



# SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant: M5Stack Technology Co.,Ltd

Address: 5F, Tangwei Stock Commercial Building Youli Road, Bao'an District,

Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC ID: 2AN3WM5ATOMS3R

**Product Name: M5AtomS3R** 

Model Number: AtomS3R

Multiple Models: AtomS3R Lite, AtomS3R Cam, AtomS3R Ext

**Standard(s):** 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: 2404U67808E-SA

Date Of Issue: 2024-07-11

Reviewed By: Karl Gong

Title: SAR Engineer

**Test Laboratory: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)** 

No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan,

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## SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Operation Frequency Bands	Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) Body SAR (Gap 5mm)	Limits (W/kg)
2.4G Wi-Fi	0.56	1.6
EUT Received Date:	2024-06-14	
Tested Date:	2024-07-01	
Tested Result:	Pass	

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## **Test Facility**

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

#### **Declarations**

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "\(^{\text{a}}\)". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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## **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	2404U67808E-SA	Original Report	2024-07-11

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

This report has been prepared on behalf of *M5Stack Technology Co.,Ltd* and their product *M5AtomS3R*, Model: *AtomS3R*, *AtomS3R Lite*, *AtomS3R Cam*, *AtomS3R Ext* or the EUT (Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Notes: This series products model: **AtomS3R, AtomS3R Lite, AtomS3R Cam and AtomS3R Ext,** Model **AtomS3R** was selected for fully testing, the detailed information can be referred to the attached declaration which was stated and guaranteed by the applicant.

Sample number:	2MY3-1
Product Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Operation Mode:	Wi-Fi and BLE
Frequency Band:	2.4G Wi-Fi: 2412 -2472 MHz(TX&RX) BLE: 2402 -2480 MHz(TX&RX)
Normal Operation:	Body

## 1.2 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

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KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02r01 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures

## 1.3 SAR Limits

## **FCC Limit**

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	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg for 1g SAR applied to the EUT.

1.4 FACILITIES		
The Test site used by China Certi	fication ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to n, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.	collect test data is located on the No
	cilities used to collect data are locate	ed at:
⊠ SAR Lab 1	SAR Lab 2	

## 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

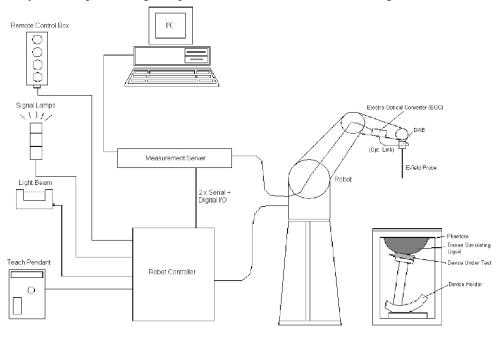
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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## **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



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processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

## **ES3DV3 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz - 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm$ 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52, DASY6, DASY8, EASY6, EASY4/MRI

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## Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7329 Calibrated: 2024/3/27

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Calibration Frequency	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
Point(MHz)	From	To	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	8.79	10.07	9.05
900 Head	850	1000	8.42	9.50	8.93
1750 Head	1650	1850	7.56	8.56	7.71
1900 Head	1850	2000	7.37	8.32	7.54
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.21	8.13	7.41
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.05	7.92	7.22
2600 Head	2550	2700	6.91	7.77	7.08
5250 Head	5140	5360	4.96	5.61	5.16
5500 Head	5390	5610	4.38	4.98	4.56
5750 Head	5640	5860	4.54	4.70	4.70

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left Head
- Right Head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the

standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



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A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

#### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### **SAR Scan Procedures**

### **Step 1: Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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### **Step 2: Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 3 - 4 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$ 4 - 6 GHz: $\leq 10 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

## **Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 5mm,with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

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Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δxzoom, Δyzoom		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	t $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

#### **Step 4: Power Drift Measurement**

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the KDB 865664 D01

## Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 - Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

