

FCC - TEST REPORT

Report Number : 7088	882003207-00	Date of Issue:	March 19, 2020
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Model : XR3

Product Type : Wi-Fi module

Applicant : Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,Ltd

Address : Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun

Road, Hangzhou, Zhejiang China

Production Facility : Hangzhou xicheng electronic technology co. LTD

Address : Building 5 and 6, 123 chutian road, xixing street,

binjiang district, hangzhou city, zhejiang province, China

Test Result : ■ Po

Positive

□ Negative

Total pages including Appendices

: 48

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2 Details about the Test Laboratory

Details about the Test Laboratory

Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

No.16 Lane, 1951 Du Hui Road,

Shanghai 201108,

P.R. China

Test Firm

820234

Registration

Number:

Telephone: +86 21 6141 0123 Fax: +86 21 6140 8600



3 Description of the Equipment under Test

Description of the Equipment Under Test

Product: Wi-Fi module

Model no.: XR3

FCC ID: 2ANDL-XR3

IC: NA

Options and accessories: NA

Rating: DC 2.7-5.5V

RF Transmission For 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412~2462 MHz

Frequency:

No. of Operated Channel: 11

Modulation: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) for 802.11b

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) for 802.11g/n

Antenna Type: PCB antenna

Antenna Gain: 1.5dBi

Description of the EUT: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a low-power embedded

Wi-Fi module. We tested it and listed the worst data in this report.

The sample's mentioned in this report is/are submitted/ supplied/ manufactured by client. The laboratory therefore assumes no responsibility for accuracy of information on the brand name, model number, origin of manufacture, consignment, antenna gain or any information supplied.



4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards		
FCC Part 15 Subpart C PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES		
-	Subpart C - Intentional Radiators	

All the test methods were according to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and ANSI C63.10 (2013).



5 Summary of Test Results

	Technical Requiremen	nts				
FCC Part 15 Subpart C						
Test Condition		Page	Page Test		st Res	ult
rest Condition		S	Site	Pass	<u>Fail</u>	N/A
§15.207	Conducted emission AC power port	12-14	Site 1			
§15.247 (b) (1)	Conducted peak output power	15	Site 1			
§15.247(a)(1)	20dB bandwidth					
§15.247(a)(1)	Carrier frequency separation					
§15.247(a)(1)(iii	Number of hopping frequencies					
§15.247(a)(1)(iii	Dwell Time					
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB bandwidth	16-19	Site 1			
§15.247(e)	Power spectral density	20-23	Site 1			
§15.247(d)	Spurious RF conducted emissions	24-33	Site 1			
§15.247(d)	Band edge	34-37	Site 1			
§15.247(d) & §15.209	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	38-44	Site 1			
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See no	te 1			

Remark 1: N/A – Not Applicable.

Note 1: The EUT uses a patch antenna, which gain is 1.5dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.



6 General Remarks

Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2ANDL-XR3 complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

SUMMARY:

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 5 were

- - Performed
- □ Not Performed

The Equipment under Test

- - Fulfills the general approval requirements.
- ☐ **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: January 10, 2020

Testing Start Date: January 14, 2020

Testing End Date: March 17, 2020

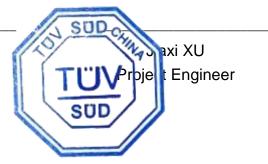
-TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

Reviewed by:

Prepared by:

Tested by:

Hui TONG Review Engineer

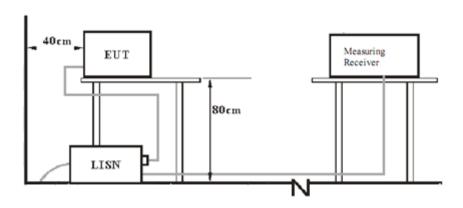


Wenqiang LU Test Engineer



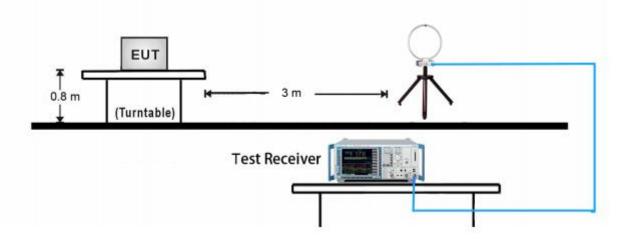
7 Test Setups

7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups



7.2 Radiated test setups

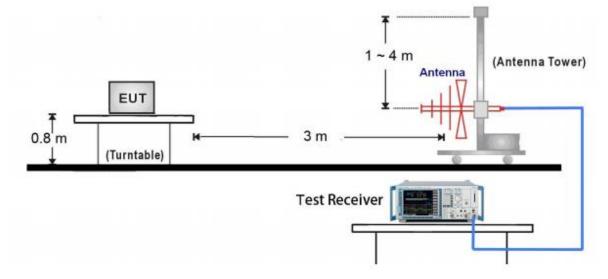
9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:



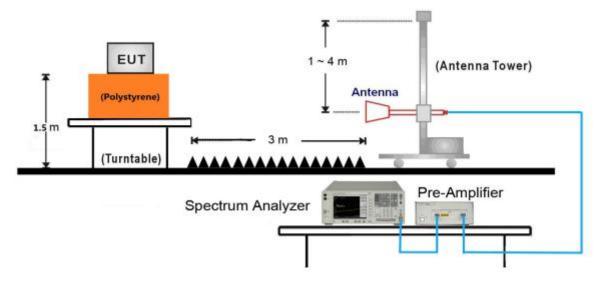


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30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:



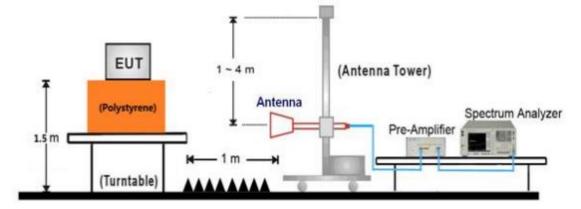
1GHz ~ 18GHz Test Setup:



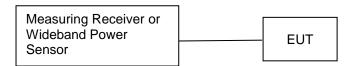


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18GHz ~ 25GHz Test Setup:



7.3 Conducted RF test setups





8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
PC	Lenovo	X240	

Test software: secureCRT

The system was configured to channel 1(2412MHz), 6(2437MHz), and 11(2462MHz) for the test.

Non-hopping mode: The system was configured to operate at a signal channel transmitting. The test software allows the configuration and operation at the worst-case duty and the highest transmit power.



