FCC Part 15
EMI TEST REPORT

E.U.T. ： Multi-Function charger
Model ： TW-201
FCC ID： 2AM78-TW-201

for

APPLICANT : TA HSING ELECTRIC WIRE & CABLE CO LTD.

ADDRESS : NO. 23 CHENG-TIEN ROAD TU-CHENG NEW TAIPEI, 23674 TAIWAN

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN
NO. 34. LIN 5. DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST.,
NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.
Tel:(02)26023052 Fax:(02)26010910
http://www.etc.org.tw ; e-mail : emc@etc.org.tw

Report Number : 17-07-RBF-013-01

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant	:	TA HSING ELECTRIC WIRE & CABLE CO LTD. NO. 23 CHENG-TIEN ROAD TU-CHENG NEW TAIPEI, 23674 TAIWAN
Manufacture	:	TA HSING ELECTRIC WIRE & CABLE CO LTD. NO. 23 CHENG-TIEN ROAD TU-CHENG NEW TAIPEI, 23674 TAIWAN

Description of Device	:	
a) Type of EUT	:	Multi-Function charger
b) Trade Name	:	TA HSING
c) Model No.	:	TW-201
d) Power Supply	:	AC 100V~125V/10A (Max.)50/60Hz

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10-2013, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Summary of Tests

Test	Results
Radiated Emission	**Pass**
Conducted Emission	**N/A**

Date Test Item Received	:	*Jul. 12, 2017*
Date Test Campaign Completed	:	*Sep. 08, 2017*
Date of Issue	:	*Sep. 11, 2017*

Test Engineer : Kazuma Ho

(Kazuma Ho, Engineer)

Approve & Authorized : S. S. Liou

S. S. Liou, Section Manager
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : Multi-Function charger
b) Trade Name : TA HSING
c) Model No. : TW-201
d) Power Supply : AC 100V~125V/10A (Max.)50/60Hz

1.2 Characteristics of Device

The product is the PTU (power transmitter unit) of a wireless charger.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.10-2013. Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details.

Measurement Software

Software	Version	Note
e3	Version 6.100618b	Radiated Emission Test
e3	Version 6.100421	Conducted Emission Test

1.4 Test Facility

Location of the Test site: No.34, Lin 5, Dingfu Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 24442, R.O.C.
Designation Number: TW2628.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:
A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:
A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device :
A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:
A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dBμV	Average dBμV
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emission from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Distance (Meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3360-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

** : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation.

All measurements were intentional to maximum the emissions from EUT by varying the connection cables (if applicable), therefore, the test result is sure to meet the applicable requirement.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

Device	Manufacture	Model / FCC ID.	Description
Multi-Function charger *	TA HSING ELECTRIC WIRE & CABLE CO LTD.	TW-201/ 2AM78-TW-201	0.6m Unshielded AC Power Cord
iPod	Apple	A1446	1.0m Unshielded USB Cable

Remark "*" means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For intentional radiators, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.209(a).

4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below 30 MHz and 30 MHz~1000MHz respectively.
2. For radiated emission measurements, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on an open test site.
3. For radiated emission measurements, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. For emission frequencies measured in 30 MHz~1000MHz, the search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.
8. For emission frequencies measured below 30 MHz, the search antenna is to be set in horizontal and vertical polarized orientation respectively. Rotate the loop antenna when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna rotation again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 30 MHz configuration

