SAR TEST REPORT

For

GUANGZHOU LIE DUN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO. LIMITED

Chameleon-H

Test Model: E9XG-A05-M

Additional Model No.: /

Prepared for : GUANGZHOU LIE DUN ELECTRONICS

TECHNOLOGY CO. LIMITED

: No.4 plant of No.43 South International Trade Address

Avenue, Hualong Town, Panyu

District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

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Date of receipt of test sample : March 25, 2021

Number of tested samples

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : March 25, 2021~April 22, 2021

Date of Report : April 28, 2021

SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. LCS210324104AE

Date Of Issue: April 28, 2021

Testing Laboratory Name.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park

Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,

518000, China

Testing Location/ Procedure: Full application of Harmonised standards ■

Partial application of Harmonised standards □

Other standard testing method

Applicant's Name.....: GUANGZHOU LIE DUN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY

CO. LIMITED

Address: No.4 plant of No.43 South International Trade Avenue, Hualong

Town, Panyu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Test Specification:

Standard: IEEE Std C95.1, 2005& IEEE Std 1528TM-2013&FCC Part 2.1093

Test Report Form No.: LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF.....: Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description.: Chameleon-H

Trade Mark: CHAMELEON

Model/Type Reference: E9XG-A05-M

GSM 850/PCS1900, WCDMA Band II/V;

Operation Frequency: LTE Band2/4/5/7; WLAN2.4G; WLAN5.2G

Bluetooth 5.0.

Modulation Type: Refer to page 7

DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 10000mAh

Ratings: For Adapter Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A Max

Adapter Output: DC 12.0V, 1.5A

Result: Positive

Compiled by:

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Ping Li

Jin Wang/ Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

Ping Li/ File administrators

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No.: LCS210324104AE April 28, 2021 Date of issue

Test Model..... : E9XG-A05-M EUT....:: Chameleon-H Applicant..... : GUANGZHOU LIE DUN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO. LIMITED Address.....: No.4 plant of No.43 South International Trade Avenue, Hualong Town, Panyu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China Telephone....:: / Fax.....: : / Manufacturer.....:: GUANGZHOU LIE DUN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO. LIMITED Address.....: No.4 plant of No.43 South International Trade Avenue, Hualong Town, Panyu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China Telephone..... : / Fax.....:: : / Factory..... : / Address.....: : / Telephone....:: / Fax.....: : /

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY	LTD FCC ID: 2AM8GCHAMELEONH

Report No.: LCS210324104AE

Revison History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	April 28, 2021	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 2005</u>: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

<u>FCC Part 2.1093</u>:Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB648474 D04:</u> Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets <u>KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz</u>: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR Guidance For leee 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters

KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR Meaurement Procedures

<u>KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode:</u> SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02: SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LAPTOP, NOTEBOOK, NETBOOK AND TABLET COMPUTERS.

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	March 25, 2021
Testing commenced on	:	March 25, 2021
Testing concluded on	:	April 22, 2021

1.4. Product Description

The GUANGZHOU LIE DUN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO. LIMITED. Model: E9XG-A05-M or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description		
Product Name:	Chameleon-H	
Test Model:	E9XG-A05-M	
Additional Model No.:	1	
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; 8-PSK for EDGE; QPSK for UMTS; QPSK, 16QAM for LTE	
Hardware Version:	V1.0	
Software Version:	V1.0.0	
Power supply:	DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 10000mAh For Adapter Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A Max Adapter Output: DC 12.0V, 1.5A	
Device category:	Portable Device	
Exposure category:	General population/uncontrolled environment	
EUT Type:	Prototype	
Hotspot:	Supported, power not reduced when Hotspot open	
VoIP	Supported	

The EUT is GSM,WCDMA,LTE,WLAN. the Chameleon-H is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA Band II, Band IV, Band V, LTE Band 2,Band 4, Band5,Band7 and Bluetooth, WiFi2.4G, WiFi5.2G camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet

Technical Characteristics

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TEST	ING LABORATORY LTD FCC I	D: 2AM8GCHAMELEONH	Report No.: LCS210324104AE	
GSM				
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900/GPRS85	0/GPRS1900/FDGE850/F	DGF1900	
	GSM850: 824.2~848.8MHz			
Frequency	GSM1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz			
GSM/EDGE/GPRS:	Supported GSM/GPRS/EDG			
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS, 8-PS			
GSM Release Version:	R99			
GPRS Multislot Class:	12			
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12			
GPRS operation mode:	Class B			
DTM Mode:	Not Supported			
D I W Wiode.	FPC Antenna;			
Antonno Descriptions	· ·			
Antenna Description:	1.0dBi (max.) For GSM 850			
LINATO	1.1dBi (max.) For DCS 1900			
UMTS		1101154		
Support Networks	WCDMA RMC12.2K,HSDPA	,HSUPA		
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band II/ V			
Modulation Type:	QPSK for UMTS			
WCDMA Release Version:	R6			
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported			
	FPC Antenna;			
Antenna Description:	1.1dBi (max.) For WCDMA B	and II;		
Antenna Description.	1.0dBi (max.) For WCDMA B	and V.		
	,			
LTE				
Support Band	LTE Band 2, 4, 5, 7			
Power Class:	Class 3			
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM			
LTE Release Version:	Release 8			
VoLTE:	Not Support			
	FPC Antenna;			
	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA E	land 2:		
Antenna Description:	0.8dBi (max.) For E-UTRA E			
Antenna Description.	` ,			
	1.0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA E	·		
W//FI 0.40	1.2dBi (max.) For E-UTRA B	and /;		
WIFI 2.4G		4 : (UTO) - : UT40)		
Supported Standards:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.1	1n(H120 and H140)		
Frequency Range:	2412MHz ~ 2462MHz			
Channel Number:	11 Channels for 20MHz band			
	7 Channels for 40MHz bandy			
Time of Mark Halland	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK,			
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QA			
Channel acception	IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QA	IVI, TOWAIVI, WPSK, BPSK)		
Channel separation:	5MHz			
Antenna Description	FPC Antenna; 1.0dBi(Max.)			
WIFI 5.2G				
Frequency Range	5180MHz-5240MHz			
Channel Number	4 channels for 20MHz bandw			
	2 channels for 40MHz bandw			
	1 channels for 80MHz bandw		0001/ 00010	
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac: OFDM (2	256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM,	QPSK, BPSK)	
Antenna Description	FPC Antenna; 0.9dBi(Max.)			
Bluetooth				
Bluetooth Version:	V5.0			
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK		ssics)	
	GFSK for Bluetooth V5.0 (BT	LE)		
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz			
Channel number:	79 channels for Bluetooth V5			
40 channels for Bluetooth V5.0(BT LE)				
Channel separation:	1MHz for Bluetooth V5.0 (BT			
	2MHz for Bluetooth V5.0 (BT LE)			
<u> </u>				

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TEST	ING LABORATORY LTD FCC ID: 2AM8GCHAMELEONH Report No.: LCS210324104AE	
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, 1.0dBi(Max.)	
GPS Receiver		
Receive Frequency:	1575.42MHz	
Channel Number:	1	
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna	
NFC		
Frequency Range:	13.56MHz	
Modulation Type:	ASK	
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, 0dBi(Max.)	

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for **E9XG-A05-M** are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment	Frequency Band	Hotspot (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	
Class		(Separation D	(Separation Distance 0mm)	
	GSM 850	0.095	0.095	
	GSM1900	0.019	0.019	
	WCDMA Band V	0.705	0.705	
PCB	WCDMA Band II	0.302	0.302	
	LTE Band 2	0.148	0.148	
	LTE Band 4	0.144	0.144	
	LTE Band 5	0.360	0.360	
	LTE Band 7	0.308	0.308	
DTC	WIFI2.4G	0.090	0.090	
DTS	WIFI5.2G	0.243	0.243	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)
Body-worn	PCB	0.892
(hotspot open)	DTS	0.092

2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C	
Humidity:	40-65 %	
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar	

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure	
	Environment)	Environment)	
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0	
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2020-11-22	2021-11-21
7	E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2020-10-08	2021-10-07
8	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
9	DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
10	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
11	DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
12	DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
13	DIPOLE 5000-6000	SATIMO	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA 43	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
14	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
15	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
16	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
17	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
18	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
19	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
20	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
21	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
22	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2020-11-22	2021-11-21
23	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2020-11-22	2021-11-21
24	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
25	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2020-06-11	2021-06-10

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
- c) The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the provious measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

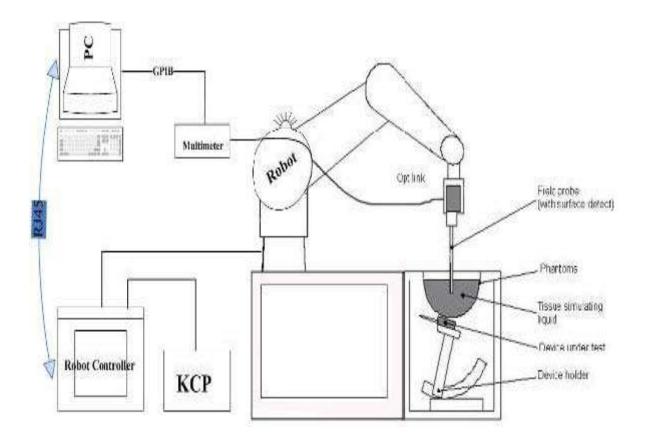
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 450 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity: 0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: 0.25 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm)

Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

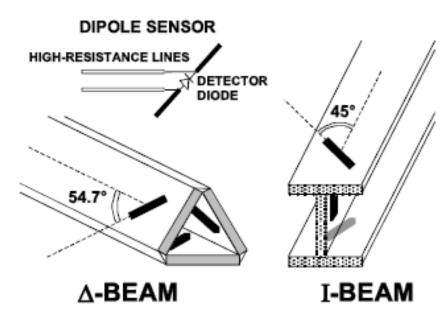
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, EN62209-2:2010. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

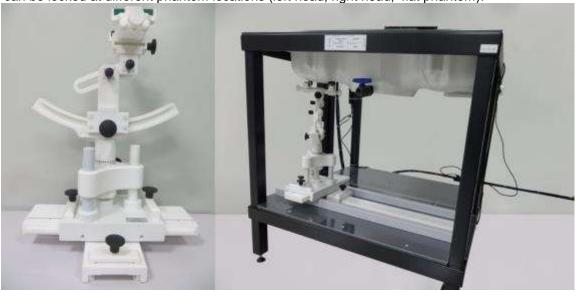
System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orienta above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be ≤ the usion of the test device with

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	ΔΖ _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$3-4 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	t ≤1.5·Δz _{Zoom} (n-1) mm		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		\geq 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: ô is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

 Conversion factor ConvFi - Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity - Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi =compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated: $E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H$$
 – fieldprobes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ gnal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units. σ

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

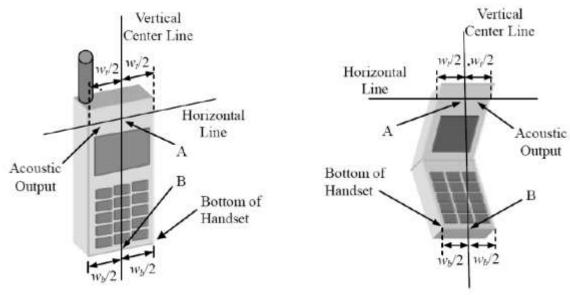
The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

$$P_{\text{(pwe)}} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770} \text{ or } P_{\text{(pwe)}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2.37.7$$

Where P_{pwe}=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

E_{tot}=total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot}=total magnetic field strength in A/m



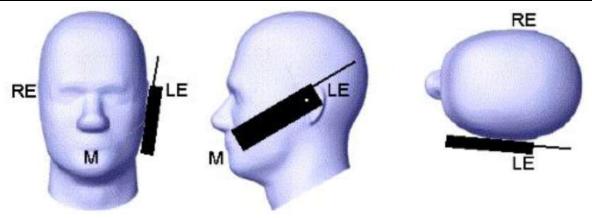
Wt Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

W_bWidth of the bottom of the handset

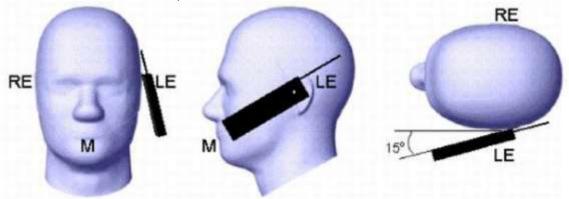
A Midpoint of the widthwtof the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture 1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	750	ИНz	8351	ИНz	1800	MHz	1900	MHz	2450	MHz	2600	MHz	5000	MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X- 100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency	He	ead	В	ody
(MHz)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

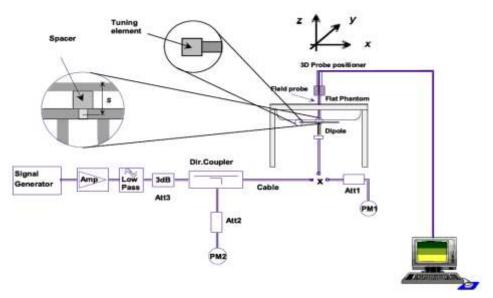
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

		Dielectii	c r enomiano	be of fleat	and body	TISSUE OI	mulating Li	quiu	
Test Eng	ineer: Jenny W	/u							
Tissue Type	Measured	Targe	t Tissue		Measure		Liquid		
	Frequency (MHz)	σ	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ	Dev.	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	Dev.	Temp.	Test Data
835B	835	0.97	55.20	0.99	2.06%	55.42	0.40%	23.1	03/25/2021
1800B	1800	1.52	53.30	1.56	2.63%	53.45	0.28%	21.6	03/30/2021
1900B	1900	1.52	53.30	1.58	3.95%	52.53	-1.44%	22.4	03/08/2021
2450B	2450	1.95	52.70	1.96	0.51%	53.22	0.99%	23.7	03/15/2021
2600B	2600	2.16	52.50	2.13	-1.39%	52.31	-0.36%	22.1	04/19/2021
5200B	5200	5.30	49.00	5.25	-0.94%	48.80	-0.41%	23.4	04/22/2021

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	
2019-10-01	-24.17	-1.31	54.5	-0.4	2.6	-0.2
2020-10-01	-24.20	-1.18	54.2	-0.7	2.5	-0.3

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-20.26		43.1		6.9	
2019-10-01	-20.13	-0.64	42.9	-0.2	6.7	-0.2
2020-10-01	-20.15	-0.54	42.8	-0.3	6.6	-0.3

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-01	-26.43		50.5		4.7	
2019-09-01	-26.33	-0.38	50.2	-0.3	4.5	-0.2
2020-09-01	-26.40	-0.11	50.1	-0.4	4.6	-0.1

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	
2019-10-01	-25.68	0.35	44.8	0.1	-1.0	0.1
2020-10-01	-25.70	0.43	44.5	-0.2	-1.1	0.0

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-29.14		49.2		3.4	
2019-09-24	-29.12	-0.07	49.1	-0.1	3.2	-0.2
2020-09-24	-29.10	-0.07	49.2	0.0	3.3	-0.1

SID5200 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-8.59		19.38		13.50	
2019-09-24	-8.62	0.35	19.25	-0.13	13.47	-0.03
2020-09-24	-8.63	0.47	19.26	-0.12	13.45	-0.05

Miseture	Fraguesay		CAD	CAD	Drift	1W T	arget	Difference	percentage	Lianid	
Mixture Type Body	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	(%)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1g	10g	Liquid Temp	Date
		100 mW	0.982	0.595							
Body	835	Normalize to 1 Watt	9.82	5.95	-1.35	9.90	6.39	-0.81%	-6.89%	23.1	03/25/2021
		100 mW	3.795	1.983							
Body	1800	Normalize to 1 Watt	37.95	19.83	2.11	39.03	20.65	-2.77%	-3.97%	21.6	03/30/2021
		100 mW	4.214	2.103							
Body	1900	Normalize to 1 Watt	42.14	21.03	0.13	40.91	21.40	3.01%	-1.73%	22.4	04/08/2021
		100 mW	5.203	2.389							
Body	2450	Normalize to 1 Watt	52.03	23.89	2.36	54.65	24.58	-4.79%	-2.81%	23.7	04/15/2021
		100 mW	5.511	2.458							
Body	2600	Normalize to 1 Watt	55.11	24.58	3.25	54.14	24.13	1.79%	1.86%	22.1	04/19/2021
		100 mW	15.467	5.512	_	_			_		
Body	5200	Normalize to 1 Watt	154.67	55.12	-3.02	159.00	56.90	-2.72%	-3.13%	23.4	04/22/2021

3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

- a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn

configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β _c	β_{d}	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β _{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and \triangle_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c =30/15 \Leftrightarrow β_{hs} =30/15* β_c

Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- set	eta_{c}	β_d	β _d (SF)	β _c /β _d	${\beta_{\text{hs}}}^{(1)}$	eta_{ec}	$eta_{ ext{ed}}$	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_{c}$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta c/\beta d$ =12/15, $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 10/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 14/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3.11.4 LTE Test Configuration

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

3.11.5 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

- 1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
- 2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
- a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

- b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
- c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
- 3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
- 4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions.
- a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
- b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
- 5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures .
- 6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is < 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
- 1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.

- 2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.
- a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- 1) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
- 2) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations.