9 Technical Requirement

9.1 Conducted Emission

Test Method

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
- 2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through a Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
- 3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
- 4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

Limit

QP Limit	AV Limit
dΒμV	dΒμV
66-56*	56-46*
56	46
60	50
	dΒμV 66-56* 56

Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency



Conducted Emission

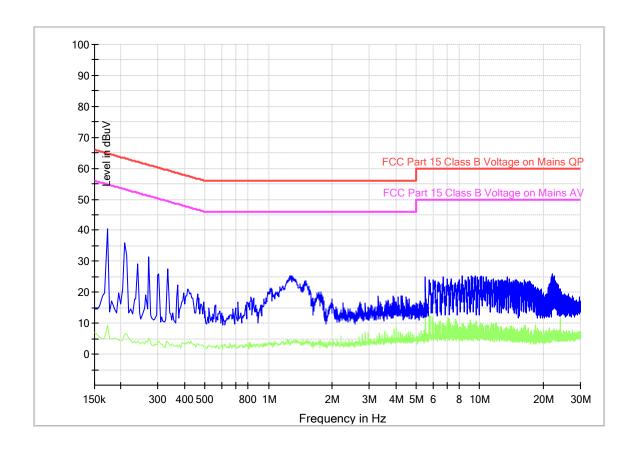
Product Type : Wi-Fi Module

M/N : XR3

Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx_2462MHz for 802.11g

Test Specification : L-line

Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB) Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator



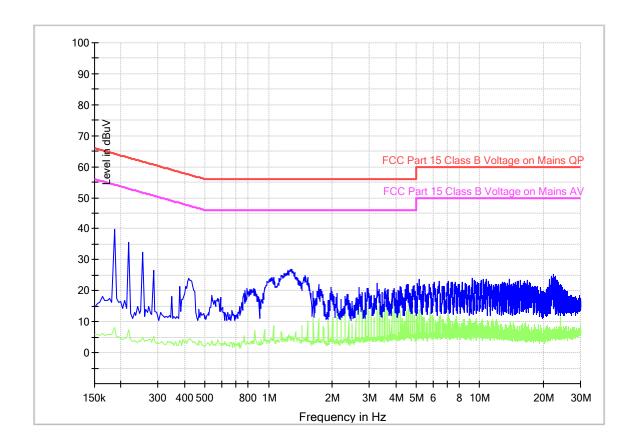
Product Type : Wi-Fi Module

M/N : XR3

Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx_2462MHz for 802.11g

Test Specification : N-line

Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB) Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator



9.2 Conducted peak output power

Test Method

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: RBW > the 6 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW≥3RBW, Span≥3RBW Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
- 2. Add a correction factor to the display.
- 3. Use a power meter to measure the conducted peak output power.

Limits

Frequency Range	Limit	Limit
MHz	W	dBm
2400-2483.5	≤1	≤30

Test result as below table

802.11B

802.11B			
		Conducted Peak	
	Frequency	Output Power	Result
	MHz	dBm	
•	Low channel 2412MHz	16.43	Pass
	Middle channel 2437MHz	17.10	Pass
	High channel 2462MHz	17.17	Pass
802.11G			
		Conducted Peak	
	Frequency	Output Power	Result
_	MHz	dBm	
	Low channel 2412MHz	21.77	Pass
	Middle channel 2437MHz	22.89	Pass
	High channel 2462MHz	22.91	Pass
802.11N20			
		Conducted Peak	
	Frequency	Output Power	Result
_	MHz	dBm	
-	Low channel 2412MHz	22.01	Pass
	Middle channel 2437MHz	21.95	Pass
	High channel 2462MHz	21.77	Pass



9.3 6dB bandwidth

Test Method

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 RBW=100K, VBW≥3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- 2. Use the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument, may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize, record the X dB Bandwidth value.

Limit

Limit [kHz]	
≥500	

Test result 802.11B

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	9.065	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	9.056	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	9.065	Pass

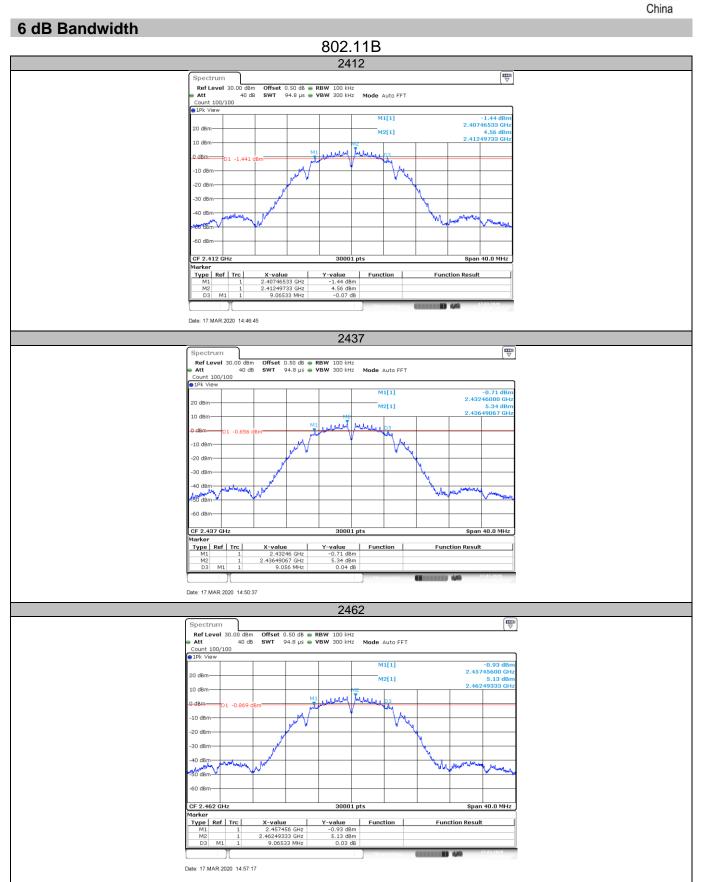
802.11G

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	16.344	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	16.345	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	16.345	Pass

