



FCC TEST REPORT

Test report
On Behalf of
Streamax Technology Co.,Ltd.
For
CAMERA
Model No.: C6D

FCC ID: 2AM6L-C6D

Prepared for: Streamax Technology Co.,Ltd.

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Date of Test: Jul. 05, 2018 ~ Aug. 31, 2018

Date of Report: Aug. 31, 2018

Report Number: HUAK180823884E





TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name:	21 22/E Building P1 This year No. 1001 Vyoyyean Avenue		
Address:	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.		
Manufacture's Name:			
7.000	Shenzher	n, Guangdong Province, P.R. China .	
Product description			
Trade Mark:	Streamax		
Product name:	CAMERA		
Model and/or type reference :	C6D		
Standards:	FCC Part	22H & 24E&27L Rules	
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Date (s) of performance of tests.	:	Jul. 05, 2018 ~ Aug. 31, 2018	
Date of Issue	:	Aug. 31, 2018	
Test Result	:	Pass	
Testing Engine	eer :	Gage Dianl	
		(Gary Qian)	
Technical Man	ager :	Edan Hu	
		(Eden Hu)	

(Jason Zhou)

Authorized Signatory:





Revision History

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Aug. 31, 2018	Valid	Initial Release



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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A major technical description of EUT is described as following:

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Product Designation:	CAMERA		
Hardware version:	1439.02		
Software version:	V232		
Frequency Bands:	⊠UMTS FDD Band II ⊠UMTS FDD Band IV ⊠UMTS FDD Band V		
Antenna Type	External Antenna		
Type of Modulation	WCDMA: QPSK		
Antenna gain:	WCDMA850: 0.75dBi; WCDMA1700:0.64dBi, WCDMA1900:0.60dBi		
Power Supply	DC 9~36V		
Test Power Supply	DC 12V		
Single SIM Card	WCDMA/LTE Card Slot		
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC10.2 V to 13.8V (Normal: DC12V)		
Extreme Temp. Tolerance	-10°C to +50°C		
*** Note: 1. The High Voltage DC13.8V and Low Voltage DC10.2V were declared by manufacturer			

^{***} Note:1.The maximum power levels are WCDMA band V, WCDMA band IV, WCDMA II only these modes were used for all tests.

2. The EUT couldn't be operating normally with higher or lower voltage.

^{2.} We found out the test mode with the highest power level after we analyze all the data rates. So we chose worst case as a representative.





WCDMA Card Slot:

	Maximum ERP/EIRP (dBm)	Max. Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Average Burst Power (dBm)
UMTS BAND V	21.99	23.85	22.75
UMTS BAND IV	20.69	22.71	21.55
UMTS BAND II	20.67	22.75	21.45





1.2RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID:2AM6L-C6D**, filing to comply with the FCC Part 22H&24E&27L requirements.

1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 and KDB 971168 D01 Power Means License Digital Systems V03R01.





1.4 TEST FACILITY

Test Firm	Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.		
Address 1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China			
Designation Number	CN1229		
Registration Number	616276		

ALL TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

ALL TEST EQUITMENT EIGT				
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due
LISN	ENV216	R&S	HKE-059	Dec. 27, 2018
LISN	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 27, 2018
Broadband antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	HKE-012	Dec. 26, 2019
Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018
RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 27, 2018
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 26, 2019
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 26, 2019
Preamplifier	EMCI	EMC051845SE	HKE-015	Dec. 27, 2018
Preamplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 27, 2018
Temperature and humidity meter	Boyang	HTC-1	HKE-075	Dec. 27, 2018
High pass filter unit	Tonscend	JS0806-F	HKE-055	Dec. 27, 2018
RF cable	Times	1-40G	HKE-034	Dec. 27, 2018
Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	HKE-085	Dec. 27, 2018
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 27, 2018
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMU200	HKE-026	Dec. 27, 2018





1.5 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

Refer to section 2.3.

1.6 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.





2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commission's requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT EXERCISE

The Transmitter was operated in the maximum output power mode through Communication Tester. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

2.3 CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of EUT System

EUT	Accessory

Table 2-1 Equipment Used in EUT System

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Remark
1	CAMERA	C6D	2AM6L-C6D	EUT
2	Antenna	N/A	N/A	Accessory

^{***}Note: All the accessories have been used during the test. The following "EUT" in setup diagram means EUT system.





3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item Numbe r	Item Description		FCC Rules	Resul t
1	Conducted Outpo	ut Power	2.1046	Pass
			22.913(a) (2)	Pass
2	Radiated Output	Power	24.232 (c)	Pass
		27.50(d)(4)	Pass	
3	Peak-to-Avera ge Ratio	Peak-to-Avera ge Ratio	24.232(d)	Pass
4	Spurious Emission	Conducted Band Edge/ Spurious Emission	2.1051/22.917(a)/24.238(a)/27.5 3(h)	Pass
	Emission	Radiated Spurious Emission	2.1053/22.917(a)/24.238(a)/27.5 3(h)	
5	Frequency Stability		2.1055/22.355/24.235/27.54	Pass
6	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049	Pass





4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

During the testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication Tester (CMU 200)to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. Three channels (The top channel, the middle channel and the bottom channel) were chosen for testing on both WCDMA frequency band.

***Note: WCDMA/HSPA band II, WCDMA/HSPA band V, WCDMA/HSPA band IV mode have been tested during the test.

The worst condition was recorded in the test report if no other modes test data.





