

FCC Test Report

Applicant : Chasing-Innovation Technology Co.,Ltd.

Address : Room 3105,Building 6, Shenzhen International
Innovation Valley, Xili, Nanshan District,
Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518000, China

Product Name : CHASING CF1

Report Date : Nov. 03, 2023

Shenzhen Anbotech Compliance Laboratory Limited



Shenzhen Anbotech Compliance Laboratory Limited

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Hotline
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TEST REPORT

Applicant : Chasing-Innovation Technology Co.,Ltd.
Manufacturer : Chasing-Innovation Technology Ganzhou Co., LTD
Product Name : CHASING CF1
Test Model No. : CF1
Reference Model No. : N/A
Trade Mark : CHASING
Rating(s) : Input: 5V= 1.5A, 9V= 1.5A, 12V= 1.5A, 15V= 1.5A, 20V= 1.5A(with DC
10.8V, 3800mAh battery inside)
Output: 5V= 1A

Test Standard(s) : 47 CFR Part 15E

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with above listed standard(s) requirements. This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Receipt:

Aug. 28, 2023

Date of Test:

Aug. 28 ~ Oct. 24, 2023

Prepared By:

Nian xiu Chen

(Nianxiu Chen)

Approved & Authorized Signer:

Edward pan

(Edward Pan)

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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Revision History

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue.	Nov. 03, 2023

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1. General Information

1.1. Client Information

Applicant	:	Chasing-Innovation Technology Co.,Ltd.
Address	:	Room 3105,Building 6, Shenzhen International Innovation Valley, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518000, China
Manufacturer	:	Chasing-Innovation Technology Ganzhou Co., LTD
Address	:	Building 4, Huachang Science and Technology Park, Ganzhou Economic and Technological Development Zone, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, China
Factory	:	Chasing-Innovation Technology Ganzhou Co., LTD
Address	:	Building 4, Huachang Science and Technology Park, Ganzhou Economic and Technological Development Zone, Ganzhou City, Jiangxi Province, China

1.2. Description of Device (EUT)

Product Name	:	CHASING CF1
Test Model No.	:	CF1
Reference Model No.	:	N/A
Trade Mark	:	CHASING
Test Power Supply	:	AC 120V, 60Hz for adapter/ DC 10.8V battery inside
Test Sample No.	:	1-2-1(Normal Sample), 1-2-2(Engineering Sample)
Adapter	:	N/A

RF Specification

Operation Frequency	:	802.11n(HT20)/ac(HT20): U-NII Band 2C: 5500MHz to 5700MHz; U-NII Band 3: 5745MHz to 5825MHz; 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40): U-NII Band 2C: 5510MHz to 5670MHz; U-NII Band 3: 5755MHz to 5795MHz; 802.11ac(HT80): U-NII Band 2C: 5530MHz to 5610MHz; U-NII Band 3: 5775MHz
Number of Channel	:	802.11n(HT20)/ac(HT20): U-NII Band 2C: 11; U-NII Band 3: 5; 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40): U-NII Band 2C: 5; U-NII Band 3: 2; 802.11ac(HT80): U-NII Band 2C: 2; U-NII Band 3: 1
Modulation Type	:	802.11n: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM); 802.11ac: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM);

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Antenna Type	:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain(Peak)	:	WiFi 5.6G: 5.2 dBi WiFi 5.8G: 4.8 dBi
Remark: (1) All of the RF specification are provided by customer. (2) For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.		

1.3. Auxiliary Equipment Used During Test

Title	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Xiaomi 33W adapter	Xiaomi	MDY-11-EX	SA62212LA04358J
Master device (FCC ID: V7TRX9P)	SHENZHEN TENDA TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD	RX9 Pro	/

1.4. Operation channel list

U-NII-2C								
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
20MHz bandwidth	100	5500	104	5520	108	5540	112	5560
	116	5580	120	5600	124	5620	128	5640
	132	5660	136	5680	140	5700	/	/
40MHz bandwidth	102	5510	110	5550	118	5590	126	5630
	134	5670	/	/	/	/	/	/
80MHz bandwidth	106	5530	122	5610	/	/	/	/

U-NII-3										
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
20MHz bandwidth	149	5745	153	5765	157	5785	161	5805	165	5825
40MHz bandwidth	151	5755	159	5795	/	/	/	/	/	/
80MHz bandwidth	155	5775	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

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1.5. Description of Test Modes

Pretest Modes	Descriptions
TM1	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM2	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM3	Keep the EUT works in normal operating mode and connect to companion device

1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty
Conducted emissions (AMN 150kHz~30MHz)	3.4dB
Conducted Output Power	0.76dB
Occupied Bandwidth	925Hz
Radiated spurious emissions (above 1GHz)	1G-6GHz: 4.78dB; 6G-18GHz: 4.88dB 18G-40GHz: 5.68dB
Radiated emissions (Below 30MHz)	3.53dB
Radiated spurious emissions (30MHz~1GHz)	Horizontal: 3.92dB; Vertical: 4.52dB
The measurement uncertainty and decision risk evaluated according to AB/WI-RF-F-032. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.	



1.7. Test Summary

Test Items	Test Modes	Status
Conducted Emission at AC power line	Mode1,2	P
Duty Cycle	Mode1,2	P
Maximum conducted output power	Mode1,2	P
Power spectral density	Mode1,2	P
Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth	Mode1,2	P
Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time	Mode3	P
Non-Occupancy Period Test	Mode3	P
DFS Detection Thresholds	Mode3	P
Band edge emissions (Radiated)	Mode1,2	P
Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)	Mode1,2	P
Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)	Mode1,2	P
Note: P: Pass N: N/A, not applicable		



1.8. Description of Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

FCC-Registration No.:184111

Shenzhen Anbotech Compliance Laboratory Limited, EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No. 184111.

ISED-Registration No.: 8058A

Shenzhen Anbotech Compliance Laboratory Limited, EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (ISED) Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada. The acceptance letter from the ISED is maintained in our files. Registration 8058A.

Test Location

Shenzhen Anbotech Compliance Laboratory Limited.

1/F, Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.518128

1.9. Disclaimer

1. The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
2. The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
3. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
4. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Anbotech and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
5. Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
6. The authenticity of the information provided by the customer is the responsibility of the customer and the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity.

The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.