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1 Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
- 3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (2 Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

					<u> </u>	esults for G				
		Tune	Burst C	Conducted (dBm)	power		Tune-	Average	e power (dE	Bm)
GSI	И 850	-up	Channe	l/Frequence	cy(MHz)	Division	up	Channel/F	requency(MHz)
331		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8	Factors	Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/8 48.8
G	SM	31.00	30.62	30.62	30.36	-9.03dB	21.97	21.59	21.59	21.33
	1TX slot	31.00	30.60	30.59	30.33	-9.03dB	21.97	21.57	21.56	21.30
GPRS	2TX slot	30.50	30.10	30.13	29.86	-6.02dB	24.48	24.08	24.11	23.84
(GMSK)	3TX slot	29.00	28.62	28.68	28.42	-4.26dB	24.74	24.36	24.42	24.16
	4TX slot	28.00	27.57	27.64	27.37	-3.01dB	24.99	24.56	24.63	24.36
	1TX slot	26.50	26.05	25.95	25.82	-9.03dB	17.47	17.02	16.92	16.79
EGPRS	2TX slot	25.00	24.96	24.81	24.63	-6.02dB	18.98	18.94	18.79	18.61
(8PSK)	3TX slot	23.00	22.75	22.58	22.31	-4.26dB	18.74	18.49	18.32	18.05
	4TX slot	24.00	21.40	23.54	21.23	-3.01dB	20.99	18.39	20.53	18.22
		Tune	Burst C	Conducted (dBm)	power		Tune-	Average	e power (dE	Bm)
CSA	1 1900	-up	Channe	l/Frequenc	cy(MHz)	Division	up	Channel/F	Frequency(MHz)
GSIV	1 1900		E40/	004/	040/	Factors		E40/	nel/Frequency(MH 661/ 1880	
		Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8		Max.	512/ 1850.2	1880	1909. 8
G	SM	Max 31.00				-9.03dB	Max. 21.97			
G	1TX slot		1850.2 30.80 21.01	1880	1909.8			1850.2	1880	8
GPRS		31.00	1850.2 30.80	1880 30.82	1909.8 30.81	-9.03dB	21.97	1850.2 21.77	1880 21.79	8 21.78
	1TX slot	31.00 22.00 21.00 19.50	30.80 21.01 20.27 18.59	1880 30.82 21.58 20.89 19.21	1909.8 30.81 21.16 20.50 18.82	-9.03dB -9.03dB	21.97 12.97 14.98 15.24	1850.2 21.77 11.98 14.25 14.33	1880 21.79 12.55 14.87 14.95	8 21.78 12.13 14.48 14.56
GPRS	1TX slot 2TX slot 3TX slot 4TX slot	31.00 22.00 21.00	1850.2 30.80 21.01 20.27 18.59 17.61	30.82 21.58 20.89 19.21 18.24	1909.8 30.81 21.16 20.50	-9.03dB -9.03dB -6.02dB	21.97 12.97 14.98 15.24 15.49	1850.2 21.77 11.98 14.25 14.33 14.60	1880 21.79 12.55 14.87	8 21.78 12.13 14.48 14.56 14.73
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot 2TX slot 3TX slot 4TX slot 1TX slot	31.00 22.00 21.00 19.50 18.50	1850.2 30.80 21.01 20.27 18.59 17.61 18.16	1880 30.82 21.58 20.89 19.21 18.24 18.30	1909.8 30.81 21.16 20.50 18.82 17.74 17.72	-9.03dB -9.03dB -6.02dB -4.26dB - 3.01dB -9.03dB	21.97 12.97 14.98 15.24 15.49 9.47	1850.2 21.77 11.98 14.25 14.33 14.60 9.13	1880 21.79 12.55 14.87 14.95 15.23 9.27	8 21.78 12.13 14.48 14.56 14.73 8.69
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot 2TX slot 3TX slot 4TX slot 1TX slot 2TX slot	31.00 22.00 21.00 19.50 18.50 17.50	30.80 21.01 20.27 18.59 17.61 18.16 17.04	1880 30.82 21.58 20.89 19.21 18.24 18.30 17.29	1909.8 30.81 21.16 20.50 18.82 17.74 17.72 16.76	-9.03dB -9.03dB -6.02dB -4.26dB -3.01dB -9.03dB -6.02dB	21.97 12.97 14.98 15.24 15.49 9.47 11.48	1850.2 21.77 11.98 14.25 14.33 14.60 9.13 11.02	1880 21.79 12.55 14.87 14.95 15.23 9.27 11.27	8 21.78 12.13 14.48 14.56 14.73 8.69 10.74
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot 2TX slot 3TX slot 4TX slot 1TX slot	31.00 22.00 21.00 19.50 18.50	1850.2 30.80 21.01 20.27 18.59 17.61 18.16	1880 30.82 21.58 20.89 19.21 18.24 18.30	1909.8 30.81 21.16 20.50 18.82 17.74 17.72	-9.03dB -9.03dB -6.02dB -4.26dB - 3.01dB -9.03dB	21.97 12.97 14.98 15.24 15.49 9.47	1850.2 21.77 11.98 14.25 14.33 14.60 9.13	1880 21.79 12.55 14.87 14.95 15.23 9.27	8 21.78 12.13 14.48 14.56 14.73 8.69

Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 4Txslot for GPRS850 and 4Txslot GPRS1900.

<UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters

 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 1:
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle_{ACK} and \triangle_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle_{CQI} = 24/15 with $\beta_{bc} = 24/15 * \beta_{c}$.
- CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_0/β_0 ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station R&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βο	βa	β _d (SF)	βε/βε	βнs (Note1)	βес	βed (Note 5) (Note 6)	βed (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{eq} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
Note 1 Note 2 Note 3	: CM = and E	1 for β _c /β -DPCCH	3 _d = 12/1 the MF	15, βns/βα PR is bas	ed on the	or all ot	ρ_c , her combination CM difference during the m	e.					
							ce TFC (TF1,						N. C.
Note 4							during the more than the during t						by
Note 5		e of testi 306 Tabl			E-DPDC	H Physic	al Layer cate	gory 1	Sub-test	3 is omit	ted acco	rding to	
Note 6													

General Note

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
- 3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V)

	Oonaaotea i	01101 1110 4	<u> </u>	11004110(1	1001111710	ana m v ,	
		WCDM	IA Band II re	sult (dBm)	WCDMA	A Band V re	sult (dBm)
	band	Chani	nel/Frequen	cy(MHz)	Chanr	nel/Frequen	cy(MHz)
Item	sub-test	9262/ 1852.4	9400/ 1880	9538/ 1907.6	4132/ 826.4	4183/ 836.0	4233/ 846.6
RMC	12.2kbps	22.41	22.98	22.52	22.77	22.89	22.69
AMR	12.2kbps	22.04	21.93	21.79	22.56	22.73	22.49
	Sub –Test 1	22.33	22.55	22.60	22.53	22.16	22.66
HSDPA	Sub –Test 2	22.23	22.35	22.45	22.66	22.27	22.58
	Sub –Test 3	22.64	22.85	22.12	22.65	22.48	22.39
	Sub –Test 4	22.98	22.91	22.75	21.81	21.90	21.69
	Sub –Test 1	22.96	22.57	22.94	21.54	21.83	21.59
	Sub –Test 2	22.66	22.87	22.63	22.26	22.32	22.43
HSUPA	Sub –Test 3	22.01	22.30	22.01	22.53	22.35	22.28
	Sub –Test 4	22.52	22.61	22.43	22.05	22.16	21.96
	Sub –Test 5	22.35	22.51	22.25	21.87	21.95	21.75

Note: When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/2$ dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE Band2

				Test B	and: 2 _	1.4MH	z Band	width				
	RB All	ocation	Conduct	ted Powe	er (dBm)	Anten	na gain		EIRP(dBm)	Linait (dDna)	
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
		0	24.05	24.88	18.98	/	1.10	25.15	25.98	20.08	33.01	PASS
	1	2	24.10	25.01	18.97	1	1.10	25.2	26.11	20.07	33.01	PASS
	ı	5	23.84	24.94	18.72	1	1.10	24.94	26.04	19.82	33.01	PASS
		0	24.13	24.93	18.95	1	1.10	25.23	26.03	20.05	33.01	PASS
QPSK	3	2	24.09	25.02	18.89	/	1.10	25.19	26.12	19.99	33.01	PASS
QFSK	3	3	24.02	24.97	18.80	/	1.10	25.12	26.07	19.9	33.01	PASS
	6		22.99	23.95	17.99	/	1.10	24.09	25.05	19.09	33.01	PASS
		0	23.01	23.98	17.99	/	1.10	24.11	25.08	19.09	33.01	PASS
	1	2	23.09	24.16	18.01	1	1.10	24.19	25.26	19.11	33.01	PASS
	'	5	22.89	24.10	17.76	/	1.10	23.99	25.2	18.86	33.01	PASS
		0	23.24	23.89	18.12	/	1.10	24.34	24.99	19.22	33.01	PASS
16QAM	3	2	23.26	24.01	18.10	1	1.10	24.36	25.11	19.2	33.01	PASS
IOQAM	3	3	23.22	23.99	17.99	1	1.10	24.32	25.09	19.09	33.01	PASS
	6	0	22.04	22.98	16.96	/	1.10	23.14	24.08	18.06	33.01	PASS

				Те	st Band:	2_3M	Hz Ban	dwidth				
		llocation	Conduc	ted Pow	er (dBm)	Anten	na gain		EIRP(dBm)	Limit (dDm)	
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
		0	24.09	24.71	19.41	/	1.10	25.19	25.81	20.51	33.01	PASS
	1	7	23.96	25.06	19.20	/	1.10	25.06	26.16	20.3	33.01	PASS
		14	23.56	24.95	18.65	/	1.10	24.66	26.05	19.75	33.01	PASS
QPSK		0	22.98	23.85	18.33	/	1.10	24.08	24.95	19.43	33.01	PASS
	8	4	22.81	23.96	18.15	/	1.10	23.91	25.06	19.25	33.01	PASS
		7	22.66	23.92	17.92	/	1.10	23.76	25.02	19.02	33.01	PASS
	15	0	22.84	23.90	18.13	/	1.10	23.94	25	19.23	33.01	PASS
		0	23.13	23.91	19.10	/	1.10	24.23	25.01	20.2	33.01	PASS
	1	7	23.02	24.22	18.84	/	1.10	24.12	25.32	19.94	33.01	PASS
		14	22.63	24.17	18.29	/	1.10	23.73	25.27	19.39	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	22.05	22.80	17.47	/	1.10	23.15	23.9	18.57	33.01	PASS
	8	4	21.92	22.92	17.26	/	1.10	23.02	24.02	18.36	33.01	PASS
		7	21.74	22.91	17.09	/	1.10	22.84	24.01	18.19	33.01	PASS
	15	0	21.86	22.80	17.16	/	1.10	22.96	23.9	18.26	33.01	PASS