5. OUTPUT POWER

5.1 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

5.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The transmitter output port was connected to base station.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Measure the maximum burst average power and average power for other modulation signal.

The EUT was setup for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation. Power was measured with Spectrum Analyzer. The measurements were performed on all modes(WCDMA/HSPA band II,WCDMA/HSPA band V, WCDMA/HSPA band IV)at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

5.1.2 MEASUREMENT RESULT

	Conducted Output Power Limits for UMTS band V			
Mode	Nominal Peak Power Tolerance(dB)			
WCDMA	24dBm (0.25W) - 2			
	Conducted Output Power Limits for UMTS band IV			
Mode	Nominal Peak Power	Tolerance(dB)		
WCDMA	24dBm (0.25W)	- 2		
	Conducted Output Power Limits for UMTS band II			
Mode	Nominal Peak Power	Tolerance(dB)		
WCDMA	24dBm (0.25W)	- 2		





UMTS BAND V

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power
	826.4	24	23.44	-0.56	22.24
WCDMA850 RMC	836.4	24	23.7	-0.3	22.23
TAIVIO	846.6	24	23.85	-0.15	22.35
	826.4	24	23.41	-0.59	22.01
WCDMA850 AMR	836.4	24	23.72	-0.28	22.15
	846.6	24	22.85	-0.15	22.75
110004	826.4	24	22.84	-1.16	21.44
HSDPA Subtest 1	836.4	24	23.59	-0.41	22.39
Sublest i	846.6	24	23.19	-0.81	21.89
	826.4	24	21.80	-2.2	20.7
HSDPA Subtest 2	836.4	24	22.62	-1.38	21.22
Sublest 2	846.6	24	22.25	-1.75	20.65
	826.4	24	21.76	-2.24	20.06
HSDPA	836.4	24	22.67	-1.33	21.47
Subtest 3	846.6	24	21.97	-2.03	20.47
	826.4	24	21.79	-2.21	20.19
HSDPA Subtest 4	836.4	24	22.57	-1.43	20.87
Sublest 4	846.6	24	22.12	-1.88	20.92
	826.4	24	21.91	-2.09	20.61
HSUPA Subtest 1	836.4	24	23.03	-0.97	21.53
Sublest i	846.6	24	22.27	-1.73	20.87
1101104	826.4	24	21.48	-2.52	20.18
HSUPA Subtest 2	836.4	24	21.55	-2.45	20.45
Sublest 2	846.6	24	21.58	-2.42	20.18
1101104	826.4	24	21.12	-2.88	19.92
HSUPA Subtest 3	836.4	24	21.25	-2.75	19.95
วนมเฮรเ ว	846.6	24	21.81	-2.19	20.71
	826.4	24	21.89	-2.11	20.49
HSUPA Subtest 4	836.4	24	22.72	-1.28	21.52
วนมเฮอเ 4	846.6	24	22.37	-1.63	21.07
	826.4	24	21.49	-2.51	20.39
HSUPA Subtest 5	836.4	24	21.59	-2.41	20.39
วนมเฮรเ ช	846.6	24	21.68	-2.32	20.38





UMTS BAND IV

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power
WCDMA	1712.4	24	22.70	-1.3	21.5
1700	1732.6	24	22.71	-1.29	21.11
RMC	1752.6	24	22.70	-1.3	21.2
WCDMA	1712.4	24	22.64	-1.36	21.24
1700	1732.6	24	22.58	-1.42	21.28
AMR	1752.6	24	22.65	-1.35	21.55
LIODDA	1712.4	24	21.82	-2.18	20.42
HSDPA Subtest 1	1732.6	24	20.62	-3.38	19.42
Sublest 1	1752.6	24	21.10	-2.9	19.8
LICDDA	1712.4	24	21.09	-2.91	19.99
HSDPA Subtest 2	1732.6	24	20.02	-3.98	18.62
Oublest 2	1752.6	24	20.18	-3.82	18.58
HSDPA Subtest 3	1712.4	24	21.17	-2.83	19.47
	1732.6	24	19.95	-4.05	18.75
	1752.6	24	20.23	-3.77	18.73
HODDA	1712.4	24	21.08	-2.92	19.48
HSDPA Subtest 4	1732.6	24	20.04	-3.96	18.34
Subtest 4	1752.6	24	20.22	-3.78	19.02
HOLIDA	1712.4	24	20.90	-3.1	19.6
HSUPA Subtest 1	1732.6	24	21.39	-2.61	19.89
Subtest 1	1752.6	24	21.09	-2.91	19.69
LICLIDA	1712.4	24	20.47	-3.53	19.17
HSUPA Subtest 2	1732.6	24	20.10	-3.9	19
Oublest 2	1752.6	24	19.92	-4.08	18.52
LICLIDA	1712.4	24	20.19	-3.81	18.99
HSUPA Subtest 3	1732.6	24	19.78	-4.22	18.48
Sublesis	1752.6	24	19.66	-4.34	18.56
LICLIDA	1712.4	24	21.03	-2.97	19.63
HSUPA Subtest 4	1732.6	24	21.20	-2.8	20
	1752.6	24	20.91	-3.09	19.61
LICLIDA	1712.4	24	20.26	-3.74	19.16
HSUPA Subtest 5	1732.6	24	20.10	-3.9	18.9
Subtest 5	1752.6	24	19.89	-4.11	18.59