1.10. Test Equipment List**Conducted Emission at AC power line**

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal.Due Date
1	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100055	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
2	Three Phase V-type Artificial Power Network	CYBERTEK	EM5040DT	E215040D T001	2023-07-05	2024-07-04
3	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100627	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
4	Software Name EZ-EMC	Farad Technology	ANB-03A	N/A	/	/

Duty Cycle

Maximum conducted output power

Power spectral density

Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth

Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time

Non-Occupancy Period Test

DFS Detection Thresholds

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal.Due Date
1	Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY500011 02	2023-10-20	2024-10-19
2	DC Power Supply	IVYTECH	IV3605	1804D360 510	2023-10-20	2024-10-19
3	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	101792	2023-05-26	2024-05-25
4	MXA Spectrum Analysis	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY505318 23	2023-02-23	2024-02-22
5	Oscilloscope	Tektronix	MDO3012	C020298	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
6	MXG RF Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY474206 47	2023-02-23	2024-10-22



Band edge emissions (Radiated)

Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal.Due Date
1	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR26	101481	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
2	EMI Preamplifier	SKET Electronic	LNPA-0118G-45	SKET-PA-002	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
3	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02555	2022-10-16	2025-10-15
4	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	SHURPLE	N/A	N/A	/	/
5	Horn Antenna	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	J211060628	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
6	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	101792	2023-05-26	2024-05-25
7	Amplifier	Talent Microwave	TLLA18G40 G-50-30	23022802	2023-05-25	2024-05-24

Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal.Due Date
1	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR26	101481	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
2	Pre-amplifier	SONOMA	310N	186860	2023-10-12	2024-10-11
3	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	345	2022-10-23	2025-10-22
4	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	SHURPLE	N/A	N/A	/	/



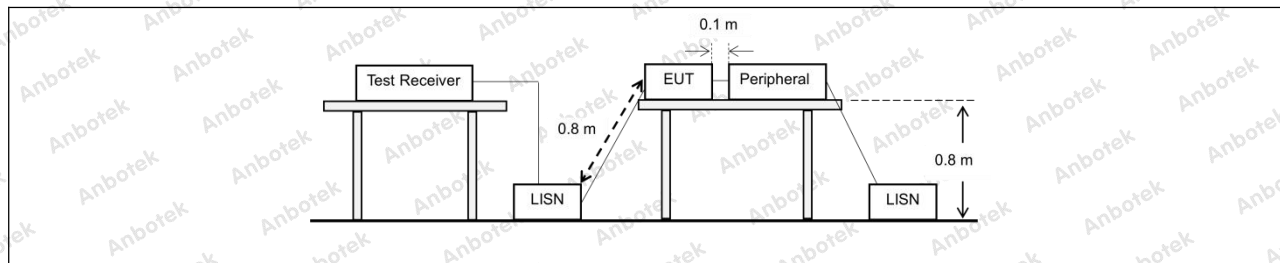
2. Conducted Emission at AC power line

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)		
Test Limit:	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.			
Test Method:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2, standard test method for ac power-line conducted emissions from unlicensed wireless devices		

2.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	<p>1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p>

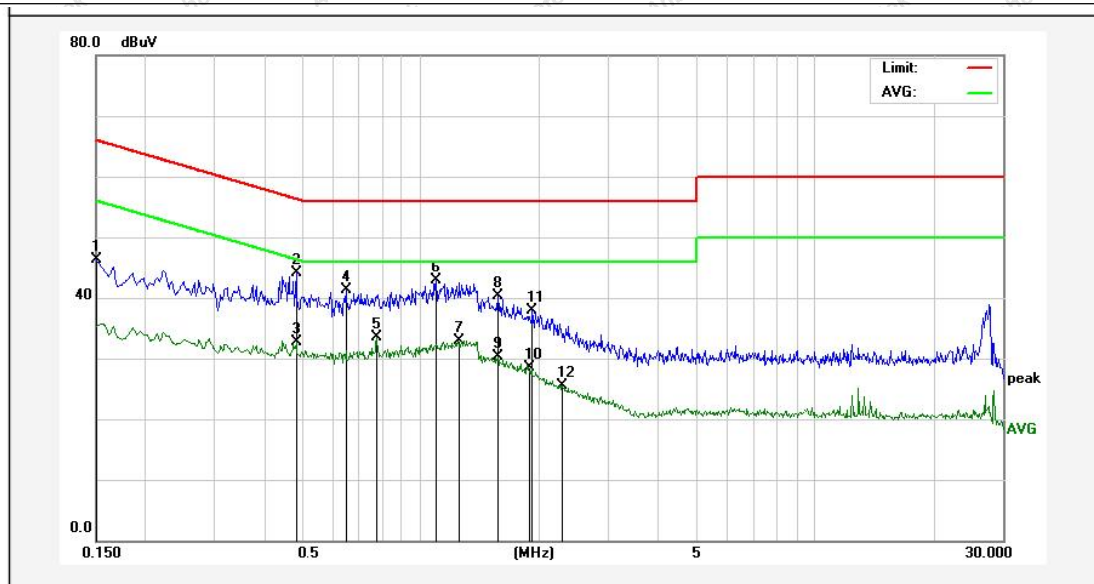
2.2. Test Setup



2.3. Test Data

Temperature:	24.7 °C	Humidity:	50 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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TM2 / Line: Line / Band: 5470-5725 MHz / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Remark
1	0.1500	26.49	19.82	46.31	65.99	-19.68	QP	
2	0.4820	24.36	19.84	44.20	56.30	-12.10	QP	
3	0.4820	12.85	19.84	32.69	46.30	-13.61	AVG	
4	0.6500	21.39	19.86	41.25	56.00	-14.75	QP	
5	0.7780	13.65	19.86	33.51	46.00	-12.49	AVG	
6	1.0940	23.11	19.85	42.96	56.00	-13.04	QP	
7	1.2460	13.06	19.84	32.90	46.00	-13.10	AVG	
8	1.5700	20.45	19.84	40.29	56.00	-15.71	QP	
9	1.5700	10.45	19.84	30.29	46.00	-15.71	AVG	
10	1.8780	8.65	19.83	28.48	46.00	-17.52	AVG	
11	1.9220	18.05	19.83	37.88	56.00	-18.12	QP	
12	2.2860	5.76	19.83	25.59	46.00	-20.41	AVG	



