Certificate of Test

NCT CO., LTD.	Report No.: NW2106-F001-1	
211-71, Geumgok-ro, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi- do, 18511, Republic of Korea (Tel: +82-31-323-6070 / Fax: +82-31-323-6071)	Page (1) / (66)	Mer
		Your business' success starts with NCT
1. Client ○ Name (FCC) : Andreas Stihl AG &		
 Name (IC) : ANDREAS STIFLAG 		
○ Address (FCC) : Badstrasse 115, 7		ny
\circ Address (IC) : Badstrasse 115, 713	36 Waiblingen, Germany	
○ Date of Receipt : 2021-05-06		
2. Use of Report : FCC & IC Approval		
3. Test Sample		
 Description / Model : ADVANCE Pr 	oCOM / SP94	
○ FCC ID : 2ALP8SP94 / IC : 23431-	SP94	
4 Blace of Test Fixed test Fis	ld toot	
 Place of Test : ■ Fixed test □ Fie (Address:211-71, Geumgok-ro, Hwas 		3511 Republic of Korea
5. Date of Test : 2021-05-20 ~ 2021-05	5-31	
6. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Su	ubpart C 15.247	
RSS-247 Issue	2(2017-02), RSS-GEN Is	ssue 5(2019-03)
7 Tooling Environment		
 7. Testing Environment : ○ Temperature: (25 ± 5) °C, Humidity: L 	ess than 75 % R H	
* Unless specified otherwise in the individua		ucted on ambient conditions.
8. Test Results : Refer to the test res	ults	
The results shown in this test report refer only to This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except	o the sample(s) tested unless c in full	therwise stated.
This test report is not related to KOLAS recogni	tion and RRA designation.	
Tested by	Technic	al Manager
Affirmation Woohyoung, Jeong		in, Kim
		200 C
		July 13, 2021
	NCT CO	D., LTD. AV RE

Contact us at report@nct.re.kr to confirm the authenticity of this report

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APPENDIX

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1. General Information's <u>1.1 Test Performed</u>

Laboratory	:	NCT Co., Ltd.
Address	:	211-71, Geumgok-ro, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do, 18511, Korea
Telephone	:	+82-31-323-6070
Facsimile	:	+82-31-323-6071
FCC Designation No.	:	KR0166
FCC Registration No.	:	409631
IC Site Registration No.	:	25897

2. Information's about Test Item <u>2.1 Applicant Information</u>

Company name(FCC)	:	Andreas Stihl AG & Co. KG
Company name(IC)	:	ANDREAS STIHL AG & Co. KG
Address	:	Badstrasse 115, 71336 Waiblingen, Germany
Telephone / Facsimile	:	0049 7151 26-5530 / -

2.2 Equipment Under Test (EUT) description

Test item particulars	:	ADVANCE ProCOM
Model and/or type reference	:	SP94
Additional model name	:	-
Serial number	:	Prototype
Antenna type and gain	:	PCB Pattern Antenna(M/N: STIHL ADVANCE PROCOM BT
		Antenna) with Max gain: 0.62 dBi
Date (s) of performance of tests:	:	2021-05-20 ~ 2021-05-31
Date of receipt of test item	:	2021-05-06
EUT condition	:	Pre-production, not damaged
Number of channel	:	79
EUT Power Source	:	DC 3.7 V
Type of Modulation	:	BDR Mode(GFSK), EDR Mode(Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK)
Firmware version	:	1.0
Hardware version	:	1.0
Test software name(version)	:	CSR BlueSuite_BlueTest3(2.6.2)



2.3 Tested Frequency

Test Mede	Test Frequency (Mz)			
Test Mode	Low frequency	Middle frequency	High frequency	
GFSK	2 402	2 441	2 480	
Pi/4 DQPSK	2 402	2 441	2 480	
8DPSK	2 402	2 441	2 480	

2.4 Used Test Software Setting Value

	Setting Item	
Test Mode	CFG TX POWER	
	- Power target	
GFSK	16	
Pi/4 DQPSK	16	
8DPSK	16	

2.5 Worst-Case

BDR	GFSK(DH5)
EDR	8DPSK(3-DH5)

Note: The power measurement has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between

available modulations, data rates.



3. Test Report

3.1 T	est S	Sum	mary
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Applied	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Test Items	Test Condition	Result
\boxtimes	15.203	-	Antenna Requirement		С
\boxtimes	15.247(a)	- 20 dB Bandwidth		С	
\boxtimes	-	RSS GEN (6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)		С
\boxtimes	15.247(a)	RSS-247 (5.1)	Number of Hopping Frequencies		С
\boxtimes	15.247(a)	RSS-247 (5.1)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Conducted	С
\boxtimes	15.247(a)	RSS-247 (5.1)	Carrier Frequencies Separation		С
\boxtimes	15.247(b)	RSS-247 (5.4)	Peak Output Power		
\boxtimes	15.247(d)	RSS-247 (5.5)	Conducted Spurious Emission		С
\square	15.247(d) 15.205 & 15.209	RSS-247 (5.5) RSS-GEN (8.9 & 8.10)	Radiated Spurious Emission	Radiated	С
\boxtimes	15.207	RSS-GEN (8.8)	Conducted Emissions	AC Line Conducted	С

Note 1: C=Complies NC=Not Complies NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

The sample was tested according to the following specification: ANSI C63.10:2013.

Compliance was determined by specification limits of the applicable standard according to customer requirements.



3.2 Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
NW2106-F001	2021-06-10	Initial issue
NW2106-F001-1	2021-07-13	Reissue due to change of applicant information



3.3 Transmitter Requirements

3.3.1 Antenna Requirement

Accoding to §15.203 An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Accoding to \$15.247(b)(4) e conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

3.3.1.1 Result

Complies

(The transmitter has a Chip Antenna. The directional peak gain of the antenna is 0.62 dBi.)



3.3.2 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

3.3.2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.2.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

3.3.2.3 Test Procedure

- 1. The 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
- The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting: RBW = 1% to 5% of the 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

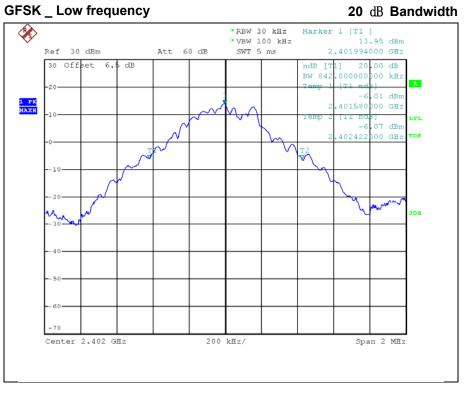
 $\label{eq:stability} VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$ Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth Sweep = Auto Detector function = Peak Trace = Max Hold

Test Mode	Test Frequency20 dB Bandwidth (Mbz)Occupied Bandwidth (Mbz)Low0.8420.868Middle0.8760.854High0.8760.856Low1.2361.180				
	Low	0.842	0.868		
GFSK	Middle	0.876	0.854		
	High	0.876	0.856		
	Low	1.236	1.180		
8DPSK	Middle	1.234	1.188		
	High	1.234	1.190		

3.3.2.4 Test Result

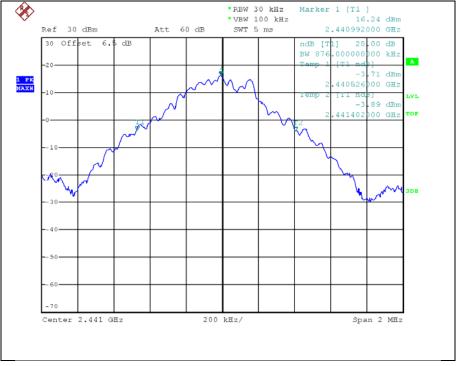


3.3.2.5 Test Plot



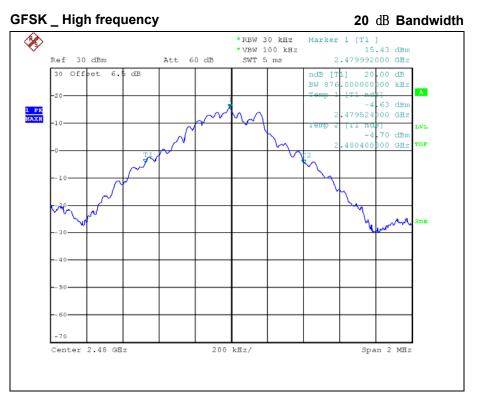


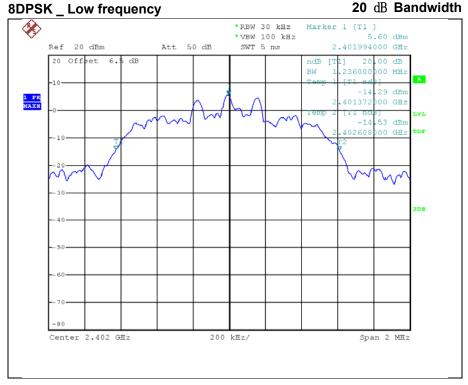




Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1

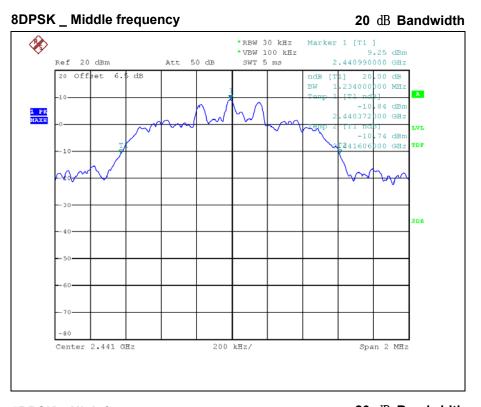


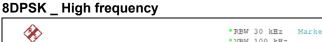




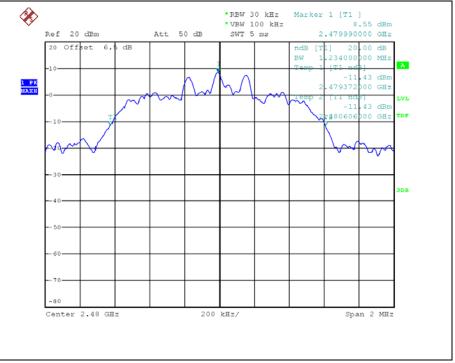
Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