UMTS BAND II

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power
	1852.4	24	22.75	-1.25	21.45
WCDMA1900 RMC	1880	24	22.46	-1.54	20.86
RIVIC	1907.6	24	22.52	-1.48	21.02
	1852.4	24	22.56	-1.44	21.16
WCDMA1900	1880	24	22.38	-1.62	21.08
AMR	1907.6	24	22.47	-1.53	21.37
	1852.4	24	21.81	-2.19	20.41
HSDPA	1880	24	21.60	-2.4	20.4
Subtest 1	1907.6	24	20.58	-3.42	19.28
_	1852.4	24	21.31	-2.69	20.21
HSDPA	1880	24	20.72	-3.28	19.32
Subtest 2	1907.6	24	20.73	-3.27	19.13
	1852.4	24	21.21	-2.79	19.51
HSDPA	1880	24	20.58	-3.42	19.38
Subtest 3	1907.6	24	20.73	-3.27	19.23
	1852.4	24	21.20	-2.8	19.6
HSDPA	1880	24	20.58	-3.42	18.88
Subtest 4	1907.6	24	20.61	-3.39	19.41
	1852.4	24	21.40	-2.6	20.1
HSUPA	1880	24	20.45	-3.55	18.95
Subtest 1	1907.6	24	21.04	-2.96	19.64
	1852.4	24	20.11	-3.89	18.81
HSUPA	1880	24	20.06	-3.94	18.96
Subtest 2	1907.6	24	19.74	-4.26	18.34
	1852.4	24	20.23	-3.77	19.03
HSUPA	1880	24	19.64	-4.36	18.34
Subtest 3	1907.6	24	19.99	-4.01	18.89
	1852.4	24	20.89	-3.11	19.49
HSUPA	1880	24	20.72	-3.28	19.52
Subtest 4	1907.6	24	20.69	-3.31	19.39
	1852.4	24	19.86	-4.14	18.76
HSUPA	1880	24	19.48	-4.52	18.28
Subtest 5	1907.6	24	19.45	-4.55	18.15





According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensate for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.





5.2 RADIATED OUTPUT POWER

5.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The measurements procedures specified in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016wereapplied.

- 1. Effective Radiated Power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) measurements are performed using the substitution method described in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 with the EUT transmitting into an integral antenna. Measurements on signal operating below 1GHz are performed using dipole antennas. Measurements on signals operating above 1GHz are performed using broadband horn antennas. All measurements are performed as RMS average measurements while the EUT operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the approximate frequencies.
- 2. In an anechoic antenna test chamber, a half-wave dipole antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference centre of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the dipole with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A known (measured) power (Pin) is applied to the input of the dipole, and the power received (Pr) at the chamber's probe antenna is recorded.
- 3. The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established as ARpl=Pin + 2.15 Pr. TheARpl is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=PMea+ARpl
- 4. The EUT is substituted for the dipole at the reference centre of the chamber and a scan is performed to obtain the radiation pattern.
- 5. From the radiation pattern, the co-ordinates where the maximum antenna gain occurs are identified.
- 6. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level.
- 7. Power mode measurements are performed with the receiving antenna placed at the coordinates determined in Step 3 to determine the output power as defined in Rule 24.232 (b) and (c). The "reference path loss" from Step1 is added to this result.
- 8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using a half-wave dipole antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power (Pin).
- 9. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi...





5.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

Mode	FCC Part Section(s)	Nominal Peak Power
UMTS BAND II	24.232(c)	<=33dBm (2W),EIRP
UMTS BANDV	22.913(a)(2)	<=38.45dBm (7W).ERP
UMTS BAND IV	27.50(d)(4)	<=30dBm (1W). EIRP





5.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

	Radiated Power (ERP) for UMTS band V					
		R	esult			
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak ERP (dBm)	Polarization Of Max. ERP	Conclusion		
	826.4	21.38	Horizontal	Pass		
	836.4	21.21	Horizontal	Pass		
UMTS	846.6	21.87	Horizontal	Pass		
UIVITS	826.4	21.18	Vertical	Pass		
	836.4	21.99	Vertical	Pass		
	846.6	21.64	Vertical	Pass		

Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for UMTS band II					
		Res	ult		
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak E.I.R.P (dBm)	Polarization Of Max. E.I.R.P	Conclusion	
	1852.4	20.64	Horizontal	Pass	
	1880	20.62	Horizontal	Pass	
LIMTO	1907.6	20.67	Horizontal	Pass	
UMTS -	1852.4	20.41	Vertical	Pass	
	1880	20.29	Vertical	Pass	
	1907.6	20.44	Vertical	Pass	

	Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for UMTS band IV					
			Result			
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak E.I.R.P (dBm)	Polarization Of Max. E.I.R.P.	Conclusion		
	1712.4	20.69	Horizontal	Pass		
	1732.6	20.37	Horizontal	Pass		
UMTS	1752.6	20.49	Horizontal	Pass		
UIVITS	1712.4	20.33	Vertical	Pass		
	1732.6	20.09	Vertical	Pass		
	1752.6	20.26	Vertical	Pass		

Note: Above is the worst mode data.





5.3. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

5.3.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

Use one of the procedures presented in 4.1 to measure the total peak power and record as PPk. Use one of the applicable procedures presented 4.2 to measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

PAPR (dB) = PPk (dBm) - PAvg (dBm).

5.3.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

This is the test for the Peak-to-Average Ratio from the EUT.

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.