				Test Ba	nd: 2 _ 5	MHz Ba	ndwidth					
Madulation	RB All	ocation	Conduc	ted Powe	er (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	E	IRP(dBn	n)	Limit	\/- ==l:-4
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	23.96	24.51	20.06	/	1.10	24.96	25.51	21.06	33.01	PASS
	1	13	23.59	24.94	19.40	/	1.10	24.59	25.94	20.40	33.01	PASS
		24	22.98	24.99	18.68	/	1.10	23.98	25.99	19.68	33.01	PASS
QPSK		0	22.91	23.80	18.96	/	1.10	23.91	24.80	19.96	33.01	PASS
	12	6	22.65	23.93	18.55	/	1.10	23.65	24.93	19.55	33.01	PASS
		13	22.28	23.98	18.01	/	1.10	23.28	24.98	19.01	33.01	PASS
	25	_	22.60	23.90	18.52	/	1.10	23.60	24.90	19.52	33.01	PASS
		0	23.05	23.75	18.93	/	1.10	24.05	24.75	19.93	33.01	PASS
	1	13	22.74	24.28	18.34	/	1.10	23.74	25.28	19.34	33.01	PASS
		24	22.15	24.28	17.59	/	1.10	23.15	25.28	18.59	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	21.90	22.79	17.91	/	1.10	22.90	23.79	18.91	33.01	PASS
	12	6	21.68	22.93	17.48	/	1.10	22.68	23.93	18.48	33.01	PASS
		13	21.33	22.98	16.95	/	1.10	22.33	23.98	17.95	33.01	PASS
	25	0	21.69	22.87	17.49	/	1.10	22.69	23.87	18.49	33.01	PASS

				Test Bar	nd: 2 _ 10	MHz Ba	andwidth	1				
Madulatian	RB All	ocation	Conduc	ted Powe	er (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	E	IRP(dBn	n)	Limit	\/a = di at
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	23.97	23.93	21.77	/	1.10	25.07	25.03	22.87	33.01	PASS
QPSK	1	25	23.06	25.08	20.32	1	1.10	24.16	26.18	21.42	33.01	PASS
QPSK	'	49	21.53	25.06	18.67	1	1.10	22.63	26.16	19.77	33.01	PASS
	25	0	22.69	23.68	20.15	/	1.10	23.79	24.78	21.25	33.01	PASS

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<u>ZHEN LCS COMP.</u>	LIANCE I	ESTING	<i>LABORA</i>	<u>TORY LI</u>	D	FCC ID:	<i>2AM8GC</i>	HAMELI	EONH	<u> </u>	ort No.: L	<u>CS210324</u>
		13	21.98	23.92	19.34	/	1.10	23.08	25.02	20.44	33.01	PASS
		25	21.34	24.02	18.39	/	1.10	22.44	25.12	19.49	33.01	PASS
	50	_	22.10	23.84	19.43	/	1.10	23.2	24.94	20.53	33.01	PASS
		0	23.01	23.12	21.31	/	1.10	24.11	24.22	22.41	33.01	PASS
	1	25	22.16	24.21	19.93	/	1.10	23.26	25.31	21.03	33.01	PASS
		49	20.55	24.23	18.36	/	1.10	21.65	25.33	19.46	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	21.78	22.65	19.19	/	1.10	22.88	23.75	20.29	33.01	PASS
	25	13	21.10	22.92	18.37	/	1.10	22.2	24.02	19.47	33.01	PASS
		25	20.43	23.01	17.46	/	1.10	21.53	24.11	18.56	33.01	PASS
	50	0	21.13	22.85	18.47	/	1.10	22.23	23.95	19.57	33.01	PASS

				Test Ba	nd: 2 _ 1	5MHz B	andwidtl	า				
Modulation	RB All	ocation	Conduct	ed Powe	er (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	E	IRP(dBn	1)	Limit	Vordict
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	23.87	23.05	23.30	/	1.10	24.97	24.15	24.4	33.01	PASS
	1	38	22.10	24.94	21.10	/	1.10	23.2	26.04	22.2	33.01	PASS
	I	74	19.90	24.91	18.69	/	1.10	21	26.01	19.79	33.01	PASS
QPSK		0	22.27	23.32	21.28	/	1.10	23.37	24.42	22.38	33.01	PASS
Q. 3.1	36	18	21.28	23.83	20.34	/	1.10	22.38	24.93	21.44	33.01	PASS
	30	39	20.00	24.03	18.95	/	1.10	21.1	25.13	20.05	33.01	PASS
	75	_	21.24	23.62	20.26	/	1.10	22.34	24.72	21.36	33.01	PASS
		0	23.29	22.26	22.86	/	1.10	24.39	23.36	23.96	33.01	PASS
	1	38	21.60	24.11	20.65	/	1.10	22.7	25.21	21.75	33.01	PASS
	1	74	19.27	24.04	18.38	1	1.10	20.37	25.14	19.48	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	21.24	22.23	20.26	1	1.10	22.34	23.33	21.36	33.01	PASS
	36	18	20.30	22.85	19.34	/	1.10	21.4	23.95	20.44	33.01	PASS
	30	39	18.96	23.05	17.94	/	1.10	20.06	24.15	19.04	33.01	PASS
	75	0	20.26	22.62	19.25	/	1.10	21.36	23.72	20.35	33.01	PASS

				Test Ba	nd: 2 _ 2	0MHz B	andwidt	h				
Modulation	RB All	ocation	Conduc	ted Powe	er (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	E	IRP(dBn	n)	Limit	Vordict
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	23.71	21.89	24.32	/	1.10	24.81	22.99	25.42	33.01	PASS
	1	50	21.36	25.09	22.13	/	1.10	22.46	26.19	23.23	33.01	PASS
		99	20.69	24.68	18.78	/	1.10	21.79	25.78	19.88	33.01	PASS
QPSK		0	21.90	22.92	22.17	/	1.10	23	24.02	23.27	33.01	PASS
	50	25	20.36	23.81	20.96	/	1.10	21.46	24.91	22.06	33.01	PASS
		50	19.58	23.89	19.34	/	1.10	20.68	24.99	20.44	33.01	PASS
	100	_	20.77	23.40	20.88	/	1.10	21.87	24.5	21.98	33.01	PASS
		0	23.31	21.02	23.55	/	1.10	24.41	22.12	24.65	33.01	PASS
	1	50	21.00	24.33	21.37	/	1.10	22.1	25.43	22.47	33.01	PASS
		99	20.21	23.86	18.13	/	1.10	21.31	24.96	19.23	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	20.92	21.90	21.08	/	1.10	22.02	23	22.18	33.01	PASS
1000/11/1	50	25	19.37	22.80	19.90	/	1.10	20.47	23.9	21	33.01	PASS
		50	18.51	22.88	18.28	/	1.10	19.61	23.98	19.38	33.01	PASS
	100	0	19.78	22.36	19.87	/	1.10	20.88	23.46	20.97	33.01	PASS

LTE Band4

				Test	Band: 4	_ 1.4MHz	Bandwidth	า				
Modulation	RB All	ocation	Conduc	cted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	[EIRP(dBm	1)	Limit	\/ordigt
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	19.33	24.84	19.37	1	0.8	20.13	25.64	20.17	30.00	PASS
	1	2	19.50	24.93	19.61	1	0.8	20.3	25.73	20.41	30.00	PASS
		5	19.46	24.82	19.58	1	0.8	20.26	25.62	20.38	30.00	PASS
QPSK		0	19.52	25.00	19.53	1	8.0	20.32	25.8	20.33	30.00	PASS
	3	2	19.62	25.03	19.66	/	0.8	20.42	25.83	20.46	30.00	PASS
		3	19.58	24.97	19.68	/	8.0	20.38	25.77	20.48	30.00	PASS
	6	0	18.48	23.93	18.56	/	8.0	19.28	24.73	19.36	30.00	PASS
		U	18.48	23.86	18.39	/	0.8	19.28	24.66	19.19	30.00	PASS
	1	2	18.71	24.03	18.64	/	8.0	19.51	24.83	19.44	30.00	PASS
		5	18.70	23.85	18.67	/	0.8	19.5	24.65	19.47	30.00	PASS
16QAM		0	18.46	24.19	18.59	/	8.0	19.26	24.99	19.39	30.00	PASS
	3	2	18.56	24.26	18.70	1	0.8	19.36	25.06	19.5	30.00	PASS
		3	18.58	24.21	18.71	1	8.0	19.38	25.01	19.51	30.00	PASS
	6	0	17.52	22.96	17.52	1	0.8	18.32	23.76	18.32	30.00	PASS

