

Fig.80. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5

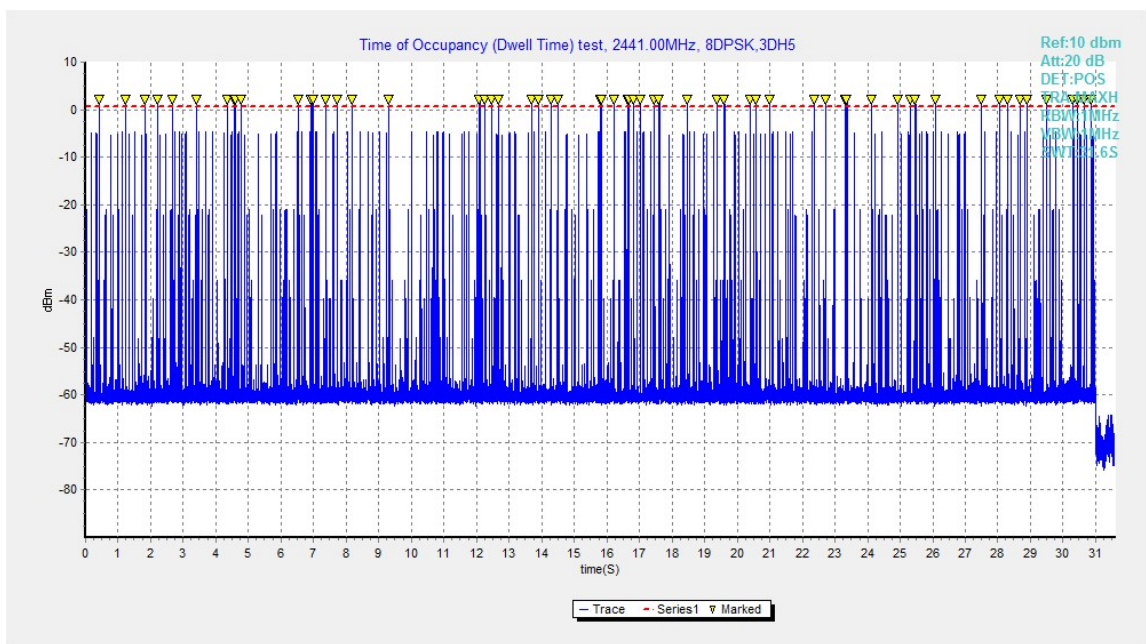


Fig.81. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39,Packet 3-DH5



### A.7. 20dB Bandwidth

**Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.9.2**

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

1. Set RBW = 30kHz.
2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
3. Set span to 3MHz
4. Detector = peak.
5. Trace Mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

**Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

\* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for “carrier frequency separation” test case, in Annex A.8.

**Measurement Results:**

**For GFSK**

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.76	938.25	NA
39	Fig.77	939.75	NA
78	Fig.78	955.50	NA

**For  $\pi/4$  DQPSK**

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.79	1214.25	NA
39	Fig.80	1255.50	NA
78	Fig.81	1253.25	NA

**For 8DPSK**

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.82	1205.25	NA
39	Fig.83	1258.50	NA
78	Fig.84	1257.75	NA

