

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation 914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE • BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 • PHONE (410) 354-3300 • FAX (410) 354-3313 33439 WESTERN AVENUE • UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 • PHONE (510) 489-6300 • FAX (510) 489-6372 3162 BELICK STREET • SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 • PHONE (408) 748-3585 • FAX (510) 489-6372 13501 MCCALLEN PASS • AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753 • PHONE (512) 287-2500 • FAX (512) 287-2513

November 3, 2017

Olibra LLC 45 Legion Dr Cresskill, NJ 07626

Dear Dipak Patel,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Olibra LLC, Bond as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), FCC Part 15 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Huna

Joel Huna Documentation Department

Reference: (\Olibra LLC\EMC93702A-FCC231 Rev. 1)

Certificates and reports shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written permission of MET Laboratories, Inc. .



MET Laboratories, Inc. *safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation* 914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE • BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 • PHONE (410) 354-3300 • FAX (410) 354-3313 33439 WESTERN AVENUE • UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 • PHONE (510) 489-6300 • FAX (510) 489-6372 3162 BELICK STREET • SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 • PHONE (408) 748-3585 • FAX (510) 489-6372 13501 MCCALLEN PASS • AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753 • PHONE (512) 287-2500 • FAX (512) 287-2513

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Olibra LLC Bond

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.231 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC93702A-FCC231 Rev. 1

November 3, 2017

Prepared For:

Olibra LLC 45 Legion Dr Cresskill, NJ 07626

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Olibra LLC Bond

Tested under the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.231 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

Peepole

Deepak Giri, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

bel Huna

Joel Huna Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.231 under normal use and maintenance.

John W. Mason

John Mason, Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision	
Ø	August 18, 2017	Initial Issue.	
1	November 3, 2017	Engineer Corrections.	



Table of Contents

Executive Summary	1
1	
C. Test Site	5
a) Modifications to EUT	8
b) Modifications to Test Standard	8
	 E. Equipment Configuration. F. Support Equipment G. Ports and Cabling Information. H. Mode of Operation I. Monitoring Method. J. Modifications



List of Tables

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.231 ComplianceTesting	
Table 2. EUT Summary Table	
Table 3. References	
Table 4. Equipment Configuration	
Table 5. Support Equipment	7
Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information	
Table 7. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)	
Table 8. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line, Test Results	
Table 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line, Test Results	
Table 10. Periodic Operation Requirements	
Table 11. Output Power, Test Results	
Table 12. Duty Cycle Calculation	
Table 13. 20 dB Bandwidth Test Results	
Table 14. Simultaneous MPE, 300 – 321.5 MHz and 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi	
Table 15. Test Equipment List	
* *	

List of Plots

Plot 1.	Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line	12
Plot 2.	Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line	13
Plot 3.	Periodic Operation	14
Plot 4.	Field Strength of Fundamental, 300 MHz, Low Channel	16
Plot 5.	Field Strength of Fundamental, 310.5 MHz, Mid Channel	16
Plot 6.	Field Strength of Fundamental, 321.5 MHz, High Channel	17
Plot 7.	Radiated Spurious Emission, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 300 MHz, Low Channel	20
Plot 8.	Radiated Spurious Emission 30MHz – 1 GHz, 310 MHz, Mid Channel	20
Plot 9.	Radiated Spurious Emission, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 321.5 MHz, High Channel	21
Plot 10	. Radiated Spurious Emission, 300 MHz, Low Channel, Average	22
Plot 11	. Radiated Spurious Emission, 300 MHz, Low Channel, Peak	22
Plot 12	. Radiated Spurious Emission, 321 MHz, High Channel, Average	23
Plot 13	. Radiated Spurious Emission, 321 MHz, High Channel, Peak	23
Plot 14	. Radiated Spurious Emission, 310 MHz, Mid Channel, Average	24
Plot 15	. Radiated Spurious, 310 MHz, Mid Channel, Peak	24
Plot 16	. 20 dB Bandwidth Plot, 300 MHz, Low Channel	26
Plot 17	. 20 dB Bandwidth Plot, 310.5 MHz, Mid Channel	26



List of Figures

Element 1	Dlash Dissues of	hat Confirmation
Figure 1.	Block Diagram of	'est Configuration



AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBµA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBµV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
Е	Electric Field
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
$\mu \mathbf{H}$	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
ТWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane

List of Terms and Abbreviations



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Olibra LLC Bond, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.231. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the Bond. Olibra LLC should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the Bond, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.231, in accordance with Olibra LLC, purchase order number 175. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2009.

