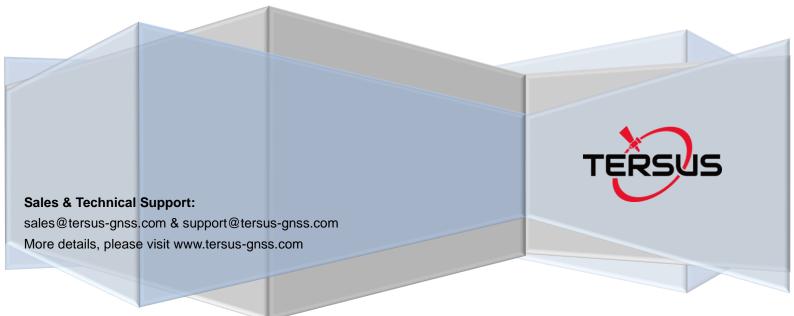


Version V1.0-20180525

User Manual For David GNSS Receiver

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Notices

The following notices apply to DAVID receiver.

\triangle	Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by Tersus could void the user's authority to operate this equipment or
	even has risk to damage the DAVID.

Conventions

The following conventions are used in this manual:

		<u>!</u>	Information that supplements or clarifies text.
--	--	----------	---

A caution that actions, operation or configuration may lead to incorrect or improper use of the hardware.

A warning that actions, operation or configuration may result in regulatory noncompliance, safety issues or equipment damage.

NUWA is Tersus survey app, four tabs (Project, Device, Survey and Tools) are provided in the Nuwa® main window. So, in chapter 0, all the operations in the Survey software will start from these four tabs.

In all the figures, a line with two arrows at the two sides means it's a cable. A line with one arrow gives the installation direction.

Name	Description	Link
Log & Command document	Document giving all the loggings output from David and all the commands to David	https://www.tersus-gnss.com/ass ets/upload/file/20180420120508 17.pdf
Tersus GNSS Center	Graphical tool to communicate with David	https://www.tersus-gnss.com/ass ets/upload/file/20180418153351 742.zip
Nuwa	Survey application running in the Android platform, David can be configured with Nuwa.	
Tersus Geomatics Office	Post processing tool for static data	https://www.tersus-gnss.com/ass ets/upload/file/20180418153011 5.rar

Table 1 The document / software used in this user manual

Support

If you have a problem and cannot find the information you need in the product documentation, request technical support using the Tersus website at

www.tersus-gnss.com, or mail to support@tersus-gnss.com,

1. Overview

1.1 Introduction

Tersus DAVID is a cost-efficient, palm-sized GNSS receiver, mainly for the mass survey market, but also for UAV/AGV/Agriculture application.

Nuwa, a survey App on Android system, is working with David, which can communicate with an Android platform such as a phone or tablet via USB cable or an external Bluetooth module. The David can work as a base or a rover, it can support real-time RTK positioning as well as saving data for PPK application. Up to 4GB on-board EMMC card makes it easy to save data for PPK.

The RS-232 serial port, IP67 standard and the external Bluetooth module can remove most of the inconvenience for field workers. All the operating can be done in the App Nuwa except downloading raw measurement data file, which will be done with Tersus GNSS Center, see Table 1 and section 3.5 Download Files from Internal eMMC Card for detail.



Figure 1 Outlook of David GNSS receiver

1.2 Receiver Features

- Supports GPS L1/L2, BDS B1/B2 and GLONASS G1/G2.
- Support RTCM2.3/3.x, CMR, CMR+ corrections.

- Easy to connect an external powerful radio for longer range.
- Solution rate can be 5Hz.
- 20Hz raw measurements output for post processing.
- The accuracy of carrier phase can be 1mm.
- On-board 4GB eMMC card for data collection
- Static post-processing for mm-level accuracy.
- Bluetooth module makes wireless connection.
- Input power range is 5 12V, connect to battery bank directly.
- IP67 for water & dust proof, work reliably in harsh condition
- The Lemo connectors support mis-installation avoidance.

$1.3\,\mbox{Brief}$ Introduction of GNSS and RTK

Tersus BX306 GNSS receiver is integrated in David, the board is receiving the GNSS signals from satellites and RTK corrections from the base, and is outputting cm-level position, velocity and time. Figure 2 shows David system; see <u>https://www.tersus-gnss.com/product/bx306-oem-board</u> for more about BX306 receiver.

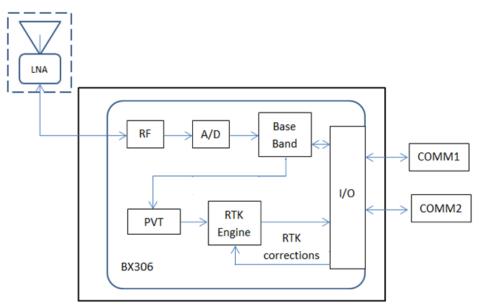
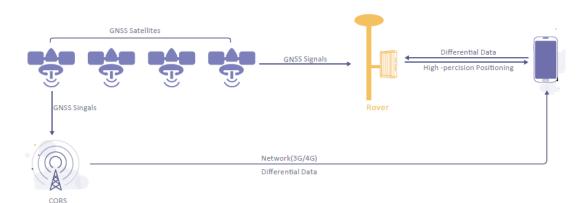
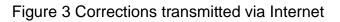


Figure 2 Outline of David System

The RTK corrections are transmitted from a base, which can be a CORS station or a David receiver. The RTK corrections can be transmitted to the rover via Internet or with external radios.





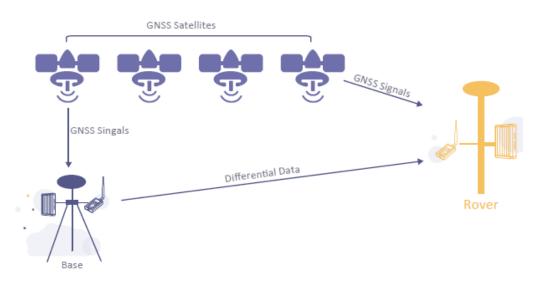


Figure 4 Corrections transmitted with radios

If RTK corrections are transmitted via Internet, an Android phone will be included in the RTK system to transmit/receive the RTK corrections, see section 6.1 and section 6.2 for detailed operating.

2. Devices in David Package

This chapter will give detailed introduction about all the devices in the package.

David has seven variants, which are convenient for customers to select per their application. Different accessories are included in each variant. Table 2 gives a brief description of the seven variants. For more about them, refer to section 2.1 to section 2.7.

All the seven variants are shipped in a plastic box in Figure 5.



Figure 5 David in the box

David variants	Description
Rover Kit Mobile	The David receiver will receive RTK corrections from a
Mode	NTRIP caster or a TCP server.
Rover Kit with 1W	The David receiver will receive RTK corrections from an
Radio Station	external 1W 915Mhz radios.
Rover Kit with 2W	The David receiver will receive RTK corrections from an
Radio Station	external 2W 460MHz radios.
Base Kit Mobile	The David receiver will output RTK corrections to a
Mode	NTRIP caster or a TCP server.
Base Kit with 1W	The David receiver will output RTK corrections to an
Radio Station	external 1W 915Mhz radio.

Base Kit with 2W	The David receiver will output RTK corrections to an	
Radio Station	external 2W 460MHz radio.	
Base Kit with 30W	The David receiver will output RTK corrections to an	
Radio Station external 30W 460MHz radio.		

<u>!</u>	1.	Rover Kit Mobile Mode and Base Kit Mobile Mode can work
		independently.
	2.	Rover Kit with 1W Radio Station must work with Base Kit with 1W
		Radio Station.
	3.	Rover Kit with 2W Radio Station must work with Base Kit with 2W
		Radio Station or Base Kit with 30W Radio Station.

2.1 Rove Kit Mobile Mode

In this variant, the David will be connected to an Android phone with Bluetooth module or with cables. Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] App will run in the Android phone to receive RTK corrections from a NTRIP caster or a TCP server.

Refer to section 6.1 for detailed operation.

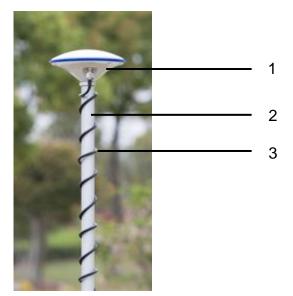


Figure 6 Field photo 1 - 1

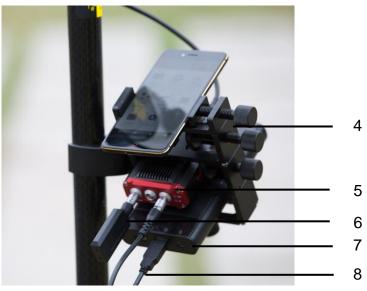


Figure 7 Field photo 1 - 2

Table 3 Devices in rover mobile mode

Devices	Number	Items in the field photos
David GNSS receiver	1	5
GNSS antenna	1	1
GNSS antenna connector	1	Not in the field photo, refer
		to section 2.1.6 for detail.
GNSS antenna cable	1	3
2pin-USB power cable	1	8
COMM1-bluetooth module	1	6, refer to 2.1.4
COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer
		to section 2.1.7
USB Type A Male to USB Type A	1	Not in the field photo, refer
Male cable	· ·	to Figure 17
USB Type A Female to USB(Micro +	1	Not in the field photo, refer
Type C) OTG cable		to Figure 18
USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer
	· ·	to Figure 16
Ranging pole	1	2
Height measure accessory	1	Not in the field photo, See
		Figure 19.
Bracket for rover	1	4, see section 2.1.5
Battery bank	1	7, see Figure 20 and 3.2
		Power on David

2.1.1 David Receiver

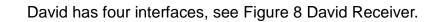




Figure 8 David Receiver

David's DC is for power input, COMM1 port is for COM1 and CAN ports, and COMM2 port is for COM2 and USB ports, see chapter 5 for detail.

Table 4 Definition of LEDs

LED	Colour	Description
PWR	RED	ON: the David is power on.
		ON: David in RTK solution.
PV	GREEN	Blink: David in Float solution
		OFF: David in other position types.

Please see section 3.2 Power on David for more about the booting up procedure.