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Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (a)
MHz	$arepsilon_{ m r}$	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

## 3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

## 3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

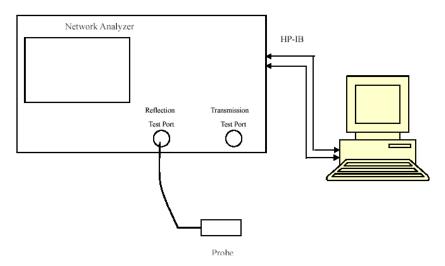
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1354	2023/11/17	2024/11/16
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2024/3/27	2025/3/26
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1412	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	1102	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head(500-9500 MHz)	HBBL600-10000V6	220420-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2828A00170	2023/10/17	2024/10/16
Dielectric assessment kit	1319	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350144	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Power Meter	ML2495A	1106009	2023/8/4	2024/8/3
Pulse Power Sensor	MA2411A	10780	2023/8/4	2024/8/3
Power Amplifier	ZHL-5W-202-S+	416402204	NCR	NCR
Power Amplifier	ZVE-6W-83+	637202210	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Thermometer	DTM3000	3892	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Thermohygrometer	HTC-1	N/A	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Spectrum Analyzer	FSU26	100147	2024/4/1	2025/3/31

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Note: All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or International standards.

## 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## 4.1 Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

## **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ	(%)
2412	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.201	1.811	39.27	1.77	-0.18	2.32	±5
2442	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.491	1.830	39.21	1.79	-1.83	2.23	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.328	1.834	39.20	1.80	-2.22	1.89	±5
2472	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.723	1.895	39.17	1.82	1.41	4.12	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024-07-01.

## 4.2 System Accuracy Verification

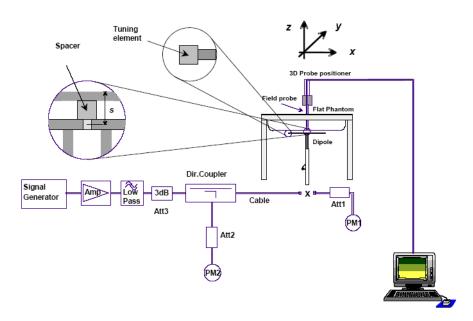
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 300 MHz  $\leq f \leq 1 000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 6000 \text{ MHz}$ .

## **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



## **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW) Measured SAR (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)	
2024-07-01	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	5.24	52.4	50.9	2.95	±10

<sup>\*</sup>The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

## 4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

#### System Performance 2450MHz Head

DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 1102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.834$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.328$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27

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Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.16 W/kg

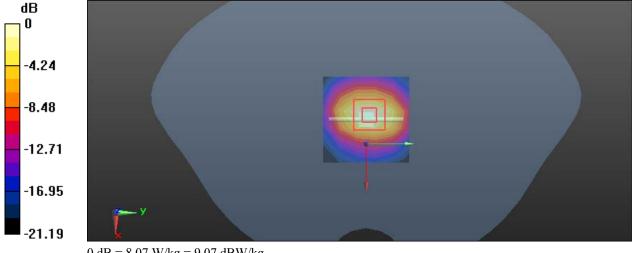
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 45.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.07 W/kg



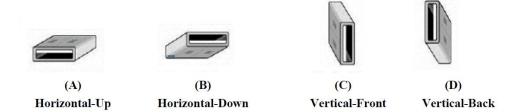
0 dB = 8.07 W/kg = 9.07 dBW/kg

## 5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

#### 5.1 DONGLE TESTING PROCEDURES

Test all USB orientations [see figure below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less, according to KDB Publication 447498 D01 requirements. These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The same test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. The typical Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested using an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) USB connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer is not available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations. It must be documented that the USB cable does not influence the radiating characteristics and output power of the transmitter.

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Note: These are USB connector orientations on laptop computers; USB dongles have the reverse configuration for plugging into the corresponding laptop computers.