802.11N20

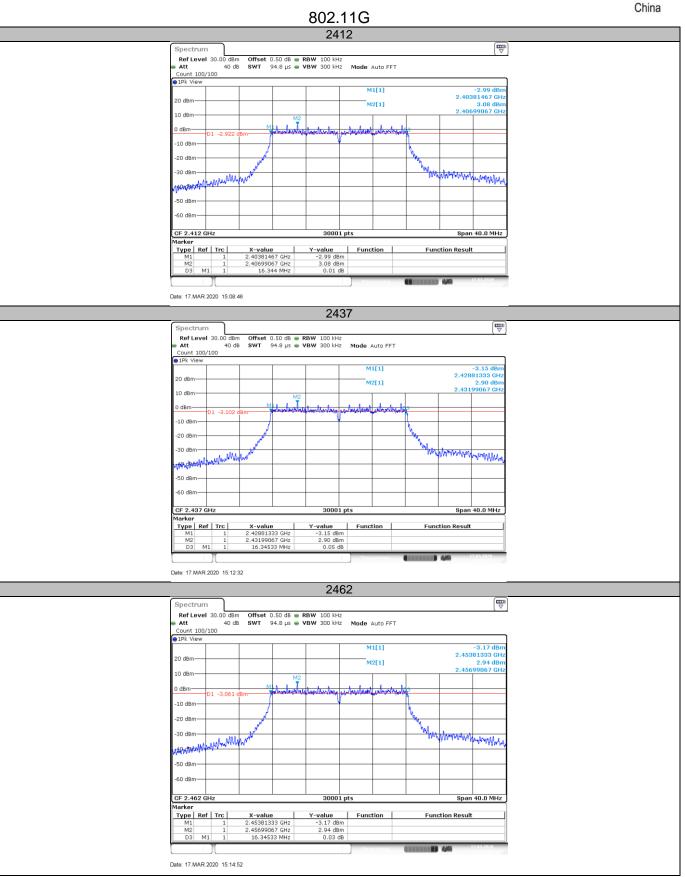
Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	17.568	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	17.757	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	17.560	Pass





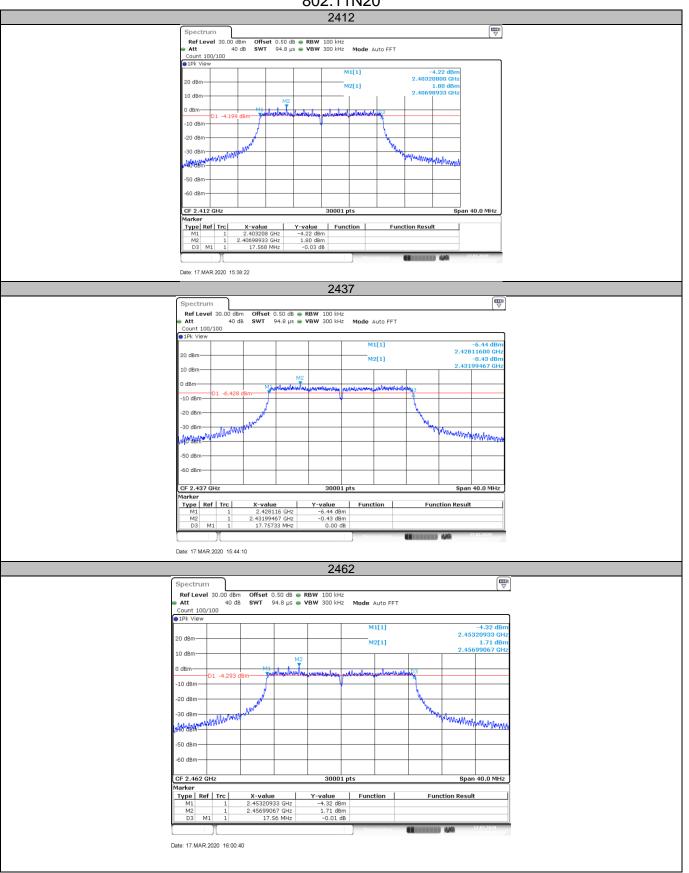


802.11G





802.11N20





9.4 Power spectral density

Test Method

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance:

- Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 RBW=3kHz,VBW≥3RBW,Span=1.5 times DTS bandwidth, Detector=Peak, Sweep=auto, Trace= max hold.
- 2. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

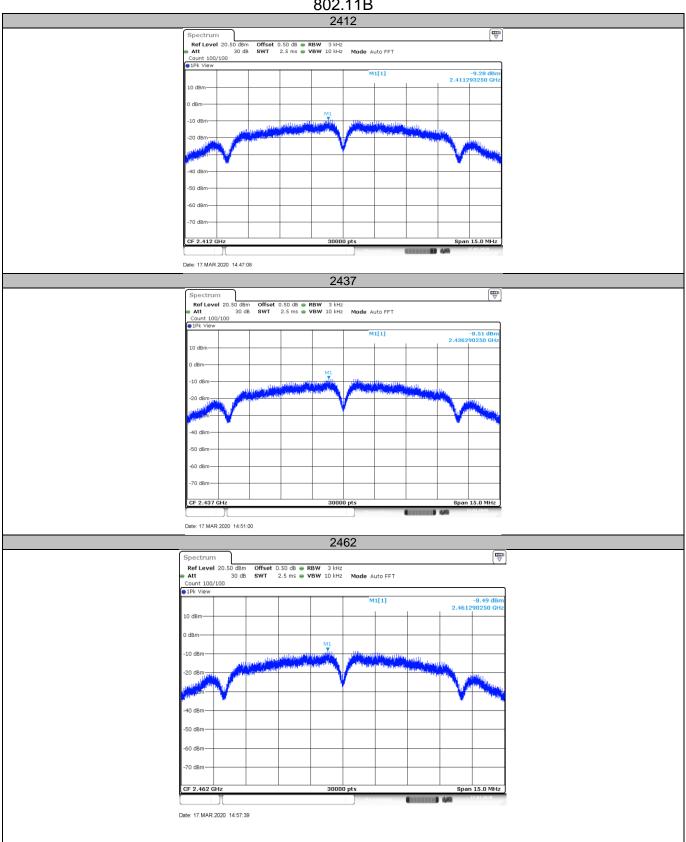
Limit

	Limit [dBm]		
		≤8	
Test result 802.11 B			
002.11 D		Power spectral	
		Power spectral	Decult
	Frequency	density	Result
	MHz	dBm	
	Low channel 2412MHz	-9.28	Pass
	Middle channel 2437MHz	-8.51	Pass
	High channel 2462MHz	-8.49	Pass
802.11 G			
		Power spectral	
	Frequency	density	Result
	MHz	dBm	
_	Low channel 2412MHz	-11.52	Pass
	Middle channel 2437MHz	-11.55	Pass
	High channel 2462MHz	-11.54	Pass
802.11 N20			
		Power spectral	
	Frequency	density	Result
	MHz	dBm	
	Low channel 2412MHz	-11.78	Pass
	Middle channel 2437MHz	-11.74	Pass
	High channel 2462MHz	-11.77	Pass
	-		



