



TEST REPORT

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR23-SRF0192 Page (1) of (33)	 KCTL
1. Client		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Name : SEMES ◦ Address : 77, 4sandan 5-gil, Jiksan-eup, Seobuk-gu, Cheonan-si, Chungcheongnam-do, Cheonan-si, South Korea ◦ Date of Receipt : 2023-07-11 		
2. Use of Report : Certificate		
3. Name of Product / Model : Smart Particle Counter / SPC-100		
4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin : IGS Inc. / Korea		
5. FCC ID : 2AN5B-SPC-100		
6. Date of Test : 2023-07-18 to 2023-07-19		
7. Location of Test : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanent Testing Lab <input type="checkbox"/> On Site Testing (Address: 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)		
8. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247		
9. Test Result : Refer to the test result in the test report		
Affirmation	Tested by  Name : Jongyeop Kim (Signature)	Technical Manager  Name : Heesu Ahn (Signature)
2023-07-31		
Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.		
As a test result of the sample which was submitted from the client, this report does not guarantee the whole product quality. This test report should not be used and copied without a written agreement by Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.		

REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2023-07-31	Originally issued	-

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. This document may be altered or revised by Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This test report is a general report that does not use the KOLAS accreditation mark and is not related to KS Q ISO/IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

Procedure number, issue date and title:


Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

CONTENTS

1.	General information	4
2.	Device information	4
2.1.	Accessory information	5
2.2.	Frequency/channel operations.....	5
3.	Antenna requirement	6
4.	Summary of tests	7
5.	Measurement uncertainty	8
6.	Test results	9
6.1.	Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands.....	9
6.2.	AC Conducted emission	31
7.	Measurement equipment	33



<p>Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr</p>	<p>Report No.: KR23-SRF0192 Page (4) of (33)</p>	
--	--	---

1. General information

Client : SEMES
Address : 77, 4sandan 5-gil, Jiksan-eup, Seobuk-gu, Cheonan-si, Chungcheongnam-do, Cheonan-si, South Korea
Manufacturer : IGS Inc.
Address : B-307, 308, 67, Saebitgongwon-ro, Gwangmyeong-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea
Laboratory : Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.
Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
CAB Identifier: KR0040, ISED Number: 8035A
KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test : Smart Particle Counter
Model : SPC-100
Modulation technique : DSSS, OFDM
Number of channels : 11 ch
Power source : DC 12 V
Antenna specification : Dipole Antenna
Antenna gain : 3.698 dBi
Frequency range : 2 412 MHz ~ 2 472 MHz (802.11b/g/n_HT20)
Software version : REV.01
Hardware version : REV.01
Test device serial No. : #SEM-0001
Operation temperature : 10 °C ~ 60 °C

2.1. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
Class 2 Power supply	GUANGDONG KEERDA ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD	DZ024FDL120200F	-	INPUT: 100-240V~50/60 Hz 0.8A OUTPUT:12.0V, 2.0A 24.0W

2.2. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:

WLAN 2.4 GHz_802.11b/g/n HT20

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
01	2 412
⋮	⋮
06	2 437
⋮	⋮
11	2 462

Table 2.2.1. 802.11b/g/n_HT20 mode

3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has permanently attached Dipole Antenna (External antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.



4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule Referene	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.205(a), 15.209(a)	RSS-Gen (8.9), (8.10)	Spurious emission	Radiated	Pass
		Band-edge, restricted band		Pass

Notes:

- For other test items, please refer to the certificated module test report.
 - Report No.CTK-2023-01256 issued on June 8, 2023 by CTK Co.,Ltd.
- According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that **X** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **X** orientation
- The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ANSI C63.10-2013
 - KDB 662911 D01 v02r01
- The worst-case data rate were:
 - 802.11b mode: 1Mbps
 - 802.11g mode: 6Mbps
 - 802.11n_HT20 mode: MCS0

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (\pm)	
Radiated spurious emissions	Below 30 MHz:	2.3 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.5 dB
	1 000 MHz ~ 18 000 MHz	4.7 dB
	Above 18 000 MHz	4.8 dB

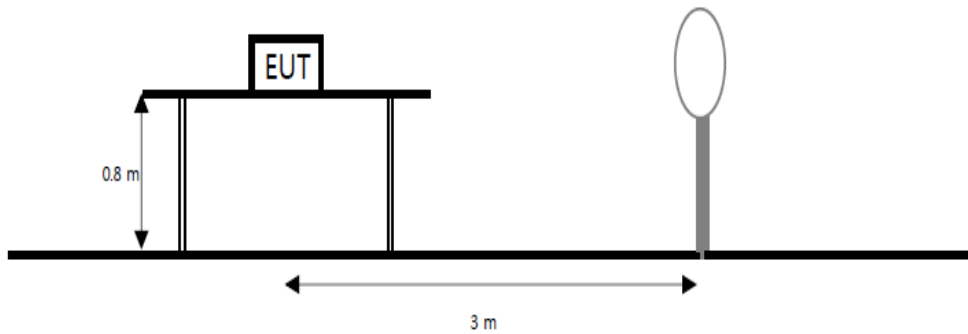


6. Test results

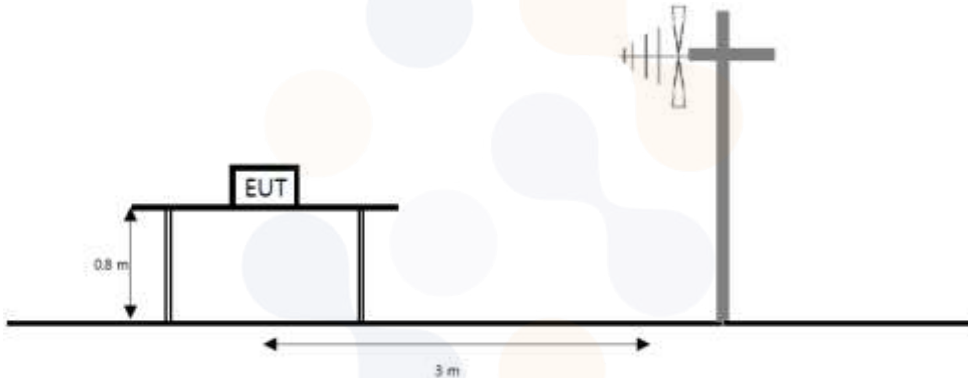
6.1. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

Test setup

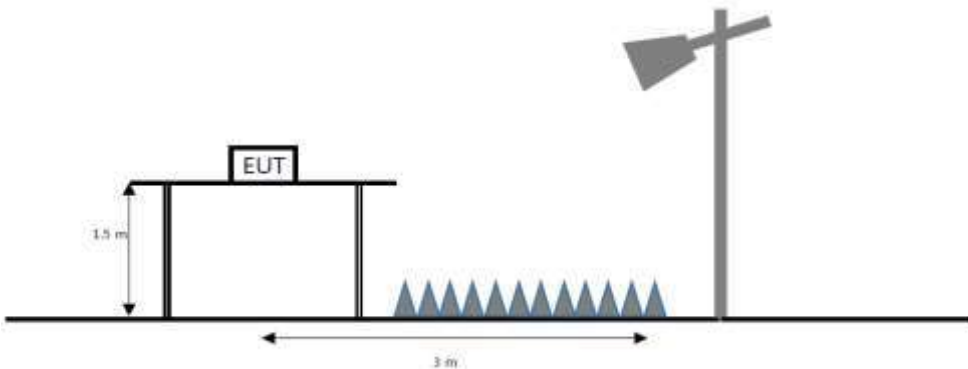
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz emissions, whichever is lower.



Limit

According to section 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength ($\mu V/m$)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section 15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 - 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 - 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 - 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 - 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 - 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 - 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 - 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 - 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 - 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 - 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 - 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 - 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 - 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 - 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 MHz, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Test settings

Peak field strength measurements

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = as specified in table
3. VBW \geq (3 \times RBW)
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 MHz to 30 MHz	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

Average field strength measurements

Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power


If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (D \geq 98%), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
2. VBW \geq (3 \times RBW).
3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] \leq (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (D \geq 98%) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than $\pm 2\%$), then the following procedure shall be used:

1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
3. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
4. VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] \leq (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

<p align="center">Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr</p>	<p align="center">Report No.: KR23-SRF0192 Page (12) of (33)</p>	
---	--	---

6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
7. Sweep time = auto.
8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $[20 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ($D \geq 98\%$) rather than turning ON and OFF with with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

