



## FCC - TEST REPORT

Report Number : **708881974824-00** Date of Issue: October 31, 2019

Model : TYLC6E

Product Type : WIFI Module

FCC ID : 2ANDL-TYLC6E

Applicant : Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,Ltd

Address of Applicant : Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun  
Road, Hangzhou, Zhejiang China

Manufacturer : Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,Ltd

Address of Manufacturer : Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun  
Road, Hangzhou, Zhejiang China

Factory : Newtronics Hangzhou Co.,Ltd  
No.15,Jiu zhou Road,Jiang Gan Science&Technology Economic  
Address of Factory : Park Hangzhou, Zhejiang China

Test Result :  Positive  Negative

Total pages including Appendices : 43

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## 2 Details about the Test Laboratory

### Details about the Test Laboratory

#### Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch  
No.16 Lane, 1951 Du Hui Road,  
Shanghai 201108,  
P.R. China

Test Firm Registration  
Number: 820234  
Telephone: +86 21 6141 0123  
Fax: +86 21 6140 8600



### 3 Description of the Equipment under Test

Product: WIFI Module

Model no.: TYLC6E

FCC ID: 2ANDL-TYLC6E

Options and accessories: N/A

Rating: 3~3.6V DC

RF Transmission Frequency: For 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412~2462 MHz

No. of Operated Channel:

Operation Frequency each of channel For 802.11b/g/n(H20)							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
1	2412MHz	4	2427MHz	7	2442MHz	10	2457MHz
2	2417MHz	5	2432MHz	8	2447MHz	11	2462MHz
3	2422MHz	6	2437MHz	9	2452MHz		

Modulation: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) for 802.11b  
Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing(OFDM) for 802.11g/n

Data speed: 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, or 11 (Mbit/s)  
802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, or 54 (Mbit/s)  
802.11n: HT20 MCS0 to MCS7

Duty Cycle: 100%

Antenna Type: External helical antenna

Antenna Gain: 1.0 dBi

Description of the EUT: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a WIFI Module with WI-FI function.  
The EUT support Wi-Fi operated at 2.4GHz.



## 4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C 10-1-2014 Edition	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

All the test methods were according to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and ANSI C63.10 (2013).



## 5 Summary of Test Results

Technical Requirements						
FCC Part 15 Subpart C						
Test Condition		Pages	Test Site	Test Result		
				Pass	Fail	N/A
§15.207	Conducted emission AC power port	12	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247 (b) (1)	Conducted peak output power	15	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)	20dB bandwidth	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)	Carrier frequency separation	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequencies	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	15	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(e)	Power spectral density	20	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions	24	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(d) & §15.209	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	35	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See note 1		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Note 1: N/A=Not Applicable. Conducted emission is not apply for battery operated device.

Note 2: The EUT uses a permanently external helical antenna, which gain is 1.0dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.

15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. 15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement: (i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.



## 6 General Remarks

### Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2ANDL-TYLC6E, complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C rules.

This report is for 2.4GHz Wi-Fi. The TX and RX range is 2412MHz-2462MHz.

### SUMMARY:

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 6 were

■ - Performed

□ - **Not** Performed

The Equipment under Test

■ - **Fulfills** the general approval requirements.

□ - **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: July 29, 2019

Testing Start Date: July 31, 2019

Testing End Date: August 23, 2019

TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

Reviewed by:

Prepared by:

Tested by:

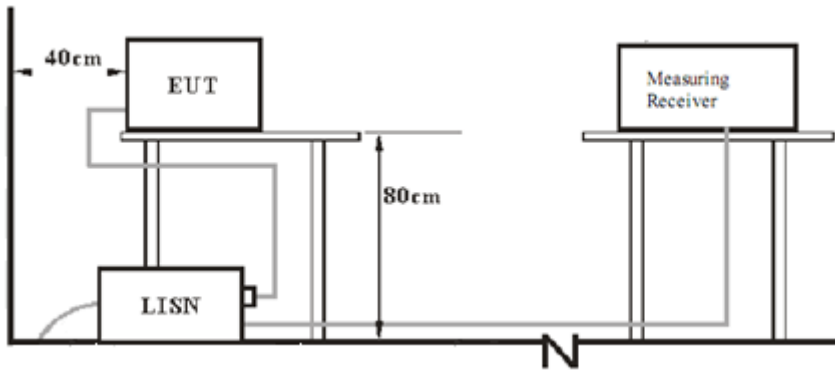
Hui TONG  
Review Engineer

Jiayi XU  
Project Engineer

Wenqiang LU  
Test Engineer

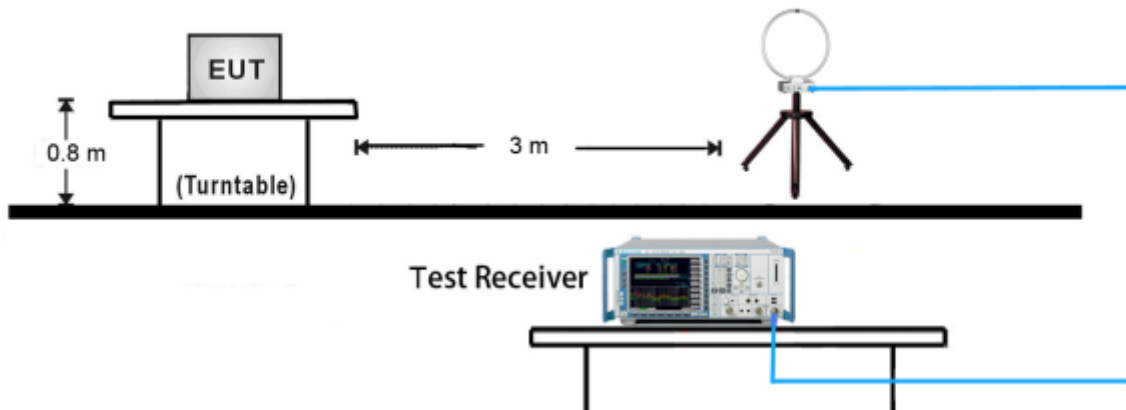
## 7 Test Setups

### 7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups



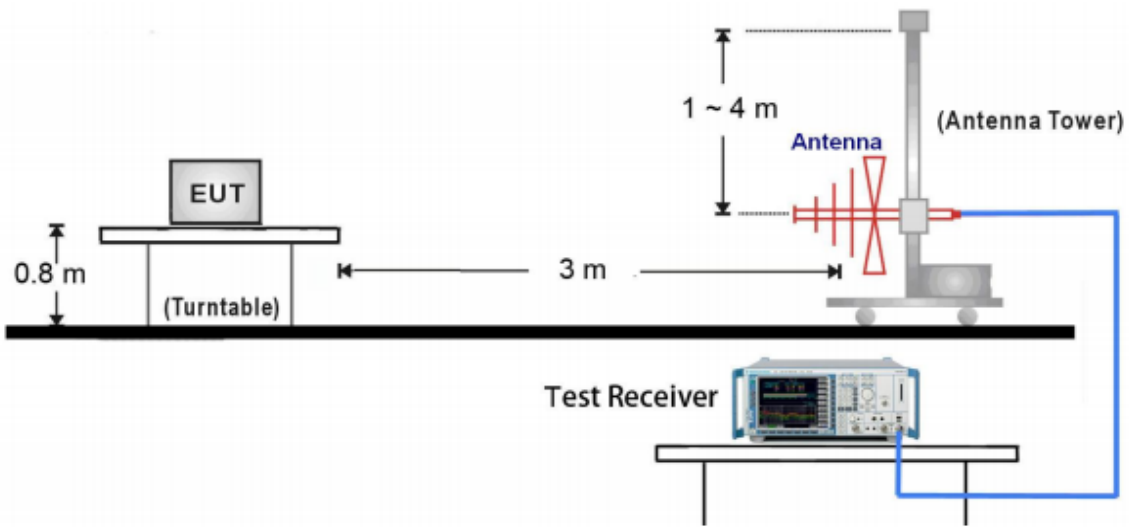
### 7.2 Radiated test setups

#### 9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:

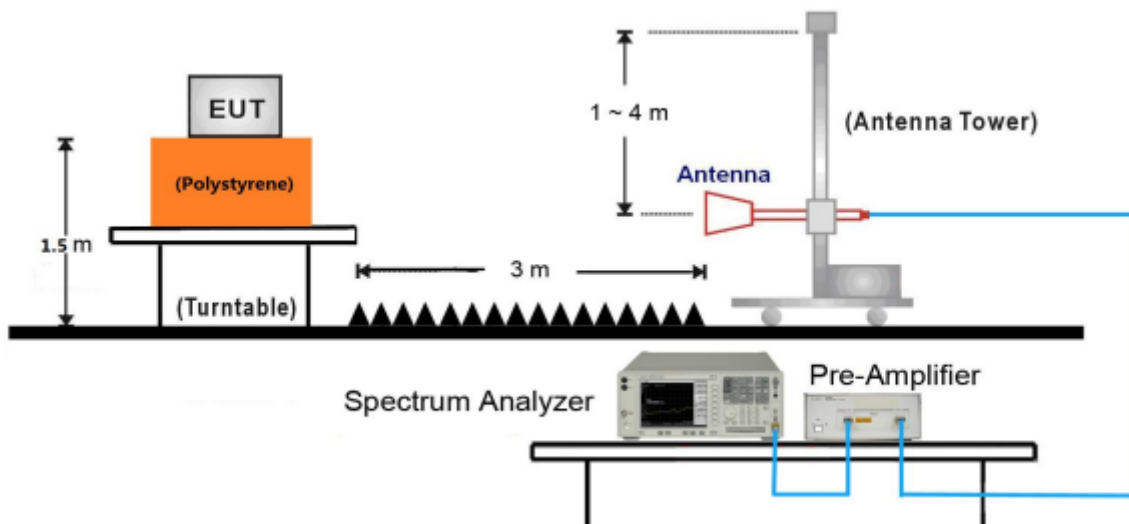




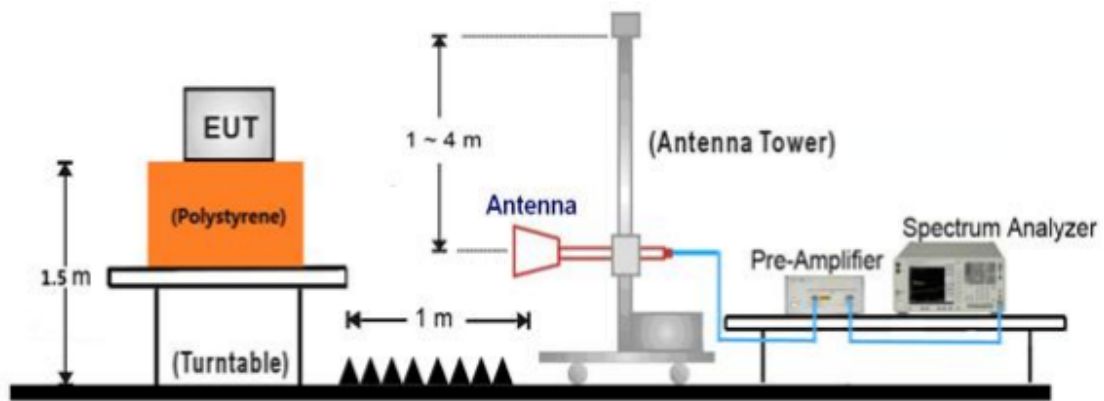
30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:



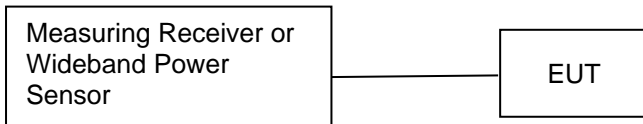
1GHz ~ 18GHz Test Setup:



### 18GHz ~ 25GHz Test Setup:



### 7.3 Conducted RF test setups



## 8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
Notebook	Lenove	X240	--

Test software: SecureCRT, which used to control the EUT in continues transmitting mode

802.11b/802.11g/802.11n-HT20

Test mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Tx	1	2412
Tx	6	2437
Tx	11	2462

The pre-test has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates.

Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate
Low, Middle, High	802.11b: DSSS	1Mbps
Low, Middle, High	802.11g: OFDM	6Mbps
Low, Middle, High	802.11n (HT20): OFDM	MCS0 (6.5Mbps)

### Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

802.11b/g/n-HT20 Wi-Fi Device.

Duty Cycle: 100%

**Note:** 2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) operation is possible in 20MHz channel bandwidths.

## 9 Technical Requirement

### 9.1 Conducted Emission

#### Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through an Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

#### Limit

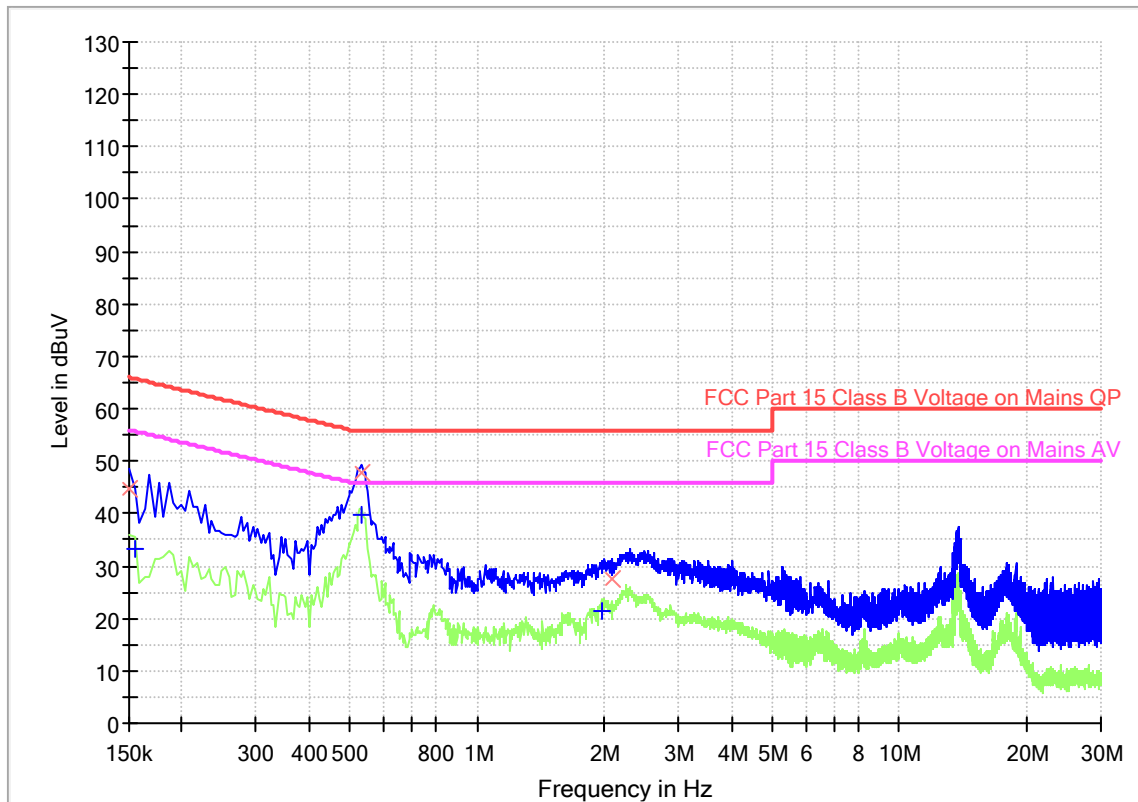
Frequency MHz	QP Limit dB $\mu$ V	AV Limit dB $\mu$ V
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*
0.500-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency



### Conducted Emission

Product Type : WIFI Module  
 M/N : TYLC6E  
 Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_802.11n HT20 2462MHz  
 Test Specification : FCC\_Part15.207  
 Comment : L-line, AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)

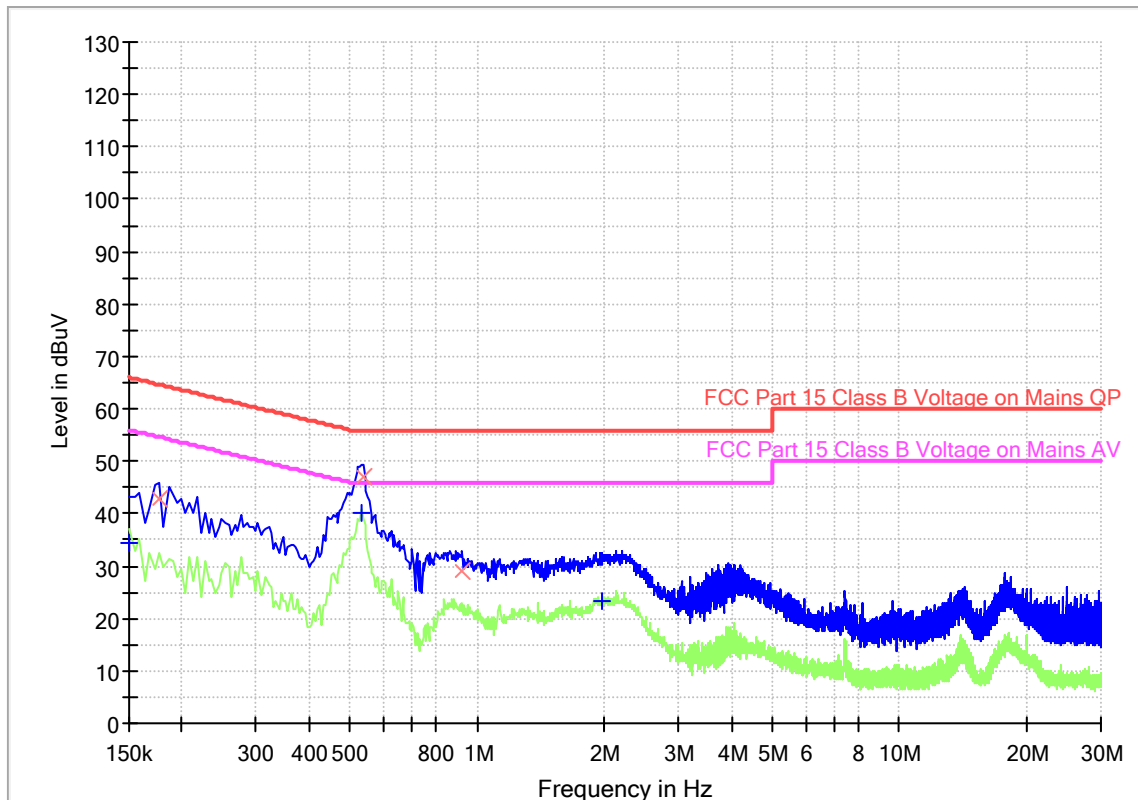


### Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.15000	44.75	---	66.00	21.25	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
0.15450	---	33.14	55.75	22.61	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
0.53250	---	39.92	46.00	6.08	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.4
0.53250	47.62	---	56.00	8.38	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.4
1.96800	---	21.40	46.00	24.60	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5
2.08500	27.68	---	56.00	28.32	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.5



Product Type : WIFI Module  
 M/N : TYLC6E  
 Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_802.11n HT20 2462MHz  
 Test Specification : FCC\_Part15.207  
 Comment : N-line, AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



### Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.150000	---	34.28	56.00	21.72	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
0.177000	42.79	---	64.63	21.84	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
0.532500	---	40.05	46.00	5.95	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
0.537000	47.01	---	56.00	8.99	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
0.924000	29.20	---	56.00	26.80	1000.0	9.000	N	19.5
1.972500	---	23.22	46.00	22.78	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6

## 9.2 Conducted peak output power

### Test Method

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
RBW > the 6dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW $\geq$ 3RBW, Span $\geq$ 3RBW  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
2. Add a correction factor to the display.
3. Use a power meter to measure the conducted peak output power.

### Limits

Frequency Range MHz	Limit W	Limit dBm
2400-2483.5	$\leq 1$	$\leq 30$

Test result as below table

Mode	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
b	1.0	CH01	2412	16.1	30.00
		CH06	2437	17.11	30.00
		CH11	2462	16.5	30.00
g		CH01	2412	18.37	30.00
		CH06	2437	19.01	30.00
		CH11	2462	19.23	30.00
n-HT20		CH01	2412	19.31	30.00
		CH06	2437	18.89	30.00
		CH11	2462	<b>19.95</b>	30.00

### 9.3 6dB Occupied Bandwidth

#### Test Method

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
RBW=100K, VBW≥3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
2. Use the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument, may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize, record the X dB Bandwidth value.

#### Limit

Limit [kHz]

≥500

#### Test result

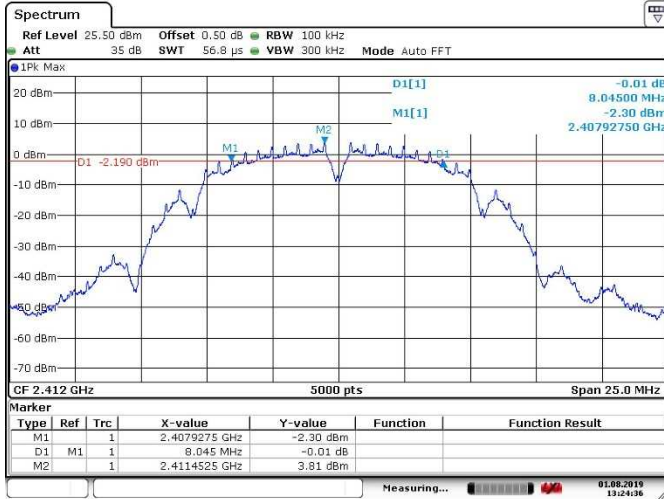
Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	6db Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	8.045	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	8.075	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	8.05	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	16.31	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	16.315	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	16.315	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	01	2412	16.71	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	06	2437	16.7	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	11	2462	17.015	≥ 0.5	Pass





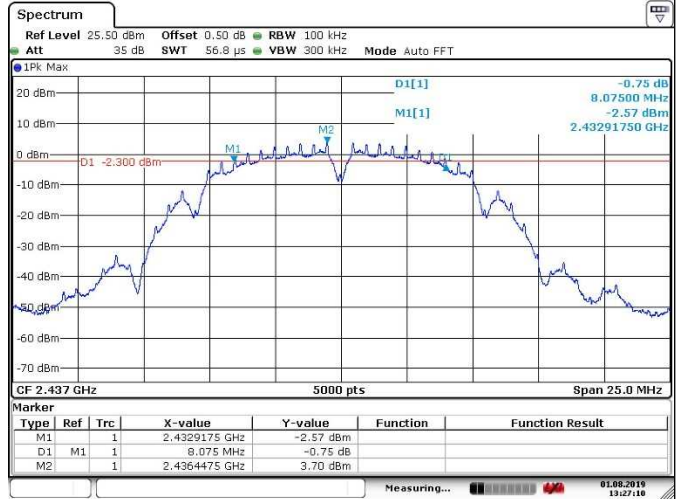
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth

Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Date: 1 AUG 2019 13:24:36

Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Date: 1 AUG 2019 13:27:11

Channel 11 (2462MHz)