Power spectral density

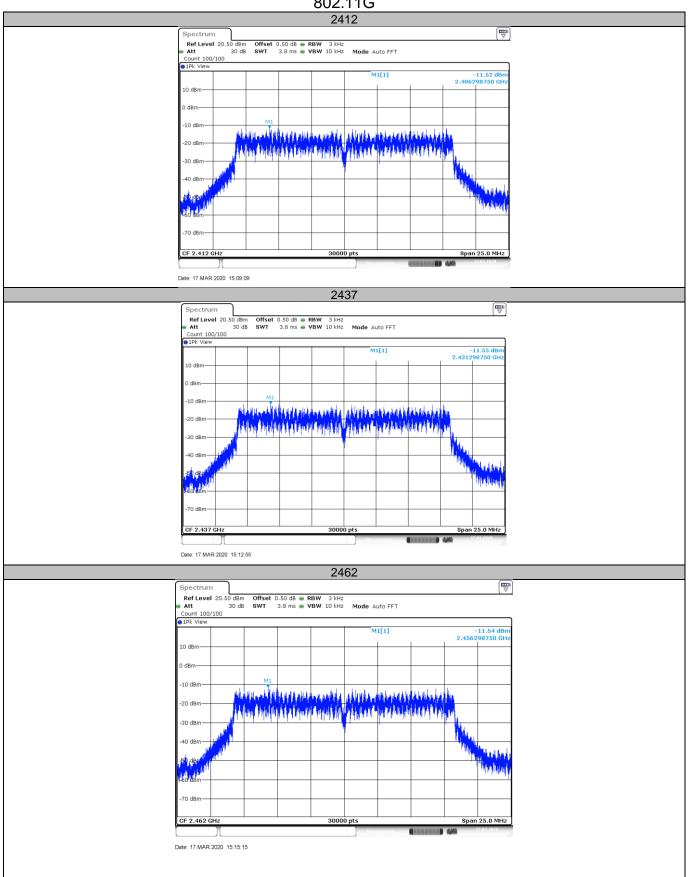






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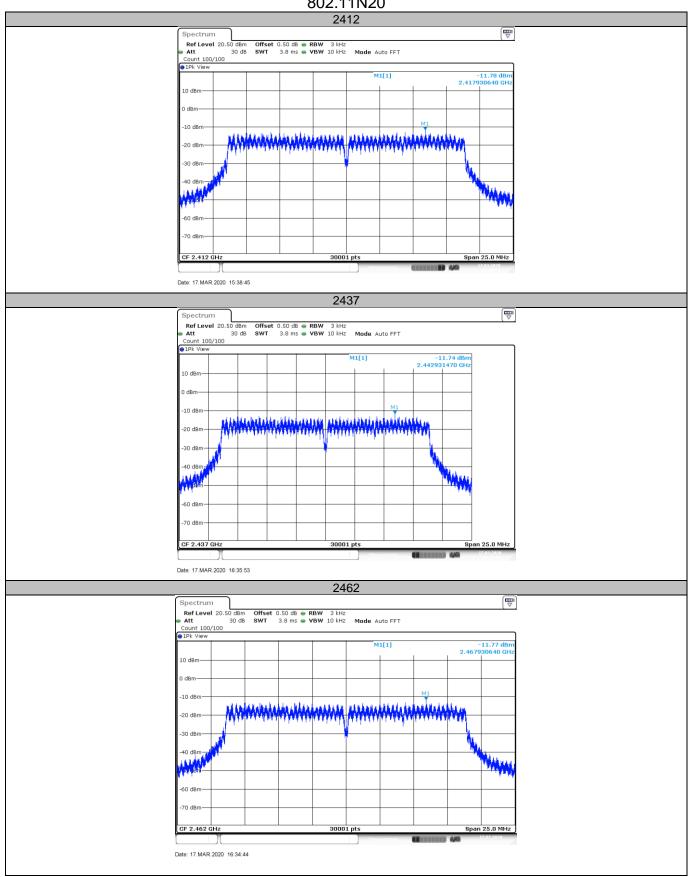
802.11G





China

802.11N20





9.5 Spurious RF conducted emissions

Test Method

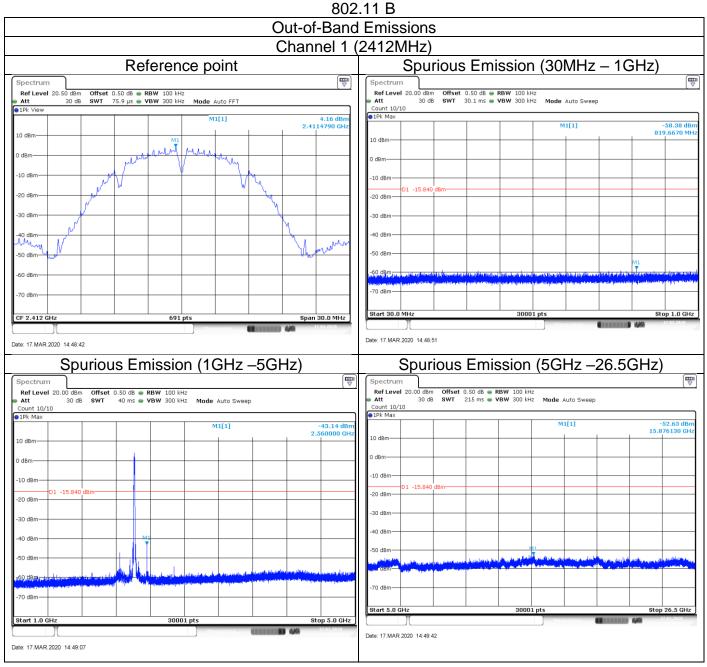
- 1. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
 - a. Set RBW=100 kHz. VBW≥3RBW. Detector =peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold.
 - b. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
- 2. Use the maximum PSD level to establish the reference level.
 - a. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
 - b. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements, report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

Limit

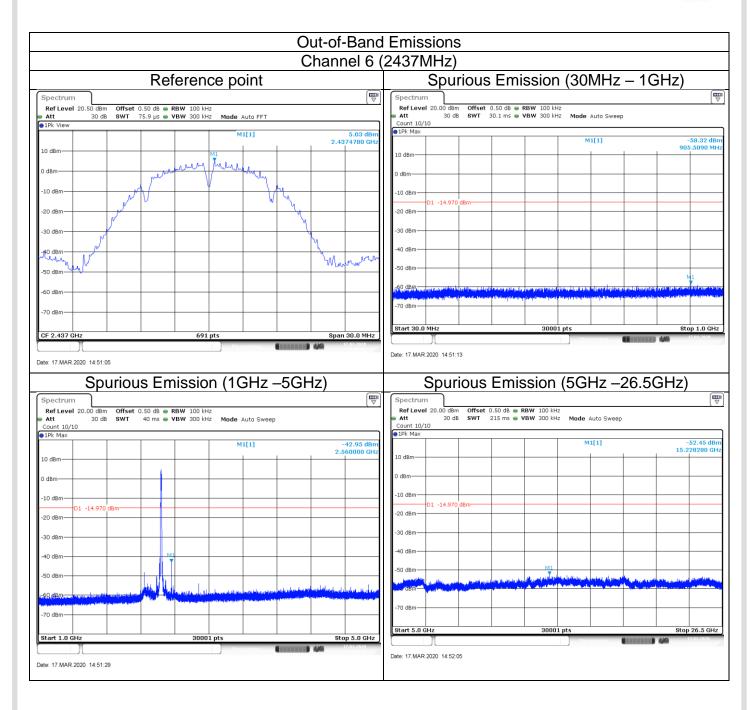
Frequency Range MHz		Limit (dBc)	
	30-25000	-20	