FCC Reference Description		Results
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
§15.231(a)	Periodic Operation Requirements	Compliant
§15.231(b)	Field Strength of Fundamentals and Harmonics	Compliant
§15.231(c)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.231(b)	Duty Cycle	Compliant
§15.231(b)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(i)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.231 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Olibra LLC to perform testing on the Bond, under Olibra LLC's purchase order number 175.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Olibra LLC, Bond.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	Bond			
Model(s) Covered:	Bond			
	Primary Power: 120VAC 60Hz			
	FCC ID: 2AME8BOND-01			
EUT Specifications:	Max Field Strength:	73.78 dBuV/m		
Specifications	EUT Frequency Ranges:	300 – 321.5 MHz		
	Antenna Gain -6 to -11 dBi			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar			
Evaluated by:	Deepak Giri			
Report Date(s):	November 3, 2017			

 Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies		
ANSI C63.4:2014	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz		
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories		
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices		

Table 3. References

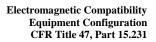
C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

The Bond (referred to as EUT hereafter) is a table-top or a wall mount device for the automation of home appliances such as ceiling fans, shades, air conditioners, and garage doors. The Bond can be controlled by a user via 2.4GHz WiFi or Bluetooth from a mobile device. The user trains the Bond using the appliance's factory remote while the Bond records the control signal, which may be radio or infrared. Then, at times determined by the user, the Bond transmits the learned control signals to actuate the appliances. The user does not directly power, frequency, or content of transmissions; rather, these are computed by the Bond. In addition to the RF and IR transmit and receive functions, the Bond has a number of LEDs for displaying its mode, and internal storage for appliance information. The Bond is intended to be used by consumers in their own dwelling, indoor use only.





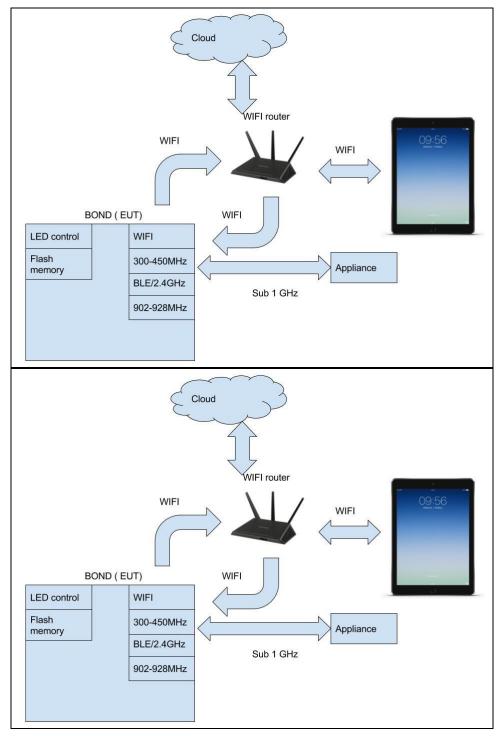


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration



E. Equipment Configuration

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
1	BD-1000 – Test Unit for 902-928 MHz Conducted Testing	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2	BD-1000 – Test Unit for UL	N/A	N/A	N/A	
3	BD-1000 – Test Unit for FCC Non-Conducted Testing	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
	Macbook pro + charger + mouse / Driving the Bond Units	Apple	N/A
	Power Supply +USB Cable	N/A	N/A
	Printed Manual	N/A	N/A

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
		Serial Cable	1	30 ft.		

 Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information



H. Mode of Operation

The EUT supports a number of test modes which simulate normal operation. The operation mode is selected by sending commands on a serial cable from a PC control program. However, once a mode is selected, the EUT will remain in that mode without further interaction, until instructed to enter a different mode.

(0) Idle: EUT is neither receiving or transmitting. This is the typical and primary mode of operation for BOND. (1) Receive Mode (All Bands): EUT scans all supported frequencies while operating LEDs and IR emitters. (2-16) Modulated Transmit (All Bands): EUT transmits a chain of control signals at one of 15 test frequencies. These frequencies are chosen to be the Low, Mid, and High frequencies for each antenna. An option controls whether the transmission is continuous (C) or whether only a single control signal is sent (S). For 300-450MHz, OOK modulation is used. For 902-928MHz, GFSK modulation is used. For all frequencies, the transmit power can be adjusted from 1-100% (arbitrary units) and for 300-450MHz, the 100ms-windowed duty-cycle can be adjusted from 0.1-1 in increments of 0.01. [Merck Note: Perhaps we want to only give Low, Mid, and High duty cycle?]

(17-21) Unused.

(22) Frequency Hopping (Band 5): EUT makes unending FHSS transmissions between 50 channels in 902-928MHz band.

(23) Frequency Hopping (All Bands): EUT cycles between modes 2-16, spending 100ms in each mode.

Furthermore: The WiFi+Bluetooth functionality of the EUT may be enabled or disabled, concurrently with all of the above modes. These are indicated by WiFi ON and WiFi OFF. Any of the test mode numbers above may be appended with "W" to indicate "WiFi ON". For example, "1W" is the Receive Mode with WiFi also active.

I. Monitoring Method

For the purposes of EMC testing, the EUT is both controlled and monitored via a serial cable driven by a PC program. (1) After a command is sent to the EUT to enter a particular mode, the program receives positive confirmation that the EUT has received the command. (2) If the confirmation is not received by the PC program, and error is displayed and the technician is instructed to restart the PC program and re-attempt setting the mode. In mode 1 (Receive Mode), the EUT flashes its LEDs. In other modes, a spectrum analyzer will clearly show a fundamental emission in the range 300-928MHz). See section 7 in set up guide for LED indicators.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Olibra LLC upon completion of testing.



III. **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria** for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:	§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
	The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:
	a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
	b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
	c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.
Results:	The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. Antenna is permanently attached to the unit.
Test Engineer(s):	Deepak Giri
Test Date(s):	March 13, 2017



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § **15.207 (a):** For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table. Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average			
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46			
0.45 - 0.5	56	46			
0.5 - 30	60	50			

Table 7. Co	onducted Limits for Int	entional Radiators from	FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)
-------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were within applicable limits.
- Test Engineer(s): Deepak Giri

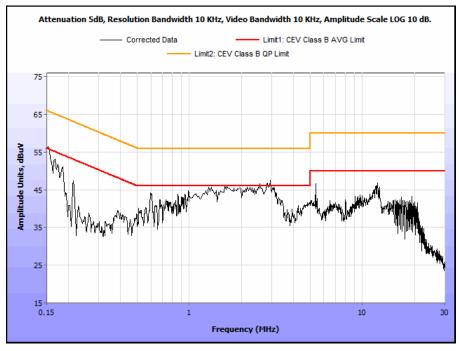
Test Date(s): March 10, 2017



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.1677	51.02	0	51.02	65.07	-14.05	44.35	0	44.35	55.07	-10.72
0.567	44.21	0	44.21	56	-11.79	35.33	0	35.33	46	-10.67
2.35	39.78	0	39.78	56	-16.22	26.44	0	26.44	46	-19.56
3.304	33.45	0	33.45	56	-22.55	28.96	0	28.96	46	-17.04
5.556	46.33	0	46.33	60	-13.67	37.23	0	37.23	50	-12.77
12.35	49.23	0	49.23	60	-10.77	34.87	0	34.87	50	-15.13
19.451	38.23	0	38.23	60	-21.77	31.22	0	31.22	50	-18.78

