

Assessment report No:
NIE: 54875RAN.002A1

Assessment report (Modification 1) RF EXPOSURE REPORT ACCORDING TO FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091 ISED RSS -102 Issue 5:2015

Identification of item tested.....:	Electronic opener
Trademark	Hailo
Model and /or type reference	Libero 2.0
Other identification of the product	FCC ID: 2AN9TLibero20 IC: 23468-LIBERO20
Final HW version	1.0
Final SW version	1.0
Features	Not provided data
Applicant	HS42 GMBH Steinkamp 22, 26203 Oldenburg, Germany
Test method requested, standard.....:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices. ISED RSS-102 Issue 5 (2015-03) – Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Approved by (name / position & signature)	Miguel Lacave Antennas Lab Manager
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Competences and guarantees

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DEKRA guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at DEKRA at the time of performance of the test.

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The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

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Identification of the client

HS42 GMBH

Steinkamp 22, 26203 Oldenburg, Germany

Modifications to the reference test report

It was introduced the following modifications in respect to the test report number 54875RAN.002, in the next clauses and sub-clauses:

Clauses / Sub-clauses	Modification	Justification
General description of the device under evaluation	Updated antenna gain.	Previous antenna gain value was not correct.
Appendix A FCC MPE Evaluation Results. Assessment 1 – 802.11b/g/n – 2450 MHz	Updated antenna gain.	Previous antenna gain value was not correct.
Appendix B ISED MPE Evaluation Results. Assessment 1 – 802.11b/g/n – 2450 MHz	Updated antenna gain.	Previous antenna gain value was not correct.

This modification test report cancels and replaces the test report 54875RAN.002.

General description of the device under evaluation

The device under assessment consists of a device capable of opening garbage drawers used in kitchens. Triggered by sensor, remote, or app. It is also possible to change some values by app.

According to the manufacturer, the minimum separation distance between the radiating antennas and the user, will be greater than 10 m. In order to perform the assessment, a more conservative distance of 20 cm has been used for the calculations.

The equipment specifications declared by the manufacturer for the supported Wi-Fi feature are:

Band (MHz)	Transmission Frequency (MHz)	Technology	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)	Maximum E.I.R.P. (dBm)
2450	2437.0	802.11 b/g/n	13.5	+3.0	16.5

Table 1: Equipment specifications

Assessment summary

Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits			
FCC 47 CFR § 2.1091 & ISED RSS-102 Issue 5 (2015-03)			
Band (MHz)	Technology	Band	VERDICT (Pass/Fail)
2450	802.11 b/g/n	ISM	Pass

Table 2: Assessment summary

Appendix A – FCC RF Exposure

FCC RF Exposure evaluation for mobile devices

Devices operating in standalone mobile device exposure conditions may contain a single transmitter or multiple transmitters that do not transmit simultaneously. A minimum test separation distance ≥ 20 cm is required between the antenna and radiating structures of the device and nearby persons to apply mobile device exposure limits. The distance must be at least 20 cm and fully supported by the operating and installation configurations of the transmitter and its antenna(s), according to the source-based time-averaged maximum power requirements of § 2.1091(d)(2). In cases where cable losses or other attenuations are applied to determine compliance, the most conservative operating configurations and exposure conditions must be evaluated. The minimum test separation distance required for a device to comply with mobile device exposure conditions must be clearly identified in the installation and operating instructions, for all installation and exposure conditions, to enable users and installers to comply with RF exposure requirements. For mobile devices that have the potential to operate in portable device exposure conditions, similar to the configurations described in § 2.1091(d)(4), a KDB inquiry is required to determine the SAR test requirements for demonstrating compliance.

When a device qualifies for the categorical exclusion provision of § 2.1091(c), the minimum test separation distance may be estimated, when applicable, by simple calculations according to plane-wave equivalent conditions, to ensure the transmitter and its antenna(s) can operate in manners that meet or exceed the estimated distance. The source-based time-averaged maximum radiated power, according to the maximum antenna gain, must be applied to calculate the field strength and power density required to establish the minimum test separation distance. When the estimated test separation distance becomes overly conservative and does not support compliance, MPE measurement or computational modeling may be used to determine the required minimum separation distance.

