

FCC - TEST REPORTReport Number : **7088820032133-00** Date of Issue: December 8, 2020Model : CR3LProduct Type : Wi-Fi and Bluetooth moduleApplicant : Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,LtdAddress : Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun
Road, Hangzhou, Zhejiang ChinaProduction Facility : Newtronics Hangzhou Co.,LtdAddress : No.15,Jiu zhou Road,Jiang Gan Science&Technology
Economic Park HangzhouTest Result : ☒ **Positive** ☐ **Negative**Total pages including
Appendices : 55

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China

2 Details about the Test Laboratory

Details about the Test Laboratory

Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch
No.16 Lane, 1951 Du Hui Road,
Shanghai 201108,
P.R. China

Test Firm Registration
Number: 820234
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3 Description of the Equipment under Test

Description of the Equipment Under Test

Product:	Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module
Model no.:	CR3L
FCC ID:	2ANDL-CR3L
Options and accessories:	NA
Rating:	DC 3.0V-3.6V
RF Transmission Frequency:	For 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412~2462 MHz (Wi-Fi) For 802.15.1:2402~2480 MHz (BLE4.2)
No. of Operated Channel:	2.4GHz WIFI: 11 for 802.11b/802.11g/802.11(H20) 2.4GHz BLE: 40
Modulation:	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) for 802.11b Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) for 802.11g/n For 2.4GHz BLE: GFSK
Antenna Type:	On board PCB antenna
Antenna Gain:	1.88dBi
Description of the EUT:	The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module which support 2.4GHz Wi-Fi and BLE 4.2. We tested it and listed the worst data in this report.

The sample's mentioned in this report is/are submitted/ supplied/ manufactured by client. The laboratory therefore assumes no responsibility for accuracy of information on the brand name, model number, origin of manufacture, consignment, antenna gain or any information supplied.



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4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

All the test methods were according to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and ANSI C63.10 (2013).

5 Summary of Test Results

Technical Requirements						
FCC Part 15 Subpart C						
Test Condition		Pages	Test Site	Test Result		
				Pass	Fail	N/A
§15.207	Conducted emission AC power port	12-14	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.247 (b) (1)	Conducted peak output power	15	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.247(a)(1)	20dB bandwidth	---	---	☐	☐	☒
§15.247(a)(1)	Carrier frequency separation	---	---	☐	☐	☒
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequencies	---	---	☐	☐	☒
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	---	---	☐	☐	☒
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB bandwidth	16-19	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.247(e)	Power spectral density	20-23	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.247(d)	Spurious RF conducted emissions	24-33	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.247(d)	Band edge	34-37	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.247(d) & §15.209	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	38-44	Site 1	☒	☐	☐
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See note 1		☒	☐	☐

Remark 1: N/A – Not Applicable.

Note 1: The EUT uses a patch antenna, which gain is 1.88dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.

6 General Remarks

Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2ANDL-CR3L complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

This report is only for the 2.4GHz Wi-Fi test report, for the 2.4GHz BLE test report please refer to 7095020032136-00.

SUMMARY:

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 5 were

■ - Performed

□ - **Not** Performed

The Equipment under Test

■ - **Fulfills** the general approval requirements.

□ - **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: November 30, 2020

Testing Start Date: December 1, 2020

Testing End Date: December 7, 2020

-TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

Reviewed by:

Prepared by:

Tested by:



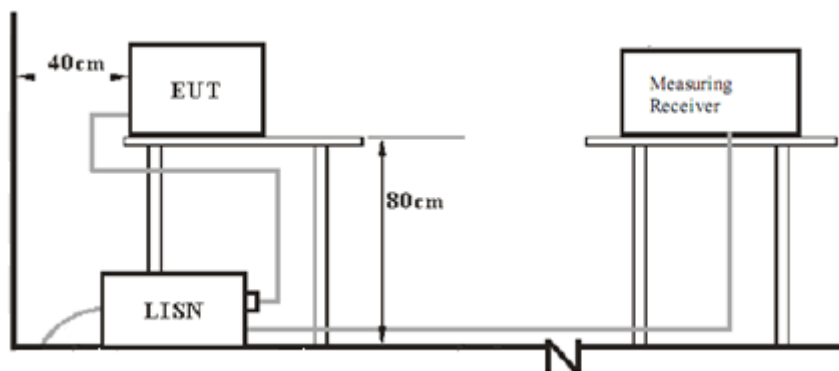
Hui TONG
Review Engineer

Jiaxi XU
Project Engineer

Wenqiang LU
Test Engineer

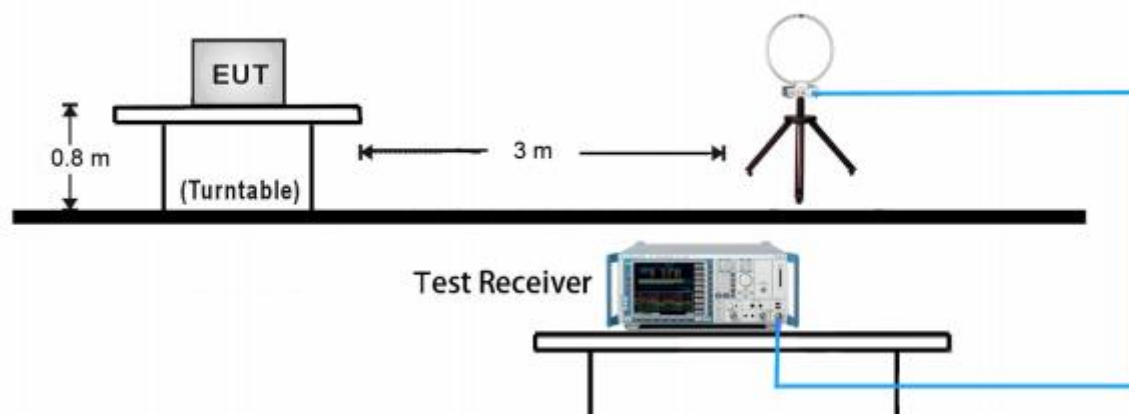
7 Test Setups

7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups

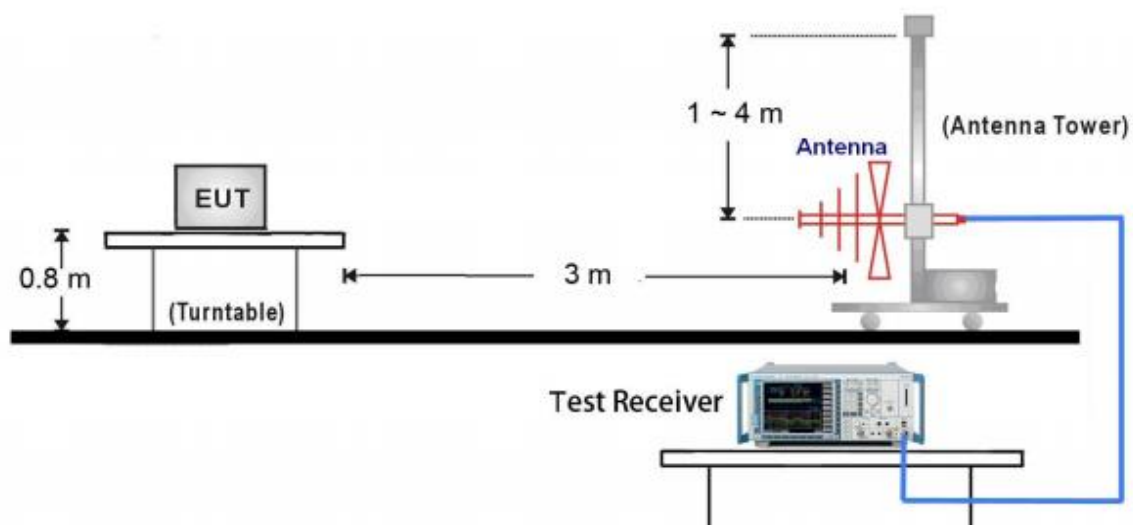


7.2 Radiated test setups

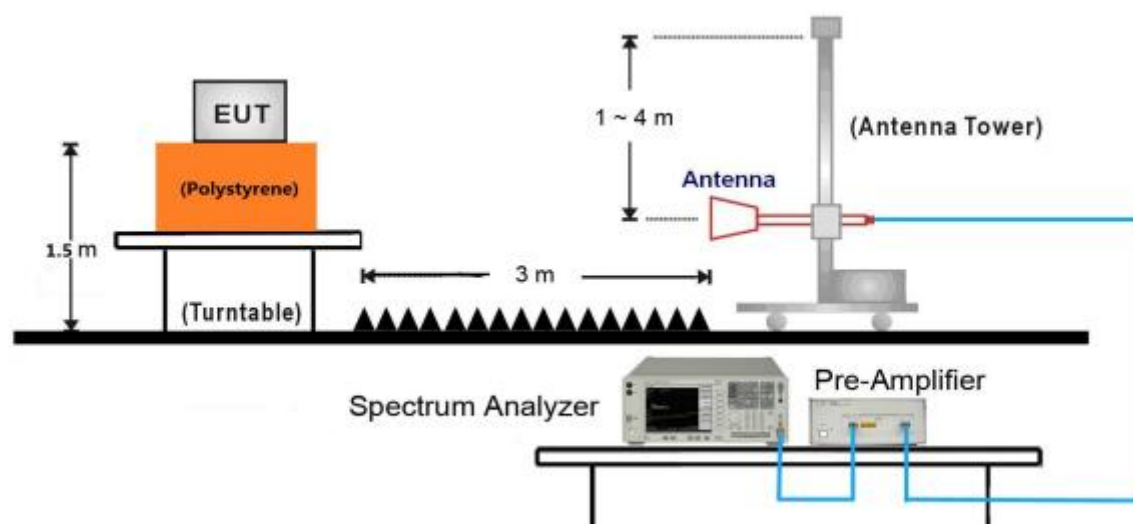
9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:



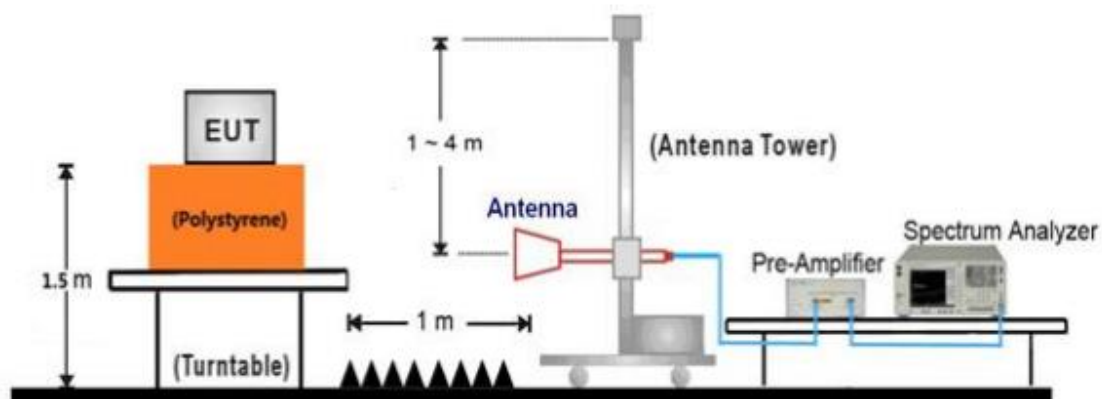
30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:



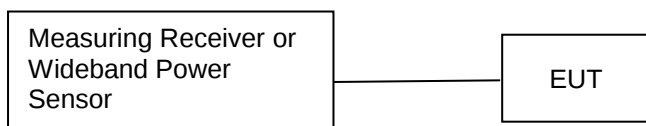
1GHz ~ 18GHz Test Setup:



18GHz ~ 25GHz Test Setup:



7.3 Conducted RF test setups



8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
Notebook	Lenove	E470	-----

Test software: AmebaD_mptool_1V3 for Wi-Fi
Bluetooth RF Test Tool (REALTEK) for BLE

The system was configured to channel 1(2412MHz), 6(2437MHz), and 11(2462MHz) for 802.11 b/g/n HT20 test.

Non-hopping mode: The system was configured to operate at a signal channel transmitting. The test software allows the configuration and operation at the worst-case duty and the highest transmit power.

9 Technical Requirement

9.1 Conducted Emission

Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through a Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

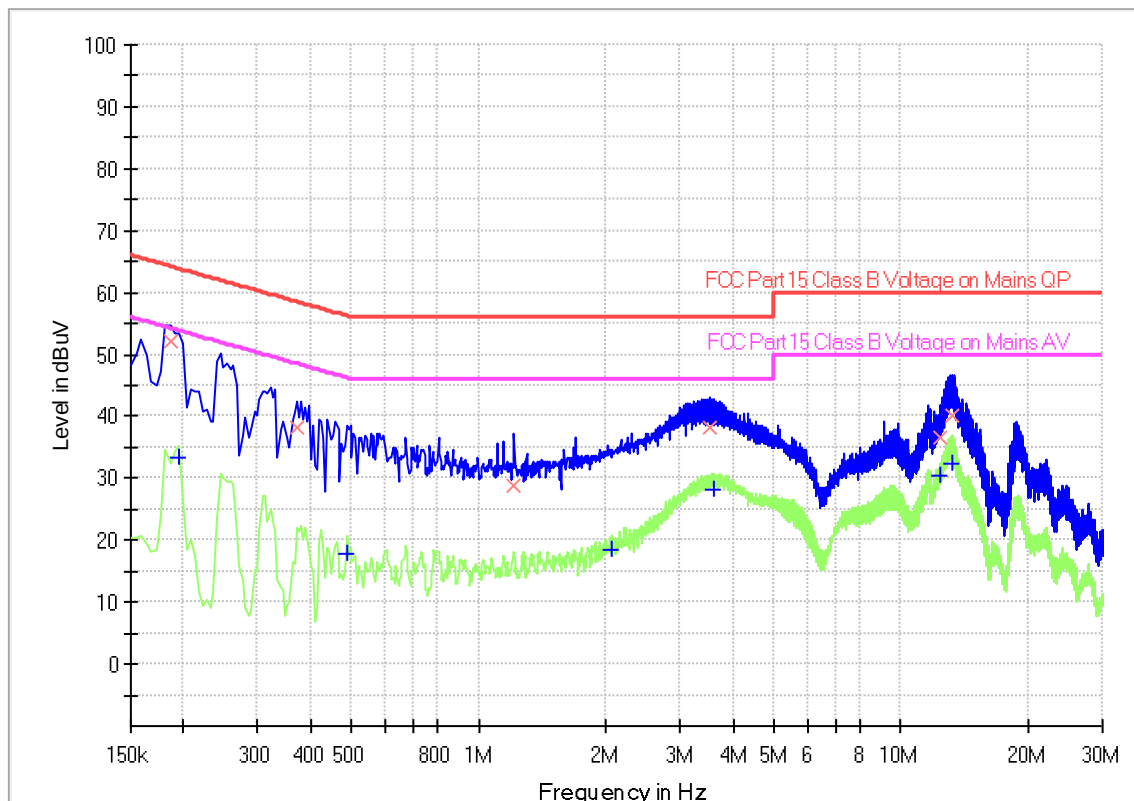
Limit

Frequency MHz	QP Limit dB μ V	AV Limit dB μ V
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*
0.500-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency