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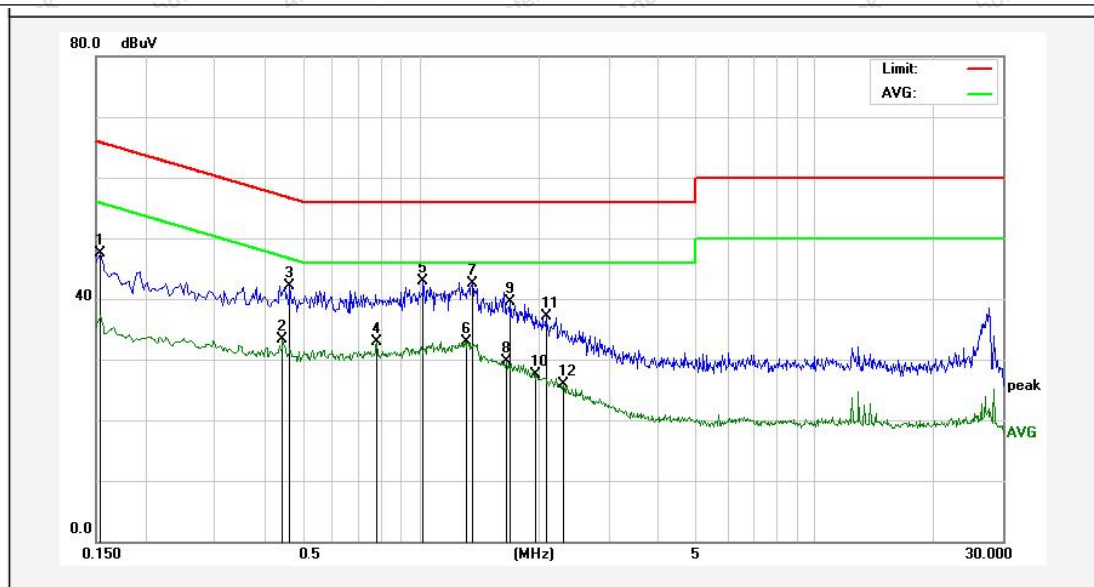
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Temperature: 24.7 °C

Humidity: 50 %

Atmospheric Pressure: 101 kPa

TM2 / Line: Neutral / Band: 5470-5725 MHz / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Remark
1	0.1539	27.65	19.83	47.48	65.78	-18.30	QP	
2	0.4460	13.40	19.83	33.23	46.95	-13.72	AVG	
3	0.4660	22.26	19.84	42.10	56.58	-14.48	QP	
4	0.7780	12.98	19.86	32.84	46.00	-13.16	AVG	
5	1.0180	23.11	19.85	42.96	56.00	-13.04	QP	
6	1.3140	13.08	19.84	32.92	46.00	-13.08	AVG	
7	1.3540	22.74	19.84	42.58	56.00	-13.42	QP	
8	1.6460	9.95	19.84	29.79	46.00	-16.21	AVG	
9	1.6940	19.68	19.84	39.52	56.00	-16.48	QP	
10	1.9540	7.76	19.83	27.59	46.00	-18.41	AVG	
11	2.0780	17.26	19.83	37.09	56.00	-18.91	QP	
12	2.3020	6.02	19.83	25.85	46.00	-20.15	AVG	

Note: Only record the worst data in the report.



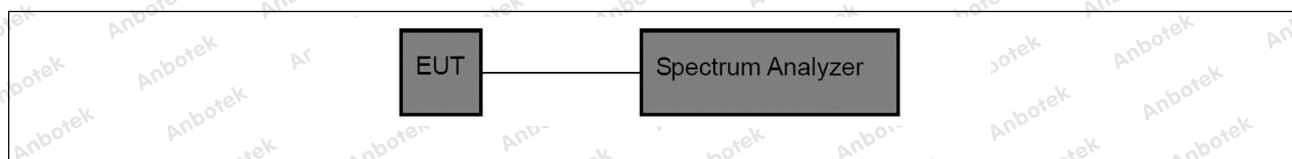
3. Duty Cycle

Test Requirement:	All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100% duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100% duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.
Test Limit:	No limits, only for report use.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 12.2 (b)
Procedure:	i) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. ii) Set RBW \geq EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. iii) Set VBW \geq RBW. iv) Set detector = peak. v) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in item a1) of 12.2, and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

3.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report. 2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.

3.2. Test Setup



3.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



4. Maximum conducted output power

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)
Test Limit:	<p>For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.</p> <p>If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.</p> <p>If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p>
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.3
Procedure:	<p>Method SA-1</p> <p>a) Set span to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal.</p> <p>b) Set RBW = 1 MHz.</p> <p>c) Set VBW \geq 3 MHz.</p> <p>d) Number of points in sweep \geq $[2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing \leq RBW / 2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)</p> <p>e) Sweep time = auto.</p> <p>f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.</p> <p>g) If transmit duty cycle $<$ 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no OFF intervals) or at duty cycle \geq 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run."</p> <p>h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.</p> <p>i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the 26 dB EBW or 99%</p>

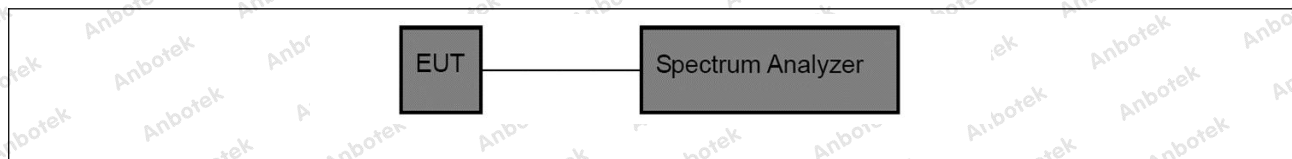


	OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the EBW or OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the spectrum.
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4.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	<p>1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p>

4.2. Test Setup



4.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



5. Power spectral density

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)
Test Limit:	<p>For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.</p> <p>If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.</p> <p>If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power.</p> <p>Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p>
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.5
Procedure:	<p>a) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in 12.3.2 for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver; that is, select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or their respective alternatives) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...." (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using the power meter method PM.)</p> <p>b) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum.</p> <p>c) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) If method SA-2 or SA-2A was used, then add $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum. 2) If method SA-3A was used and the linear mode was used in step h) of 12.3.2.7, add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.

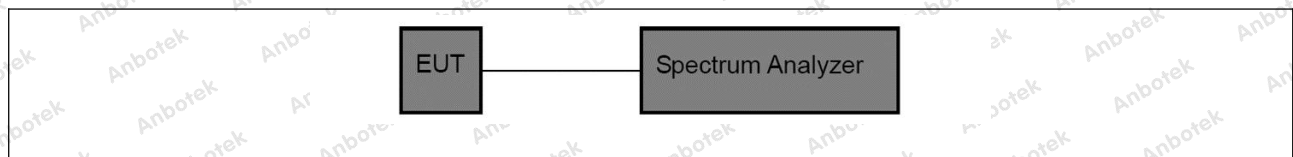


	<p>d) The result is the PPSD.</p> <p>e) The procedure in item a) through item c) requires the use of 1 MHz resolution bandwidth to satisfy the 1 MHz measurement bandwidth specified by some regulatory authorities. This requirement also permits use of resolution bandwidths less than 1 MHz “provided that the measured power is integrated to show the total power over the measurement bandwidth” (i.e., 1 MHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth and integrated over 1 MHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:</p> <p>1) Set RBW $\geq 1 / T$, where T is defined in 12.2 a).</p> <p>2) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.</p> <p>3) Care shall be taken such that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.</p>
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5.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	<p>1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p>