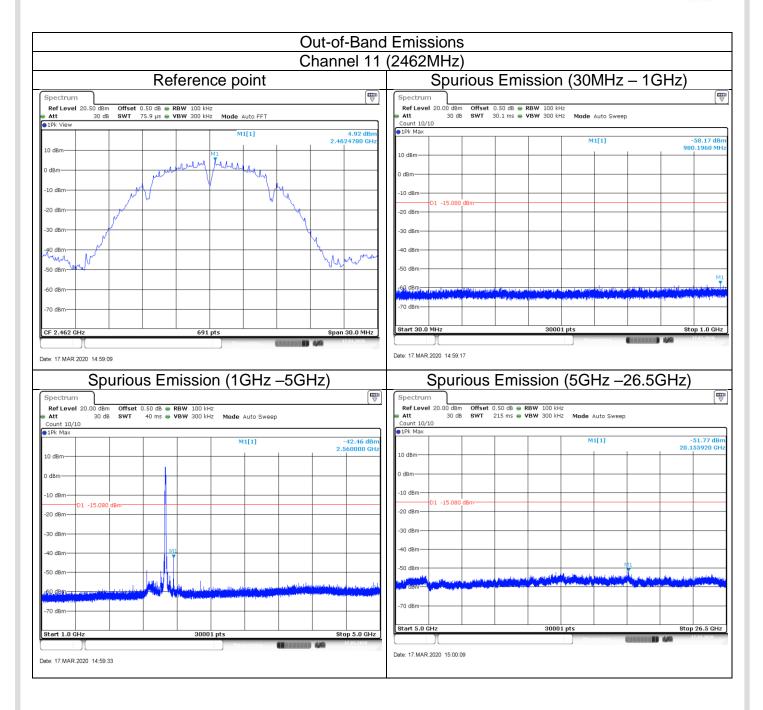
Spurious RF conducted emissions





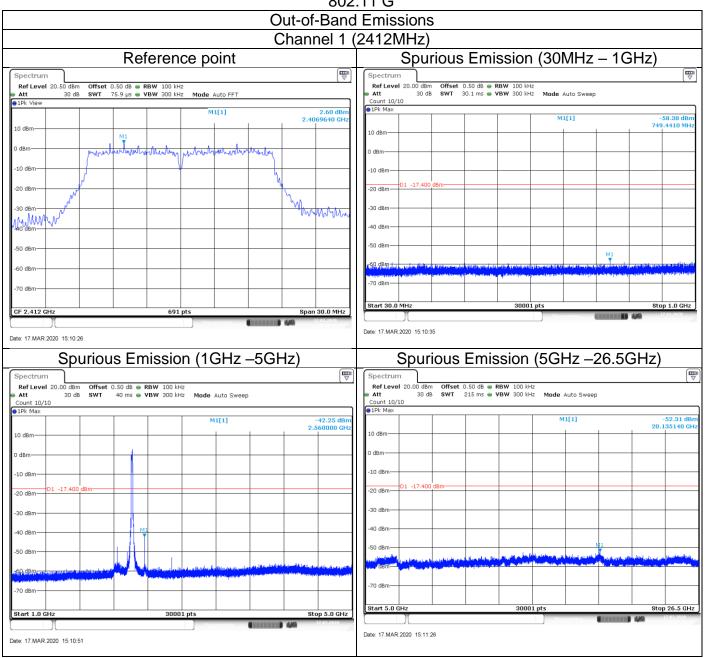




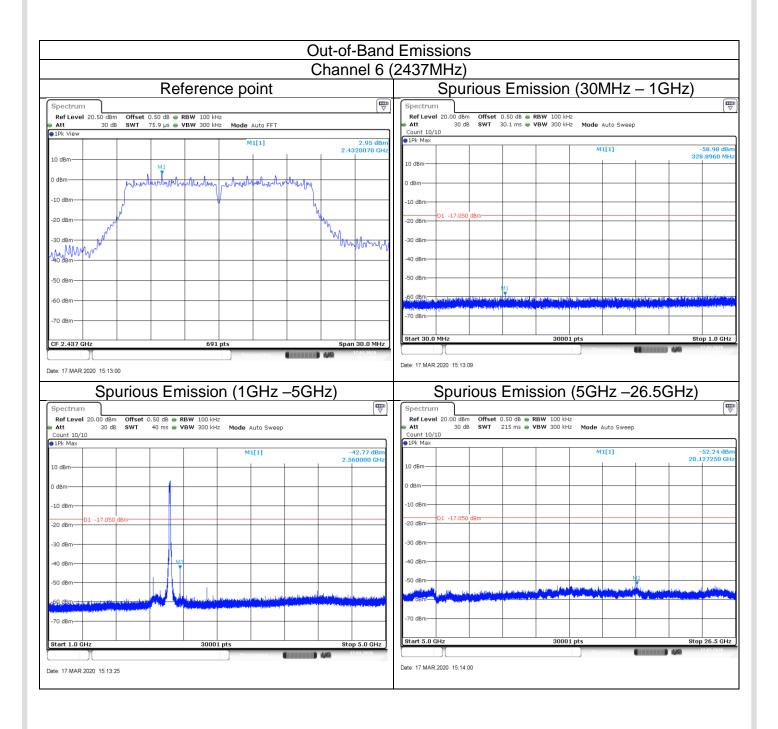




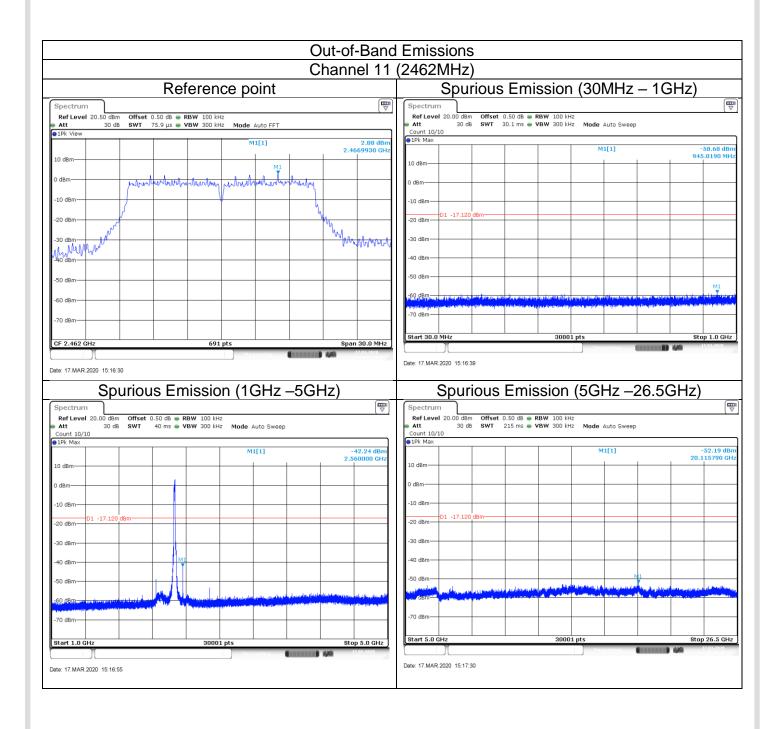
802.11 G





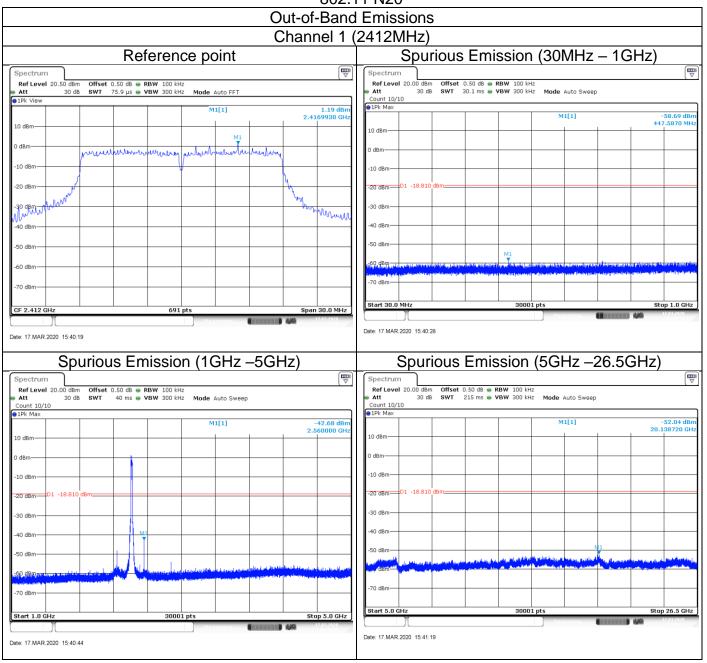






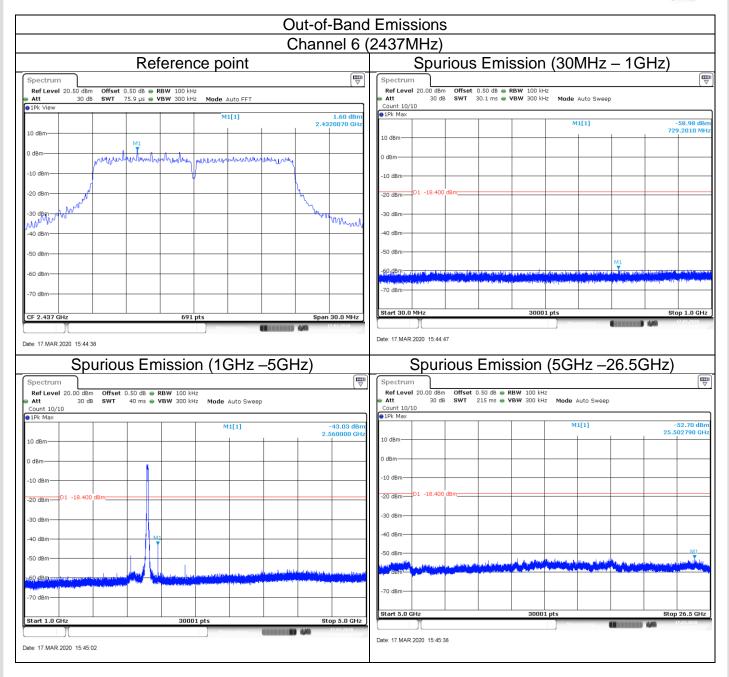


802.11 N20



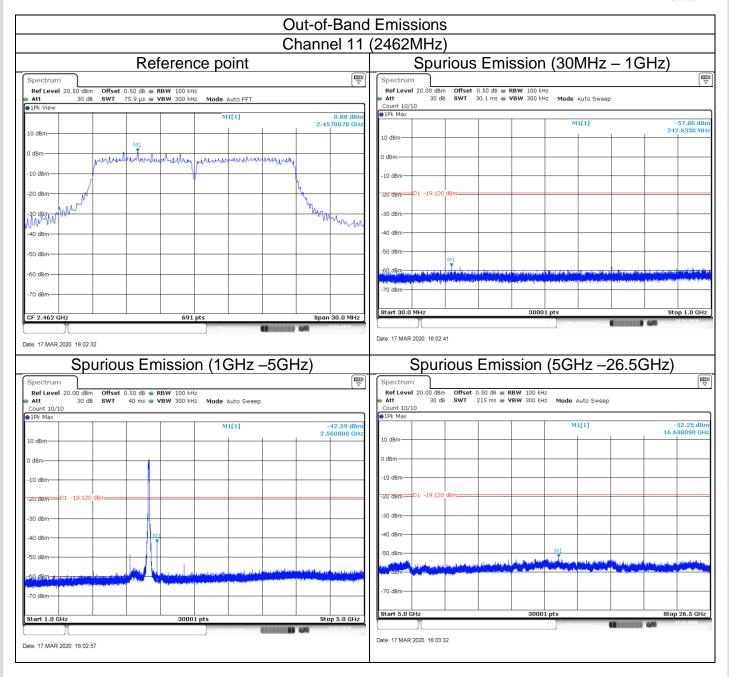


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9.6 Band edge

Test Method

- 1 Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 100 kHz, VBW≥RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
- 2 Allow the trace to stabilize, use the peak and delta measurement to record the result.
- 3 The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