Refer to Chapter 5 for the specification of David receiver and the detailed definition of COMM1, COMM2 and DC ports.

2.1.2 GNSS Antenna

GNSS antenna is used to receive the RF signal from the satellites. AX3702 (HG) is provided in the package, which must be connected to the David with the RF cable in the package.

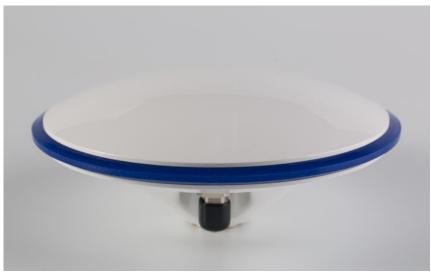


Figure 9 AX3702 (HG) antenna

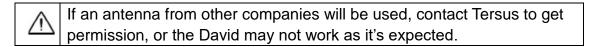




Figure 10 RF cable

2.1.3 The 2pin-USB Power Cable

The power cable is used to connect a battery bank to the DC port of David.



Figure 11 2pin-USB Power Cable

2.1.4 COMM1-bluetooth Module

This Bluetooth module will use the COM1 port of David.



Figure 12 Bluetooth Module

```
The Bluetooth can only be installed to the COMM1 port of David.
```

The SSID for this Bluetooth module is BT420A-xxxxx, where xxxxx is the last 5 digits of the Bluetooth serial number, which is printed on the Bluetooth module. No password is needed to pair with it.

2.1.5 Bracket for Rover

Bracket for rover is used to fix all the devices on the ranging pole, which bring much convenience to field staffs.



Figure 13 Bracket for Rover

2.1.6 GNSS Antenna Connector

The GNSS antenna connector is used to install the GNSS antenna or the 30W radio station antenna to a tripod.



Figure 14 GNSS Antenna Connector

2.1.7 COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable

The COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable has three functions:

Table 5 Functions of COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable

- 1. Connect to an external 1W radio module.
- Connect to USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable (see Figure 16) to download file saved on the internal eMMC card, refer to section 3.5 Download Files from Internal eMMC Card;
- Connect to USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable (see Figure 17) and USB Type A Female to USB (Micro +Type C) OTG cable (see Figure 18) to connect the Android phone with David, refer to section 3.3.1.



Figure 15 COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable

<u>!</u>	The COMM2-7pin-USB cable can only be installed into the COMM2 port
	of David.

2.1.8 Other accessories

USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable, USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable, USB Type A Female to USB (Micro + Type C) OTG cable and Height Measure Accessory are included in this variant.



Figure 16 USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable

The driver for the cable above can be downloaded

https://www.ugreen.com/drivers/list-USB_To_RS232_Driver-en.html



Figure 17 USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable



Figure 18 USB Type A Female to USB (Micro + Type C) OTG cable

The height measure accessory is used to determine the height of the antenna with higher accuracy.



Figure 19 Height Measure Accessory

A battery bank is used to power on the David, it's not included in the package, and has to be provided by the customers, see section 3.2 Power on David for

more detail.



Figure 20 Battery Bank

2.2 Rover Kit with 1W Radio Station

In this variant, the David will be connected to an external 1W radio to receive RTK corrections from a base. With an external Bluetooth or with cables, the David will be connected to an Android phone, which is running Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] to configure the David.

<u>!</u>	Rover Kit with 1W Radio Station must work with Base Kit with 1W Radio
	Station.

Rover Kit with 1W Radio Station can support Rover mobile mode.

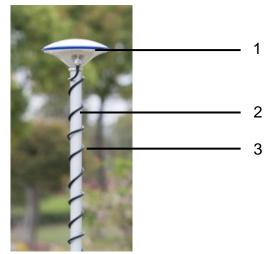


Figure 21 Field Photo 2 - 1

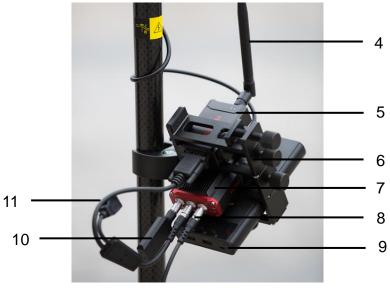


Figure 22 Field Photo 2-2

Table 6 Rover Kit with 1W Radio Station

Devices	Number	Items in the field photos
David GNSS receiver	1	7
GNSS antenna	1	1
SNSS antenna connector	1	Not in the field photo, refer
		to section 2.1.6 for detail.
GNSS antenna cable	1	3
2pin-USB power cable	1	8
COMM1-Bluetooth module	1	10, refer to 2.1.4.
COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 data cable	1	11, refer to section 2.1.7.
USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male	1	Not in the field photo, refer
cable	1	to Figure 17
USB Type A Female to USB(Micro +	1	Not in the field photo, refer
Type C) OTG cable	1	to Figure 18
USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer
		to Figure 16
RS900C 1W/915MHz radio	1	5, refer to section 2.2.1.
RS900C radio antenna	1	4
Ranging pole	1	2
Height measure accessory	1	Not in the field photo, See
		Figure 19.
Bracket for rover	1	6, see section 2.1.5
Battery bank	1	9, see Figure 20 and 3.2
		Power on David

2.2.1 RS900C 1W/915MHz Radio

This radio can work at 915MHz frequency only, the output power of this radio is 1W and the typical range is 3km. Refer to chapter 5 for detailed specification.



Figure 23 RS900C 1W Radio Station

Table 7 LED Definition

LED	Description
	When power on, this LED will blink RED once and keep off.
P-S	If data is transmitting, this LED will blink RED.
	If data is receiving, this LED will blink GREEN.

2.3 Rover Kit with 2W Radio Station

In this variant, the David will be connected to an external 2W radio to receive RTK corrections from a base. With an external Bluetooth or with cables, the David will be connected to an Android phone, which is running Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] to configure the David.

<u>!</u>	Rover Kit with 2W Radio Station can work with Base Kit with 2W Radio
	Station or Base Kit with 30W Radio Station.

[!	Rover Kit with 2W Radio Station can support Rover mobile mode.
	-	

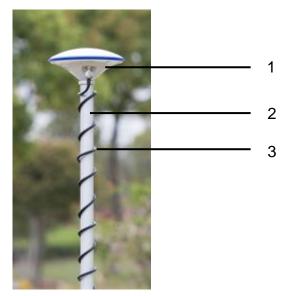


Figure 24 Field Photo 3 - 1

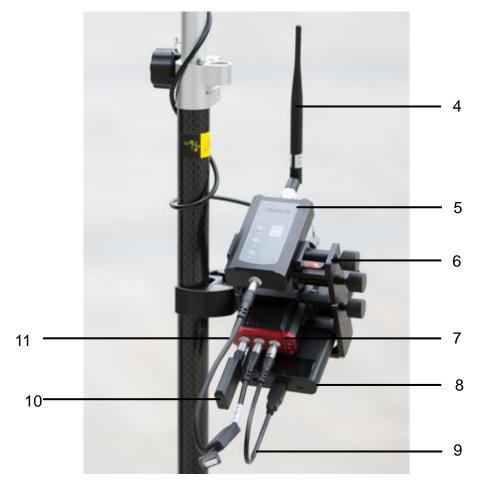


Figure 25 Field Photo 3 - 2

David variants	Number	Items in field photos
David GNSS receiver	1	7
GNSS antenna	1	1
	1	Not in the field photo,
GNSS antenna connector		refer to section 2.1.6 for
		detail.
GNSS antenna cable	1	3
2 Pin-USB power cable	1	9
COMM1-bluetooth module	1	10, refer to 2.1.4
COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data	1	Not in the field photo,
cable		refer to section 2.1.7.
USB Type A Male to USB Type	1	Not in the field photo,
A Male cable	1	refer to Figure 17
USB Type A Female to		Not in the field photo,
USB(Micro + Type C) OTG	1	refer to Figure 18
cable		
USB Type A Male to DB9 Male	1	Not in the field photo,
cable	Ι	refer to Figure 16
COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin cable		11, refer to 2.3.2
(0.35m)		
RS400L2 2W/460MHz radio	1	5, refer to 2.3.1
2W/460MHz radio antenna	1	4
Ranging pole	1	2
Height measure accessory	1	Not in the field photo, See
Height measure accessory		Figure 19.
Bracket for rover	1	6, see section 2.1.5
Batton bank	1	8, see Figure 20 and 3.2
Battery bank		Power on David

2.3.1 RS400L2 2W/460MHz Radio

This radio can work at 460MHz frequency, the max. output power of this radio is 2W and the typical range is 5km. Refer to chapter 5 for detail specification.

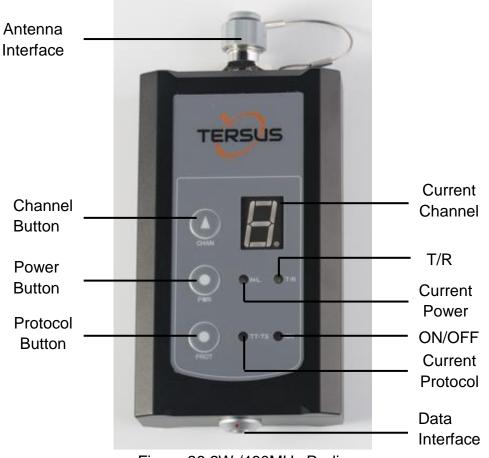


Figure 26 2W /460MHz Radio

Table 9 Button Manual

Button	Description
Channel Button	Press once, the current channel will be shown. Press again, the current channel will increase 1, 0~ 9 channels are for use.
Power Button	Press once to select the output power, which can be 1W or 2W.
Protocol Button	Protocol button is pressed to switch the protocol between TP (Transparent EOT protocol), TT (TT450S protocol) and TS (Tersus protocol)

<u>!</u>	Two 2W radios must have the same protocol and the same channel
	frequency before they can communicate each other.

Table 10 LED Definition

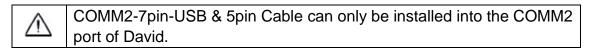
LED	Description		
H/L	RED: 2W output is selected,		
	GREEN: 1W output is selected.		
T/R	Blink RED: data is transmitting.		
	Blink GREEN: data is receiving.		
	BLUE: Transparent protocol is selected.		
TP/TT/TS	RED: TT450S protocol is selected.		
	BLUE&RED: Tersus protocol is selected.		
ON	Is solid on after the power is on.		

