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FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No.: KSEM2012001696CR

Applicant: Global Mei Chuang Co., Limited

Address of Applicant: FLAT / RM A, 9 /F, SILVERCORP INTERNATIONAL TOWER,

707-713 NATHAN ROAD, MONGKOK, KL, HONGKONG, CHINA

Manufacturer: Huizhou LFY Technology Co., Ltd.

Address of Manufacturer: Loujiao Xiaozu, Chayuan Village Committee, Qiuchang Street Office,

Huiyang, Huizhou, Guangdong, China

Factory: Huizhou LFY Technology Co., Ltd.

Address of Factory: Loujiao Xiaozu, Chayuan Village Committee, Qiuchang Street Office,

Huiyang, Huizhou, Guangdong, China

Product Name: Walkie Talkie

Model No.(EUT): T78
Series Model: T388
Trade mark: N/A

FCC ID: 2AMEAT78388

Standard(s): FCC 47CFR §2.1093

Date of Receipt: 2021-01-08

Date of Test: 2021-01-12 to 2021-01-12

Date of Issue: 2021-01-13

Test Result: Pass*

* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Eric Lin

Enia fri

Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.



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No.10, Weiye Road, Innovation Park, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China 215300 t(86-512)573 中国・江苏・昆山市留学生创业园伟业路10号 邮编 215300 t(86-512)573

t(86-512)57355888 f(86-512)57370818 www.sgsgroup.com.cn t(86-512)57355888 f(86-512)57370818 sgs.china@sgs.com



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REVISION HISTORY

Revision Record			
Version	Description	Date	Remark
00	Original	2021-01-13	/

Authorized for issue by:		
	Richard. Kong	
	Richard.Kong/ Project Engineer	
	Eria Li	
	Eric.Lin/Reviewer	



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TEST SUMMARY

Frequency Band	Test position	Test mode	Max Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR limit (W/kg)	Verdict
PTT450MHz	Front of face	FM	0.21	1.6	PASS
PTT450WITZ	Back side with Splint	FM	0.27	1.6	PASS



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1 General Information

1.1 General Description of EUT

Device Type :	portable device			
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environment / general population			
Product Phase:	production unit	production unit		
SN:	N/A			
Hardware Version:	V2.0			
Software Version:	V2.02	V2.02		
Antenna Type:	Integral			
Device Operating Configurations :				
Modulation Mode:	PTT450MHz:FM			
Device Class:	В			
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)	
Frequency Bands:	PTT450MHz	462.55~462.725	462.55~462.725	
	P11450WH2	467.5625~467.7125	467.5625~467.7125	
Power Supply:	4*AAA LR03 1.5V batteries			

Note:

Model No: T78,T388.

The model T78 and T388 were all tested, since the interior structure, electrical circuits, components and appearance were identical for the above models, with only different on the model names and outlooks for the marketing requirement.

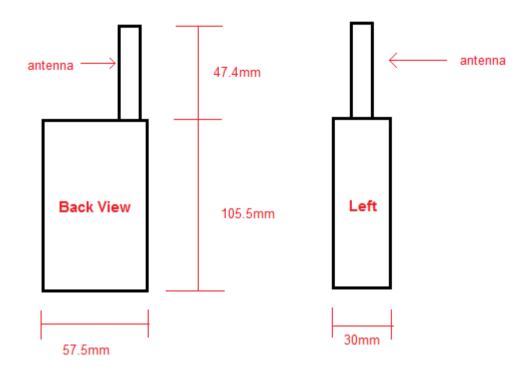
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1.1.1 DUT Antenna Locations





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1.2 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radio frequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1 – 2019	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02	RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 643646 D01:SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03	SAR Test Reduction Considerations For Occupational PTT Radios

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1.3 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment	Controlled Environment	
Human Exposure	General Population	Occupational	
Spatial Peak SAR*	1 60 W/ka	8.00 W/kg	
(Brain*Trunk)	1.60 W/kg		
Spatial Average SAR**	0.09 \\//ka	0.40 W/kg	
(Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg		
Spatial Peak SAR***	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg	
(Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg	

Notes:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

^{**} The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

^{***} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



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1.4 Test Location

Company: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Kun shan Laboratory

Address: No.10 Weiye Rd., Innovation park, Eco&Tec, Development Zone, Kunshan City, Jiangsu,

China

Post code: 215300

 Telephone:
 86-512-57355888

 Fax:
 86-512-57370818

 E-mail:
 sgs.china@sgs.com

1.5 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS (No. CNAS L4354)

CNAS has accredited Compliance Certification Services (Kunshan) Inc. to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

A2LA (Certificate No. 2541.01)

Compliance Certification Services (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Certificate No. 2541.01.