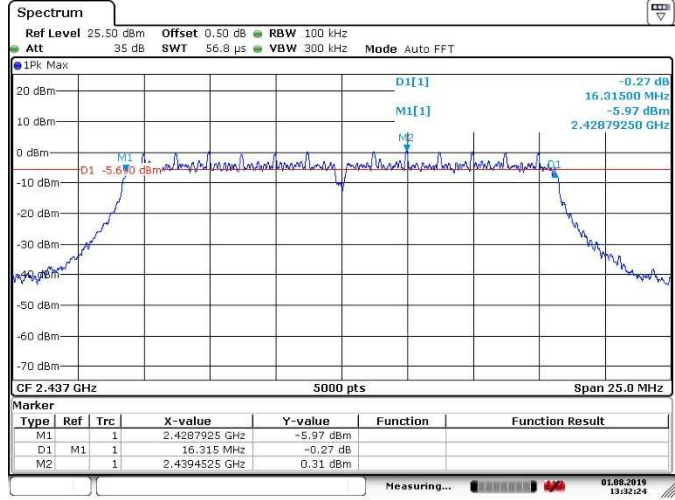
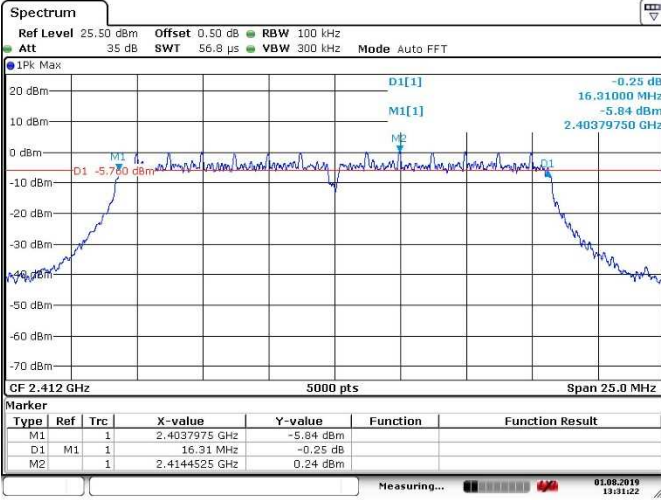
Date: 1 AUG 2019 13:29:58



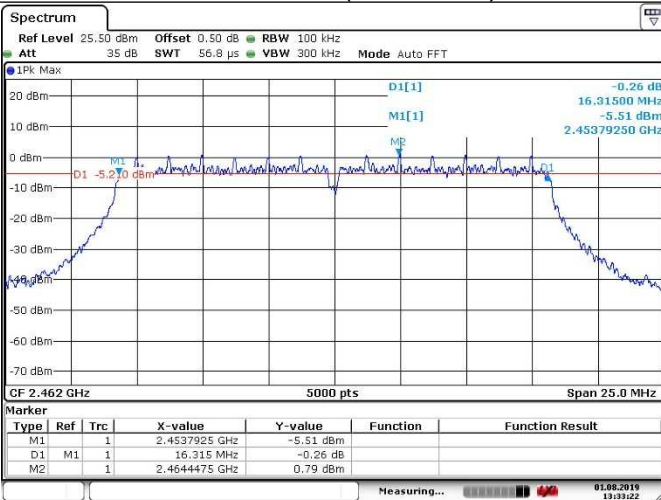
802.11g 6dB Bandwidth

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Channel 11 (2462MHz)

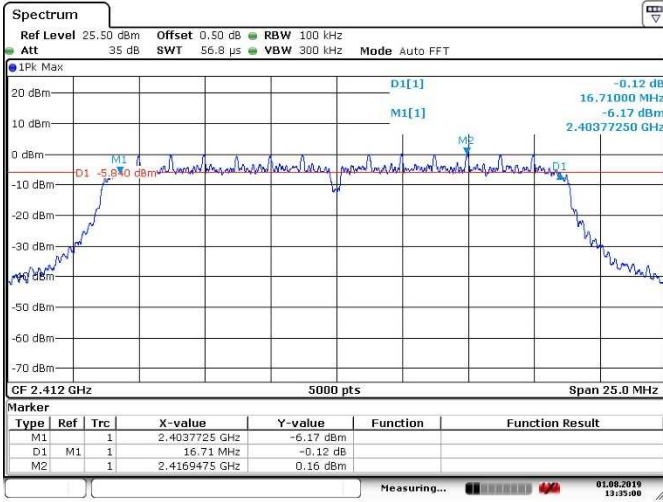




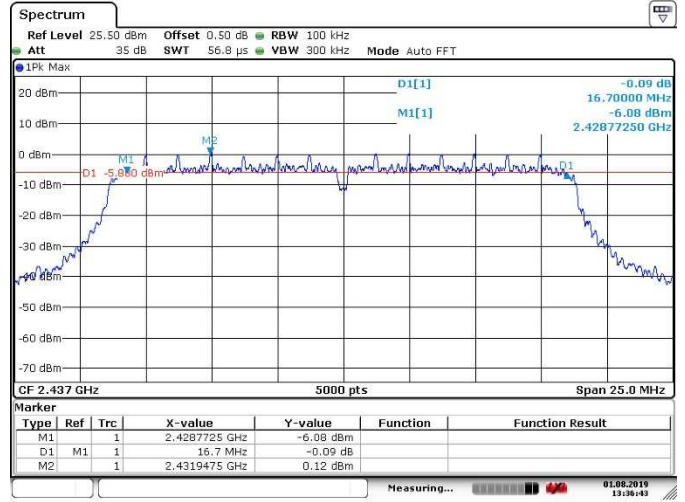
802.11n HT20 6dB Bandwidth

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Channel 06 (2437MHz)

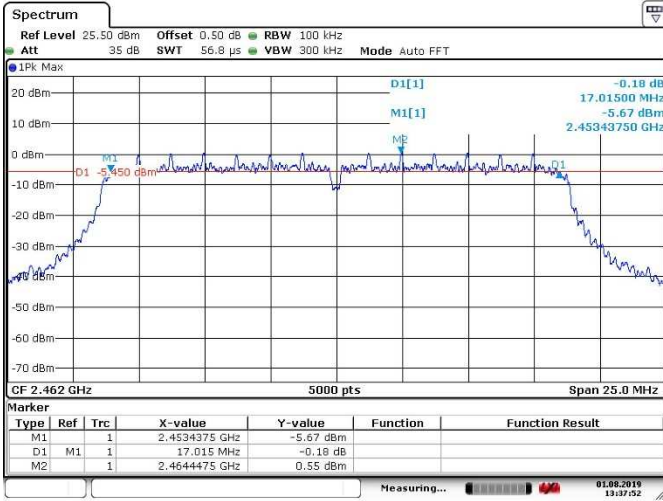


Date: 1 AUG 2019 13:35:00



Date: 1 AUG 2019 13:36:44

Channel 11 (2462MHz)



Date: 1 AUG 2019 13:37:52

## 9.4 Power spectral density

### Test Method

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance:

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.  
RBW=3kHz, VBW $\geq$ 3RBW, Span=1.5 times DTS bandwidth, Detector=Peak, Sweep=auto, Trace= max hold.
2. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

### Limit

Limit [dBm]

≤8

### Test result

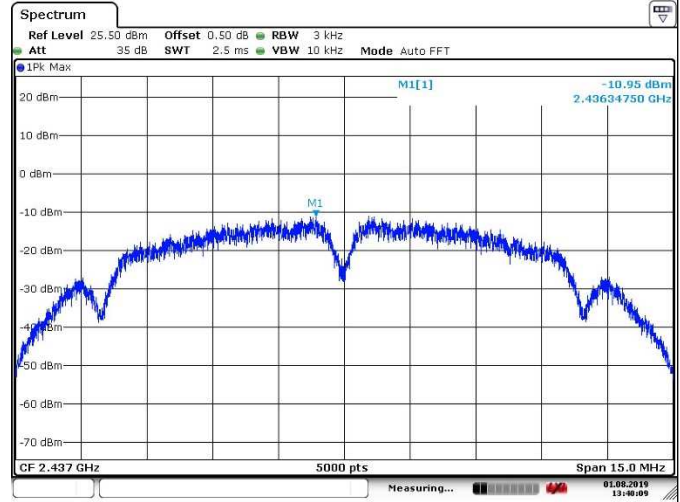
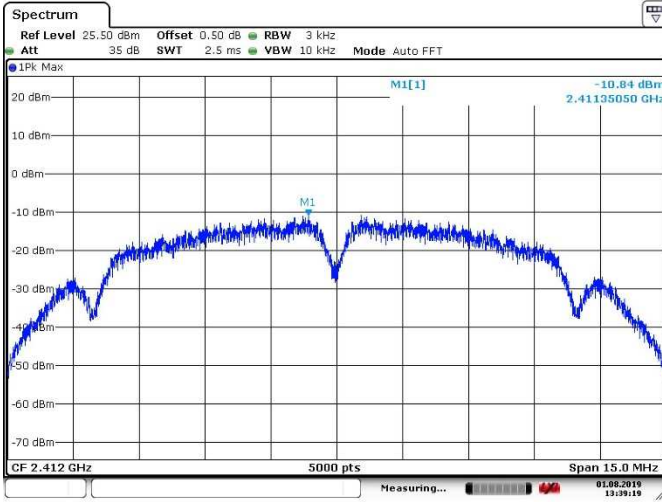
Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm / 10kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	-10.84	≤8	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	-10.95	≤8	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	-10.63	≤8	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	-14.03	≤8	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	-13.69	≤8	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	-13.21	≤8	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	01	2412	-13.97	≤8	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	06	2437	-13.78	≤8	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	11	2462	-13.45	≤8	Pass



802.11b PSD

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

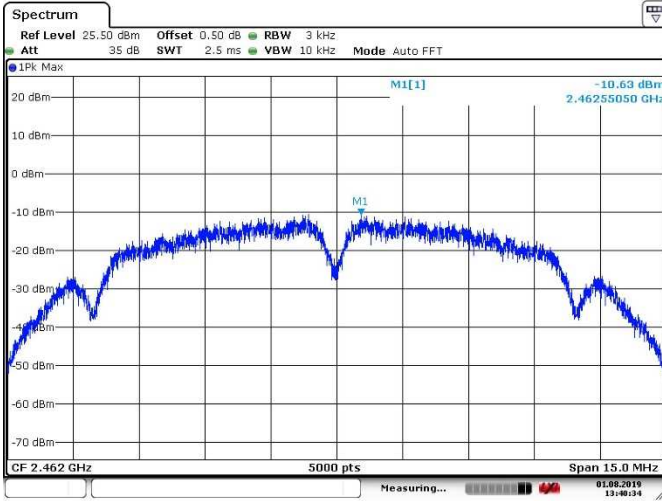
Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Date: 1.AUG 2019 13:39:19

Date: 1.AUG 2019 13:40:09

Channel 11 (2462MHz)