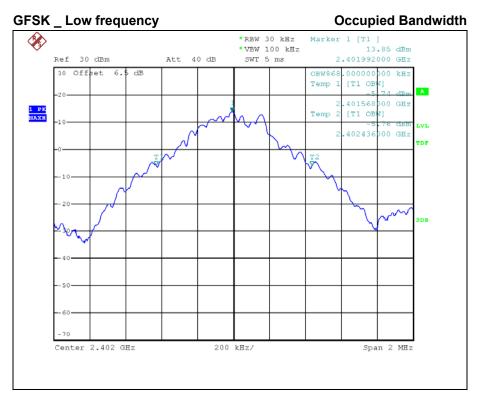






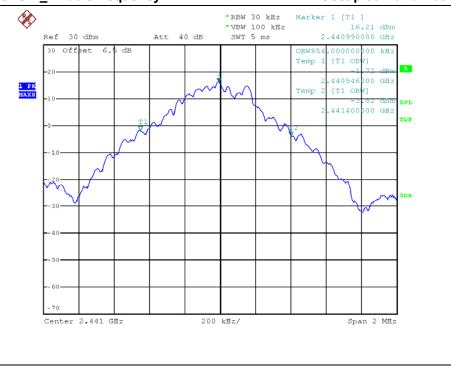




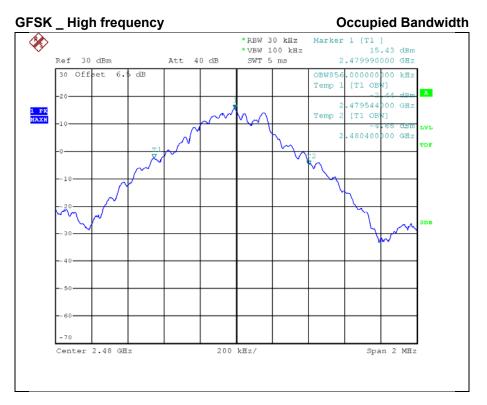


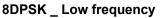




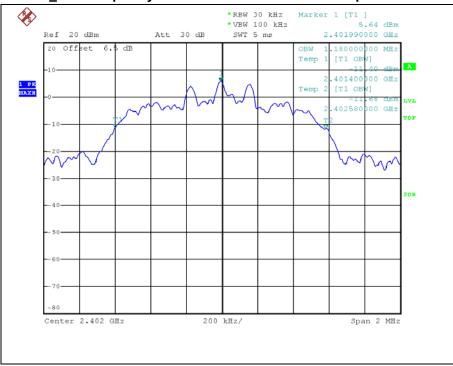




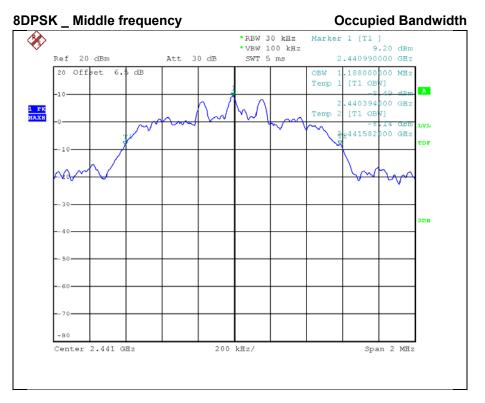




Occupied Bandwidth

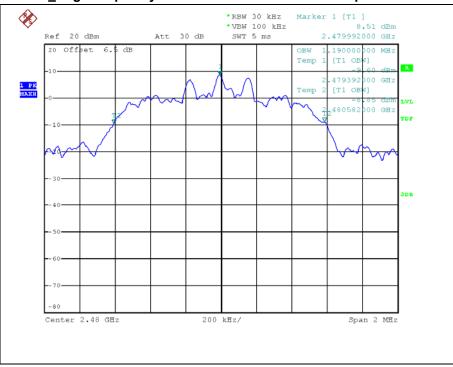








Occupied Bandwidth





3.3.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

3.3.3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.3.2 Limit

Limit : >= 15 hops

3.3.3.3 Test Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 Mb were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = 50 Mtz

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

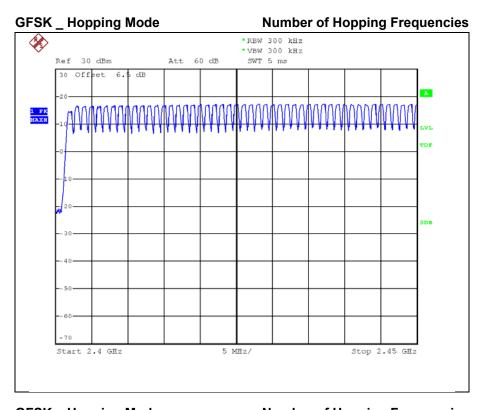
$VBW \ge RBW$	Sweep = Auto
Detector = Peak	Trace = Max hold

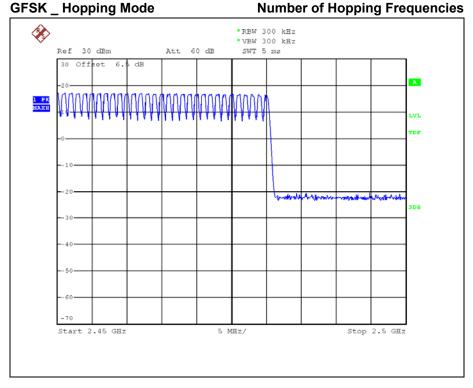
3.3.3.4 Test Result

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channels
GFSK	79
8DPSK	79



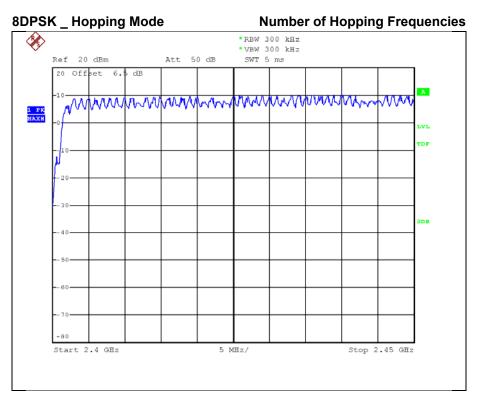
3.3.3.5 Test Plot





Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1







Number of Hopping Frequencies





3.3.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

3.3.4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.4.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

3.3.4.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

 Center frequency = 2441 M₂
 Span = Zero

 RBW = 1 M₂ (RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

 VBW ≥ RBW
 Detector = Peak

 Trace = Max hold

3.3.4.4 Test Result

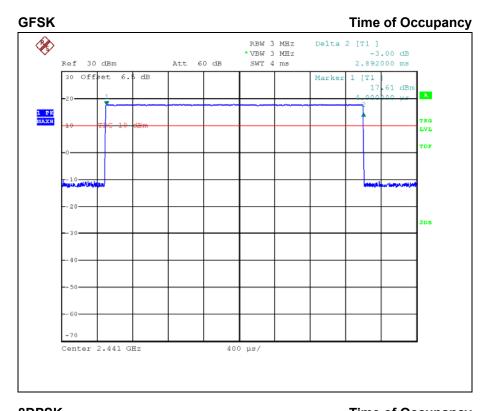
Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channels	Burst On Time (ms)	Result (sec)	Limit (sec)	
GFSK (non-AFH)	79	2.892	0.31	0.40	
GFSK (AFH)	20	2.892	0.15	0.40	
8DPSK (non-AFH)	79	2.904	0.31	0.40	
8DPSK (AFH)	20	2.904	0.15	0.40	

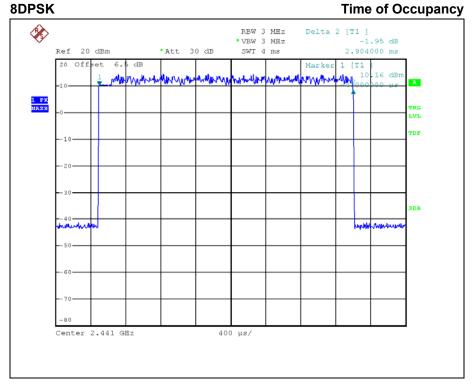
Note: Dwell Time = 0.4 x Hopping channel x Burst On Time x ((Hopping rate / Time slots) / Hopping channel) - Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)

- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode



3.3.4.5 Test Plot





Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



3.3.5 Carrier Frequencies Separation

3.3.5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.5.2 Limit

Limit : \geq 25 kHz or \geq Two-Thirds of the 20 dB Bandwidth whichever is greater.