According to §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits, paragraph (e), the limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields are:

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	* 100	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	* 900/f ²	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1,500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1,500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	* 100	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	* 180/f ²	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1,500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1,500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz * = Plane-wave equivalent power density

FCC MPE Evaluation Results

Each supported transmission technology will be evaluated to determine if it is in compliance with limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields.

In order to perform the assessment, the following equations have been used for the calculations; these equations are accurate in the far-field of an antenna but will over-predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a "worst case" or conservative prediction:

$$\text{Power density: } S[mW / cm^2] = \frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[mW]}{4\pi R[cm]^2}$$

$$\text{Minimum compliance distance: } R_{\min}[cm] = \sqrt{\frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[mW]}{4\pi S[mW / cm^2]}}$$

Where:

S = power density

$P_{E.I.R.P.}$ = Equivalent isotropically radiated power

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (evaluation distance)

R_{\min} = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Assessment 1 – 802.11 b/g/n – 2450 MHz

Minimum use distance (cm):	20.0
Worst Case Frequency (MHz):	2437
Maximum EIRP (dBm):	16.50
Maximum EIRP (mW):	44.67
General population - Power density limit (mW/cm ²):	1.0

Power density at minimum use distance:

Power density (mW/cm ²):	0.009
General population - Power density limit (mW/cm ²):	1.0
Verdict for general population:	PASS

The power density level for this transmission mode is below general population exposure power density limit.

Minimum compliance distance for this technology:

Minimum distance for general public (cm):	1.89
Minimum use distance (cm):	20.0
Verdict for general population :	PASS

The minimum use distance is greater than general population exposure minimum compliance distance.

Appendix B – ISED RF Exposure

ISED RF Exposure evaluation for mobile devices

According to RSS-102 Issue 5, Paragraph “4. Exposure Limits”, Industry of Canada has adopted the RF field strength limits established in Health Canada’s RF exposure guideline, Safety code 6:

**Table 4: RF Field Strength Limits for Devices Used by the General Public
 (Uncontrolled Environment)**

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m ²)	Reference Period (minutes)
0.003-10 ²¹	83	90	-	Instantaneous*
0.1-10	-	0.73/ <i>f</i>	-	6**
1.1-10	87/ <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	-	-	6**
10-20	27.46	0.0728	2	6
20-48	58.07/ <i>f</i> ^{0.25}	0.1540/ <i>f</i> ^{0.25}	8.944/ <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	6
48-300	22.06	0.05852	1.291	6
300-6000	3.142 <i>f</i> ^{0.3417}	0.008335 <i>f</i> ^{0.3417}	0.02619 <i>f</i> ^{0.6834}	6
6000-15000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15000-150000	61.4	0.163	10	616000/ <i>f</i> ^{1.2}
150000-300000	0.158 <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	4.21 x 10 ⁻⁴ <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	6.67 x 10 ⁻⁵ <i>f</i>	616000/ <i>f</i> ^{1.2}
Note: <i>f</i> is frequency in MHz. *Based on nerve stimulation (NS). ** Based on specific absorption rate (SAR).				

ISED MPE Evaluation Results

Each supported transmission technology will be evaluated to determine if it is in compliance with RSS-102 Issue 5, RF Field Strength Limits for devices used by the General Public.

In order to perform the assessment, the following equations have been used for the calculations; these equations are accurate in the far-field of an antenna but will over-predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a "worst case" or conservative prediction:

$$\text{Power density: } S[W/m^2] = \frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[W]}{4\pi R[m]^2}$$

$$\text{Minimum compliance distance: } R_{\min}[m] = \sqrt{\frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[W]}{4\pi S[W/m^2]}}$$

Where:

S = power density

$P_{E.I.R.P.}$ = Equivalent isotropically radiated power

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (evaluation distance)

R_{\min} = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Assessment 1 – 802.11b/g/n – 2450 MHz

Minimum use distance (m):	0.2
Worst Case Frequency (MHz):	2437.0
Maximum EIRP (dBm):	16.50
Maximum EIRP (W):	0.04
General public - Power density limit (W/m ²):	5.40

Power density at minimum use distance:

Power density (W/m ²):	0.089
General public - Power density limit (W/m ²):	5.40
Verdict for general public:	PASS

The power density level for this transmission mode is below general public power density limit.

Minimum compliance distance for this technology:

Minimum distance for general public (m):	0.026
Minimum use distance (m):	0.2
Verdict for general public:	PASS

The minimum use distance is greater than general public minimum compliance distance.