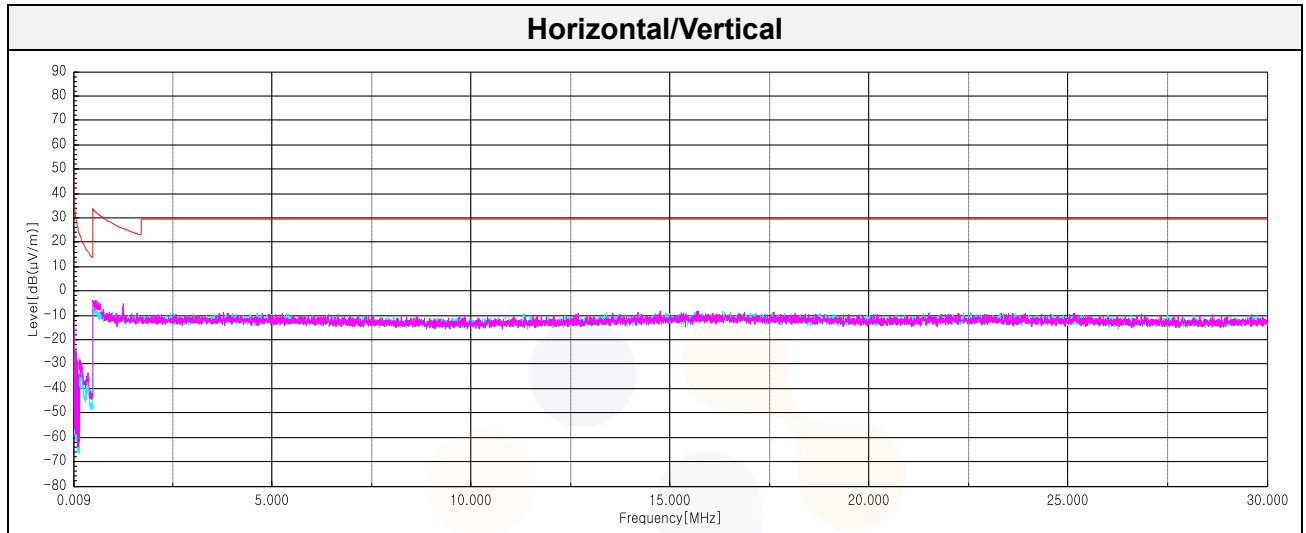
Notes:

1. $f < 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40 \log(D_m/D_s)$
 $f \geq 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20 \log(D_m/D_s)$
Where:
 F_d = Distance factor in dB
 D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 D_s = Specification distance in meters
2. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or F_d (dB)
3. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
5. ¹⁾ means restricted band.
6. Below 30 MHz frequency range, In order to search for the worst result, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported. when the emission level was higher than 20 dB of the limit, then the following statement shall be made: "No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit."

Test results

Test results (Below 30 MHz) –Worst case: 802.11g mode / 2 462 MHz

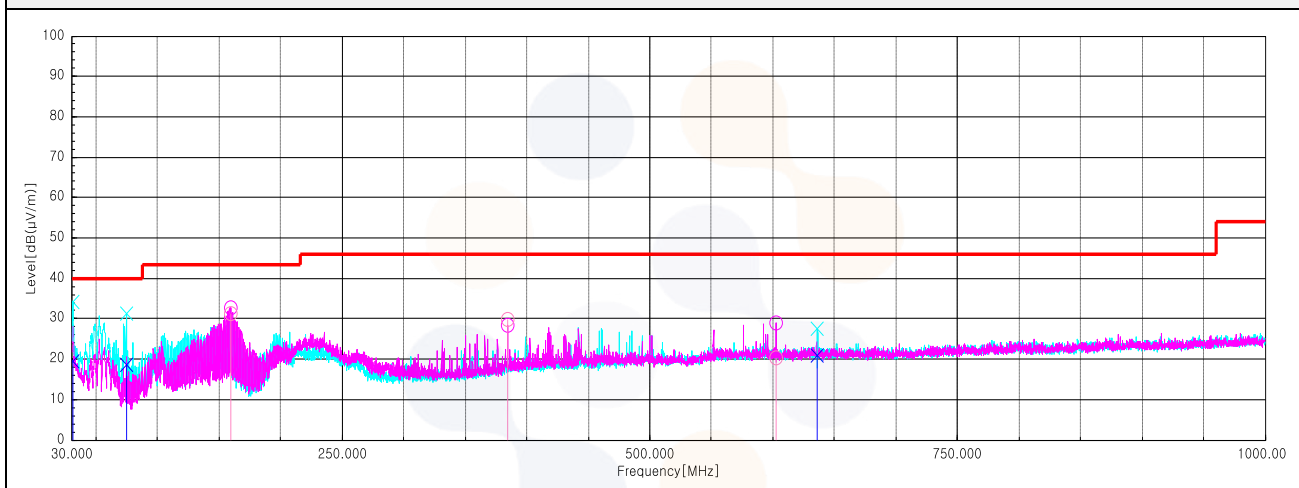
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. +Cable	Distance Factor	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(μV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(μV/m)]	[dB(μV/m)]	[dB]
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.									



Test results (Below 1 000 MHz) – Worst case: 802.11g mode / 2 462 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data								
31.33	V	27.60	24.10	-32.25	-	19.45	40.00	20.55
74.50 ¹⁾	V	38.10	12.35	-31.73	-	18.72	40.00	21.28
159.74	H	46.90	16.10	-31.73	-	31.27	43.50	12.23
384.66	H	40.00	21.13	-31.31	-	29.82	46.00	16.18
602.79	H	26.70	24.60	-30.95	-	20.35	46.00	25.65
636.37	V	26.70	24.90	-30.82	-	20.78	46.00	25.22

Horizontal/Vertical

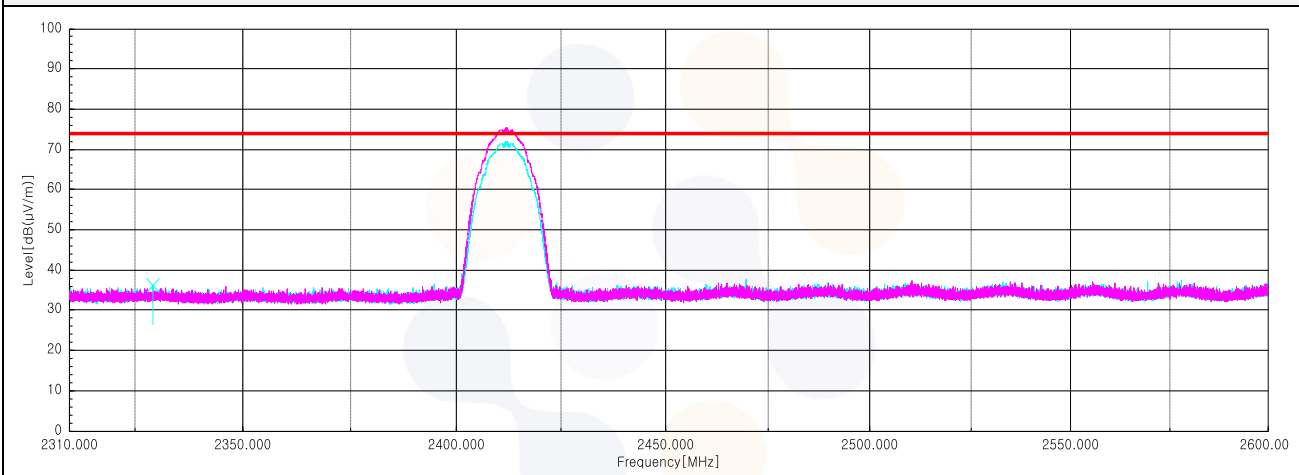


Test results (Above 1 000 MHz)

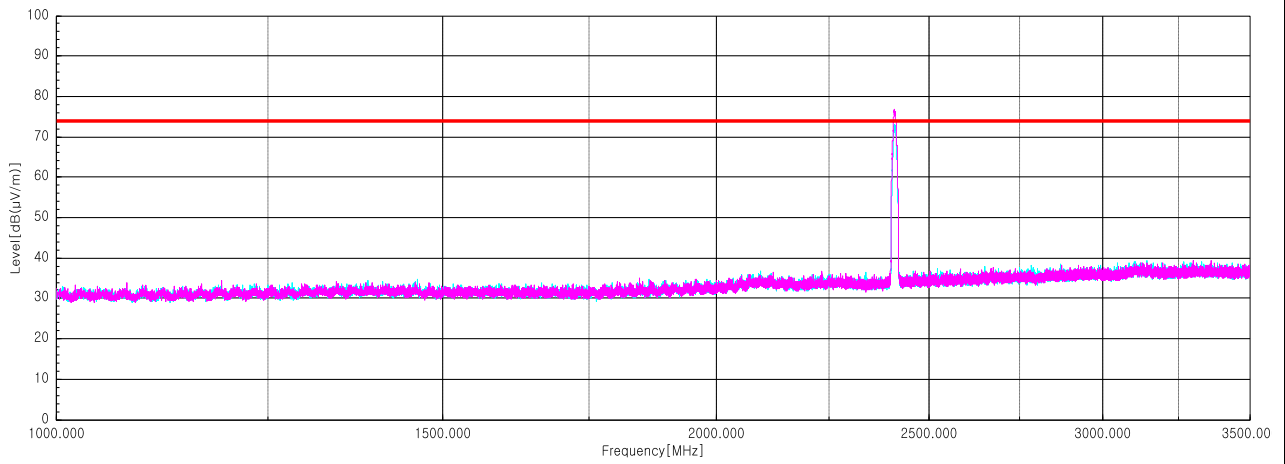
802.11b_2 412 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dB(μV))	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. + Cable (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dB($\mu V/m$))	Limit (dB($\mu V/m$))	Margin (dB)
Peak data								
2 329.14 ¹⁾	V	42.10	27.10	-32.81	-	36.39	74.00	37.61
4 823.85 ¹⁾	H	55.40	32.25	-42.33	-	45.32	74.00	28.68
7 174.30	V	51.90	36.85	-41.07	-	47.68	74.00	26.32
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