Conducted Emission

Product Type : Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module
 M/N : CR3L
 Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx_2412MHz for 802.11g
 Test Specification : L-line
 Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)

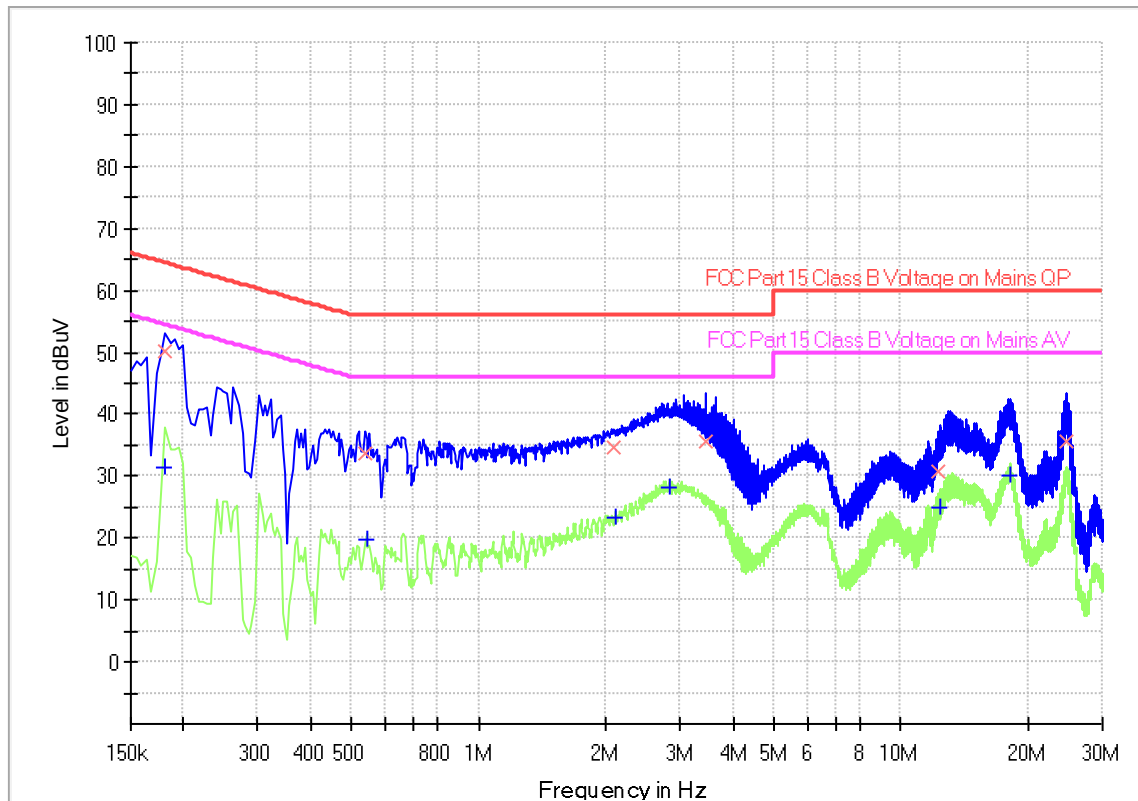


Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.186000	52.15	---	64.21	12.06	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
0.195000	---	33.48	53.82	20.34	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
0.370500	38.27	---	58.49	20.22	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
0.487500	---	17.77	46.21	28.44	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
1.212000	28.77	---	56.00	27.23	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
2.058000	---	18.40	46.00	27.60	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
3.529500	38.15	---	56.00	17.85	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
3.597000	---	28.07	46.00	17.93	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
12.403500	36.53	---	60.00	23.47	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.7
12.403500	---	30.44	50.00	19.56	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.7
13.218000	40.00	---	60.00	20.00	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.7
13.236000	---	32.49	50.00	17.51	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.7

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)
 Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator

Product Type : Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module
 M/N : CR3L
 Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx_2412MHz for 802.11g
 Test Specification : N-line
 Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.181500	---	31.51	54.42	22.91	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
0.181500	50.25	---	64.42	14.17	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
0.537000	33.52	---	56.00	22.48	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
0.541500	---	19.78	46.00	26.22	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
2.089500	34.63	---	56.00	21.37	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
2.112000	---	23.27	46.00	22.73	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
2.827500	---	28.28	46.00	17.72	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
3.448500	35.66	---	56.00	20.34	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
12.313500	30.63	---	60.00	29.37	1000.0	9.000	N	19.8
12.390000	---	24.97	50.00	25.03	1000.0	9.000	N	19.8
18.100500	---	29.99	50.00	20.01	1000.0	9.000	N	19.8
24.679500	35.72	---	60.00	24.28	1000.0	9.000	N	20.0

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)
 Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator

9.2 Conducted peak output power

Test Method

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
RBW > the 6dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW $\geq$ 3RBW, Span $\geq$ 3RBW
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
2. Add a correction factor to the display.
3. Use a power meter to measure the conducted peak output power.

Limits

Frequency Range MHz	Limit W	Limit dBm
2400-2483.5	≤ 1	≤ 30

Test result as below table

802.11B

Frequency MHz	Conducted Peak Output Power dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	19.41	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	19.10	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	19.53	Pass

802.11G

Frequency MHz	Conducted Peak Output Power dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	23.39	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	23.32	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	23.29	Pass

802.11N20

Frequency MHz	Conducted Peak Output Power dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	22.20	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	21.74	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	22.12	Pass

9.3 6dB bandwidth

Test Method

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
RBW=100K, VBW≥3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
2. Use the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument, may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize, record the X dB Bandwidth value.

Limit

Limit [kHz]

≥500

Test result 802.11B

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	10.048	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	9.068	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	9.055	Pass

802.11G

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	16.363	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	16.328	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	16.325	Pass

802.11N20

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	17.564	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	17.611	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	17.564	Pass

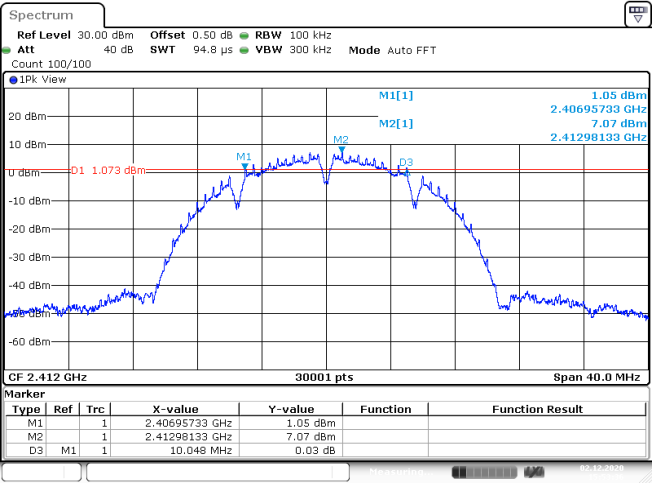


China

6 dB Bandwidth

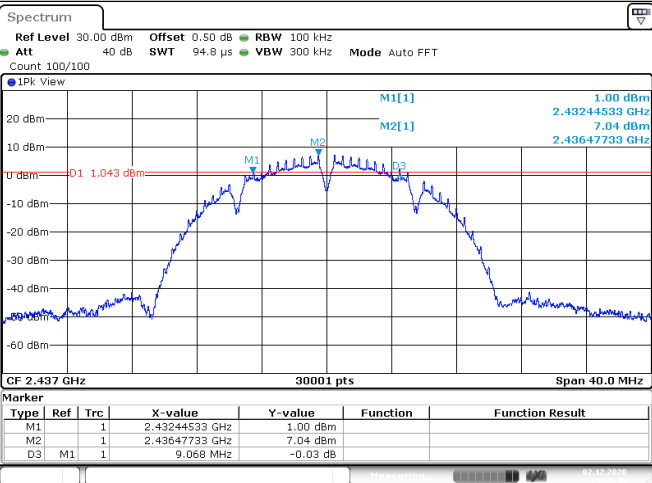
802.11B

2412



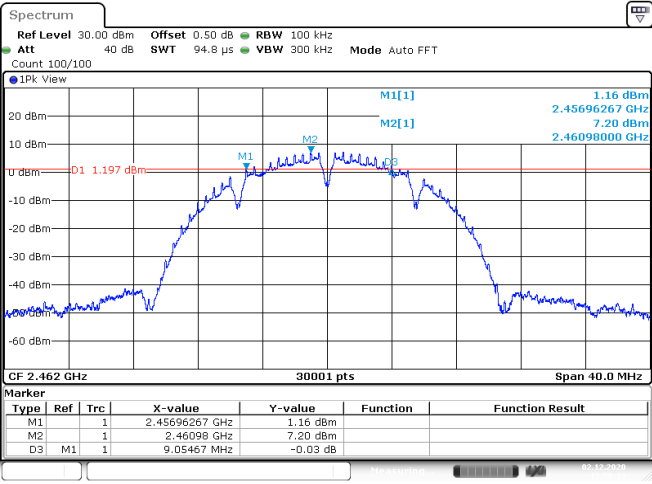
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2437



Date: 2 DEC 2020 15:55:46

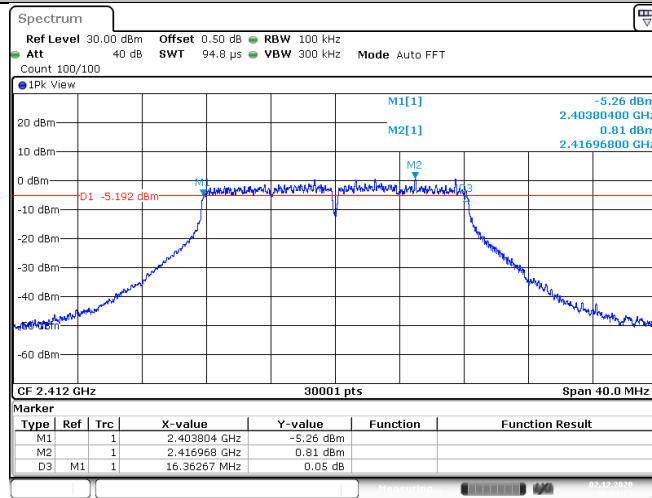
2462



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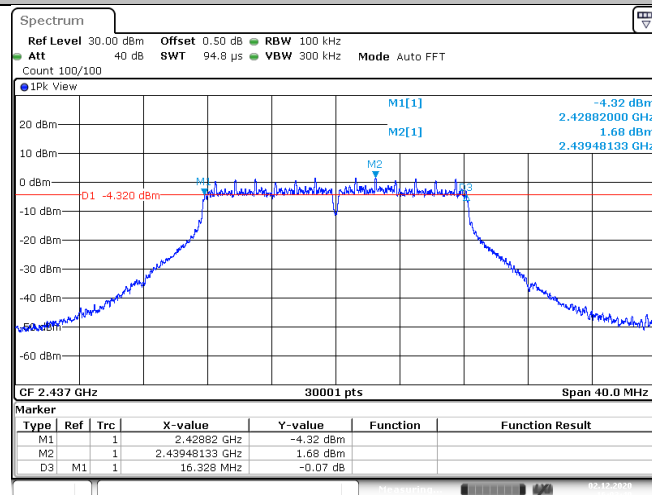
802.11G

2412



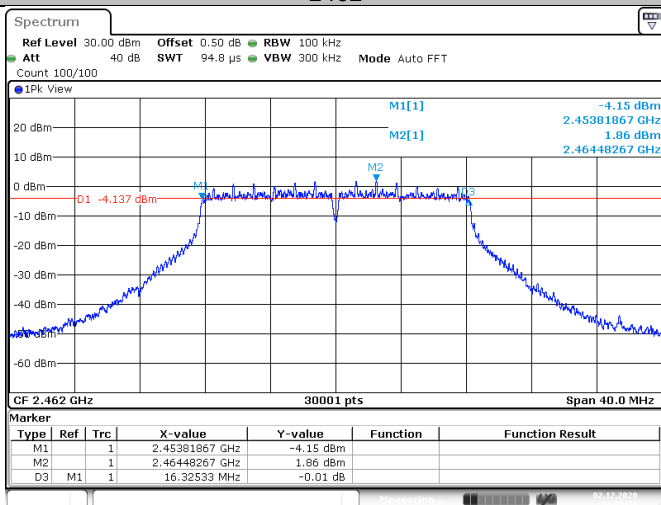
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2437



Date: 2.DEC.2020 16:03:40

2462



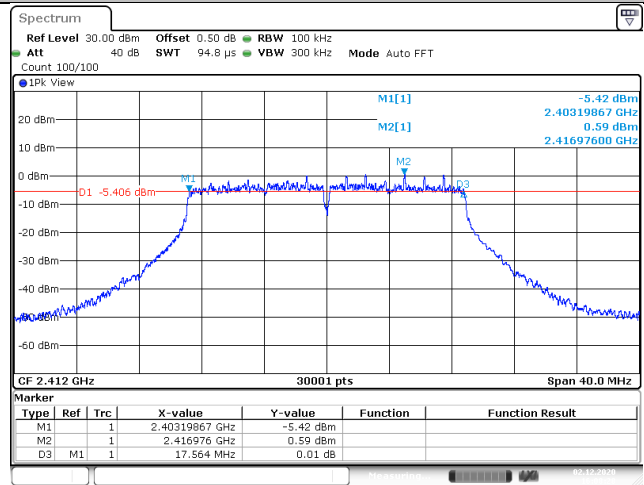
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China

