

RF Exposure Evaluation Declaration

FCC ID: 2ALS8-OP0003
Applicant: Ninebot (Changzhou) Tech Co., Ltd.
Product: Segway USB Receiver
Model No.: R1234
Brand Name: Segway
FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)
FCC Rule Part(s): FCC Part 2.1093
Evaluation Date: 2023-10-17
Result: Complies

Reviewed By:

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The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standards through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
2306RSU049-U3	V01	Initial Report	2023-10-24	Valid

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1.4. Product Information

Product Name	Segway USB Receiver
Model No.	R1234
SRD Specification	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Information	Refer to section 1.5
Operating Temperature	-10°C ~ +50°C
Working Voltage	5V DC
Note: The information of EUT was provided by the manufacturer, and the accuracy of the information shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer.	

1.5. Radio Specification under Test

Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Channel Number	79
Type of Modulation	GFSK
Antenna Type	Onboard PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain	2.88 dBi

1.7. Device Classification

According to the user manual, the antenna of this device is within 20cm from the body of the user, this device is classified as a Portable Device. So, the RF exposure evaluation requirements of § 2.1093 for portable device exposure conditions subject to SAR limits.

1.8. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC Part 2.1093 & KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

2. RF Exposure Evaluation

2.1. Test Limits

According to FCC §1.1310:

(a) Specific absorption rate (SAR) shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in § 1.1307(b) of this part within the frequency range of 100 kHz to 6 GHz (inclusive).

(b) The SAR limits for occupational/controlled exposure are 0.4 W/kg, as averaged over the whole body, and a peak spatial-average SAR of 8 W/kg, averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the parts of the human body treated as extremities, such as hands, wrists, feet, ankles, and pinnae, where the peak spatial-average SAR limit for occupational/controlled exposure is 20 W/kg, averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exposure may be averaged over a time period not to exceed 6 minutes to determine compliance with occupational/controlled SAR limits.

(c) The SAR limits for general population/uncontrolled exposure are 0.08 W/kg, as averaged over the whole body, and a peak spatial-average SAR of 1.6 W/kg, averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the parts of the human body treated as extremities, such as hands, wrists, feet, ankles, and pinnae, where the peak spatial-average SAR limit is 4 W/kg, averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exposure may be averaged over a time period not to exceed 30 minutes to determine compliance with general population/uncontrolled SAR limits.

2.2. SAR Exemptions

For single RF sources (i.e., any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph §1.1307(b)(2) of this section): A single RF source is exempt if:

(Option A) The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance. This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section.

Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(A);

(Option B) Or the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). P is given by:

$$P_{th}(mW) = \{ERP_{20cm} (d / 20cm)^x \quad d \leq 20cm$$

$$P_{th}(mW) = \{ERP_{20cm} \quad 20cm < d \leq 40cm$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20cm} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = \{2040f \quad 0.3GHz \leq f < 1.5GHz$$

$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = \{3060 \quad 1.5GHz \leq f \leq 6GHz$$

(Option C) Or using Table 1 and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in Table 1 to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

Table 1 to §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source Frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	1920R ²
1.34-30	3450R ² /f ²
30-300	3.83R ²
300-1,500	0.0128R ² f
1,500-100,000	19.2R ²

For multiple RF sources: Multiple RF sources are exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required). This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A).

(B) in the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1$$

Where:

a = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for P_{th} , including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

b = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

c = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

P_i = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

$P_{th,i}$ = the exemption threshold power (P_{th}) according to paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i .

ERP_j = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j .

$ERP_{th,j}$ = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j , at a distance of at least $\lambda/2\pi$ according to the applicable formula of paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) of this section.

$Evaluated_k$ = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

$Exposure Limit_k$ = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k , as applicable from §1.1310 of this chapter.

2.3. Calculated Result

Product	Segway USB Receiver
Test Item	RF Exposure Evaluation

Test Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Max. EIRP (dB μ V/m)@3m	Max. EIRP (dBm)
2.4G SRD	2402 ~2480	72.4	-22.8

Note: Max. EIRP (dBm) = Max. EIRP (dB μ V/m)@3m - 95.2

For single RF source, Option B

Test Mode	R (mm)	ERP (mW)	Thresholds ERP (mW)
2.4G SRD	5	0.003	2.80

Note: ERP (mW) = $10^{[EIRP (dBm) - 2.15 (dB)]/10}$

Conclusion:

The device qualifies for RF exposure test exemption.

_____ The End _____