Table 8. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line, Test Results



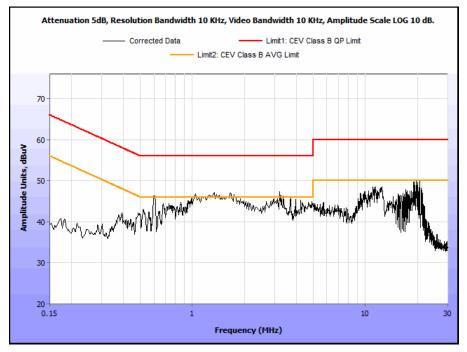
Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.1732	44.56	0	44.56	64.81	-20.25	32.49	0	32.49	54.81	-22.32
0.602	49.23	0	49.23	56	-6.77	38.23	0	38.23	46	-7.77
1.33	41.11	0	41.11	56	-14.89	27.53	0	27.53	46	-18.47
9.787	39.37	0	39.37	60	-20.63	28.44	0	28.44	50	-21.56
12.225	46.71	0	46.71	60	-13.29	33.61	0	33.61	50	-16.39
19.4	43.23	0	43.23	60	-16.77	37.23	0	37.23	50	-12.77

Table 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line, Test Results



Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line



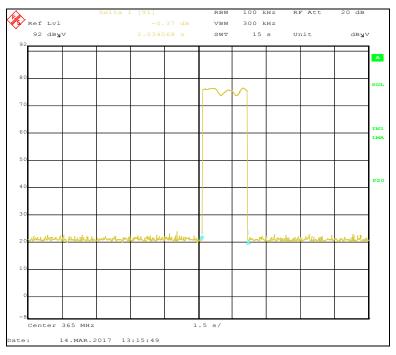
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.231 (a) Periodic Operation Requirements

Test Requirement(s):	§ 15.231 (a): (a) The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous trans-missions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation: (1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released. (2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.
Test Procedure:	The EUT transmitter activates automatically Delta Marker shows the duration of transmission.
Test Results:	The EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.
Test Engineer(s):	Deepak Giri
Test Date(s):	March 30, 2017

Frequency MHz	TX On time in seconds	Limit in seconds
365 MHz	2.034	5

 Table 10. Periodic Operation Requirements



Plot 3. Periodic Operation



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.231(b) Field Strength of Fundamental and Harmonics

Test Requirements:

§15.231(b): In addition to the provisions of §15.205, the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following:

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental (microvolts/ meter)	Field strength of spurious emissions (microvolts/meter)
40.66-40.70	2,250	225
70-130	1,250	125
130-174	1,250* to 3,750	125* to 375
174-260	3,750	375
260-470	3,750* to 12,500	375* to 1,250
Above 470	12,500	1,250
Note: * Linear Inter	polations	

(1) The above field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges. (2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions in §15.35 for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of §15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section. (3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the above table are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in §15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed in a 3m semi anechoic chamber. A log periodic antenna was placed 3m from the EUT and used to measure the field strength of the fundamental. The EUT was rotated about all three orthogonal axis. The peak field strength was measured and then the average was calculated from the peak value by correcting for duty cycle.

For harmonics measurements above 1 GHz, a horn antenna was used 1m from the EUT.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with § 15.231 (b).

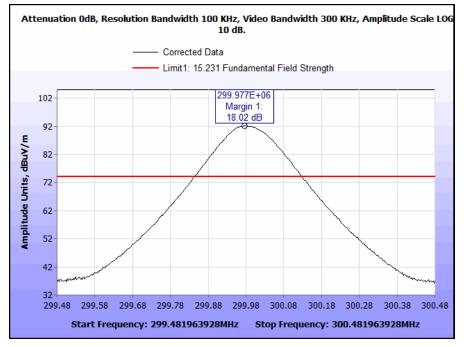
Test Engineer(s): Deepak Giri

Test Date(s): April 3, 2017

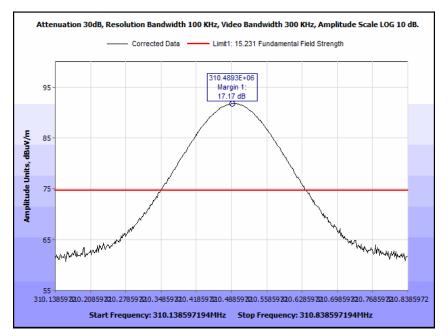
	Output Power Table									
Frequency Mhz	Power Measured dBuV/m	Duty cycle Correction dB	Calculated Power dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin					
300	92.84	19.8	73.04	74	-0.96					
310.5	91.67	19.8	71.87	75.5	-2.63					
321.5	93.58	19.8	73.78	75	-1.22					