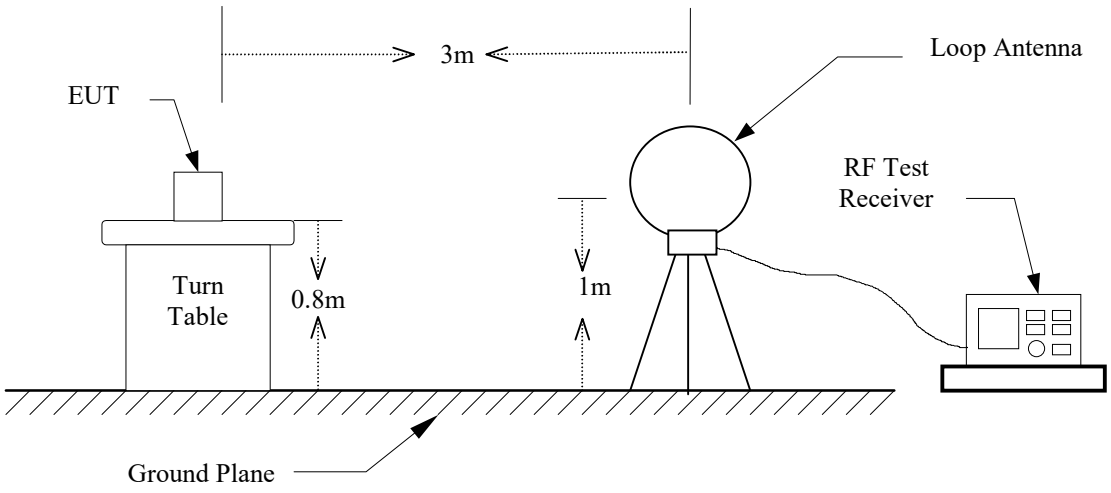
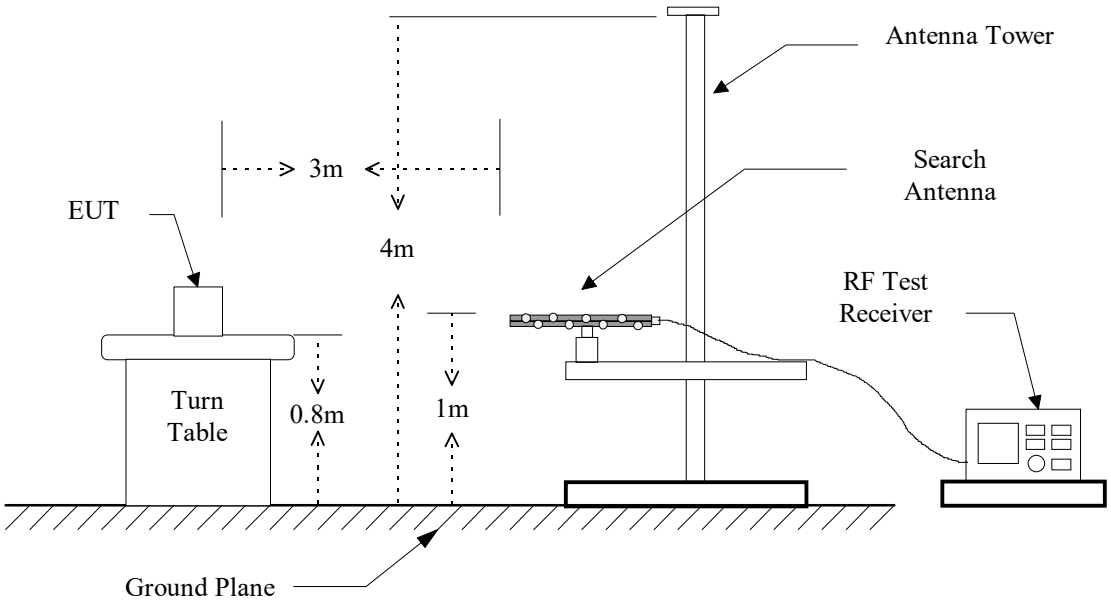


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured in 30 MHz~1000MHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6512	2016/10/12	2017/10/11
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP3	2017/01/04	2018/01/03
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	2016/11/10	2017/11/09
Bi-Log Antenna	ETC	MCTD 2786	2017/07/12	2018/07/11
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2016/09/26	2017/09/25

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

Frequency Band	Instrument	Detector	IF Bandwidth
9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	EMI Test Receiver	QP	200 Hz
	EMI Test Receiver	PK/AV	200 Hz
150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	EMI Test Receiver	QP	9 kHz
	EMI Test Receiver	PK/AV	9 kHz
30 ~ 1000 MHz	EMI Test Receiver	QP	120 kHz
	Spectrum Analyzer	PK	RBW: 100 kHz VBW: 100 kHz

NOTE:
The radiated emission tests of frequency below 30MHz were performed other than open area test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open area test site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion

Operation Mode : TX
Fundamental Frequency : 0.162 MHz
Test Date : Sep 11, 2017 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 57 %