2.3.2 COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin Cable

The COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin Cable is used to connect the David to the 2W radio station & an Android phone, or connect the David to the 30W radio station & an Android phone. The cable's length can be 0.35m or 1m in different variants.



Figure 27 COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin Cable

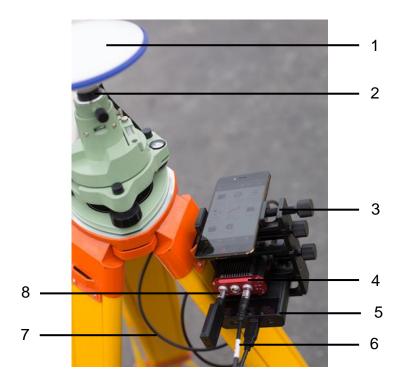


2.4 Base Kit Mobile Mode

In this variant, the David, working as a base, will transmit RTK corrections to a NTRIP caster or a TCP sever.

The David will be connected to an Android phone with an external Bluetooth or with cables. Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] is running in the Android phone to configure the David.

!	Base Kit Mobile Mode can work independently or work with Rover Kit
	Mobile Mode.



<u>!</u>	The tripod, the battery bank and the tribrach are not included in the
	package.

Table 11 Base Kit Mobile Mode

Devices	Number	Items in field photo
David GNSS receiver	1	4
GNSS antenna	1	1
GNSS antenna connector	1	2
GNSS antenna cable	1	7
2 Pin-USB power cable	1	6
COMM1-bluetooth module	1	8, refer to 2.1.4
COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data	1	Not in the field photo, refer
cable		to section 2.1.7.
USB Type A Male to USB Type A	1	Not in the field photo, refer
Male cable		to Figure 17
USB Type A Female to USB(Micro +	1	Not in the field photo, refer
Type C) OTG cable	I	to Figure 18
USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer
		to Figure 16

Tape meter	1	See Figure 30
Height measure accessory	1	Not in the field photo, See
Height measure accessory		Figure 19.
Bracket for base	1	3, see Figure 29
Potton (bonk	1	5, see Figure 20 and 3.2
Battery bank		Power on David

2.4.1 Bracket for Base

This bracket is hooked on the tripod and all the devices in the field (an Android phone, a radio, a David and a battery bank) can be installed on it, which brings much convenience for field job.



Figure 29 Bracket for Base

2.4.2 Tape Meter

Working with height measure accessory, the tape meter can give position of a point on ground with mm-level accuracy.



Figure 30 Tape Meter

2.5 Base Kit with 1W Radio Station

In this variant, the David, working as a base, will transmit RTK corrections to an external 1W radio.

The David will be connected to an Android phone with cables or with the Bluetooth module. Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] is running in the Android phone to configure the David.

<u>!</u>	Base Kit with 1W Radio Station can work with Rover Kit with 1W Radio
	Station only.

!	Base Kit with 1W Radio Station can support Base mobile mode.

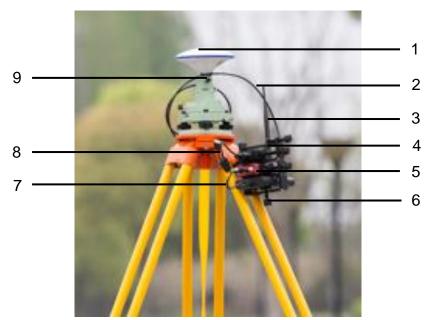


Figure 31 Field Photo 5

!	The tripod, the tribrach and the battery bank are not included in the	
	package.	

Table 12 Base Kit with 1W Radio Station

	-	Items in field shote
Devices	Number	Items in field photo
David GNSS receiver	1	5
GNSS antenna	1	1
GNSS antenna connector	1	9
GNSS antenna cable	1	2
2 Pin-USB power cable	1	7
COMM1-bluetooth module	1	Not in the field photo, refer to 2.1.4
COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable	1	8
USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer to Figure 17
USB Type A Female to USB(Micro + Type C) OTG cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer to Figure 18
USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer to Figure 16
RS900C 1W/915MHz radio	1	4
1W/915MHz radio antenna	1	3
Tape meter	1	See Figure 30Figure 30 Tape Meter
Height measure accessory	1	Not in the field photo, See Figure 19.
Bracket for base	1	6
Battery bank	1	see Figure 20 and 3.2 Power on David

2.6 Base Kit with 2W Radio Station

TBD

2.7 Base Kit with 30W Radio Station

In this variant, the David, working as a base, will transmit RTK corrections to an external 30W radio.

The David will be connected to an Android phone with cables or with the Bluetooth module. Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] is running in the Android phone to configure the David.

<u>!</u>	Base Kit with 30W Radio Station can work with Rover Kit with 2W Radio
	Station only.

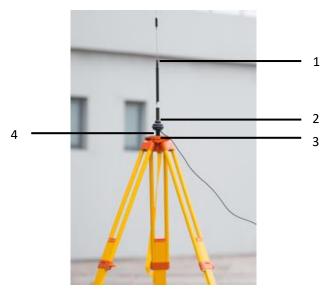


Figure 32 Field Photo 7 - 1



Figure 33 Field Photo 7 - 2

!	The two tripods and the tribrach in Figure 32 and Figure 33 are not
	included in the package.

Table 13 Base Kit with 30W Radio Station

Devices	Number	Items in field photos
David GNSS receiver	1	12
GNSS antenna	1	5
GNSS antenna cable	1	7
GNSS antenna connector	2	4
COMM1-bluetooth module	1	Not in the field photo, refer to 2.1.4
COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable	1	Not in the field photo, refer to section 2.1.7.
USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male	1	Not in the field photo,
cable		refer to Figure 17.
USB Type A Female to USB(Micro +	1	Not in the field photo,
Type C) OTG cable	1	refer to Figure 18
USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable	1	Not in the field photo,
	1	refer to Figure 16.
COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin Cable (1m)	1	10, refer to Figure 27.
Power cable for 30W radio	1	9, refer to Figure 35
COMM cable for 30W radio	1	11, refer to Figure 36
RS400L30 30W radio	1	8
30W radio antenna	1	1, see Figure 34

Metal plate for radio antenna	1	3
Telescopic pole for radio antenna	1	2
	1	Not in the field photo,
Tape meter		See Figure 30 Tape
		Meter
Height measure economy	1	Not in the field photo,
Height measure accessory		See Figure 19.
David GNSS receiver installation hook	1	13, see Figure 37
2 pin LISP Dowor Coble	1	Not in the field photo,
2pin-USB Power Cable		see Figure 11

2.7.1 30W Radio

The 30W radio is used when a longer baseline is required. The typical range is 15km, see chapter 5 for detail specification.



Figure 34 30W Radio Station

Table 14 and Table 15 give the definition of the control buttons and the LED, respectively.

Buttons	Function
ON/OFF	Press 3s to power on or power off the radio station.
ARROW UP/DOWN	To select the channel
RF PWR	Press 3s to select the RF output power

T I I 44 T I	D (1 1/1		
Table 14 Tr	ie Definition	of the Cont	rol Buttons

Table 15 Definition of LEDs

LEDs	Description
	RED: the input voltage is normal.
ON/OFF	Blink RED: the input voltage is out of the
	limits.
TX/RX	Blink RED: the radio is transmitting.
	Blink GREEN if the radio is receiving.
Channel	Show the current channel
BAT CAP	Show the battery left.
	Show the current RF output power:
	OFF: 30W
RF PWR	BLUE: 20W
	RED: 10W
	RED+BLUE: 5W

2.7.2 Other cables



Figure 35 Power cable for 30W radio



Figure 36 COMM cable for 30W radio



Figure 37 David GNSS receiver installation hook

3. General operation

The general operation of David is related to the Tersus Survey Nuwa® software, which will be introduced in the software manual. This chapter only describes how to do the hardware connection.

•	To make David work, the customer must provide qualified power to
<u> </u>	David (refer to chapter 5 for requirement), power to the 30W radio
	(if 30W radio is used, refer to chapter 5 for detail) and an Android
	phone to run Tersus Survey Nuwa [®] software.
	David may be damaged if devices from other companies are used
	to replace the ones in the package. And the warranty may be void
	if that happen.

3.1 Install the GNSS antenna

Connect the antenna to David with the RF cable. Please ensure the connectivity is reliable.

!	The ideal place for a GNSS antenna is a point without GNSS signals
	blockage from horizon to horizon and is far away from any potential
	interfering source.

3.2 Power on David

The input voltage to David is 5 - 12 VDC.

\triangle	It's highly recommended to power on David with an USB port (5VDC
	and 2A or more current output) from a battery bank with the power
	cable in the package, or the David may not boot up successfully.

\triangle	After power on, the PV LED will be ON for 3 to 5 seconds, then it will
<u> </u>	be OFF, which means the David is booting up successfully.
	If the PV LED is NOT acting as the above, it means the David is NOT
	booting up successfully.

\wedge	
	⚠

If other power than a battery bank is used to power on David, the customer has to make a power cable themselves and take all the risks involved.

The working time of David depends on the capacity of the battery bank.

The following formula can be used to estimate the operating time (assume the output voltage is 5V):

If no radio or an external 30W radio is connected to the David: Time (hour) = capacity (mA.Hour) *5 / (1000 * 3.2)

If 1W radio is connected to the David: Time (hour) = capacity (mA.Hour) *5 / (1000 * (3.0+3.2))

If 2W radio is connected to the David:

Time (hour) = capacity (mA.Hour) *5 / (1000 * (6.5+3.2))

<u>!</u>	1) It's highly recommended the capacity of the battery bank is		
	10,000mA.H or more.		
	2) The working time above are only theoretical values at 25C		
	temperature. But according to our experience, the real working time		
	may be 2/3 of even less of above values.		

3.3 Communication between Android phone and David

David can communicate with an Android phone with wires or with Bluetooth.