Table 11. Output Power, Test Results



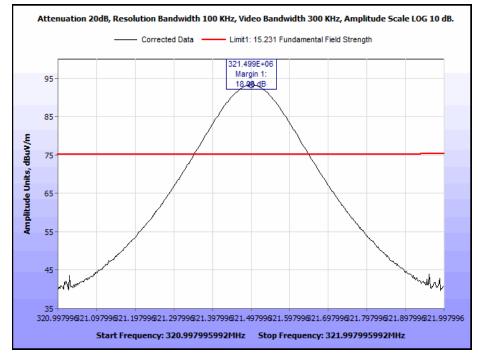


Plot 4. Field Strength of Fundamental, 300 MHz, Low Channel



Plot 5. Field Strength of Fundamental, 310.5 MHz, Mid Channel





Plot 6. Field Strength of Fundamental, 321.5 MHz, High Channel

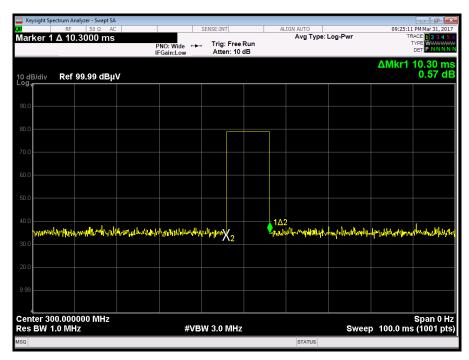


Duty Cycle:

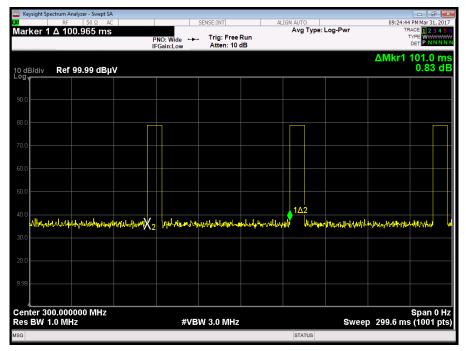
Frequency Band	Period ms	On Time ms	Duty Cycle dB		
300 – 321.5 MHz	101	10.3	-19.82968298		

 Table 12. Duty Cycle Calculation





Plot 5. Duty Cycle, On Time Calculation



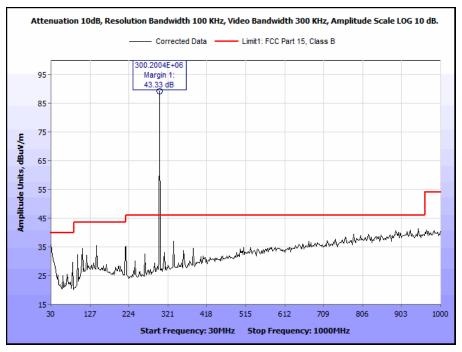
Plot 6. Duty Cycle, One Period Calculation



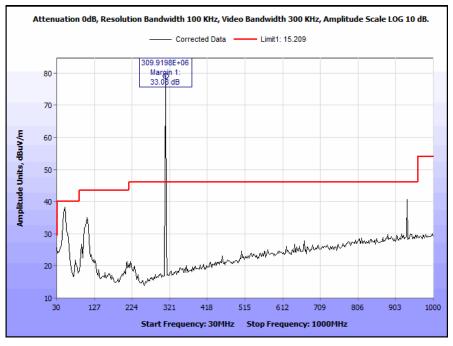
.