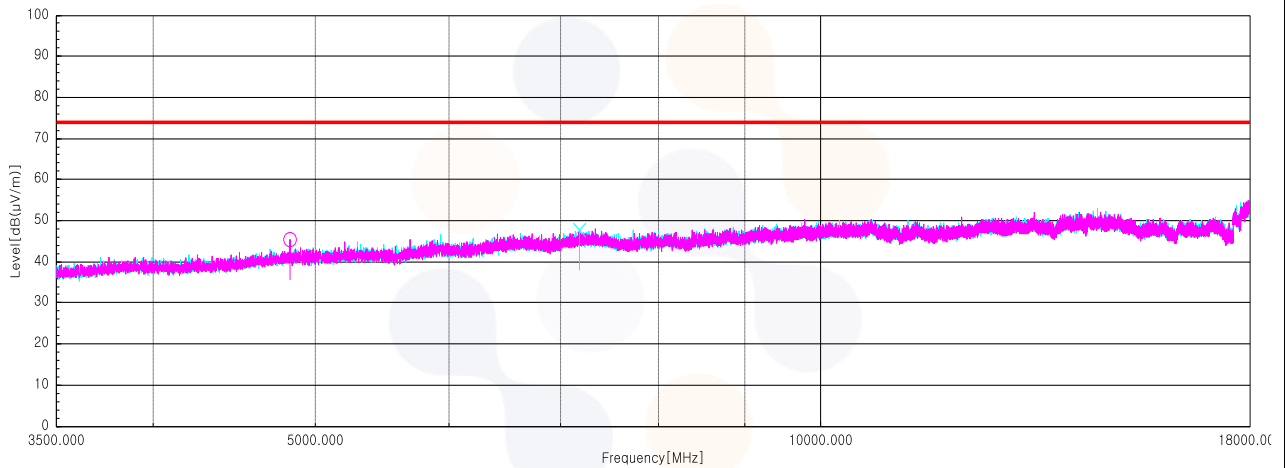
Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



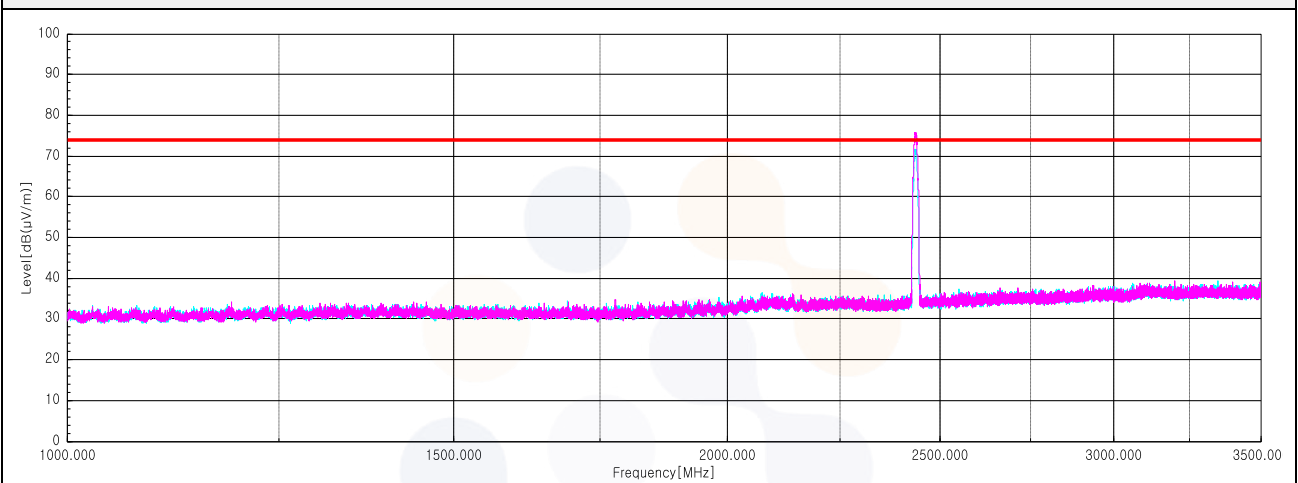
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



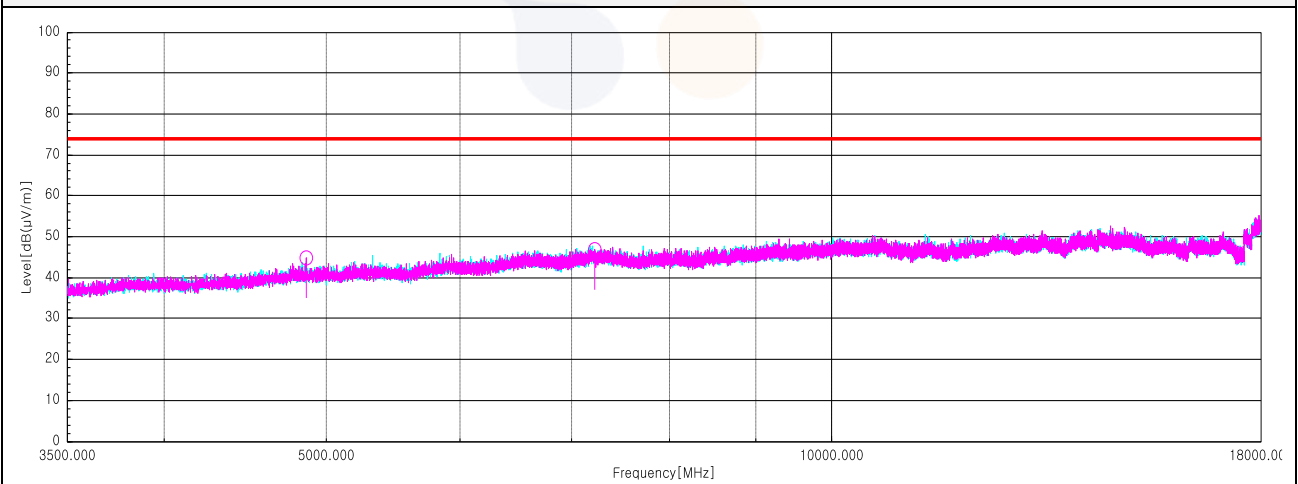
802.11b_2 437 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
4 863.48 ¹⁾	H	54.60	32.45	-42.35	-	44.70	74.00	29.30
7 220.70	H	51.20	36.84	-41.11	-	46.93	74.00	27.07
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



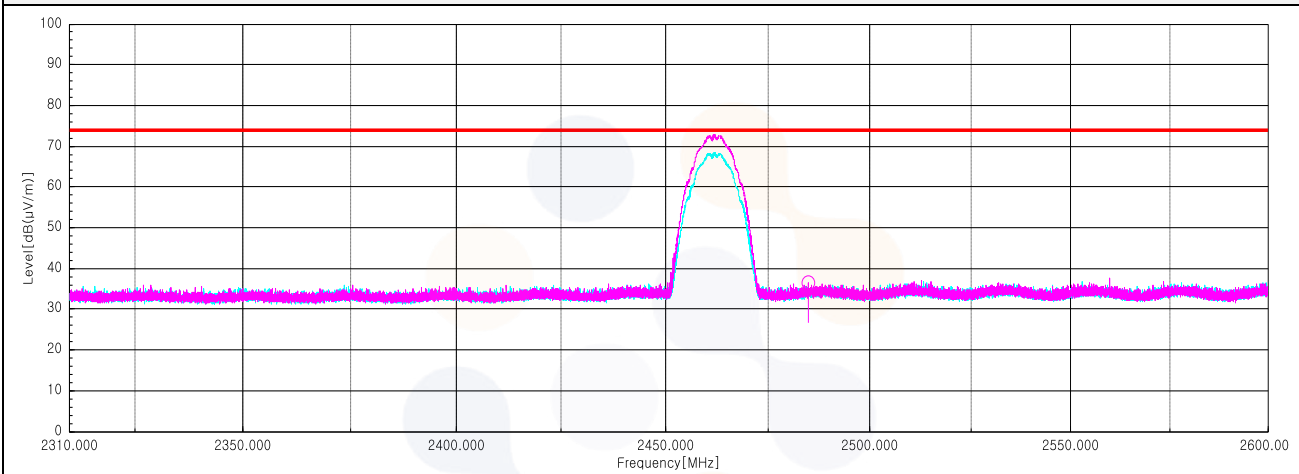
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