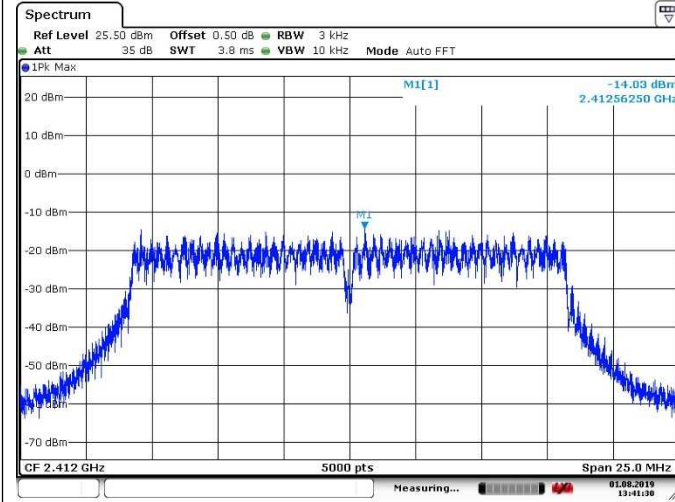


Date: 1.AUG 2019 13:40:35

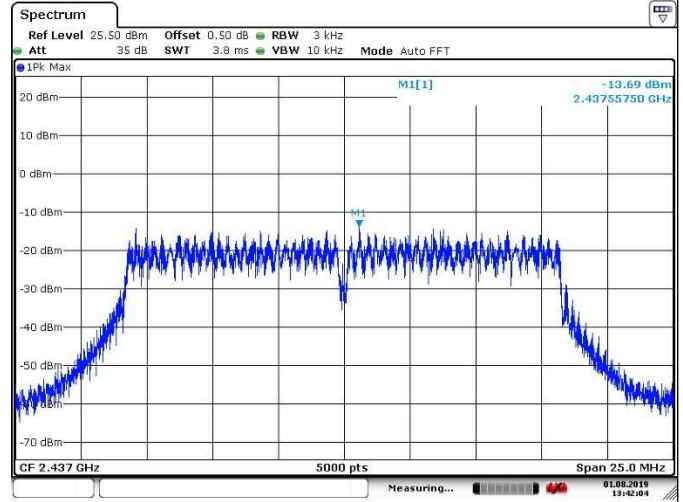


802.11g PSD

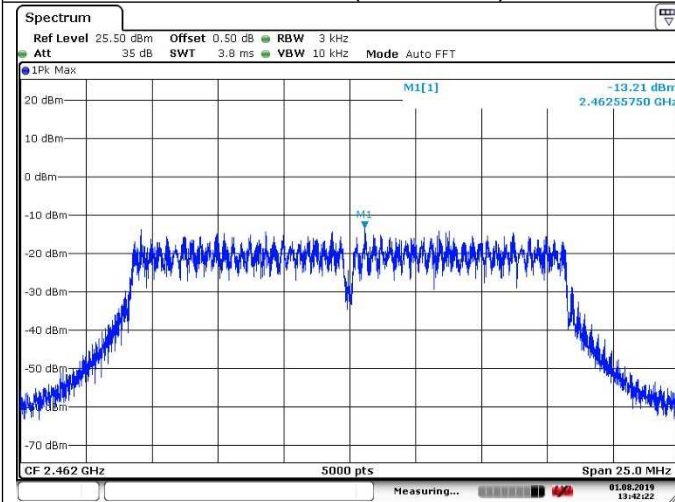
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Channel 11 (2462MHz)

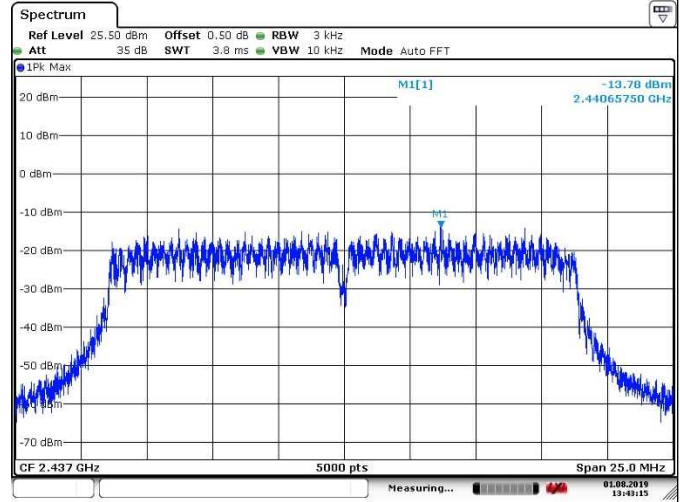
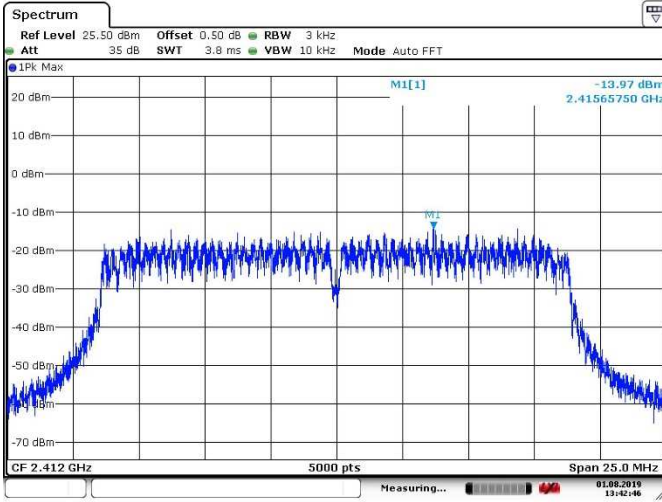




802.11n HT20 PSD

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

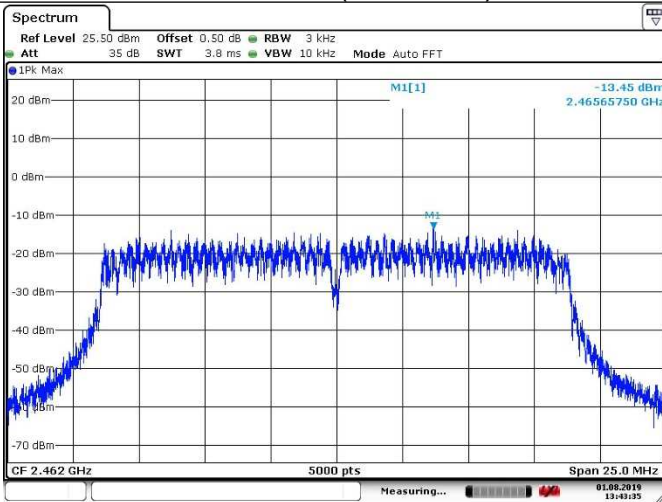
Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Date: 1.AUG 2019 13:42:46

Date: 1.AUG 2019 13:43:15

Channel 11 (2462MHz)



Date: 1.AUG 2019 13:43:35

## 9.5 Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions

### Test Method

1. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
  - a. Set RBW=100 kHz. VBW $\geq$ 3RBW. Detector =peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold.
  - b. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
2. Use the maximum PSD level to establish the reference level.
  - a. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - b. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements, report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.
3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

### Limit

Frequency Range MHz	Limit (dBc)
30-25000	-20

### Test result

Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Limit	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	6.5Mbps	11	2462	20dBc	Pass

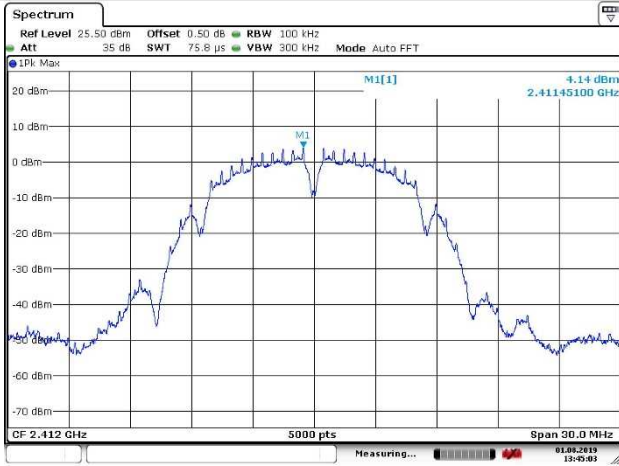




**Spurious RF conducted emissions**

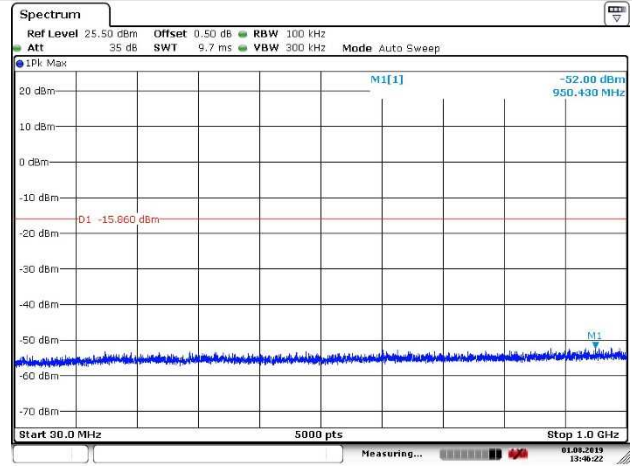
**802.11b Out-of-Band Emissions  
Channel 01 (2412MHz)**

Reference level



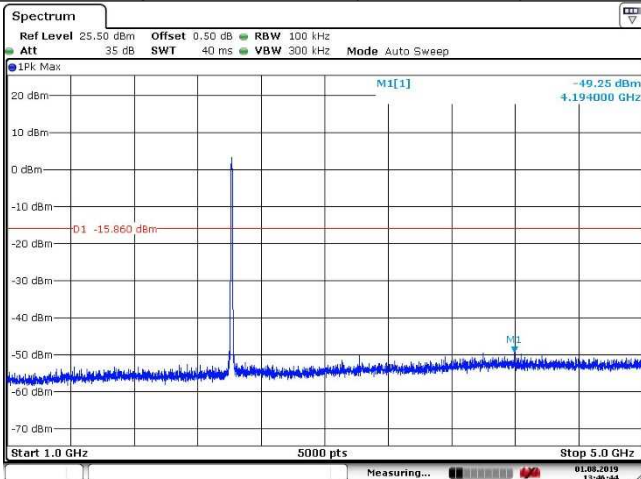
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:45:03

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



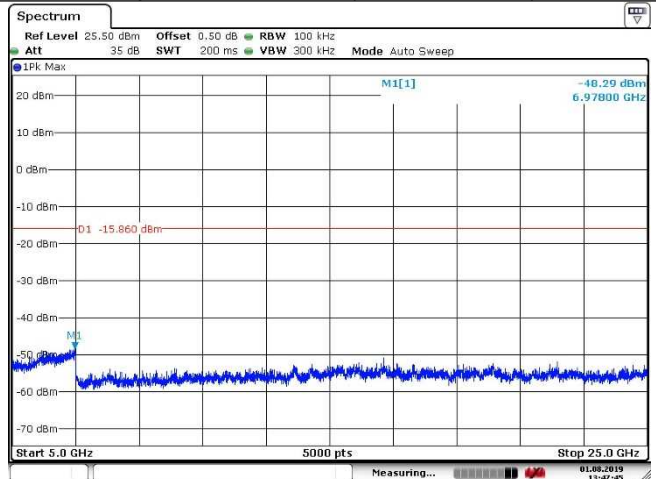
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:46:22

Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



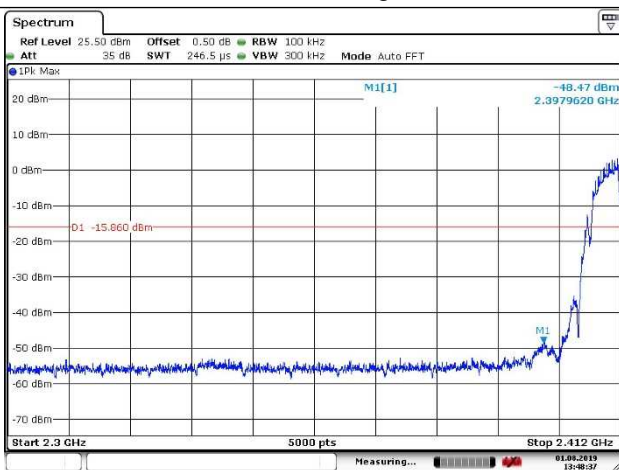
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:46:44

Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)



Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:47:45

Low band edge



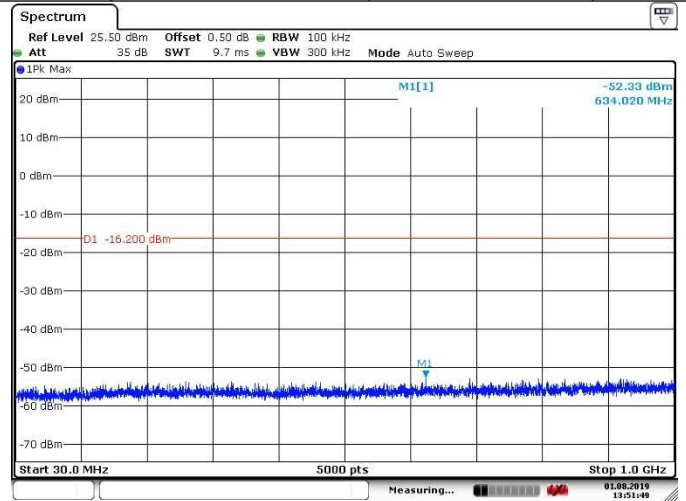
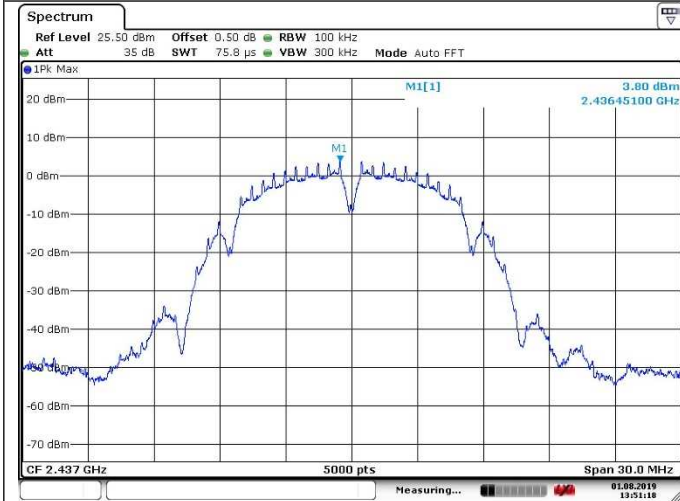
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:48:37



802.11b Out-of-Band Emission  
Channel 06 (2437MHz)

Reference level

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)

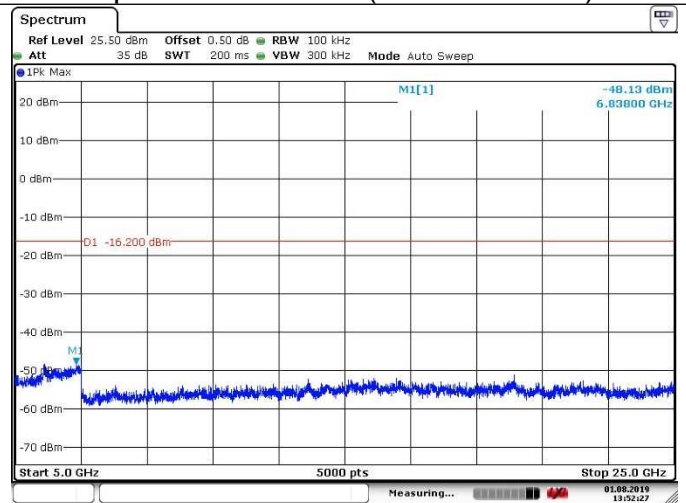
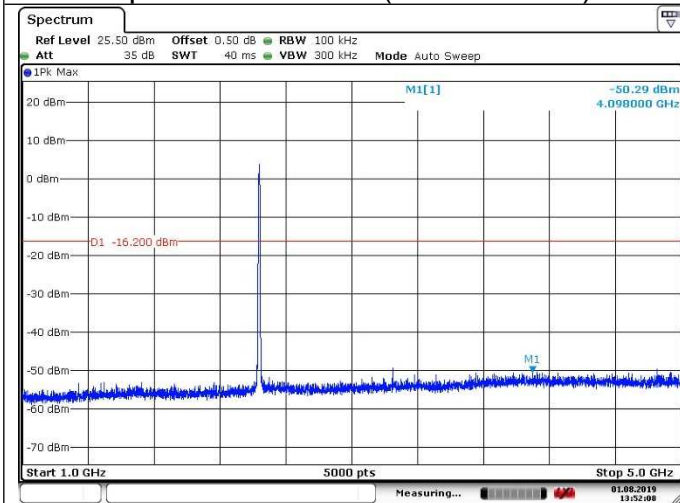


Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:51:18

Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:51:49

Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)

Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:52:08

Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:52:28



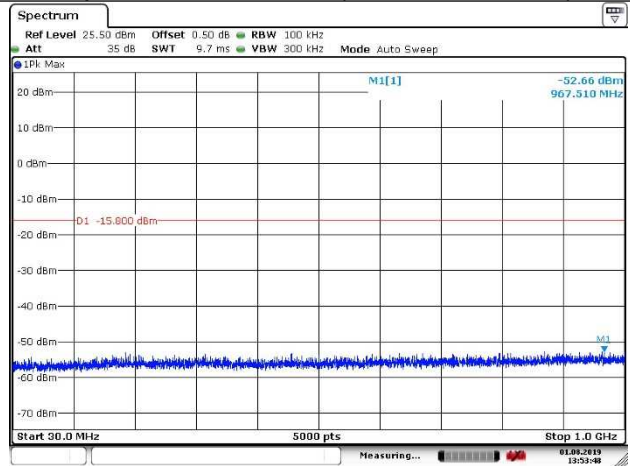
802.11b Out-of-Band Emissions  
Channel 01 (2462MHz)

Reference level



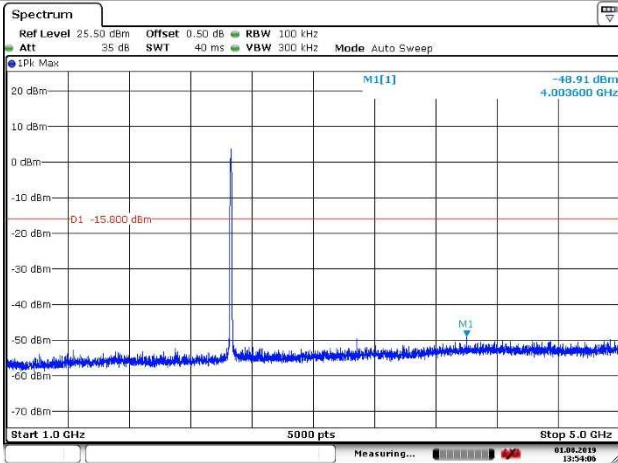
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:53:15

Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



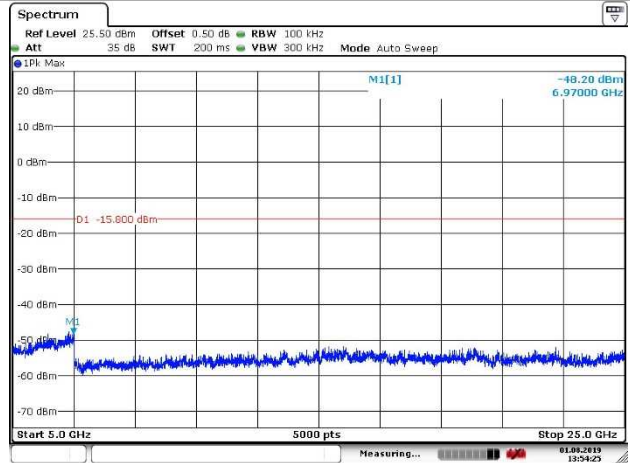
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:53:49

Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



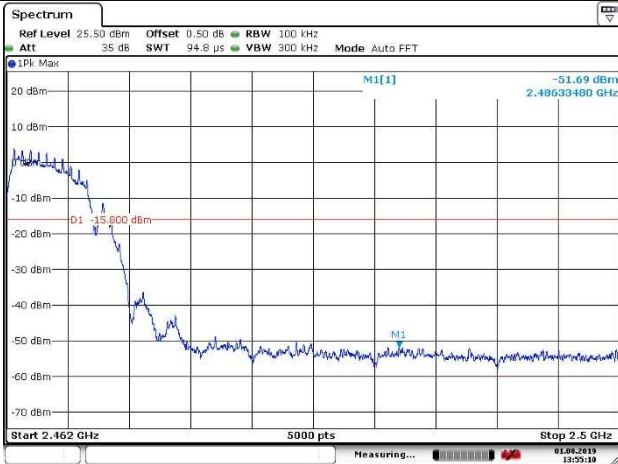
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:54:05

Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:54:25

High band edge

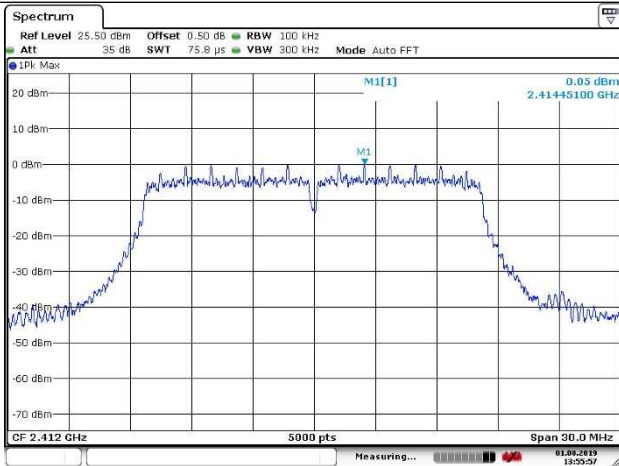


Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:55:10



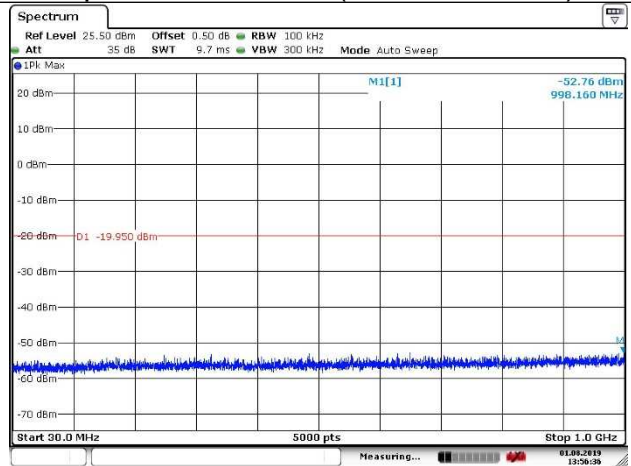
### 802.11g Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 01 (2412MHz)

#### Reference level



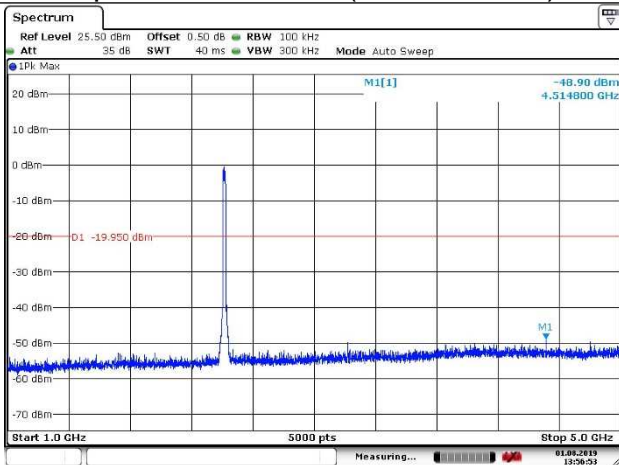
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:55:57

#### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



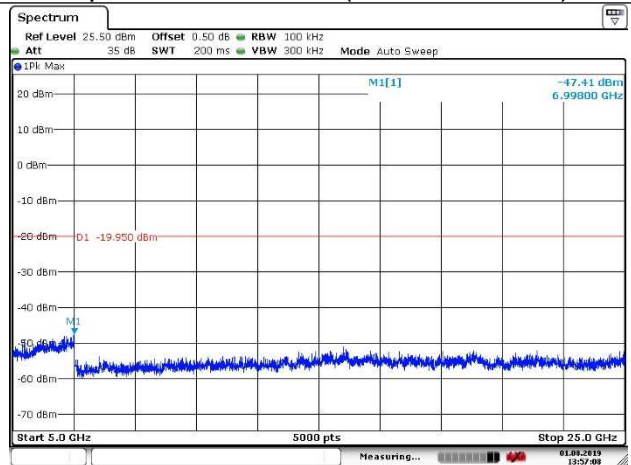
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:56:36

#### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



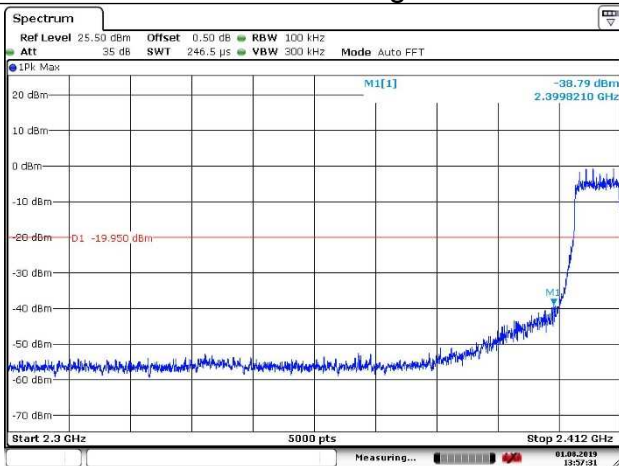
Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:56:54

#### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:57:08

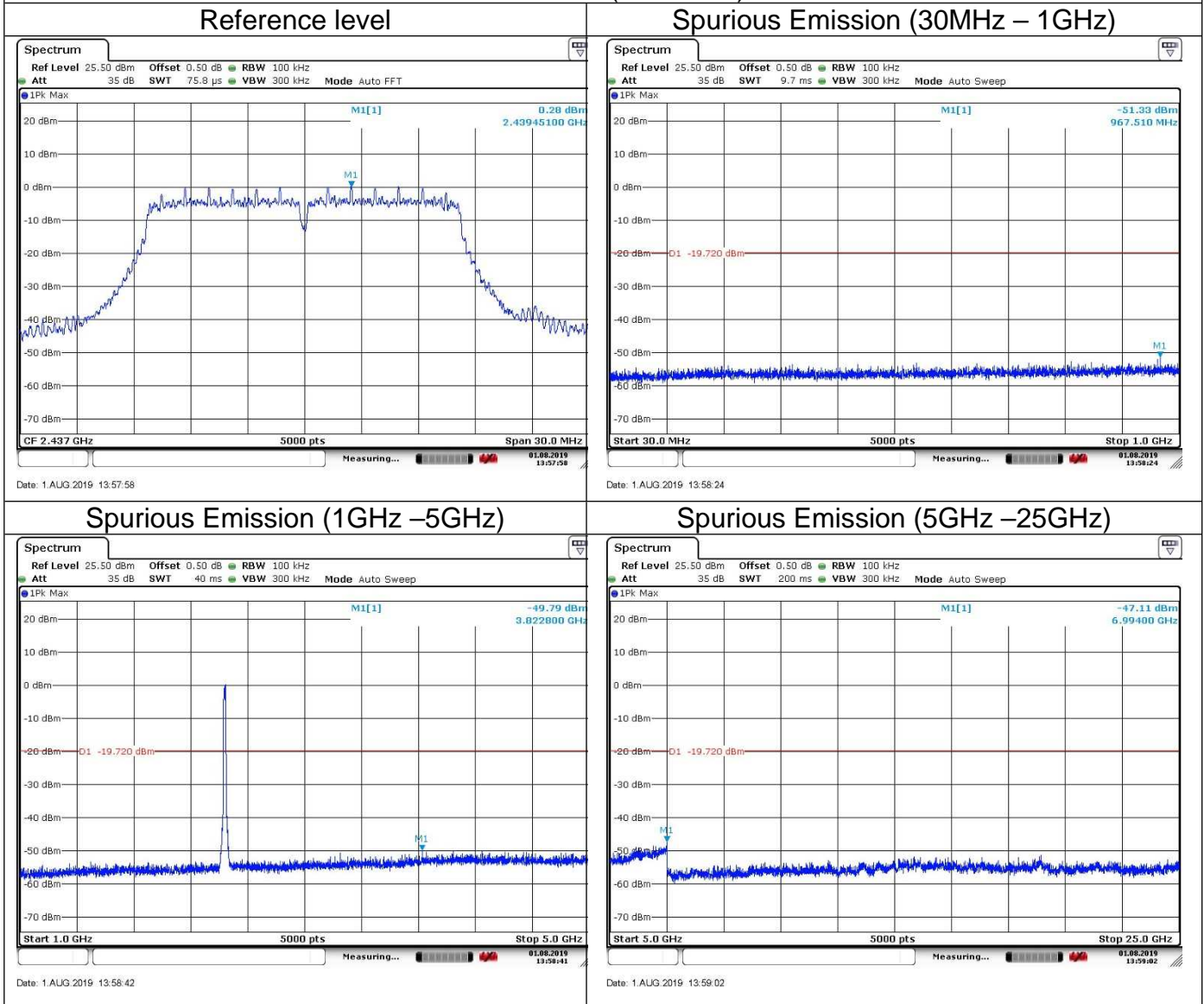
#### Low band edge



Date: 1.AUG.2019 13:57:31



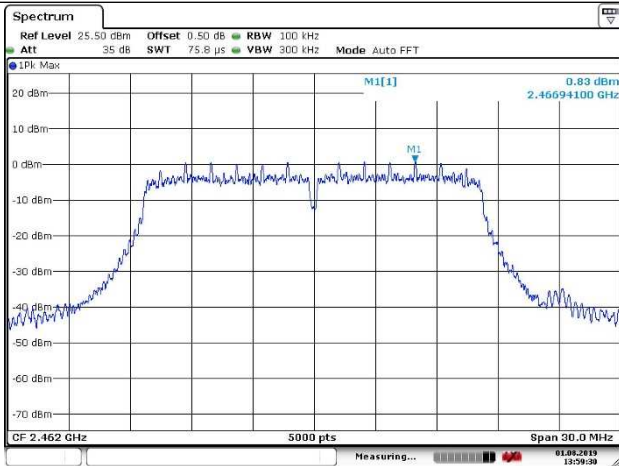
### 802.11g Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 06 (2437MHz)



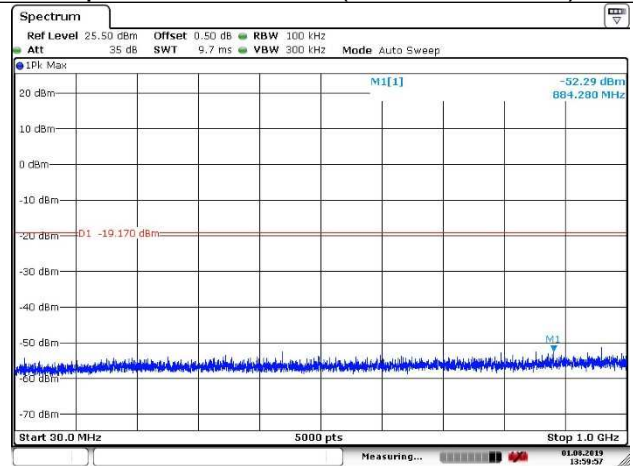


### 802.11g Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)

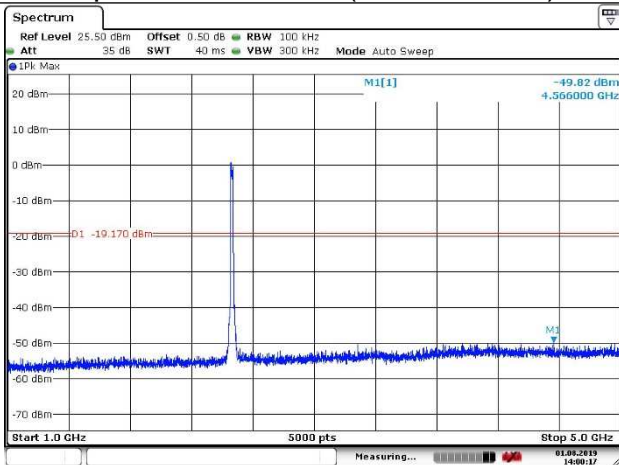
#### Reference level



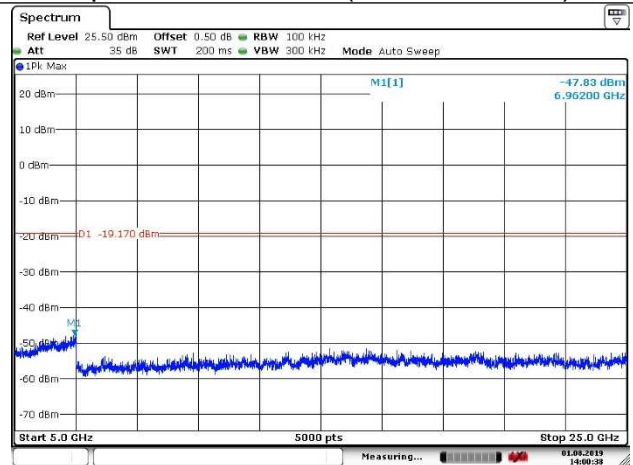
#### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



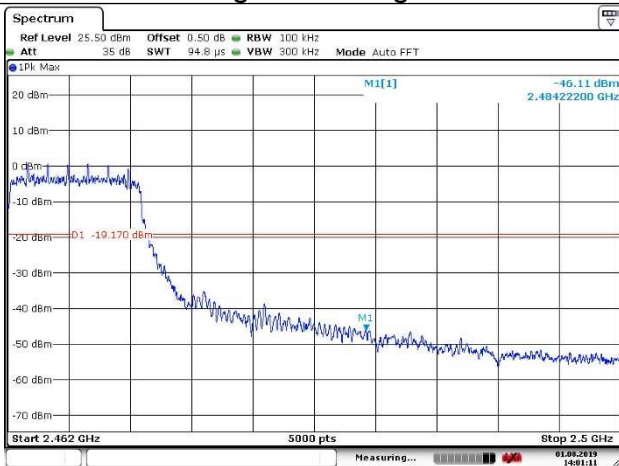
#### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



#### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



#### High band edge



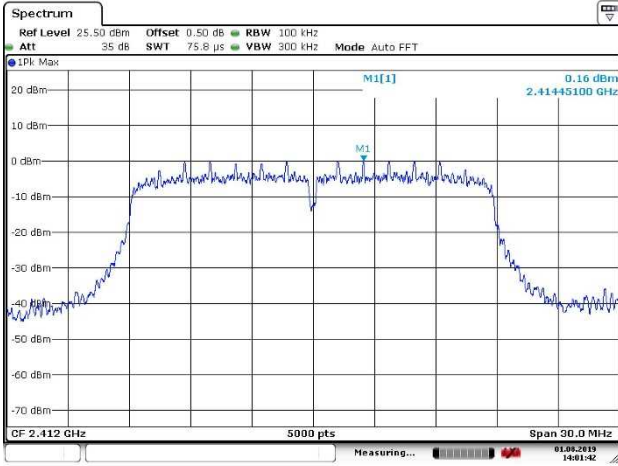


China



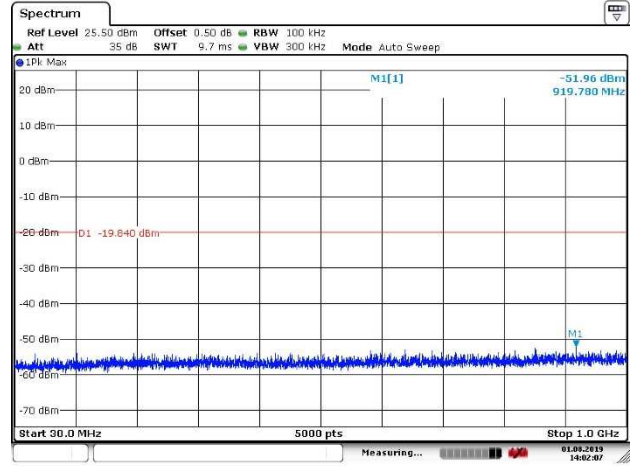
## 802.11n-HT20 Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 01 (2412MHz)

### Reference level



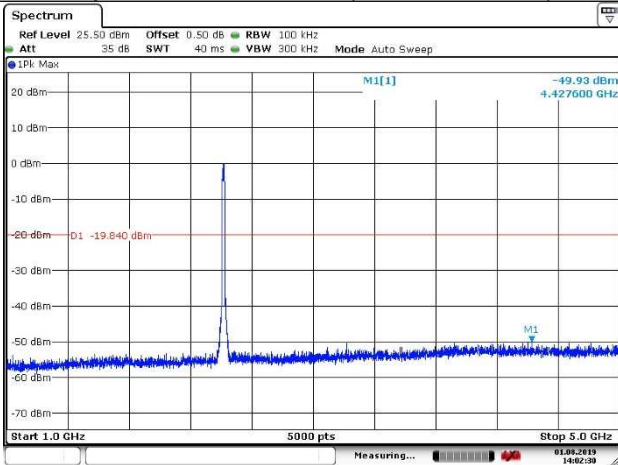
Date: 1.AUG.2019 14:01:42

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



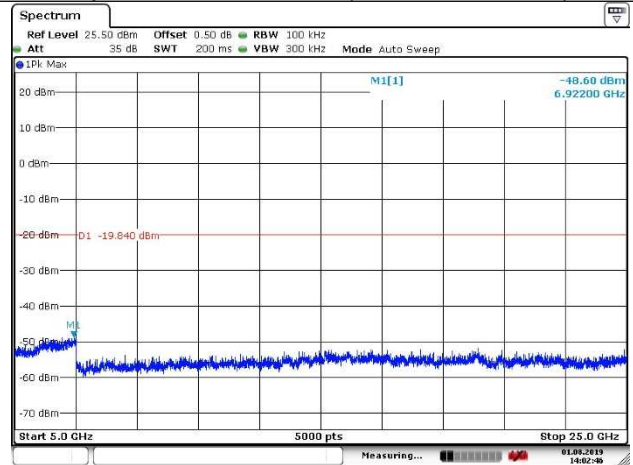
Date: 1.AUG.2019 14:02:08

### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



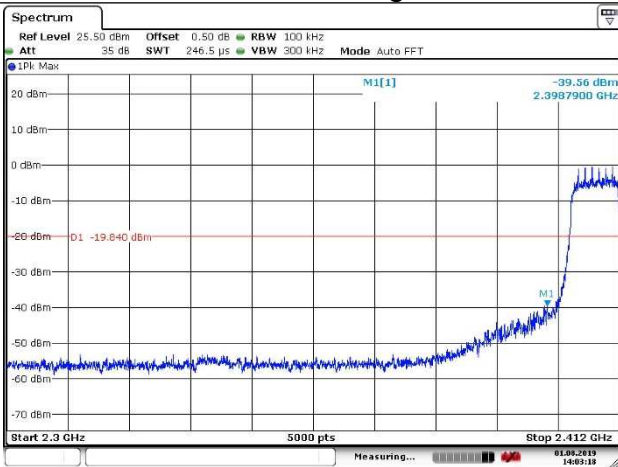
Date: 1.AUG.2019 14:02:30

### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 1.AUG.2019 14:02:46

### Low band edge



Date: 1.AUG.2019 14:03:18

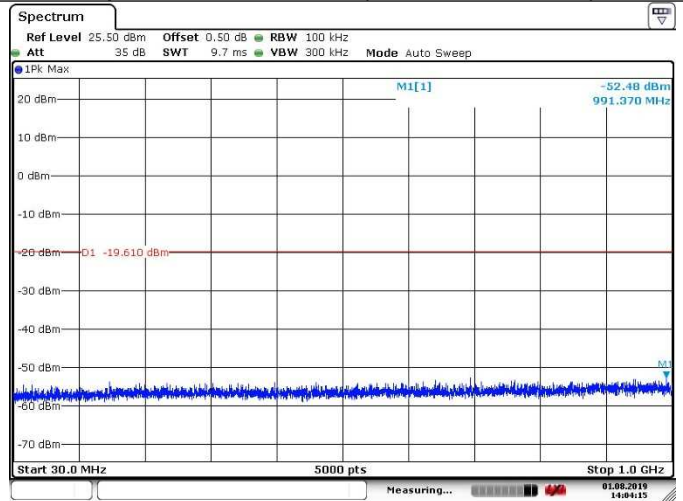
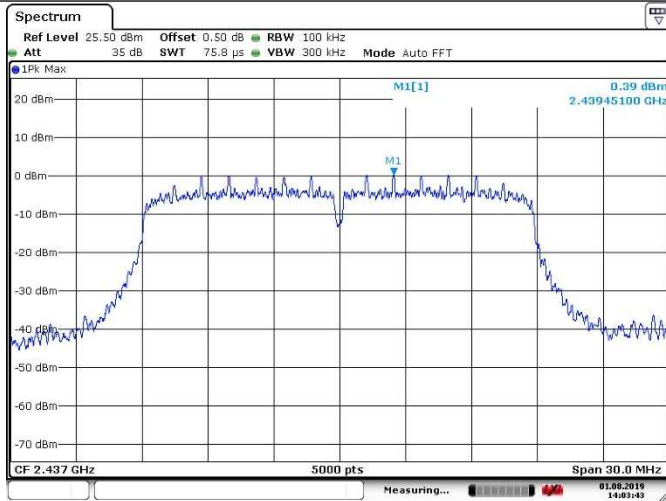




### 802.11n-HT20 Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 06 (2437MHz)

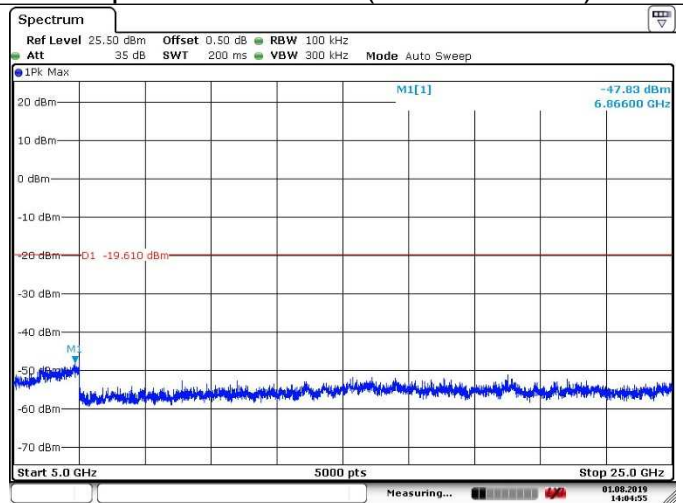
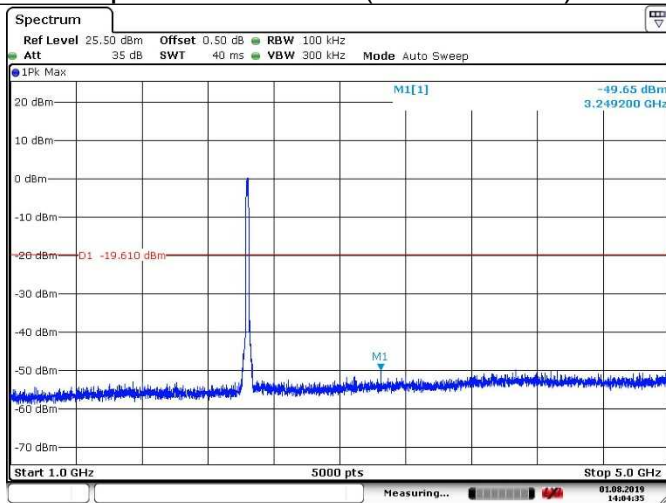
#### Reference level

#### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



#### Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)

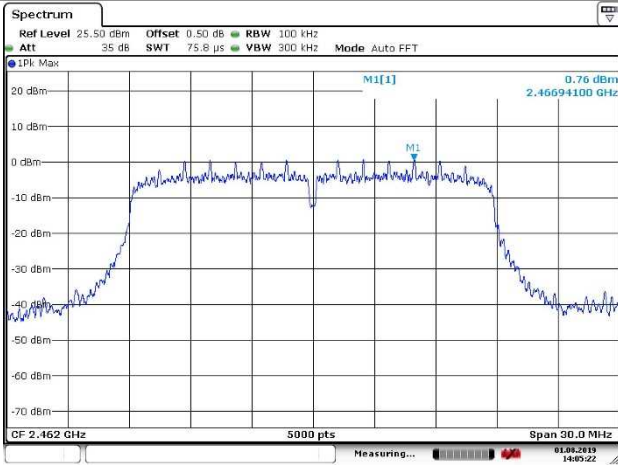
#### Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)



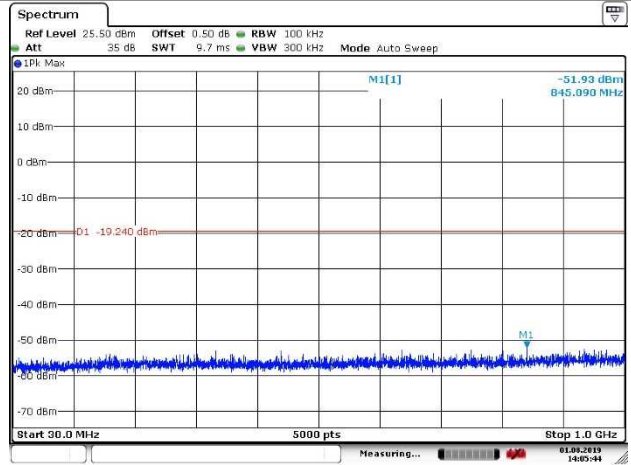


### 802.11n-HT20 Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)

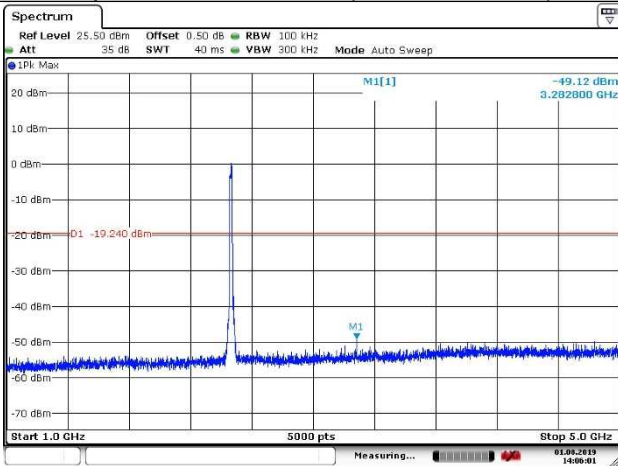
#### Reference level



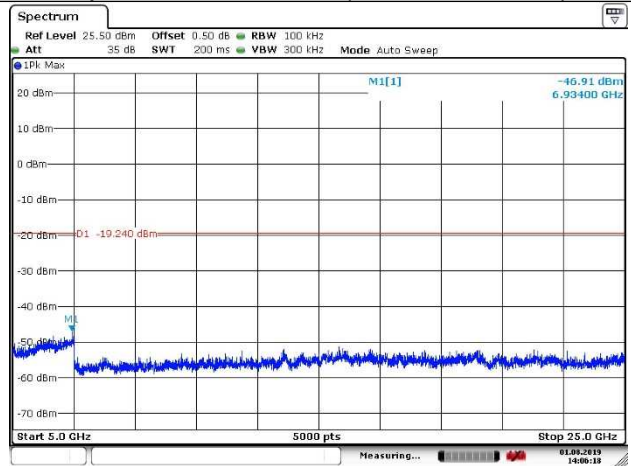
#### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