				Tes	st Band: 4	_ 3MHz E	andwidth					
Madulatian	RB All	ocation	Conduc	ted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	F	EIRP(dBm	1)	Limit	\
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	19.30	24.76	19.12	1	8.0	20.1	25.56	19.92	30.00	PASS
	1	7	19.66	24.98	19.48	1	8.0	20.46	25.78	20.28	30.00	PASS
		14	19.77	24.79	19.67	/	8.0	20.57	25.59	20.47	30.00	PASS
QPSK		0	18.44	23.83	18.25	/	8.0	19.24	24.63	19.05	30.00	PASS
	8	4	18.60	23.92	18.40	/	8.0	19.4	24.72	19.2	30.00	PASS
		7	18.67	23.86	18.49	/	8.0	19.47	24.66	19.29	30.00	PASS
	15	0	18.57	23.89	18.33	/	8.0	19.37	24.69	19.13	30.00	PASS
		U	18.56	24.44	18.14	/	8.0	19.36	25.24	18.94	30.00	PASS
	1	7	18.87	24.62	18.51	/	8.0	19.67	25.42	19.31	30.00	PASS
		14	18.99	24.44	18.65	/	8.0	19.79	25.24	19.45	30.00	PASS
16QAM		0	17.46	23.05	17.29	/	8.0	18.26	23.85	18.09	30.00	PASS
	8	4	17.61	23.12	17.47	/	8.0	18.41	23.92	18.27	30.00	PASS
		7	17.69	23.10	17.54	1	8.0	18.49	23.9	18.34	30.00	PASS
	15	0	17.56	22.97	17.41	1	8.0	18.36	23.77	18.21	30.00	PASS

				Tes	st Band: 4	_ 5MHz E	Bandwidth					
Madulatian	RB All	ocation	Conduc	cted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	F	EIRP(dBm	1)	Limit	\/a.u.di.a4
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	19.26	24.64	18.85	1	8.0	20.06	25.44	19.65	30.00	PASS
	1	13	19.76	24.95	19.21	/	0.8	20.56	25.75	20.01	30.00	PASS
		24	20.22	24.65	19.54	/	0.8	21.02	25.45	20.34	30.00	PASS
QPSK		0	18.54	23.83	18.00	/	0.8	19.34	24.63	18.8	30.00	PASS
	12	6	18.81	23.93	18.20	/	0.8	19.61	24.73	19	30.00	PASS
		13	19.06	23.88	18.43	/	0.8	19.86	24.68	19.23	30.00	PASS
	25	0	18.78	23.87	18.21	/	0.8	19.58	24.67	19.01	30.00	PASS
		U	18.59	23.53	17.93	/	8.0	19.39	24.33	18.73	30.00	PASS
	1	13	19.17	23.84	18.31	/	8.0	19.97	24.64	19.11	30.00	PASS
		24	19.52	23.56	18.64	/	0.8	20.32	24.36	19.44	30.00	PASS
16QAM		0	17.58	22.82	16.95	/	8.0	18.38	23.62	17.75	30.00	PASS
	12	6	17.87	22.96	17.17	1	0.8	18.67	23.76	17.97	30.00	PASS
		13	18.10	22.88	17.37	1	0.8	18.9	23.68	18.17	30.00	PASS
	25	0	17.84	22.92	17.22	1	0.8	18.64	23.72	18.02	30.00	PASS

	Test Band: 4 _ 10MHz Bandwidth													
Modulation RB Allocation Conducted Power (dBm) Antenna gain EIRP(dBm)												Vardiet		
Modulation	Modulation RB Allocation Conducted Power (dBm) Antenna gain EIRP(dBm) Limit Verdi													
ODCK	4	0	14.78	18.64	13.19	1	0.8	15.58	19.44	13.99	30.00	PASS		
QPSK	ı	25	16.15	18.73	12.85	1	0.8	16.95	19.53	13.65	30.00	PASS		

SHENZHEN LO	CS COMPI	LIANCE TE	ESTING LA	BORATOR	YLTD	FCC ID): 2AM8GC	CHAMELE	ONH	Report No	o.: LCS210	324104AE
		49	17.25	17.58	13.16	1	0.8	18.05	18.38	13.96	30.00	PASS
		0	14.35	17.65	11.62	1	0.8	15.15	18.45	12.42	30.00	PASS
	25	13	15.03	17.51	10.94	1	0.8	15.83	18.31	11.74	30.00	PASS
		25	15.79	17.15	10.75	1	0.8	16.59	17.95	11.55	30.00	PASS
	50	0	15.13	17.37	11.23	/	8.0	15.93	18.17	12.03	30.00	PASS
			18.53	23.87	18.80	/	8.0	19.33	24.67	19.6	30.00	PASS
	1	25	19.78	24.62	18.10	/	8.0	20.58	25.42	18.9	30.00	PASS
		49	20.98	23.77	18.52	1	0.8	21.78	24.57	19.32	30.00	PASS
16QAM		0	17.90	22.82	17.30	/	0.8	18.7	23.62	18.1	30.00	PASS
	25	13	18.53	22.97	17.12	/	0.8	19.33	23.77	17.92	30.00	PASS
		25	19.24	22.89	17.17	/	8.0	20.04	23.69	17.97	30.00	PASS
	50	0	18.62	22.82	10.25	1	0.8	19.42	23.62	11.05	30.00	PASS

				Tes	t Band: 4	_ 15MHz I	Bandwidth	1				
Modulation	RB All	ocation	Conduc	ted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain	E	IRP(dBm	1)	Limit	\/ordiot
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	14.73	18.45	15.87	1	0.8	15.53	19.25	16.67	30.00	PASS
	1	38	16.77	18.57	12.34	1	0.8	17.57	19.37	13.14	30.00	PASS
		74	18.19	16.82	11.64	1	0.8	18.99	17.62	12.44	30.00	PASS
QPSK		0	14.70	17.75	13.69	1	0.8	15.5	18.55	14.49	30.00	PASS
	36	18	15.75	17.69	11.93	1	0.8	16.55	18.49	12.73	30.00	PASS
		39	16.90	16.96	10.93	1	0.8	17.7	17.76	11.73	30.00	PASS
	75	0	16.00	17.30	12.46	/	0.8	16.8	18.1	13.26	30.00	PASS
			14.81	18.03	15.21	/	0.8	15.61	18.83	16.01	30.00	PASS
	1	38	16.46	18.17	11.73	/	0.8	17.26	18.97	12.53	30.00	PASS
		74	17.39	16.19	11.11	1	0.8	18.19	16.99	11.91	30.00	PASS
16QAM		0	13.69	16.61	12.45	1	0.8	14.49	17.41	13.25	30.00	PASS
	36	18	14.71	16.53	10.76	1	0.8	15.51	17.33	11.56	30.00	PASS
		39	15.81	15.80	9.76	1	0.8	16.61	16.6	10.56	30.00	PASS
	75	0	15.05	16.21	11.47	1	0.8	15.85	17.01	12.27	30.00	PASS

				Te	est Band: 4	1 _ 20MHz	z Bandwidt	th				
NA - de de tara	RB All	ocation	Conduc	ted Powe	r (dBm)	Anteni	na gain	E	IRP(dBm)	Limit	\/a.u.di.a.t
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	14.85	18.46	18.42	1	0.8	15.65	19.26	19.22	30.00	PASS
	1	50	18.16	19.29	14.39	1	0.8	18.96	20.09	15.19	30.00	PASS
		99	19.14	16.19	12.60	1	0.8	19.94	16.99	13.4	30.00	PASS
QPSK		0	15.32	17.76	15.92	1	8.0	16.12	18.56	16.72	30.00	PASS
	50	25	16.79	17.80	13.51	1	0.8	17.59	18.6	14.31	30.00	PASS
		50	17.77	16.82	11.68	1	8.0	18.57	17.62	12.48	30.00	PASS
	100	_	16.87	17.32	14.62	1	8.0	17.67	18.12	15.42	30.00	PASS
		0	14.01	17.43	17.65	1	0.8	14.81	18.23	18.45	30.00	PASS
	1	50	16.87	18.07	13.24	1	0.8	17.67	18.87	14.04	30.00	PASS
		99	17.82	15.01	12.28	1	0.8	18.62	15.81	13.08	30.00	PASS
16QAM		0	14.19	16.45	15.18	1	0.8	14.99	17.25	15.98	30.00	PASS
	50	25	15.54	16.45	12.69	1	0.8	16.34	17.25	13.49	30.00	PASS
		50	16.51	15.46	10.77	1	0.8	17.31	16.26	11.57	30.00	PASS
	100	0	15.68	16.07	13.74	1	8.0	16.48	16.87	14.54	30.00	PASS

LTE Band5

				Test	Band: 5 _	_ 1.4MHz	Bandwidth	า				
Modulation	RB All	ocation	Conduc	cted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain		ERP(dBm)	Limit	Verdict
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	verdict
		0	19.23	22.79	22.95	-1.15	1.00	18.08	21.64	21.80	38.45	PASS
	1	2	19.09	23.00	23.02	-1.15	1.00	17.94	21.85	21.87	38.45	PASS
		5	18.59	22.89	22.92	-1.15	1.00	17.44	21.74	21.77	38.45	PASS
QPSK		0	19.16	22.80	23.17	-1.15	1.00	18.01	21.65	22.02	38.45	PASS
	3	2	18.90	22.98	23.11	-1.15	1.00	17.75	21.83	21.96	38.45	PASS
		3	18.73	22.98	23.02	-1.15	1.00	17.58	21.83	21.87	38.45	PASS
	6	0	17.93	21.95	22.08	-1.15	1.00	16.78	20.80	20.93	38.45	PASS
] 0	18.32	22.00	22.12	-1.15	1.00	17.17	20.85	20.97	38.45	PASS
	1	2	18.13	22.18	22.16	-1.15	1.00	16.98	21.03	21.01	38.45	PASS
		5	17.72	22.19	21.93	-1.15	1.00	16.57	21.04	20.78	38.45	PASS
16QAM		0	18.29	21.91	22.45	-1.15	1.00	17.14	20.76	21.30	38.45	PASS
1000/11/1	3	2	18.00	22.05	22.38	-1.15	1.00	16.85	20.90	21.23	38.45	PASS
		3	17.88	22.08	22.30	-1.15	1.00	16.73	20.93	21.15	38.45	PASS
	6	0	16.92	20.94	21.10	-1.15	1.00	15.77	19.79	19.95	38.45	PASS