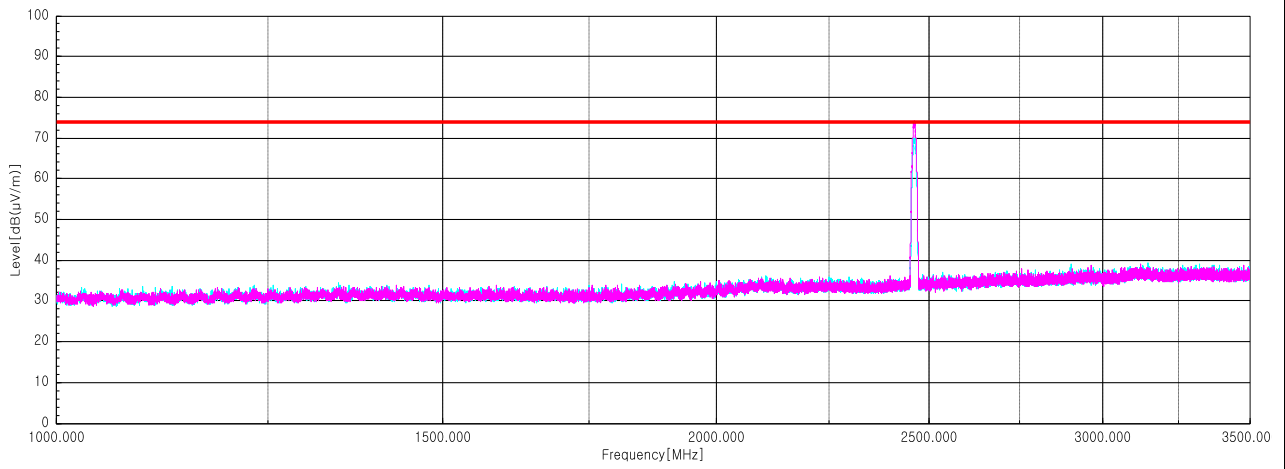
802.11b_2 462 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 484.74 ¹⁾	H	41.10	27.85	-32.58	-	36.37	74.00	37.63
4 923.42 ¹⁾	H	53.10	32.84	-42.42	-	43.52	74.00	30.48
7 363.77 ¹⁾	H	52.00	36.54	-41.24	-	47.30	74.00	26.70
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

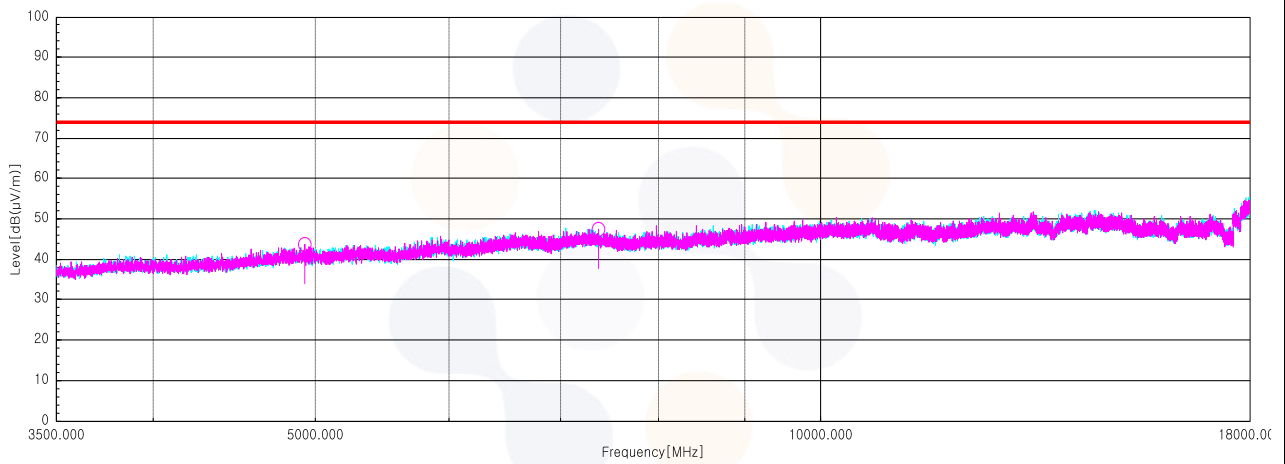
Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



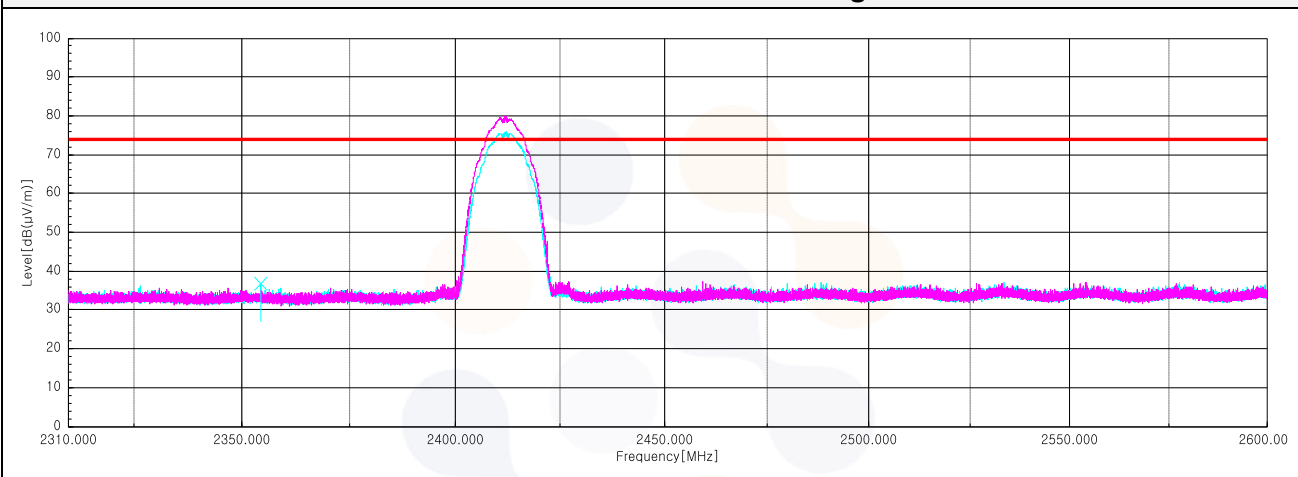
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



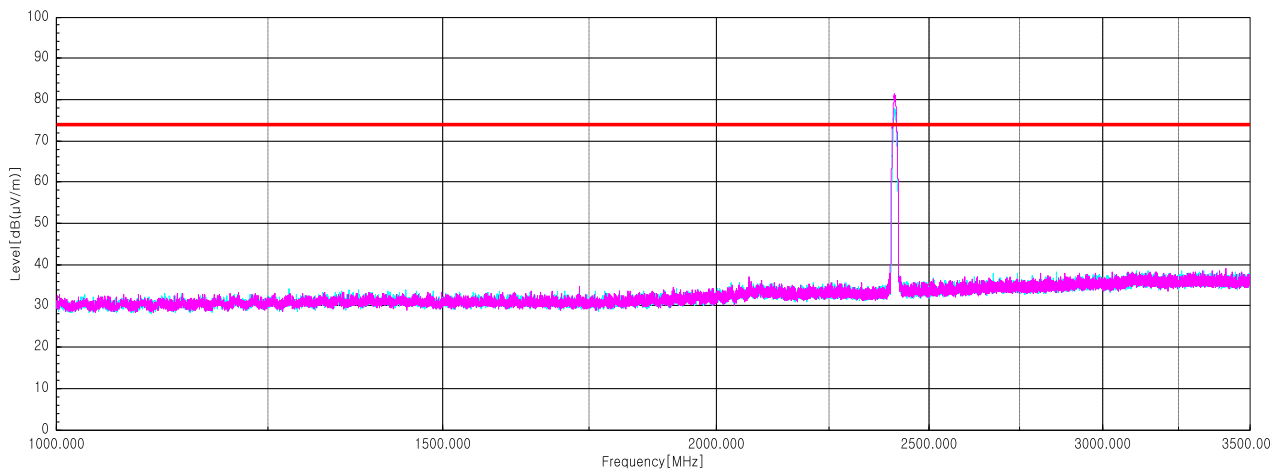
802.11g_2 412 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 354.28 ¹⁾	V	42.60	26.90	-32.83	-	36.67	74.00	37.33
4 823.37 ¹⁾	H	55.90	32.25	-42.33	-	45.82	74.00	28.18
7 204.27	H	51.70	36.81	-41.09	-	47.42	74.00	26.58
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