Radiated Spurious Emission :

Emissions were investigated up to 18 GHz. Only noise was observed above 18 GHz.

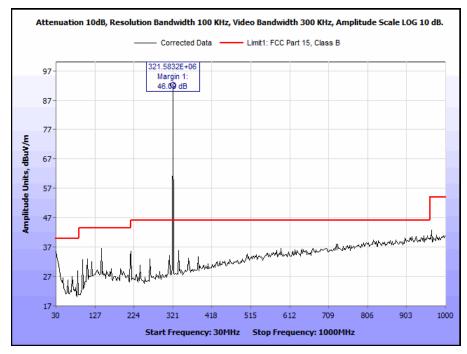


Plot 7. Radiated Spurious Emission, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 300 MHz, Low Channel



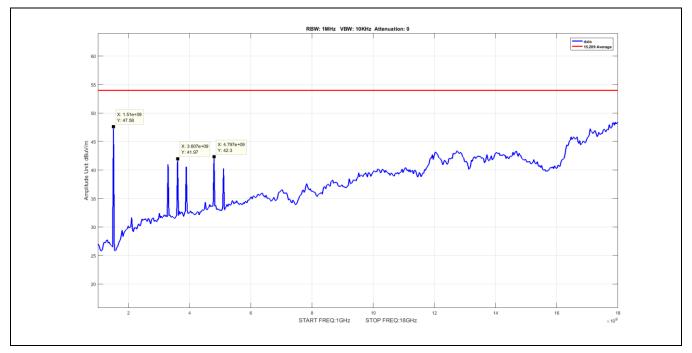
Plot 8. Radiated Spurious Emission 30MHz – 1 GHz, 310 MHz, Mid Channel



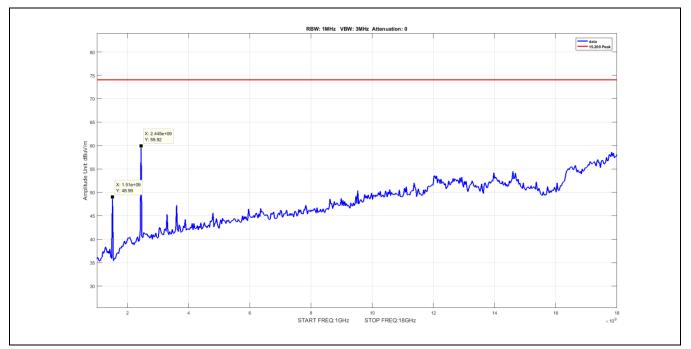


Plot 9. Radiated Spurious Emission, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 321.5 MHz, High Channel