A. Fundamental

Frequency (MHz)	Ant Pol (H/V)	Reading (dBμV) Peak	Reading (dBμV) Ave	Corr. Factor (dB)	Result @3m (dBμV/m) Peak	Result @3m (dBμV/m) Ave	Limit @3m (dBμV/m) Peak	Limit @3m (dBμV/m) Ave	Margin (dB) Peak	Margin (dB) Ave
0.162	V	51.2	46.8	37.8	89.0	84.6	123.4	103.4	-34.4	-18.8

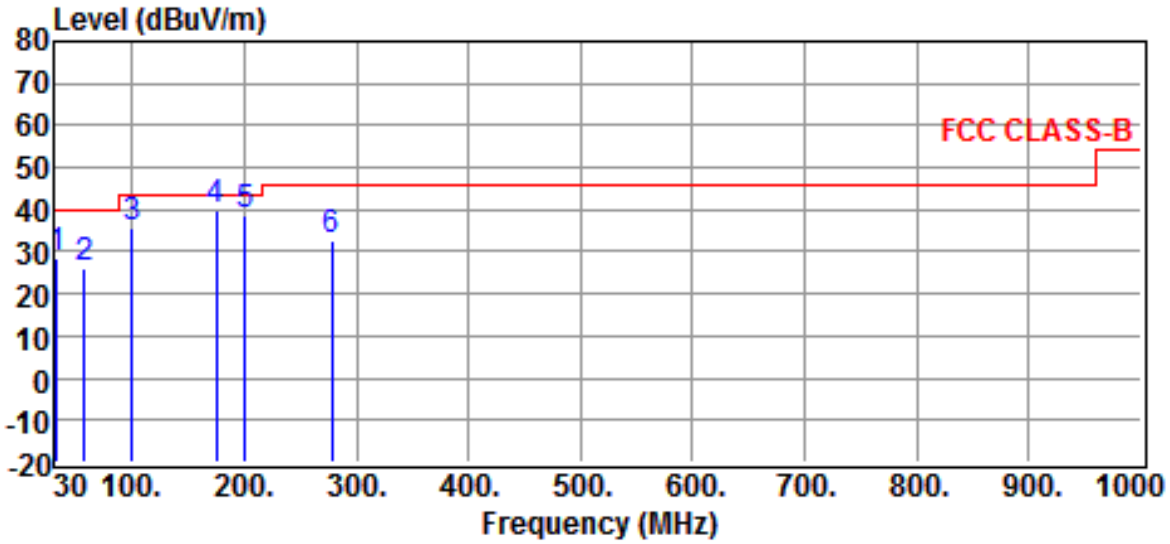
Note :
1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark "***" means that the average measurements are not necessary because the peak values of all emissions were below the average limit.
3. Limit for 125kHz at 300m distances is 14.8 uV/m or 23.4 dBμV/m. The equivalent limit at 3m distances is 103.4 dBμV/m.
4. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

B. Harmonics

Frequency (MHz)	Ant Pol (H/V)	Reading (dBμV) Peak	Reading (dBμV) Ave	Corr. Factor (dB)	Result @3m (dBμV/m) Peak	Result @3m (dBμV/m) Ave	Limit @300m (dBμV/m) Peak	Limit @300m (dBμV/m) Ave	Margin (dB)
0.324	---	---	---	29.7	---	---	37.4	17.4	---
0.486	---	---	---	25.6	---	---	33.9	13.9	---
*0.648	---	---	---	23.1	---	---	---	QP31.4	---
*0.810	---	---	---	21.2	---	---	---	QP29.4	---
*0.972	---	---	---	19.4	---	---	---	QP27.9	---
*1.134	---	---	---	18.5	---	---	---	QP26.5	---
*1.296	---	---	---	18.1	---	---	---	QP25.4	---
*1.458	---	---	---	17.2	---	---	---	QP24.3	---
*1.620	---	---	---	16.4	---	---	---	QP23.4	---

Note :
1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark "---" means that the emission level is too low to be measured.
3. Mark "*" means that the emission level is measured with a Quasi-Peak function.
4. Remark "***" means that the average measurements are not necessary because the peak values of all emissions were below the average limit.
5. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