3.3.5.3 Test Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

$VBW \geq RBW$	-	Sweep = Auto
Detector = Peak		Trace = Max hold

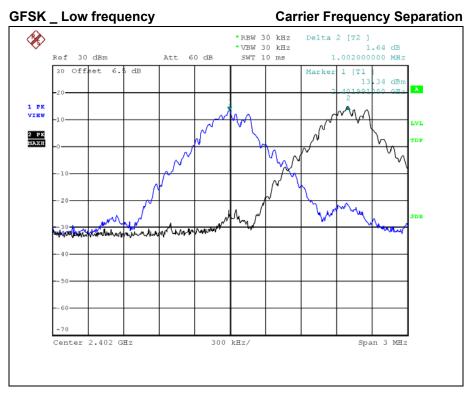
Test Mode	Test Frequency	Carrier Frequencies Separation (^{kHz})	Min. Limit (^{kłz})
	Low	1.002	0.561
GFSK	Middle	1.002	0.584
	High	1.002	0.584
	Low	1.002	0.824
8DPSK	Middle	1.002	0.823
	High	1.002	0.823

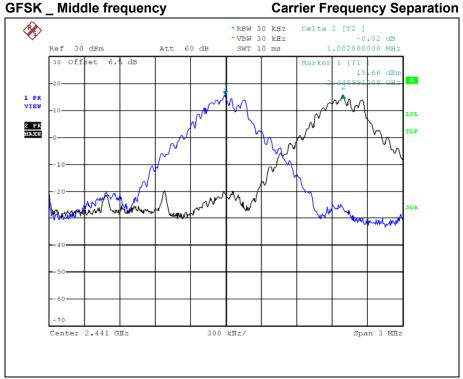
3.3.5.4 Test Result

Note: Limit(klz) = Test Result of 20 dB BW * 2/3



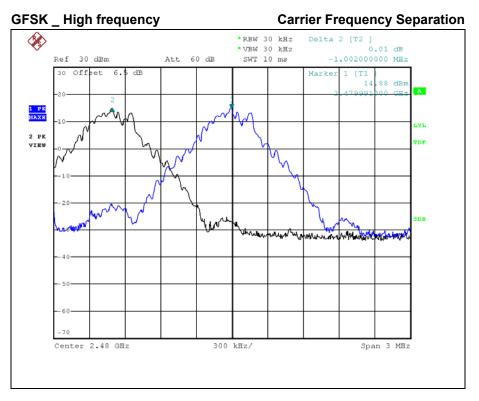
3.3.5.5 Test Plot





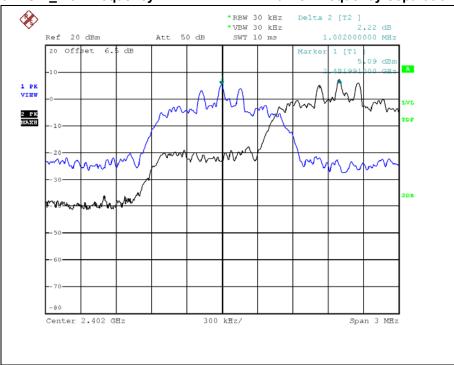
Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



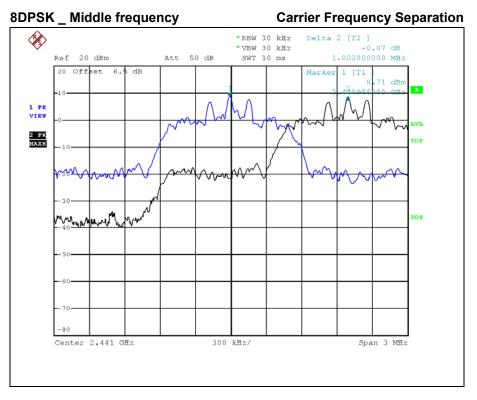


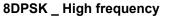
8DPSK _ Low frequency

Carrier Frequency Separation

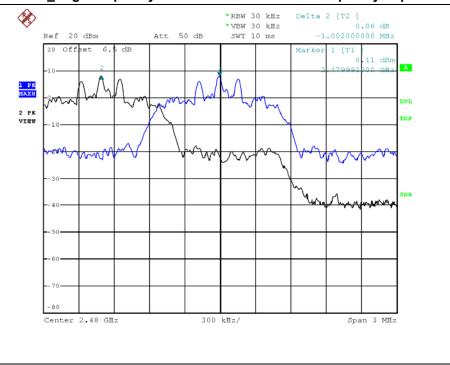














3.3.6 Peak Output Power

3.3.6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.6.2 Limit

FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 2483.5 Mb employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 5805 Mb band: 1 Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 Mb band: 0.125 watts.

■ IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4) (b), For FHSS operating in the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e)

3.3.6.3 Test Procedure

- 1. The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, a spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
- 2. The peak output power of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using;

Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

 $RBW \ge 20 \, dB$ Bandwidth $VBW \ge RBW$ Sweep = Auto Detector function = Peak Trace = Max Hold

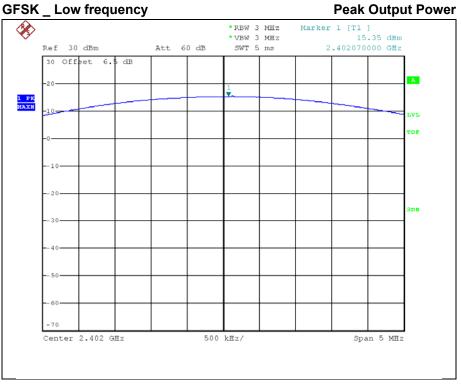


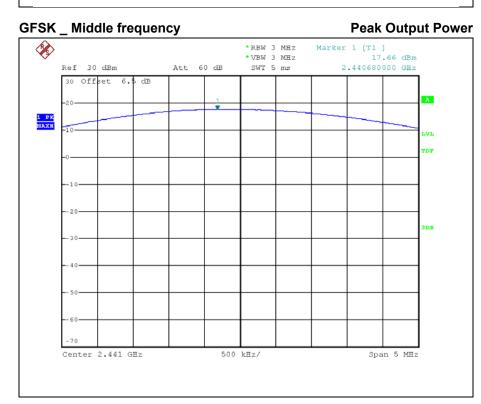
3.3.6.4 Test Result

	Test	Peak Out	put Power	Frame Ave	rage Power
Test Mode	Frequency	dB m	mW	dB m	mW
GFSK	Low	15.35	34.28	14.47	27.99
	Middle	17.66	58.34	16.43	43.95
	High	16.93	49.32	16.07	40.46
	Low	9.59	9.10	4.46	2.79
Pi/4 DQPSK	Middle	13.41	21.93	8.38	6.89
	High	12.90	19.50	8.15	6.53
	Low	10.70	11.75	4.43	2.77
8DPSK	Middle	14.51	28.25	8.30	6.76
	High	13.94	24.77	8.08	6.43



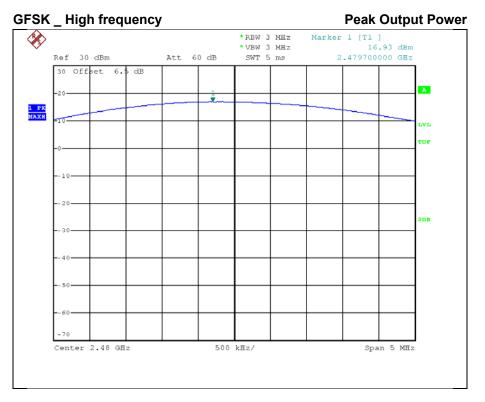
3.3.6.5 Test Plot





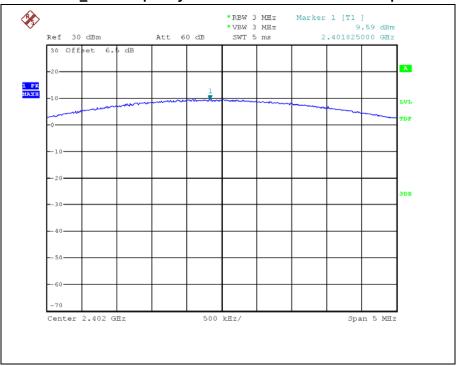
Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