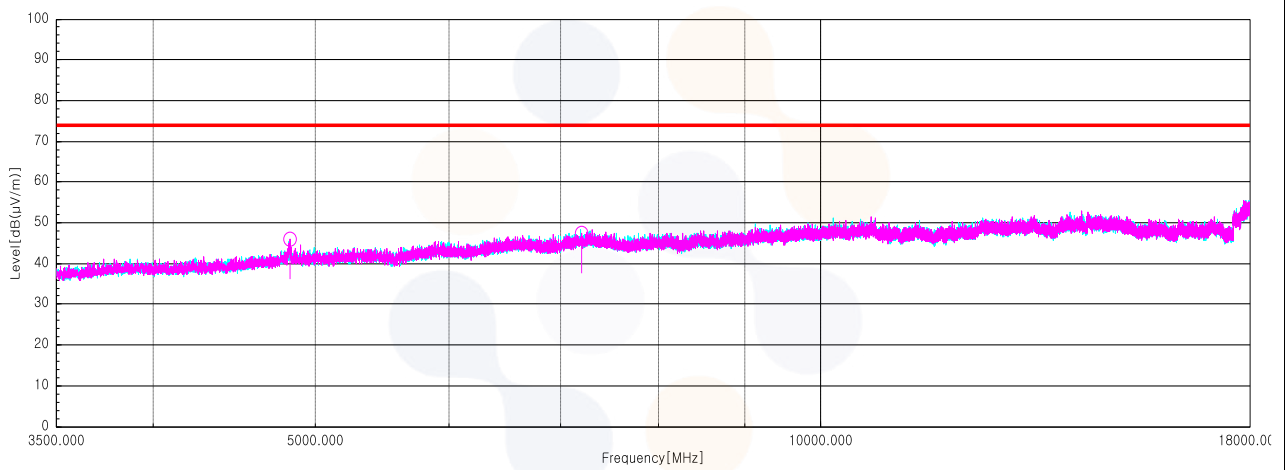
Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



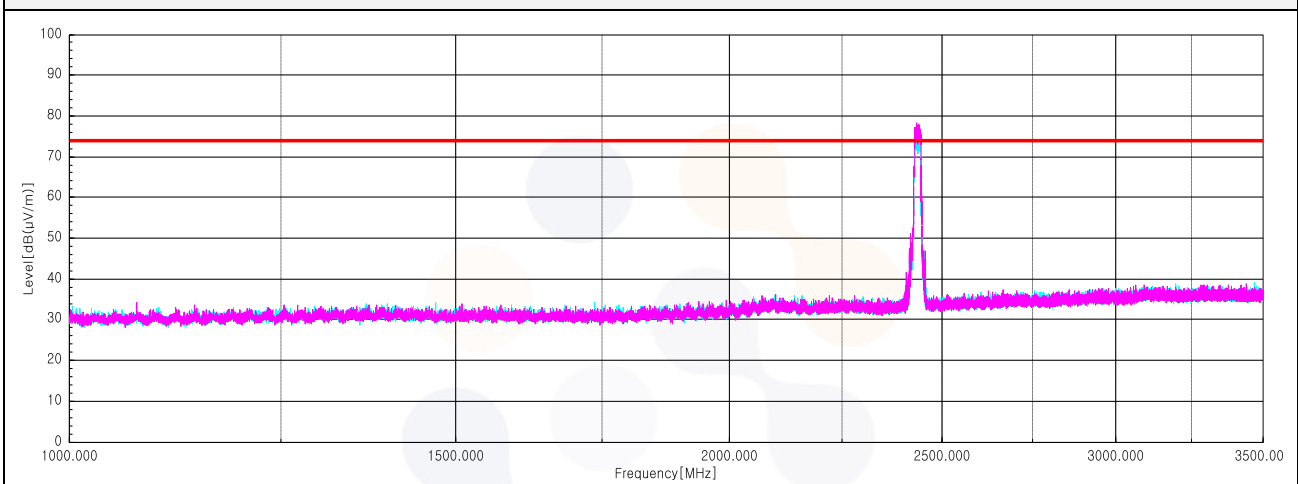
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



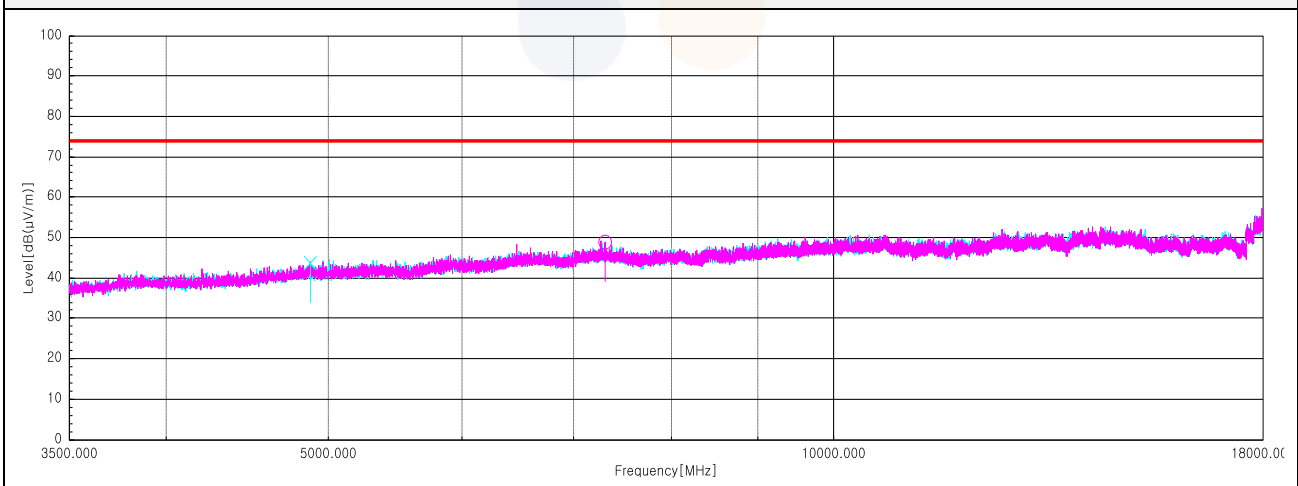
802.11g_2 437 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
4 874.60 ¹⁾	V	53.40	32.50	-42.36	-	43.54	74.00	30.46
7 304.80 ¹⁾	H	53.20	36.79	-41.18	-	48.81	74.00	25.19
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



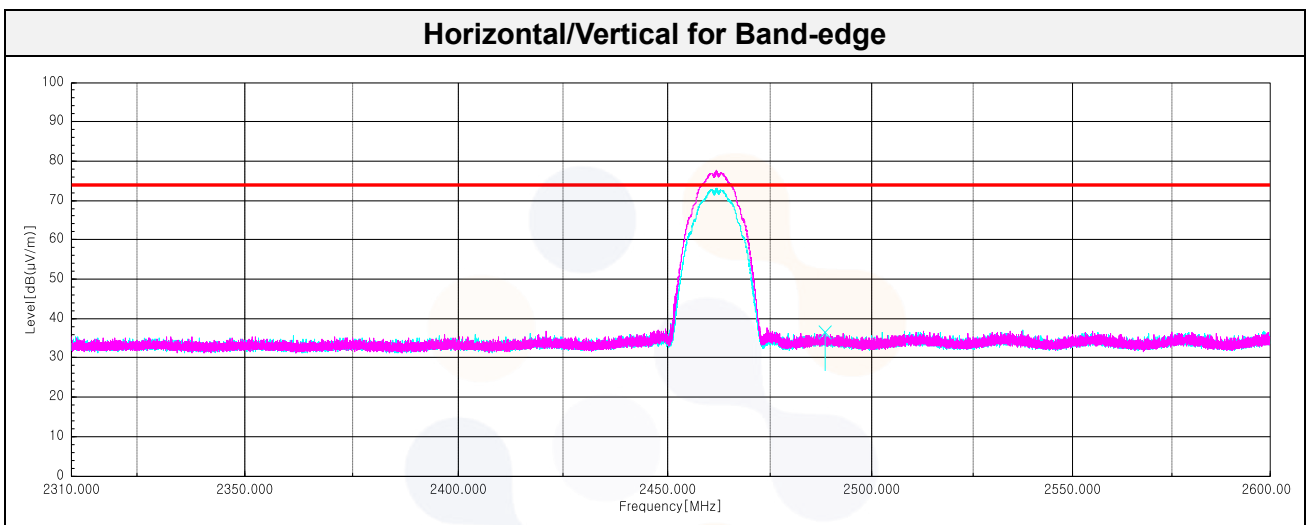
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



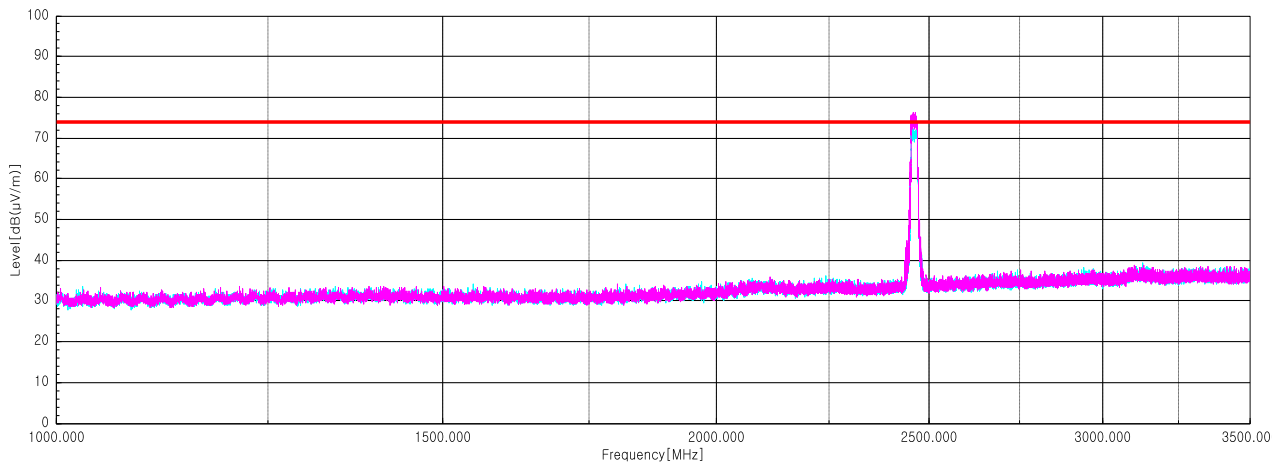
802.11g_2 462 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 488.38 ¹⁾	V	41.20	27.88	-32.57	-	36.51	74.00	37.49
4 936.95 ¹⁾	H	53.40	32.92	-42.44	-	43.88	74.00	30.12
7 431.92 ¹⁾	H	52.20	36.44	-41.30	-	47.34	74.00	26.66
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