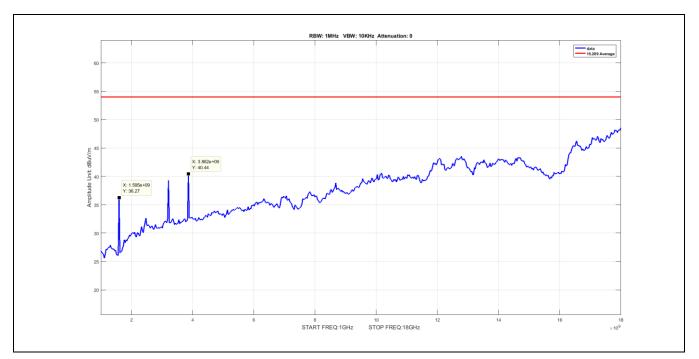


Plot 10. Radiated Spurious Emission, 300 MHz, Low Channel, Average

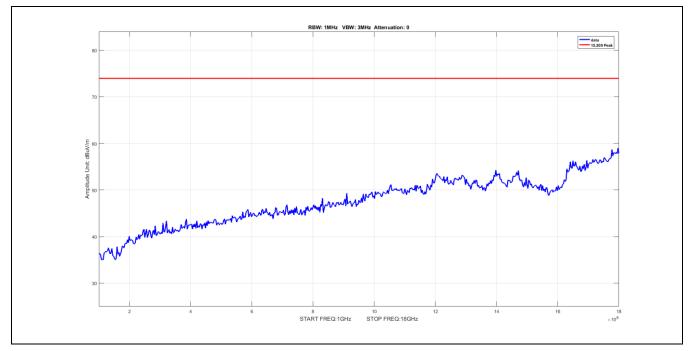


Plot 11. Radiated Spurious Emission, 300 MHz, Low Channel, Peak



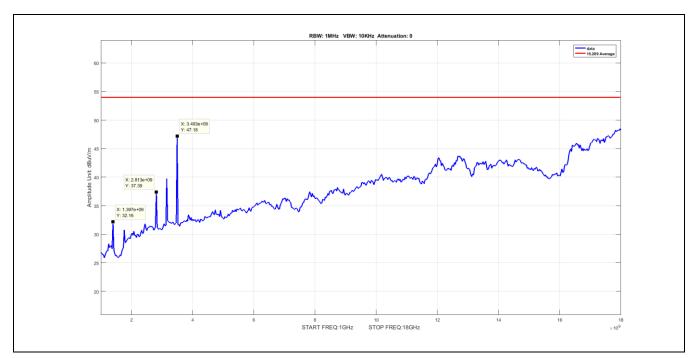


Plot 12. Radiated Spurious Emission, 321 MHz, High Channel, Average

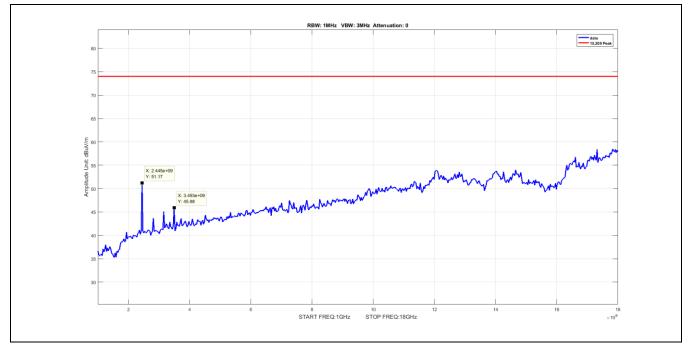


Plot 13. Radiated Spurious Emission, 321 MHz, High Channel, Peak





Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emission, 310 MHz, Mid Channel, Average



Plot 15. Radiated Spurious, 310 MHz, Mid Channel, Peak



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.231(c) 20dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: §15.231(c): The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70MHz and below 900MHz. For devices operating above 900MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20dB down from the modulated carrier.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with § 15.231(c). No anomalies detected.

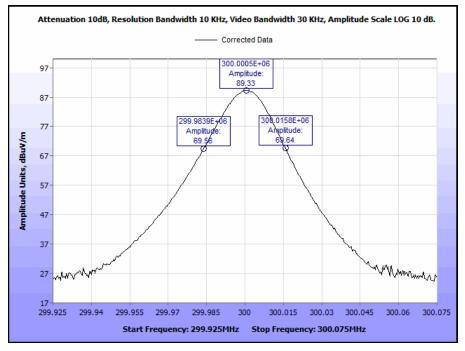
Test Engineer(s): Deepak Giri

Test Date(s): March 30, 2017

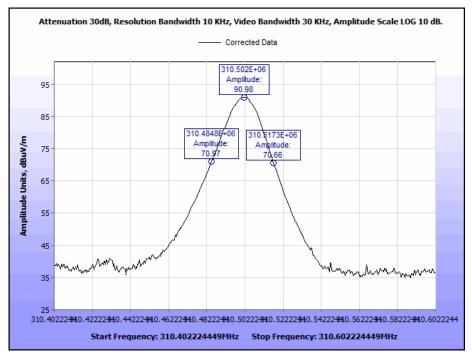
20dB Occupied Bandwidth								
Frequency MHz	OBw KHz	Limit KHz	Margin					
300	319	750	-431					
310.5	325	776.25	-451.25					
321.5	325	803.75	-478.75					