• FCC -Designation Number: CN1172

Compliance Certification Services Inc. has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1172.

• ISED (CAB identifier: CN0072)

Compliance Certification Services (Kunshan) Inc. has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED) as an accredited testing laboratory

CAB Identifier: CN0072.

VCCI (Member No.: 1938)

The 3m and 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of Compliance Certification Services (Kunshan) Inc. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-1600, C-1707, T-1499, G-10216 respectively.



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2 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C	
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%	
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω	
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.		

Table 2: The Ambient Conditions



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3 SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

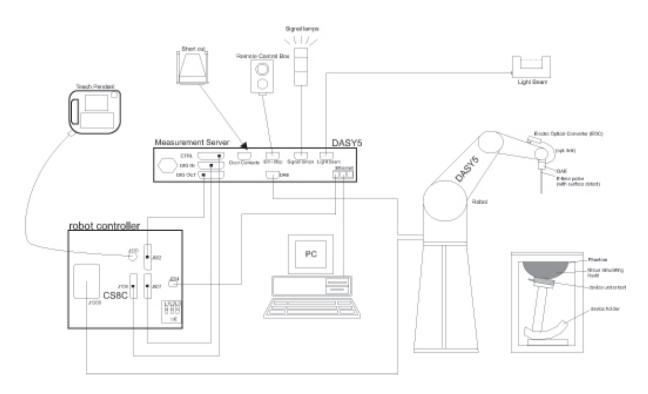
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration

• The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.



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- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validat the proper functioning of the system.

3.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

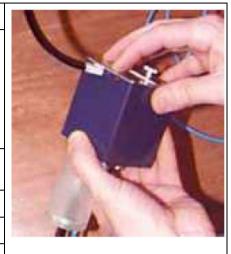


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3.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



3.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

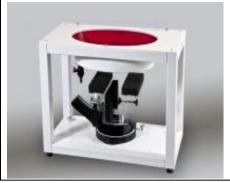


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3.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



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3.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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3.7 Measurement procedure

3.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm*30mm*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz) and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2003.



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			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	½-δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan sp	atial resolt	ntion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension or measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution n x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the tes	on, is smaller than the above, nust be ≤ the corresponding evice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 3 - 4 GHz: \leq 5 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm* 4 - 6 GHz: \leq 4 mm		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid \[\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1): \] between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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3.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE3". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor ConvFiDiode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency

- Crest factor c

Media parameters: - Conductivity $\ensuremath{\epsilon}$

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_{i} = (V_{i} / Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$



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H-field probes:

$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 \frac{2}{3770} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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4 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

4.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is remounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.



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4.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



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5 Description of Test Position

5.1 Handheld push-to-talk (PTT) two-way radios

This EUT was tested in Two different positions. They are Face-Held Configuration and Body-worn Configuration.

Face-Held Configuration

Face-held Configuration- per IEEE 1528-2013: "If the user instructions provided by the manufacturer specify an intended use with an appropriate accessory at a certain separation distance to the body, the device shall be positioned as intended at the distance to the outer surface of the phantom that corresponds to the specified distance. When evaluating device SAR without a specific carry accessory, the separation distance shall not exceed 25 mm"

Body-worn Configuration

Body-worn measurements-per IEEE 1528-2013: The surface of the device pointing towards the flat phantom should be parallel to the surface of the phantom. However, all devices do not have a flat surface. Therefore the details of the device position, e.g. the definition of the distance and the physical relationship between the device and the phantom, shall be documented in the measurement report according to the manufacturer instructions

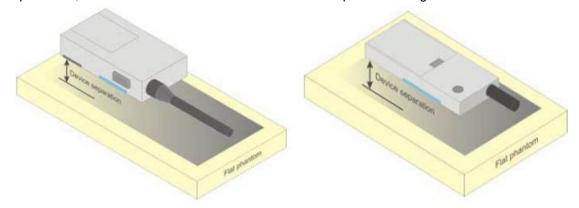


Illustration for Two-way radios



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6 SAR System Verification Procedure

6.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

6.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)										
(% by weight)	45	50	83	35	9′	15	19	00	2450		
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7	
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78	

HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 50-65%
Mineral oil: 10-30%
Emulsifiers: 8-25%
Sodium salt: 0-1.5%

MSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 64-78%
Mineral oil: 11-18%
Emulsifiers: 9-15%
Sodium salt: 2-3%

Table 3: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



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6.1.2 Test Liquids Confirmation

Simulated tissue liquid parameter confirmation

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the SPEAG DAK3.5 dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 recommended tissue dielectric parameters

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency	He	ad	Body		
(MHz)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



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6.1.3 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $22\pm2^{\circ}$ C.