**Conclusion: NA**

**Test graphs as below:**

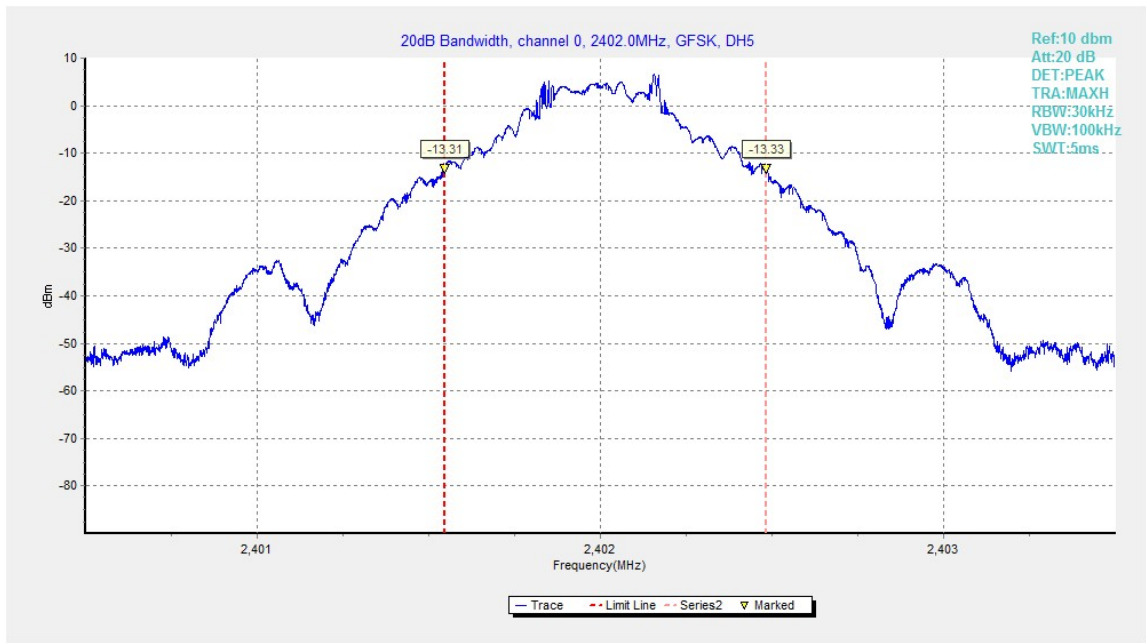


Fig.82. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 0

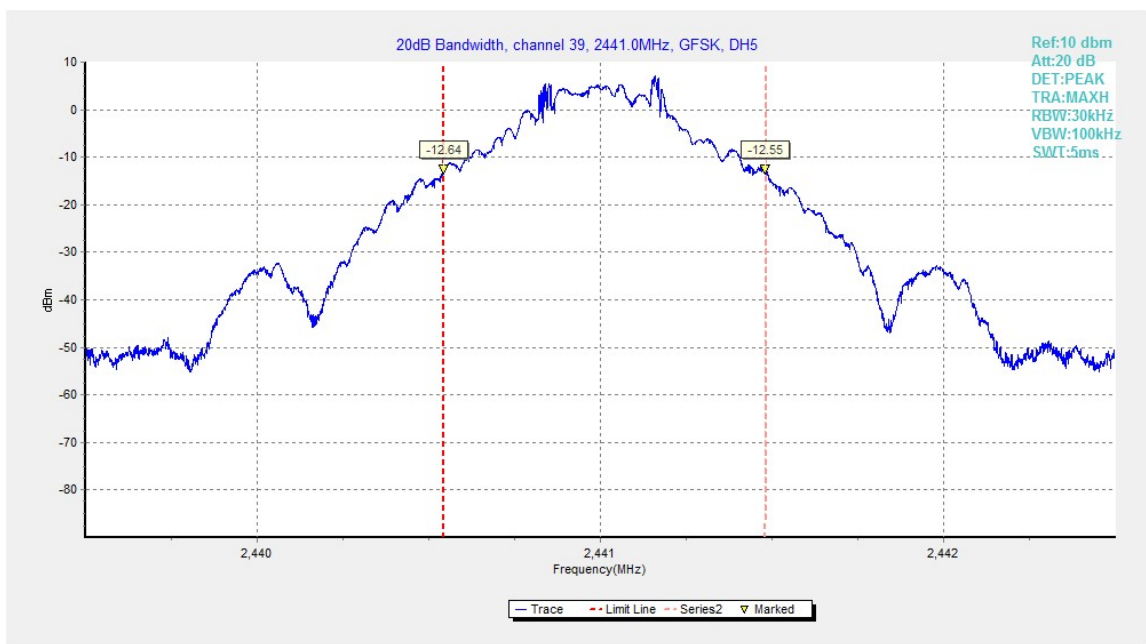


Fig.83. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39

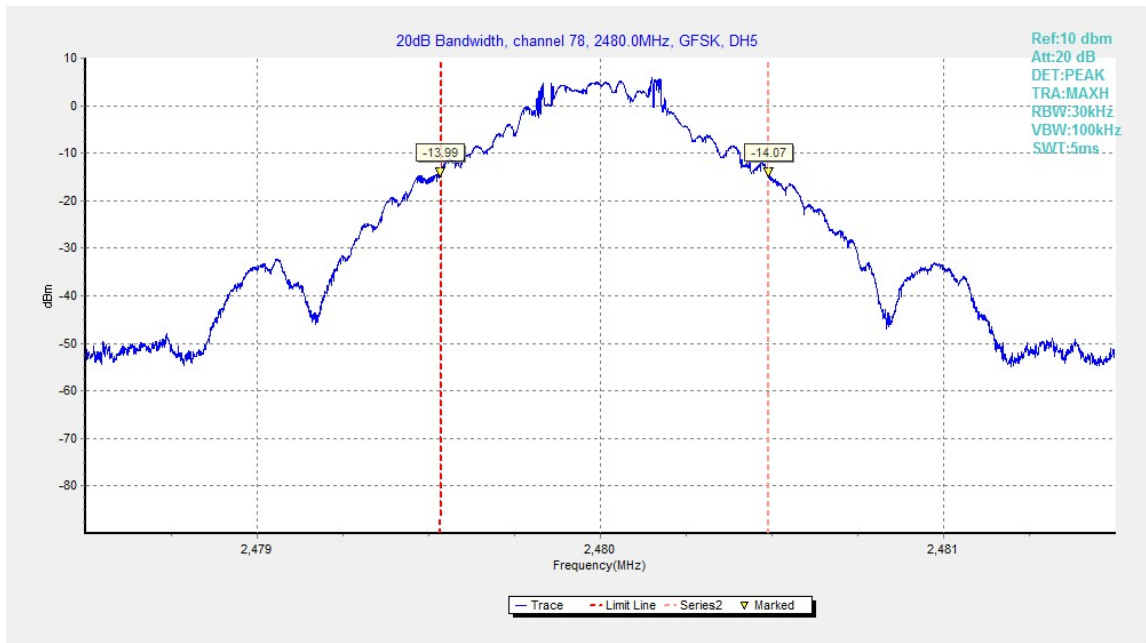


Fig.84. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78

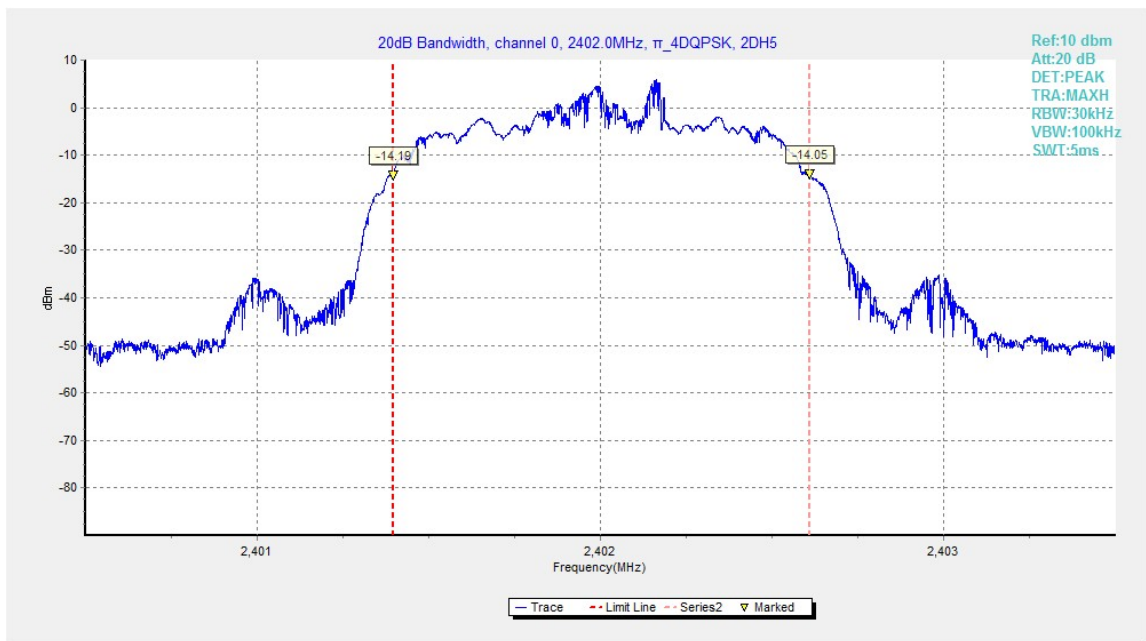


Fig.85. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0

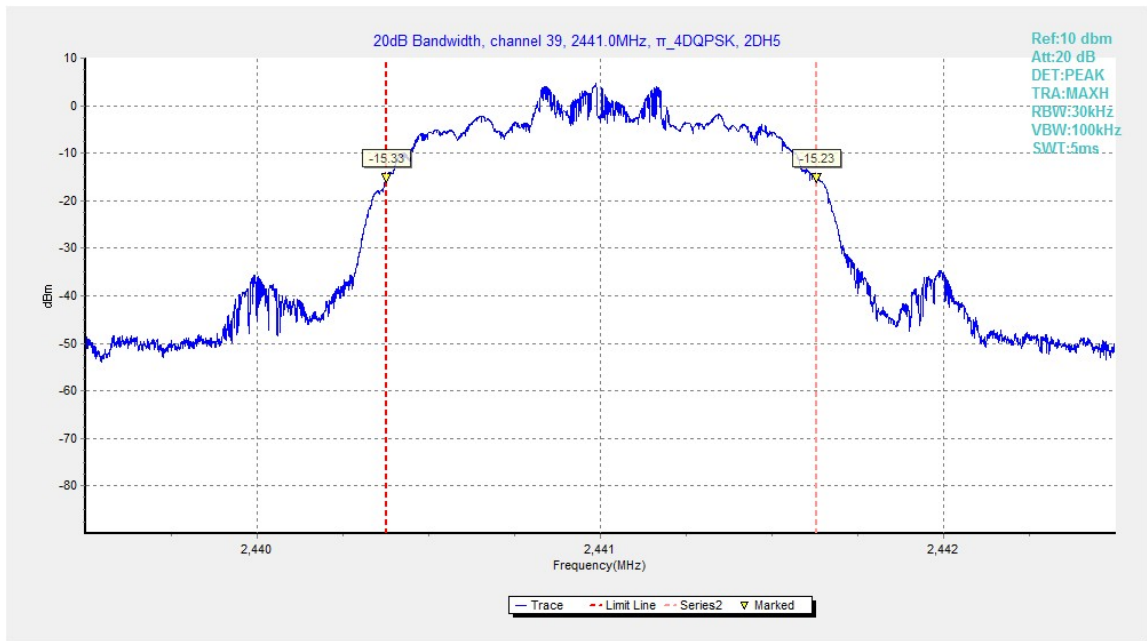


Fig.86. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39

