

### **FCC-TEST REPORT**

Report Number	:	708881974888-00	)	Date of Issue:	December 30, 2019	
Model		: WBR3			_	
Product Type		: WiFi and Bluetooth module				
FCC ID		: 2ANDL-WBR3				
Applicant		: Hangzhou Tuy	a Informat	tion Technology	Co.,Ltd	
Address of Applicant		: Room701,Build	ding3,More	e Center,No.87	GuDun	
		: Road,Hangzho	u,Zhejian	g China		
Manufacturer		: Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,Ltd				
Address of Manufacturer		: Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun				
		: Road,Hangzhou,Zhejiang China				
Factory		: Newtronics Ha	ngzhou C	o.,Ltd		
Address of Factory		: No.15,Jiu zhou Economic Park		ang Gan Scienc ou	e&Technology	
Test Result	:	■ Positive	☐ Negativ	ve		
Total pages including Appendices	:	35				

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## 2 Details about the Test Laboratory

### **Details about the Test Laboratory**

Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

No.16 Lane, 1951 Du Hui Road,

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Test Firm

820234

Registration Number:

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## 3 Description of the Equipment under Test

### **Description of the Equipment Under Test**

Product: WiFi and Bluetooth module

Model no.: WBR3

FCC ID: 2ANDL-WBR3

IC: NA

Options and accessories: NA

Rating: DC 3.0-3.6V

RF Transmission Frequency: For 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412~2462 MHz

For 802.15.1:2402~2480 MHz

No. of Operated Channel: 2.4GHz WiFi: 11

2.4GHz BLE: 40

Modulation: For 2.4GHz WIFI:

Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) for 802.11b Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) for

802.11q/n

For 2.4GHz BLE: GFSK

Antenna Type: PCB antenna

Antenna Gain: 2.5dBi

Description of the EUT: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a low-power embedded

Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module (4.2). We tested it and listed the

worst data in this report.



# 4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards		
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES	
10-1-2014 Edition	Subpart C - Intentional Radiators	

All the test methods were according to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and ANSI C63.10 (2013).



# 5 Summary of Test Results

Technical Requirements							
FCC Part 15 Sub	FCC Part 15 Subpart C						
				Test	Tes	t Resi	ult
Test Condition			Pages	Site	Pass	Fail	N/
					<u> </u>		<u>A</u>
§15.207		Conducted emission AC power port	12-14	Site 1			
§15.247 (b) (1)		Conducted peak output power	15-16	Site 1			
§15.247(a)(1)		20dB bandwidth					
§15.247(a)(1)		Carrier frequency separation					
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)		Number of hopping frequencies					
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)		Dwell Time					
§15.247(a)(2)		6dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth	17-18	Site 1			
§15.247(e)		Power spectral density	19-20	Site 1	$\boxtimes$		
§15.247(d)		Spurious RF conducted emissions	21-24	Site 1			
§15.247(d)		Band edge	25-26	Site 1			
§15.247(d) & §15.209		Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	27-31	Site 1			
§15.203		Antenna requirement	See not	te 1			

Remark 1: N/A - Not Applicable.

Note 1: The EUT uses a patch antenna, which gain is 2.5dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.



### 6 General Remarks

#### Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2ANDL-WBR3 complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

This report is only for the 2.4GHz BLE test report, for the 2.4GHz WIFI test report please refer to 708881974886-00.

#### **SUMMARY:**

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 5 were

- Performed
- ☐ Not Performed

The Equipment under Test

- - Fulfills the general approval requirements.
- ☐ **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: November 28, 2019

Testing Start Date: November 30, 2019

Testing End Date: December 30, 2019

- TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

Reviewed by:

Prepared by:

Tested by:

Hui TONG

EMC Section Manager

Date: 2019-12-30

Jiaxi XU

EMC Project Engineer

Date: 2019-12-30

Wengiang LU

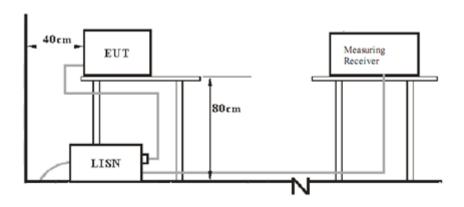
EMC Test Engineer

Date: 2019-12-30



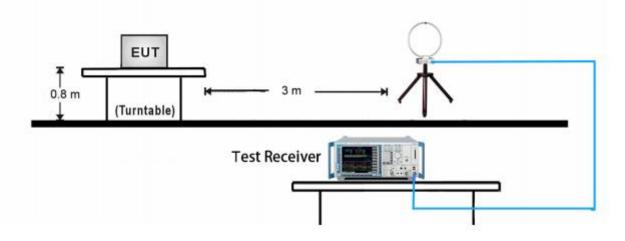
## 7 Test Setups

## 7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups



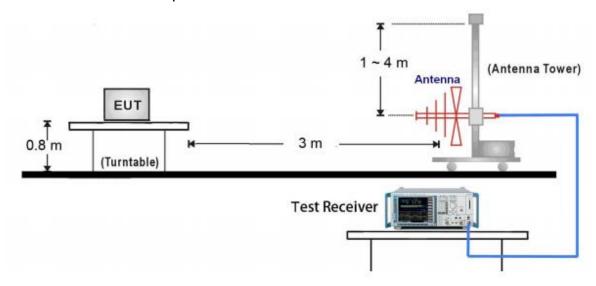
### 7.2 Radiated test setups

## 9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:

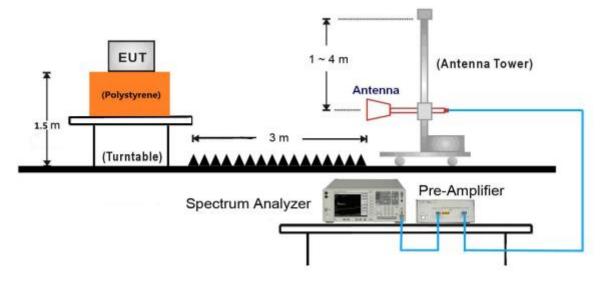




## 30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:

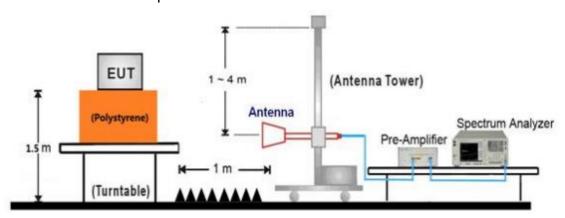


## 1GHz ~ 18GHz Test Setup:





# 18GHz ~ 25GHz Test Setup:



## 7.3 Conducted RF test setups





## 8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
PC	Lenovo	X240	

Test software: RTLBTAPP

The system was configured to channel 0, 19, and 39 for the test.

Non-hopping mode: The system was configured to operate at a signal channel transmitting. The test software allows the configuration and operation at the worst-case duty and the highest transmit power.



## 9 Technical Requirement

### 9.1 Conducted Emission

### **Test Method**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
- 2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through a Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
- 3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
- 4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

### Limit

Frequency	QP Limit	AV Limit
MHz	dΒμV	dΒμV
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*
0.500-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency



### **Conducted Emission**

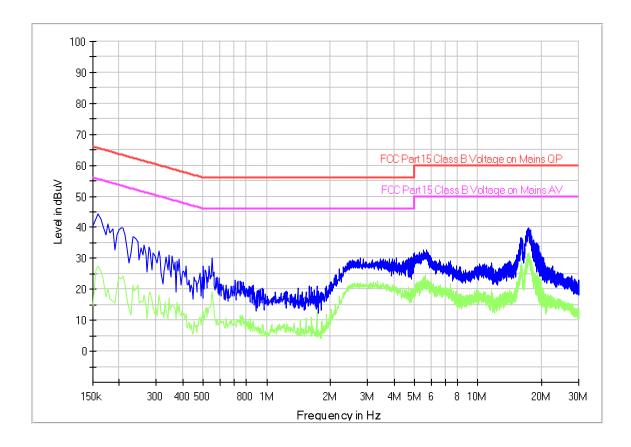
Product Type : WiFi and BLE Module

M/N : WBR3

Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_2402MHz for BLE

Test Specification : L-line

Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB) Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator



