

RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Ninebot Gokart Kit
Frequency band (Operating)	<input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.15GHz ~ 5.25GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.25GHz ~ 5.35GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.47GHz ~ 5.725GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.85GHz <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz <input type="checkbox"/> Others
Device category	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Others
Exposure classification	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm ²) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm ²)
Antenna diversity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
Max. tune up AVG Output power	BLE 4.1 2402-2480: 0 dBm
Antenna gain (Max)	Antenna gain:5.0dBi (Numeric gain:3.162)
Evaluation applied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

Remark:

1. The maximum tune up output power is 0dBm (1mW) at 2402MHz (with 3.162 numeric antenna gain.)
2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

$$\text{Given } E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter
 P = Power in Watts
 G = Numeric antenna gain
 d = Distance in meters
 S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = d \text{ (m)} / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where d = Distance in cm
 P = Power in mW
 G = Numeric antenna gain
 S = Power density in mW / cm²

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using $d = 20$ cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW
 G = Numeric antenna gain
 S = Power density in mW / cm²

For Bluetooth:

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. tune up power(dBm) (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
BLE4.1	2402-2480	0	5	20	0.00063	1

Note:

The formula of bluetooth calculated MPE is:
 $CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$
 CPD = Calculation power density
 LPD = Limit of power density

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)