5.2. Test Setup



5.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



6. Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth

Test Requirement:	U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3, U-NII 4: 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)
Test Limit:	U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz and 5.850-5.895 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 6.9.3 & 12.4 KDB 789033 D02, Clause C.2
Procedure:	<p>Emission bandwidth:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. Set the VBW > RBW. Detector = peak. Trace mode = max hold. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. <p>Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.</p> <p>Occupied bandwidth:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and



	<p>report the measured bandwidth.</p> <p>g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.</p> <p>h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).</p> <p>6 dB emission bandwidth:</p> <p>a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.</p> <p>b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.</p> <p>c) Detector = Peak.</p> <p>d) Trace mode = max hold.</p> <p>e) Sweep = auto couple.</p> <p>f) Allow the trace to stabilize.</p> <p>g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.</p>
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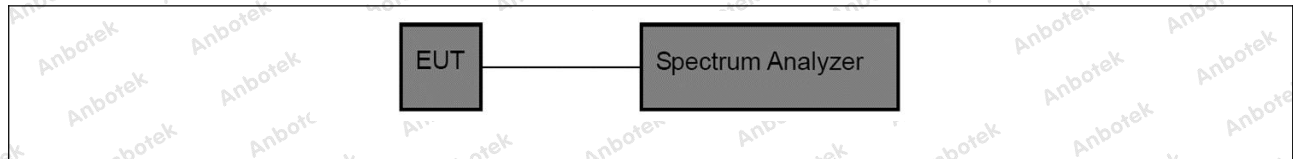
6.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:

Test mode:	<p>1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p>
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6.2. Test Setup



6.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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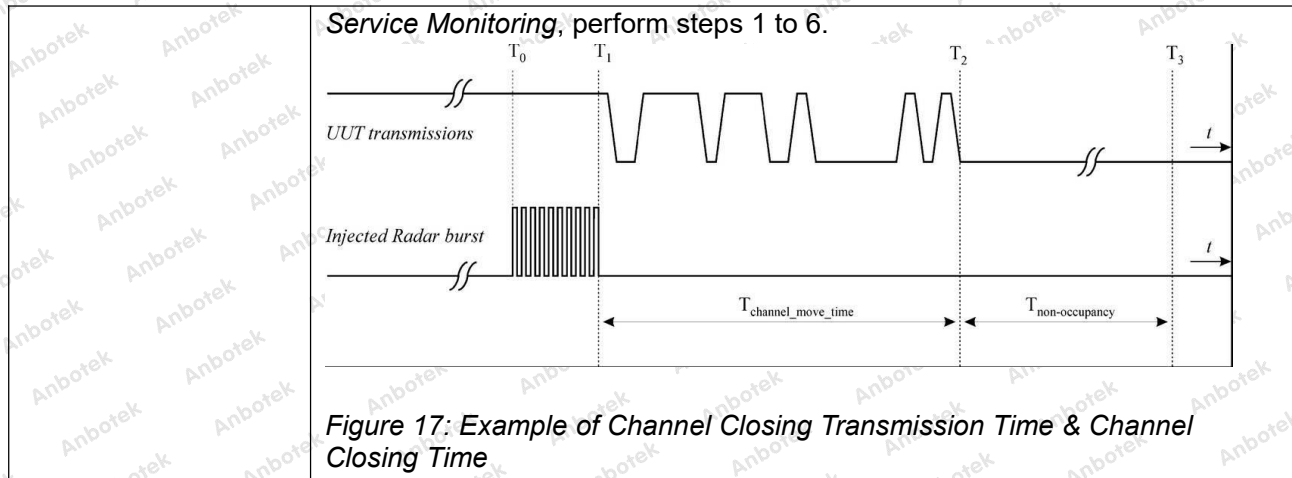
Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



7. Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iii)
Test Limit:	<p>Channel Move Time: within 10 seconds</p> <p>Channel Closing Transmission Time: 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.)</p>
Test Method:	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 7.8.3
Procedure:	<p>The steps below define the procedure to determine the above-mentioned parameters when a radar <i>Burst</i> with a level equal to the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i> + 1dB is generated on the <i>Operating Channel</i> of the U-NII device (<i>In- Service Monitoring</i>).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. One frequency will be chosen from the <i>Operating Channels</i> of the UUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands. For 802.11 devices, the test frequency must contain control signals. This can be verified by disabling channel loading and monitoring the spectrum analyzer. If no control signals are detected, another frequency must be selected within the emission bandwidth where control signals are detected. 2. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> (with or without DFS), a U-NII device operating as a <i>Master Device</i> will be used to allow the UUT (Client device) to <i>Associate</i> with the <i>Master Device</i>. In case the UUT is a <i>Master Device</i>, a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> will be used and it is assumed that the Client will <i>Associate</i> with the UUT (Master). In both cases for conducted tests, the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be connected to the <i>Master Device</i>. For radiated tests, the emissions of the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be directed towards the <i>Master Device</i>. If the <i>Master Device</i> has antenna gain, the main beam of the antenna will be directed toward the radar emitter. Vertical polarization is used for testing. 3. Stream the channel loading test file from the <i>Master Device</i> to the <i>Client Device</i> on the test <i>Channel</i> for the entire period of the test. 4. At time T0 the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator sends a <i>Burst</i> of pulses for one of the Radar Type 0 in Table 5 at levels defined in Table 3, on the <i>Operating Channel</i>. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i>, accounting for equipment variations/errors. 5. Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar <i>Burst</i> on the <i>Operating Channel</i> for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (<i>Channel Move Time</i>). Measure and record the <i>Channel Move Time</i> and <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> if radar detection occurs. Figure 17 illustrates <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>. 6. When operating as a <i>Master Device</i>, monitor the UUT for more than 30 minutes following instant T2 to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions on this <i>Channel</i>. Perform this test once and record the measurement result. 7. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> with <i>In-</i>



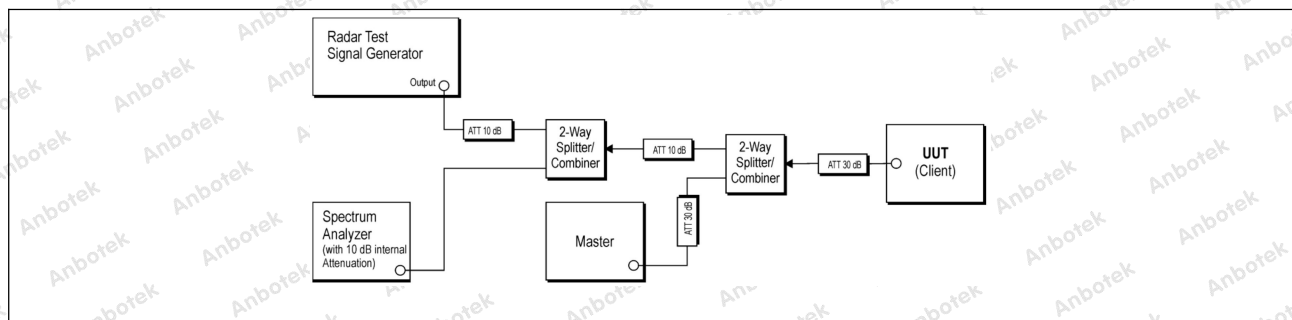


7.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:

Test mode: 3: Normal Operating: Keep the EUT works in normal operating mode and connect to companion device

7.2. Test Setup



7.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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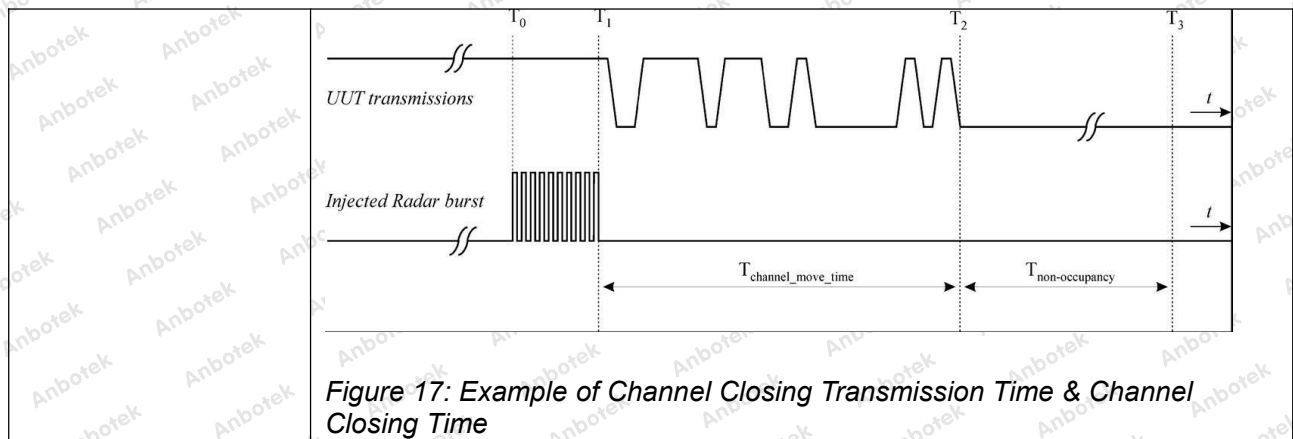
Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



8. Non-Occupancy Period Test

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iv)
Test Limit:	A channel that has been flagged as containing a radar system, either by a channel availability check or in-service monitoring, is subject to a non-occupancy period of at least 30 minutes. The non-occupancy period starts at the time when the radar system is detected.
Test Method:	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 7.8.3
Procedure:	<p>The steps below define the procedure to determine the above-mentioned parameters when a radar <i>Burst</i> with a level equal to the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i> + 1dB is generated on the <i>Operating Channel</i> of the U-NII device (<i>In- Service Monitoring</i>).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. One frequency will be chosen from the <i>Operating Channels</i> of the UUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands. For 802.11 devices, the test frequency must contain control signals. This can be verified by disabling channel loading and monitoring the spectrum analyzer. If no control signals are detected, another frequency must be selected within the emission bandwidth where control signals are detected. 2. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> (with or without DFS), a U-NII device operating as a <i>Master Device</i> will be used to allow the UUT (Client device) to <i>Associate</i> with the <i>Master Device</i>. In case the UUT is a <i>Master Device</i>, a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> will be used and it is assumed that the Client will <i>Associate</i> with the UUT (Master). In both cases for conducted tests, the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be connected to the <i>Master Device</i>. For radiated tests, the emissions of the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be directed towards the <i>Master Device</i>. If the <i>Master Device</i> has antenna gain, the main beam of the antenna will be directed toward the radar emitter. Vertical polarization is used for testing. 3. Stream the channel loading test file from the <i>Master Device</i> to the <i>Client Device</i> on the test <i>Channel</i> for the entire period of the test. 4. At time T0 the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator sends a <i>Burst</i> of pulses for one of the Radar Type 0 in Table 5 at levels defined in Table 3, on the <i>Operating Channel</i>. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i>, accounting for equipment variations/errors. 5. Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar <i>Burst</i> on the <i>Operating Channel</i> for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (<i>Channel Move Time</i>). Measure and record the <i>Channel Move Time</i> and <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> if radar detection occurs. Figure 17 illustrates <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>. 6. When operating as a <i>Master Device</i>, monitor the UUT for more than 30 minutes following instant T2 to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions on this <i>Channel</i>. Perform this test once and record the measurement result. 7. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> with <i>In-Service Monitoring</i>, perform steps 1 to 6.



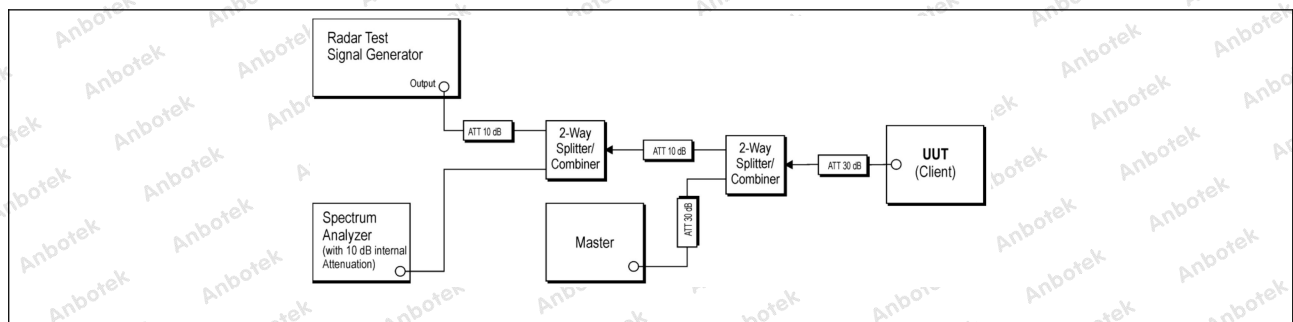


8.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:

Test mode: 3: Normal Operating: Keep the EUT works in normal operating mode and connect to companion device