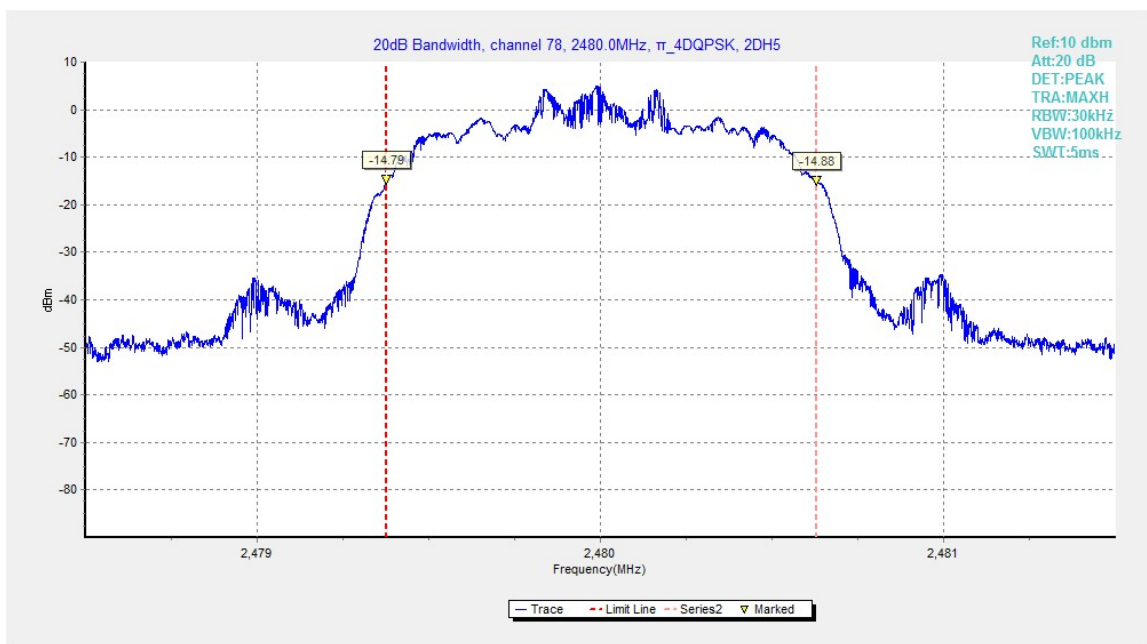


Fig.87. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78

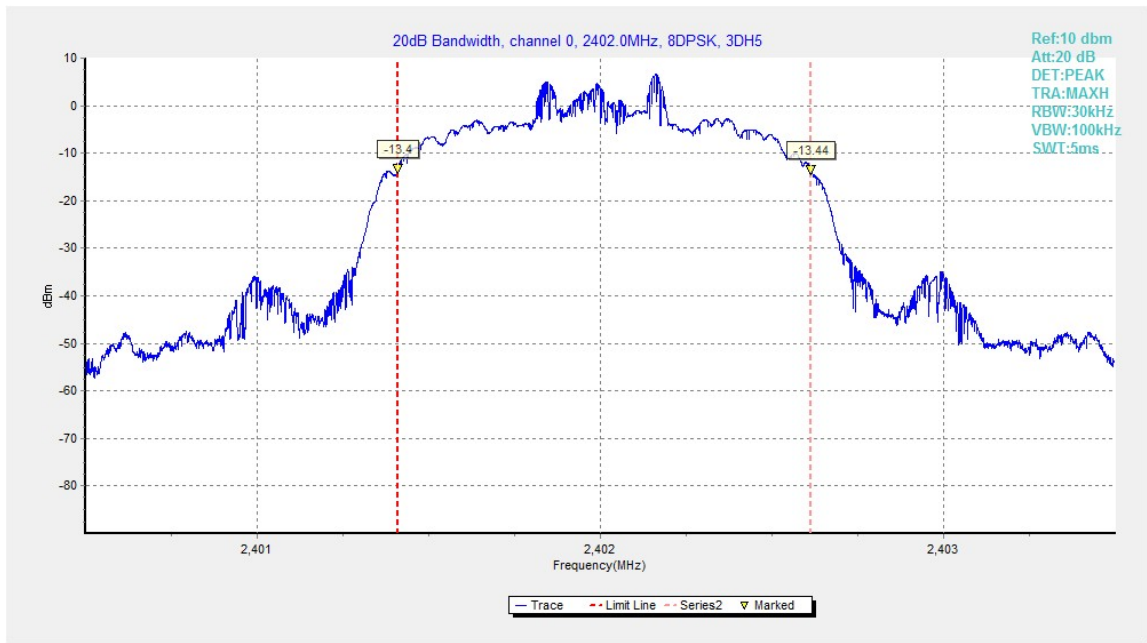


Fig.88. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 0

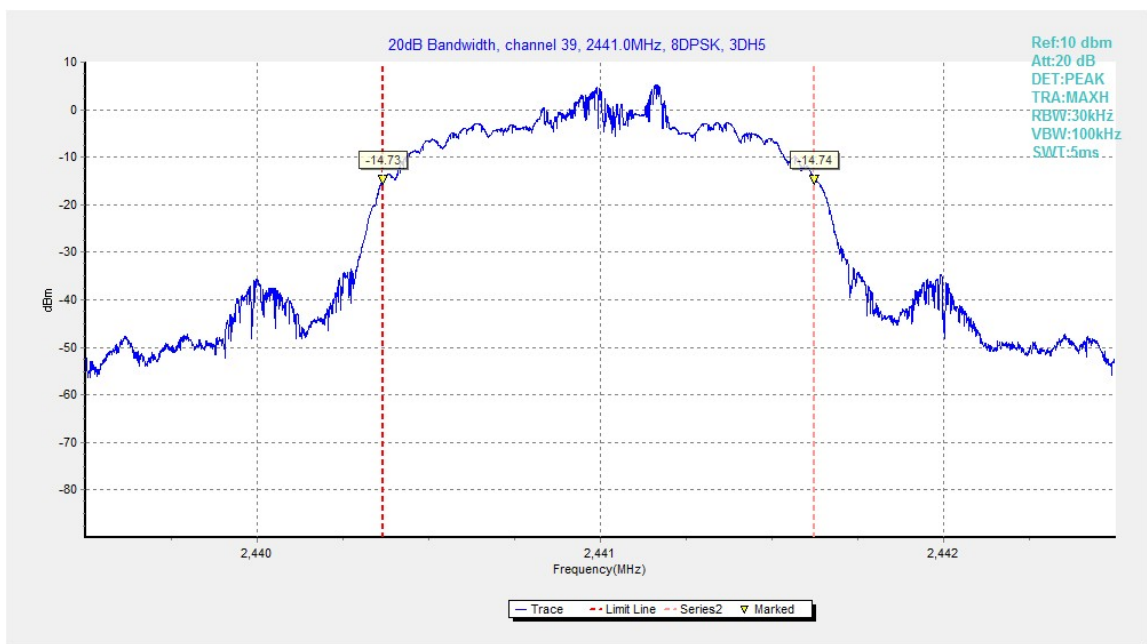


Fig.89. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 39

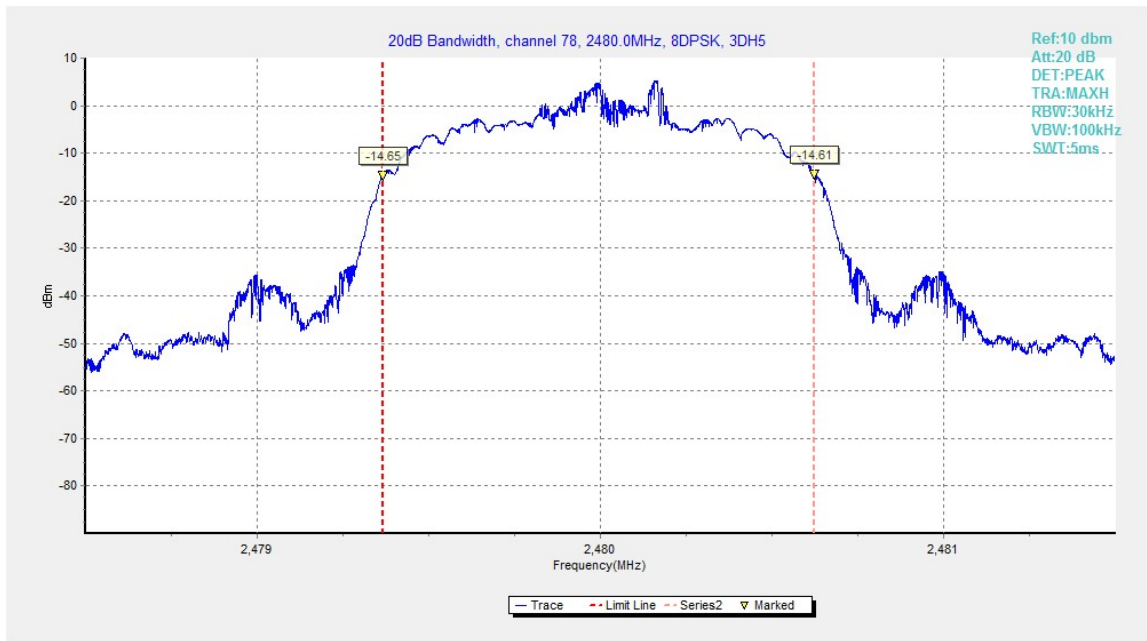


Fig.90. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 78

### A.8. Carrier Frequency Separation

**Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.2**

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=300kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

\* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or  $(2/3) * 20\text{dB}$  bandwidth, whichever is greater.

**Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or $(2/3) * 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth

**Measurement Result:**

**For GFSK**

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)	Conclusion	
39	Fig.85	1148.25	P

**For  $\pi/4$  DQPSK**

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)	Conclusion	
39	Fig.86	1149.75	P

**For 8DPSK**

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)	Conclusion	
39	Fig.87	1003.50	P