5.3.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Modes	UMTS BAND V		
Channel	4132 4182 4233		4233
	(Low)	(Mid)	(High)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	1.76	1.81	1.74

Modes	UMTS BAND IV		
Channel	1887	1987	2087
	(Low)	(Mid)	(High)
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	2.10	2.08	2.05

Modes	UMTS BAND II			
Channel	9262 9400 9538			
	(Low)	(Mid)	(High)	
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	2.00	1.80	2.01	





6. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

6.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

1. The Occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper

Frequency limits, the mean power radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated

by a given emission shall be measured.

2. RBW=1~5% of the expected OBW, VBW>=3 x RBW, Detector=Peak, Trace mode=max hold, Sweep=auto couple, and the trace was allowed to stabilize.

6.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The emission bandwidth is defined as two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power





6.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Results

111111111111111111111111111111111111111							
Test	Test	Test	Occupied Bandwidth	Emission Bandwidth	Verdict		
Band	Mode	Channel	(KHZ)	(KHZ)			
14/05144		LCH	4134.7	4742	PASS		
WCDMA 850	UMTS	MCH	4117.8	4694	PASS		
030		HCH	4132.5	4713	PASS		

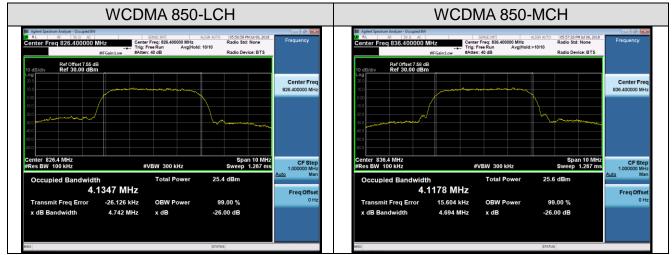
Test	Test	Test	Occupied Bandwidth	Emission Bandwidth	Verdict
Band	Mode	Channel	(KHZ)	(KHZ)	
WCDMA 1700	UMTS	LCH	4132.0	4710	PASS
		MCH	4134.1	4724	PASS
		HCH	4138.7	4708	PASS

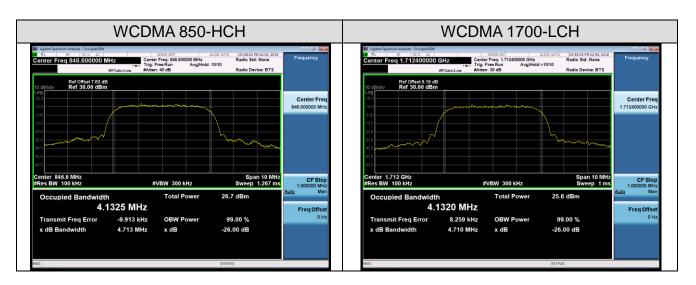
Test	Test	Test	Occupied Bandwidth	Emission Bandwidth	Verdict
Band	Mode	Channel	(KHZ)	(KHZ)	
WCDMA 1900	UMTS	LCH	4138.8	4713	PASS
		MCH	4140.0	4741	PASS
		HCH	4134.5	4720	PASS





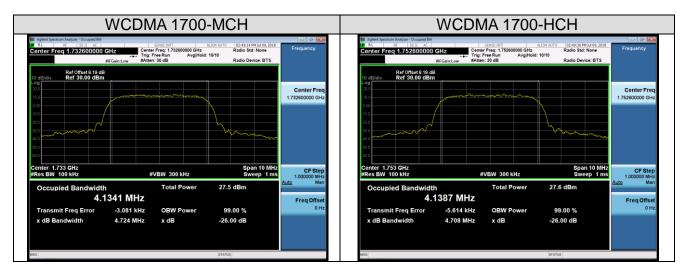
For WCDMA Test Band=WCDMA850/WCDMA1700/WCDMA/1900

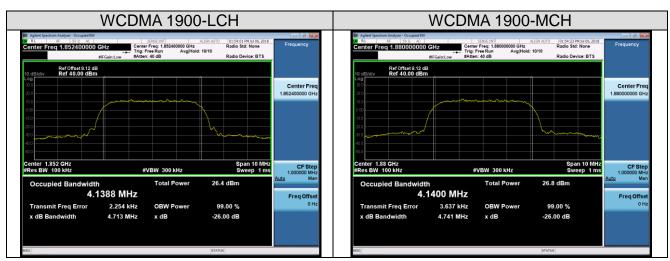


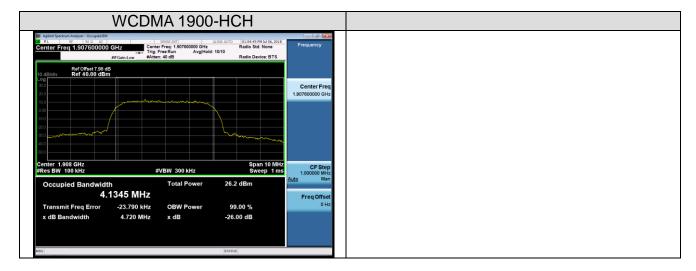
















7. BAND EDGE

7.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

- 1. All out of band emissions are measured with an analyzer spectrum connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the approximate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration
- 2. The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.
- 3. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot.
- 4. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge.
- 5. RBW>1% of the emission bandwidth, VBW >=3 x RBW, Detector=RMS, Number of points>=2 x Span/RBW, Trace mode=max hold, Sweep time=auto couple, and the trace was allowed to stabilize

7.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

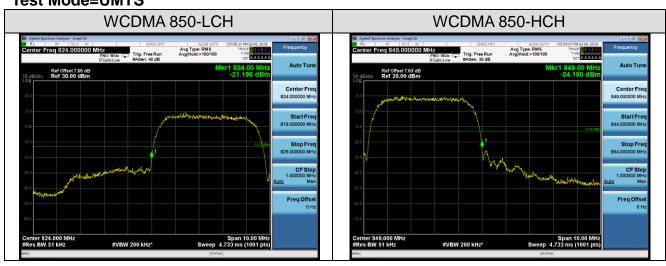
As Specified in FCC rules of 22.917(a), 24.238(a)and KDB 971168 D1 V03R01.

