Timer Camera F ESP32 TimerCAM Timer Camera X



2020

V0.01

1.OUTLINE

Timer Camera F is a development board for image recognition. It features an ESP32(4M Flash + 520K RAM) chip and 2-Megapixel carmera(OV2640). Timer Camera F offers plenty of storage, with an extra 4 Mbyte PSRAM. It also supports image transmission via Wi-Fi and debuging through USB Type-C port.

ESP32 TimerCAM and Timer Camera X feature an 2-Megapixel carmera(0V3660).



1.1 Hardware Composition

The hardware : ESP32-D0WDQ6-V3 chip, Camera, LED, Button, GROVE interface, TypeC-to-USB interface, RTC,Power Management chip battery.

ESP32-D0WDQ6-V3 is a dual-core system with two Harvard Architecture Xtensa LX6 CPUs. All embedded memory, external memory and peripherals are located on the data bus and/or the instruction bus of these CPUs.



Timer Camera F Camera

Image Sensor:OV2640 Maximum resolution: 200w pixe FOV:160°l

ESP32 TimerCAM Camera

Image Sensor:OV3660 Maximum resolution: 200w pixel FOV:65.5°

Timer Camera X

Image Sensor:OV3660 Maximum resolution: 200w pixel FOV:65.5°

2.PIN DESCRIPTION

2.1. USB INTERFACE

Configuration Type-C type USB interface, support USB2.0 standard communication protocol.



2.2. GROVE INTERFACE

4p disposed pitch of 2.0mm GROVE interfaces, internal wiring and GND, 5V, GPIO4, GPIO13 connected.



3.FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

This chapter describes the **ESP32-D0WDQ6-V3** various modules and functions.

3.1. CPU AND MEMORY

ESP32-D0WDQ6-V3 contains two low-power Xtensa[®] 32-bit LX6 MCU. On-chip memory comprising:

- 448-KB of ROM, and the program starts for the kernel function calls
- For a 520 KB instruction and data storage chip SRAM (including flash memory 8 KB RTC)
- RTC flash memory of 8 KB SRAM, when the RTC can be started in Deep-sleep mode, and for storing data accessed by the main CPU
- RTC slow memory, of 8 KB SRAM, can be accessed by the coprocessor in Deepsleep mode
- Of 1 kbit of eFuse, which is a 256 bit system-specific (MAC address and a chip set); the remaining 768 bit reserved for user program, these Flash program include encryption and chip ID

3.2. STORAGE DESCRIPTION

3.2.1. External Flash and SRAM

ESP32 support multiple external QSPI flash and static random access memory (SRAM), having a hardware-based AES encryption to protect the user programs and data.

- ESP32 access external QSPI Flash and SRAM by caching. Up to 16 MB external Flash code space is mapped into the CPU, supports 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit access, and can execute code.
- Up to 8 MB external Flash and SRAM mapped to the CPU data space, support for 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit access. Flash supports only read operations, SRAM supports read and write operations.

ESP32-PICO-D4 4 MB of integrated SPI Flash, the code can be mapped into CPU space, support for 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit access, and can execute code. Pin GPIO6 ESP32 of, GPIO7, GPIO8, GPIO9, GPIO10 and GPIO11 for connecting module integrated SPI Flash, not recommended for other functions.



3.3. CRYSTAL

• ESP32-D0WDQ6-V3 40 MHz crystal oscillator.

3.4. RTC MANAGEMENT AND LOW POWER CONSUMPTION

ESP32 uses advanced power management techniques may be switched between different power saving modes. (See Table 5).

• Power saving mode

- Active Mode: RF chip is operating. Chip may receive and transmit a sounding signal.

- Modem-sleep mode: CPU can run, the clock may be configured. Wi-Fi / Bluetooth baseband and RF

- Light-sleep mode: CPU suspended. RTC and memory and peripherals ULP coprocessor operation. Any wake-up event (MAC, host, RTC timer or external interrupt) will wake up the chip.

- Deep-sleep mode: only the RTC memory and peripherals in a working state. Wi-Fi and Bluetooth connectivity data stored in the RTC. ULP coprocessor can work.