**Conclusion: PASS**

**Test graphs as below:**



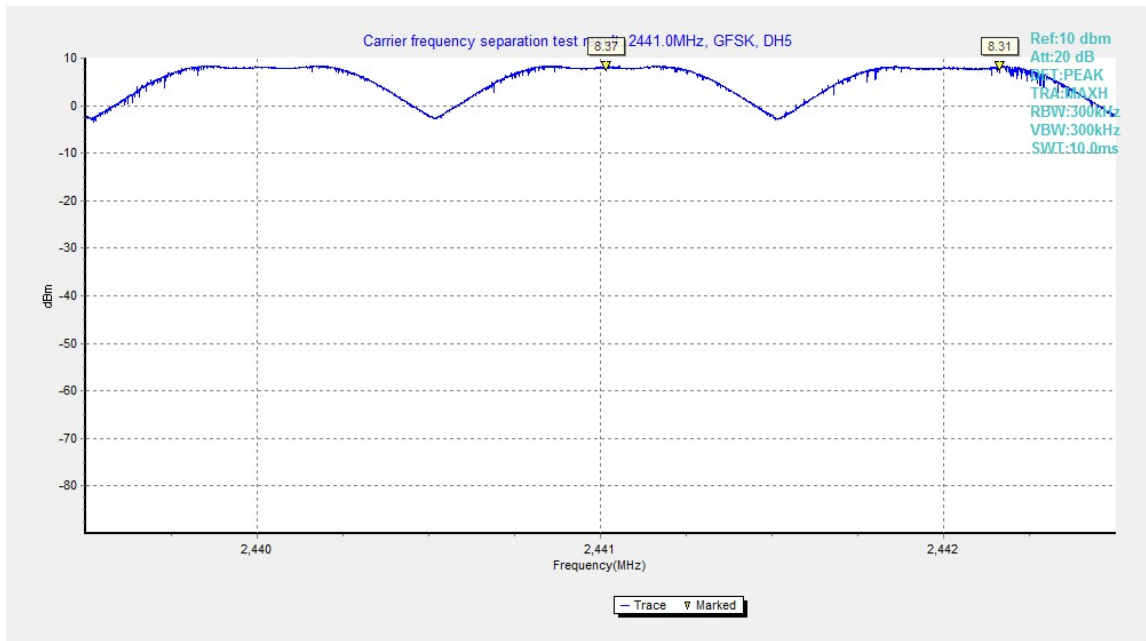


Fig.91. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39

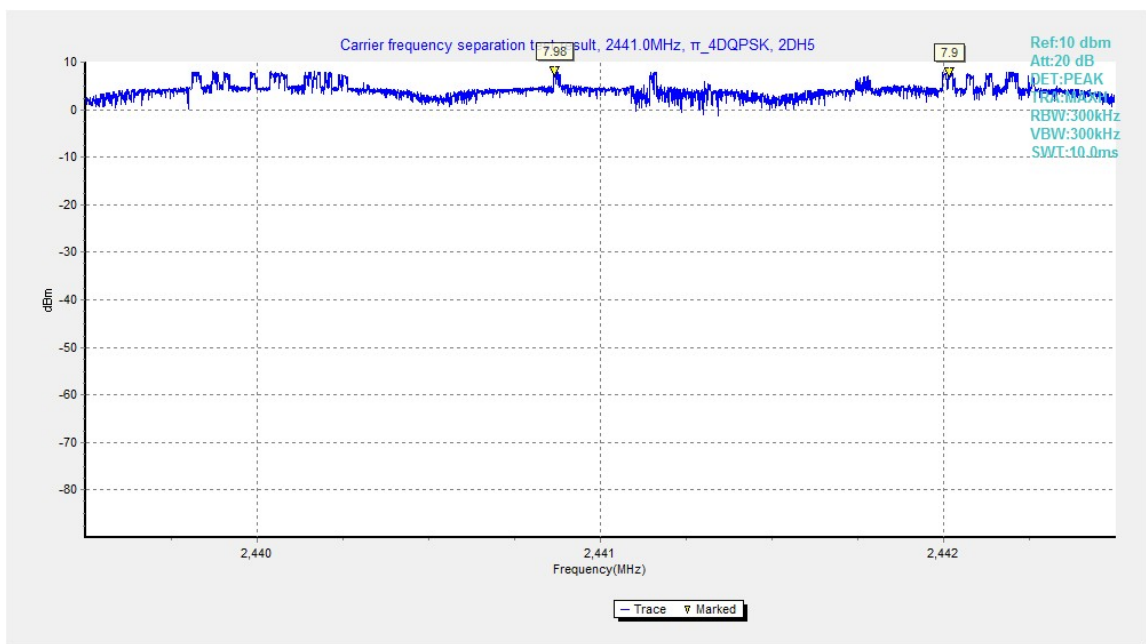


Fig.92. Carrier frequency separation measurement:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39