Figure 1 - USB Connector Orientations Implemented on Laptop Computers

#### 5.2 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is set 5mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 5mm.

#### **5.3 SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum Measured value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points ( $10 \times 10 \times 10$ ) were Measured to calculate the averages.

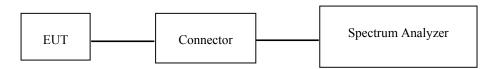
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

## 6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

## **6.1 Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the Spectrum Analyzer through Connector.



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WLAN/BLE

## **6.2 Maximum Target Output Power**

Max Target Power(dBm)							
Mada/Dand							
Mode/Band	Model	Low	Middle	High			
2.4G Wi-Fi	802.11b	7.0	12.0	15.0			
2.4G Wi-Fi	802.11g	5.0	9.5	12.5			
2.4G Wi-Fi	802.11n	5.0	9.5	12.5			
BLE	-	9.0	9.0	9.0			

## **6.3 Test Results:**

## Wi-Fi 2.4G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Output Power (dBm)
	2412		6.57
802.11b	2442	1Mbps	11.76
	2472		14.80
	2412		3.94
802.11g	2442	6Mbps	8.98
	2472		12.43
	2412		4.20
802.11n HT20	2442	MCS0	9.06
	2472		12.16
	2422		4.56
802.11n HT40	2442	MCS0	7.83
	2452		10.94

## BLE:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
	2402	8.32		
BLE(1M)	2441	8.78		
	2480	8.66		
	2402	8.22		
BLE(2M)	2441	8.63		
	2480	8.44		

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## **Duty Cycle:**

Test Mode	Duty Cycle [%]
802.11b	99.92
802.11g	99.24
802.11n-HT20	99.20
802.11n-HT40	98.48
BLE	100

Note: Duty cycle data is derived from radio reports.

## 7. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

## 8.1 SAR Test Data

## **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.6~23.4℃
Relative Humidity:	57 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa
Test Date:	2024-07-01

Testing was performed by Ken Zong.

## **2.4G Wi-Fi:**

			Max.	Max.		1g	SAR (W	/kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	<b>Test Mode</b>	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Power Scaled Factor	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
TT : . 1 TT	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Horizontal-Up (5mm)	2442	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Sillii)	2472	802.11b	14.80	15.0	1.047	1.00	0.238	0.25	1#
и :	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2442	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Sillil)	2472	802.11b	14.80	15.0	1.047	1.00	0.531	0.56	2#
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vertical-Front (5mm)	2442	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Sillil)	2472	802.11b	14.80	15.0	1.047	1.00	0.273	0.29	3#
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vertical-Back (5mm)	2442	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Sillil)	2472	802.11b	14.80	15.0	1.047	1.00	0.412	0.43	4#
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (5mm)	2442	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(311111)	2472	802.11b	14.80	15.0	1.047	1.00	0.463	0.48	5#

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#### Verification of the worst mode for the series model:

EUT Mode	Test Mode	Test Mode EUT Position		1g SAR (W/kg) Meas.	Plot
AtomS3R Lite	802.11b	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2472	0.367	6#
AtomS3R Cam	802.11b	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2472	0.390	7#
AtomS3R Ext	802.11b	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2472	0.435	8#

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#### Note

- 1. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure. When OFDM tune up power is greater than DSSS, the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, OFDM SAR is not required.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 80211b/g/n mode is use for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
- 4. According 2016 Oct. TCB, for SAR testing of 2.4G WIFI 802.11b signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/( duty cycle)".