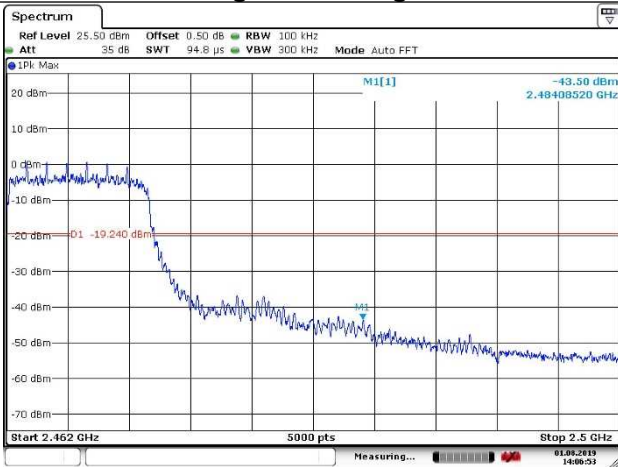
#### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



#### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



#### High band edge



## 9.6 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

### Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference – receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable – height antenna tower.
3. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:

#### For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious  
 RBW = 100 kHz to 120 kHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

#### For Peak unwanted emissions Above 1GHz:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious  
 RBW = 1MHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

#### Procedures for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz

- a) RBW = 1MHz.
- b)  $VBW \geq [3 \times RBW]$ .
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if  $[\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep})] \leq RBW / 2$ . Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of  $1 / D$ , where  $D$  is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)
- g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:



- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[10 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[20 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

**Limit**

The radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section 15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Measured Distance Meters
0.009~0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705~30	30	30

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Field Strength dBuV/m	Detector
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK

### Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

The only worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP, 802.11n HT20 mode) are listed in the report.

#### Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

802.11 n-HT20  
2412MHz

Frequency	Emission Level	Polarization	Limit	Detector	Margin	Result
MHz	dBuV/m		dBμV/m		dBμV/m	
2384	56.5	H	74	PK	17.5	Pass
2390	38.2	H	54	AV	15.8	Pass
4824	44.1	H	74	PK	29.9	Pass
2390	56.7	V	74	PK	17.3	Pass
2390	35.0	V	54	AV	19.0	Pass
4824	46.0	V	74	PK	28.0	Pass

2437MHz

Frequency	Emission Level	Polarization	Limit	Detector	Margin	Result
MHz	dBuV/m		dBμV/m		dBμV/m	
4874	44.9	H	74	PK	29.1	Pass
4874	41.4	V	74	PK	32.6	Pass

2462MHz

Frequency	Emission Level	Polarization	Limit	Detector	Margin	Result
MHz	dBuV/m		dBμV/m		dBμV/m	
2483.5	59.0	H	74	PK	15.0	Pass
2483.5	40.4	H	54	AV	13.6	Pass
4924	43.1	H	74	PK	30.9	Pass
2483.9	57.2	V	74	PK	16.8	Pass
2483.5	37.4	V	54	AV	16.6	Pass
4924	44.9	V	74	PK	29.1	Pass

#### Remark:

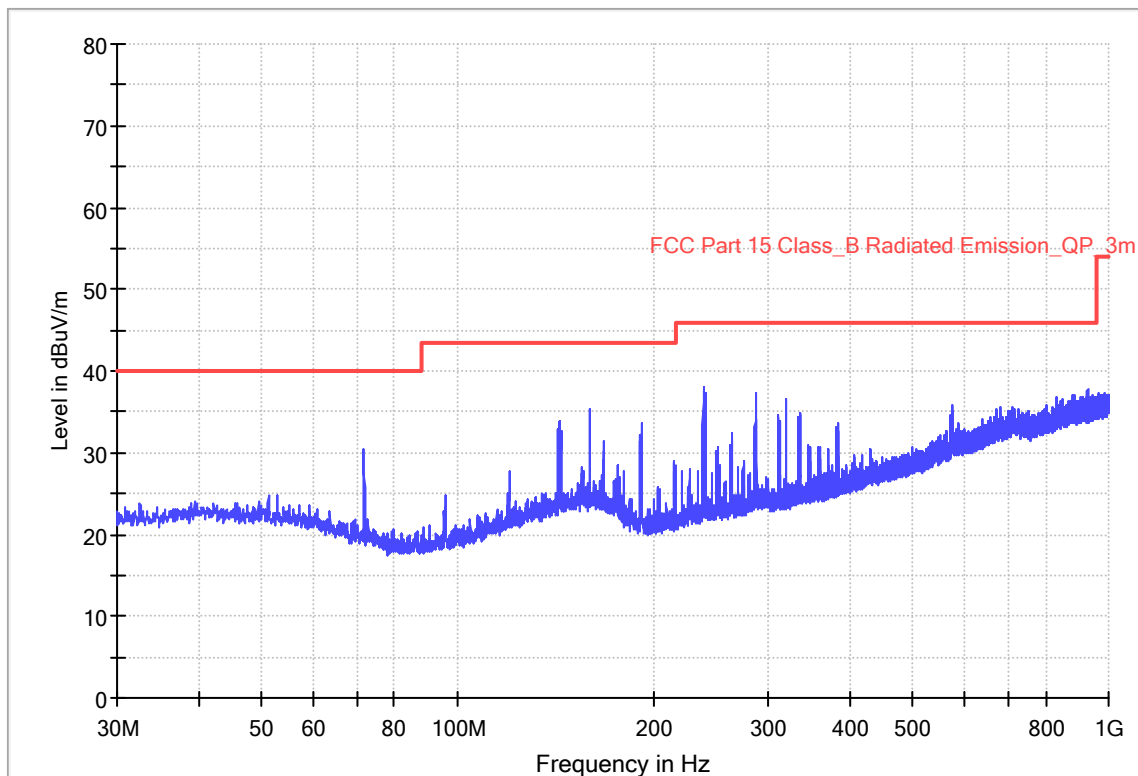
- (1) Above 1GHz: Corrector factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Pre-amplifier  
 Below 1GHz: Corrector factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss  
 Emission Level = Reading level + Correction Factor  
 (The Reading Level is recorded by software which is not shown in the sheet)



The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3 meter chamber	Time: 2019/08/03 - 11:04
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Wenqiang LU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: WIFI Module, Model no: TYLC6E	Power: Power by notebook
Note: Transmit by Wi-Fi at 802.11n HT20 2462MHz.	
Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.	

RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_30-1000



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

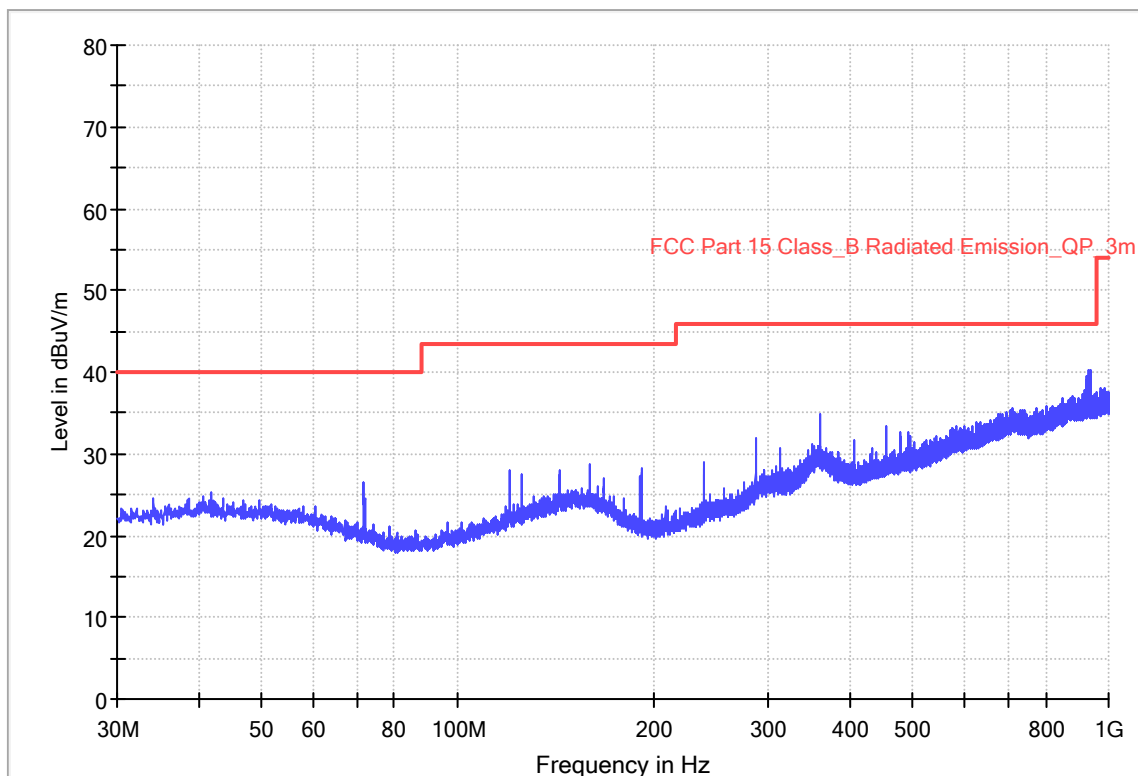
Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.



The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3 meter chamber	Time: 2019/08/03 - 10:57
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Wenqiang LU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: WIFI Module, Model no: TYLC6E	Power: Power by notebook
Note: Transmit by Wi-Fi at 802.11n HT20 2462MHz.	
Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.	

RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_30-1000



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.



## 10 Test Equipment List

### List of Test Instruments

Test Site1

	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE
C	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Wideband power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	104782	2018-12-28	2019-12-27
RE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2019-3-16	2022-3-15
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2018-6-11	2021-4-1
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18D	19006451	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2019-6-28	2020-6-27
	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C-PA	002222727	2018-1-29	2021-1-28
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6	----	2018-5-11	2021-5-10
CE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
Measurement Software Information						
Test Item	Software	Manufacturer	Version			
C	Power Viewer	Rohde & Schwarz	V 11.0			
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.00			
CE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.03			

#### C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density\*
- Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions





## 11 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, $\pm 3.16\text{dB}$
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, $\pm 5.03\text{dB}$ (Horizontal) $\pm 5.12\text{dB}$ (Vertical) 1GHz to 18GHz, $\pm 5.49\text{dB}$ 18GHz to 25GHz, $\pm 4.76\text{dB}$



## 12 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



## 13 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

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THE END