8.2. Test Setup



8.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



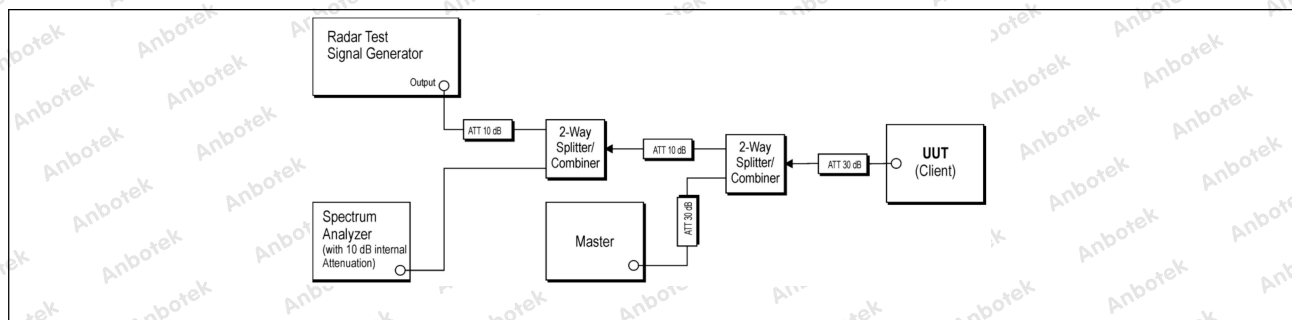
9. DFS Detection Thresholds

Test Requirement:	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 5.2 Table 3								
Test Limit:	<p>Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection</p> <p>Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection</p> <table> <tr> <th>Maximum Transmit Power</th><th>Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)</th></tr> <tr> <td>EIRP \geq 200 milliwatt</td><td>-64 dBm</td></tr> <tr> <td>EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt and power spectral density $<$ 10 dBm/MHz</td><td>-62 dBm</td></tr> <tr> <td>EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement</td><td>-64 dBm</td></tr> </table> <p>Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.</p> <p>Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.</p> <p>Note 3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.</p>	Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)	EIRP \geq 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt and power spectral density $<$ 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm	EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm
Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)								
EIRP \geq 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm								
EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt and power spectral density $<$ 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm								
EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm								
Test Method:	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 7.4.1.1								
Procedure:									

9.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	3: Normal Operating: Keep the EUT works in normal operating mode and connect to companion device

9.2. Test Setup



9.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



10. Band edge emissions (Radiated)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)			
Test Limit:	For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.			
	For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)
	13.36-13.41			
¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.				
² Above 38.6				
The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured				



emissions. The provisions in § 15.35 apply to these measurements.

Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100 **	3
88-216	150 **	3
216-960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

Test Method:

ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6

Procedure:

Above 1GHz:

- For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.
- The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

Remark:

- Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
- Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB

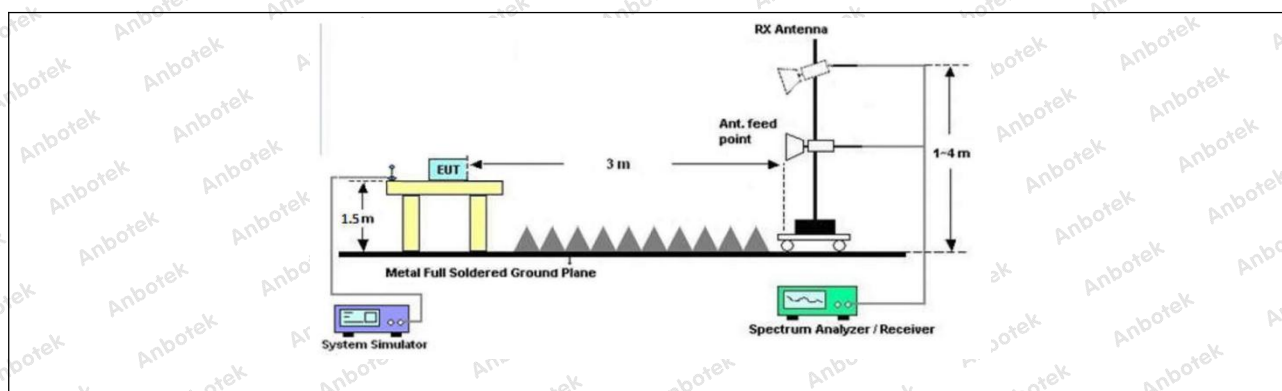


	<p>below the limit need not be reported.</p> <p>3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.</p> <p>4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.</p>
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10.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	<p>1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p>

10.2. Test Setup



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FCC ID: 2AMOD-CF1

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10.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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TM2 / L							
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Antenna Pol.	Detector
5460.00	37.50	16.37	53.87	74.00	-20.13	H	Peak
5460.00	37.59	16.37	53.96	74.00	-20.04	V	Peak
5470.00	37.42	16.70	54.12	68.20	-14.08	H	Peak
5470.00	38.06	16.70	54.76	68.20	-13.44	V	Peak
5460.00	28.10	16.37	44.47	54.00	-9.53	H	AVG
5460.00	28.79	16.37	45.16	54.00	-8.84	V	AVG
5470.00	27.92	16.70	44.62	54.00	-9.38	H	AVG
5470.00	28.46	16.70	45.16	54.00	-8.84	V	AVG
TM2 / H							
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Antenna Pol.	Detector
5850.00	38.24	17.21	55.45	68.20	-12.75	H	Peak
5850.00	39.10	17.21	56.31	68.20	-11.89	V	Peak
5850.00	28.09	17.21	45.30	54.00	-8.70	H	AVG
5850.00	29.21	17.21	46.42	54.00	-7.58	V	AVG

Remark: 1. Result=Reading + Factor



11. Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)		
Test Limit:	Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.		
	Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:		
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6		
Procedure:	Below 1GHz:		
	a. For below 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.		
	b. The EUT was set 3 or 10 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.		
	c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.		
	d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.		
	e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.		
	f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using quasi-peak method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.		
	g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.		
	h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.		
	i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.		
	Remark:		



1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
2. Scan from 9kHz to 30MHz, the disturbance below 30MHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.
3. The disturbance below 1GHz was very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

Above 1GHz:

- a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.
- h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.
- i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

Remark:

1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.
3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak



measurement is shown in the report.