Table 13. 20 dB Bandwidth Test Results



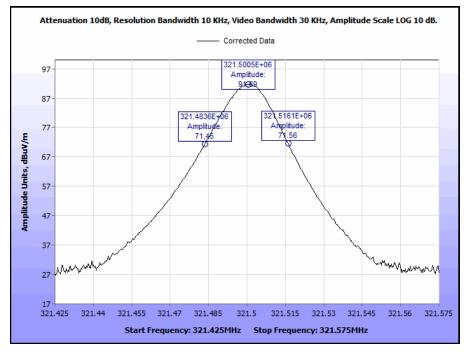


Plot 16. 20 dB Bandwidth Plot, 300 MHz, Low Channel



Plot 17. 20 dB Bandwidth Plot, 310.5 MHz, Mid Channel





Plot 8. 20 dB Bandwidth Plot, 321.5 MHz, High Channel



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

- **RF Exposure Requirements:** §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.
- **RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \qquad \text{or} \qquad R = \int PG / 4\pi S$

where, S = Power Density (mW/cm²) P = Power Input to antenna (mW)G = Antenna Gain

	FCC								
Frequency (MHz)	Con. Pwr. (dBm)	Con. Pwr. (mW)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Ant. Gain numeric	Pwr. Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Margin	Distance (cm)	Result
2437	23.01	199.986	-1.5	0.708	0.02817	1	0.97183	20	Pass
321.5	4.35	2.723	-6	0.251	0.00014	1	0.99986	20	Pass
	Total MPE				0.02831				

Table 14. Simultaneous MPE, 300 – 321.5 MHz and 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

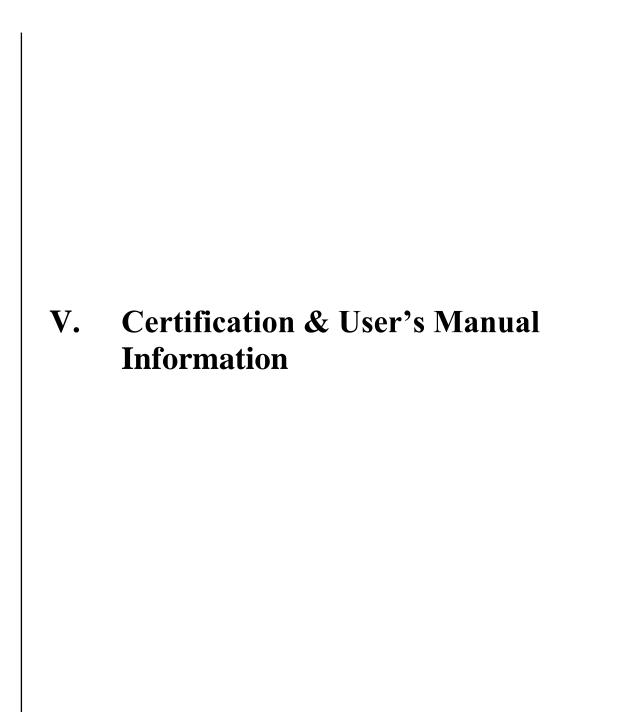
Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

METAsset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1T4483	Antenna; Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3117	4/19/2017	10/19/2018
1T4442	Pre-amplifier, Microwave	Miteq	AFS42- 01001800-30-10P	See Note	
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1 (NSA)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	2/6/2015	2/6/2018
1T4751	Antenna - Bilog	Sunol Sciences	JB6	2/28/2017	8/28/2018
1S2421	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB7	2/2/2017	2/2/2018
1T4829	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4407B	2/20/2017	2/20/2018
1T4771	PSA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4446A	8/10/2016	2/10/2018
1T4149	High-Frequency Anechoic Chamber	Ray Proof	81	Not Required	
1T4859	Digital Barometer, Hygrometer, Thermometer	Control Company	15-078-198, FB70423, 245CD	2/10/2016	2/10/2018
1T4745	Antenna, Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3116	1/21/2017	7/21/2018
1T4752	Pre-Amplifier	Miteq	JS44- 18004000-35-8P	See Note	
1S4014	LISN	Com-Power	LI-350	2/21/2017	2/21/2018

Table 15. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.







A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

- (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report