4.4.2 Other Emission

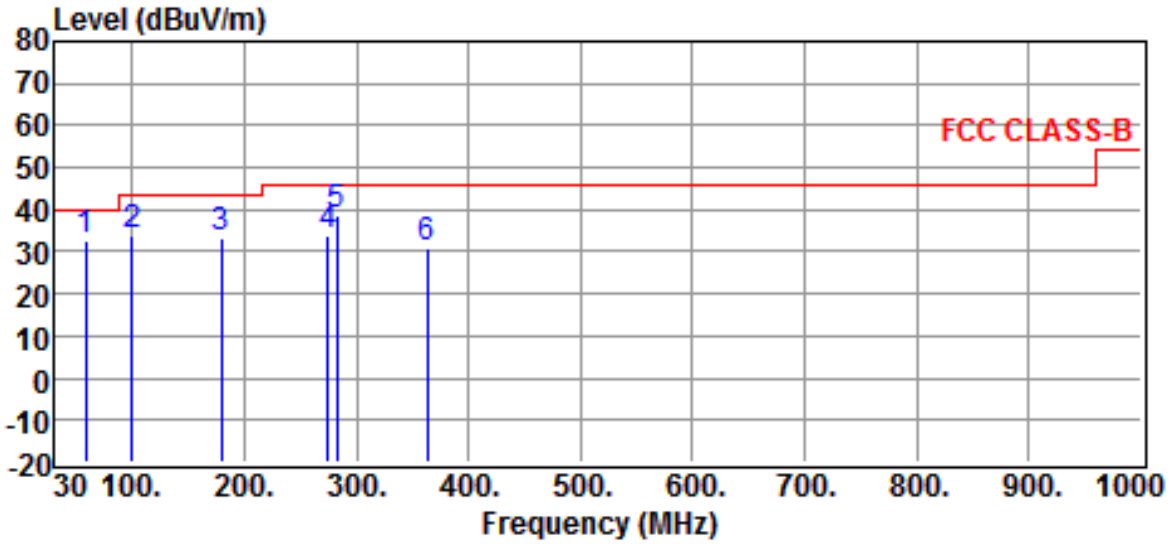


Site	:Chamber #2	Date	:2017-09-11
Limit	:FCC CLASS-B	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	:Multi-Function charger	Model	:TW-201
Power Rating	:AC120V/60Hz	Temp.	:25°C
Engineer	:Kazuma Ho	Humi.	:57 %
Test Mode	:Operation Mode		

Freq MHz	Reading dBµV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBµV/m	Limits dBµV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
32.9100	30.84	-2.48	28.36	40.00	-11.64	QP
57.1600	39.67	-13.80	25.87	40.00	-14.13	QP
99.8400	45.12	-9.70	35.42	43.50	-8.08	QP
175.5000	48.80	-8.64	40.16	43.50	-3.34	QP
200.7200	46.70	-8.29	38.41	43.50	-5.09	QP
278.3200	36.95	-4.19	32.76	46.00	-13.24	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site	:Chamber #2	Date	:2017-09-11
Limit	:FCC CLASS-B	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	:Multi-Function charger	Model	:TW-201
Power Rating	:AC120V/60Hz	Temp.	:25°C
Engineer	:Kazuma Ho	Humi.	:57 %
Test Mode	:Operation Mode		

Freq MHz	Reading dBµV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBµV/m	Limits dBµV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
59.1000	47.29	-14.54	32.75	40.00	-7.25	QP
99.8400	43.65	-9.70	33.95	43.50	-9.55	QP
179.3800	42.33	-8.92	33.41	43.50	-10.09	QP
274.4400	38.05	-4.40	33.65	46.00	-12.35	QP
282.2000	42.92	-3.96	38.96	46.00	-7.04	QP
363.6800	32.67	-1.86	30.81	46.00	-15.19	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