#### **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities					
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?			
2.4G WIFI+BLE	×	×			

## 8. SAR Plots

Plot: 1#

### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R; Serial: 2MY3-1

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.895$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27

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Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Horizontal-Up/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 W/kg

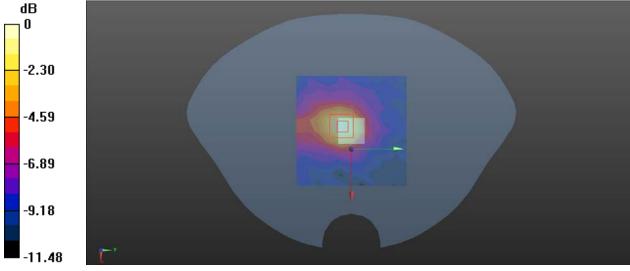
Horizontal-Up/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.238 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



0 dB = 0.263 W/kg = -5.80 dBW/kg

#### **Plot: 2#**

#### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R; Serial: 2MY3-1

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.895 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.723;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

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## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (11x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 W/kg

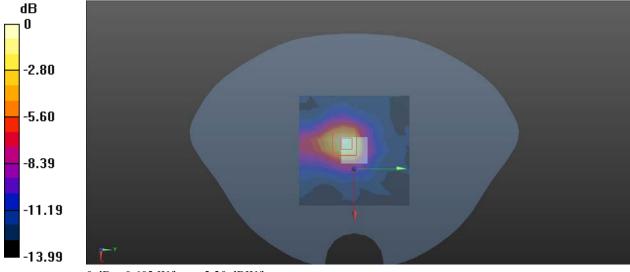
Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.531 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.602 W/kg



0 dB = 0.602 W/kg = -2.20 dBW/kg

#### **Plot: 3#**

#### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R; Serial: 2MY3-1

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.895 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.723;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

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## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Vertical-Front/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (9x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg

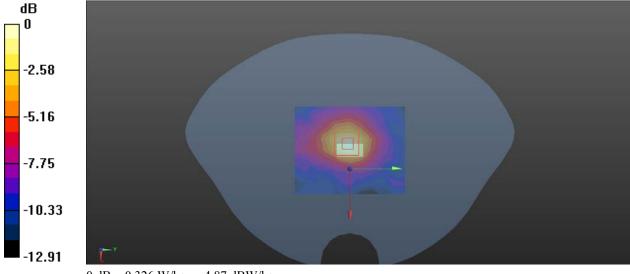
Vertical-Front/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 W/kg



0 dB = 0.326 W/kg = -4.87 dBW/kg

#### **Plot: 4#**

### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R; Serial: 2MY3-1

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.895 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.723;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

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### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Vertical-Back/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (11x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg

**Vertical-Back/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.882 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.412 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 W/kg

-3.71 -7.43 -11.14 -14.86 -18.57 0 dB = 0.464 W/kg = -3.33 dBW/kg

#### **Plot: 5#**

#### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R; Serial: 2MY3-1

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.895$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

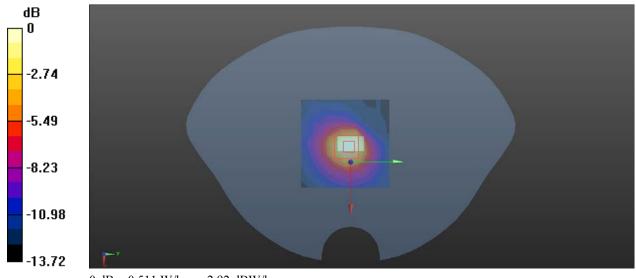
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## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

# **Tip/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (9x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 W/kg

Tip/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.463 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 W/kg



#### **Plot: 6#**

#### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R Lite; Serial: 2MY3-2

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.895$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

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## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

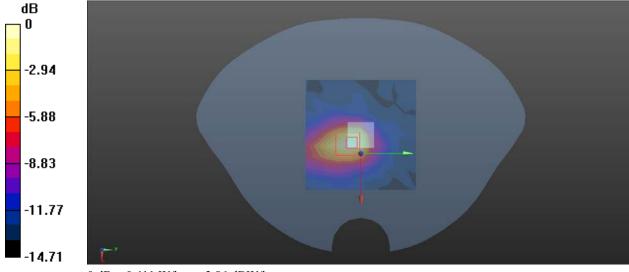
**Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (11x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg

Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.795 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.367 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 W/kg



0 dB = 0.411 W/kg = -3.86 dBW/kg

#### **Plot: 7#**

#### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R Cam; Serial: 2MY3-3

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.895$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

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## DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

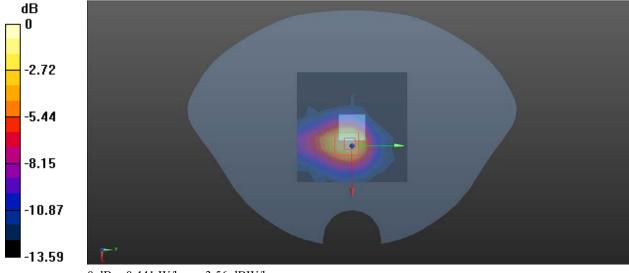
**Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (11x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 W/kg

Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.664 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.822 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.441 W/kg



0 dB = 0.441 W/kg = -3.56 dBW/kg

### **Plot: 8**#

### DUT: M5AtomS3R; Type: AtomS3R Ext; Serial: 2MY3-4

Communication System: UID 0, 2.4G DTS (0); Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2472 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.895$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

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### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.05, 7.92, 7.22) @ 2472 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/27

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

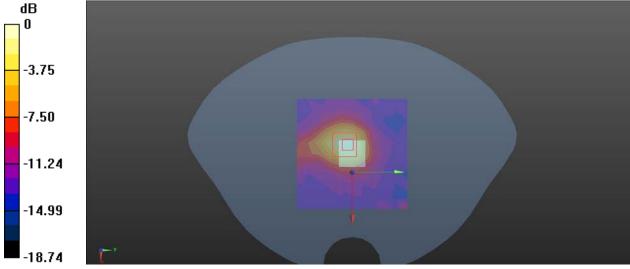
**Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Area Scan (11x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.481 W/kg

Horizontal-Down/WLAN 802.11b High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.435 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.496 W/kg



0 dB = 0.496 W/kg = -3.05 dBW/kg

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system	•			
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related	•			
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom ar	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.1	23.7

# Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

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							<u> </u>
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measureme	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sampl	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom a	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.0	23.6

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)	Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA
APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHO	TOS
Please Refer to the Attachment.	

# APPENDIX C PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

BACL Shenzhen Certificate No.

EX-7329\_Mar24

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

March 27, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Feb-24 (No. DAE4-660_Feb24)	Feb-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name

Function

Signatur

Calibrated by

Joanna Lleshaj

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: March 27, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX-7329\_Mar24

Page 1 of 9

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service sulsse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\vartheta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ∂ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
  calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:7329 March 27, 2024

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

# Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc $(k=2)$
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.51	0.41	0.62	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	99.8	102.9	106.5	±4.7%

### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	WR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	141.4	±1.4%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		139.4		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		136.0		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX-7329\_Mar24

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4 - SN:7329 March 27, 2024

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

# Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-29.0°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an Area Scan job.

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March 27, 2024 EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
750	41.9	0.89	8.79	10.07	9.05	0.38	1.27	±11.0%
900	41.5	0.97	8.42	9.50	8.93	0.37	1.27	±11.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.56	8.56	7.71	0.27	1.27	±11.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.37	8.32	7.54	0.29	1.27	±11.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.21	8.13	7.41	0.30	1.27	±11.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.05	7.92	7.22	0.29	1.27	±11.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.91	7.77	7.08	0.29	1.27	±11.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	4.96	5.61	5.16	0.38	1.53	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.38	4.98	4.56	0.35	1.74	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.54	5.16	4.70	0.35	1.83	±13.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

