FCC

The F3N_NF module is designed to be installed into fixed pieces of civil engineering monitoring equipment and not used as a portable device.

For the purpose of this calculation a maximum antenna power of 8 dBm is used, which exceeds that measured at the antenna port during the compliance testing, and provides and additional margin

According to FCC part 15 $\S 1.1310$ the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure from equipment operating in the frequency range 1500 - 100,000 MHz is $1.0 \, \text{mW/cm}^2$.

Following installation and commissioning, the safe distance from the antenna is the greater of:

20cm

Or

r cm, where $r = V (PG/4\pi S)$

P: power input to antenna(s) in mW

G: numeric gain of antenna relative to isotropic radiator

S: power density in mW/cm² = 0.60 mW/cm² (from module calculation)

The safe distance from the antenna shall be the greater of:

20 cm or √ (PG/4πS)

Worst case values are:

```
P = 6.3 \text{ mW } (8 \text{ dBm})
G = 2.18 (3.4 \text{ dBi})
```

So, safe distance

```
r = \sqrt{(6.3 * 2.18) / (4 * 3.142 * 1.0))}
```

r = 1.04 cm

So, 20 cm is a suitable safe distance

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According to clause 6.6, RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

• at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1.31 x 10^{-2} $f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;

For 2400 MHz, this limit of 1.31 x 10-2 $f^{0.6834}$ W = 2.67W EIRP

The module has a maximum transmit power of 6.3 mW with an antenna gain of 2.18 (linear)

This maximum EIRP of 13.8 mW is << the exemption limit of 2.67 W, so the device is exempt from routine evaluation