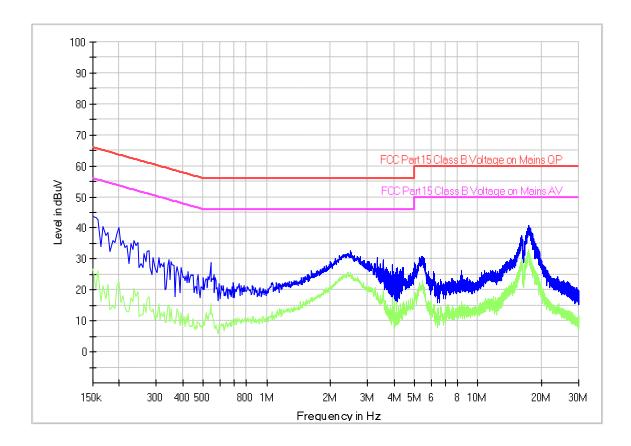
Product Type : WiFi and BLE Module

M/N : WBR3

Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_2402MHz for BLE

Test Specification : N-line

Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB) Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator



## 9.2 Conducted peak output power

#### **Test Method**

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   RBW > the 6 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW≥3RBW, Span≥3RBW
   Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
- 2. Add a correction factor to the display.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power.

#### Limits

Frequency Range	Limit	Limit
MHz	W	dBm
2400-2483.5	≤1	≤30

Test result as below table

Conducted Peak			
Frequency	Output Power	Result	
MHz	dBm		
Low channel 2402MHz	6.25	Pass	
Middle channel 2440MHz	6.01	Pass	
High channel 2480MHz	5.71	Pass	



Peak output power Channel 0 (2402MHz) Channel 19 (2440MHz) -20 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm 30 dBm 40 dBm 40 dBm -50 dBn -50 dBn -60 dBm -60 dBn CF 2.402 GH Channel 39 (2480MHz) PS 1Pk Max Date: 30.DEC.2019 07:36:12



## 9.3 6dB bandwidth Occupied Bandwidth

#### **Test Method**

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   RBW=100K, VBW≥3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- 2. Use the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument, may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize, record the X dB Bandwidth value.

#### Limit

Limit [kHz]	
≥500	

#### Test result

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth kHz	Result
Top channel 2402MHz	684.18	Pass
Middle channel 2440MHz	675.78	Pass
Bottom channel 2480MHz	678.88	Pass



#### 6 dB Bandwidth





## 9.4 Power spectral density

#### **Test Method**

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance:

- Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
   RBW=3kHz,VBW≥3RBW,Span=1.5 times DTS bandwidth, Detector=Peak, Sweep=auto, Trace= max hold.
- 2. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

#### Limit

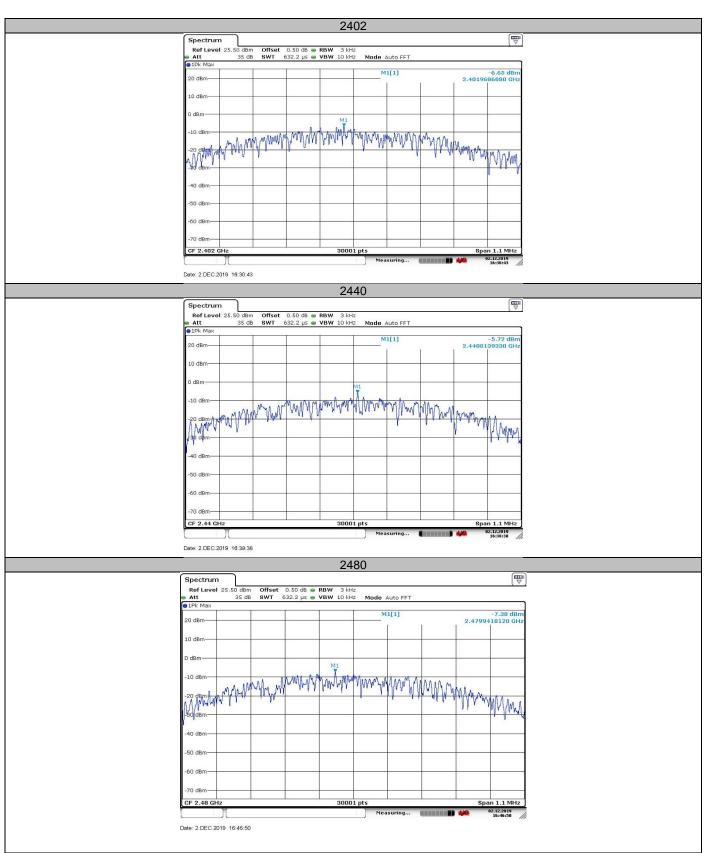
Limit [dBm]	
≤8	_

#### Test result

	Power spectral			
	Frequency	density	Result	
_	MHz	dBm		
	Top channel 2402MHz	-6.65	Pass	
	Middle channel 2440MHz	-5.72	Pass	
	Bottom channel 2480MHz	-7.38	Pass	