Fre probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

Apha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less

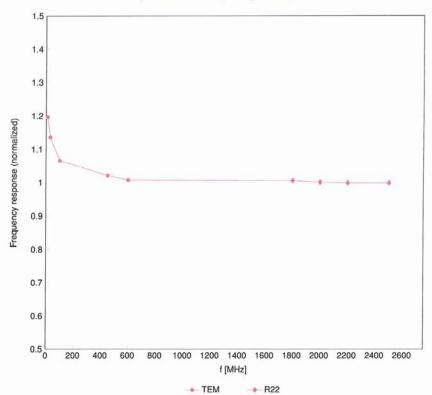
Certificate No: EX-7329\_Mar24 Page 5 of 9

than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the

EX3DV4 - SN:7329 March 27, 2024

# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

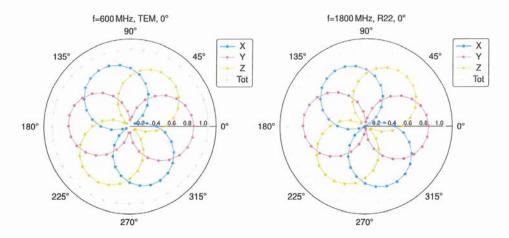


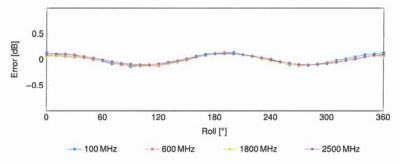
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

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EX3DV4 - SN:7329 March 27, 2024

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

Certificate No: EX-7329\_Mar24

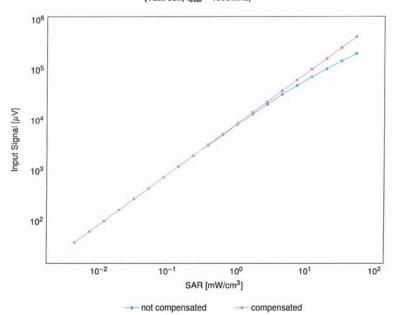
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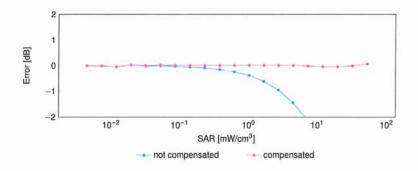




# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell,  $f_{eval} = 1900\,\text{MHz})$ 





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX-7329\_Mar24

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# APPENDIX D DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client BACL

Sunnyvale, USA

Certificate No. D2450V2-1102\_Mar23

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D2450V2 - SN:1102

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date:

March 27, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	10-Jan-23 (No. EX3-7349_Jan23)	Jan-24
DAE4	SN: 601	19-Dec-22 (No. DAE4-601_Dec22)	Dec-23
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	-42
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	9/

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Certificate No: D2450V2-1102\_Mar23

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#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-1102\_Mar23 Page 2 of 6

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.0 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	222	

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-1102\_Mar23

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### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.9 \Omega + 4.8 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB	

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.155 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by SPEAG	
-----------------------	--

Certificate No: D2450V2-1102\_Mar23

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 27.03.2023

Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 10.01.2023

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 19.12.2022

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 115.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

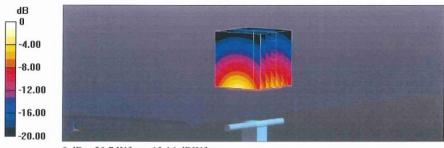
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.7 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg

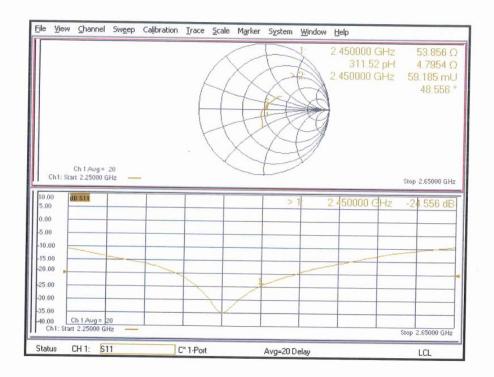


0 dB = 20.7 W/kg = 13.16 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-1102\_Mar23

# Report No.: 2404U67808E-SA

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-1102\_Mar23

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# \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*