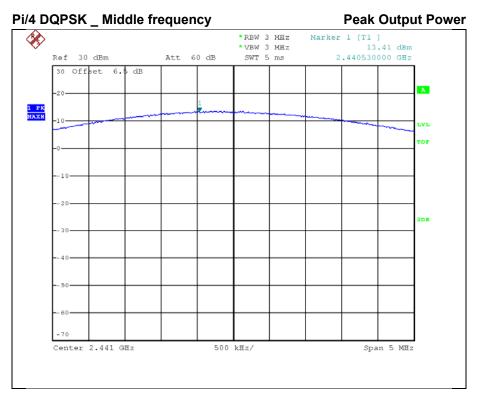


Pi/4 DQPSK _ Low frequency



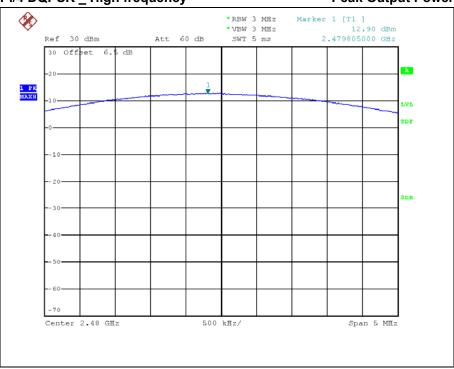




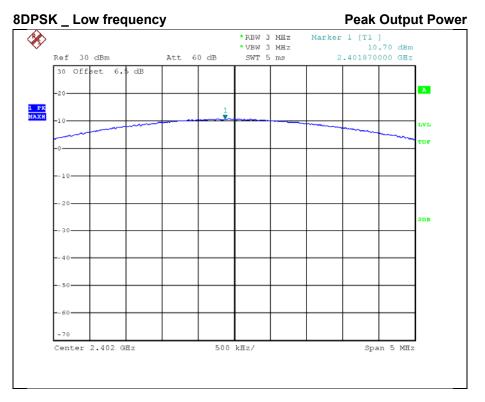


Pi/4 DQPSK _ High frequency

Peak Output Power







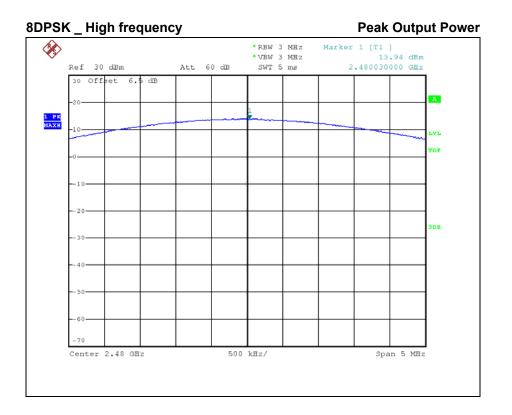
8DPSK _ Middle frequency

Peak Output Power



Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1







3.3.7 TX Radiated Spurious Emission and Conducted Spurious Emission

3.3.7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.7.2 Limit

According to \$15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section \$15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section \$15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section \$15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 Mb, 76 - 88 Mb, 174 - 216 Mb or 470 - 806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.



According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	16.42 ~ 16.423	399.90 ~ 410	4.5 ~ 5.15
0.495 ~ 0.505	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	608 ~ 614	5.35 ~ 5.46
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	960 ~ 1240	7.25 ~ 7.75
4.125 ~ 4.128	25.5 ~ 25.67	1300 ~ 1427	8.025 ~ 8.5
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	37.5 ~ 38.	1435 ~ 1626.5	9.0 ~ 9.2
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	25 73 ~ 74.6	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	9.3 ~ 9.5
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	74.8 ~ 75.2	1660 ~ 1710	10.6 ~ 12.7
6.215 ~ 6.218	108 ~ 121.94	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	13.25 ~ 13.4
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	149.9 ~ 150.05	2200 ~ 2300	14.47 ~ 14.5
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	156.52475 ~ 156.52525	2310 ~ 2390	15.35 ~ 16.2
8.291 ~ 8.294	156.7 ~ 156.9	2483.5 ~ 2500	17.7 ~ 21.4
8.362 ~ 8.366	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2690 ~ 2900	22.01 ~ 23.12
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	3345.8 ~ 3358	3260 ~ 3267	23.6 ~ 24.0
8.41425 ~ 8.41475	3600 ~ 4400	3332 ~ 3339	31.2 ~ 31.8
12.51975 ~ 12.52025	3345.8 ~ 3358	240 ~ 285	36.43 ~ 36.5
12.57675 ~ 12.57725	3600 ~ 4400	322 ~ 335.4	Above 38.6
13.36 ~ 13.41			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 Mb, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.



3.3.7.3 Test Procedure for Radiated Spurious Emission

- 1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. For measurements above 10 absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 0 k, the absorbers are removed.
- 4. The antenna is a broadBand antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. (The EUT was pre-tested with three axes (X, Y, Z) and the final test was performed at the worst case.)
- 6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold
- Mode.
- 7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Measurement Instrument Setting

- 2. Frequency Range: Above 1 GHz

Peak Measurement RBW = 1 Mtz, VBW = 3 Mtz, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto, Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes

Average Measurement RBW = $1M_{Z}$, VBW $\geq 1/T$, Detector = Peak, Sweep Time = Auto, Trace Mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes



3.3.7.4 Test Procedure for Conducted Spurious Emission

- 1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. The reference level of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below. Frequency range: 30 Mb ~ 26.5 Gb
 RBW = 100 kb, VBW = 300 kb, Sweep Time = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace = Max Hold

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)



3.3.7.5 Test Result

9 k 25 健 Data (Modulation: GFSK)

• Low frequency

Frequency	Reading			Feeter	DOOT		Limits		sult	Margin			
	(dBu	(dB uV/m)		Factor		(dBu	V/m)	(dBu	V/m)	(d	B)		
(MHz)	AV	/ Peak		(dB)	(dB)	AV /	AV / Peak		AV / Peak AV / Peak AV / I		AV / Peak		Peak
2 346.16	N/A	35.17	н	14.68	-24.76	54.0	74.0	25.1	49.9	28.9	24.2		
4 804.24	N/A	60.96	V	-7.24	-24.76	54.0	74.0	29.0	53.7	25.0	20.3		
7 206.26	N/A	48.55	н	6.29	-24.76	54.0	74.0	30.1	54.8	23.9	19.2		
9 608.58	N/A	56.05	н	6.29	-24.76	54.0	74.0	37.6	62.3	16.4	11.7		
12 010.00	N/A	54.63	Н	11.32	-24.76	54.0	74.0	41.2	66.0	12.8	8.1		

Middle frequency

Frequency	(dB uV/m) Pol. (dB uV/m)		Reading				Re	sult	Mar	rgin						
Frequency			Pol.				(dB uV/m) AV / Peak		(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/		(dBu	V/m)
(MHz)	AV	/ Peak		(dB)	(dB)				AV / Peak		AV /	Peak				
4 881.58	N/A	56.61	V	-7.10	-24.76	54.0	74.0	24.8	49.5	29.2	24.5					
7 323.52	N/A	56.09	н	6.35	-24.76	54.0	74.0	37.7	62.4	16.3	11.6					
9 763.18	N/A	56.35	н	6.65	-24.76	54.0	74.0	38.2	63.0	15.8	11.0					
12 204.02	N/A	51.99	н	11.63	-24.76	54.0	74.0	38.9	63.6	15.1	10.4					

High frequency

Eroguonou	Reading Factor DCCF		Reading		Lin	nits	Re	sult	Mai	gin			
Frequency	(dBu	(dB uV/m)		Pol.	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		V/m)	(d	B)
(MHz)	AV	/ Peak		(dB)	(dB)	AV / Peak				AV / Peak		AV /	Peak
2 483.50	N/A	53.01	н	13.98	-24.76	54.0	74.0	42.2	67.0	11.8	7.0		
4 959.72	N/A	59.58	V	-7.01	-24.76	54.0	74.0	27.8	52.6	26.2	21.4		
7 439.46	N/A	57.73	н	6.47	-24.76	54.0	74.0	39.4	64.2	14.6	9.8		
9 920.40	N/A	57.38	н	6.90	-24.76	54.0	74.0	39.5	64.3	14.5	9.7		

Note 1: The radiated emissions were inverstigated 9 klt to 25 Glt. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

Note 2: DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = Δt = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = 2.892 ms

- 100 ms / Δt [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / (2.892 X 20) = 1.73 = 2

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] x H' = 2.892 ms X 2 = 5.78 ms

- DCCF = 20 x log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) dB = 20 x log(5.78 / 100) = -24.76 dB

Note 3: Sample Calculation. Margin = Limit – Result / Peak Result = Peak Reading + TF / Average Result = Peak Reading + TF + DCCF

TF = Ant factor + Cable Loss + Filter Loss – Amp Gain



9 k 25 ∰ Data (Modulation: 8DPSK)