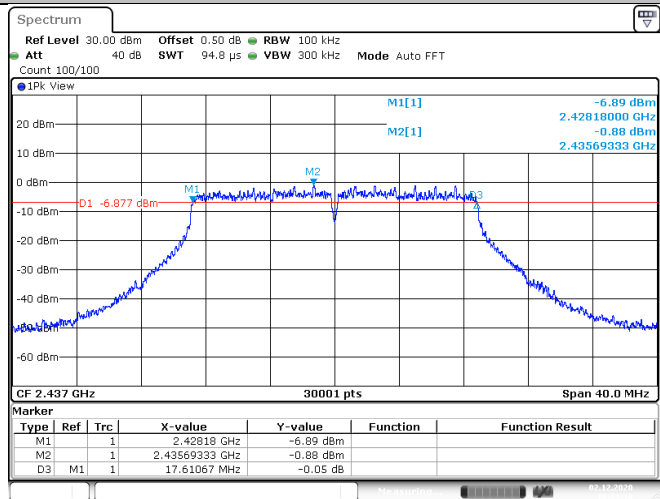
802.11N20

2412



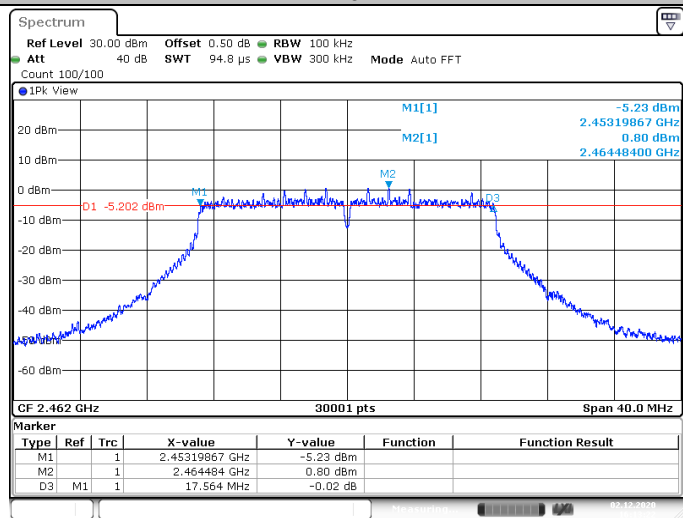
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:08:28

2437



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:11:10

2462



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:13:22

9.4 Power spectral density

Test Method

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance:

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
RBW=3kHz, VBW≥3RBW, Span=1.5 times DTS bandwidth, Detector=Peak, Sweep=auto, Trace= max hold.
2. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

Limit

Limit [dBm/3KHz]

≤8

Test result

802.11 B

Frequency MHz	Power spectral density dBm/3KHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	-5.76	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	-5.85	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	-6.14	Pass

802.11 G

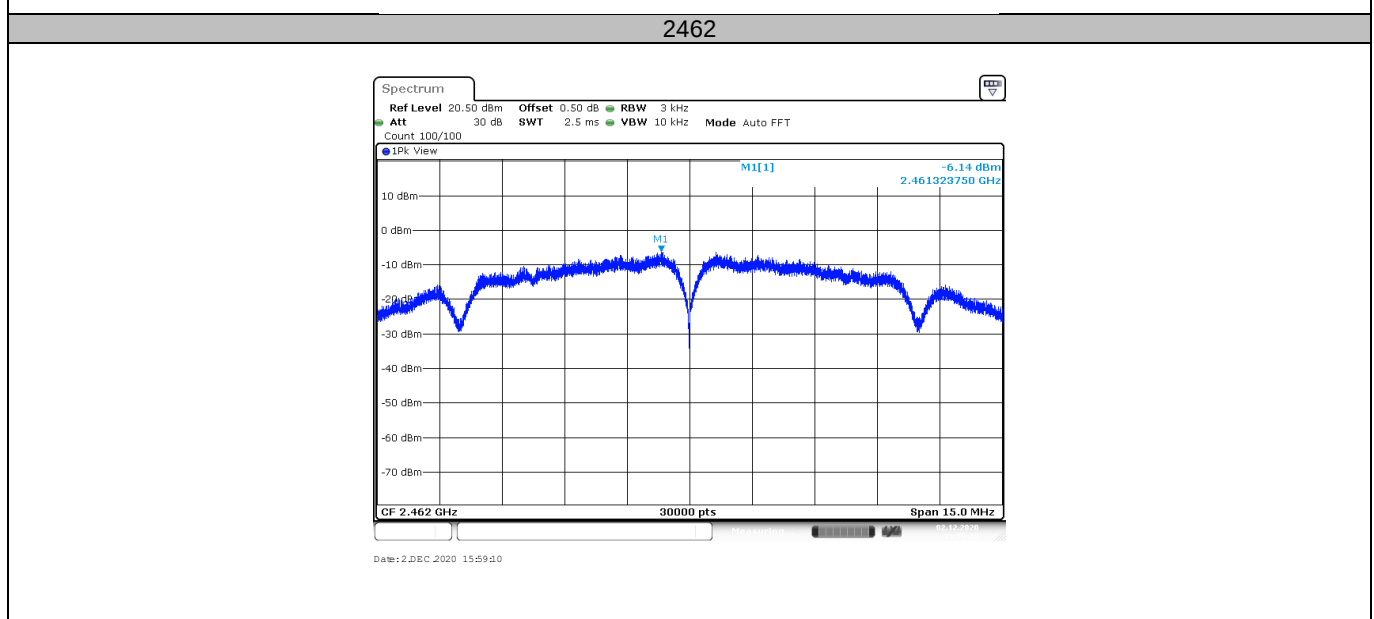
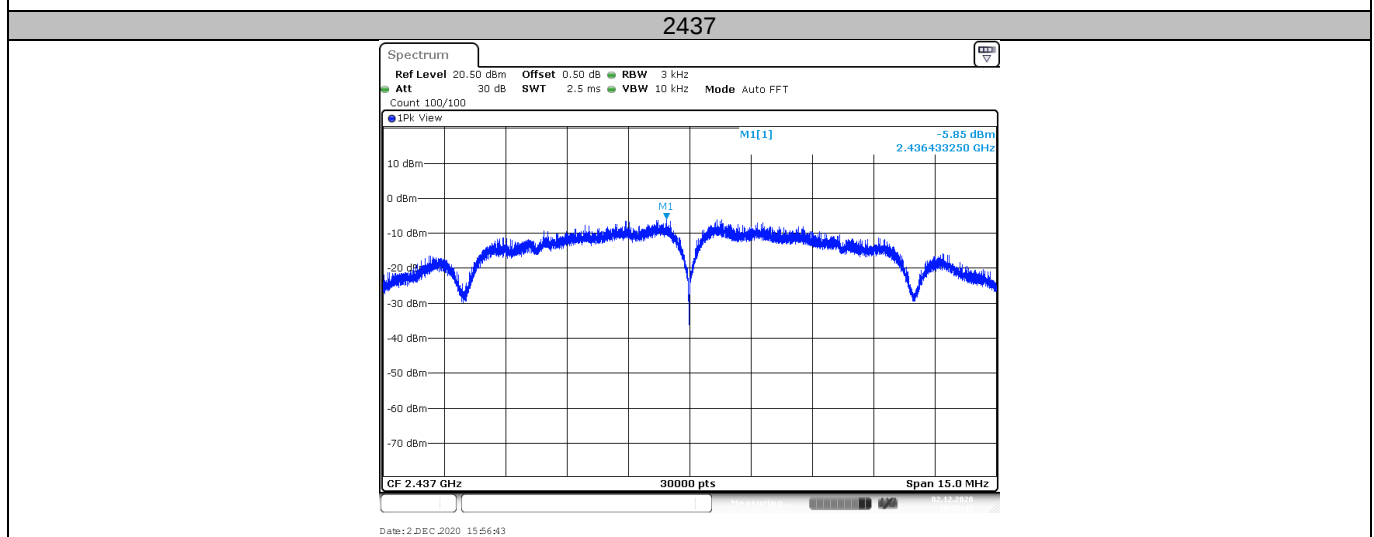
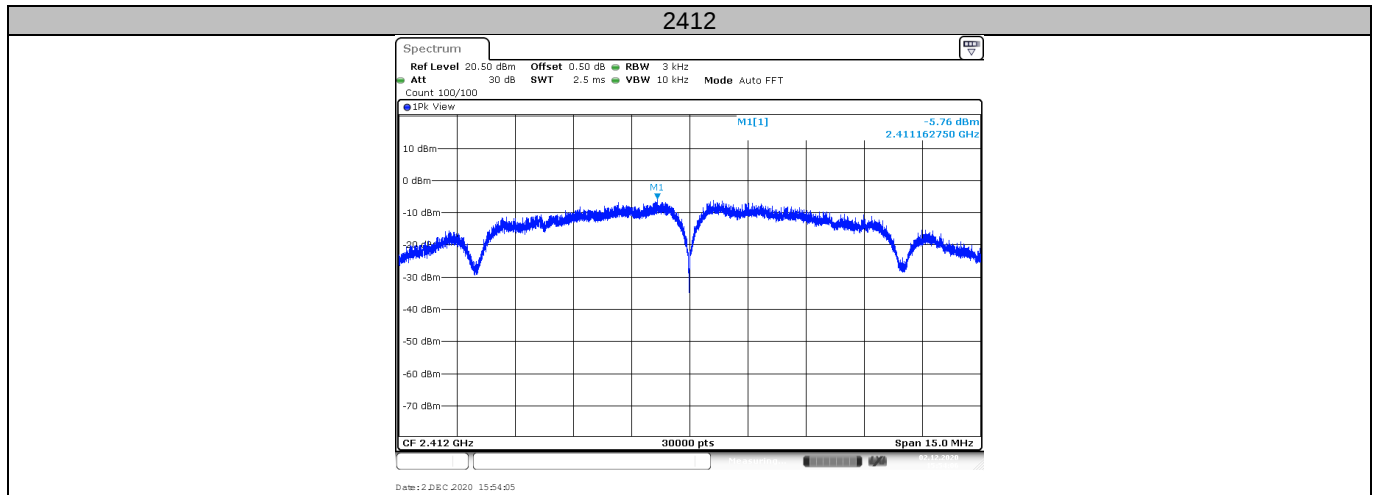
Frequency MHz	Power spectral density dBm/3KHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	-12.29	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	-12.29	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	-12.54	Pass

802.11 N20

Frequency MHz	Power spectral density dBm/3KHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	-13.56	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	-13.11	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	-12.68	Pass

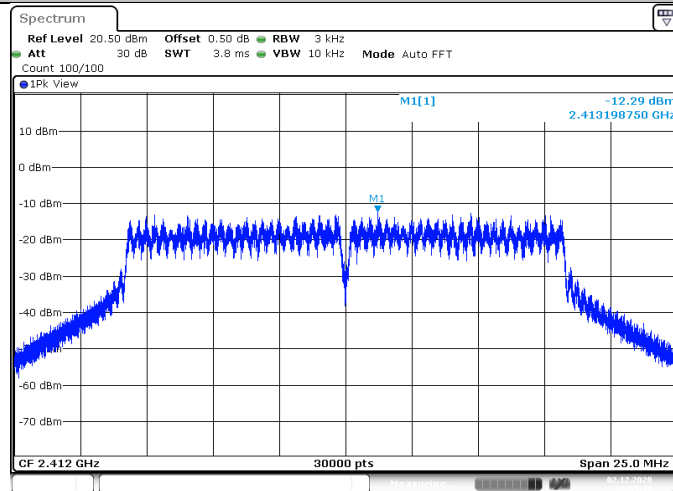
Power spectral density

802.11B



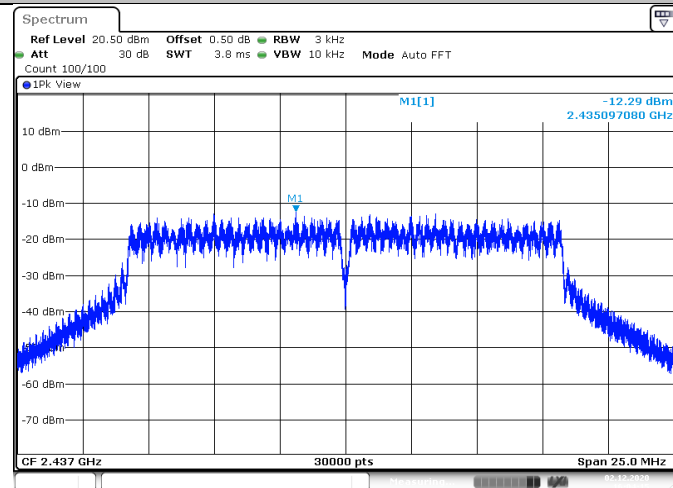
802.11G

2412



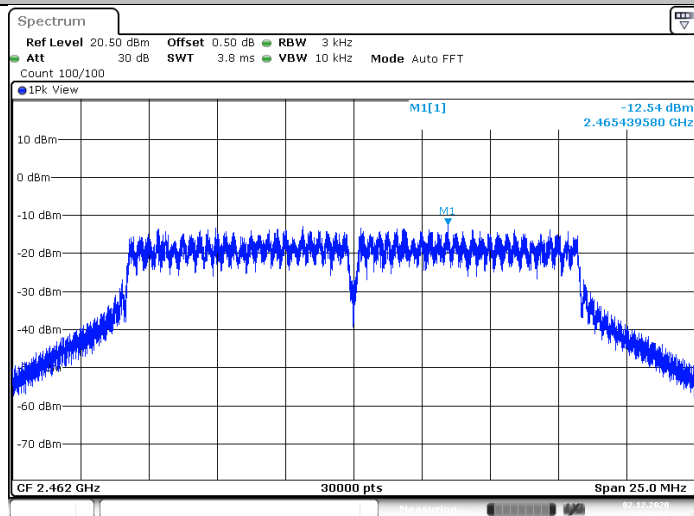
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:01:50