## **Power spectral density**





## 9.5 Spurious RF conducted emissions

#### **Test Method**

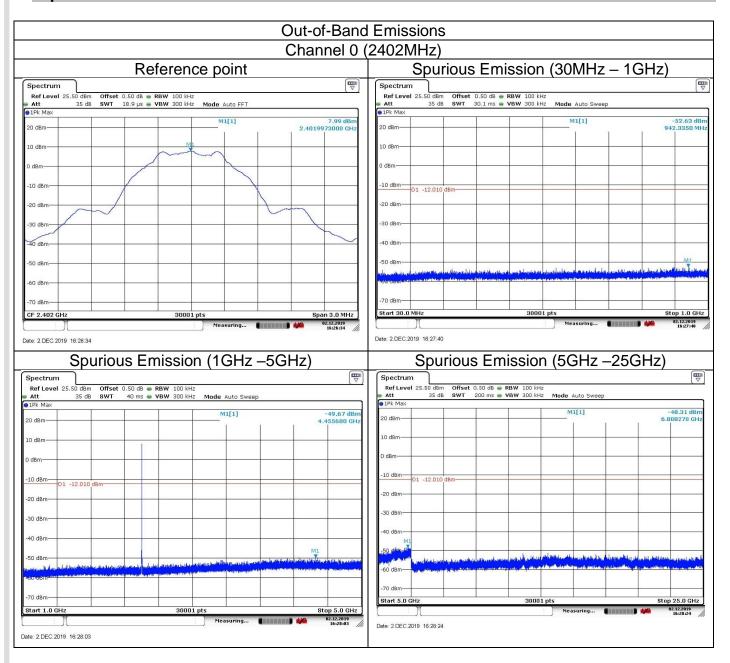
- 1. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
  - a. Set RBW=100 kHz. VBW≥3RBW. Detector =peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold.
  - b. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
- 2. Use the maximum PSD level to establish the reference level.
  - a. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - b. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements, report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