• Low frequency

Frequency	Reading		Pol.	Frates	5005	Limits		Result		Margin	
	(dB uV/m)			DCCF	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)		
(MHz)	AV / Peak			(dB)	(dB)	AV / Peak		AV / Peak		AV / Peak	
2 344.46	N/A	34.89	н	14.68	-24.72	54.0	74.0	24.9	49.6	29.1	24.4
4 803.72	N/A	57.53	V	-7.24	-24.72	54.0	74.0	25.6	50.3	28.4	23.7
7 206.04	N/A	44.85	н	6.29	-24.72	54.0	74.0	26.4	51.1	27.6	22.9
9 608.10	N/A	51.31	Н	6.29	-24.72	54.0	74.0	32.9	57.6	21.1	16.4

Middle frequency

Frequency	Reading		Factor	Fastar	DCCF	Limits		Result		Margin	
	(dB uV/m)			(dB)	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)		
(Młz)	AV / Peak		(dB)		AV / Peak		AV / Peak		AV / Peak		
4 881.74	N/A	56.02	V	-7.10	-24.72	54.0	74.0	24.2	48.9	29.8	25.1
7 322.96	N/A	51.84	н	6.35	-24.72	54.0	74.0	33.5	58.2	20.5	15.8
9 763.66	N/A	53.35	н	6.65	-24.72	54.0	74.0	35.3	60.0	18.7	14.0

• High frequency

Frequency	Reading		Pol.	Frates	DOOF	Limits		Result		Margin	
	(dB uV/m)			DCCF	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)		
(Młz)	AV / Peak			(dB)	(dB)	AV / Peak		AV / Peak		AV / Peak	
2 483.50	N/A	51.56	н	13.98	-24.72	54.0	74.0	40.8	65.5	13.2	8.5
4 960.02	N/A	56.23	V	-7.01	-24.72	54.0	74.0	24.5	49.2	29.5	24.8
7 439.72	N/A	54.03	н	6.47	-24.72	54.0	74.0	35.8	60.5	18.2	13.5
9 919.86	N/A	54.86	н	6.90	-24.72	54.0	74.0	37.0	61.8	17.0	12.2

Note 1: The radiated emissions were inverstigated 9 klz to 25 GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

Note 2: DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = Δt = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = 2.904 ms

- 100 ms / Δt [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / (2.904 X 20) = 1.72 = 2

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] x H' = 2.904 ms X 2 = 5.81 ms

- DCCF = 20 x log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) $\rm dB$ = 20 x log(5.81 / 100) = -24.72 $\rm dB$

Note 3: Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Peak Result = Peak Reading + TF / Average Result = Peak Reading + TF + DCCF TF = Ant factor + Cable Loss + Filter Loss – Amp Gain

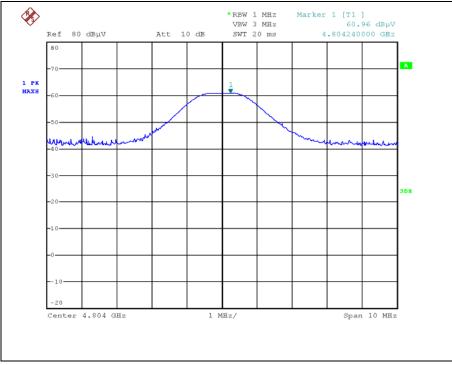


3.3.7.6 Test Plot for Radiated Spurious Emission

• GFSK _ Low frequency

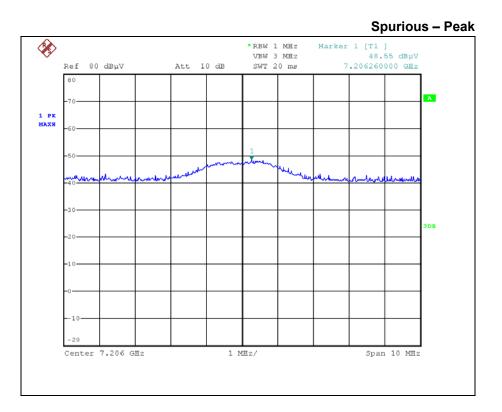
Restricted Band - Peak Marker 1 [T1] 35.17 dBµV 2.346160000 GHz Ì *RBW 1 MHz *VBW 3 MHz SWT 2.5 ms Ref 70 dBµV Att 10 dB 70 в 1 PK MAXH whe man uluh in hum shares DB 30 Start 2.31 GHz 8 MHz/ Stop 2.39 GHz

Spurious – Peak

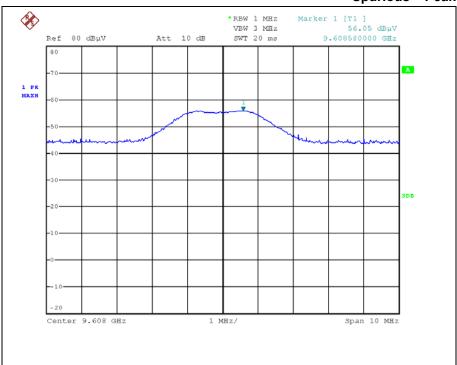


Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1

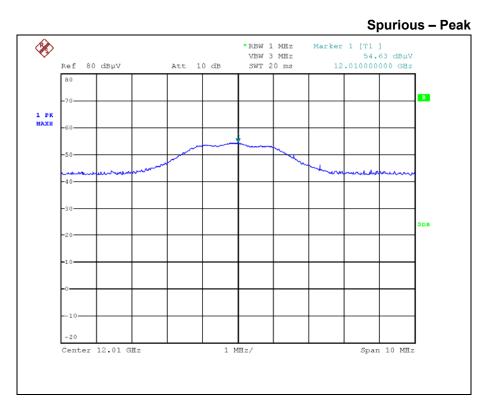




Spurious – Peak

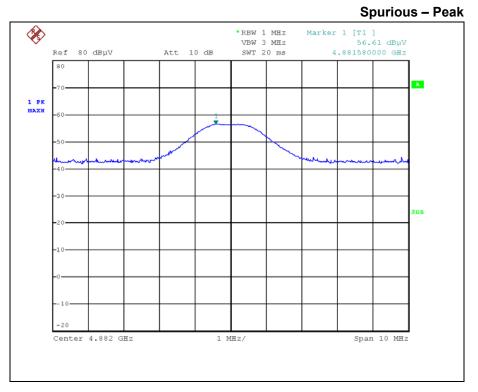




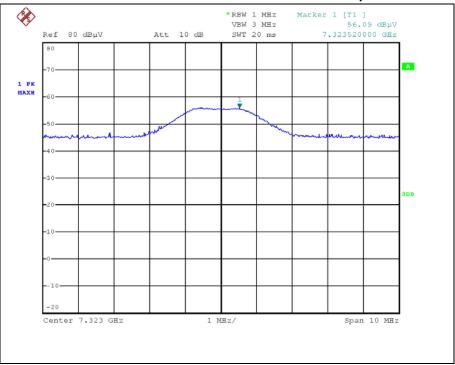




GFSK _ Middle frequency

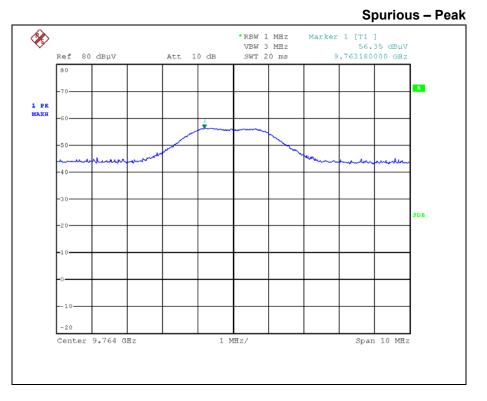


Spurious – Peak

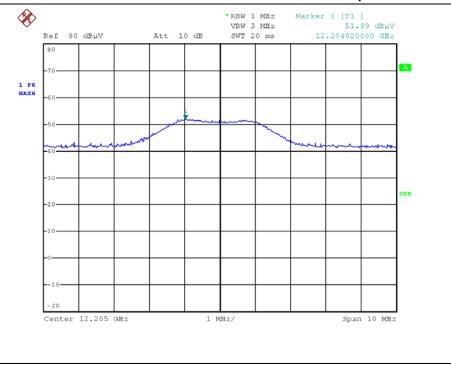


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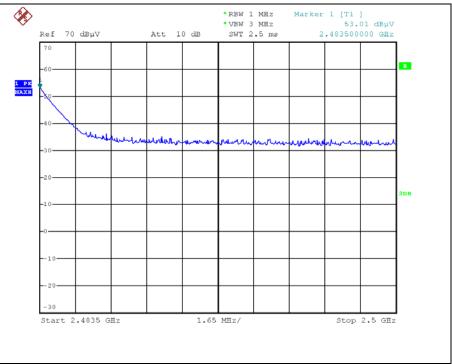