Tissue	Frequency		Target Tissue (±5%) Measured Tissue Liquid Temp.		-	Measured Date		
Type	(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)	(°C)		
450 Head	450	43.5 (41.33~45.68)	0.87 (0.83~0.91)	43.255	0.883	22.0	2021/01/12	

Table 4: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

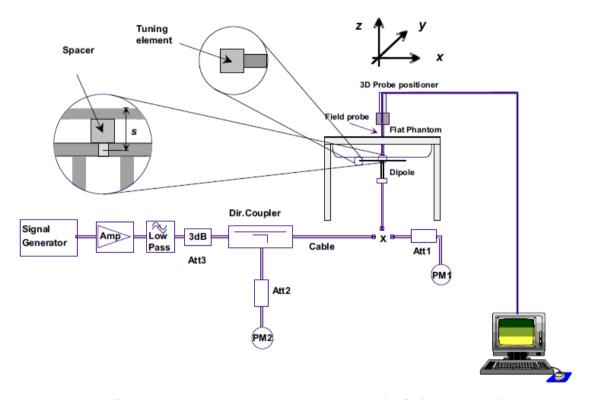


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6.2 SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system check is sketched in bellow figure. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table. During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-3. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification



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6.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



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6.2.2 Summary System Check Result(s)

Validation Kit		Measured SAR SAR 250mW 250mW		Measured SAR (normalized to 1w)	Measured SAR (normalized to 1w)	Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%)	Liquid Temp.	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	(℃)	
D450 V2	Head	1.17	0.736	4.68	2.944	4.53 (4.08~4.98)	3.03 (2.73~3.33)	22.0	2021/01/12

Table 5: SAR System Check Result

6.2.3 Detailed System Check Results

Please see the Appendix A



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7 Test Configuration

7.1 Operation Configurations

7.1.1 PTT Test Configuration

For the PTT SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for PTT mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated one channel in the case of 450 MHz during the test at the test frequency channel. The EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The channel should be tested at the 100% duty cycle.

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24.89

25.5

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8 Test Result

8.1 Measurement of RF Conducted Power

8.1.1 Conducted Power Of PTT 450MHz

467.7125MHz

Channel	Frequency	Test mode	Ch Space(KHz)	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-up
3	462.6125MHz	FM	12.5	25.55	26
15	462.5500MHz	FM	12.5	25.2	26
20	462.6750MHz	FM	12.5	25.44	26
8	467.5625MHz	FM	12.5	24.96	25.5
11	467.6375MHz	FM	12.5	24.81	25.5

12.5

Table 6: Conducted Power Of PTT 450MHz

Note:

14

Per KDB447498 D01 Section 4.1.g, When the frequency channels required for SAR testing are not specified in the *published RF exposure KDB procedures*, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels. The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode.

$$N_c = Round \{ [100(f_{high} - f_{low})/f_c]^{0.5} \times (f_c/100)^{0.2} \},$$

where

- N_c is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer,
- fhigh and flow are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band,

FΜ

- fc is the mid-band channel frequency,
- all frequencies are in MHz.

f High (MHz)	f low (MHz)	f c (MHz)	Nc
462.675	462.6125	462.64375	0
f High (MHz)	f low (MHz)	f c (MHz)	Nc
467.7125	467.5625	467.6375	0

Although the test channel number is 0, but the customer requires testing all channels.