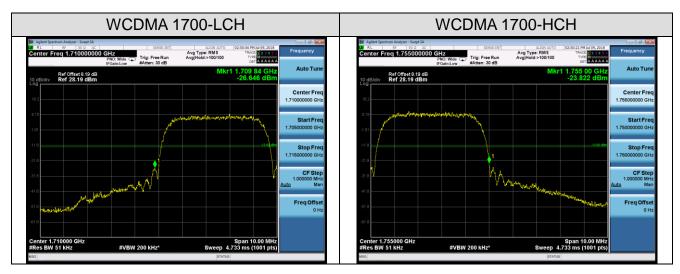


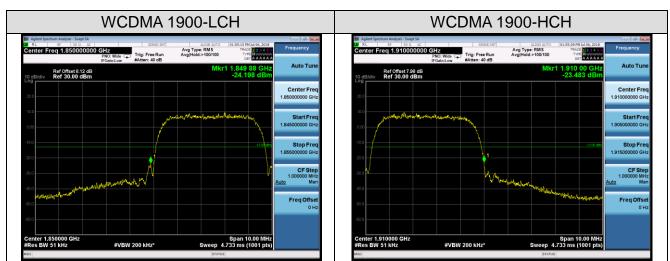


7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Results
For WCDMA
Test Band=WCDMA850/WCDMA1700/WCDMA 1900
Test Mode=UMTS











8. SPURIOUS EMISSION

8.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

8.1.1MEASUREMENT METHOD

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

- 1. The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequency is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the approximate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration.
- 2. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency.
- 3. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: the following typical channels were chosen to conducted emissions testing.





Typical Channels for testing of UMTS band II			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)		
9262	1852.4		
9400	1880		
9538	1907.6		

Typical Channels for testing of UMTS band IV			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)		
8562	1712.4		
8662	1732.4		
8763	1752.6		

Typical Channels for testing of UMTS band V		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
4132	826.4	
4182	836.4	
4233	846.6	





8.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30dBm to 0dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13dBm.