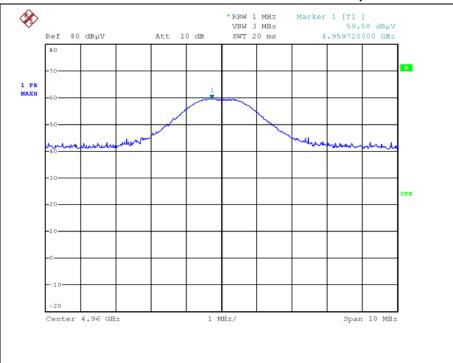


• GFSK _ High frequency



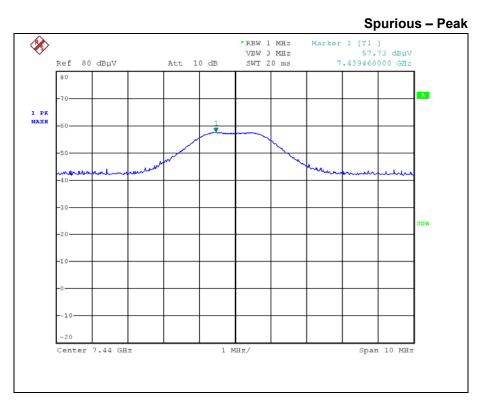


Spurious – Peak

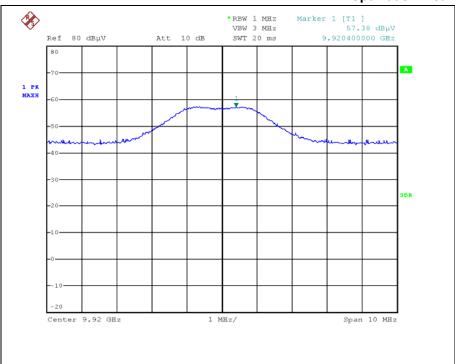


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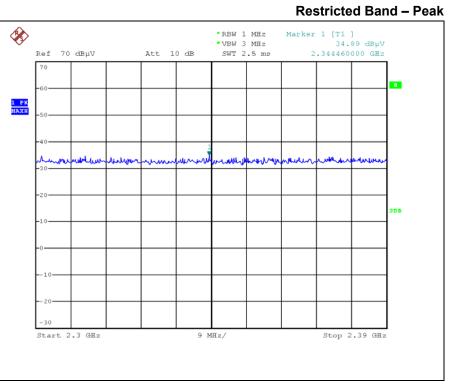




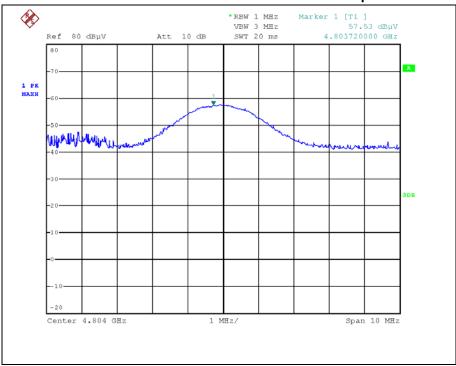




• 8DPSK _ Low frequency

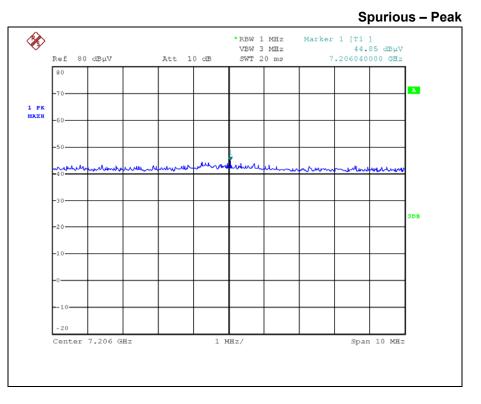


Spurious – Peak

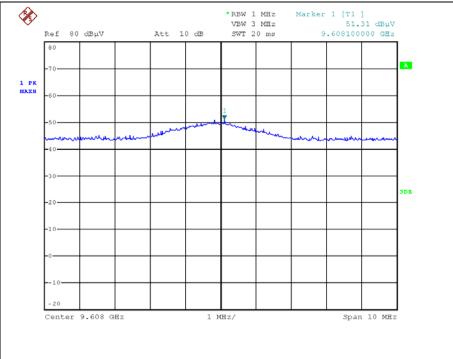


Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1







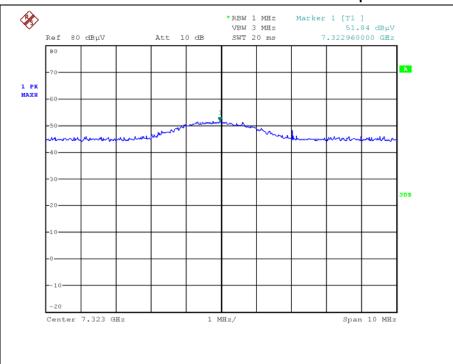




• 8DPSK _ Middle frequency

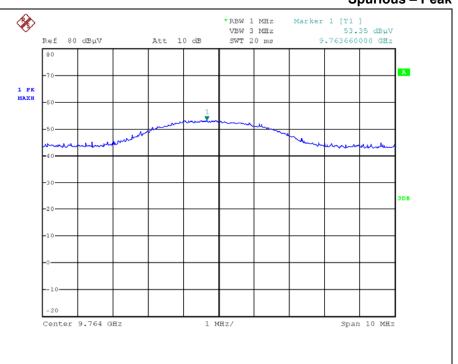
Spurious – Peak 8 *RBW 1 MHz VBW 3 MHz SWT 20 ms Marker 1 [T1] 56.02 dBµV 4.881740000 GHz Ref 80 dBµV Att 10 dB 80 à. 1 PK MAXH ż hub 481 DB Center 4.882 GHz 1 MHz/ Span 10 MHz