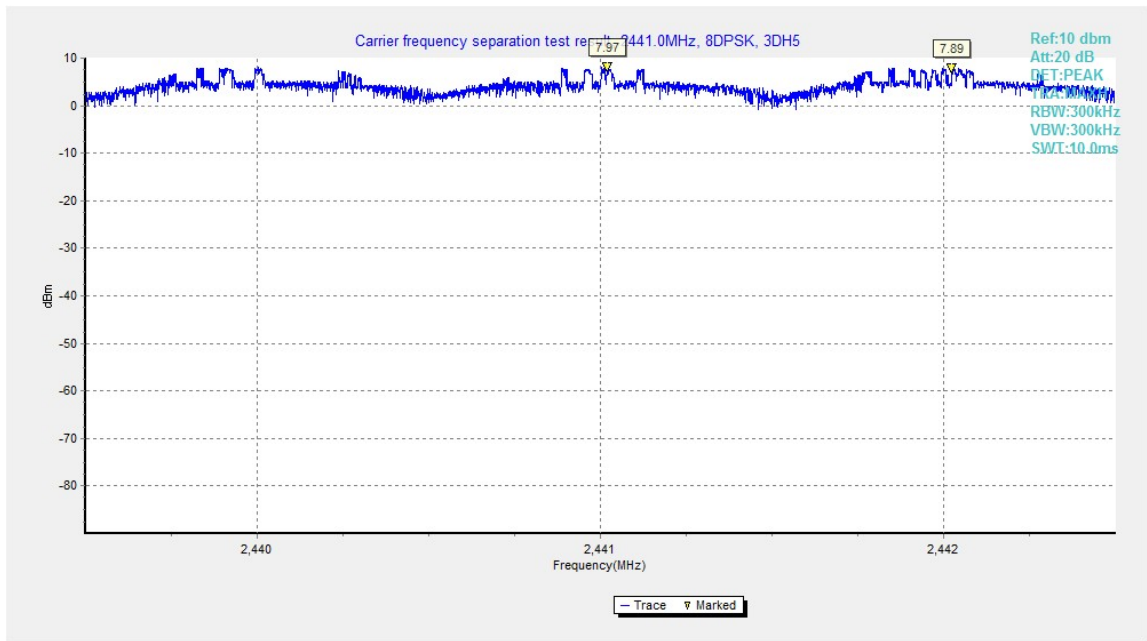


Fig.93. Carrier frequency separation measurement: 8DPSK, Channel 39

### A.9. Number of Hopping Channels

**Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.3**

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

**Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

**Measurement Result:**

**For GFSK**

Channel	Number of hopping channels	Conclusion
0~39	Fig.88	79 P
40~78	Fig.89	

**For  $\pi/4$  DQPSK**

Channel	Number of hopping channels	Conclusion
0~39	Fig.90	79 P
40~78	Fig.91	

**For 8DPSK**

Channel	Number of hopping channels	Conclusion
0~39	Fig.92	79 P
40~78	Fig.93	

**Conclusion: PASS**

**Test graphs as below:**

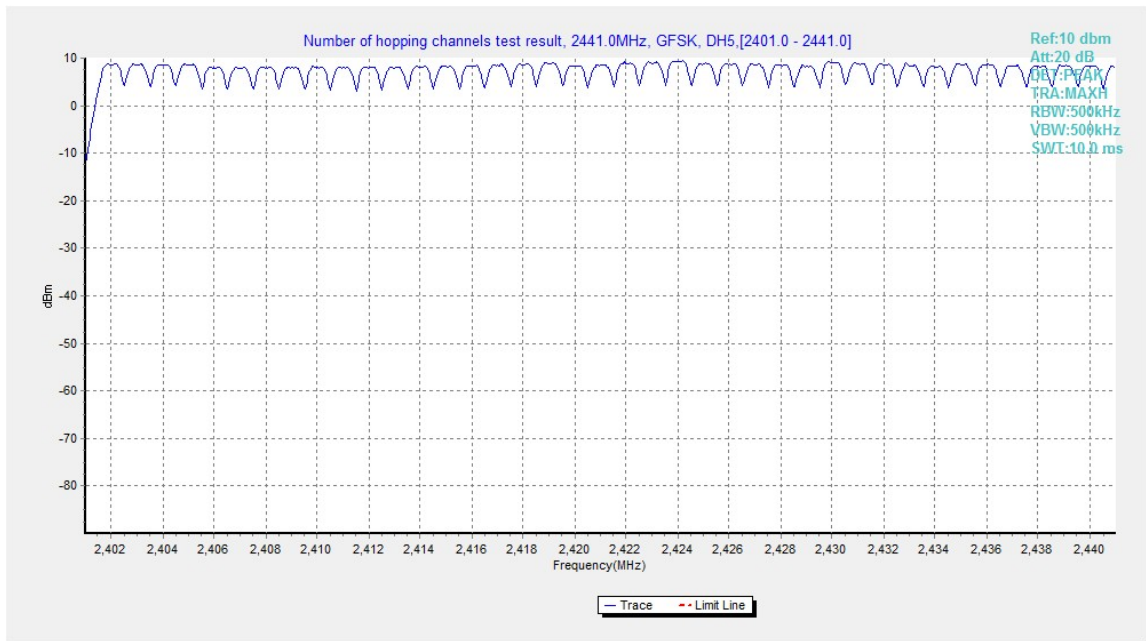


Fig.94. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39

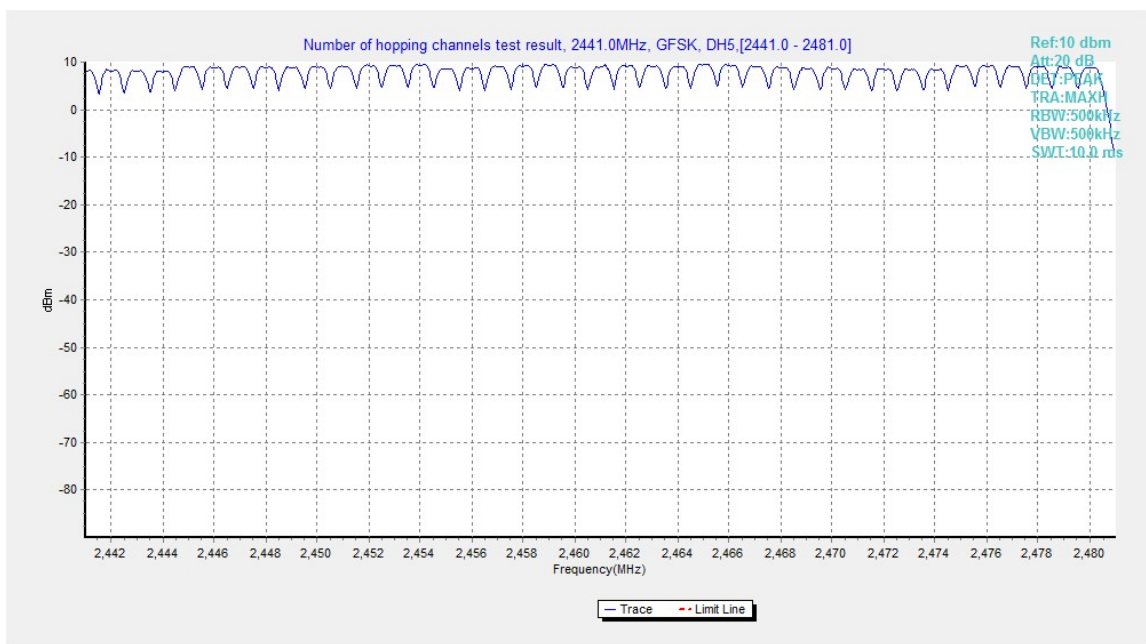


Fig.95. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78

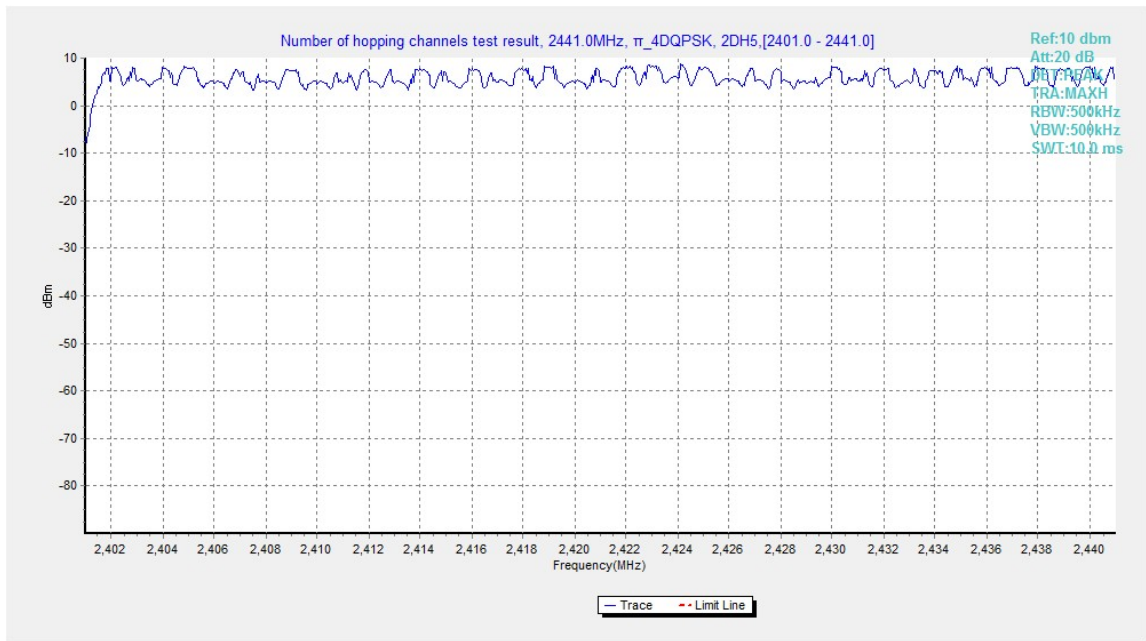


Fig.96. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39

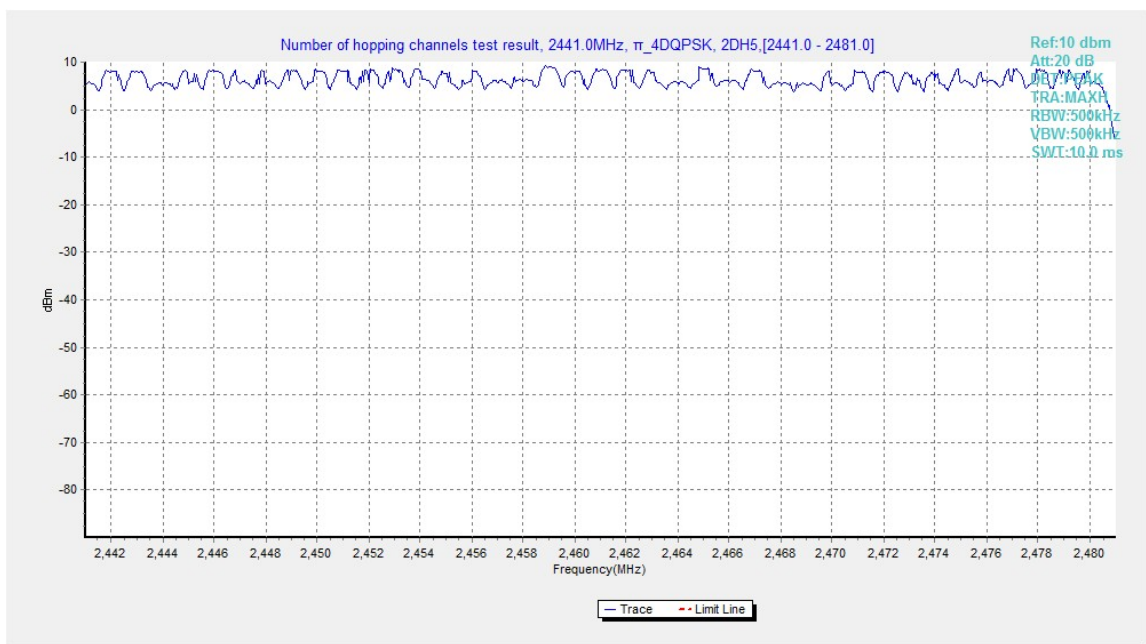


Fig.97. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78

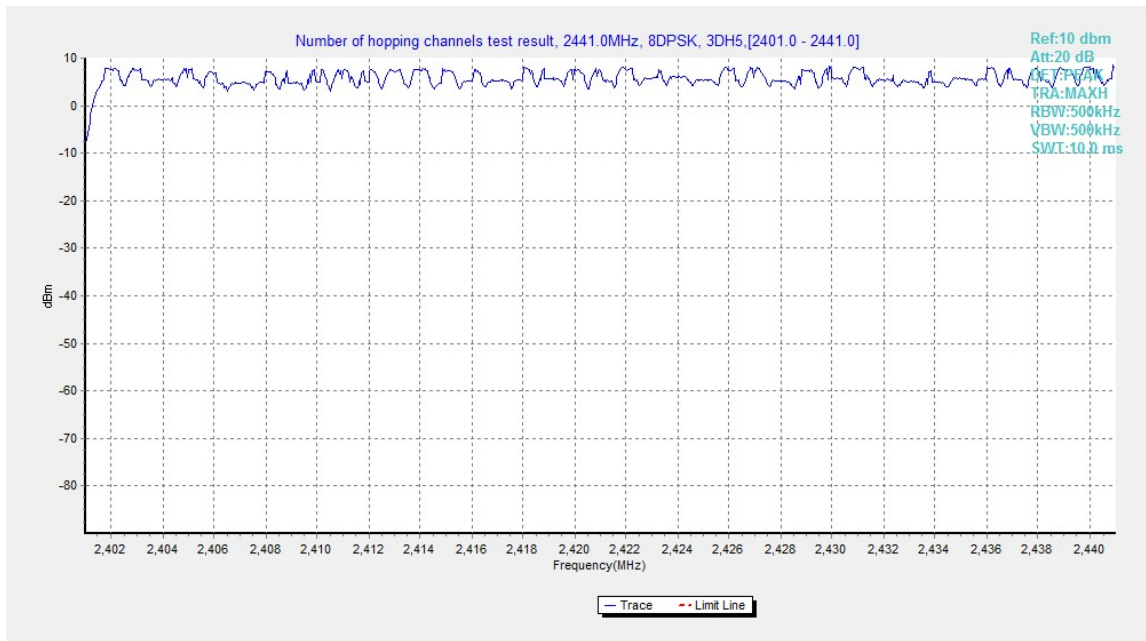


Fig.98. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 0 - 39

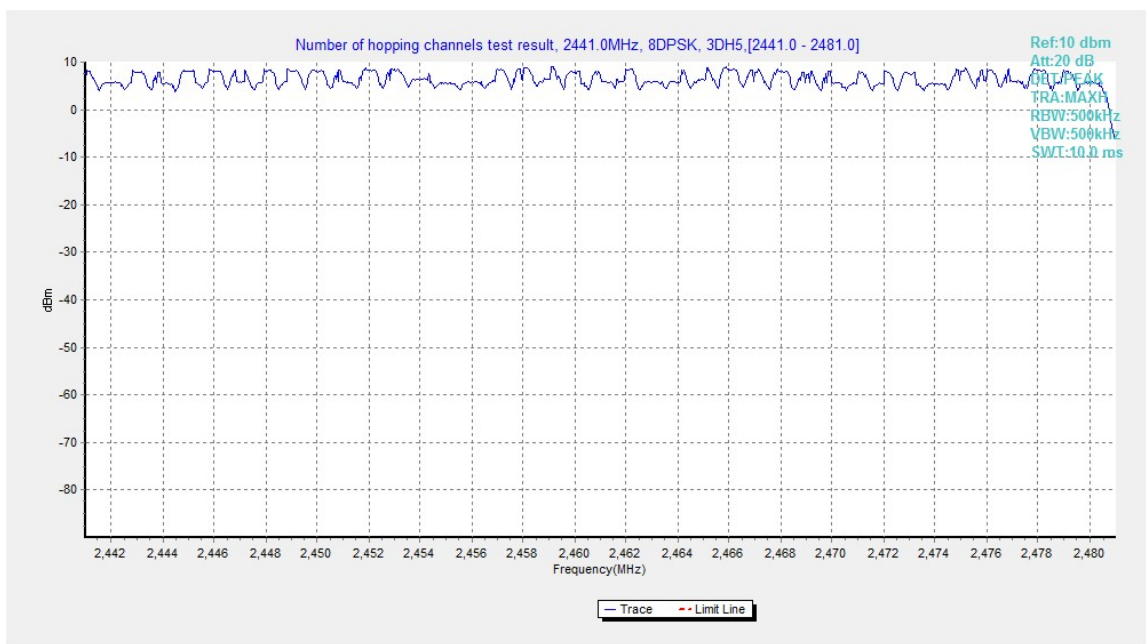


Fig.99. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 40 - 78

## A.10. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.2

1. the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT.
2. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed.
3. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation.
4. If the EUT is comprised of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be separately measured. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.
5. If the EUT uses a detachable antenna, these measurements shall be made with a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals; otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended. When measuring the ac conducted emissions from a device that operates between 150 kHz and 30 MHz a non-detachable antenna may be replaced with a dummy load for the measurements within the fundamental emission band of the transmitter, but only for those measurements.