				Tes	st Band: 5	_ 3MHz E	andwidth					
Madulatian	RB All	ocation	Conduc	cted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain		ERP(dBm)	Limit	\
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	19.17	22.65	26.54	-1.15	1.00	18.02	21.50	25.39	38.45	PASS
	1	7	18.43	23.01	26.47	-1.15	1.00	17.28	21.86	25.32	38.45	PASS
		14	17.59	23.08	26.18	-1.15	1.00	16.44	21.93	25.03	38.45	PASS
QPSK		0	17.79	21.80	25.45	-1.15	1.00	16.64	20.65	24.30	38.45	PASS
	8	4	17.33	22.01	25.41	-1.15	1.00	16.18	20.86	24.26	38.45	PASS
		7	16.97	22.08	25.27	-1.15	1.00	15.82	20.93	24.12	38.45	PASS
	15	0	17.93	21.97	25.36	-1.15	1.00	16.78	20.82	24.21	38.45	PASS
		U	18.48	22.28	22.49	-1.15	1.00	17.33	21.13	21.34	38.45	PASS
	1	7	17.65	22.76	22.46	-1.15	1.00	16.50	21.61	21.31	38.45	PASS
		14	16.79	22.86	22.09	-1.15	1.00	15.64	21.71	20.94	38.45	PASS
16QAM		0	16.78	20.99	21.43	-1.15	1.00	15.63	19.84	20.28	38.45	PASS
. • •	8	4	16.37	21.24	21.41	-1.15	1.00	15.22	20.09	20.26	38.45	PASS
		7	15.97	21.32	21.30	-1.15	1.00	14.82	20.17	20.15	38.45	PASS
	15	0	16.33	21.10	21.34	-1.15	1.00	15.18	19.95	20.19	38.45	PASS

				Tes	st Band: 5	_ 5MHz B	andwidth					
Madulatian	RB All	ocation	Conduc	cted Powe	r (dBm)	Antenr	na gain		ERP(dBm)	Limit	\/a ==1: =+
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	23.12	26.24	26.65	-1.15	1.00	21.97	25.09	25.50	38.45	PASS
	1	13	21.99	26.71	26.53	-1.15	1.00	20.84	25.56	25.38	38.45	PASS
		24	22.76	26.73	26.20	-1.15	1.00	21.61	25.58	25.05	38.45	PASS
QPSK		0	21.53	25.53	25.75	-1.15	1.00	20.38	24.38	24.60	38.45	PASS
	12	6	21.17	25.75	25.66	-1.15	1.00	20.02	24.60	24.51	38.45	PASS
		13	21.25	25.72	25.42	-1.15	1.00	20.10	24.57	24.27	38.45	PASS
	25	0	21.39	25.61	25.59	-1.15	1.00	20.24	24.46	24.44	38.45	PASS
			18.11	25.63	25.61	-1.15	1.00	16.96	24.48	24.46	38.45	PASS
	1	13	16.71	26.04	25.53	-1.15	1.00	15.56	24.89	24.38	38.45	PASS
		24	17.25	26.04	25.15	-1.15	1.00	16.10	24.89	24.00	38.45	PASS
16QAM		0	16.28	24.60	24.75	-1.15	1.00	15.13	23.45	23.60	38.45	PASS
	12	6	20.20	24.81	24.65	-1.15	1.00	19.05	23.66	23.50	38.45	PASS
		13	20.20	24.77	24.42	-1.15	1.00	19.05	23.62	23.27	38.45	PASS
	25	0	20.41	24.63	24.65	-1.15	1.00	19.26	23.48	23.50	38.45	PASS

Test Band: 5 _ 10MHz Bandwidth												
Modulation	RB Allocation		Conducted Power (dBm)			Antenna gain		ERP(dBm)			Limit Vard	Verdict
	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	verdict
QPSK	1	0	19.18	21.33	23.39	-1.15	1.00	18.03	20.18	22.24	38.45	PASS
		25	18.94	23.11	23.63	-1.15	1.00	17.79	21.96	22.48	38.45	PASS
		49	21.91	23.49	22.90	-1.15	1.00	20.76	22.34	21.75	38.45	PASS

SHENZHEN LO	SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD					FCC ID: 2AM8GCHAMELEONH				Report No.: LCS210324104AE		
		0	17.12	21.32	22.64	-1.15	1.00	15.97	20.17	21.49	38.45	PASS
	25	13	17.91	22.01	22.58	-1.15	1.00	16.76	20.86	21.43	38.45	PASS
		25	19.49	22.39	22.16	-1.15	1.00	18.34	21.24	21.01	38.45	PASS
	50	0	18.36	21.92	22.49	-1.15	1.00	17.21	20.77	21.34	38.45	PASS
			18.36	20.25	22.74	-1.15	1.00	17.21	19.10	21.59	38.45	PASS
	1	25	18.18	22.18	22.91	-1.15	1.00	17.03	21.03	21.76	38.45	PASS
		49	21.23	22.69	22.38	-1.15	1.00	20.08	21.54	21.23	38.45	PASS
16QAM		0	16.04	20.46	21.66	-1.15	1.00	14.89	19.31	20.51	38.45	PASS
	25	13	16.93	21.11	21.57	-1.15	1.00	15.78	19.96	20.42	38.45	PASS
		25	18.37	21.54	21.19	-1.15	1.00	17.22	20.39	20.04	38.45	PASS
	50	0	17.26	20.99	21.46	-1.15	1.00	16.11	19.84	20.31	38.45	PASS

LTE Band 7

	Test Band: 7 _ 5MHz Bandwidth											
Modulation	RB All	ocation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Antenr	Antenna gain		EIRP(dBm)	Limit	Verdict	
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	verdict
		0	19.65	16.44	22.52	1	1.20	20.85	17.64	23.72	33.01	PASS
	1	13	21.03	16.27	22.70	/	1.20	22.23	17.47	23.9	33.01	PASS
		24	21.75	16.10	22.51	/	1.20	22.95	17.3	23.71	33.01	PASS
QPSK	12	0	19.21	15.33	21.63	/	1.20	20.41	16.53	22.83	33.01	PASS
		6	19.86	15.27	21.72	/	1.20	21.06	16.47	22.92	33.01	PASS
		13	20.39	15.17	21.59	1	1.20	21.59	16.37	22.79	33.01	PASS
	25	0	19.88	15.21	21.62	/	1.20	21.08	16.41	22.82	33.01	PASS
] 0	18.49	15.47	21.70	/	1.20	19.69	16.67	22.9	33.01	PASS
	1	13	19.88	15.33	21.89	/	1.20	21.08	16.53	23.09	33.01	PASS
		24	20.57	15.16	21.70	/	1.20	21.77	16.36	22.9	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	18.17	14.25	20.60	/	1.20	19.37	15.45	21.8	33.01	PASS
	12	6	18.80	14.19	20.64	/	1.20	20	15.39	21.84	33.01	PASS
		13	19.35	14.09	20.51	1	1.20	20.55	15.29	21.71	33.01	PASS
	25	0	18.84	14.21	20.53	1	1.20	20.04	15.41	21.73	33.01	PASS

				Tes	t Band: 7	_ 10MHz	Bandwidth	1				
Madulatian	RB All	ocation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Antenr	na gain	EIRP(dB		1)	Limit	\/a.u.di.a.t	
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	19.88	16.92	22.12	/	1.20	21.08	18.12	23.32	33.01	PASS
	1	25	22.04	16.39	22.81	/	1.20	23.24	17.59	24.01	33.01	PASS
		49	22.53	16.34	22.62	/	1.20	23.73	17.54	23.82	33.01	PASS
QPSK	25	0	19.98	15.54	21.38	/	1.20	21.18	16.74	22.58	33.01	PASS
		13	20.92	15.27	21.60	/	1.20	22.12	16.47	22.8	33.01	PASS
		25	21.38	15.24	21.66	/	1.20	22.58	16.44	22.86	33.01	PASS
	50	0	20.74	15.36	21.46	/	1.20	21.94	16.56	22.66	33.01	PASS
		0	19.01	16.45	21.07	/	1.20	20.21	17.65	22.27	33.01	PASS
	1	25	21.25	15.84	21.76	1	1.20	22.45	17.04	22.96	33.01	PASS
		49	21.66	15.79	21.54	/	1.20	22.86	16.99	22.74	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	19.00	14.59	20.39	/	1.20	20.2	15.79	21.59	33.01	PASS
	25	13	19.92	14.30	20.63	1	1.20	21.12	15.5	21.83	33.01	PASS
		25	20.36	14.26	20.64	/	1.20	21.56	15.46	21.84	33.01	PASS
	50	0	19.75	14.37	20.44	/	1.20	20.95	15.57	21.64	33.01	PASS