4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

11.1. EUT Operation

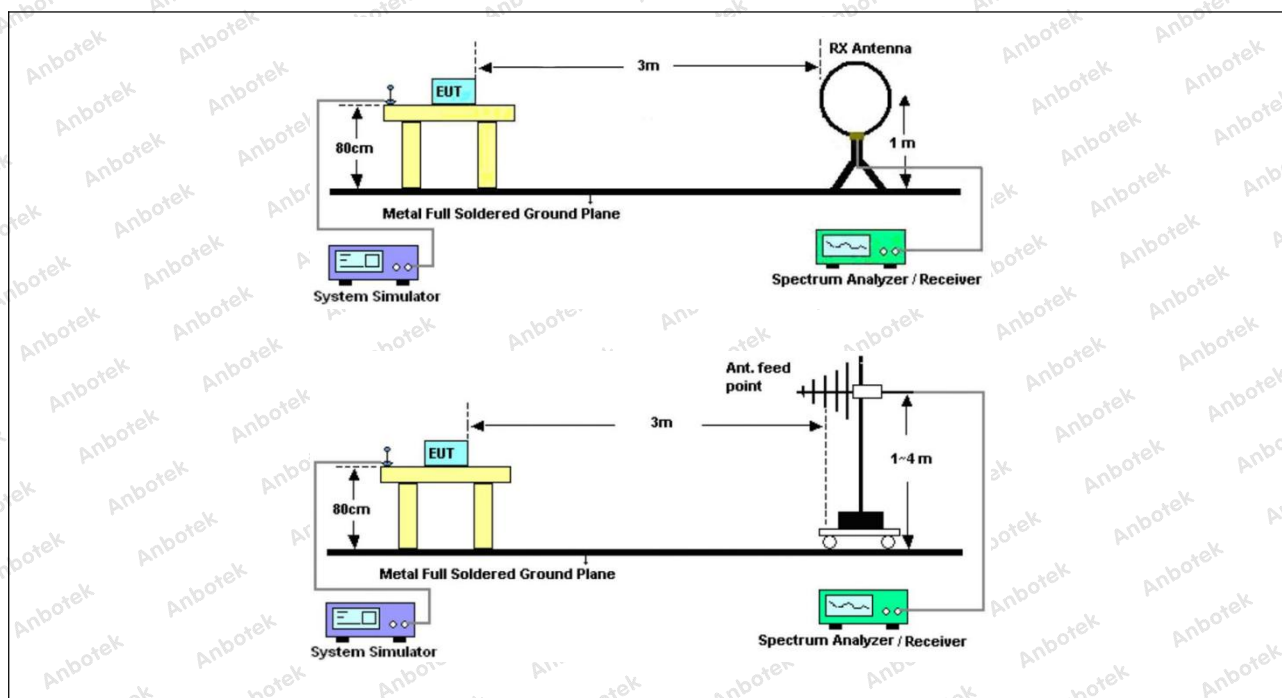
Operating Environment:

Test mode:

1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.

2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.

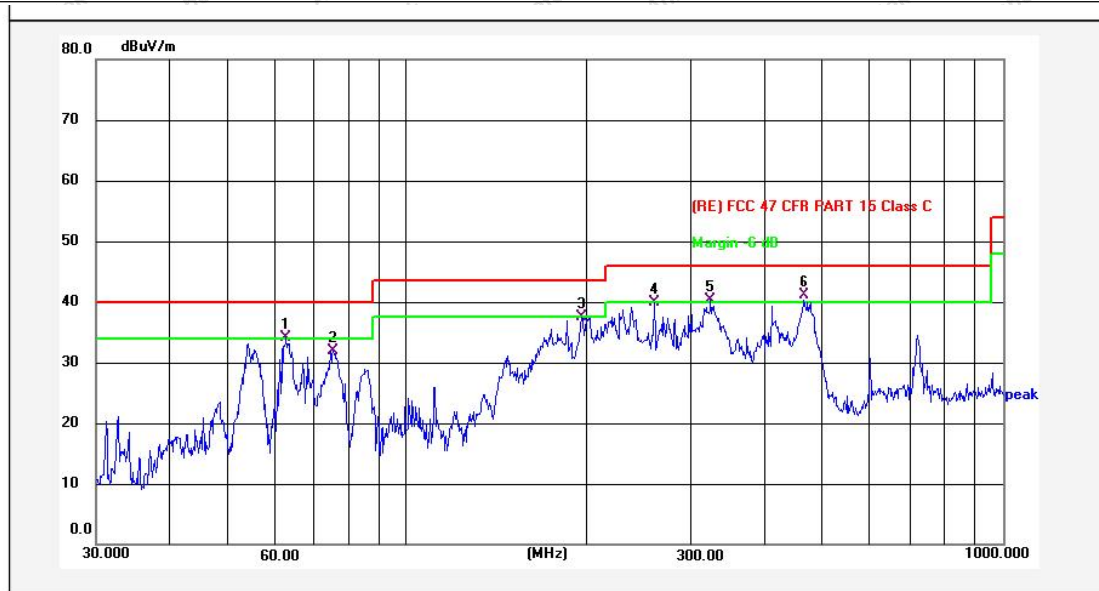
11.2. Test Setup



11.3. Test Data

Temperature:	24.8 °C	Humidity:	53.9 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
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TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 5470-5725 MHz / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	degree (deg)	Remark
1	62.5683	57.35	-23.20	34.15	40.00	-5.85	QP			
2	75.2480	57.66	-25.66	32.00	40.00	-8.00	QP			
3	195.9078	59.78	-22.30	37.48	43.50	-6.02	QP			
4	259.9164	61.01	-21.12	39.89	46.00	-6.11	QP			
5	323.1786	59.97	-19.57	40.40	46.00	-5.60	QP			
6	463.3600	57.27	-16.08	41.19	46.00	-4.81	QP			