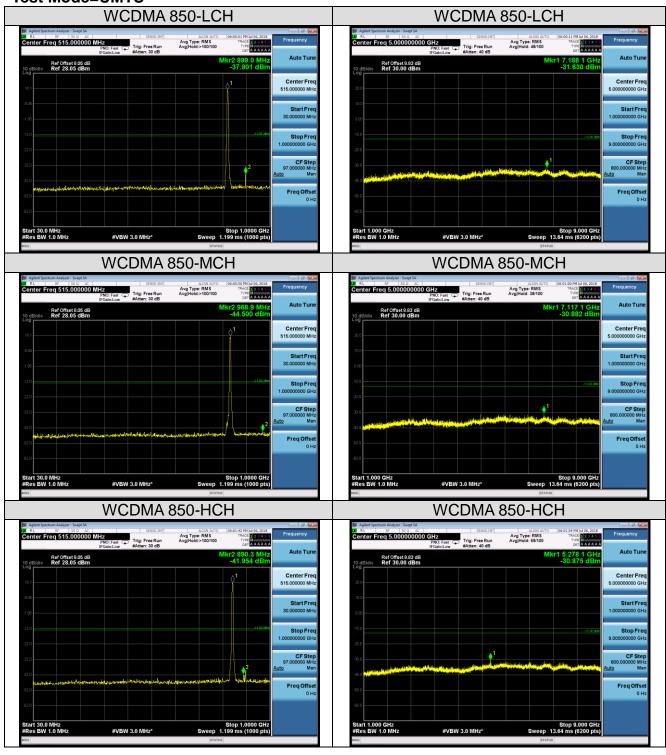


8.1.3MEASUREMENT RESULT

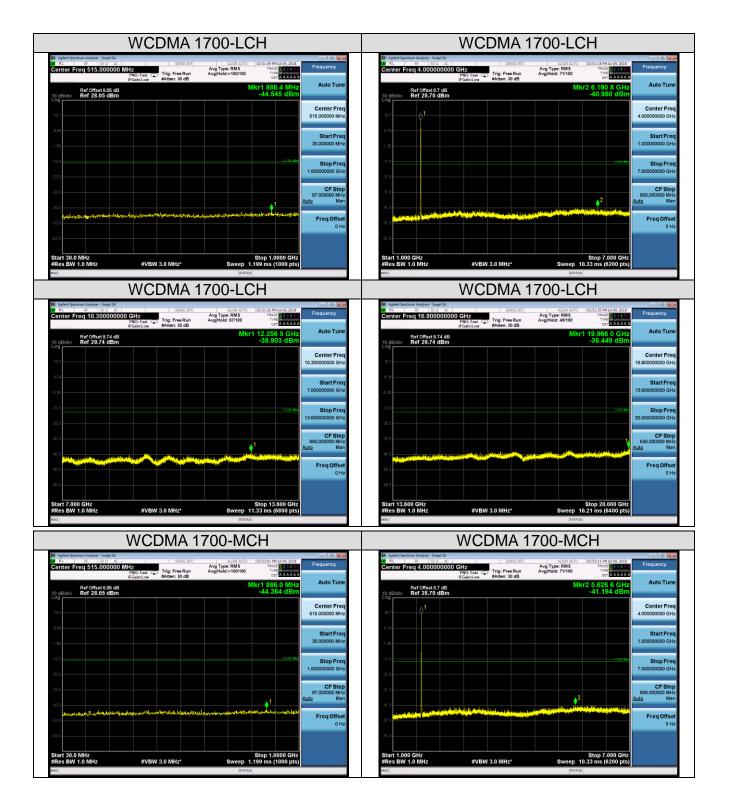
Test Results

Test Band=WCDMA850/WCDMA1700/WCDMA1900

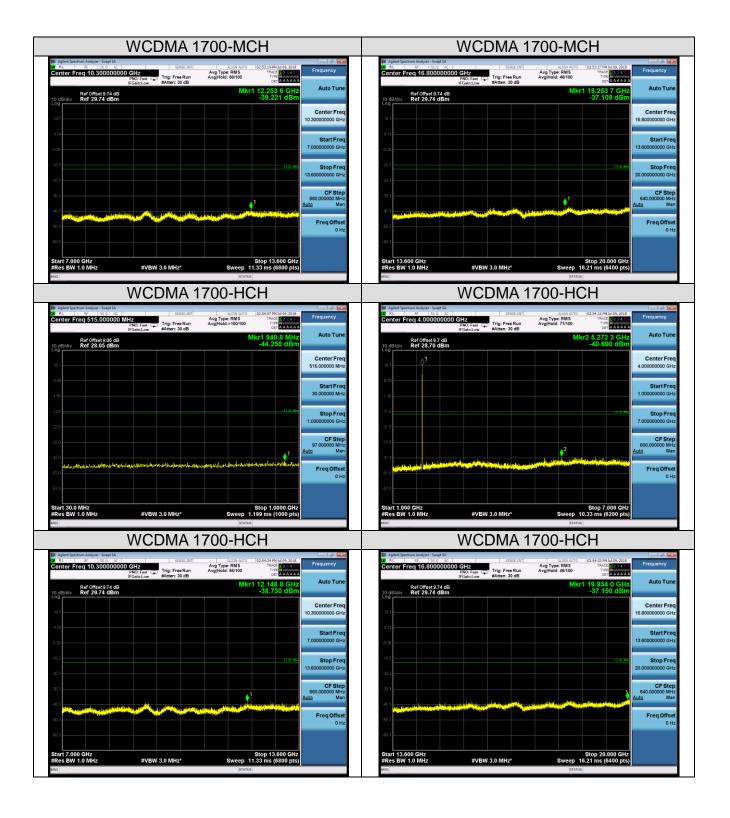
Test Mode=UMTS



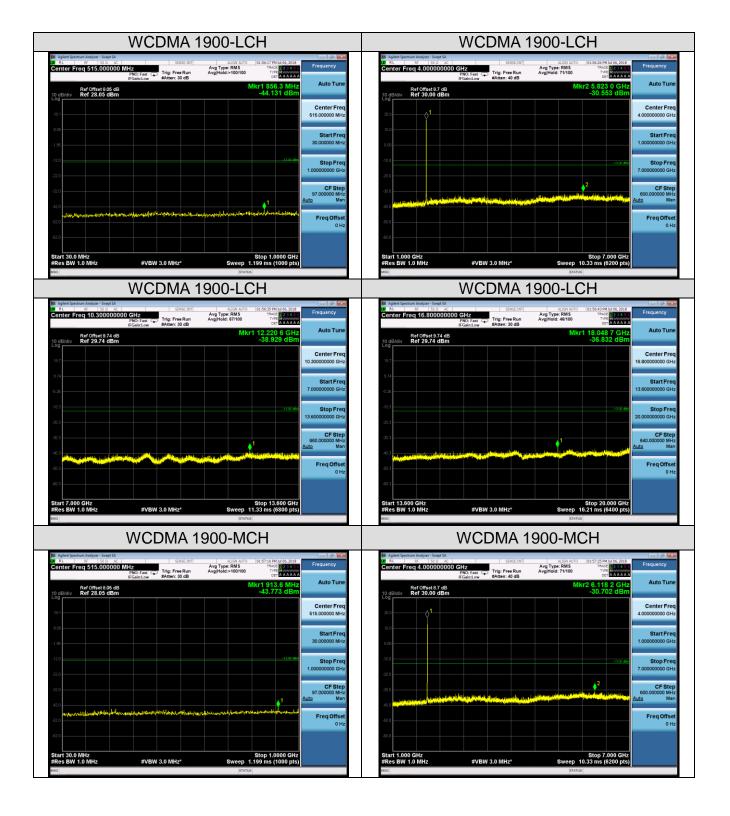




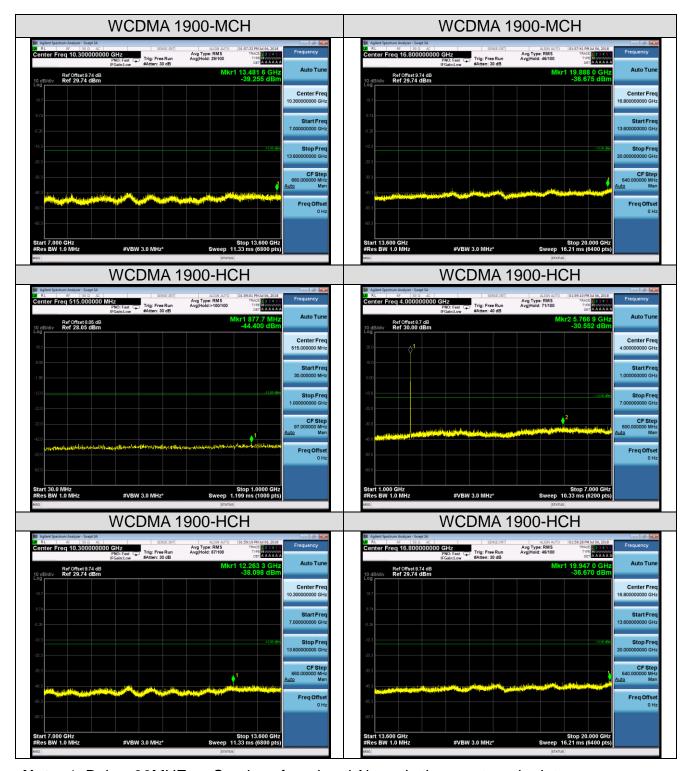












Note: 1. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and Above is the worst mode data.

2. As no emission found in standby or receive mode, no recording in this report.





8.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION 8.2.1MEASUREMENT METHOD

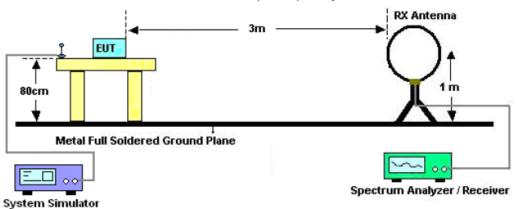
- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
- 2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
- 4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
- 5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz VBW and RBW for peak reading. Then 1MHz RBW and 10Hz VBW for average reading in spectrum analyzer. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- 7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
- 8.If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
- 9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
- 10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.



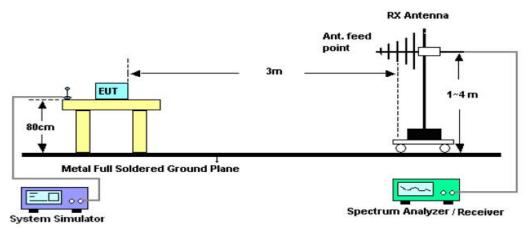


8.2.2 TEST SETUP

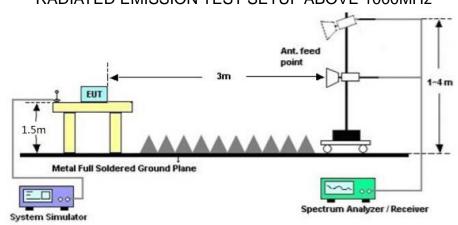
Radiated Emission Test-Setup Frequency Below 30MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP 30MHz-1000MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1000MHz







8.2.3 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Note: only result the worst condition of each test mode:





8.2.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT

HSPA band V:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 4233/846.6MHz(1GHz-9GHz)									
Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Comment					
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Comment					
1674.15	-49.82	-13	-36.82	Horizontal					
2377.59	-36.32	-13	-23.32	Horizontal					
3755.42	-35.65	-13	-22.65	Horizontal					
1636.11	-49.7	-13	-36.70	Vertical					
2347.69	-39.58	-13	-26.58	Vertical					
3770.55	-35.87	-13	-22.87	Vertical					

HSPA band IV:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 810/1909.8MHz(1GHZ-20GHz)										
Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Comment						
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Comment						
1947.56	-49.9	-13	-36.90	Horizontal						
3244.69	-36.39	-13	-23.39	Horizontal						
7499.41	-35.73	-13	-22.73	Horizontal						
1697.15	-49.77	-13	-36.77	Vertical						
3545.56	-39.64	-13	-26.64	Vertical						
7511.42	-35.93	-13	-22.93	Vertical						

HSPA band II:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 9538/1907.6MHz(1GHz-20GHz)										
Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Comment						
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Comment						
1870.51	-49.96	-13	-36.96	Horizontal						
3746.15	-36.43	-13	-23.43	Horizontal						
7526.42	-35.75	-13	-22.75	Horizontal						
1880.55	-49.79	-13	-36.79	Vertical						
3696.49	-39.68	-13	-26.68	Vertical						
7611.53	-35.99	-13	-22.99	Vertical						

RESULT: PASS

Note:

1. Margin = Emission Level -Limit

2. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and Above is the worst mode data.





9. FREQUENCY STABILITY

9.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1 Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2 Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -10° C.
- With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- Repeat the above measurements at 10° C increments from -10° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5 Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6 Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
- With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8 Repeat the above measurements at 10° C increments from +50°C to -10°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9 At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5 ℃ during the measurement procedure.





9.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

9.2.1 FOR HAND CARRIED BATTERY POWERED EQUIPMENT

According to the ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 10.2VDC and 13.8VDC, with a nominal voltage of12VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

9.2.2 FOR EQUIPMENT POWERED BY PRIMARY SUPPLY VOLTAGE

According to the ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment, the normal environment temperature is 20°C.