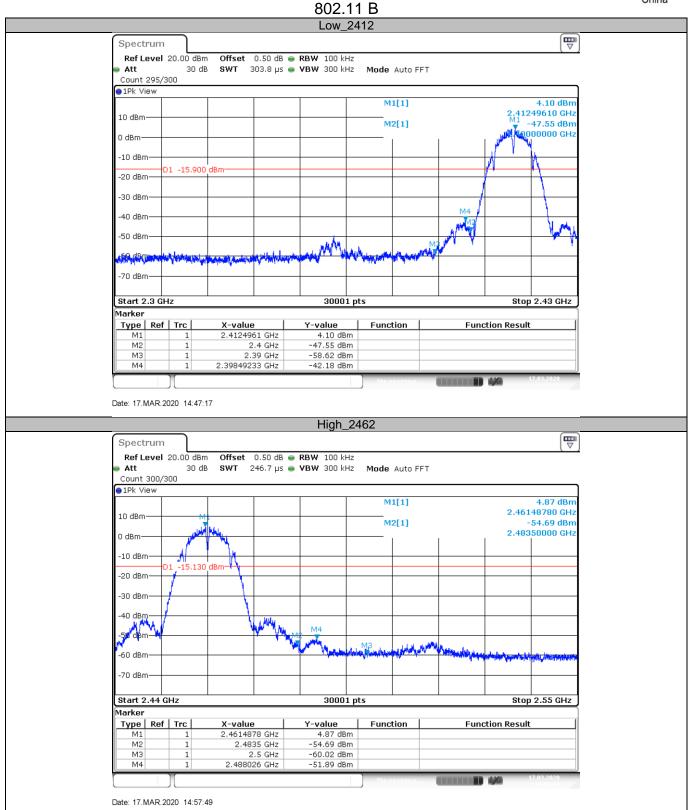
Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen8.10, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) and RSS-Gen.

Test result

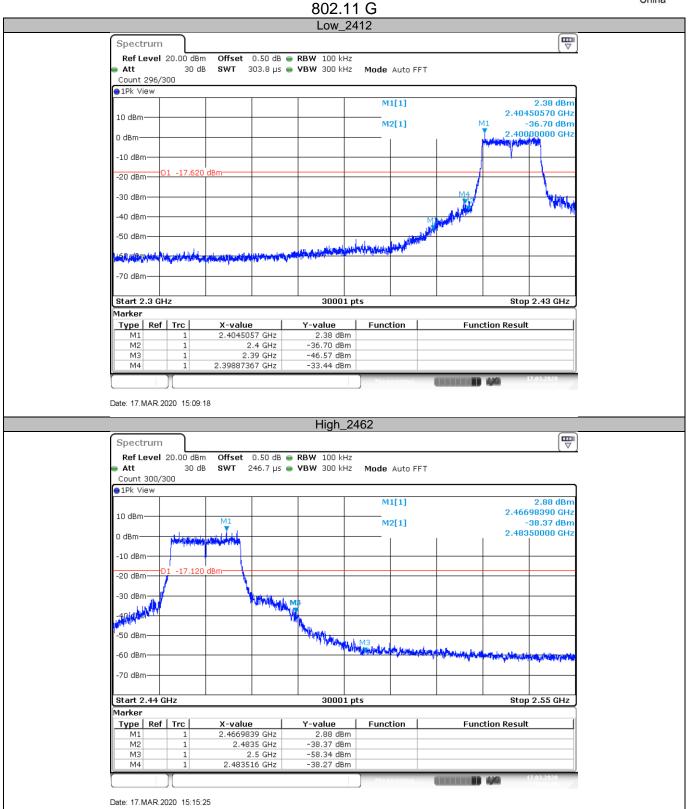


China



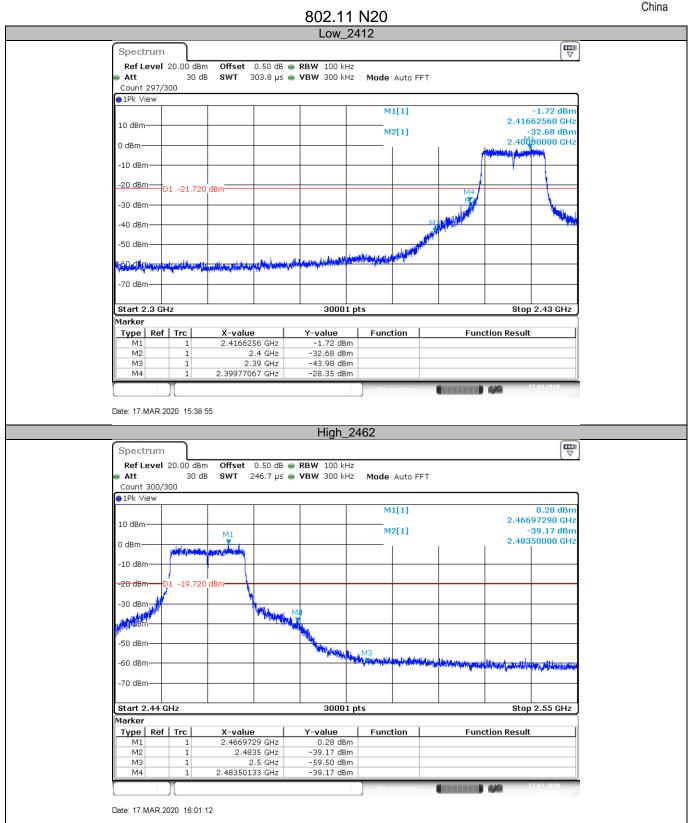


China





802.11 N20





9.7 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

Test Method

- 1. The EUT was place on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
- 3. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:

For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 100 kHz to 120 kHz, VBW≥RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

For Peak unwanted emissions Above 1GHz:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 1MHz, VBW≥RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

Procedures for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz

- a) RBW = 1MHz.
- b) VBW \geq [3 × RBW].
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ RBW / 2. Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of 1 / D, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)
- g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Limit

The radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequency	Field Strength	Measured Distance
MHz	uV/m	Meters
0.009~0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705~30	30	30

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Field Strength dBµV/m	Detector
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK



Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

The only worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP, B mode) test result is listed in the report.

Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

	Test mode: 802.11B				
		Channel 1 (2	412MHz)		
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					
2359.2	54.3	74.0	19.7	Peak	Horizontal
2359.2	51.0	54.0	3.0	Average	Horizontal
4823.8	51.3	74.0	22.7	Peak	Horizontal
2359.2	49.5	74.0	24.5	Peak	Vertical
4823.8	50.1	74.0	23.9	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11B Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					Polarization
4873.3	49.9	74.0	24.1	Peak	Horizontal
4873.3	51.1	74.0	22.9	Peak	Vertical

	Test mode: 802.11B				
		Channel 11 (2462MHz)		
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					
2484.4	50.1	74.0	23.9	Peak	Horizontal
4923.6	48.6	74.0	25.4	Peak	Horizontal
2484.5	46.8	74.0	27.2	Peak	Vertical
4924.1	50.1	74.0	23.9	Peak	Vertical

Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit Corrected Reading



	Test mode: 802.11G					
		Channel 1 (2	412MHz)			
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization	
2385.6	63.2	74.0	10.8	Peak	Horizontal	
2385.6	44.8	54.0	9.2	Average	Horizontal	
4836.0	47.3	74.0	26.7	Peak	Horizontal	
2390.0	60.3	74.0	13.7	Peak	Vertical	
2390.0	43.1	54.0	10.9	Average	Vertical	
4822.0	46.2	74.0	27.8	Peak	Vertical	

Test mode: 802.11G					
	Channel 6 (2437MHz)				
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					
4870.9	45.7	74.0	28.3	Peak	Horizontal
4878.9	45.3	74.0	28.7	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11G					
		Channel 11 (2	2462MHz)		
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.6	65.4	74.0	8.6	Peak	Horizontal
2483.6	49.0	54.0	5.0	Average	Horizontal
4920.3	45.0	74.0	29.0	Peak	Horizontal
2483.6	64.3	74.0	9.7	Peak	Vertical
2483.5	44.8	54.0	9.2	Average	Vertical
4923.8	47.3	74.0	26.7	Peak	Vertical

Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
 (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier gain
 (3) Margin = limit Corrected Reading



Test mode: 802.11N20					
		Channel 1 (2	412MHz)		
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					
2390.0	61.8	74.0	12.2	Peak	Horizontal
2390.0	46.0	54.0	8.0	Average	Horizontal
4822.1	46.5	74.0	27.5	Peak	Horizontal
2389.5	56.5	74.0	17.5	Peak	Vertical
2389.5	43.8	54.0	10.2	Average	Vertical
4823.1	45.7	74.0	28.3	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11N20					
	Channel 6 (2437MHz)				
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					
4875.0	45.4	74.0	28.6	Peak	Horizontal
4871.4	45.8	74.0	28.2	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11N20					
		Channel 11 (2	2462MHz)		
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.5	65.1	74.0	8.9	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	48.0	54.0	6.0	Average	Horizontal
4929.2	43.2	74.0	30.8	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	64.3	74.0	9.7	Peak	Vertical
2483.5	44.6	54.0	9.4	Average	Vertical
4923.2	45.8	74.0	28.2	Peak	Vertical

Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
 (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier gain
 (3) Margin = limit Corrected Reading

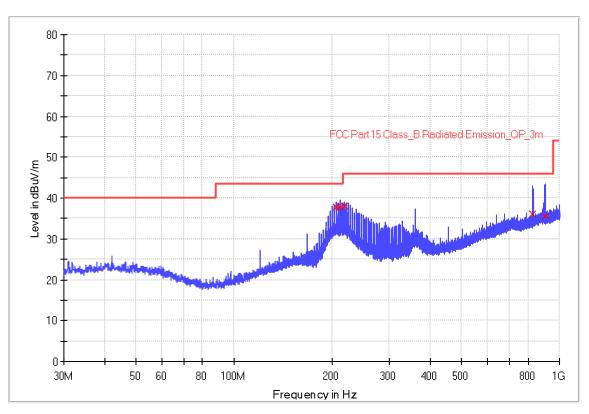


China

The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3-meter chamber	Time: 2020/02/27 - 10:21			
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU			
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Horizontal			
EUT: Wi-Fi Module, Model no:XR3	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz (powered by notebook)			
Note: Transmit by 802.11g at channel 2462MHz.				
Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.				

RE_VULB9168_pre_Cont_30-1000



Limit and Margin

	9								
Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas.	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.	Margin -	Limit -
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Time	(kHz)	(cm)		(deg)	(dB)	QPK	QPK
, ,	,	(ms)		, ,			` '	(dB)	(dBuV/m)
206.520000	37.8	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	358.0	11.9	5.7	43.5
212.600000	37.9	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	358.0	12.2	5.6	43.5
218.680000	38.1	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	358.0	12.4	7.9	46.0
827.080000	36.0	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	358.0	24.9	10.0	46.0
906.360000	35.6	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	358.0	25.9	10.4	46.0

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

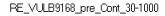
Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: $9kHz \sim 30MHz$, $18GHz \sim 25GHz$), therefore no data appear in the report.

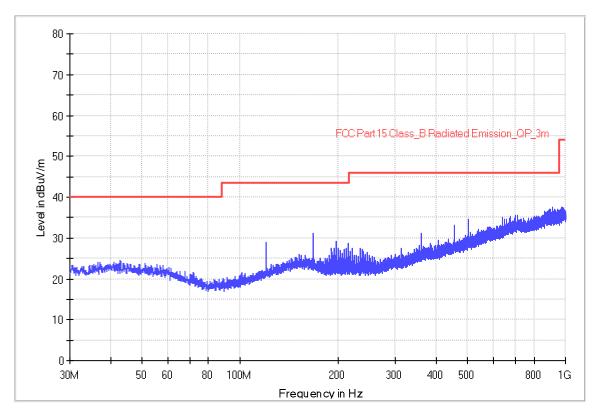


Site: 3-meter chamber	Time: 2020/02/27 - 10:38
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Wi-Fi Module, Model no: XR3	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz (powered by notebook)
Nata Tananit ku 000 44 a at akamal 0400MI	

Note: Transmit by 802.11g at channel 2462MHz.

Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.





Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: $9kHz \sim 30MHz$, $18GHz \sim 25GHz$), therefore no data appear in the report.



10 Test Equipment List

List of Test Instruments Test Site1

l est site i							
	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE	
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4	
С	Wideband power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	104782	2018-12-28	2019-12-27	
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2019-8-5	2020-8-4	
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4	
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2019-3-16	2022-3-15	
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2018-6-11	2021-4-1	
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18D	19006451	2019-8-5	2020-8-4	
RE	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2019-6-28	2020-6-27	
	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C-PA	002222727	2018-1-29	2021-1-28	
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6		2018-5-11	2021-5-10	
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2019-8-5	2020-8-4	
CE	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2019-8-5	2020-8-4	
Measurement Software Information							
Test Item	Software Manufacturer		Version				
С	Power Viewer	Rohde & Schwarz	V 11.0				
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.00				
CE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.03				

C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density*
- Spurious RF conducted emissions
- Band edge



11 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, ±3.16dB
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, ±5.03dB (Horizontal) ±5.12dB (Vertical) 1GHz to 18GHz, ±5.49dB 18GHz to 40GHz, ±5.63dB
Carrier power conducted measurement	50MHz~18GHz, ±1.238dB
Spurious Emission Conducted Measurement	9kHz ~40GHz, ± 1.224dB



12 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



13 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

THE END