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FCC ID: 2AMOD-CF1

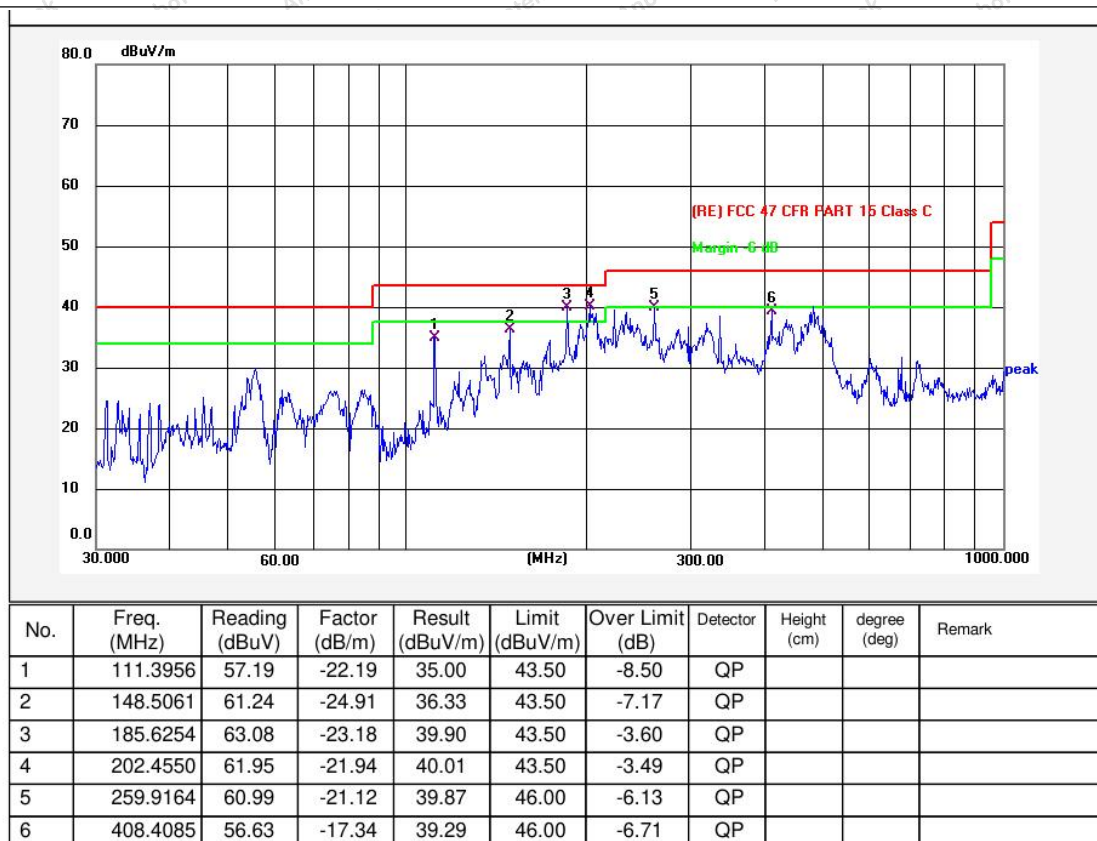
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Temperature: 24.8 °C

Humidity: 53.9 %

Atmospheric Pressure: 102 kPa

TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 5470-5725 MHz / BW: 20 / CH: L



Note: Only record the worst data in the report.



12. Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)			
Test Limit:	For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.			
	For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)
	13.36-13.41			
¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.				
² Above 38.6				
The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured				



	<p>emissions. The provisions in § 15.35 apply to these measurements.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table><tr><th>Frequency (MHz)</th><th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th><th>Measurement distance (meters)</th></tr><tr><td>0.009-0.490</td><td>2400/F(kHz)</td><td>300</td></tr><tr><td>0.490-1.705</td><td>24000/F(kHz)</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>1.705-30.0</td><td>30</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>30-88</td><td>100 **</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>88-216</td><td>150 **</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>216-960</td><td>200 **</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Above 960</td><td>500</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100 **	3	88-216	150 **	3	216-960	200 **	3	Above 960	500	3
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)																							
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300																							
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30																							
1.705-30.0	30	30																							
30-88	100 **	3																							
88-216	150 **	3																							
216-960	200 **	3																							
Above 960	500	3																							
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6																								
Procedure:	<p>Above 1GHz:</p> <p>a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</p> <p>c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</p> <p>d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</p> <p>e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</p> <p>f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.</p> <p>g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.</p> <p>h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.</p> <p>i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.</p> <p>Remark:</p> <p>1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor</p> <p>2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB</p>																								

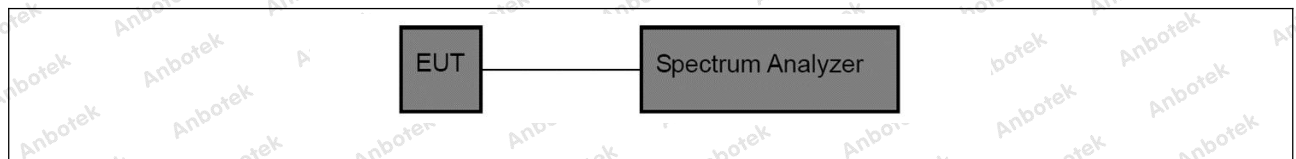


	<p>below the limit need not be reported.</p> <p>3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.</p> <p>4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.</p>
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12.1. EUT Operation

Operating Environment:	
Test mode:	<p>1: 802.11n mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2: 802.11ac mode: Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.</p>

12.2. Test Setup



12.3. Test Data

Temperature:	26.4 °C	Humidity:	48.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	101 kPa
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TM1 / CH: L							
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Antenna Pol.	Detector
11000.00	27.08	24.15	51.23	68.20	-16.97	V	Peak
16500.00	29.26	33.05	62.31	68.20	-5.89	V	Peak
11000.00	28.91	24.15	53.06	68.20	-15.14	H	Peak
16500.00	29.23	33.05	62.28	68.20	-5.92	H	Peak
11000.00	16.833	24.15	40.98	54.00	-13.02	V	AVG
16500.00	18.248	33.05	51.30	54.00	-2.70	V	AVG
11000.00	17.081	24.15	41.23	54.00	-12.77	H	AVG
16500.00	16.849	33.05	49.90	54.00	-4.10	H	AVG
TM1 / CH: M							
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Antenna Pol.	Detector
11200.000	26.76	23.83	50.59	68.20	-17.61	V	Peak
16800.000	27.43	32.16	59.59	68.20	-8.61	V	Peak
11200.000	27.84	23.83	51.67	68.20	-16.53	H	Peak
16800.000	27.84	32.16	60.00	68.20	-8.20	H	Peak
11200.000	17.083	23.83	40.91	54.00	-13.09	V	AVG
16800.000	18.648	32.16	50.81	54.00	-3.19	V	AVG
11200.000	17.581	23.83	41.41	54.00	-12.59	H	AVG
16800.000	18.709	32.16	50.87	54.00	-3.13	H	AVG
TM1 / CH: H							
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit (dB)	Antenna Pol.	Detector
11400.000	25.85	23.51	49.36	68.20	-18.84	V	Peak
17100.000	27.32	31.73	59.05	68.20	-9.15	V	Peak
11400.000	26.74	23.51	50.25	68.20	-17.95	H	Peak
17100.000	27.84	31.73	59.57	68.20	-8.63	H	Peak
11400.000	16.46	23.51	39.97	54.00	-14.03	V	AVG
17100.000	17.86	31.73	49.59	54.00	-4.41	V	AVG
11400.000	20.37	23.51	43.88	54.00	-10.12	H	AVG
17100.000	18.50	31.73	50.23	54.00	-3.77	H	AVG

Remark:

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. During the test, pre-scan the all modulation, only the worst case is recorded in the report.

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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APPENDIX I -- TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPH

Please refer to separated files Appendix I -- Test Setup Photograph_RF

APPENDIX II -- EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPH

Please refer to separated files Appendix II -- External Photograph

APPENDIX III -- INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPH

Please refer to separated files Appendix III -- Internal Photograph

----- End of Report -----