<sup>36</sup> Record the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit of each of the current-carrying conductors of the power cords of the equipment that comprises the EUT over the frequency range specified by the procuring or regulatory agency. Diagram or photograph the test setup that was used. See Clause 8 for full reporting requirements.

### Test Condition

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)
120	60

### Measurement Result and limit:

#### Bluetooth (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56	P
0.5 to 5	56	
5 to 30	60	
NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.		



**Bluetooth (Average Limit)**

Frequency range (MHz)	Average Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46	P
0.5 to 5	46	
5 to 30	50	

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

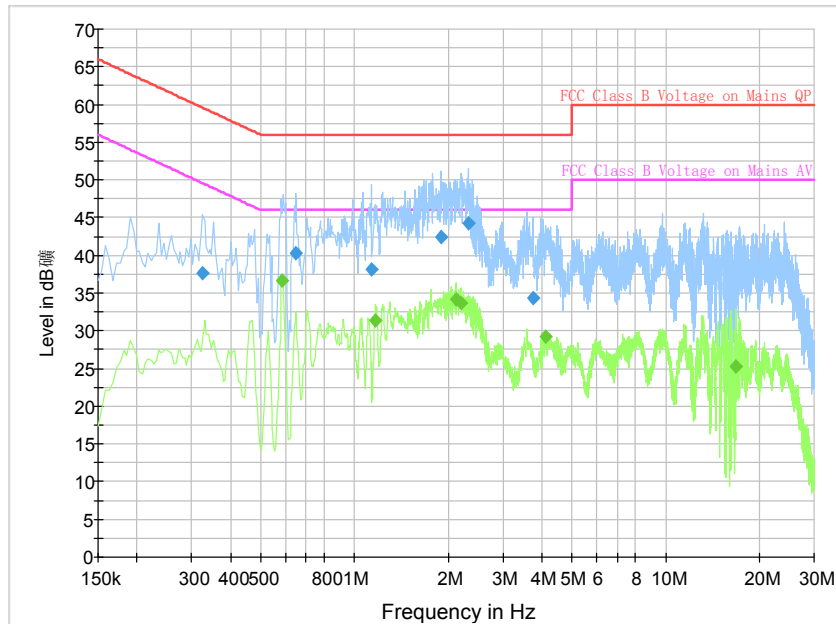
The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

**Conclusion: PASS**

**Test graphs as below:**



Set.14 Traffic:



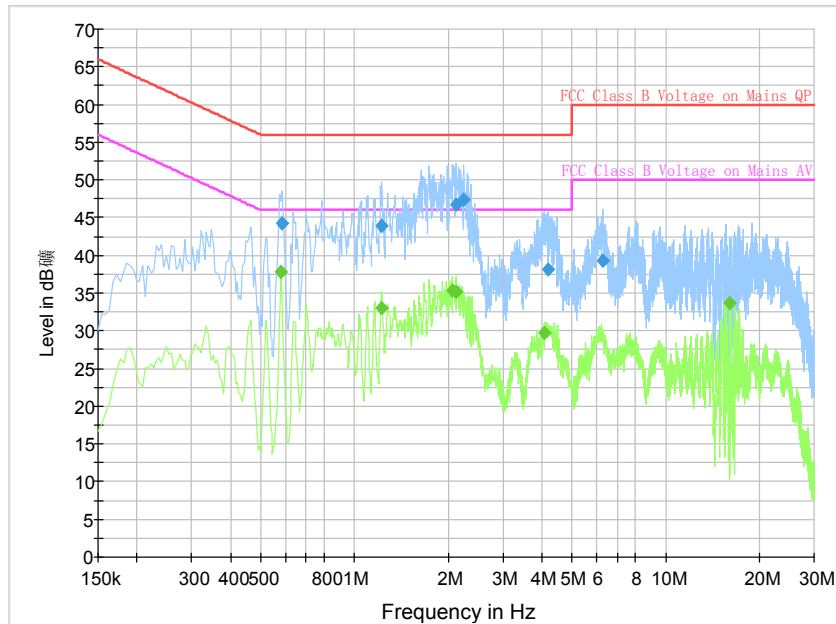
Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.325500	37.7	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	21.8	59.6
0.649500	40.3	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	15.7	56.0
1.135500	38.2	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.7	17.8	56.0
1.891500	42.5	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.6	13.5	56.0
2.319000	44.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	11.8	56.0
3.736500	34.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	21.6	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.586500	36.7	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	9.3	46.0
1.171500	31.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	14.7	46.0
2.121000	34.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	11.8	46.0
2.202000	33.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	12.4	46.0
4.119000	29.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	16.8	46.0
16.764000	25.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	24.7	50.0

Set.14 Idle:



Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.586500	44.3	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	11.7	56.0
1.225500	43.9	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.6	12.1	56.0
2.121000	46.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	9.2	56.0
2.251500	47.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	8.6	56.0
4.200000	38.1	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.7	17.9	56.0
6.274500	39.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	20.7	60.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.582000	37.9	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	8.1	46.0
1.216500	33.0	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.6	13.0	46.0
2.062500	35.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	10.7	46.0
2.130000	35.1	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	10.9	46.0
4.087500	29.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	16.3	46.0
16.120500	33.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	16.3	50.0

**ANNEX E: Accreditation Certificate**

United States Department of Commerce  
National Institute of Standards and Technology

**NVLAP**<sup>®</sup>

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**Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005**

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NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

**Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT**  
Beijing  
China

*is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services,  
listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:*

**Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications**

*This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005.  
This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality  
management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).*

2018-09-28 through 2019-09-30  
*Effective Dates*



  
*For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program*

\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*