3.3.1 With Wires

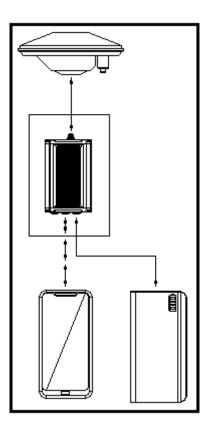


Figure 38 Outline of Android phone to David with Wires

<u>!</u>	 Three cables are used to connect the COMM2 port of David to the USB port of the Android phone. They are: COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable or COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin cable. USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable USB Type A Female to USB (Micro + Type C) OTG cable
<u>!</u>	The Android phone will NOT be charged when it's connected to David with wires.

Table 16 Detailed steps

1.	Connect the David's Connec	OMM2 port to	the	USB port of the Android
2.	Connect the antenna to	David with the	RF c	able (optional).
	Power on the David with			
4.	Run Nuwa, Device ->De			
	← Connect		6.	Connect Type " USB" Press Connect Config to update accordingly. Press Connect to enable the communication with
	Device Type	David $>$		the David.
	Connect Type	USB >		
	Connect Config	>		
	Ant type	AX3702(HG)>		
	Connect			

3.3.2 With an External Bluetooth

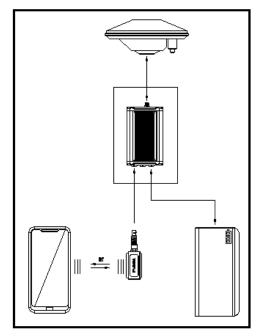


Figure 39 Outline of Android phone to David with Bluetooth

<u>!</u>	All the seven variants can support connection with Bluetooth as well as
	with cables.

Table 17 Detailed steps

- 1. Install the Bluetooth module to the David's COMM1 port.
- 2. Connect the antenna to David with the RF cable (optional).
- 3. Power on the David with a battery bank.
- 4. Run Nuwa, Device ->Device Connect

← Connect	·2007-	← Bluetooth
		Bluetooth
a manual second		Paired Device
	UNS OHNO	HB-02_20:16:07:22:12:37
		Availabe Device
Device Type	David $>$	BT420A-00008_90:0C:84:00:9F:DA
		Unknow_98:D3:33:80:6A:34
Connect Type	Bluetooth >	MI Band 2_FA:D6:97:E3:EA:72
Connect Config	BT420A-00010>	Unknow_5E:87:7D:C5:C0:73
Ant type	AX3702(HG)>	DESKTOP-S5C2KH5_60:14:B3:62:4A:2E
		Search
Conne	ect	
5. Bluetooth is selec	ted for Connect Ty	/ /pe
	> Search. The SS	D is BT420A-xxxxx. No password
		unication with the David.

You can remove a Bluetooth device from the Available Device list by pressing it for several seconds.

3.4 FW Upgrade & Auth code

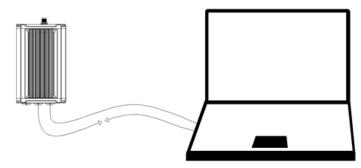


Figure 40 Outline of David connected to a Computer

Table 18 Preparation for FW update

Ha	dware Installation
1.	Install the USB Type A Male to DB9 Male cable to a computer's USB
	port. The cable will be mapped to a serial port, check the port number
	in the Device Manager of the computer.
2.	Install the COMM2-USB + DB9 cable to the COMM2 port of the David.
3.	Connect the two cables together.
4.	Power on the David with the computer's USB port or with an external
	battery bank.
5.	Run Tersus GNSS Center, fill the parameters in the Config page, press
_	OK to communicate with the David.
	Config X
	Connection Type: Serial Serial Setting Port: COM53 Baud Rate: 115200 Serial Setting
	Demo File Setting
	Input File :
	Play Speed Loop
	Apply Ok Cancel

	The default baud rate for the serial port is 115200, which will change to
<u>!</u>	921600 temporarily during FW updates by Tersus GNSS Center, see
	section 3.4.1 Firmware Updates for detail.

3.4.1 Firmware Updates

If a new firmware update is released, it will be available on the Tersus web site <u>https://www.tersus-gnss.com/software</u>, or you can get the updates from Tersus support.

The FW version of David receiver can be updated in field. Connect the David with Tersus GNSS Center, and input 'LOG VERSION', the following information will be output:

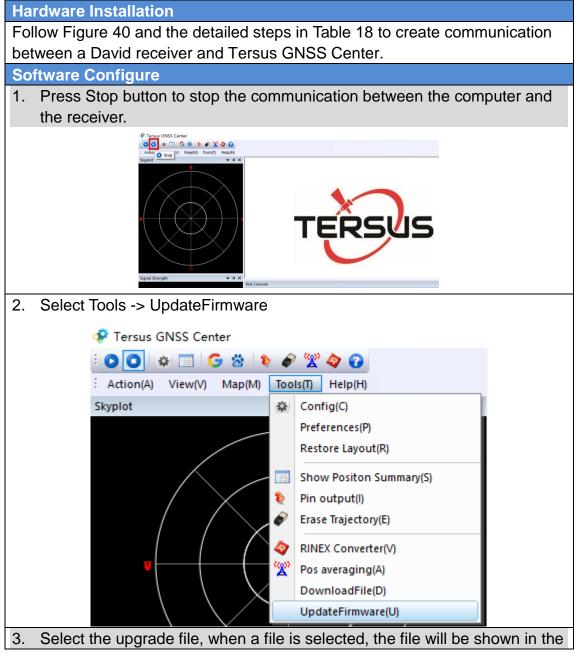
VERSION COM2 0 0.0 UNKNOWN -1 0.000 0000000 0 20161214

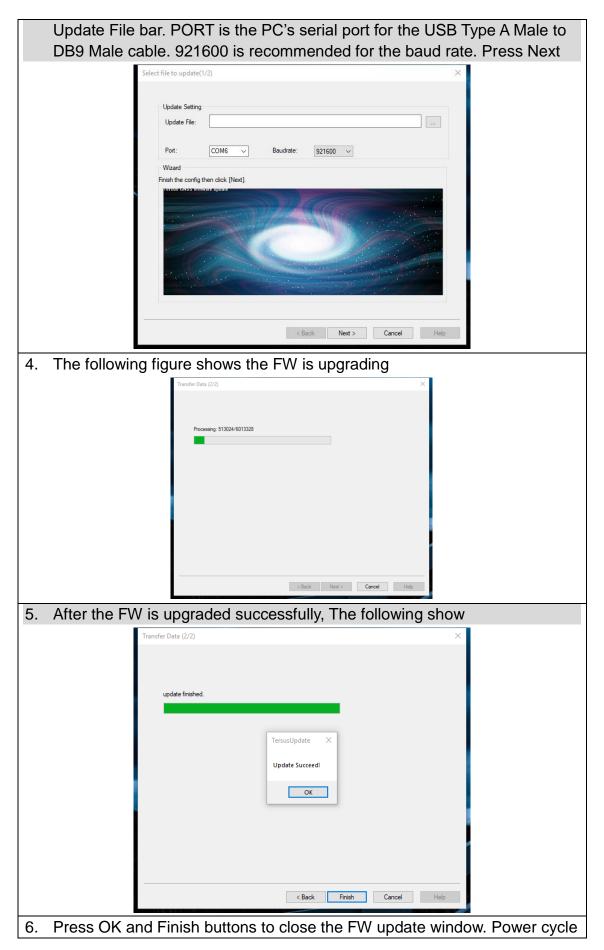
< 1

< BX306 G2SB2G2 008001174910000171 0021 20161123 3.0 Apr 24 2018 12:23:48

0021 is the FW version. See 'VERSION' in Tersus GNSS Log & Command Reference document for more detail about this log.

Table 19 Detailed Steps for FW update





the receiver.

7. After the board is booted, the FW version can be confirmed by connecting to the receiver and input 'LOG VERSION' and check the FW version.

After the FW is updated successfully, the David receiver must be power off for 5 seconds and power on again, or the David will not work.

3.4.2 Auth Code

An auth code is used to determine the features and valid time for a David receiver. If the auth code is expired, the receiver will not work. And a license requirement is output from all the ports.

Before you contact Tersus for new auth code, please:

1) Follow Figure 40 and the detailed steps in Table 18 to creat	ate
communication between a David receiver and Tersus GNS	SS Center.

2) Input:

LOG VERSION LOG AUTHLIST

//get the version info //get the auth list info

to the David receiver, and send all the output info to Tersus support. If the auth code application is approved by Tersus, you will get a reg.txt file, in which AUTHCODE command with the code will be given, copy all of them and input them to the David receiver in the console window of Tersus GNSS Center, or

← Device Version Battery Mode	Info 0021 N/A General		Connect the David with Nuwa App, go to Device -> Device Info, the right window will be shown Confirm the reg.txt file is copied to the FilePath.
Register Info Register State	Effective registration		The auth code will be given in the window below, press Register to input the new auth code.
Expired Date FilePath	0 /storage/emulated/0/ TersusSurvey		
DAD7E77E36 CA5C114641	86BD6197823C06CE3200 9FAED5710CBA4A49DBE 10D008F775365B5B9236 502DE664603FDE70A25D Register		

3.5 Download Files from Internal eMMC Card

The files saved on David's internal eMMC card can be copied to the computer via a serial port.