#### Limit

Frequency Range MHz		Limit (dBc)	
	30-25000	-20	

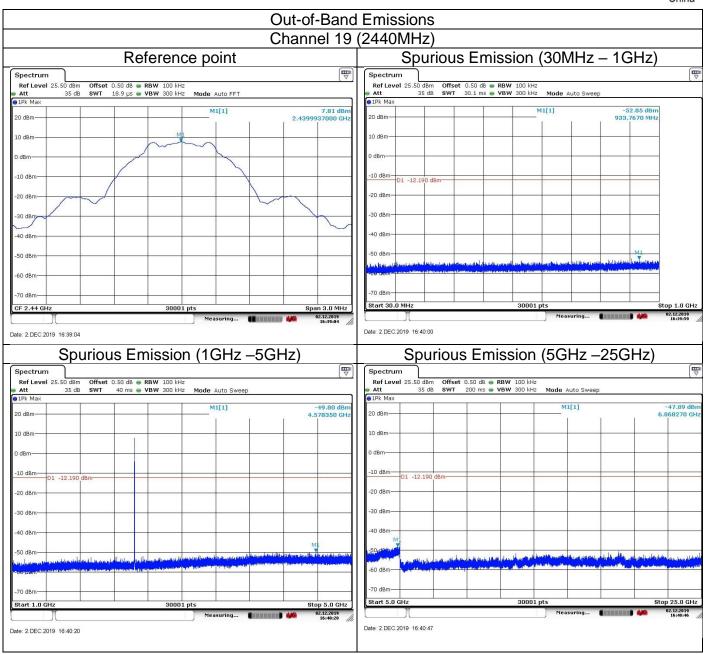


### **Spurious RF conducted emissions**

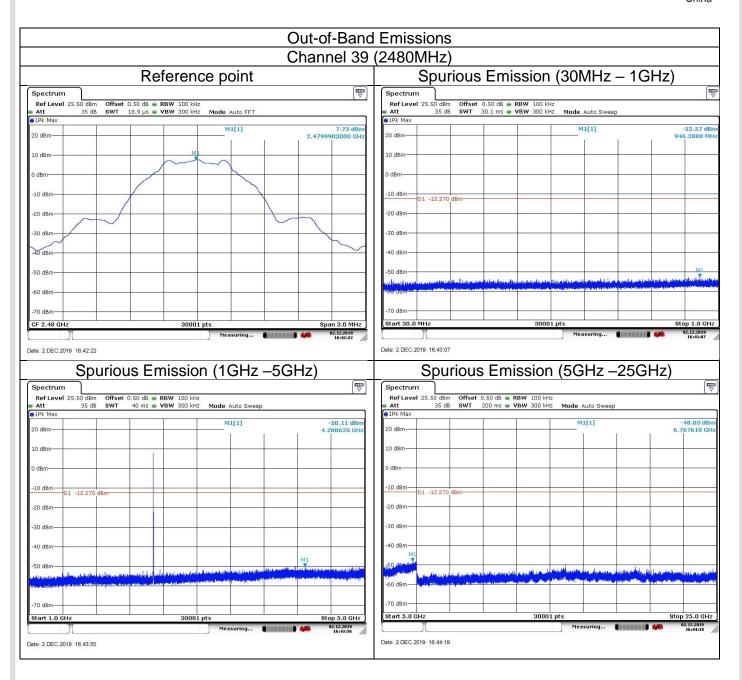




China









### 9.6 Band edge

#### **Test Method**

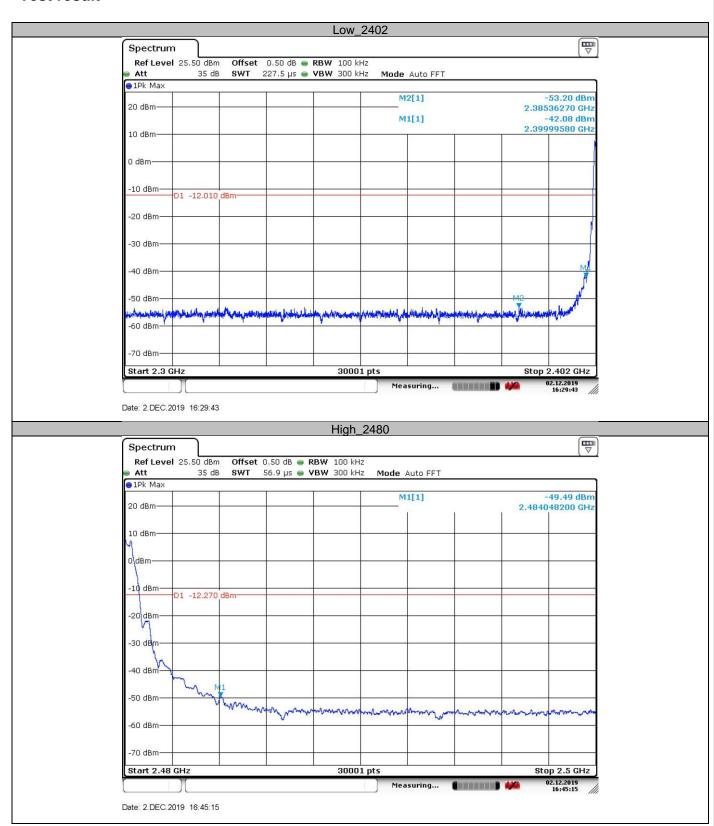
- 1 Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 100 kHz, VBW ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
- 2 Allow the trace to stabilize, use the peak and delta measurement to record the result.
- 3 The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

#### Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen8.10, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) and RSS-Gen.



#### **Test result**





#### China

## 9.7 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

#### **Test Method**

- 1. The EUT was place on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
- The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:

#### For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 100 kHz to 120 kHz, VBW≥RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

#### For Peak unwanted emissions Above 1GHz:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 1MHz, VBW≥RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

Procedures for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz

- a) RBW = 1MHz.
- b) VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)]  $\leq$  RBW / 2. Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of 1 / D, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)
- g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction



factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

#### Limit

The radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequen	су	Field Strength	Measured Distance
MHz		uV/m	Meters
0.009~0.4	490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490~1.7	705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705~3	30	30	30

Frequency	Field Strength	Field Strength	Detector
MHz	uV/m	dBμV/m	
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK



### Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

### Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

Test mode: GFSK					
		Channel 0 (2	2402MHz)		
Frequency (MHz)  Measure Limit (dBuV/M)  Margin (dB)  Detector Polarization					
2389.6 40.33		74.0	33.67	Peak	Horizontal
4804.0	40.59	74.0	33.41	Peak	Horizontal
2389.5	41.21	74.0	32.79	Peak	Vertical
4804.0	40.29	74.0	33.71	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: GFSK Channel 19 (2440MHz)					
		Channel 19 (A	2440WHZ)	T	1
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization					
4880.0	41.22	74.0	32.78	Peak	Horizontal
4879.0	41.33	74.0	32.67	Peak	Vertical
73219.5	40.09	74.0	33.91	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: GFSK							
	Channel 39 (2480MHz)						
Frequency (MHz) Measure Limit (dBuV/M) Margin (dB) Detector Polarization							
2483.5	43.20	74.0	30.80	Peak	Horizontal		
4959.6 41.59		74.0	32.41	Peak	Horizontal		
2483.5	44.19	74.0	29.81	Peak	Vertical		
4959.2	40.67	74.0	33.33	Peak	Vertical		

#### Remark:

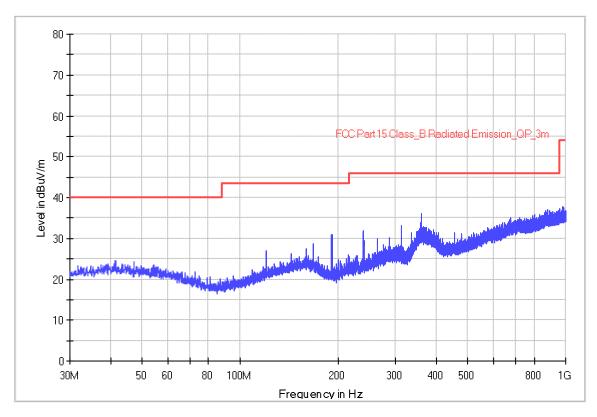
- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit Corrected Reading



### The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3 meter chamber	Time: 2019/12/06 - 14:17		
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU		
Probe: VULB9168 Polarity: Horizontal			
EUT: WIFI and BLE Module, Model no: WBR3 Power: 120VAC, 60Hz			
Note: Transmit by at channel 2402MHz for BLE.			
Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.			

#### RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_30-1000



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range:  $9kHz \sim 30MHz$ ,  $18GHz \sim 25GHz$ ), therefore no data appear in the report.

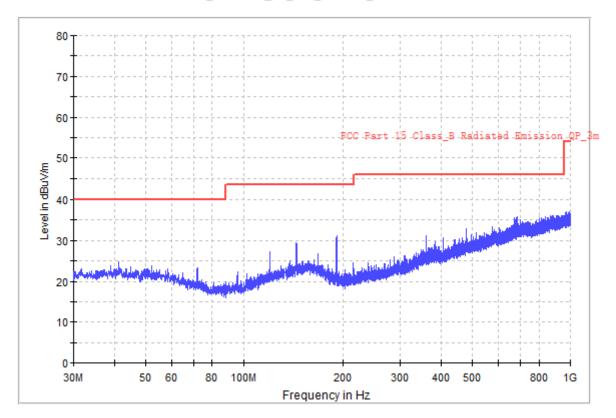


Site: 3 meter chamber	Time: 2019/12/06 - 14:41
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: WIFI and BLE Module, Model no: WBR3	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz
Note: Transmit by at abandal 2400MHz for DLC	

Note: Transmit by at channel 2402MHz for BLE.

Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.

#### RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_EN 55014\_30-1000



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.



Test Equipment List

### **List of Test Instruments**

Test Site1

	1031 0101					
	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE
С	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
C	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101905	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2019-3-16	2022-3-15
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2018-6-11	2021-4-1
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18D	19006451	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
RE	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2019-6-28	2020-6-27
	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C-PA	002222727	2018-1-29	2021-1-28
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6		2018-5-11	2021-5-10
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
CE	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
Measurement Software Information						
Test Item Software Manufacture		Manufacturer		Vers	sion	
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz		V9.1	5.00	
CE EMC 32 Rohde & Schwarz V9.15.03		5.03				

### C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density\*
- Spurious RF conducted emissions
- Band edge



## 10 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, ±3.16dB
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, ±5.03dB (Horizontal)
	±5.12dB (Vertical)
	1GHz to 18GHz, ±5.49dB
	18GHz to 25GHz, ±4.76dB



# 11 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



# 12 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

THE END