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 2021-01-08
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

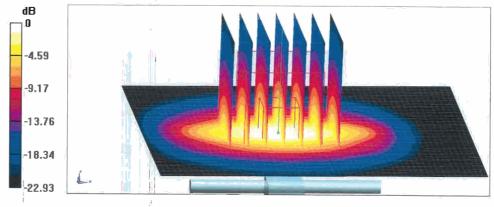
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60202

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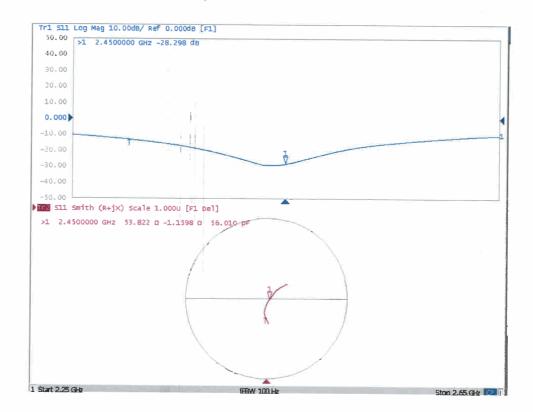


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

TUV-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-7506 May21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 26, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660 Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Sehadulad Ob
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Jun-22

Calibrated by:

Jeffrey Katzman

Function Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: May 26, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-7506_May21

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Swiss Calibration Service

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:7506 May 26, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.55	0.41	0.51	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.9	100.8	100.9	± 10.1 /6

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	169.6	± 3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		145.7		2 1.1 70
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		166.8		-

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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EX3DV4— SN:7506 May 26, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-118.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Certificate No: EX3-7506_May21



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EX3DV4-SN:7506 May 26, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	11.59	11.59	11.59	0.16	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.53	10.53	10.53	0.40	0.94	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.40	10.40	10.40	0.37	0.96	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.07	9.07	9.07	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.84	8.84	8.84	0.34	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.32	0.86	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.33	8.33	8.33	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.06	8.06	8.06	0.36	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.38	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.40	0.92	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.85	6.85	6.85	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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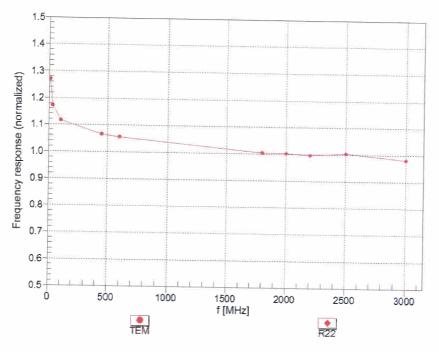
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EX3DV4-SN:7506

May 26, 2021

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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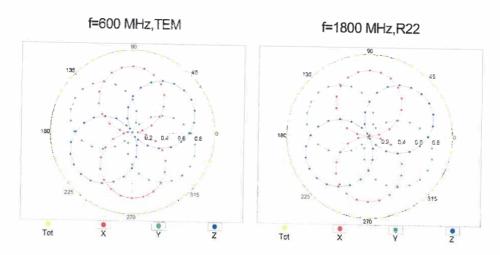


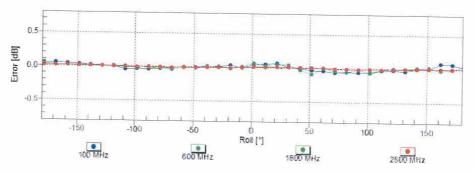
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EX3DV4- SN:7506 May 26, 2021

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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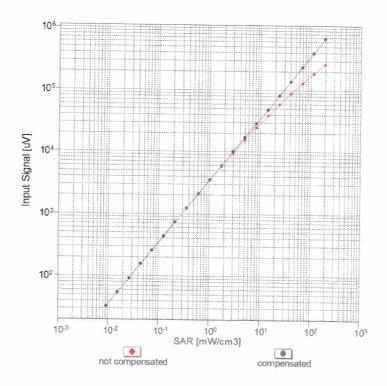
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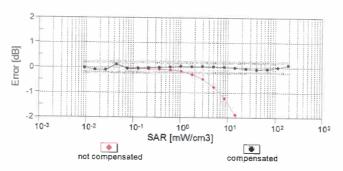
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EX3DV4- SN:7506

May 26, 2021

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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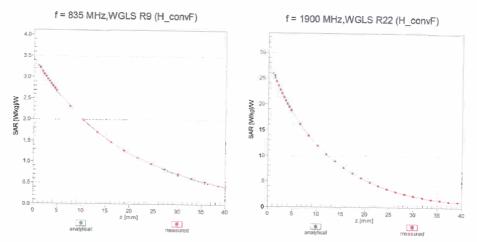


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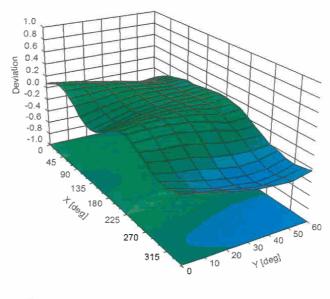
EX3DV4— SN:7506 May 26, 2021

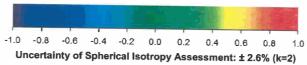
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG



Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Client

TUV - CN (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1557 May21

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BN - SN: 1557

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: May 20, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	07-Sep-20 (No:28647)	Sep-21
	ı		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit		Check Date (in house) 07-Jan-21 (in house check)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-22
	SE UWS 053 AA 1001		

Name Function Signatu
Calibrated by: Adrian Gehring Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Sven:Kühn Deputy Manager

issued: May 20, 2021

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Certificate No: DAE4-1557_May21 Page 1 of 5



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1557_May21 Page 2 of 5

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	405.279 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.149 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.169 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97943 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99480 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96752 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	52.5 ° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be used in DAST system	32.3 II

Certificate No: DAE4-1557_May21 Page 3 of 5



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200037.06	-1.03	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20006.80	1.84	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20001.75	3.64	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200029.92	-0.10	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20003.49	-1.49	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20006.11	-0.55	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200031.60	1.37	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20003.77	-1.20	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20005.31	0.25	-0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.42	0.33	0.02
Channel X	+ Input	201.32	0.35	0.17
Channel X	- Input	-198.16	0.79	-0.40
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.09	0.19	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200.37	-0.52	-0.26
Channel Y	- Input	-199.11	0.02	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.07	0.19	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.26	-0.63	-0.31
Channel Z	- Input	-199.59	-0.55	0.27

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-1.41	-3.47
	- 200	4.83	2.97
Channel Y	200	6.35	5.84
	- 200	-7.35	-7.80
Channel Z	200	-6.32	-6.73
	- 200	5.66	5.89

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.68	-1.44
Channel Y	200	5.78	-	0.34
Channel Z	200	10.38	2.49	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15900	15646
Channel Y	15703	15683
Channel Z	16003	16507

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.61	-1.51	0.06	0.28
Channel Y	-1.14	-2.18	-0.14	0.34
Channel Z	-1.20	-2.16	0.21	0.43

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9