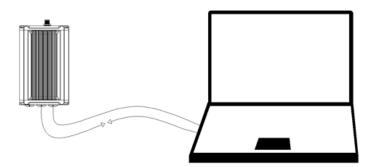
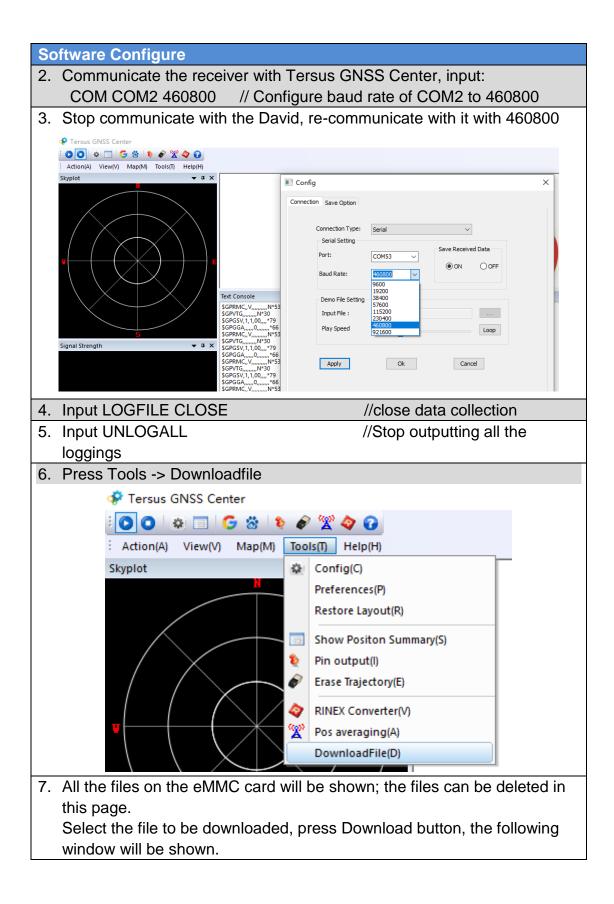


Figure 41 Download file from eMMC card

Table 20 Detailed Steps to download files from eMMC card

Hardware Installation	
1. Follow Figure 40 and steps 1-5 in Table 18 to create communication	
between a David receiver and Tersus GNSS Center.	



DownloadPath C:\TersusData\20170515\20180417 Open Media MMC Pree5poor 1044923 N3 SelectAl Fieldame Date Size status SelectAl 00005243.DAT 20180307735 470219 Downloading 00010165.DAT 201804179511 2012120 Downloading 00010165.DAT 201804179511 2012120 Downloading Step Download deletefie Cancel	Dia	log				×	
8. After the file is downloaded successfully, the follow info will be given in the console window.		Downloa <mark>d</mark> Path	C:\TersusData\20170	0515\20180417		Open	
Bitspots Download from 195156, Holdskitz 197356 Bitspots Download from 195157, Holdskitz 195166 Bitspots Download from 195177, Holdskitz 195176 Bitspots Holdskitz 1951786 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Media</th><th>EMMC</th><th>FreeSpace 1044</th><th>1928 KB</th><th>SelectAll</th><th></th></td<>		Media	EMMC	FreeSpace 1044	1928 KB	SelectAll	
Refresh Download Stop Download deletefile Cancel 8. After the file is downloaded successfully, the follow info will be given in the console window. BinaryData Download from 1963168, totalize:1870336 BinaryData Download from 1963168, totalize:1870336 BinaryData Download from 19703; totalize:1870336 BinaryData Download from 19704, totalize:1870346 BinaryData Download from 19704; totalize:18704672 BinaryData Download from 198467; totalize:1895168 BinaryData Download from 199564; totalize:1995864 BinaryData Download from 199677; totalize:1895168 BinaryData Download from 199578; totalize:1995864 BinaryData Download from 199579; totalize:199586 BinaryData Download from 19958; totalize:199586 BinaryData Download from 199586; totalize:199586 BinaryData Download from 199586; totalize:199586 <tr< th=""><th></th><th>00006243.0</th><th>АТ</th><th>20180307 7:35 20180307 7:33</th><th>470219 127203</th><th></th><th></th></tr<>		00006243.0	АТ	20180307 7:35 20180307 7:33	470219 127203		
the console window. BinaryDataj Download from 1863168, totalsize: 1870336 BinaryDataj Download from 1870336, totalsize: 1877504 BinaryDataj Download from 1877504, totalsize: 1884072 BinaryDataj Download from 188000, totalsize: 189166 BinaryDataj Download from 1982336, totalsize: 19916672 BinaryDataj Download from 1992336, totalsize: 1909336 BinaryDataj Download from 1992336, totalsize: 1909304 BinaryDataj Download from 1992336, totalsize: 1909306 BinaryDataj Download from 1992336, totalsize: 1909306 BinaryDataj Download from 1994336, totalsize: 19916672 BinaryDataj Download from 194672, totalsize: 1927166 BinaryDataj Download from 194672, totalsize: 1927168 BinaryDataj Download from 194672, totalsize: 1927168 BinaryDataj Download from 194672, totalsize: 1927168 BinaryDataj Download from 194674, totalsize: 1945020 BinaryDataj Download from 194674, totalsize: 194502 BinaryDataj Download from 194674, totalsize: 1945020 BinaryDataj Download from 196336, totalsize: 1959168 BinaryDataj Download from 196638, totalsize: 1959168 BinaryDataj Download from 196336, totalsize: 1980672 BinaryDataj Download from 1980672, totalsize: 1980672 BinaryDataj Download from 198400, totalsize: 1980672 BinaryDataj Download from 198400, totalsize: 1980672			Download	Stop Download	deletefile		
[BinaryData] Download from 1998336, totalsize:2005504 [BinaryData] Download from 2005504, totalsize:2012120 Refresh Download Stop Download deletefile Cancel	the con BinaryData Download BinaryData Download	SOLE WINC from 1863168, total from 1870336, total from 1877504, total from 1884672, total from 1884672, total from 199336, total from 1990304, total from 199304, total from 1994672, total from 1994572, total from 195168, total from 1959168, total from 1959168, total from 195936, total from 1995000, total from 1995072, total from 1995072, total from 1995072, total from 1996072, total from 1996336, total from 1996336, total from 1996336, total from 1998336, total from 1991168, total from 1991168, total from 1991168, total from 1991168, total	Size:1870336 size:1877504 size:1884672 size:1884672 size:1884672 size:1892168 size:1909504 size:1909504 size:1991672 size:1920000 size:194336 size:1943672 size:195048 size:19506386 size:198168 size:1980672 size:1980672 size:1980672 size:1980672 size:1980672 size:1980672 size:1980672 size:198168 size:1980672 size:198168				>

Config	×
Connection Save Option	
Output Setting Output directory C:\TersusData\20170515	
Save Option Raw data(.trs) NMEA only(.nmea)	
Binary data only(.bin)	
Log Option	

! The downloading rate is about 2M/min, the downloading time can be estimated based on it.

3.6 Input command directly to the GNSS board

Users can input commands to the BX306 board inside the David directly, the steps are given in Table 21.

Table 21 Input commands to the BX306 directly

Hardware Installation

Follow section 3.3.1 and section 3.3.2 to connect the Android phone to the David.

Software Configure

 Run Nuwa and go to Device -> Data Terminal The means at the right will be 	← Data Terminal
 2) The page at the right will be shown; users can input all the commands in the Log & Command document in the window. 3) Then press Send button, the command will be input to the BX306 board. 	\$GNGGA,021226.00,3111.4257246,N, 12135.5906384,E,7,19,0.7,28.571,M,11.518,M, 0.0,0000*62 \$GNGGA,021227.00,3111.4257246,N, 12135.5906384,E,7,19,0.7,28.571,M,11.518,M, 0.0,0000*63 \$GNGGA,021228.00,3111.4257246,N, 12135.5906384,E,7,19,0.7,28.571,M,11.518,M, 0.0,0000*6C \$GNGGA,021229.00,3111.4257246,N, 12135.5906384,E,7,19,0.7,28.571,M,11.518,M, 0.0,0000*6D \$GNGGA,021230.00,3111.4257246,N, 12135.5906384,E,7,19,0.7,28.571,M,11.518,M, 0.0,0000*6D \$GNGGA,021230.00,3111.4257246,N, 12135.5906384,E,7,19,0.7,28.571,M,11.518,M, 0.0,0000*65 Hex Paused Log Clear
	Commands Send

4. Introduction of Nuwa[®]

Nuwa® is the Tersus survey app, which is running in the Android phone. All the configure commands for the David are input with Nuwa®, and all the operation of David are done with Nuwa[®]. Four tabs menus are provided in the main window. They are Project, Device, Survey and Tools. See the Nuwa[®] user manual for detail.



Figure 42 Booting up page

<u>I</u> Tersus Survey Nuwa[®] is supporting Android system; no IOS version is available now.

Δ	The minimal requirements for Android phone:
<u> </u>	1) The phone must support OTG, otherwise, it can't be connected to
	David with cables, but only with Bluetooth.
	2) The Android system is 6.0 or later version.

<u>!</u>	1)	There are lots of Android versions in market, so an Android phone
		meeting the minimal requirements above may still have problems to
		run Nuwa.
	2)	Nuwa is tested with: Huawei Mate 7/Honor 7, Oppo A57, Vivo X9
		and Samsung S8.
	3)	It's highly recommended that an Android phone with better hardware
		performance than those above is used to run Nuwa.

💓 Nuwa 2.0	Ж ктк	N/A Disconnect	t	👰 Nuwa 2.()		
6		¥			۰ 🚥	•	T
Project	CRS	Parameters		Connect	Data Tern	ninal	Base
Point	Line	Import		Rover	Device li		Demo
		import		Nover	Device I		Denio
Export	Settings						
	Q %	-			Q	×	-
Project De	vice Surve	y Tools		Project	Device	Survey	Tools
💓 Nuwa 2.0	RTK	N/A Disconnect		💓 Nuwa	2.0		V/A Disconnect
2					Ⅰ —— h		
Point Survey F	oint Stakeout	Line Stakeout		Area Perime	Diata		ffset Point
REC		¢.		ζ.			4
Static Survey	Point correction	Survey Config		Rotation po	int Two F		Four Point Intersection
				N	6		
Base Shift				Azimuth	Interse		
	🔊 🐹 vice Surve	👼 y Tools		Project	© Device	💢 Survey	Tools

Figure 43 Four Main Windows of Nuwa

APPENDIX A

5. Specification

5.1 David Receiver

Table 22 David GNSS Performance

GNSS Performance					
		1.5m RMS (Horizontal)			
	Single positioning	3.0m RMC (Vertical)			
		10mm+1ppm (Horizontal)			
Position Accuracy	RTK Positioning	15mm+1ppm (Vertical)			
	Statia post processing	3mm+0.5ppm (Horizontal)			
	Static post processing	5mm+0.5ppm (Vertical)			
Time to First Fix	Cold Start: <50s				
	Warm Start: <30s				
Reacquisition	0.5 s L1 (typical)				
	1.0 s L2 (typical)				
Data Rate	Measurements	20Hz			
	Position	5Hz			
Time Accuracy	20ns RMS				
Velocity Accuracy	0.03m/s RMS				
	C/A Code	10cm			
Measurement Precision	P Code(zenith direction)	10cm			
Medourement recision	Carrier Phase(zenith	1mm			
	direction)				
Physical Description					
Size	104*65*31 mm ³ (David only)				
Weight 250g (David only)					
Mechanical Drawing					