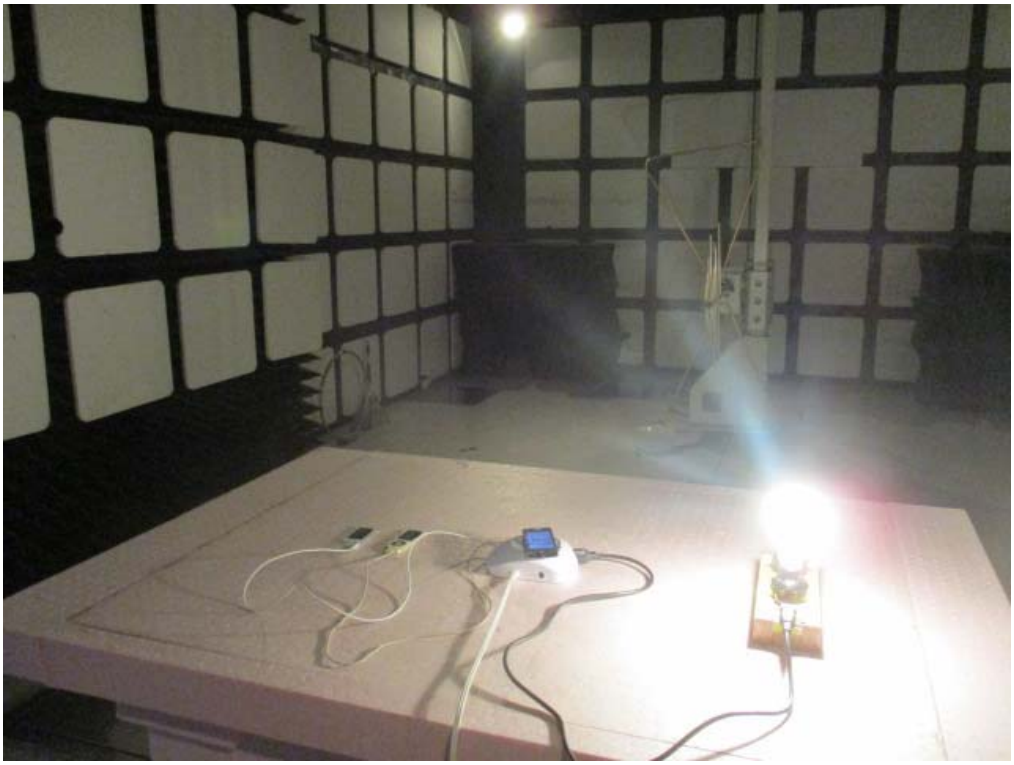
The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