2437



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:04:15

2462



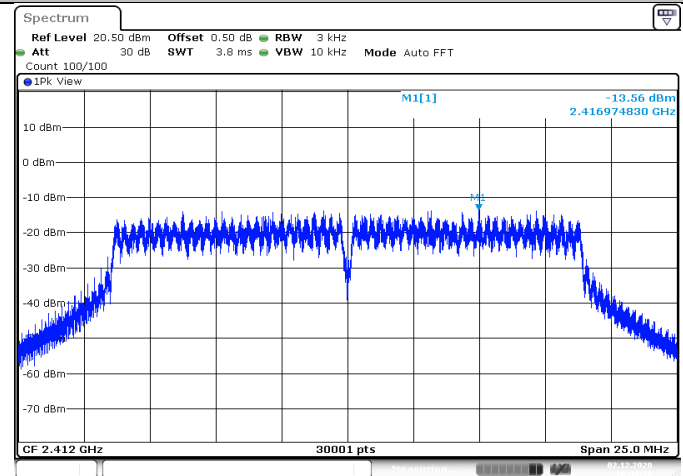
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China

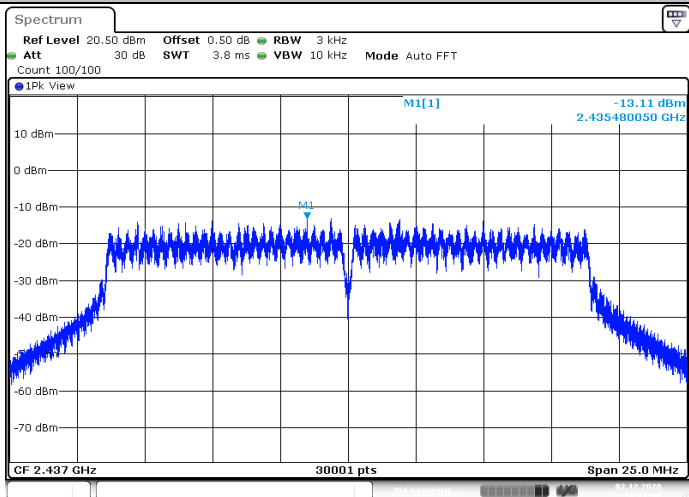
802.11N20

2412



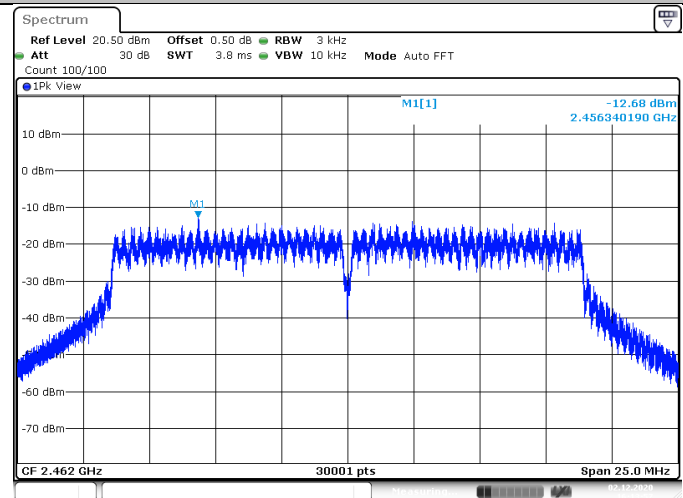
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:08:56

2437



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:11:48

2462



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:13:57

9.5 Spurious RF conducted emissions

Test Method

1. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
 - a. Set RBW=100 kHz. VBW $\geq$ 3RBW. Detector =peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold.
 - b. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
2. Use the maximum PSD level to establish the reference level.
 - a. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
 - b. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements, report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.
3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

Limit

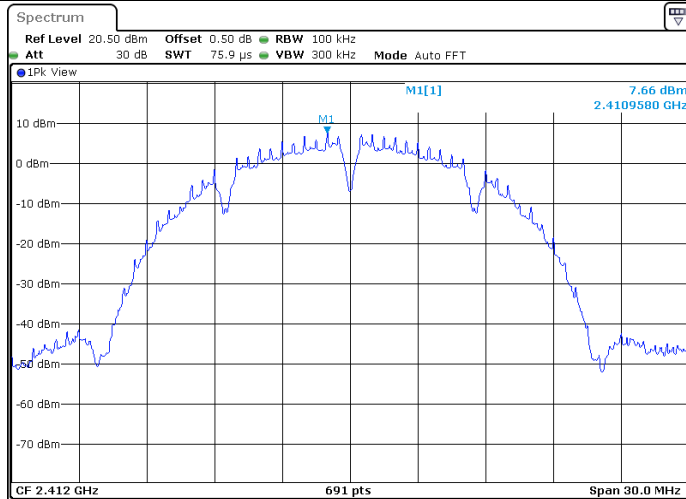
Frequency Range MHz	Limit (dBc)
30-25000	-20

Spurious RF conducted emissions

802.11 B

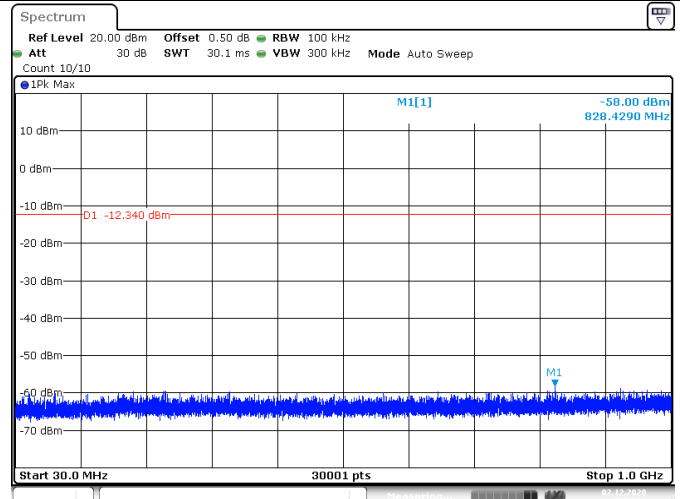
Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 1 (2412MHz)

Reference point



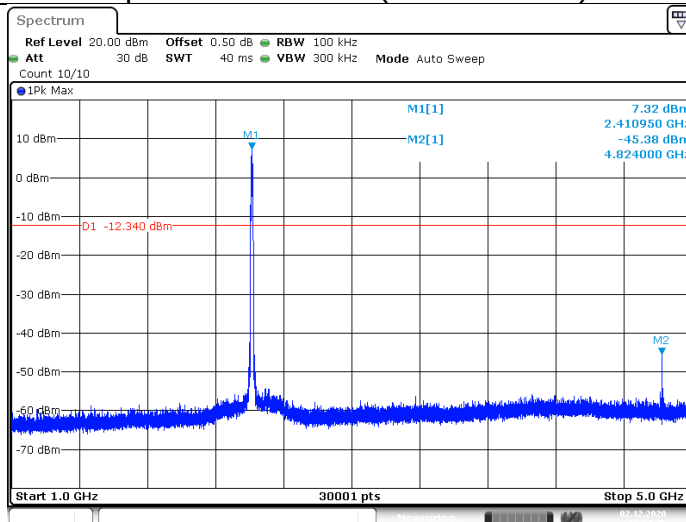
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Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



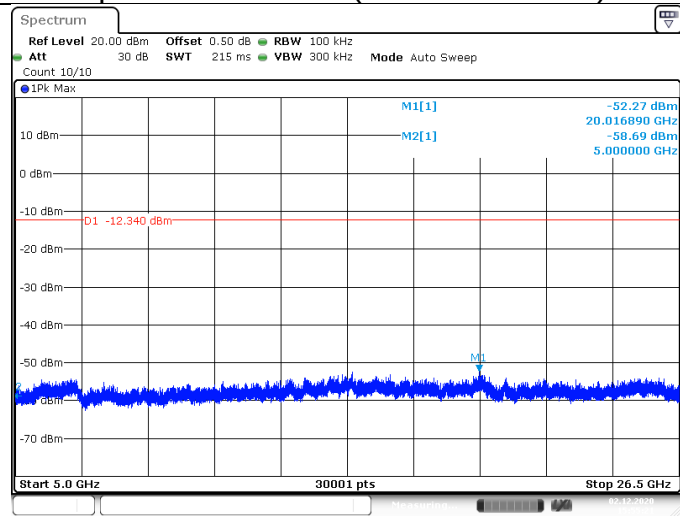
Date: 2.DEC.2020 15:54:32

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2.DEC.2020 15:54:47

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)

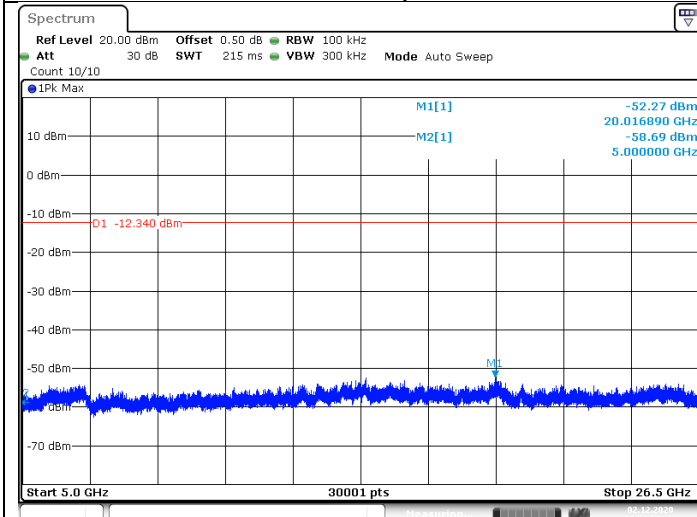


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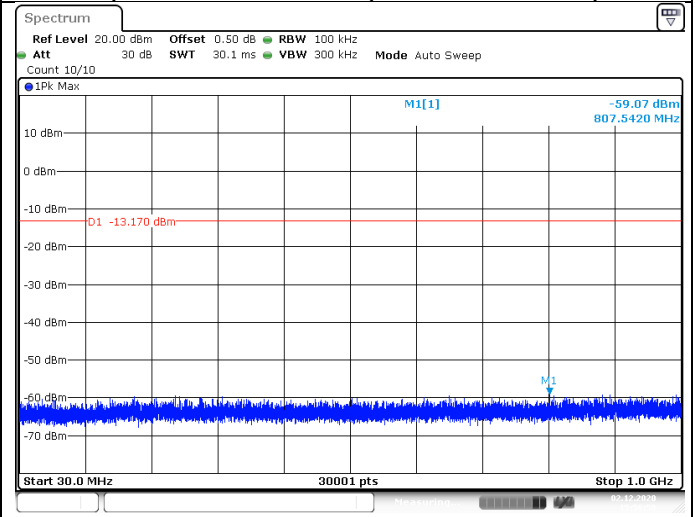
Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)

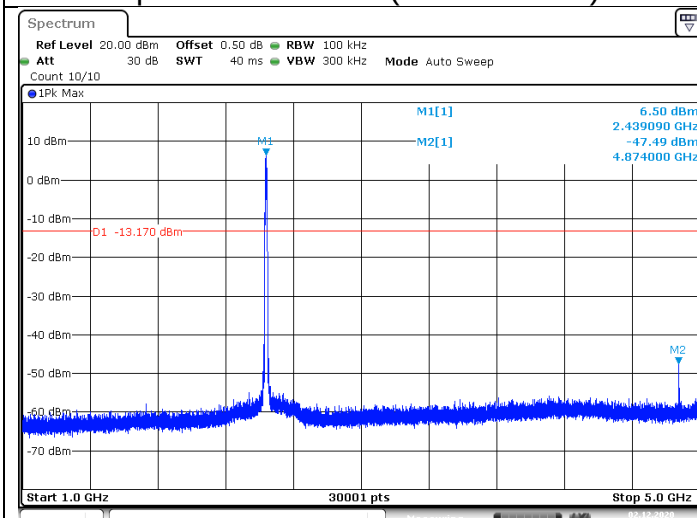
Reference point



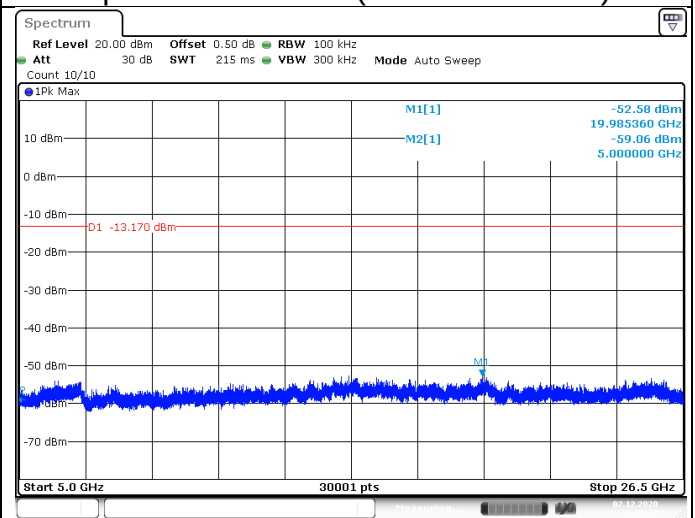
Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



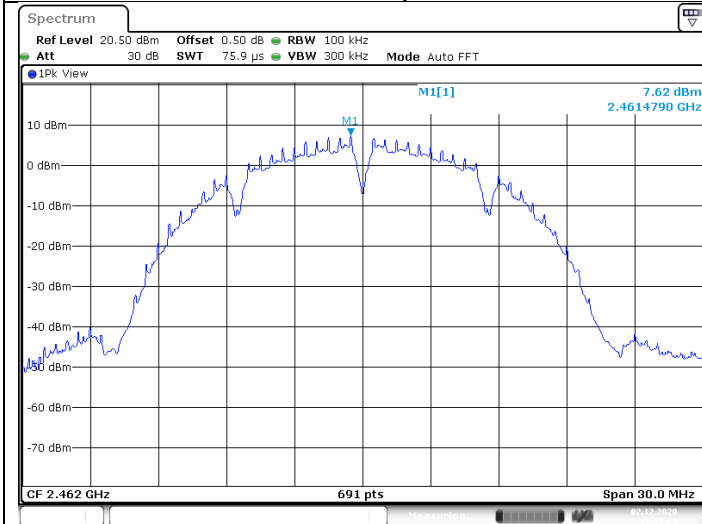
Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)



Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

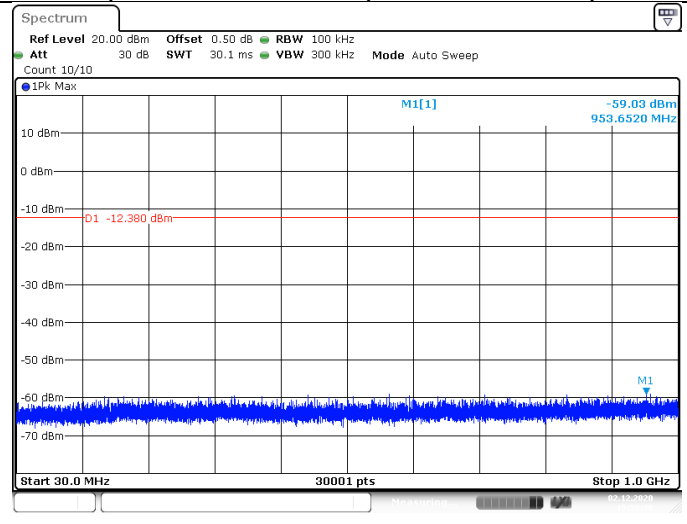
Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)

Reference point



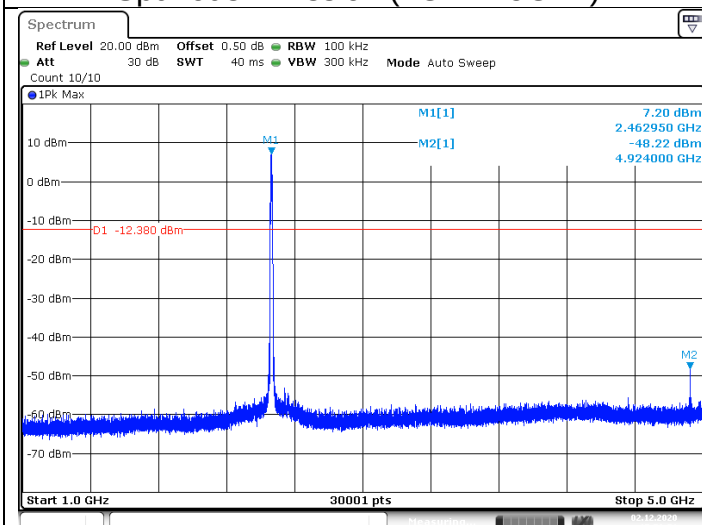
Date: 2.DEC.2020 15:59:29

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



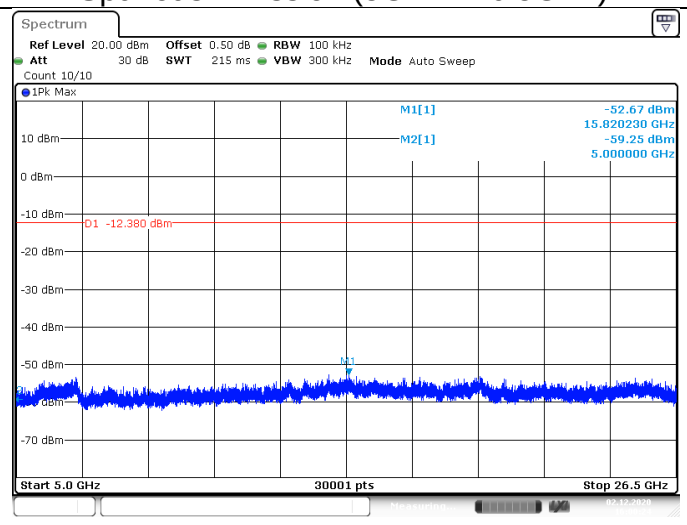
Date: 2.DEC.2020 15:59:36

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2.DEC.2020 15:59:51

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)



Date: 2.DEC.2020 16:00:25

Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

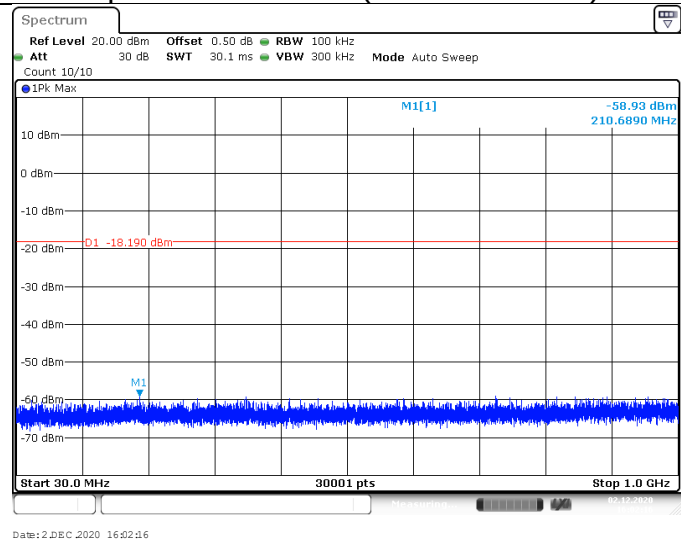
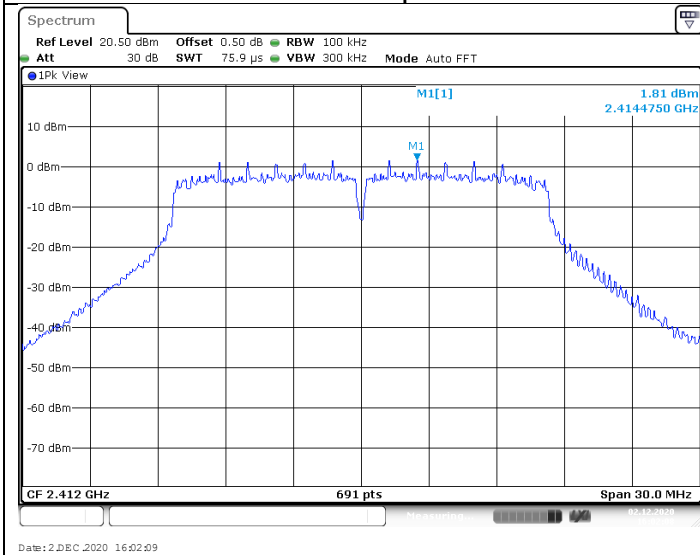
802.11 G

Out-of-Band Emissions

Channel 1 (2412MHz)

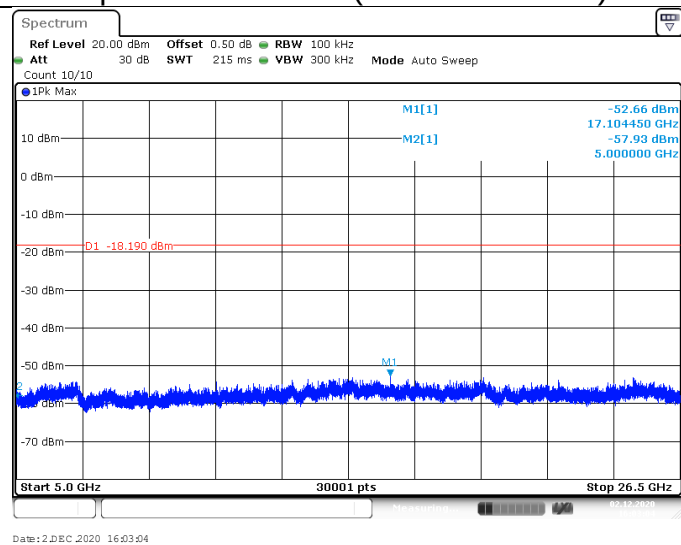
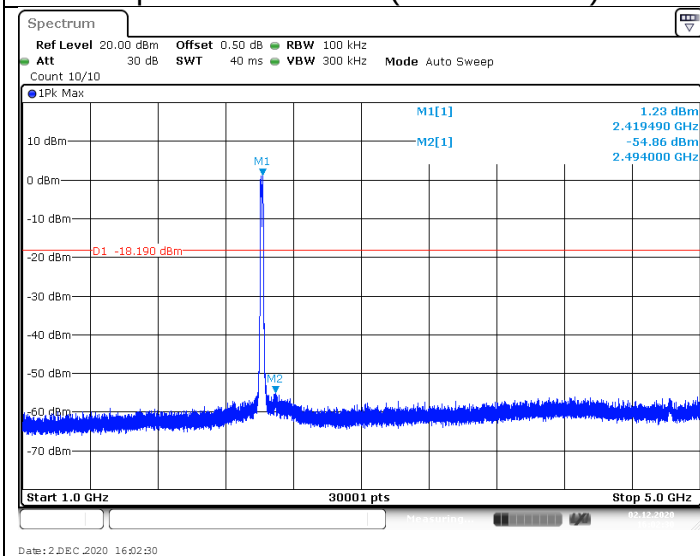
Reference point

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)

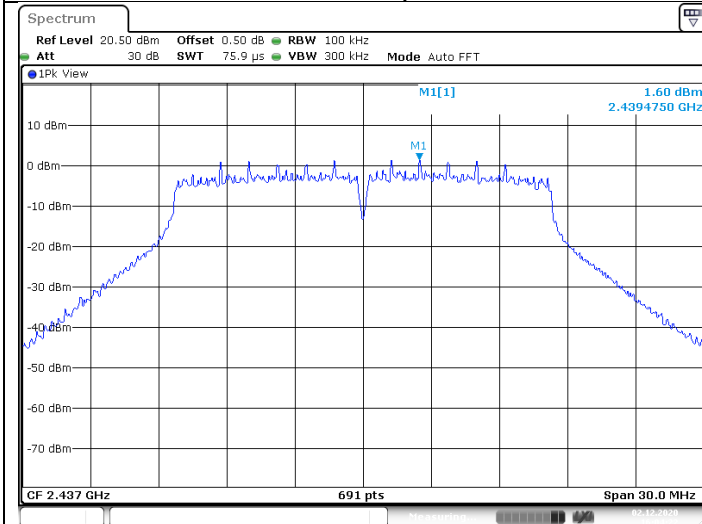
Spurious Emission (5GHz –26.5GHz)



Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

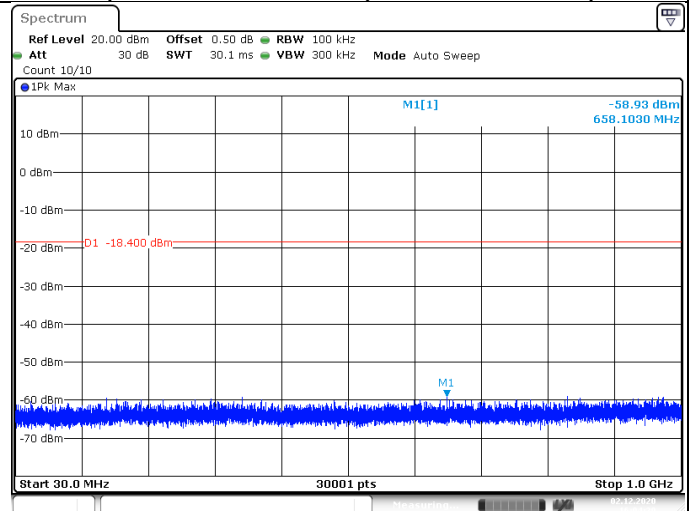
Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)

Reference point



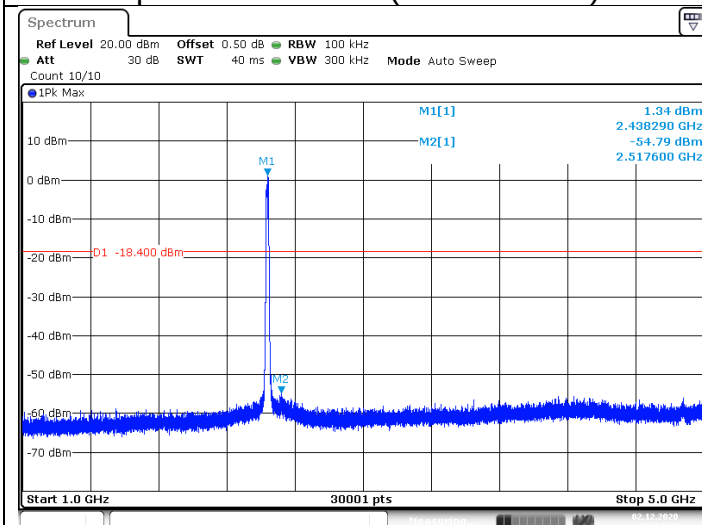
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:04:23

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



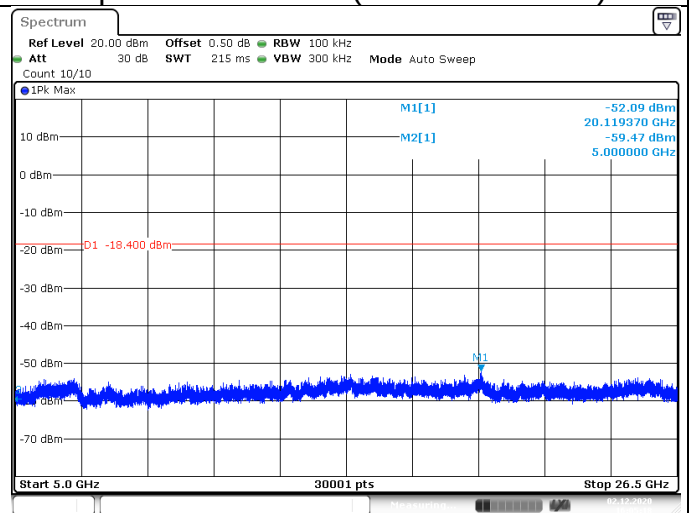
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:04:30

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:04:44

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)



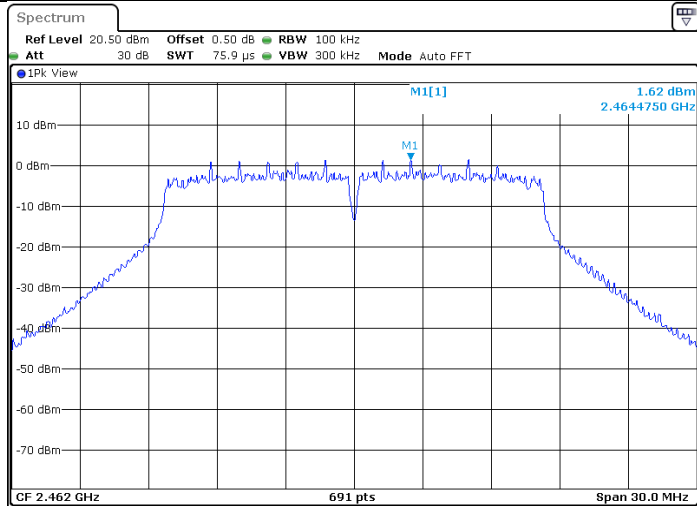
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:05:18

Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

Out-of-Band Emissions

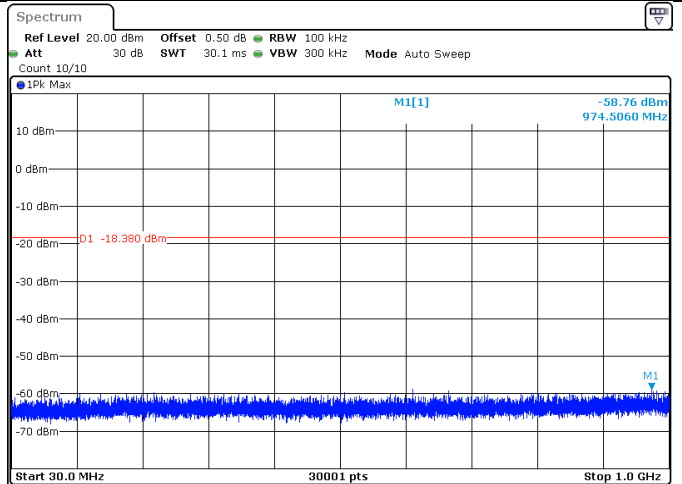
Channel 11 (2462MHz)

Reference point



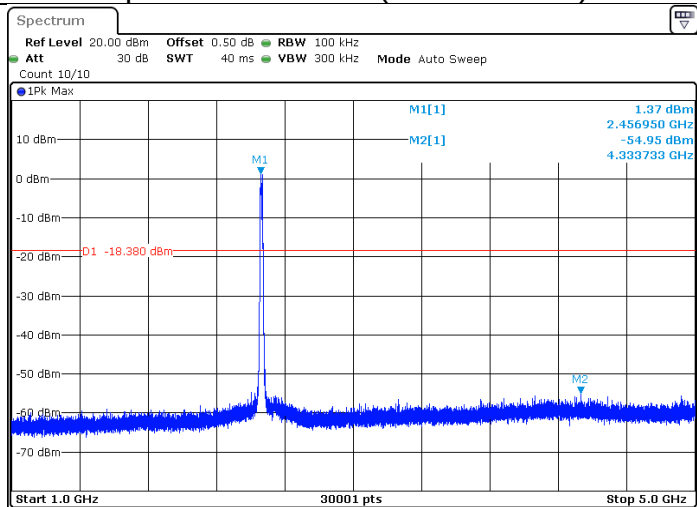
Date: 2.DEC 2020 16:06:47

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



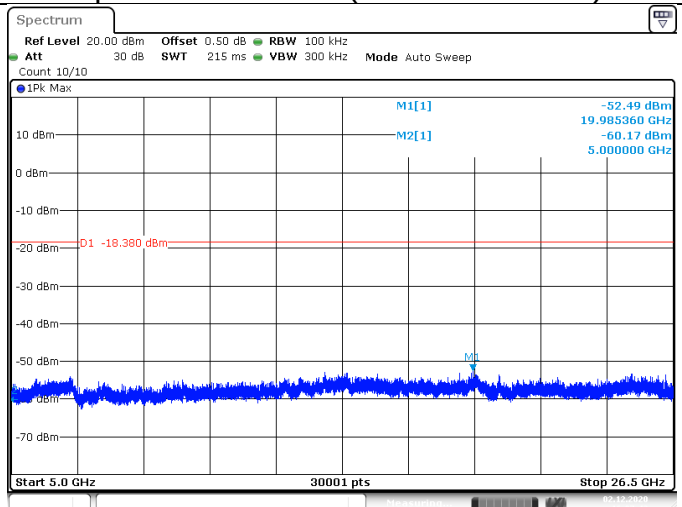
Date: 2.DEC 2020 16:06:54

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2.DEC 2020 16:07:09

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)

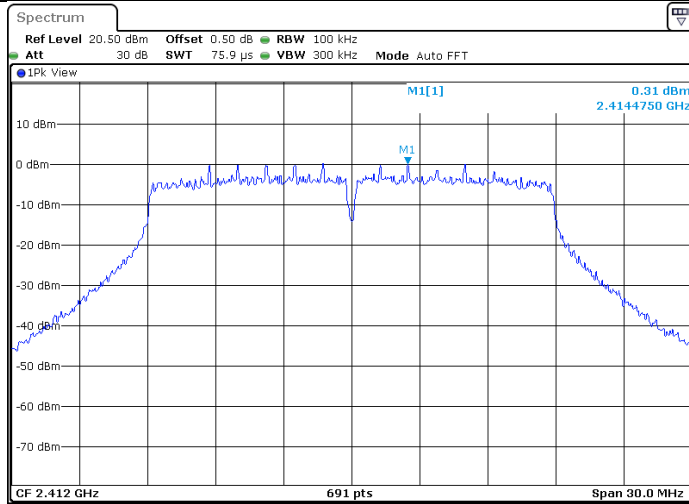


Date: 2.DEC 2020 16:07:43

Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

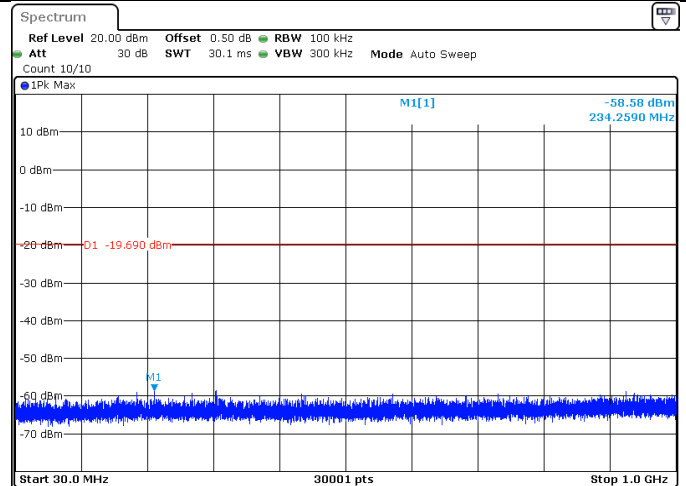
802.11 N20
Out-of-Band Emissions
Channel 1 (2412MHz)

Reference point



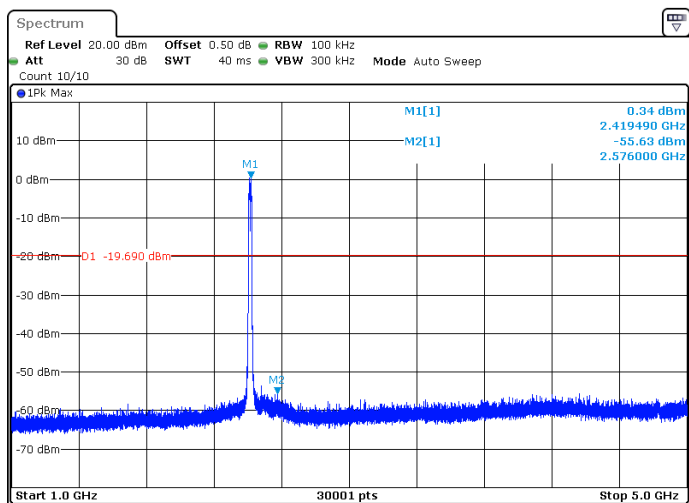
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:09:16

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



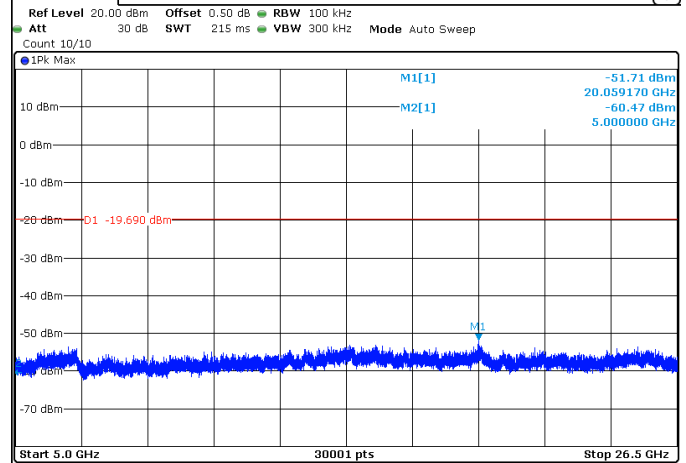
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:09:23

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:09:37

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)



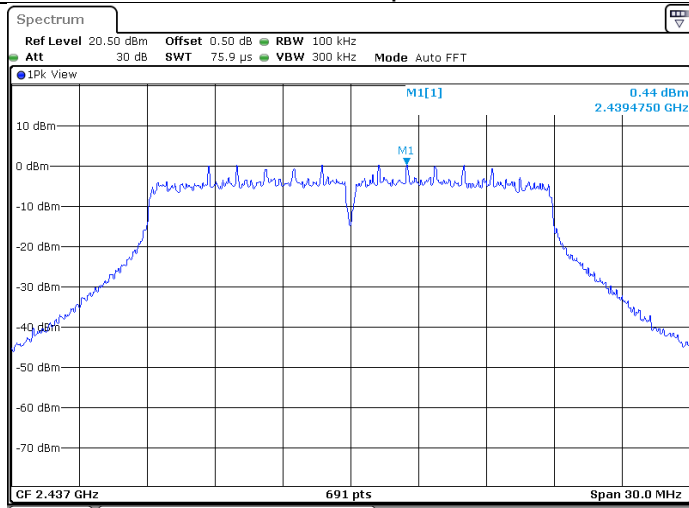
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:10:11

Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

Out-of-Band Emissions

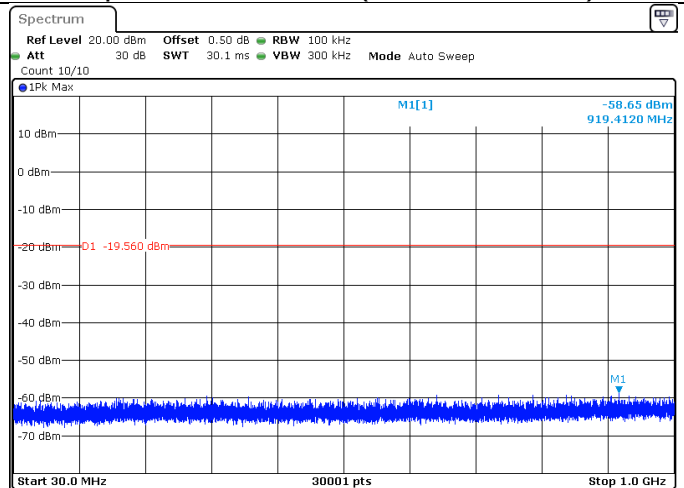
Channel 6 (2437MHz)

Reference point



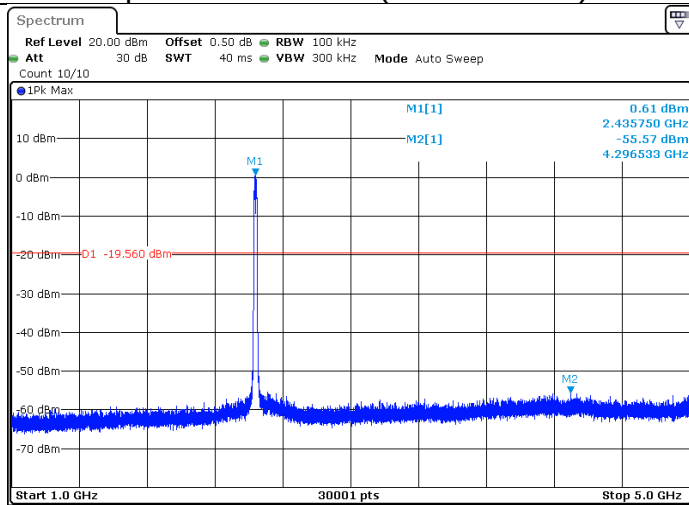
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:11:56

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



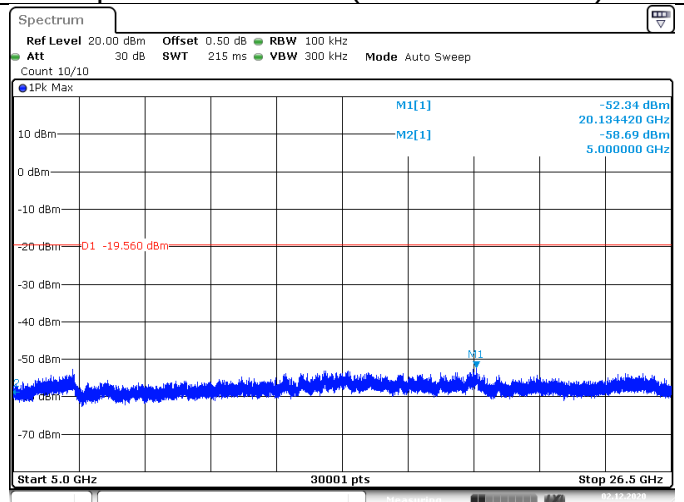
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:12:03

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:12:17

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)



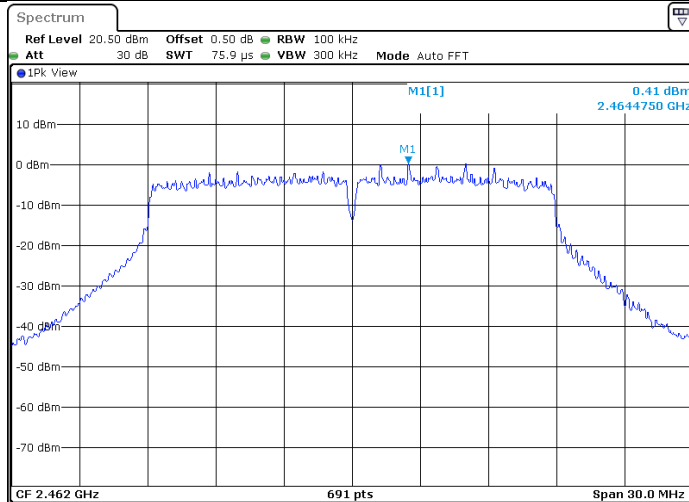
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:12:51

Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

Out-of-Band Emissions

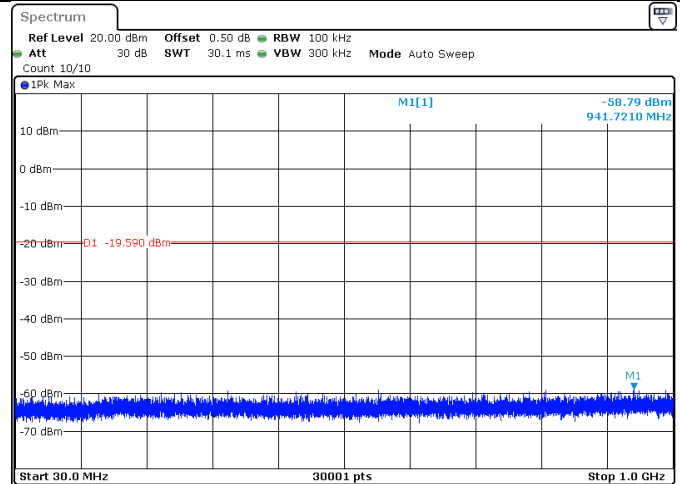
Channel 11 (2462MHz)

Reference point



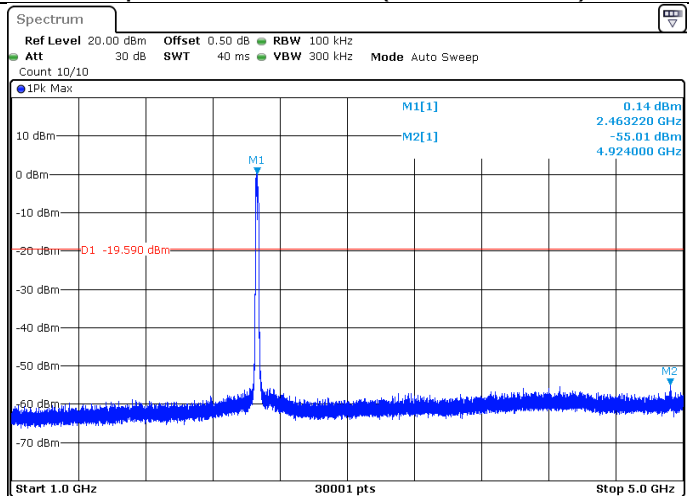
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:14:17

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



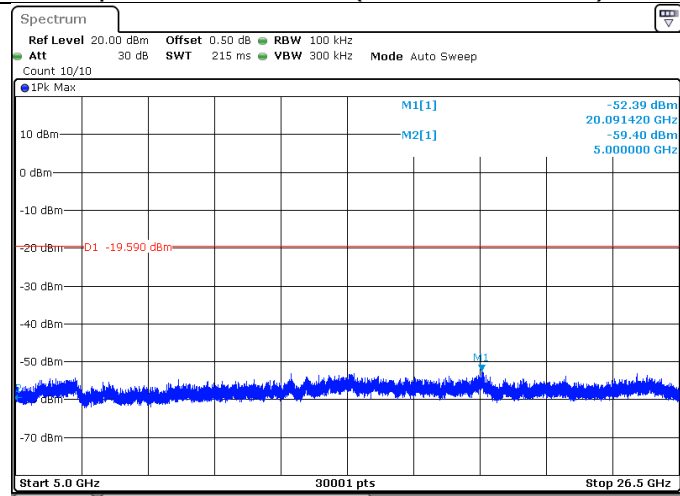
Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:14:24

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:14:38

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 26.5GHz)



Date: 2 DEC 2020 16:15:12

Remark: The emissions exceed the limit, it is fundamental signal.

9.6 Band edge

Test Method

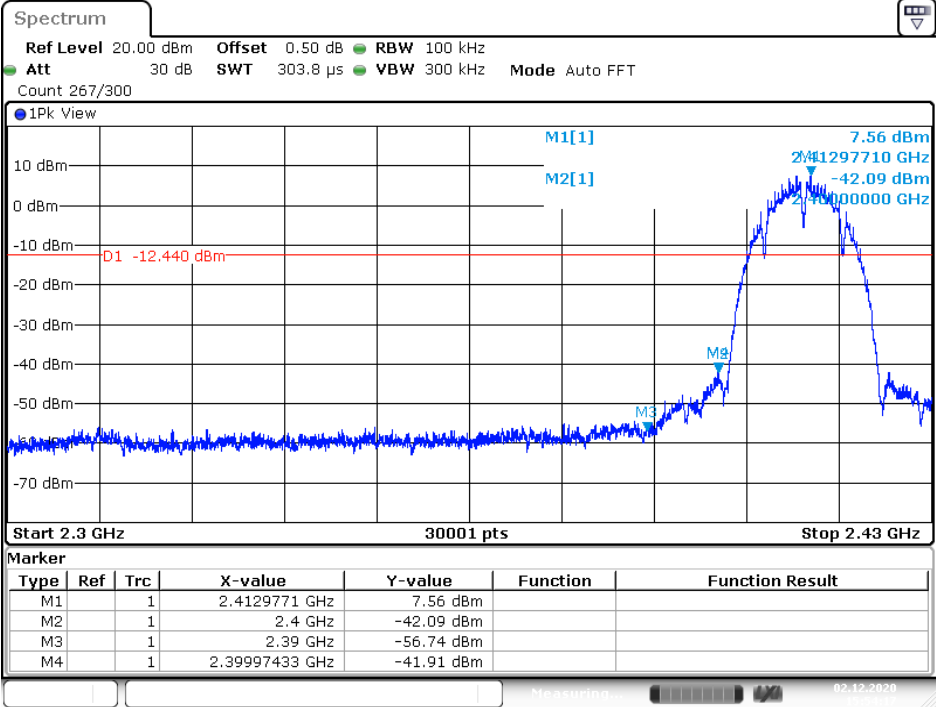
- 1 Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
- 2 Allow the trace to stabilize, use the peak and delta measurement to record the result.
- 3 The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Limit

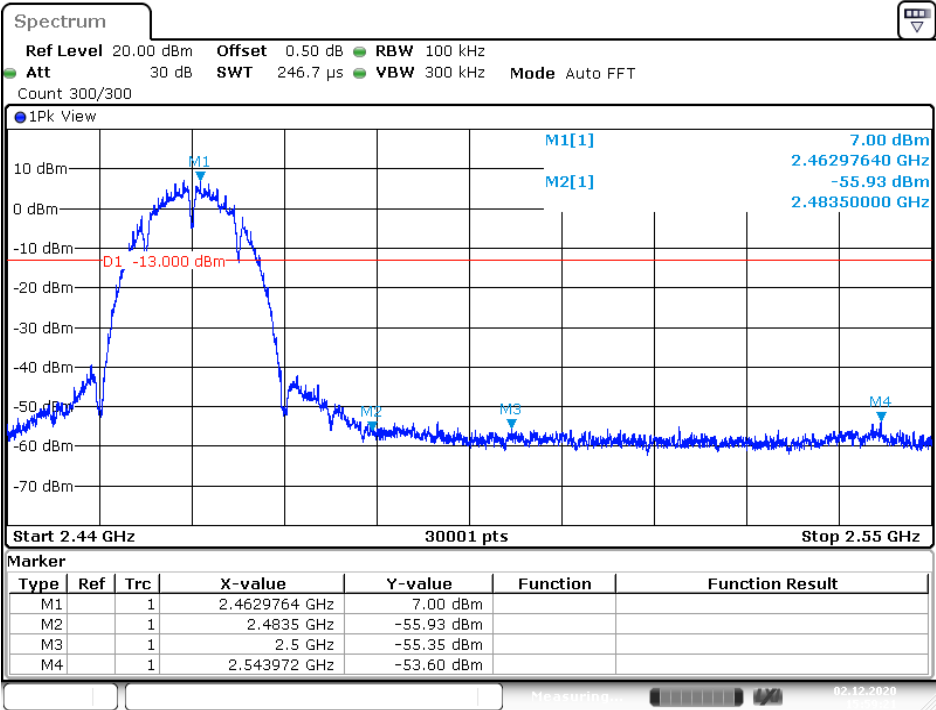
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen8.10, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) and RSS-Gen.