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8.2 Measurement of SAR Data

8.2.1 SAR Result Of PTT450MHz

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Cond ucted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
Front To Face (Separate 25mm)												
Front side	FM	3/462.6125	100.00%	1	0.133	0.098	-0.13	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.148	22.0
Front side	FM	15/462.55	100.00%	1	0.125	0.092	-0.13	25.20	26.00	1.202	0.150	22.0
Front side	FM	20/462.675	100.00%	1	0.133	0.098	-0.12	25.44	26.00	1.138	0.151	22.0
	Front To Face with T388(Separate 25mm)											
Front side	FM	3/462.6125	100.00%	1	0.118	0.088	0.03	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.131	22.0
Front side	FM	15/462.55	100.00%	1	0.121	0.089	-0.04	25.20	26.00	1.202	0.145	22.0
Front side	FM	20/462.675	100.00%	1	0.129	0.093	0.17	25.44	26.00	1.138	0.147	22.0
			Body	Touch wit	h Back Sp	lint (Sepa	rate 0mm))				
Back side	FM	3/462.6125	100.00%	1	0.208	0.149	-0.08	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.231	22.0
Back side	FM	15/462.55	100.00%	1	0.184	0.125	-0.11	25.20	26.00	1.202	0.221	22.0
Back side	FM	20/462.675	100.00%	1	0.189	0.135	-0.12	25.44	26.00	1.138	0.215	22.0
			Body Touc	h with Bad	k Splint w	rith T388 (Separate	0mm)				
Back side	FM	3/462.6125	100.00%	1	0.201	0.146	0.15	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.223	22.0
Back side	FM	15/462.55	100.00%	1	0.186	0.125	0.16	25.20	26.00	1.202	0.224	22.0
Back side	FM	20/462.675	100.00%	1	0.179	0.119	-0.08	25.44	26.00	1.138	0.204	22.0
				Front To	Face (Sep	oarate 25n	nm)	•	•			
Front side	FM	8/467.5625	100.00%	1	0.184	0.135	-0.02	24.96	25.5	1.132	0.208	22.0
Front side	FM	11/467.6375	100.00%	1	0.099	0.072	-0.04	24.81	25.5	1.172	0.116	22.0
Front side	FM	14/467.7125	100.00%	1	0.102	0.075	-0.13	24.89	25.5	1.151	0.117	22.0
			Fro	nt To Face	with T38	3(Separate	e 25mm)					
Front side	FM	8/467.5625	100.00%	1	0.177	0.129	0.09	24.96	25.5	1.132	0.200	22.0
Front side	FM	11/467.6375	100.00%	1	0.122	0.083	0.14	24.81	25.5	1.172	0.143	22.0
Front side	FM	14/467.7125	100.00%	1	0.135	0.094	-0.02	24.89	25.5	1.151	0.155	22.0
			Body	Touch wit	h Back Sp	lint (Sepa	rate 0mm)					
Back side	FM	8/467.5625	100.00%	1	0.235	0.169	-0.06	24.96	25.5	1.132	0.266	22.0
Back side	FM	11/467.6375	100.00%	1	0.140	0.101	-0.08	24.81	25.5	1.172	0.164	22.0
Back side	FM	14/467.7125	100.00%	1	0.146	0.106	-0.06	24.89	25.5	1.151	0.168	22.0
			Body Touc	ch with Bad	k Splint w	rith T388 (Separate	0mm)				
Back side	FM	8/467.5625	100.00%	1	0.228	0.162	0.13	24.96	25.5	1.132	0.258	22.0
Back side	FM	11/467.6375	100.00%	1	0.152	0.108	-0.19	24.81	25.5	1.172	0.178	22.0
Back side	FM	14/467.7125	100.00%	1	0.146	0.103	-0.01	24.89	25.5	1.151	0.168	22.0

Table 7: SAR Result Of PTT450MHz Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

No.10, Weiye Road, Innovation Park, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China 215300 中国・江苏・昆山市留学生创业园伟业路10号 邮编 215300 $\begin{array}{lll} t(86\text{-}512)57355888 & f(86\text{-}512)57370818 & www.sgsgroup.com.cn \\ t(86\text{-}512)57355888 & f(86\text{-}512)57370818 & sgs.china@sgs.com \\ \end{array}$



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9 Equipment list

Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 Professional
Location	SGS-CCS Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Kunshan Branch
Description	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)
Software Reference	DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Hardware Reference

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
\boxtimes	PC	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Signal Generator	Agilent	E5182A	MY50142015	2020/09/25	2021/09/24
\boxtimes	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	2020/02/24	2021/02/23
\boxtimes	DAK-3.5 probe	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1102	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1445010	2020/04/21	2021/04/20
\boxtimes	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339220	2020/04/21	2021/04/20
	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1245	2020/05/27	2021/05/26
\boxtimes	E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	2020/05/29	2021/05/28
\boxtimes	Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1103	2018/04/11	2021/04/10
	Electro Thermometer	DTM	DTM3000	3030	2020/10/24	2021/10/23
\boxtimes	Amplifier	Mini-circuits	ZVE-8G	110405	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Amplifier	Mini-circuits	ZHL-42	QA1331003	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	3db ATTENUATOR	MINI	MCL BW-S3W5	0533	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Dual Directional Coupler	Woken	20W couple	DOM2BHW1A1	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0)	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1102	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.