				Test	t Band: 7	_ 15MHz	Bandwidth					
Madulation	RB All	ocation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Antenr	nna gain		EIRP(dBm	1)	Limit	\/ordist	
Modulation	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	Verdict
		0	20.03	17.52	21.18	1	1.20	21.23	18.72	22.38	33.01	PASS
	1	38	22.59	16.25	22.39	/	1.20	23.79	17.45	23.59	33.01	PASS
		74	21.74	16.77	22.59	/	1.20	22.94	17.97	23.79	33.01	PASS
QPSK	36	0	20.60	15.87	20.93	1	1.20	21.8	17.07	22.13	33.01	PASS
		18	21.40	15.43	21.36	1	1.20	22.6	16.63	22.56	33.01	PASS
		39	21.35	15.44	21.66	1	1.20	22.55	16.64	22.86	33.01	PASS
	75	- 0	20.97	15.64	21.27	1	1.20	22.17	16.84	22.47	33.01	PASS
] 0	19.11	16.99	20.52	1	1.20	20.31	18.19	21.72	33.01	PASS
	1	38	21.70	15.74	21.76	1	1.20	22.9	16.94	22.96	33.01	PASS
		74	20.85	16.24	21.85	1	1.20	22.05	17.44	23.05	33.01	PASS
16QAM		0	19.52	14.88	19.83	1	1.20	20.72	16.08	21.03	33.01	PASS
	36	18	20.31	14.43	20.28	1	1.20	21.51	15.63	21.48	33.01	PASS
		39	20.31	14.44	20.55	/	1.20	21.51	15.64	21.75	33.01	PASS
	75	0	19.95	14.61	20.22	/	1.20	21.15	15.81	21.42	33.01	PASS

	Test Band: 7 _ 20MHz Bandwidth											
Modulation	RB Allocation		Conducted Power (dBm)		Antenna gain		EIRP(dBm)			Limit	Verdict	
	Size	Offset	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBd)	(dBi)	LCH	MCH	HCH	(dBm)	verdict
		0	20.11	18.07	19.74	/	1.20	21.31	19.27	20.94	33.01	PASS
	1	50	22.73	16.42	22.18	/	1.20	23.93	17.62	23.38	33.01	PASS
QPSK		99	20.27	17.41	22.49	/	1.20	21.47	18.61	23.69	33.01	PASS
	50	0	20.84	16.11	20.14	/	1.20	22.04	17.31	21.34	33.01	PASS
		25	21.26	15.41	20.95	1	1.20	22.46	16.61	22.15	33.01	PASS

SHENZHEN LO	SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD						FCC ID: 2AM8GCHAMELEONH				Report No.: LCS210324104AE		
		50	20.57	15.65	21.43	1	1.20	21.77	16.85	22.63	33.01	PASS	
	100	0	20.70	15.88	20.76	1	1.20	21.9	17.08	21.96	33.01	PASS	
		0	19.24	17.30	19.27	/	1.20	20.44	18.5	20.47	33.01	PASS	
	1	50	21.87	15.64	21.68	1	1.20	23.07	16.84	22.88	33.01	PASS	
		99	19.42	16.58	22.03	/	1.20	20.62	17.78	23.23	33.01	PASS	
16QAM		0	19.80	15.01	19.09	1	1.20	21	16.21	20.29	33.01	PASS	
	50	25	20.27	14.31	19.91	/	1.20	21.47	15.51	21.11	33.01	PASS	
		50	19.50	14.55	20.35	/	1.20	20.7	15.75	21.55	33.01	PASS	
	100	0	19.71	14.80	19.80	/	1.20	20.91	16	21	33.01	PASS	

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
		(IVII 1Z)	1	17.50
			2	12.20
	1	2412	5.5	12.41
			11	12.22
			1	17.86
			2	12.24
IEEE 802.11b	6	2437	5.5	12.34
			11	12.21
			1	17.22
			2	12.14
	11	2462	5.5	12.20
			11	12.12
			6	19.67
			9	12.21
			12	12.31
			18	12.28
	1	2412		12.17
			24	
			36	12.05
			48	12.24
			54	12.16
			6	20.00
		2437	9	12.35
	6		12	12.26
IEEE 802.11g			18	12.16
	-		24	12.28
			36	12.23
			48	12.19
			54	12.23
			6	19.28
			9	11.24
			12	11.20
	11	2462	18	11.44
		2.02	24	11.22
			36	11.48
			48	11.23
			54	11.57
			MCS0	19.52
			MCS1	12.22
			MCS2	12.38
	1	2412	MCS3	12.29
	ı	2412	MCS4	12.27
			MCS5	12.38
			MCS6	12.30
			MCS7	12.18
			MCS0	19.94
IEEE 000 445			MCS1	11.12
IEEE 802.11n HT20			MCS2	11.04
ПІΖО	6	2437	MCS3	11.63
	Ö	2431	MCS4	11.57
			MCS5	11.49
			MCS6	11.32
			MCS7	11.05
			MCS0	19.27
			MCS1	11.09
	11	2462	MCS2	11.19
	• •		MCS3	11.18
			MCS4	11.20
		I	101004	11.20

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANO	CE TESTING LABORATOR	Y LTD FCC ID: 2AM	18GCHAMELEONH	Report No.: LCS210324104AE
			MCS5	11.17
			MCS6	10.98
			MCS7	11.10
			MCS0	18.92
			MCS1	11.52
			MCS2	11.20
	3	2422	MCS3	11.51
	S	2422	MCS4	11.59
			MCS5	11.11
			MCS6	11.19
			MCS7	11.39
			MCS0	19.12
			MCS1	11.11
			MCS2	11.09
IEEE 802.11n		2437	MCS3	11.14
HT40	6	2437	MCS4	11.25
			MCS5	11.28
			MCS6	11.56
			MCS7	11.44
			MCS0	18.77
			MCS1	12.18
			MCS2	12.15
	0	0.450	MCS3	12.05
	9	2452	MCS4	12.18
			MCS5	12.22
			MCS6	12.27
			MCS7	12.12

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

<WLAN 5GHz U-NI-1 Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Worst Case Test Rate Data					
	36	5180	6.70	MCS0					
IEEE 802.11a	40	5200	7.45	MCS0					
	48	5240	8.27	MCS0					
	36	5180	6.39	MCS0					
IEEE 802.11n HT20	40	5200	7.22	MCS0					
	48	5240	8.03	MCS0					
IEEE 802.11n HT40	38	5190	5.79	MCS0					
IEEE 802.1111 H140	46	5230	6.81	MCS0					
	36	5180	6.23	MCS0					
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	40	5200	7.08	MCS0					
	48	5240	7.85	MCS0					
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	5.54	MCS0					
IEEE 602.11ac VH140	46	5230	6.77	MCS0					
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	5.03	MCS0					

<BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted AVG output power (dBm)
	0	2402	-6.38
GFSK-BLE	19	2440	-5.57
	39	2480	-8.77
GFSK	0	2402	5.97

<u>SHENZHEN</u>	LCS COMPLIANCE TESTIN	NG LABORATORY L	TD FCC ID: 2AM	18GCHAMELEONH	Report No.: LCS210324104AE
		39	2441	6.35	
		78	2480	4.54	
		0	2402	5.11	
	π/4-DQPSK	39	2441	5.72	
		78	2480	4.10	
		0	2402	5.09	
	8DPSK	39	2441	5.56	
		78	2480	4.01	

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

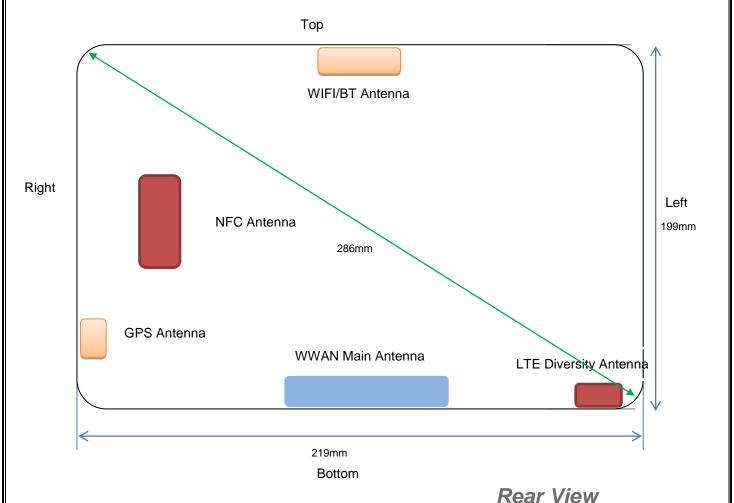
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- · f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up	Separation Distance	Frequency	Exclusion
Power (dBm)	(mm)	(GHz)	Thresholds
6.5	5	2.45	1.4

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.4< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

4.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

WWAN Main Antenna	GSM/UMTS/LTE TX/RX
LTE Diversity antenna	Only RX
WLAN/GPS/BT Antenna	WLAN/BT TX/RX

Note

- 1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 286mm >160mm, it is considered as "Phablet" device.
- 2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.

	Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)									
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side									
WWAN	<5	<5	187	<5	85	87				
BT/WLAN	<5	<5	<5	186	95	91				

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side									
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No				
BT/WLAN	100 100 110 110									

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

4.3 SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}
Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	4:8
GPRS850	1:2
GPRS1900	1:2
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1

4.4.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

					a.a.c. [
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			measured / repo	orted SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot ope	n, distance	Omm)		
190	836.6	4Txslots	Front	27.64	28.00	-3.41	1.086	0.053	0.058	
190	836.6	4Txslots	Rear	27.64	28.00	1.29	1.086	0.087	0.095	Plot 1
190	836.6	4Txslots	Bottom	27.64	28.00	0.61	1.086	0.018	0.020	

Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

			T(Conducted	Maximum	Power		SAR _{1-g} res	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	time slots	Test Position	Power (dBm)	Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results	
		n	neasured / repo	orted SAR numb	pers – Body (ho	tspot ope	n, distance	0mm)			
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Front	18.24	18.50	2.54	1.062	0.018	0.019	Plot 2	
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Rear	18.24	18.50	0.90	1.062	0.014	0.015		
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Bottom	18.24	18.50	2.15	1.062	0.008	0.008		

Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		n	neasured / rep	orted SAR numb	pers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
4182	836.4	RMC*	Front	22.89	23.00	2.13	1.026	0.374	0.384	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Rear	22.89	23.00	1.49	1.026	0.687	0.705	Plot 3

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD					FCC ID: 2	AM8GCHA	MELEONH	Report	Report No.: LCS210324104AE		
4182	836.4	RMC*	Bottom	22.89	23.00	-0.78	1.026	0.075	0.077		

Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

				Conducted	Maximum	Power		SAR _{1-g} resu		
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Power (dBm)	Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reporte d	Graph Results
		m	neasured / rep	orted SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Front	22.98	23.00	2.29	1.005	0.152	0.153	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Rear	22.98	23.00	1.58	1.005	0.301	0.302	Plot 4
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Bottom	22.98	23.00	4.27	1.005	0.150	0.151	·

Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

				07 11 1 1 11		· <u>,</u>				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} resu	ults(W/kg) Reporte d	Graph Results
		me	easured / rep	orted SAR numb	bers - Body (ho	tspot opei	n, distance	0mm)		
18900	1880.0	1RB	Front	25.09	25.50	1.93	1.099	0.135	0.148	Plot 5
18900	1880.0	1RB	Rear	25.09	25.50	0.71	1.099	0.071	0.078	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Bottom	25.09	25.50	2.41	1.099	0.063	0.069	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Front	23.89	24.00	-0.17	1.026	0.108	0.111	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Rear	23.89	24.00	3.82	1.026	0.066	0.068	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Bottom	23.89	24.00	-0.25	1.026	0.060	0.062	

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Powe r Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		me	easured / rep	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (hot	spot opei	n, distance	0mm)		
20175	1732.5	1RB	Front	19.29	19.50	2.08	1.050	0.137	0.144	Plot 6
20175	1732.5	1RB	Rear	19.29	19.50	-0.81	1.050	0.115	0.121	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Bottom	19.29	19.50	0.73	1.050	0.070	0.073	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Front	17.80	18.00	-1.79	1.047	0.100	0.105	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Rear	17.80	18.00	2.17	1.047	0.072	0.075	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Bottom	17.80	18.00	1.03	1.047	0.037	0.039	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

				07111111	a. c c L a					
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conduc ted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		me	easured / reporte	ed SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
20643	848.3	1RB	Front	23.63	24.00	1.14	1.089	0.331	0.360	Plot 7
20643	848.3	1RB	Rear	23.63	24.00	0.04	1.089	0.201	0.219	
20643	848.3	1RB	Bottom	23.63	24.00	0.15	1.089	0.115	0.125	
20643	848.3	50%RB	Front	22.64	23.00	2.92	1.086	0.310	0.337	
20643	848.3	50%RB	Rear	22.64	23.00	4.01	1.086	0.163	0.177	
20643	848.3	50%RB	Bottom	22.64	23.00	1.92	1.086	0.076	0.083	

SAR Values [LTE Band 7]

Ch	Freq.	Channel	Test	Conducted	Maximum	Power	Scaling	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	Graph
Cri.	(MHz)	Type	Position	Power	Allowed	Drift	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results

SHENZ.	HEN LCS C	OMPLIANCE TE	ESTING LABORA	TORY LTD	FCC ID: 2	AM8GCH	<u>AMELEONI</u>	H Repor	t No.: LCS210)324104AE
		(10M)	(a	IBm)	Power	(%)				
					(dBm)					
		mea	asured / reported	SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot ope	n, distance	Omm)		
21350	2560.0	1RB	Front	22.49	22.50	2.08	1.002	0.307	0.308	Plot 8
21350	2560.0	1RB	Rear	22.49	22.50	0.17	1.002	0.252	0.253	
21350	2560.0	1RB	Bottom	22.49	22.50	3.48	1.002	0.113	0.113	
21350	2560.0	50%RB	Front	21.43	21.50	-2.18	1.016	0.284	0.289	
21350	2560.0	50%RB	Rear	21.43	21.50	1.63	1.016	0.230	0.234	
21350	2560.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.43	21.50	3.57	1.016	0.084	0.085	

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

				Conducted	Maximum	Power		SAR _{1-g} res		
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Power (dBm)	Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
	measured / re			orted SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
6	2437.0	802.11b	Front	17.86	18.00	1.43	1.033	0.087	0.090	Plot 9
6	2437.0	802.11b	Rear	17.86	18.00	-1.18	1.033	0.052	0.054	
6	2437.0	802.11b	Тор	17.86	18.00	0.87	1.033	0.025	0.026	

SAR Values [5GWIFI U-NII-1]

				7						
				Condu	Maximum	Power		SAR1-g results(W/kg)		
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test cted Position Power (dBm)		Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
		1	measured / r	eported S.	AR numbers -	Body (dista	ance 0mm)			
48	5240	802.11a	Front	8.27	8.50	1.27	1.054	0.230	0.243	Plot 10
48	5240	802.11a	Rear	8.27	8.50	4.09	1.054	0.141	0.149	
48	5240	802.11a	Тор	8.27	8.50	3.41	1.054	0.103	0.109	

Remark:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4.4.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;
- where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm
 Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Ratio=
$$\frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(peak location separation,mm)} < 0.04$$

	Estimated stand alone SAR											
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)							
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	6.50	5	0.187							
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	6.50	5	0.187							

Remark:

- 1. Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth
- 2. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- 3. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
- 4. Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual

4.4 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.5.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna. The device has 3 antennas, WWAN main antenna, WWAN diversity antenna(RX only) and 2.4GWiFi-BT antenna. The 2 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously. The work mode combination is showed as below table.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Combination No.	Mode
1	WWAN+WIFI
2	WWAN+BT

4.5.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiF5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1- g (W/kg)	SAR1- g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.058	0.019	0.243	0.303	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.095	0.015	0.149	0.244	1.6	no	no
Left	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Right	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.020	0.008	/	0.020	1.6	no	no
Top	1	/	0.109	0.109	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1- g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.384	0.153	0.243	0.627	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.705	0.302	0.149	0.854	1.6	no	no
Left	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Right	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.077	0.151	/	0.151	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	/	0.109	0.109	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)			Test F	Position		
Reported SART-g(W/kg)	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Тор
LTE Band2	0.148	0.078	/	/	0.069	/
LTE Band4	0.144	0.121	/	/	0.073	/
LTE Band5	0.360	0.219	/	/	0.125	/
LTE Band7	0.308	0.253	1	1	0.113	1
WiFi5.2G	0.243	0.149	/	/	/	0.109
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.603	0.402	/	/	0.125	0.109
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

		Jiiii aitai i oo ao					
Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-q} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.058	0.019	0.187	0.245	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.095	0.015	0.187	0.282	1.6	no	no
Left	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Right	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.020	0.008	/	0.020	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	/	0.187	0.187	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR _{1-q}	UMTS Band II Reported SAR _{1-q}	BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	(W/kg) 0.384	(W/kg) 0.153	0.187	0.571	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.705	0.302	0.187	0.892	1.6	no	no

<u>SHENZI</u>	HEN LCS COM	PLIANCE TESTI	NG LABORATO	RY LTD F	CCC ID: 2AM8GC	<u>HAMELEONH</u>	Report N	Report No.: LCS210324104AE		
	Left	1	/	/	/	1.6	no	no		
	Right / /				/	1.6	no	no		
	Bottom	0.077	0.151	/	0.151	1.6	no	no		
	Ton	1	1	0.187	0.187	16	nο	no		

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Papartod SAR1 g/M/kg)	Test Position							
Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Тор		
LTE Band2	0.148	0.078	/	/	0.069	/		
LTE Band4	0.144	0.121	/	/	0.073	/		
LTE Band5	0.360	0.219	/	/	0.125	/		
LTE Band7	0.308	0.253	1	1	0.113	1		
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.187	0.187	/	/	/	0.187		
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.547	0.440	/	/	0.125	0.187		
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6		
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no		
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no		

Note:

- 1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
- 2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
- 3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of ∑SAR_{1-g}

4.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR _{1-g} (Wkg)	First Repeated	
						Measued SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
835	GSM850	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.087	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body- Front	no	0.687	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.331	n/a	n/a
1800	WCDMA Band IV	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.700	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.137	n/a	n/a
1900	GSM1900	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.018	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.301	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.132	n/a	n/a
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Body- Front	no	0.087	n/a	n/a
2600	LTE Band 7	Standalone	Body- Rear	no	0.307	n/a	n/a
5200	5.2GWLAN	Standalone	Body- Front	no	0.230	n/a	n/a

Remark:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

4.6 General description of test procedures

- 1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
- 2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- 3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- 4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
- 5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to 'all 1'.
- 6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
- 8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
- 9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
- 10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
- 11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
- 12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
- 14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
- 15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
- 16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations, For Smartphones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

4.7 Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.