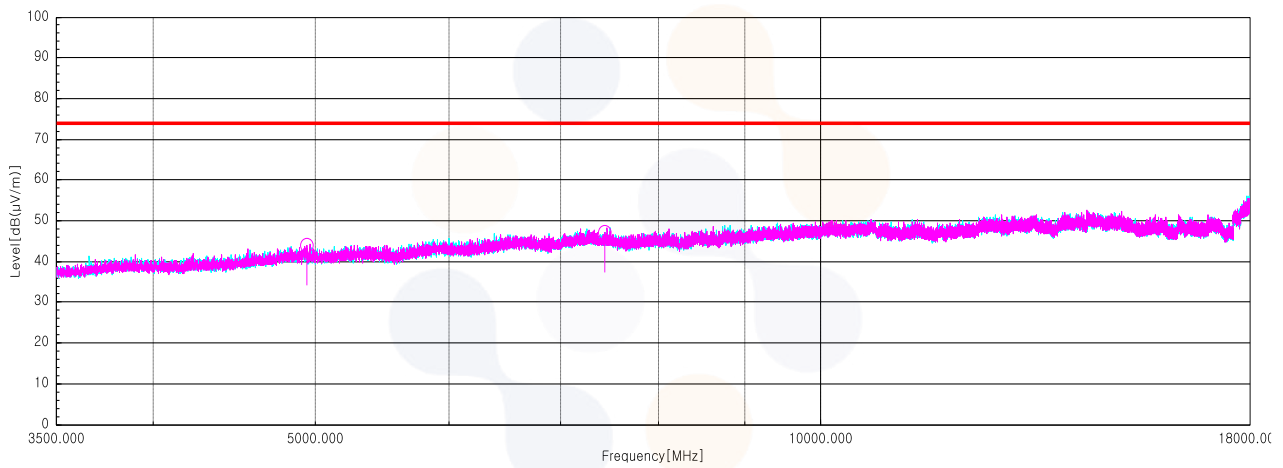
Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



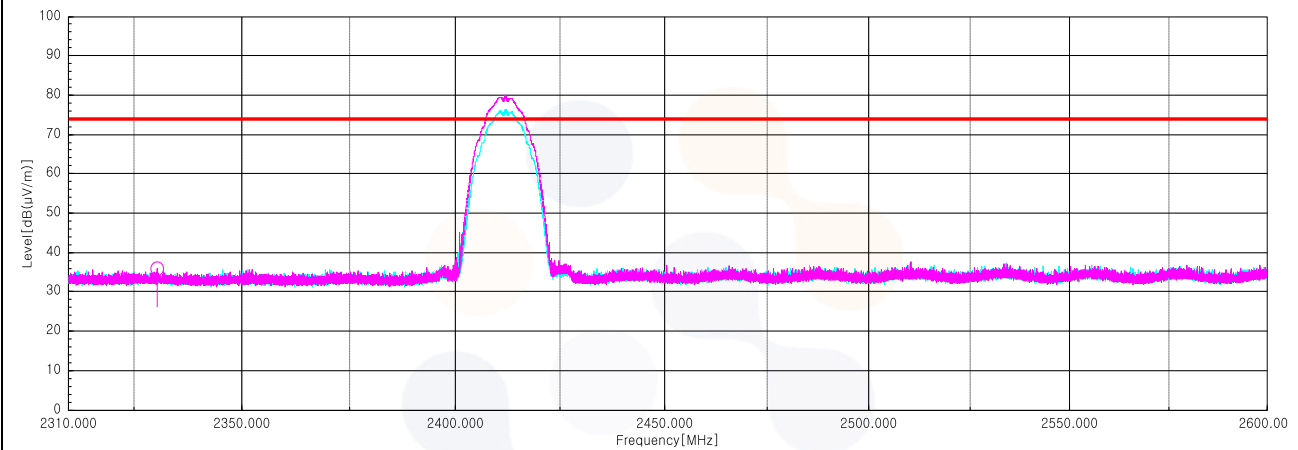
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



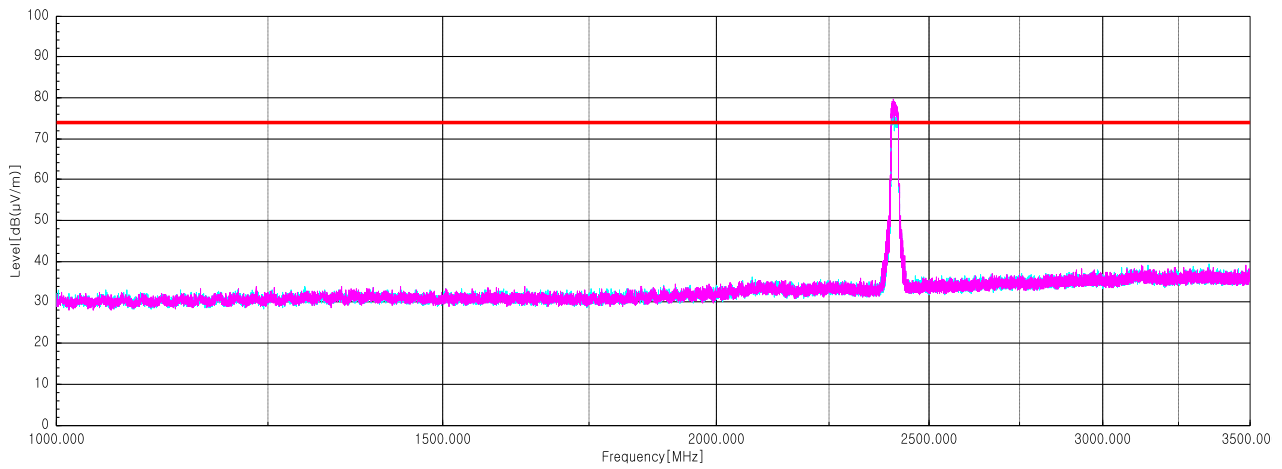
802.11HT 20_2 412 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 330.39 ¹⁾	H	41.80	27.00	-32.81	-	35.99	74.00	38.01
4 823.85 ¹⁾	H	57.30	32.25	-42.33	-	47.22	74.00	26.78
7 245.83	V	52.10	36.89	-41.13	-	47.86	74.00	26.14
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

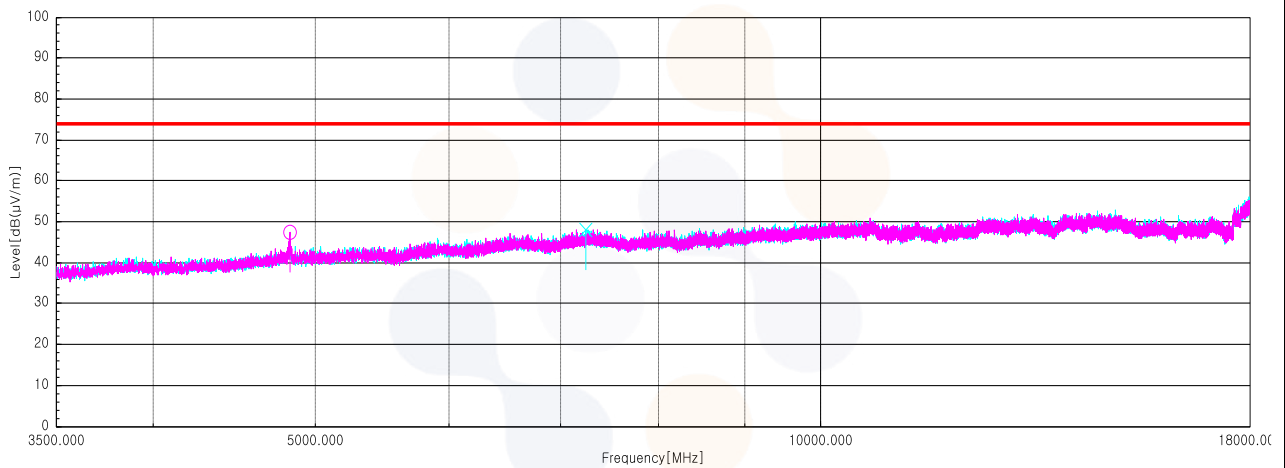
Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