- Hibernation Mode: 8 MHz oscillator and a built-in coprocessor ULP are disabled. RTC memory to restore the power supply is cut off. Only one RTC clock timer located on the slow clock and some RTC GPIO at work. RTC RTC clock or timer can wake up from the GPIO Hibernation mode.

• Deep-sleep mode

- related sleep mode: power save mode switching between Active, Modem-sleep, Light-sleep mode. CPU, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, and radio preset time interval to be awakened, to ensure connection Wi-Fi / Bluetooth.

- Ultra Low-power sensor monitoring methods: the main system is Deep-sleep mode, ULP coprocessor is periodically opened or closed to measure sensor data. The sensor measures data, ULP coprocessor decide whether to wake up the main system.

Functions in different power consumption modes: TABLE 5

Power consumption mode	Active	Modem-sleep	Light-sleep	Deep-sleep	Hibernation
Sleep mode	Associated sleep mode			Ultra low-power Sensor measures data	-
CPU	open	open	pause	close	close
Wi-Fi/Bluetooth Radio	open	open	close	close	close
RTC memory	open	open	open	open	close
ULP coprocessor	open	open	open	open/close	close

4.ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.1. LIMIT PARAMETERS

Table 8: Limiting values

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
_{output} ¹	Cumulative IO output current	-	1,100	mA
T _{store}	Storage temperature	-40	150	°C

VIO to the power supply pad, Refer <u>ESP32 Technical Specification</u> Appendix IO MUX, as SD CLK of Power supply for VDD SDIO.

Press and hold the side power button for two seconds to start the device.Press and hold for more than 6 seconds to turn off the device. Switch to the photo mode through the Home screen, and the avatar that can be obtained through the camera is displayed on the tft screen.The USB cable must be connected when working, and the lithium battery is used for short-term storage to prevent power failure.

FCC Statement

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user' s authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

—Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

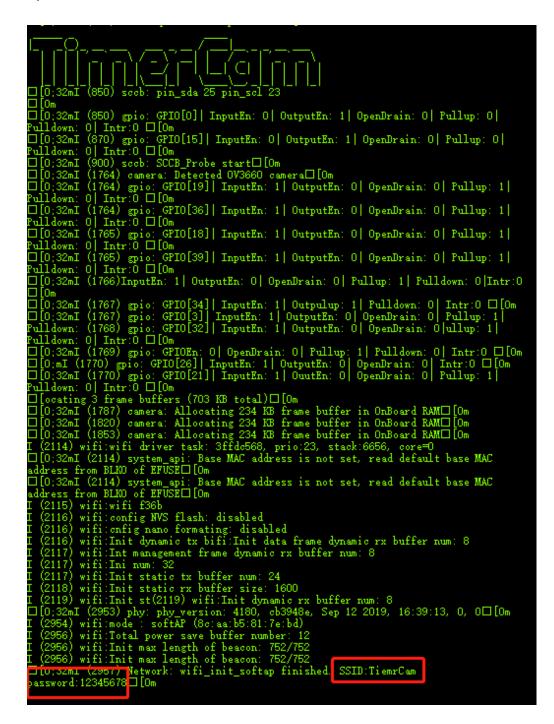
This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment .This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator& your body.

ESP32 TimerCAM/Timer Camera F/Timer Camera X Quick Start

With preloaded firmware, your ESP32 TimerCAM,/Timer Camera F/Timer Camera X would run right after power on.

1. Power on the cable into ESP32 TimerCAM/Timer Camera F/Timer Camera X

by USB cable. Baud rate 921600.

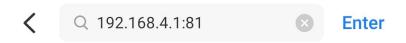


2. After waitting for a few seconds, Wi-Fi scan a AP named "TimerCam" with your computer(or mobile phone), and connect it.

TiemrCam	<u>ş</u> (j
TP-LINK_062B	<u>ş</u> ()
TP-LINK_5G_062B	<u>,</u> ()

3. Open up the browser on the computer(or mobile phone), visit the URL

http://192. 168. 4. 1:81. At the moment, your can see the real-time transmission of video by ESP32TimerCam/TimerCameraF/TimerCameraX on the browser.



http://192.168.4.1:81/



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A Bluetooth name "m5stack" is found on the mobile phone_ BLE",

Connect to this name to establish a data transmission channel.