10 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

11 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D

Compliance Certification Services (Kunshan) Inc.

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Appendix A: Detailed System Check Results

The plots are showing as followings.

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Test Report Form Version: Rev01

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Date: 2021/01/12

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

System Performance Check Head 450MHz

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.883 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.255$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2020/05/29;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 2020/05/27
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1102
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Body/Pin=250 mW, dist=15 mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x23x1): Measurement

grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg

Body/Pin=250 mW, dist=15 mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

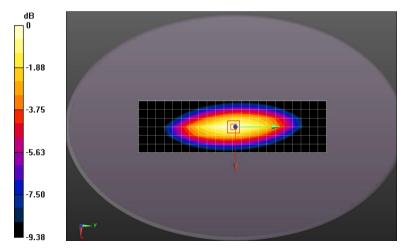
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.736 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg = 1.30 dBW/kg



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Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

The plots of worse case are showing as followings.

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Test Report Form Version: Rev01

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Date: 2021/01/12

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

PTT450MHz FM Front of Face 25mm Ch20

DUT: Walkie Talkie; Type: T78; Serial: NA

Communication System: UID 0, PTT450MHz (0); Frequency: 462.675 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 463 MHz; σ = 0.893 S/m; ε_r = 43.091; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2020/05/29;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 2020/05/27

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1102

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 W/kg

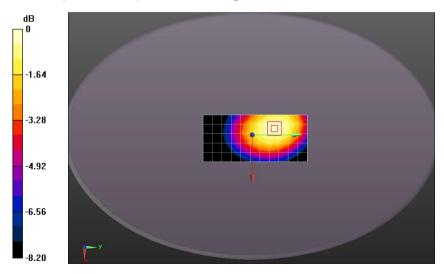
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 W/kg



0 dB = 0.168 W/kg = -7.75 dBW/kg



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Date: 2021/01/12

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

PTT450MHz FM Back side 0mm Ch3

DUT: Walkie Talkie; Type: T78; Serial: NA

Communication System: UID 0, PTT450MHz (0); Frequency: 462.613 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 463 MHz; σ = 0.893 S/m; ε_r = 43.091; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2020/05/29;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 2020/05/27
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1102
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 W/kg

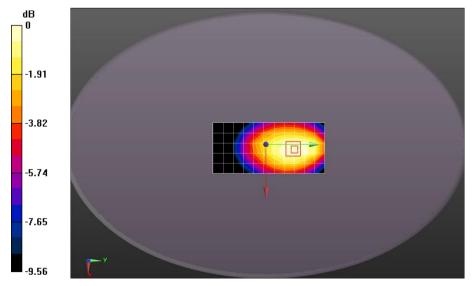
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 W/kg



0 dB = 0.271 W/kg = -5.67 dBW/kg



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Date: 2021/01/12

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

PTT450MHz FM Front of Face 25mm Ch8

DUT: Walkie Talkie; Type: T78; Serial: NA

Communication System: UID 0, PTT450MHz (0); Frequency: 467.563 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 468 MHz; σ = 0.898 S/m; ε_r = 43.016; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2020/05/29;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 2020/05/27
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1102
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 W/kg

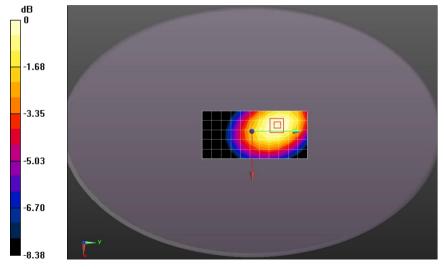
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.184 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



0 dB = 0.235 W/kg = -6.29 dBW/kg



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Date: 2021/01/12

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

PTT450MHz FM Back side 0mm Ch8

DUT: Walkie Talkie; Type: T78; Serial: NA

Communication System: UID 0, PTT450MHz (0); Frequency: 467.563 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 468 MHz: $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ S/m}$: $\varepsilon_r = 43.016$: $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2020/05/29;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 2020/05/27

• Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1102

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 W/kg

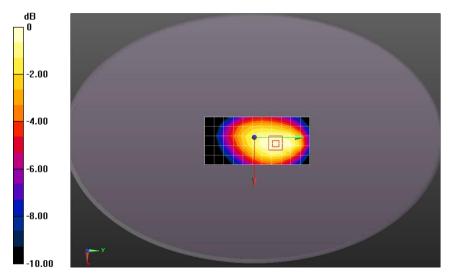
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.349 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg



0 dB = 0.305 W/kg = -5.16 dBW/kg



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Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

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