	ENVIRONMENTAL		
Operating Temperature	-40C to +85C		
Storage Temperature	-55C to +95C		
Humidity	MIL-STD-810G, Method 507.5 Procedure II (95%)		
Random Vibration	MIL-STD 810G Method 514.6, Category 24 (7.7 g RMS)		
Sinusoidal Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6 (5 g)		
Bump	ISO 9022-31-06 (25 g)		
Shock	Operating: MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6,		
	Procedure I (40 g)		
	Non-operating: MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6,		
	Procedure V (75 g)		
Water & dust proof	IP67		
	Power Requirement		
Input Voltage	+5 – 12 VDC		
Power Consumption	3.2W without external Radio		
	6.2W with external 1W radio RS900C		
	9.8W with external 2W radio RS400L2		

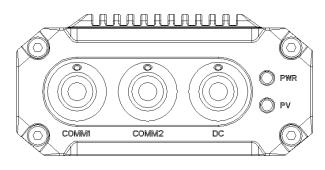


Figure 44 Panel of David

Connector Pin No.	COMM1 LVTTL	COMM2 RS-232	DC
1	PWR	PWR	PWR
2	GND	GND	GND
3	TXD1	TXD2	
4	RXD1	RXD2	
5	GND	GND	
6	CAN_H/PPS ¹	USB D+	
7	CAN_L/EVENT ¹	USB D-	

Note 1: The default configure for pin6 and pin7 in COMM1 port are CAN_H and CAN_L. The two signals are multiplexed with PPS and EVENT. This feature is related to FW release, contact <u>support@tersus-gnss.com</u> for confirmation.

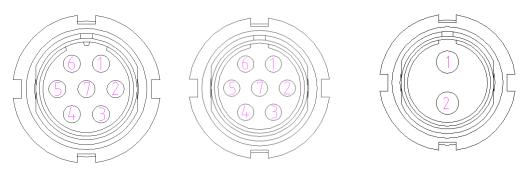


Figure 45 Pin Definition of the COMM1/COMM2/DC ports

5.2 ANTENNA AX3702 (HG)

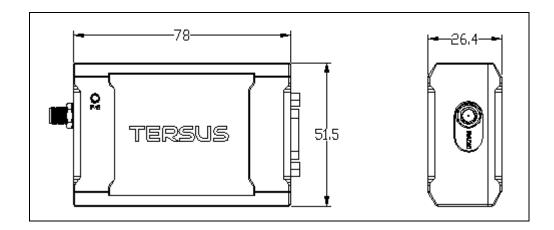
Table 24 Antenna AX3702 (HG)

24 Antenna AX3702 (HG	,
Ante	enna Specification
Tracking signals	GPS L1/L2/L5; BDS B1/B2/B3; GLONASS L1/L2
Impedance	50 Ohm
Polarization	RHCP
Axial Ratio	≤ 3dB
Azimuth Coverage	360°
Output VSWR	≤ 2.0
Peak Gain	5.5dBi
Phase Center Error	±2mm
LN	NA Specification
LNA Gain	40±2dB
Noise Figure	≤ 2.0dB
VSWR	≤ 2.0
Input Voltage	3.3~12V DC
Operating Current	≤ 45mA
Ripple	± 2dB
Differential	≤ 5ns
transmission delay	- 513
Phy	vsical Description
Dimension	Ф150*63.7mm
Signal Connector	TNC Female
Installation connector	5/8" x 11
	Environment
Operating temperature	-40C - +85C
Storage temperature	-55C - +85C
Damp	45% - 95%
Ме	chanical Drawing
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

5.3 1W Radio RS900C

Table 25 Specification for RS900C

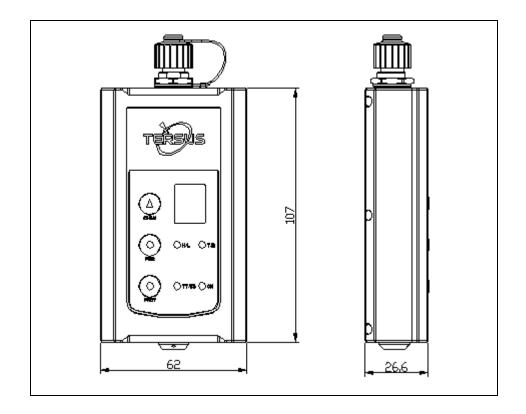
General Spe	ecification
Working Frequency	915MHz
Data level	RS-232
Serial port baud rate	115200
Data interface	DB-9 male
Size	78 * 51.5 * 26.4 mm ³
Operating Temperature	-40 - +85 ℃
Antenna impedance	50Ω
Input voltage	DC 5V – 12V
Bower concumption	3.0W (transmitting)
Power consumption	180mW (receiving)
Receiver Spo	ecification
Sensitivity	-123dBm (20kbps)
Spurious response immunity	≥ 65dB
Intermodulation immunity	≥ 60dB
Stand by current	≤ 65mA
saturation	≥ 90dB
Distortion	≤ 5%
Error rate	≤ 0.001%
Transmission s	specification
Modulation	QPSK/BPSK
Transmission power	>1000mW
Modulation distortion	≤ 3%
Maximum frequency deviation	≤ 5KHz
Transmission current	≤ 1000mA/DC 5V
Carrier frequency tolerance	≤ 5*10-6
Spurious frequency components	≤ -65dB
Sleep current	≤ 5uA
Working range	>2km (@1Mbps)
	>5Km (@20Kbps)
Mechanical	Drawing



5.4 2W Radio RS400L2

Table 26 Specification for RS400L2

	Communication I	nterface		
	9.6kbps in the a			
Interface	· ·	", RS-232, baud rate 38400		
	Voltage and P			
Input voltage	DC 5 – 12V	ower		
Power		ransmitting power 2W)		
consumption in		ansmitting power 1W)		
transmitting				
Power				
consumption in	<400mW (DC 5V)			
receiving				
receiving	External Ante	nna		
Impedance	50 Ohm			
VSMR	≤ 1.5			
Interface	MCX female			
	odulation & Dem	odulation		
Modulation	GMSK			
Data rate in air	9600bps@25KH	łz		
RF sensitivity	Better than 13d			
Code sensitivity		10E-5@9600bps		
Protocol		T, TT450S and Tersus		
	RF Specifica			
Frequency range	10MHz (457MH	z – 467MHz)		
Channel width	25KHz			
Frequency	±1.5 ppm(25C)			
stability				
Channel number	10 configurable	channels		
Adjacent channel	≥ 60dB			
selectivity				
	High power			
	(2W)	$33.5\pm0.5\text{dBm}@\text{DC5.5V}$		
Transmission				
power	Low power			
	(1W)	30.0 ± 0.5dBm@DC5.5V		
	. ,			
	Environme			
Temperature	-30C - +60C (operating)			
-40C - +85C (storage)				
Mechanical				
Size	107 * 62 * 26.6			