Spurious – Peak



Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



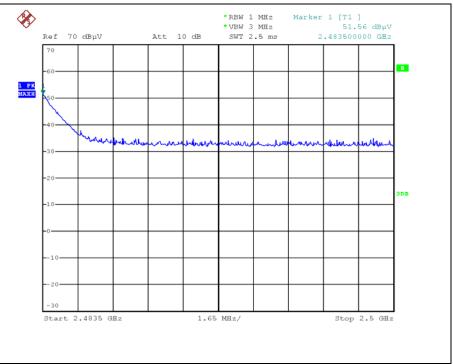


Spurious – Peak

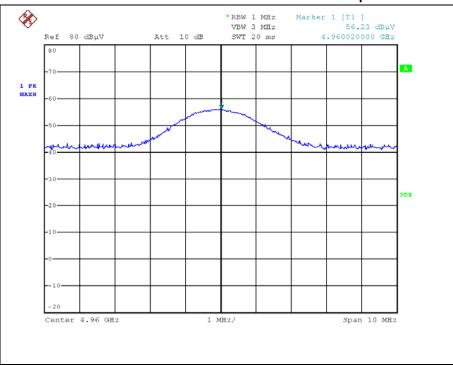


• 8DPSK _ High frequency

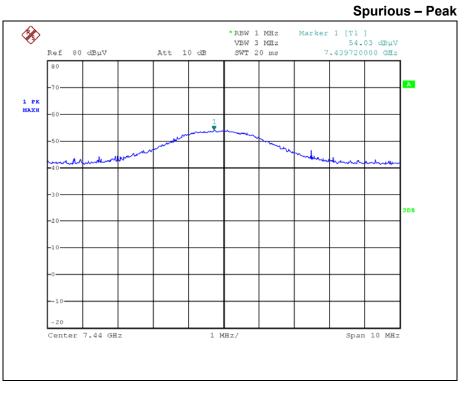




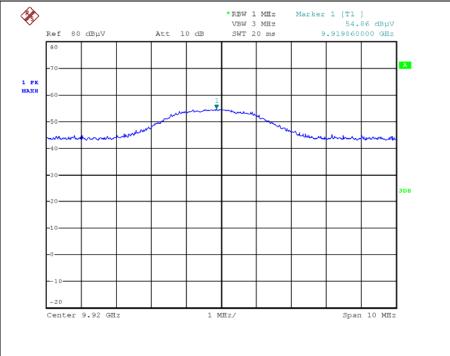
Spurious – Peak







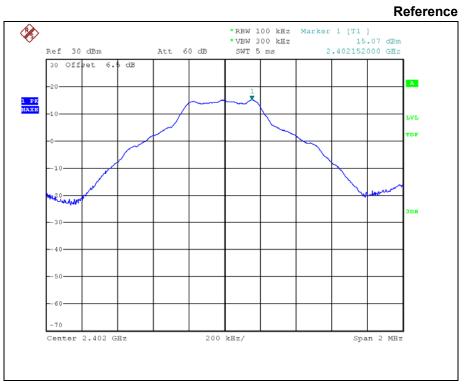




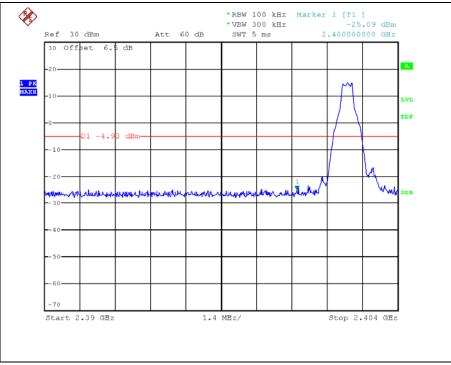


3.3.7.7 Test Plot for Conducted Spurious Emission

• GFSK _ Low frequency

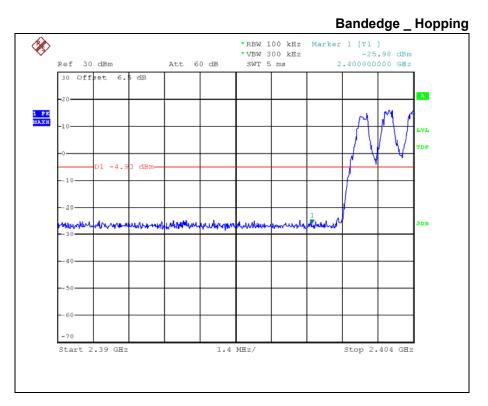


Bandedge _ Single

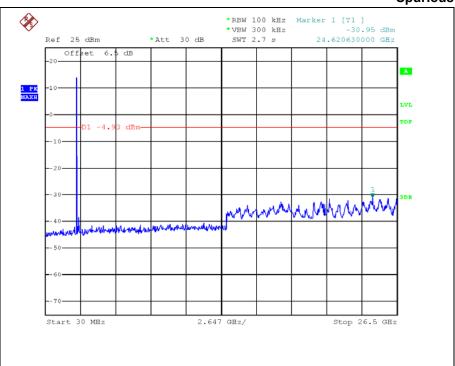


Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



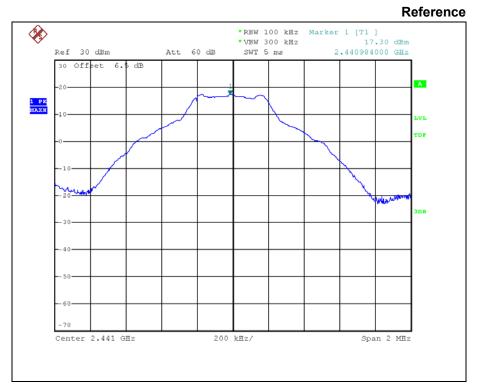




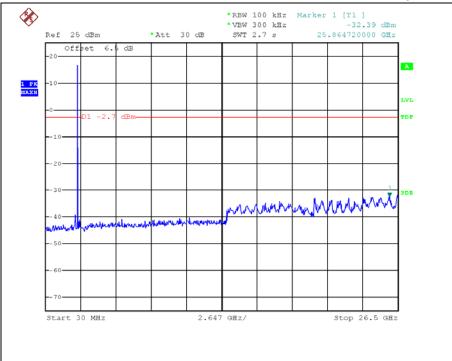




• GFSK _ Middle frequency



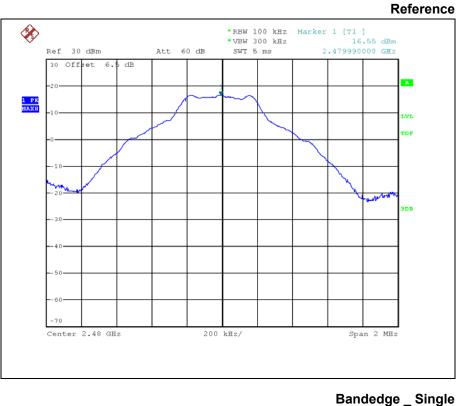
Spurious

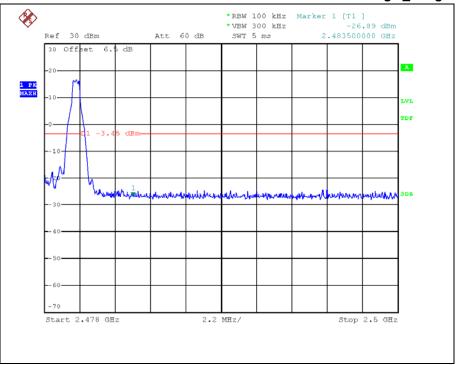


Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



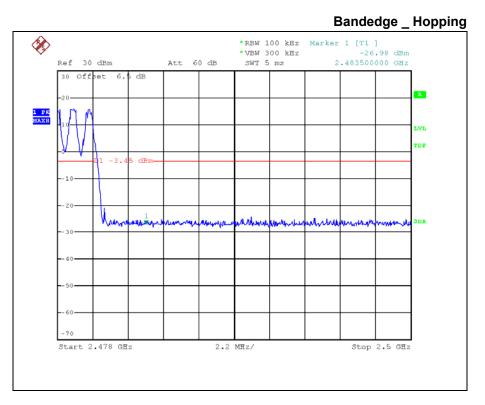
• GFSK _ High frequency



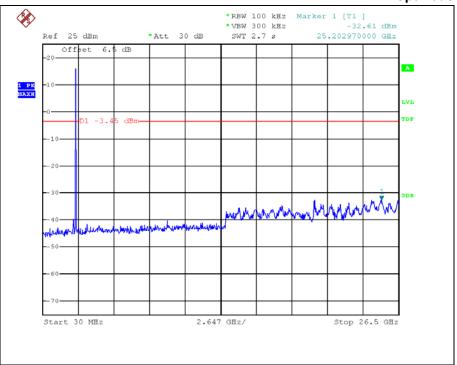


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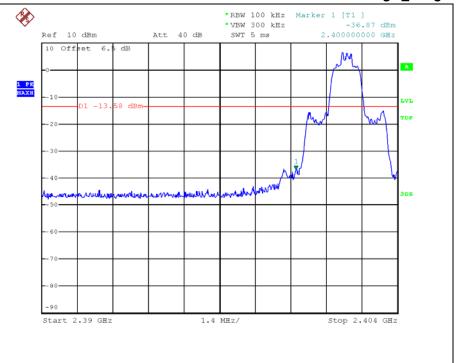




• 8DPSK _ Low frequency

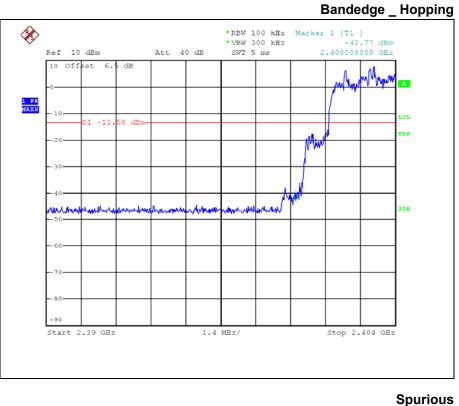
Reference \otimes *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1] *VBW 300 kHz 6.4 SWT 5 ms 2.40182200 6.42 dBm 2.401822000 GHz Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB 20 Offset 6.5 dB ж ż 1 PK MAXH LVL DF DB Center 2.402 GHz 200 kHz/ Span 2 MHz

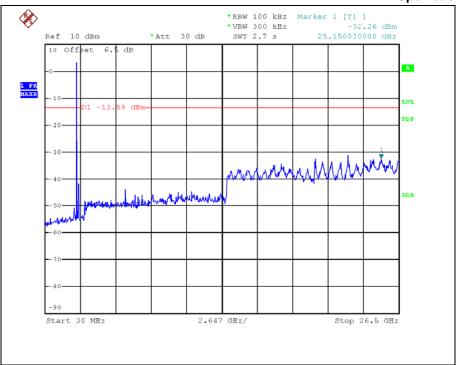
Bandedge _ Single



Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1





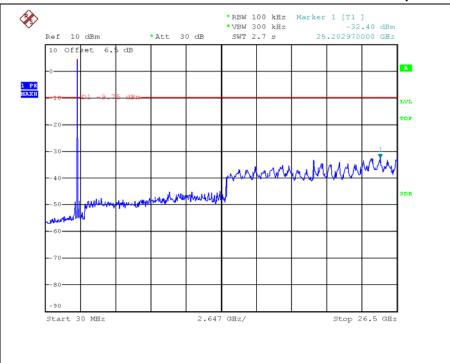




• 8DPSK _ Middle frequency

Reference 8 *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1] *VBW 300 kHz SWT 5 ms 10.25 dBm 2.440824000 GHz Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB 20 Offset 6. dB А 1 PK MAXH LVL TDF DB 80 Center 2.441 GHz 200 kHz/ Span 2 MHz