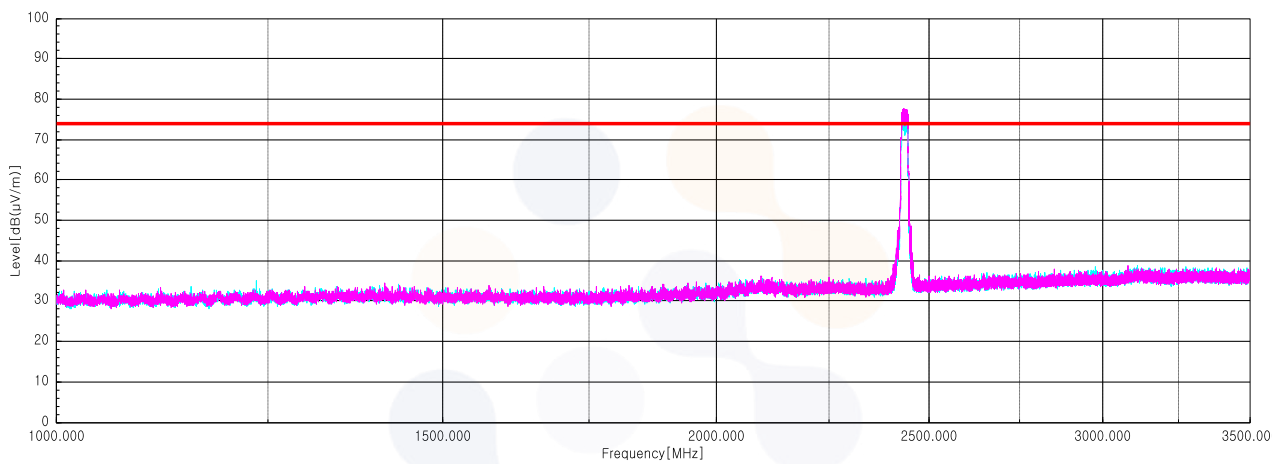
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



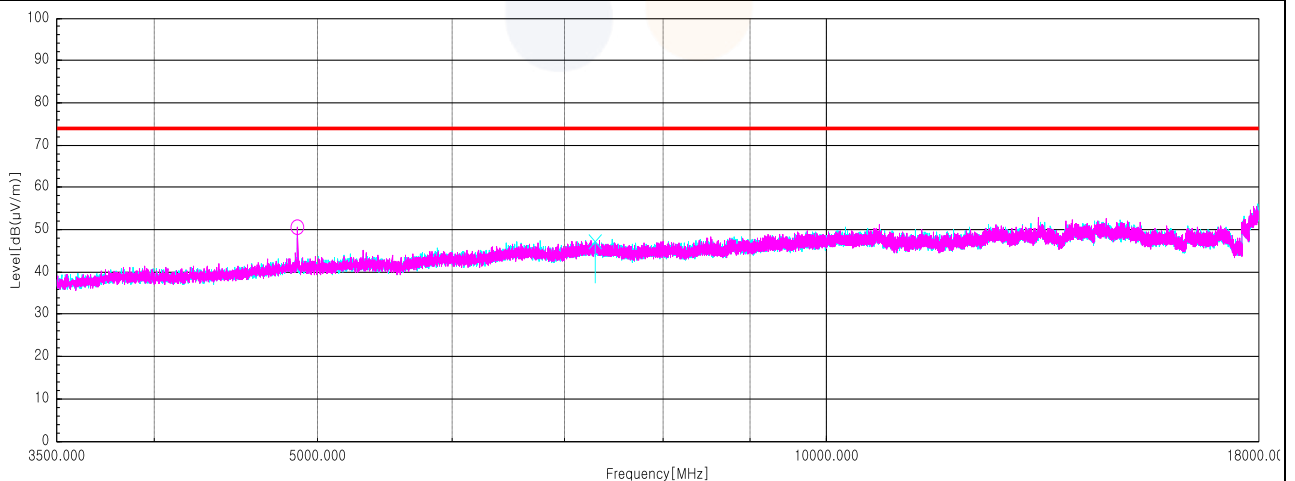
802.11HT20_2 437 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
4 863.97 ¹⁾	H	60.60	32.46	-42.35	-	50.71	74.00	23.29
7 291.27 ¹⁾	V	51.60	36.98	-41.17	-	47.41	74.00	26.59
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



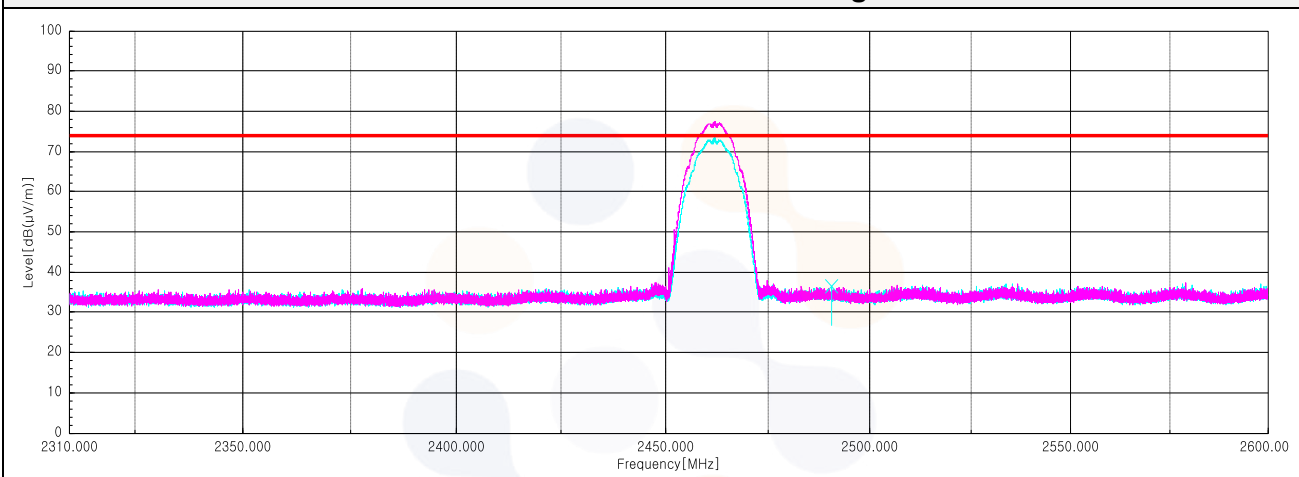
Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



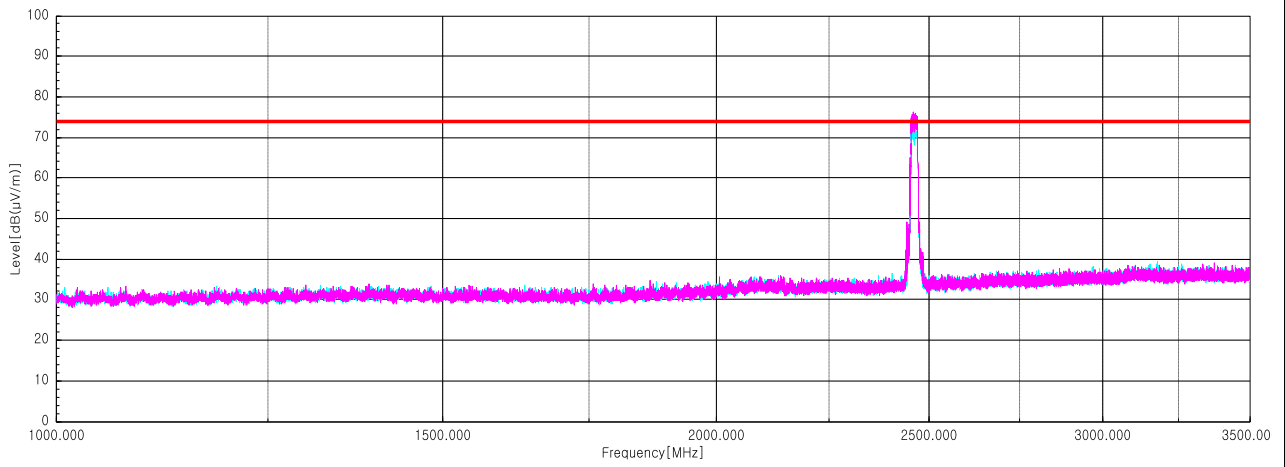
802.11HT20_2 462 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB($\mu V/m$))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 490.62 ¹⁾	V	41.30	27.80	-32.56	-	36.54	74.00	37.46
4 923.42 ¹⁾	H	59.60	32.84	-42.42	-	50.02	74.00	23.98
7 372.95 ¹⁾	V	52.40	36.51	-41.25	-	47.66	74.00	26.34
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