5.5 30W Radio RS400L30

Table 27 RS400L30 Radio Sp	ecification

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		ommunication Interfa	ace		
Serial port: RS-232, Band rate 38400InteractionInteractionPower levelHigh (about 30W)PWR LED: OFF 2^{nd} high (about 20W)PWR LED: BLUEMiddle (about 10W)PWR LED: REDLow (about 5W)PWR LED: RED&BLUEblinkCharging AlarmDC 11.60 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VB3DC 12.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 12.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 11.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 11.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 11.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VB2DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VB2DC 10.50 \pm 0.2VB1DC 10.50 \pm 0.2VMore run runspan="2">Input voltageDC 10.50 \pm 0.2VOUT 1.40 \pm 0.2V (default)voltagecolspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2"Colspan="2"Colspan="2"Colsp	DTE-DCE Interface 9.6kbps in the air				
InteractionHigh (about 30W)PWR LED: OFF 2^{nd} high (about 20W)PWR LED: BLUEMiddle (about 10W)PWR LED: REDLow (about 5W)PWR LED: RED&BLUEbinkDC 11.60 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB3DC 12.50 \pm 0.2VB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VPower In/OutB5W (DC 12.8V, 30W output)Power in transmitting (typical)65W (DC 12.8V, 30W output)65W (DC 12.8V, 5W output)33W (DC 12.8V, 5W output)Transmitting prohibition voltageDC 11.40 \pm 0.2V (default)Power in receiving (typical) $<3W$ (Input voltage DC 12.8V)VSWR \leq 1.5InterfaceTNC femaleModulationGMSKData rate in air9600bps@25KHzRF sensitivityBetter than 13dB@-119dBmDecode sensitivity-116 dBm BER 10E-5@9600bpsProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTHRequery range457 - 467MHzChannel width25KHz			Band rate 38400		
Power level 2^{nc} high (about 20W)PWR LED: BLUEMiddle (about 10W)PWR LED: REDLow (about 5W)PWR LED: RED&BLUE blinkCharging AlarmDC 11.60 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB2DC 12.50 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VPower In/OutB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VInput voltageDC 10.5 - 15.0V85W (DC 12.8V, 30W output)65W (DC 12.8V, 20W output)46W (DC 12.8V, 10W output)33W (DC 12.8V, 5W output)Transmitting prohibitionDC 11.40 \pm 0.2V (default)voltageDC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)<3W (Input voltage DC 12.8V)					
Power levelMiddle (about 10W)PWR LED: RED PWR LED: RED&BLUE blinkCharging AlarmDC 11.60 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB3DC 12.50 \pm 0.2VB2DC 12.00 \pm 0.2VB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VPower In/OutPower In/OutPower In/OutPower in transmitting65W (DC 12.8V, 30W \cup uput)65W (DC 12.8V, 20W \cup uput)46W (DC 12.8V, 10W \cup utput)33W (DC 12.8V, 5W \cup utput)Transmitting prohibitionDC 11.40 \pm 0.2V (default)voltageDC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)s3W (Input voltage DC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)s3W (Input voltage DC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)s3W (Input voltage DC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)s3W (Input voltage DC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)s1.5InterfaceTNC femaleModulationGMSKData rate in air9600bps@25KHzRF sensitivityBetter than 13dB@-119dBmDecode sensitivity-116 dBm BER 10E-5@9600bpsProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTHRatioFrequency range457 - 467MHzChannel width25KHz		High (about 30W)	PWR LED: OFF		
Index (protection)PWR LED: RED&BLUE blinkCharging AlarmDC 11.60 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VB3DC 12.50 \pm 0.2VB2DC 12.00 \pm 0.2VB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VPower In/OutInput voltagePower in transmitting (typical)65W (DC 12.8V, 30W output) 65W (DC 12.8V, 20W output) 46W (DC 12.8V, 10W output) 33W (DC 12.8V, 5W output)Transmitting prohibition DC 10.50 - 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)ValueAntennaInput Impedance50 OhmVSWR \leq 1.5InterfaceTNC femaleModulationGMSKData rate in air9600bps@25KHzRF sensitivityBetter than 13dB@-119dBmDecode sensitivity-116 dBm BER 10E-5@9600bpsProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTHRadioRadioFrequency range457 - 467MHzChannel width25KHz		2 nd high (about 20W) PWR LED: BLU			
Low (about SW)blinkCharging AlarmDC 11.60 \pm 0.2VBattery MonitorB4DC 13.00 \pm 0.2VB3DC 12.50 \pm 0.2VB2DC 12.00 \pm 0.2VB1DC 11.60 \pm 0.2VPower In/OutInput voltageDC 10.5 – 15.0V85W (DC 12.8V, 30W output)Power in transmitting65W (DC 12.8V, 20W output)(typical)AGW (DC 12.8V, 10W output)33W (DC 12.8V, 5W output)Transmitting prohibitionDC 11.40 \pm 0.2V (default)voltageDC 10.50 – 11.5V (configure range)Power in receiving (typical)AntennaInput Impedance50 OhmVSWR \leq 1.5InterfaceTNC femaleModulation/DemodulationModulationGMSKData rate in air9600bps@25KHzR sensitivityBetter than 13dB@-119dBmDecode sensitivity-116 dBm BER 10E-5@9600bpsProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTHRadioFrequency range457 – 467MHzChannel width	Power level	Middle (about 10W)	PWR LED: RED		
Battery MonitorB4DC $13.00 \pm 0.2V$ B3DC $12.50 \pm 0.2V$ B2DC $12.00 \pm 0.2V$ B1DC $11.60 \pm 0.2V$ Input voltageDC $10.5 - 15.0V$ Power in transmitting (typical) $85W$ (DC $12.8V$, $30W$ output) $46W$ (DC $12.8V$, $20W$ output) $46W$ (DC $12.8V, 5W$ output)Transmitting prohibition voltageDC $11.40 \pm 0.2V$ (default) $DC 10.50 - 11.5V$ (configure range)Power in receiving (typical) $<3W$ (Input voltage DC $12.8V$)Power in receiving (typical) <1.5 InterfaceTNC femaleDecode sensitivity <1.6 dBm BER $10E-5@9600bps$ ProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTHProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTH <td></td> <td>Low (about 5W)</td> <td></td>		Low (about 5W)			
Battery MonitorB3DC $12.50 \pm 0.2V$ B2DC $12.00 \pm 0.2V$ B1DC $11.60 \pm 0.2V$ Input voltageDC $10.5 - 15.0V$ Power in transmitting (typical) $65W$ (DC $12.8V$, $30W$ output) $46W$ (DC $12.8V$, $20W$ output) $46W$ (DC $12.8V$, $10W$ output) $33W$ (DC $12.8V$, $5W$ output)Transmitting prohibition voltageDC $11.40 \pm 0.2V$ (default)Power in receiving (typical) $<3W$ (Input voltage DC $12.8V$)Power in receiving (typical) <1.5 Interface 50 OhmVSWR VSWR ≤ 1.5 InterfaceTNC femaleModulation/DemodulationModulationGMSKData rate in air $9600bps@25KHz$ RF sensitivityBetter than $13dB@-119dBm$ Decode sensitivity $-116 dBm BER 10E-5@9600bps$ ProtocolTransparent EOT, SOUTHRadioFrequency range $457 - 467MHz$ Channel width $25KHz$	Charging Alarm	DC 11.60 ± 0.2V			
Battery MonitorB2DC $12.00 \pm 0.2V$ B1DC $11.60 \pm 0.2V$ Input voltageDC $10.5 - 15.0V$ Power in transmitting (typical)85W (DC $12.8V$, 30W output)65W (DC $12.8V$, 20W output)46W (DC $12.8V$, 10W output)33W (DC $12.8V$, 5W output)Transmitting prohibition voltageDC $11.40 \pm 0.2V$ (default)Power in receiving (typical)					

Channel number	116 (channel 00 – 1 16 – 116 are fixed)	116 (channel 00 – 15 are configurable, channel 16 – 116 are fixed)		
Adjacent channel selectivity	≥60dB	≥60dB		
	Environment			
Temperature	Operating	-30 – +60C		
	Storage	-40 – 85C		
Dust proof and waterproof	IP68			
	Physical Description	on		
Size	165 * 74 * 185.5 mr	n ³ with plastic protector		
Weight	About 1.75Kg			
Data port	LEMO EGA.0B.305			
Power input port	LEMO EGG.1B.302	2		
Installation	Hook			
	Mechanical Drawi	ng		
	Signal definition			
Data Port		Pin 1: GND Pin 2: GND Pin 3: Output power (3A, same voltage as the input) Pin 4: RXD Pin 5: TXD		

Power input port		Pin 1: GND Pin2: PWR input
------------------	--	-------------------------------

6. Typical operating

The LEMO connectors in the David system support mis-installation avoidance. But it's highly recommended to double check the module/cable before they are installed to the correct ports. Mis-installation with force can damage the David.

<u>!</u>	The following may be used for David system:
	 A battery bank for David An Android phone An external large capacity power if a base kit with 30W or with 2W radio station is used. A tripod (optional).
	 A tribrach (optional). A tribrach (optional).

It's highly recommended that a David base variant is installed on a tripod.

6.1 David as a Rover to receive corrections from Internet

!	From section 6.1 to section 6.4, David and Android phone are
	connected with cables; refer to section 3.3.2 for the connection with
	Bluetooth.

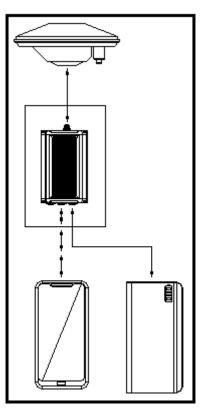


Figure 46 Outline of Android phone to David with Wire

<u>!</u>	Three cables are used to connect the COMM2 port of David to the USB
	port of the Android phone. They are:
	• COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable or COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin
	cable.
	 USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable
	 USB Type A Female to USB (Micro + Type C) OTG cable

Table 28 Detailed steps for rover receive corrections from Internet

Hardware Installation

- 1. Install the GNSS antenna on a tripod or on a ranging pole at a point interested.
- 2. Connect the antenna to David with the RF cable.
- 3. Connect the David's COMM2 port to the USB port of the Android phone with cables.
- 4. Power on the David with a battery bank.

Software Configure

5. Run Nuwa, Device ->Device Connect

← Connect				
	TRALLS CRIM	 Press update a Press C 	t Type " USB" Connect Config accordingly. Connect to enable nication with	
Device Type	David $>$	David.		
Connect Type	USB $>$			
Connect Config	/dev/bus/usb/001/004>			
Ant type	AX3702(HG)>			
Co	onnect			
9. Go back to:	Device -> Rover Station	on		
← Rover		← Edit W	/orkstation	
Work Mode List	Multiselect	Data Link	Netv	work >
Ext.Radio+11520	0+Auto	Protocol Type	1	Ntrip >
Default:Ext.Radio	+115200			
		IP	106 14 184 52	IP
Default:PDA Netw	vork+Default Server1	IP Port	106.14.184.52	IP 2201
			:	
Default:PDA Netv	vork+Default Server1	Port	:	2201
Default:PDA Netv PDA Network+De	vork+Default Server1 vork+Default Server2	Port Username	:	2201 nput
Default:PDA Netv PDA Network+De	vork+Default Server1 vork+Default Server2 fault Server1+Auto	Port Username Password	2 Update SourceTable >	2201 nput
Default:PDA Netv PDA Network+De	vork+Default Server1 vork+Default Server2 fault Server1+Auto	Port Username Password Mount Point	2 Update SourceTable >	2201 Input C

10. Select PDA Network+Default Server1, then press Detail to	← Link status
 configure the parameters about the Network. 11. Select Network for Data Link 12. If Ntrip is selected for Protocol type, please input: IP, Port, Username, Password and Mount 	ModeRoverData LinkPDA NetHost106.14.184.52:7774Protocol TypeTCPMount PointUpdate SourceTable
 Point. 13. If TCP is selected for Protocol type, please input: IP and Port. 14. Go back to the Rover Station page and press "Start". 15. If all the configure above are correct, the right page will show the rover is receiving RTK corrections. 	2.28K bytes Log information [09:09:03] Connect server successfully! [09:09:03] Connect server successfully! [09:09:04] Connect server successfully! [09:09:04] Connect server successfully! [09:09:05] Connect server successfully! [09:09:06] Connect server successfully! [09:09:07] Connect server successfully! [09:09:07] Connect server successfully! [09:09:07] Connect server successfully! [09:09:07] Connect server successfully!