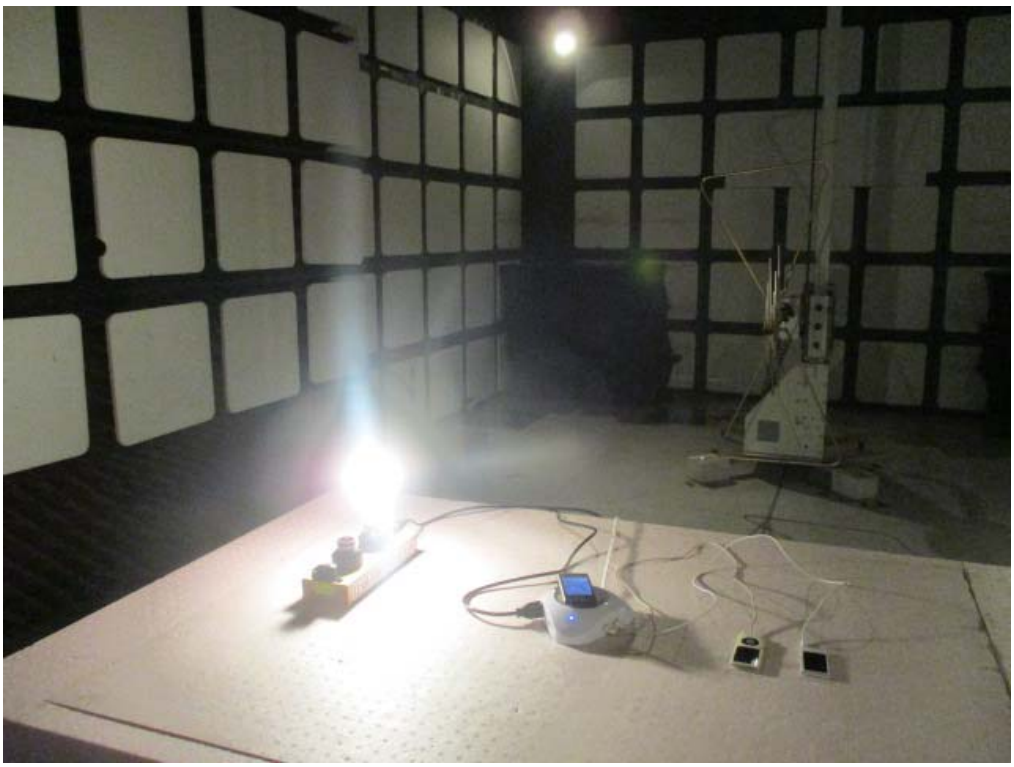
Result = Reading + Corrected Factor

where Corrected Factor

= Antenna FACTOR + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup





5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

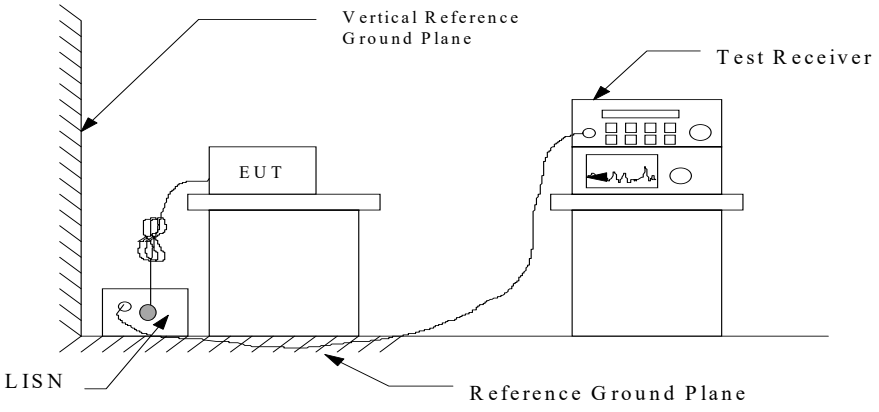
5.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to §15.107(a) and §15.207(a) respectively. Both Limits are identical specification.

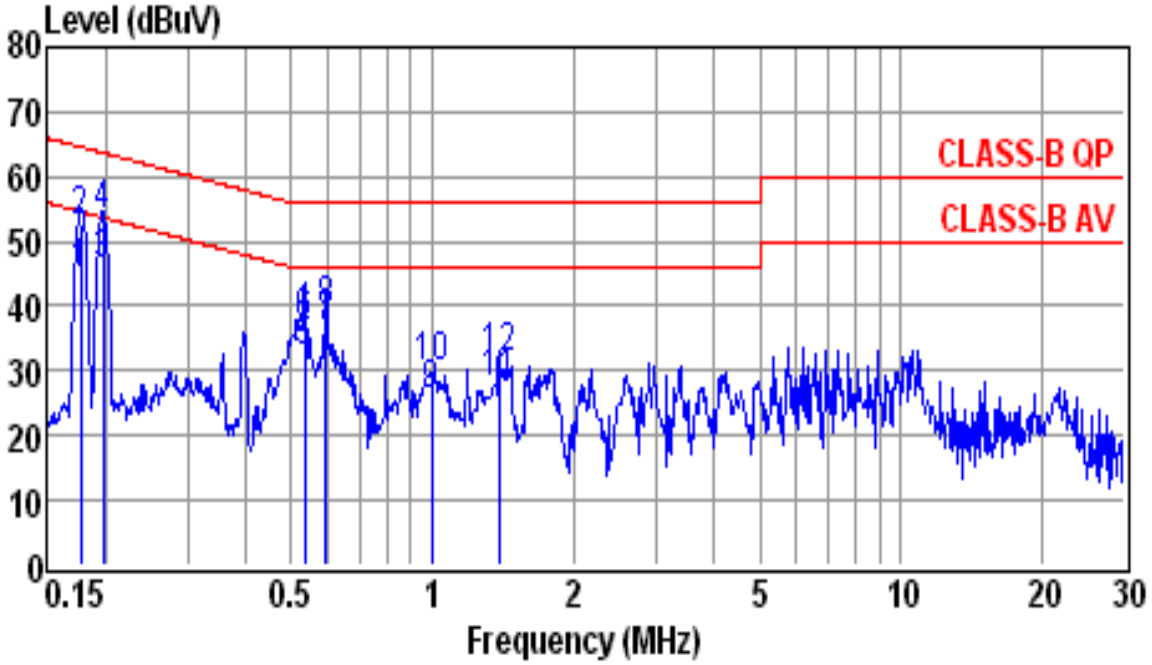
5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
3. Record the 6 or 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 3 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration