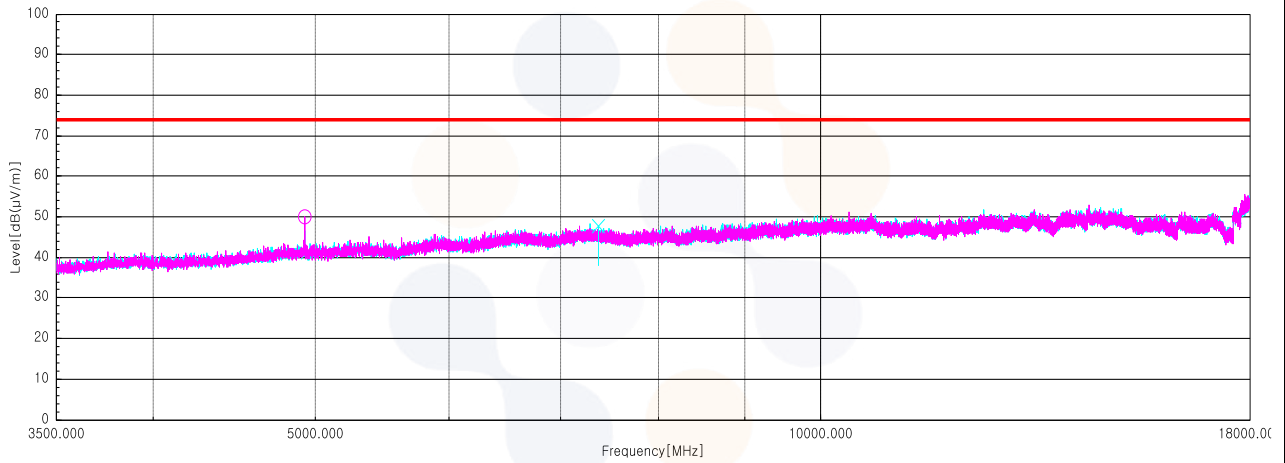
Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz

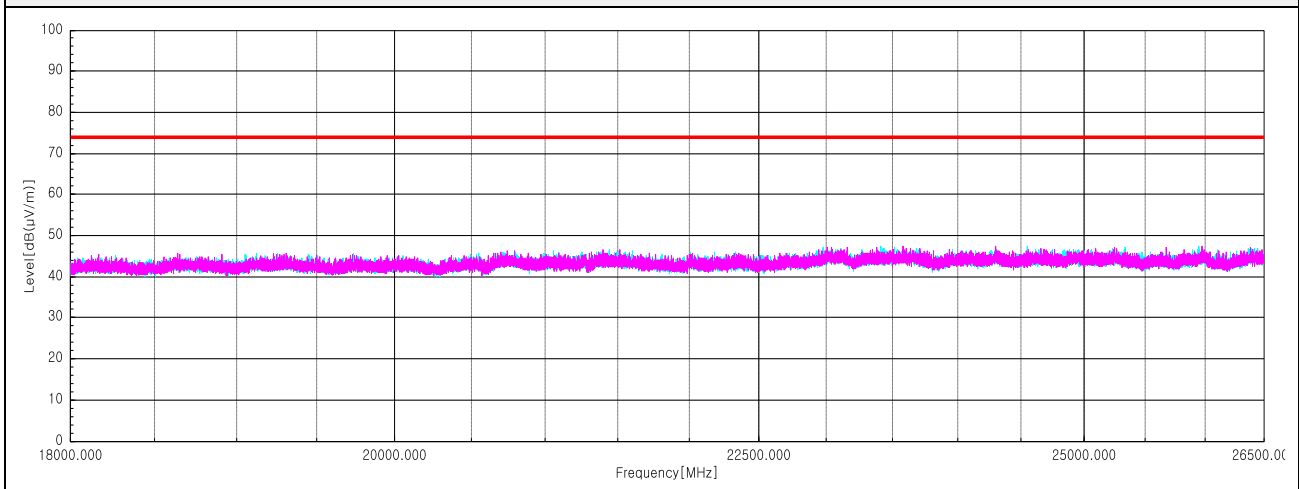


Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



Test results (Above 18 GHz) – Worst case: 802.11HT20_2 437 MHz

Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz

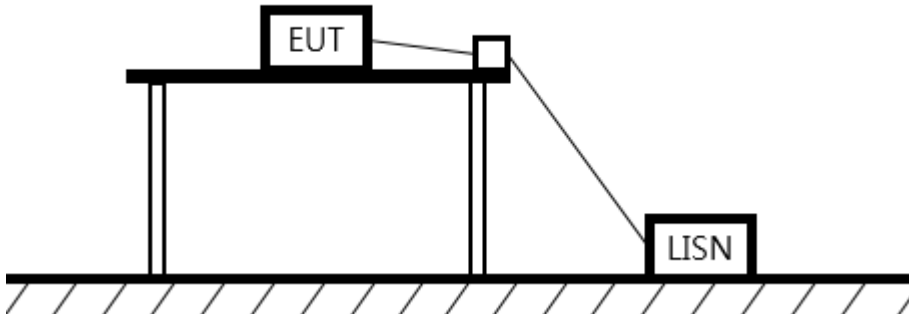


Note: The worst case was based on the lowest margin condition considering harmonic and spurious emission.



6.2. AC Conducted emission

Test setup



Limit

According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

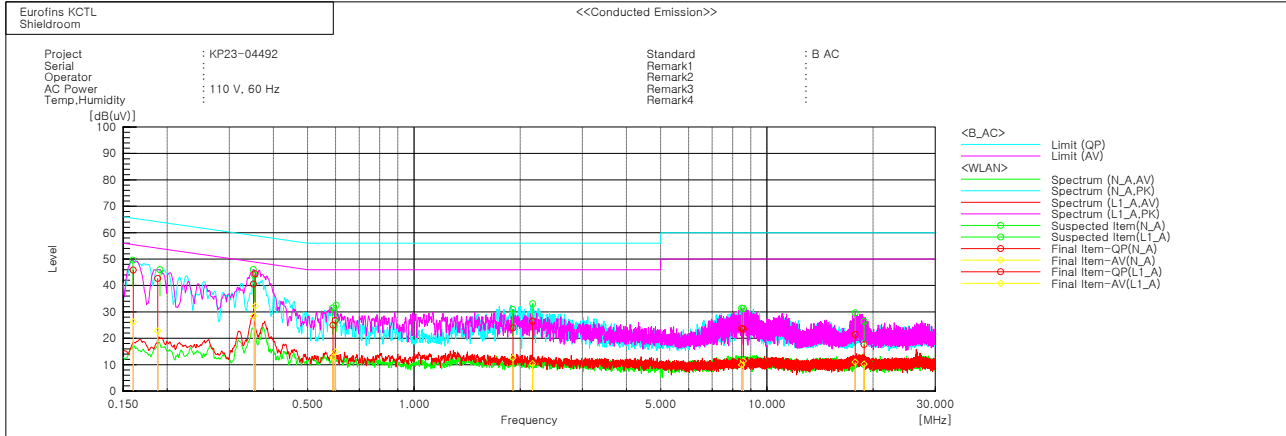
Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

Measurement procedure

1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

Test results

-Worst case: 802.11g mode / 2 462 MHz



Final Result

--- N_A Phase ---										
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.18791	32.7	12.8	10.0	42.7	22.8	64.1	54.1	21.4	31.3
2	0.35099	30.7	18.6	9.8	40.5	28.4	58.9	48.9	18.4	20.5
3	0.58951	15.0	2.9	9.9	24.9	12.8	56.0	46.0	31.1	33.2
4	2.16763	16.7	0.5	9.8	26.5	10.3	56.0	46.0	29.5	35.7
5	8.58036	13.2	1.2	10.2	23.4	11.4	60.0	50.0	36.6	38.6
6	18.85764	6.9	-0.5	10.7	17.6	10.2	60.0	50.0	42.4	39.8

--- L1_A Phase ---										
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.16026	36.0	16.3	9.9	45.9	26.2	65.5	55.5	19.6	29.3
2	0.35498	34.6	22.4	9.8	44.4	32.2	58.8	48.8	14.4	16.6
3	0.59871	16.8	4.9	9.9	26.7	14.8	56.0	46.0	29.3	31.2
4	1.90916	14.1	2.8	9.8	23.9	12.6	56.0	46.0	32.1	33.4
5	8.48537	13.5	-0.3	10.2	23.7	9.9	60.0	50.0	36.3	40.1
6	17.79282	10.7	0.3	10.7	21.4	11.0	60.0	50.0	38.6	39.0

7. Measurement equipment

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Controller	INNCO SYSTEMS	CO3000	1442/54370322/P	-
Antenna Mast	INNCO SYSTEMS	MA4640-XP-ET	-	-
Turn Device	INNCO SYSTEMS	DS1200-S-1t	-	-
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	100988	24.07.03
PSA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY44303500	24.07.04
Broadband PreAmplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	53	24.03.17
Low Noise Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA18H	220123-L	23.12.02
Low Noise Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA1840H	220234-L	23.12.02
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	421910	23.12.14
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2764	23.12.06
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	1266	23.12.05
Bilog Antenna	Teseq GmbH	CBL 6112D	61521	24.11.17
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	24.08.10
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WHKX12-2805-3000-18000-40SS	SN59	23.12.14
TWO-LINE V - NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101358	23.09.29
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESC13	100001	23.08.18
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	24.01.19

End of test report