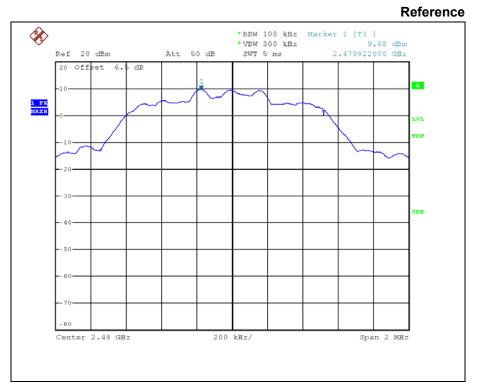
Spurious



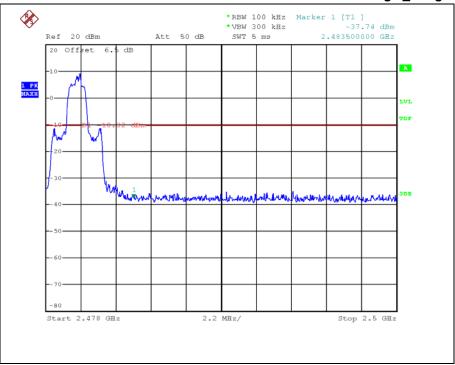
Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



• 8DPSK _ High frequency

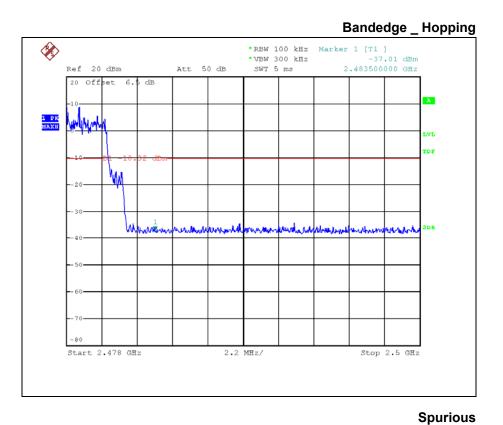


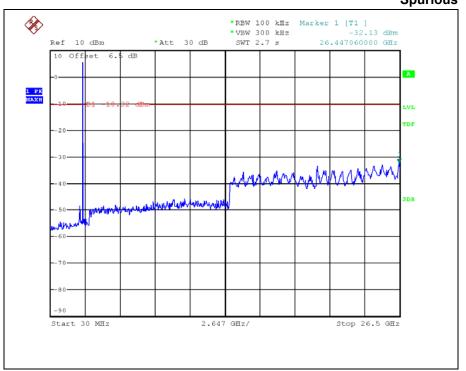
Bandedge _ Single



Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1









3.3.8 Conducted Emission

3.3.8.1 Test Setup

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

3.3.8.2 Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 k to 30 M, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

	Conducted Limit (dBuV)				
Frequency Range (Mbz)	Quasi-Peak	Average			
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *			
0.5 ~ 5	56	46			
5 ~ 30	60	50			

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

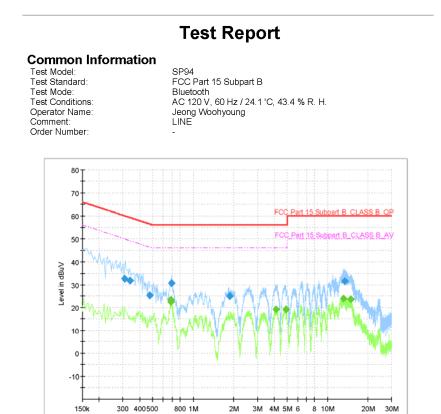
3.3.8.3 Test Procedure

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10.

- 1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



- 3.3.8.4 Test Result
- AC Line Conducted Emission (Graph)



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.308000	32.76		60.02	27.26	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.5
0.338000	31.69		59.25	27.57	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.5
0.476000	25.52		56.41	30.88	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.5
0.680000		22.62	46.00	23.38	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.5
0.684000		23.32	46.00	22.68	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.5
0.692000	30.57		56.00	25.43	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.5
1.864000	25.08		56.00	30.92	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.6
4.142000	-	19.18	46.00	26.82	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.6
4.884000	1	19.20	46.00	26.80	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.6
13.184000		23.97	50.00	26.03	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.9
13.384000	31.47		60.00	28.53	1000.0	9.000	L1	10.9
14.822000		23.86	50.00	26.14	1000.0	9.000	L1	11.0

Frequency in Hz

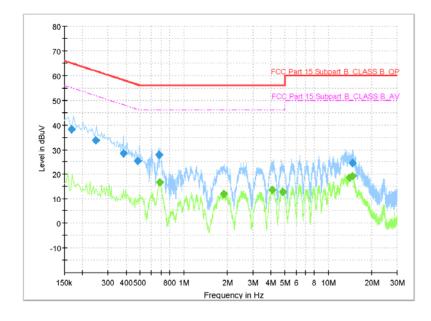
2021-05-24



Test Report

Common Information

Test Model: Test Standard: Test Mode: Test Conditions: Operator Name: Comment: Order Number: SP94 FCC Part 15 Subpart B Bluetooth AC 120 V, 60 Hz / 24.1 'C, 43.4 % R. H. Jeong Woohyoung NEUTRAL



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.168000		_`/		26.95	1000.0	9,000	N	10.4
	38.11		65.06					
0.248000	33.68		61.82	28.15	1000.0	9.000	N	10.4
0.382000	28.39		58.24	29.85	1000.0	9.000	N	10.5
0.484000	25.48		56.27	30.79	1000.0	9.000	N	10.5
0.678000	27.78		56.00	28.22	1000.0	9.000	N	10.5
0.684000		16.67	46.00	29.33	1000.0	9.000	Ν	10.5
1.886000		11.99	46.00	34.01	1000.0	9.000	N	10.6
4.104000		13.78	46.00	32.22	1000.0	9.000	Ν	10.6
4.860000		12.98	46.00	33.02	1000.0	9.000	Ν	10.6
14.066000		18.74	50.00	31.26	1000.0	9.000	Ν	11.0
14.664000		19.34	50.00	30.66	1000.0	9.000	Ν	11.0
14.760000	24.69		60.00	35.31	1000.0	9.000	Ν	11.0

2021-05-24

Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



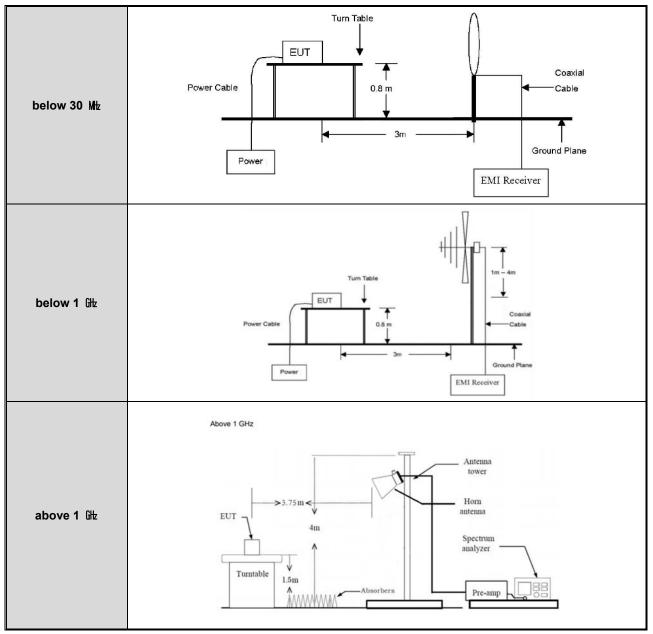
APPENDIX I

TEST SETUP

Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



• Radiated Measurement



• Conducted Measurement

Conducted	EUT	Attenuator	Spectrum Analyzer

Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



APPENDIX II

TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS

Test Repot No.: NW2106-F001-1



	Description	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Model No.	Cal. Date	Next Cal. Date
1	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	100617	FSP40	2021-03-09	2022-03-09
2	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	100250	FSU26	2020-09-22	2021-09-22
3	Triple Output DC Power Supply	Agilent	MY40038816	E3631A	2021-03-09	2022-03-09
4	Power supply	GWInstek	EH120798	PST-3202	2021-03-09	2022-03-09
5	Humi./Baro/Temp. data recorder	Lutron	38420	MHB-382SD	2020-11-13	2021-11-13
6	USB Peak & Average Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	MY58140003	U2044XA	2020-09-02	2021-09-02
7	8360B SERIES SWEPT SIGNAL GENERATOR	HP	3614A00312	83640B	2020-12-30	2021-12-30
8	LOOP-ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	00124	FMZB1519 B	2019-06-27	2021-06-27
9	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	01027	VULB 9168	2021-06-08	2023-06-08
10	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	02087	BBHA 9120D	2021-06-02	2022-06-02
11	Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	00938	BBHA 9170	2021-06-01	2022-06-01
12	Amplifier	TESTEK	190007-L	TK-PA18H	2021-05-24	2022-05-24
13	Amplifier	TESTEK	190008-L	TK-PA1840H	2021-05-28	2022-05-28
14	ATTENUATOR	INMET	279465	40AH2W	2020-07-28	2021-07-28
15	ATTENUATOR	Weinschel	none	WA41/12-30-12	2021-03-09	2022-03-09
16	High Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	1741	VHF-3100+	2021-03-09	2022-03-09
17	High Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	1732	VHF-8400+	2021-03-09	2022-03-09
18	LISN	Schwarzbeck	00984	NSLK 8127	2021-05-27	2022-05-27
19	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	102116	ESRP3	2021-05-27	2022-05-27