5.3 Conducted Emission Data

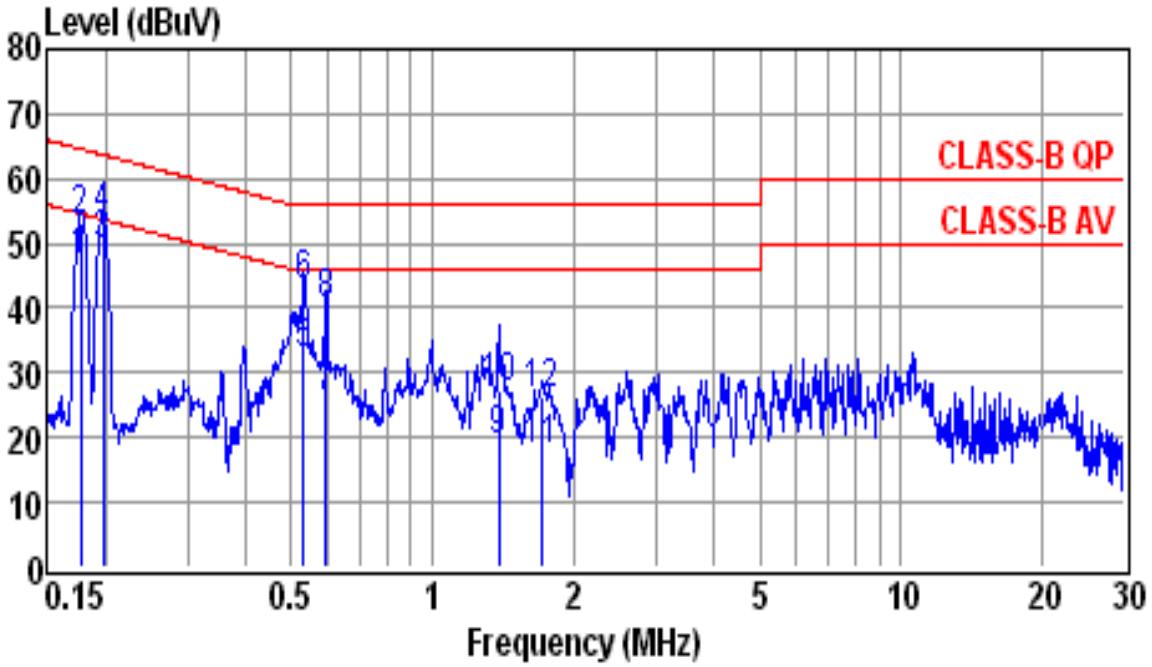


Site	: conducted #1	Date	: 09-13-2017
Condition	: FCC CLASS-B QP	LISN	: NEUTRAL
EUT	: TW-201	Tem / Hum	: 24 ℃ / 55%
Test Mode	: Operation Mode	Power Rating	: AC120V/60Hz

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1777	34.58	10.18	44.76	54.59	-9.83	Average
0.1777	42.41	10.18	52.59	64.59	-12.00	QP
0.1976	35.64	10.18	45.82	53.71	-7.89	Average
0.1976	43.52	10.18	53.70	63.71	-10.01	QP
0.5350	22.56	10.22	32.78	46.00	-13.22	Average
0.5350	26.61	10.22	36.83	56.00	-19.17	QP
0.5916	26.41	10.22	36.63	46.00	-9.37	Average
0.5916	28.78	10.22	39.00	56.00	-17.00	QP
0.9944	15.79	10.24	26.03	46.00	-19.97	Average
0.9944	20.09	10.24	30.33	56.00	-25.67	QP
1.3880	17.66	10.27	27.93	46.00	-18.07	Average
1.3880	21.19	10.27	31.46	56.00	-24.54	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site	: conducted #1	Date	: 09-13-2017
Condition	: FCC CLASS-B QP	LISN	: LINE
EUT	: TW-201	Tem / Hum	: 24 °C / 55%
Test Mode	: Operation Mode	Power Rating	: AC120V/60Hz