9.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Results

Frequency Error vs. Voltage:

1 requeries E								
Test	Test	Test	Test	Test	Freq.Erro	Freq.vs.rate	Limit	Verdic
Band	Mode	Channe	Temp	Volt.(V	r	d	(ppm	t
Danu	Widde	I)	(Hz)	(ppm))	· ·
			TN	VL	2.69	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		LCH	TN	VN	2.85	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	3.59	0.00	±2.5	PASS
14/0014405		МСН	TN	VL	3.20	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA85 0	UMT S		TN	VN	0.60	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	-0.69	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		НСН	TN	VL	-3.54	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VN	-3.89	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	-2.11	0.00	±2.5	PASS

Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channe I	Test Temp	Test Volt.(V)	Freq.Erro r (Hz)	Freq.vs.rate d (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdic t
			TN	VL	16.46	0.01	±2.5	PASS
	UMT S	LCH	ΤN	VN	17.91	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			ΤN	VH	19.01	0.01	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA170		MCH	ΤN	VL	-1.40	0.00	±2.5	PASS
0			ΤN	VN	-0.02	0.00	±2.5	PASS
0			ΤN	VH	-0.32	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		НСН	ΤN	VL	-21.99	-0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VN	-18.40	-0.01	±2.5	PASS
			ΤN	VH	-19.36	-0.01	±2.5	PASS

Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channe I	Test Temp	Test Volt.(V)	Freq.Erro r (Hz)	Freq.vs.rate d (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdic t
			TN	VL	1.08	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		LCH	TN	VN	3.17	0.00	±2.5	PASS
	UMT S		TN	VH	5.40	0.00	±2.5	PASS
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		MCH	TN	VL	-1.33	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA190 0			TN	VN	2.82	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	2.81	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		НСН	TN	VL	-11.67	-0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VN	-4.65	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	-3.80	0.00	±2.5	PASS





Frequency Error vs. Temperature:

Frequency Error vs. lemperature:									
Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channe	Test Volt	Test Temp.	Freq.Erro r	Freq.vs.rate d	Limit (ppm	Verdic	
Dana	Mode			$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(Hz)	(ppm))		
			VN	-10	0.55	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	0	-0.18	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
MODMAN	1184		VN	10	4.23	0.01	±2.5	PASS	
WCDMA85 0	UMT S	LCH	VN	20	6.21	0.01	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	30	4.43	0.01	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	40	1.92	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	50	2.04	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
		MT S MCH	VN	-10	0.87	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	0	5.65	0.01	±2.5	PASS	
14/0014405			VN	10	-2.32	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
WCDMA85 0	UMT S		VN	20	-0.81	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	30	-2.33	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	40	-1.40	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	50	-0.40	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	-10	-0.05	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
		НСН	VN	0	-1.10	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			VN	10	0.09	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
WCDMA85 0	UMT S		VN	20	-0.64	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	30	-6.32	-0.01	±2.5	PASS	
			VN	40	-3.17	0.00	±2.5	PASS	
		VN	50	-5.04	-0.01	±2.5	PASS		





Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channe I	Test Volt	Test Temp. ℃	Freq.Erro r (Hz)	Freq.vs.rate d (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdic t
			VN	-10	13.70	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	19.71	0.01	±2.5	PASS
\\\\CD\\\\\	1 15 4-		VN	10	18.23	0.01	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA170 0	UMT S	LCH	VN	20	17.53	0.01	±2.5	PASS
Ü			VN	30	17.21	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	18.08	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	50	18.54	0.01	±2.5	PASS
	UMT S	MCH	VN	-10	20.43	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	14.11	0.01	±2.5	PASS
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			VN	10	-2.38	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA170 0			VN	20	0.87	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	30	-2.40	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	-1.10	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	50	1.89	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	-10	-3.22	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		JMT S HCH	VN	0	2.38	0.00	±2.5	PASS
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			VN	10	0.49	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA170 0			VN	20	-2.93	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	30	-21.97	-0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	-19.59	-0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	50	-21.29	-0.01	±2.5	PASS





Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channe I	Test Volt	Test Temp. ℃	Freq.Erro r (Hz)	Freq.vs.rate d (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdic t
			VN	-10	1.37	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	8.01	0.00	±2.5	PASS
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1 15 4-		VN	10	8.06	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA190 0	UMT S	LCH	VN	20	6.76	0.00	±2.5	PASS
Ü			VN	30	8.42	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	8.15	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	50	0.55	0.00	±2.5	PASS
	UMT S	МСН	VN	-10	4.23	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	6.01	0.00	±2.5	PASS
\\\CD\\\\A\\			VN	10	-5.83	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA190 0			VN	20	2.30	0.00	±2.5	PASS
Ü			VN	30	-1.83	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	4.90	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	50	-3.22	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	-10	-3.39	0.00	±2.5	PASS
		MT S HCH	VN	0	1.36	0.00	±2.5	PASS
\\\CD\\\A\\	1 15 4-		VN	10	0.26	0.00	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA190 0	UMT		VN	20	-2.09	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	30	-12.22	-0.01	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	-8.61	0.00	±2.5	PASS
			VN	50	-10.01	-0.01	±2.5	PASS





APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION



RADIATED SPURIOUS ABOVE 1G EMISSION



----END OF REPORT----