6.2 David as a Base to transmit corrections to Internet

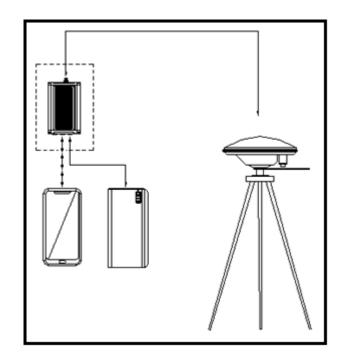


Figure 47 Outline of Android phone to David with Wire

!	Three cables are used to connect the COMM2 port of David to the USB
---	---

р	ort of the Android phone. They are:
	COMM2-7pin-USB & DB9 Data Cable or COMM2-7pin-USB & 5pin
	cable.
	USB Type A Male to USB Type A Male cable
	USB Type A Female to USB (Micro + Type C) OTG cable

! It's highly recommended that a base David is installed on a tripod.

Table 29 Detailed steps for Base transmit corrections to Internet

Hardware Installation	
1. Install the tripod at a point intereste	d.
2. Install a tribrach on the tripod, adju	ust it to horizontal level and install
the GNSS antenna and the antenna	
3. Connect the antenna to David with	
4. Connect the David's COMM2 por	t to the USB port of the Android
phone with cables.	
5. Power on the David with a battery b	bank.
Software Configure	
6. Run Nuwa, Device ->Device Conne	ect
Connect	 Connect Type " USB" Press Connect Config to update accordingly. Press Connect to enable the communication with the
Device Type David >	David.
Connect Type USB >	
Connect Config /dev/bus/usb/001/004>	
Ant type AX3702(HG)>	
Connect	
10. Go back to: Device -> Base Statio	n

← Base	← Edit Workstation
Work Mode List Multiselect	Start Way Auto start >
Auto Startup+PDA Network+Default Server1+Auto	Data Link Network >
Auto Startup+PDA Network+Default Server2+Auto	IP 106.14.184.52 IP
Manual Startup+Ext.Radio +115200+Auto	Port 2201
Auto Startup+Ext.Radio +115200+Auto	Password Input Mount Point Input
Default:Auto Startup+PDA Network +Default Server1+RTCM32	Difference Format AUTO >
Default:Auto Startup+PDA Network	
New Detail Start	ОК
 Select Auto Startup+PDA Network+Default Server1+Auto, then press Detail to configure the parameters about the Networ If Auto Start is selected for Start Way, go to Step 14. If Manual Start is selected for Start Way, input the base's position manually. If Ntrip protocol is selected, please input: IP, Port, Username, Password and Mount Point. If TCP is selected for Data Link, please input: IP and Port. Go back to the Base Station page and press "Start" If all the configure above are correct, the right page will show the base is transmitting RTK 	 ✓ Link status Mode Base Data Link PDA Net Host Asiacaster1.tersus- Gnss.com:2201 Mount Point 0171 1.01K bytes Log information 199:08:01 Connect server successfully! 199:08:02 Connect server successfully! 199:08:03 Connect server successfully! 199:08:04 Connect server successfully! 199:08:05 Connect server successfully! 199:08:06 Connect server successfully!

6.3 Radios Transmit RTK Corrections between Two Davids

<u>!</u>	 1W base must work with 1W rover.
	 2W base must be work with 2W rover.
	 30W base must work with 2W rover.

Only 30W base and 2W rover are given in this section since the other two configure are very simple.

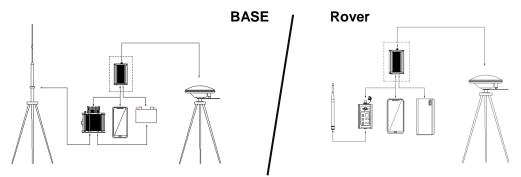


Figure 48 Outline of Base/Rover with Radios

Table 30 Detailed steps for David with Radios

Hardware Installation for the 30W Ba	ise

1. Install the two tripods at the points interested	
---	--

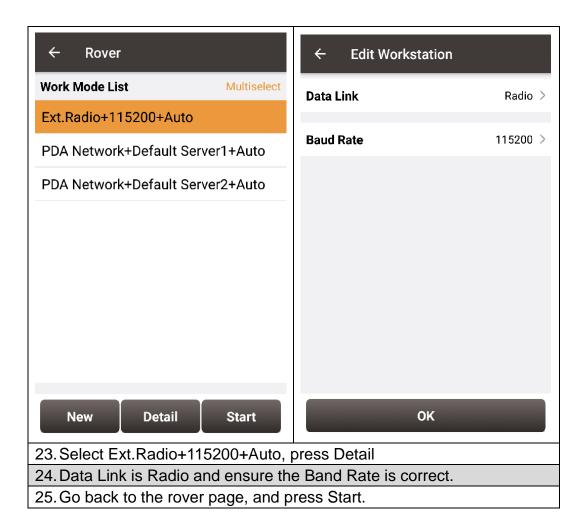
- 2. Install the 30W radio antenna with the telescopic pole for radio antenna.
- 3. Refer to Figure 32, install the metal plate, the GNSS antenna connector and the 30W radio antenna on one tripod.
- 4. Install a tribrach on the other tripod, adjust it to horizontal level and install the GNSS antenna and the antenna connector on it.
- 5. Connect the antenna to the base David with the RF cable.
- 6. Connect the David's COMM2 port to the USB port of the Android phone with cables.
- 7. Install the RF cable from the telescopic pole to the 30W radio station.
- 8. Connect the COMM cable to 30W radio, and to the base Daivd's DC port, respectively. Then connect it to the power cable for 30W radio.
- 9. Double check the cables above and connect the power cable to the external battery.

Hardware Installation for the 2W Rover

10. Install a tripod at the point interested.

11. Install a tribrach on the tripod, adjust it to horizontal level and install the GNSS antenna and the antenna connector on it.

12. Connect the rover antenna to the	e rover David with the RF cable.
rover David, and connect the oth	5pin cable to the COMM2 port of the ner two connectors to the USB port of es and to the 2W radio station,
respectively.	
14. Power on the David with an exte	rnal battery bank.
Software Configure for the 30W B	
	e Android phone with the base David.
16. In Survey Nuwa, go to: Device ->	Base Station
← Base	← Edit Workstation
Work Mode List Multiselect	Startup Auto start >
Auto Startup+PDA Network+Default Server1+Auto	Data Link Radio >
Auto Startup+PDA Network+Default Server2+Auto	Baud Rate 115200 >
Auto Startup+Ext.Radio +115200+Auto	Difference Format AUTO >
Manual Startup+Ext.Radio +115200+Auto	
New Detail Start	ок
17. Select Auto Startup+Ex.Radio+1	15200+Auto, press Detail
18. If Auto Start is selected for Start	
	r Start Way, input the base's position
manually.	
20. Press OK to go back to the Base	
Software Configure for the 2W Ro	
David.	e the Android phone with the rover
22. Go back to: Device -> Rover Sta	tion



6.4 Data Collection for Post Processing

!	The size of the logging:
-	
	Collect raw measurements at 1Hz (about 110KByte/min if 20 satellites
	are tracked, about 165KByte/min if 30 satellites are tracked)
	If the collection frequency increased, the data size will be increased
	proportionately.
~	David provides up to 4GB internal eMMC card for data collection,
/!\	

David provides up to 4GB internal eMMC card for data collection,	
$\Delta \Delta = \frac{1}{2}$ before data collection, estimate whether the free space is enough for	or
the data collection. Refer to Table 20 to delete the files on eMMC c	ard
to get more free space.	

 \wedge

During data collection, the antenna must be installed on a tripod.

<u>!</u>	Rules for the file name & update time in the internal eMMC card:
	 Name: file name is the 0000xxxx.dat, totally 8 digits, in which xxxx is the working time (seconds/100) of the David. For example, the David has worked 500 hours 40min, (500*3600 + 40*60)/100 = 18024, the file name will be 00018024.dat. Undate time: if the David heap't getter the CNSS time, the undate
	 Update time: if the David hasn't gotten the GNSS time, the update time of the files will be19800000 0:0 (YYYYMMDD HH:MM). If the David has gotten the GNSS time, the update time will be the UTC time.

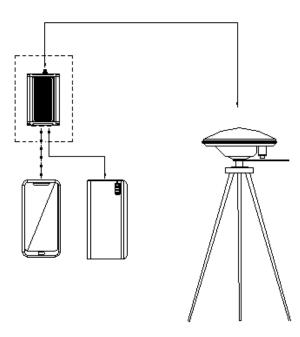


Figure 49 Outline of Static Data Collection

Table 31 Detailed Steps for Static Data Collection

Hardware Installation		
1.	Install a tripod at a point interested.	
2.	Install a tribrach on the tripod, adjust it to horizontal level and install	
	the GNSS antenna and the antenna connector on it.	
3.	Connect the antenna to the David with the RF cable.	
4.	Create communication between the David and the Android phone with	
	cables, refer to section 3.3.1.	
Software Configure		
5.	. In Tersus Survey Nuwa, go to Survey->Static Survey	

Tersus survey 2.0 Tersus survey 2.0	← Static Survey		
0	File Name Input		
Point Survey Point Stakeout Line Stakeout	Acquisition frequency 1HZ >		
	Cutoff Angle(°) Input		
	Ant type AX3702(HG)>		
Static Survey Point Survey Config	Type Overtical Oslant OPole		
	Ant Height(m) 0.0		
	00:00:00		
Project Device Survey Tools	Start		
6. Ensure the necessary parameters, including file name, data frequency and cutoff angle, etc. Press Start.			
7. Follow steps 1 - 6 above to collect static data at other points interested.			

7. Terminology

UART

WGS84

USB

Table 32 List of terminology Abbreviation Definition ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange CMR **Compact Measurement Record** DC **Direct Current** ESD Electro Static Discharge ECEF Earth Center Earth Fixed GLONASS **GLObal NAvigation Satellite System** GNSS **Global Navigation Satellite System** GPS **Global Positioning System** IF Intermediate Frequency IMU Inertial Measurement Unit IO Input/Output LED Light Emitting Diode LNA Low Noise Amplifier MPU Micro Processing Unit NMEA National Marine Electronics Association PC Personal Computer PPS **Pulse Per Second** RF Radio Frequency RINEX Receiver Independent Exchange format RMS Root Mean Squares **RTK Real-Time Kinematic** Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services RTCM SMA Sub-Miniature-A interface TTFF Time to First Fix Transistor-Transistor Logic level TTL

Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter

Universal Serial BUS

Word Geodetic System 1984

FCC Caution.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.