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1777	36.78	10.19	46.97	54.59	-7.62	Average
0.1777	43.02	10.19	53.21	64.59	-11.38	QP
0.1976	38.92	10.19	49.11	53.71	-4.60	Average
0.1976	43.63	10.19	53.82	63.71	-9.89	QP
0.5322	22.24	10.21	32.45	46.00	-13.55	Average
0.5322	32.99	10.21	43.20	56.00	-12.80	QP
0.5916	15.62	10.21	25.83	46.00	-20.17	Average
0.5916	30.20	10.21	40.41	56.00	-15.59	QP
1.3880	9.10	10.27	19.37	46.00	-26.63	Average
1.3880	16.83	10.27	27.10	56.00	-28.90	QP
1.7070	7.49	10.29	17.78	46.00	-28.22	Average
1.7070	15.88	10.29	26.17	56.00	-29.83	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss

5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

RESULT = READING + LISN FACTOR

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dBμV is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dBμV.

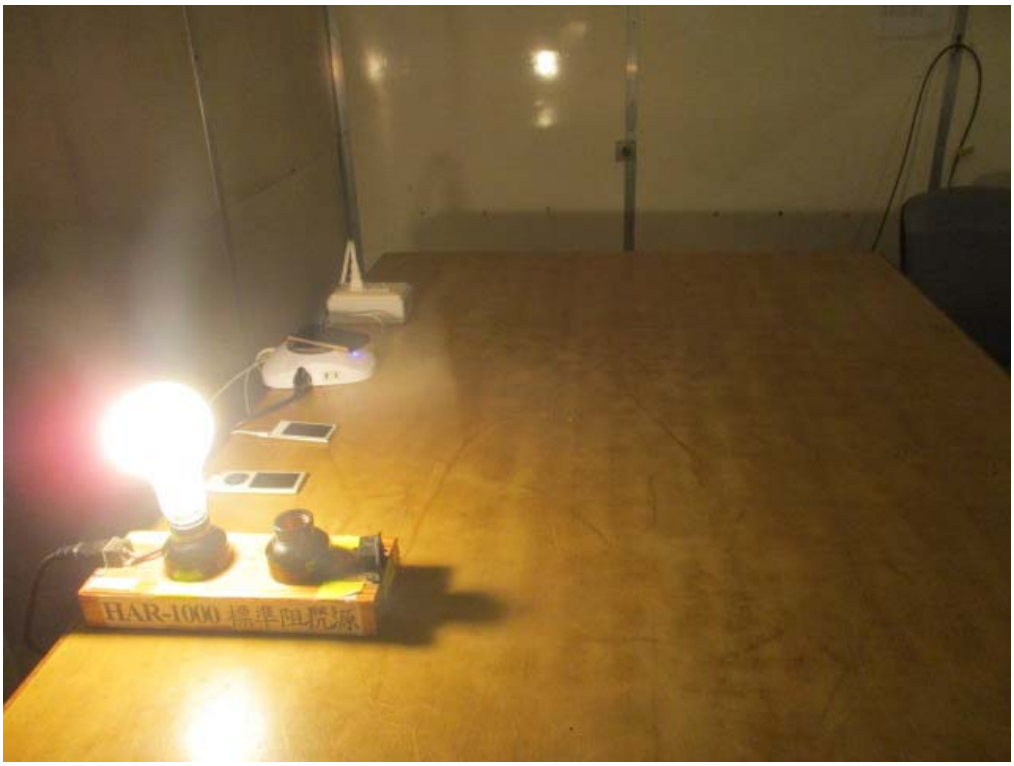
RESULT = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 dBμV
Level in μV = Common Antilogarithm[(22.6 dBμV)/20]
= 13.48 μV

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test .

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	2016/12/05	2017/12/05
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	2017/04/01	2018/03/31

5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup



6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

6.2 Antenna Construction

The antenna is permanently soldered on PCB, no consideration of replacement. Please refer to construction Photos of Exhibit B for details.