Test result

802.11 B
Low 2412



High 2462

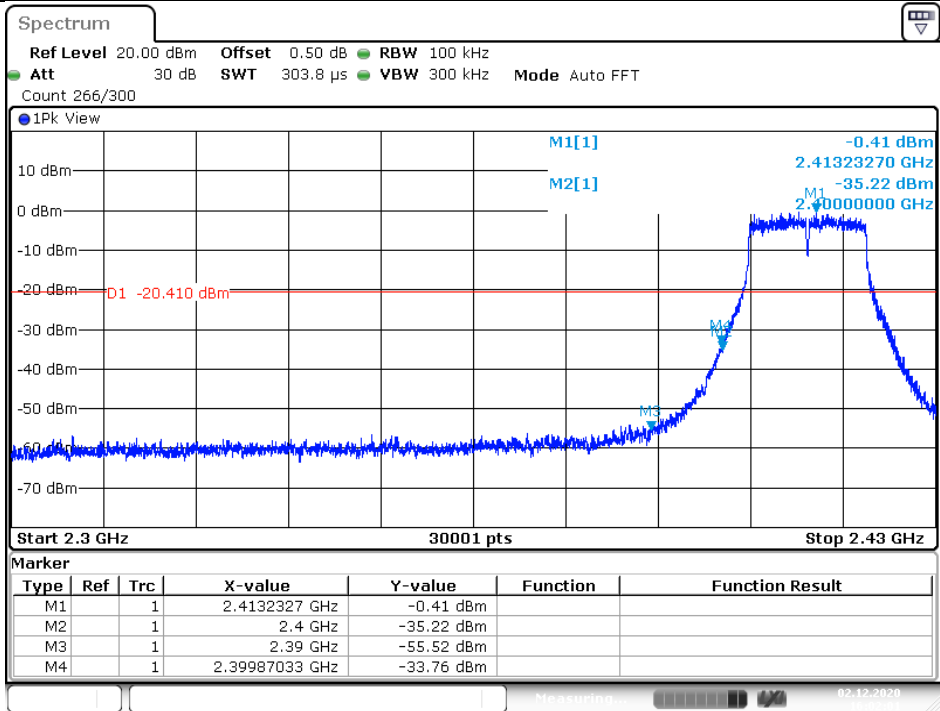




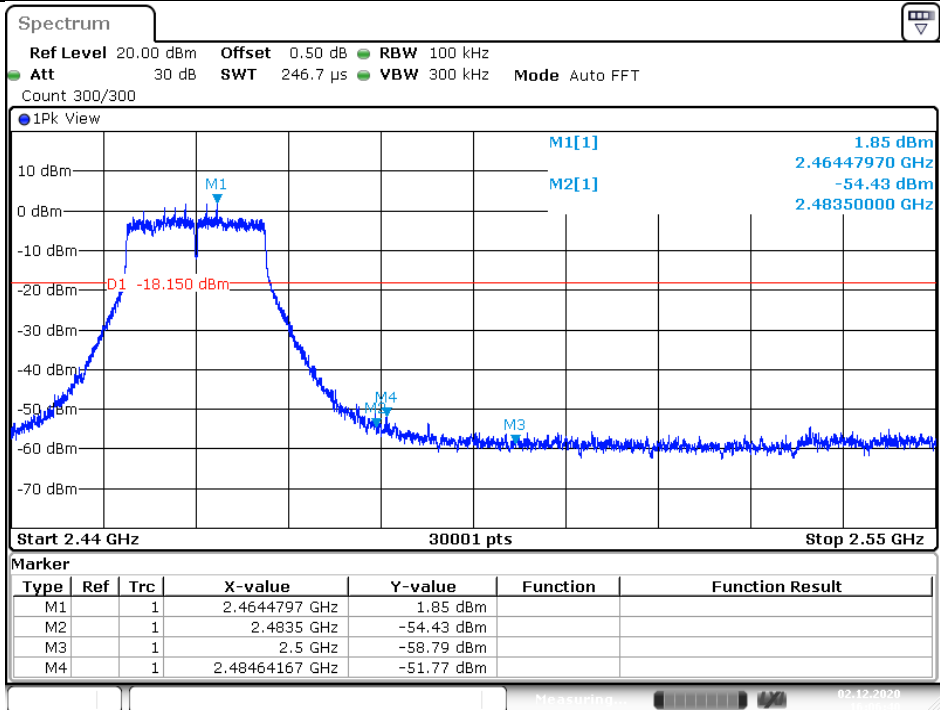
China

802.11 G

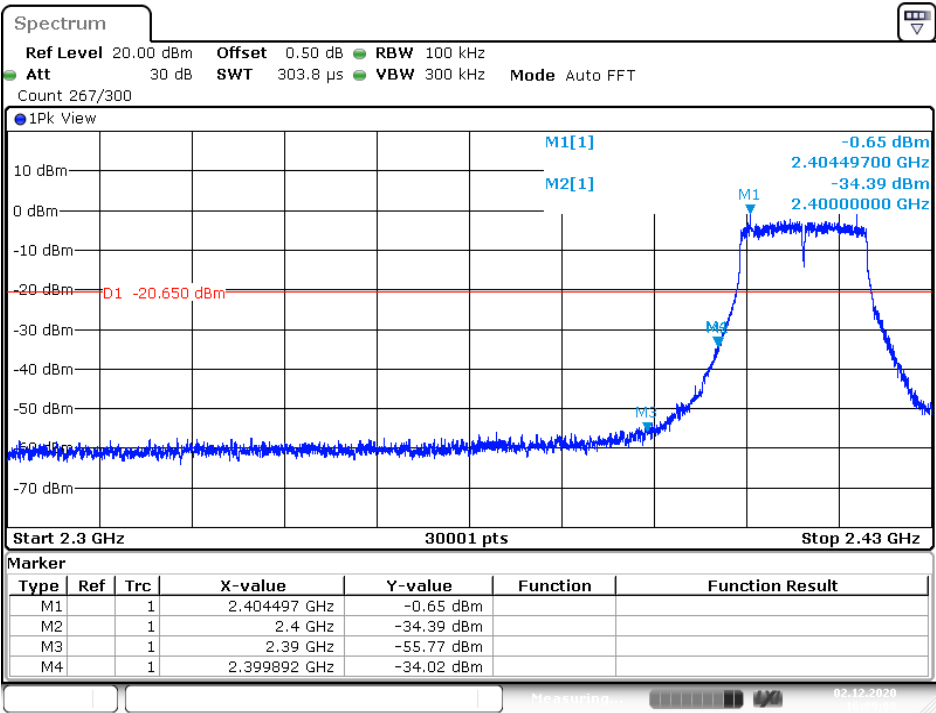
Low_2412



High_2462

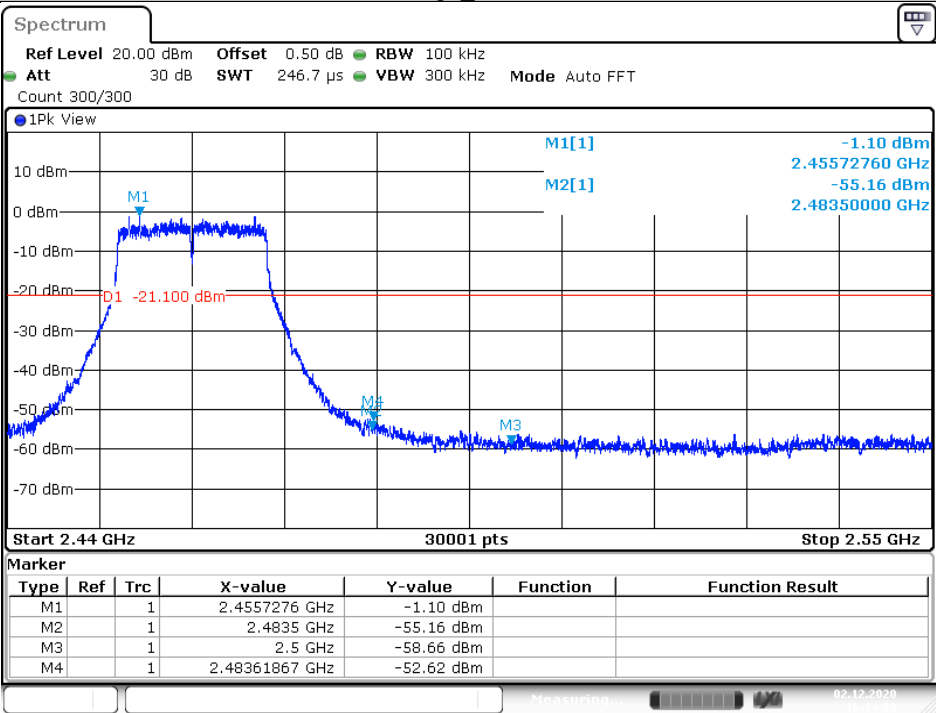


802.11 N20
Low 2412



Date: 2.DEC.2020 16:09:08

High_2462



Date: 2.DEC.2020 16:14:09

9.7 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference – receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable – height antenna tower.
3. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:

For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
 RBW = 100 kHz to 120 kHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

For Peak unwanted emissions Above 1GHz:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
 RBW = 1MHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

Procedures for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz

- a) RBW = 1MHz.
- b) $VBW \geq [3 \times RBW]$.
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if $[\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep})] \leq RBW / 2$.
 Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of $1 / D$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)
- g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the

emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[20 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Limit

The radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section 15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Measured Distance Meters
0.009~0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705~30	30	30

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Field Strength dBuV/m	Detector
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK

Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

The only worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP, B mode) test result is listed in the report.

Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis and worst case as X axis listed below table

Test mode: 802.11B					
Channel 1 (2412MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2387.1	48.25	74.00	25.75	Peak	Horizontal
4823.8	49.73	74.00	24.27	Peak	Horizontal
2387.5	45.84	74.00	28.16	Peak	Vertical
4823.6	45.12	74.00	28.88	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11B					
Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4874.3	48.84	74.00	25.16	Peak	Horizontal
4877.7	46.59	74.00	27.41	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11B					
Channel 11 (2462MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.5	47.74	74.00	26.26	Peak	Horizontal
4924.1	46.30	74.00	27.70	Peak	Horizontal
2485.5	46.12	74.00	27.88	Peak	Vertical
4924.3	41.92	74.00	32.08	Peak	Vertical

Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading

Test mode: 802.11G					
Channel 1 (2412MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2389.6	48.54	74.00	25.46	Peak	Horizontal
2389.6	43.22	54.00	10.78	Average	Horizontal
4823.1	44.63	74.00	29.37	Peak	Horizontal
2387.2	48.51	74.00	25.49	Peak	Vertical
4823.8	41.09	74.00	32.91	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11G					
Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4873.8	41.11	74.00	32.89	Peak	Horizontal
4873.8	41.16	74.00	32.84	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11G					
Channel 11 (2462MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.6	57.39	74.00	16.61	Peak	Horizontal
2483.6	41.50	54.00	12.50	Average	Horizontal
4926.5	41.30	74.00	32.7	Peak	Horizontal
2484.6	53.88	74.00	20.12	Peak	Vertical
2484.6	40.88	54.00	13.12	Average	Vertical
4924.5	42.22	74.00	31.78	Peak	Vertical

Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading

Test mode: 802.11N20					
Channel 1 (2412MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2389.7	48.88	74.00	25.12	Peak	Horizontal
4823.5	41.21	74.00	32.79	Peak	Horizontal
2389.5	46.90	74.00	27.1	Peak	Vertical
4823.8	42.18	74.00	31.82	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11N20					
Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4873.9	41.14	74.00	32.86	Peak	Horizontal
4875.8	40.37	74.00	33.63	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11N20					
Channel 11 (2462MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2484.6	53.68	74.00	20.32	Peak	Horizontal
2484.6	42.09	54.00	11.91	Average	Horizontal
4924.8	40.10	74.00	33.9	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	51.65	74.00	22.35	Peak	Vertical
4925.8	41.07	74.00	32.93	Peak	Vertical

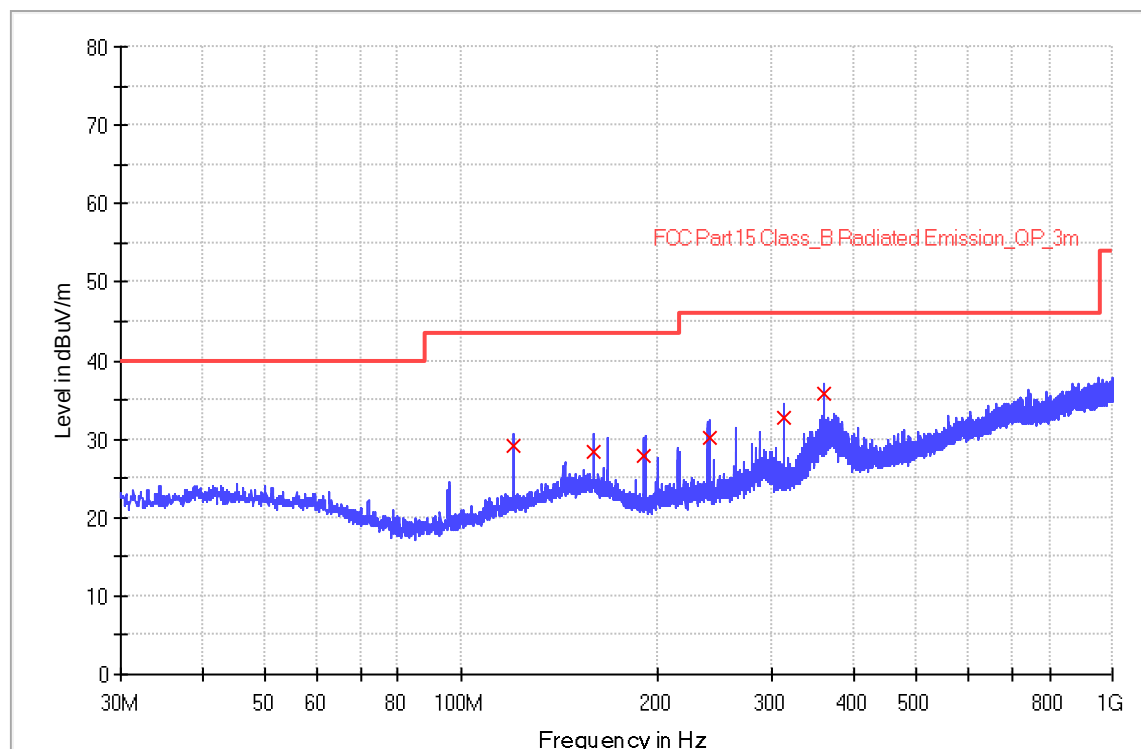
Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading

The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3-meter chamber	Time: 2020/12/06 - 13:25
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiayi XU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module, Model no: CR3L	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz (powered by notebook)
Note: Transmit by 802.11g at channel 2412MHz.	
Note: Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis and worst case as X axis.	

RE_VULB9168_pre_Corrt_30-1000



Limit and Margin

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Margin - QPK (dB)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)
120.000000	29.1	1000.0	120.000	101.4	H	164.0	13.5	14.4	43.5
159.960000	28.4	1000.0	120.000	101.4	H	17.0	15.7	15.1	43.5
190.840000	27.9	1000.0	120.000	101.4	H	82.0	12.2	15.6	43.5
240.000000	30.3	1000.0	120.000	101.4	H	231.0	13.4	15.7	46.0
312.040000	32.6	1000.0	120.000	101.4	H	124.0	15.3	13.4	46.0
360.000000	35.8	1000.0	120.000	101.4	H	272.0	16.5	10.2	46.0

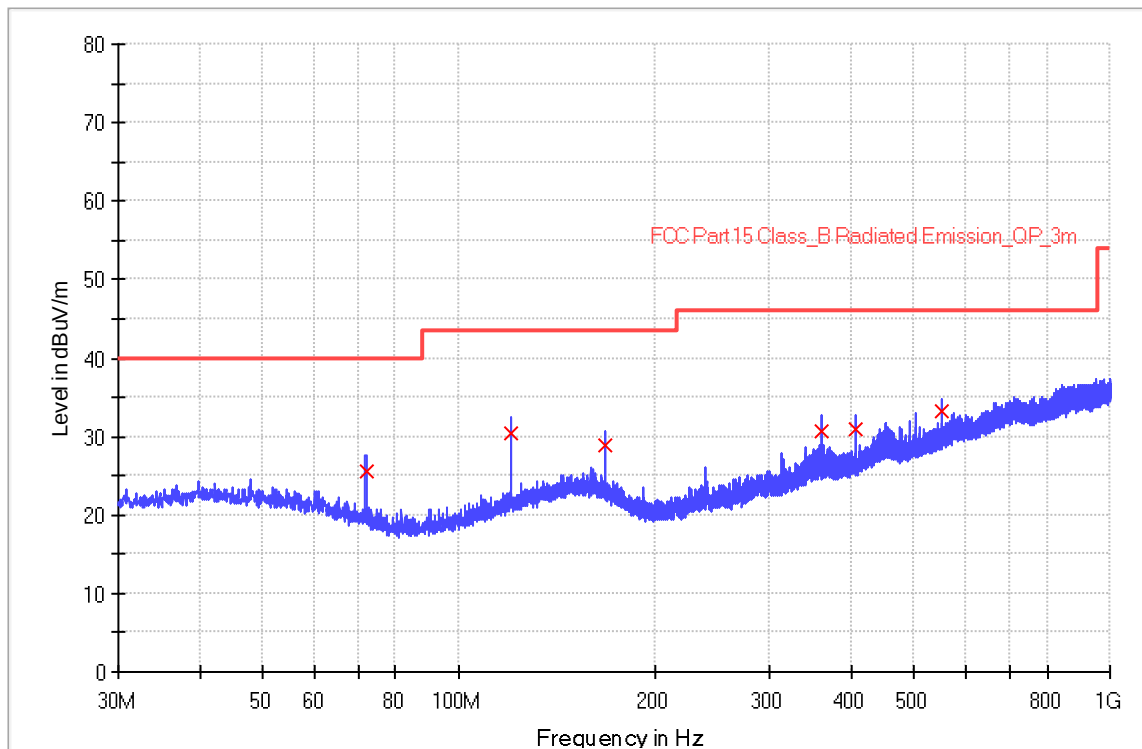
Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.

Site: 3-meter chamber	Time: 2020/11/09 - 13:47
Limit: FCC Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module, Model no: CR3L	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz (powered by notebook)
Note: Transmit by 802.11g at channel 2412MHz.	
Note: Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis and worst case as X axis.	

PE_VULB9168_pre_Corrt_30-1000



Limit and Margin

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Margin - QPK (dB)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)
71.960000	25.7	1000.0	120.000	100.1	V	297.0	11.5	14.3	40.0
119.960000	30.3	1000.0	120.000	100.1	V	60.0	13.5	13.2	43.5
168.000000	29.0	1000.0	120.000	100.1	V	254.0	14.9	14.5	43.5
359.960000	30.7	1000.0	120.000	100.1	V	166.0	16.5	15.3	46.0
407.960000	31.0	1000.0	120.000	100.1	V	336.0	17.5	15.0	46.0
551.960000	33.3	1000.0	120.000	100.1	V	359.0	20.6	12.7	46.0

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.



10 Test Equipment List

List of Test Instruments
Test Site1

	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE
C	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2020-8-4	2021-8-3
	Wideband power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	104782	2019-12-23	2020-12-22
RE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2020-8-4	2021-8-3
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2020-8-4	2021-8-3
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2019-3-16	2022-3-15
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2018-6-11	2021-4-1
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18D	19006451	2020-8-4	2021-8-3
	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2020-3-13	2023-3-14
	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C-PA	002222727	2018-1-29	2021-1-28
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6	----	2018-5-11	2021-5-10
CE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2020-8-4	2021-8-3
	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2020-8-4	2021-8-3

Measurement Software Information			
Test Item	Software	Manufacturer	Version
C	Bluetooth and WiFi Test System	Shenzhen JS tonscond co.,Ltd	2.6.77.0518
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.00
CE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.03

C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density*
- Spurious RF conducted emissions
- Band edge

11 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, $\pm 3.16\text{dB}$
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, $\pm 5.03\text{dB}$ (Horizontal) $\pm 5.12\text{dB}$ (Vertical) 1GHz to 18GHz, $\pm 5.49\text{dB}$ 18GHz to 40GHz, $\pm 5.63\text{dB}$
Carrier power conducted measurement	50MHz~18GHz, $\pm 1.238\text{dB}$
Spurious Emission Conducted Measurement	9kHz ~40GHz, $\pm 1.224\text{dB}$



12 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



13 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

THE END