# **WS0376 Professional WiFi Weather Station**

# **User Manual**

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### 1.Introduction

Thank you for your purchase of the Professional WIFI Wireless Weather Station. The following user guide provides step by step instructions for installation, operation and troubleshooting.

## 2. Warnings and Cautions

•• Warning: Any metal object may attract a lightning strike, including your weather station mounting pole. Never install the weather station in a storm.

•• Warning: Installing your weather station in a high location may result in injury or death. Perform as much of the initial check out and operation on the ground and inside a building or home. Only install the weather station on a clear, dry day.

## 3. Getting Started

The weather station consists of a display console, a sensor array with Integrated Outdoor Sensors, one remote thermo-hygrometer sensor and mounting hardware.

### 3.1 Parts List

The weather station consists of the following parts (as referenced in Figure 1).

QTY	Item	Image
1	Display Console Frame Dimensions (LxHxW): 193X140X28mm LCD Dimensions (LxW): 160X93mm	36 27 69 568 1 235 (82) (450 22) (52) 8, 22, 524 1 (40)
1	Integrated Outdoor Transmitter Dimensions: 13x11x5.9 inch (330x280x150mm)	
1	Remote Thermo-hygrometer Transmitter Dimensions: 2.95x2.1x0.87inch (75x53x22mm)	
1	Foot Mounting (with pole insert) Dimensions: 4x3x1.5inch (101x76x37mm)	2. 8
1	Mounting Bracket Back Plate (pole mount) Dimensions: 3x2.96x0.79inch (76x75x20mm)	Control Contro

QTY	Item	Image
1	Mounting Pole Dimensions: 11.8x1.18x0.79inch (300x30x20mm)	
2	Pole mounting nuts (M3) / bolts Ø3)	
4	Pole mounting nuts (M5) / bolts (Ø5)	
4	Tapping screws	
1	Manual	The same of the sa

QTY	Item	Image
1	Power Adapter	

Figure 1

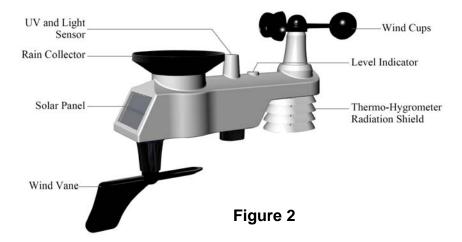
### 3.2 Recommend Tools

- Precision screwdriver (for small Phillips screws)
- Compass or GPS (for wind direction calibration)
- Adjustable Wrench
- Hammer and nail for hanging remote Thermo-hygrometer transmitter.

## 3.3 Sensor Assembly Set Up

Note: The outdoor sensor array must be powered and updating before powering up the console, or the console will stop scanning and connecting with the sensors.

The following illustration shows the full segment of integrated outdoor sensor including Thermo-Hygrometer, Wind, Rain, UV and Sunlight sensor, as shown in Figure 2.



## 3.3.1 Install Integrated Outdoor Sensor Batter.

Locate the battery door on the bottom of transmitter as show in Figure 3.

Note: Do not install the batteries backwards. You can permanently damage the outdoor sensors. The solar panel does not charge the batteries, so rechargeable batteries are not recommended.

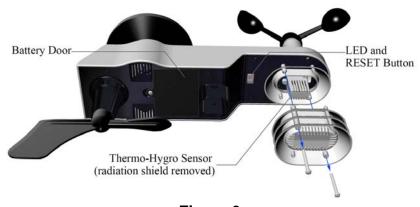


Figure 3

Remove the battery door on the back of the sensor by removing the set screw, as show in Figure 4.



Figure 4

Inserting 3 AA fresh batteries as show in Figure 5. Close the battery door. Make sure that the gasket (around the battery compartment) is properly seated in its trace prior to closing the door and Tighten the set screw.

Note: We recommend installing Lithium AA batteries for outdoor sensors in cold weather environments

The Integrated outdoor sensor LED indicator(White button) will light for 3 seconds, and then flash once per 16 seconds thereafter. Each time it flashes, the sensor is transmitting data.



Figure 5

Note: If the sensor does not power up after inserting the batteries, press the reset button as shown in Figure 6.

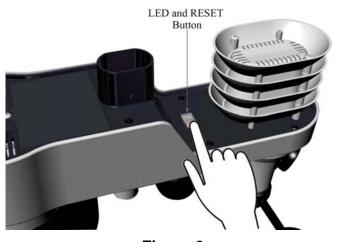


Figure 6

## 3.3.2 Install Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Battery.

Remove the battery door on the back of the sensor, as shown in Figure 7.



Figure 7

1. **BEFORE** inserting the batteries, locate the dip switches on the inside cover of the lid of the transmitter.

The **Figure 8** displays all four switches in The OFF position (factory default setting).

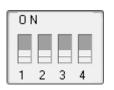


Figure 8

- 2. **Channel Number:** The weather station supports up to eight transmitters. To set each channel number (the default is Channel 1), change Dip Switches 1, 2 and 3, as referenced in Table 1.
- 3. **Temperature Units of Measure:** To change the transmitter display units of measure (°F vs. °C), change Dip Switch 4 as referenced in Table 1.

DIP SWITCH			FUNCTION	
1	2	3	4	TONOTION
DOWN	DOWN	DOWN		Channel 1
DOWN	DOWN	UP		Channel 2
DOWN	UP	DOWN		Channel 3
DOWN	UP	UP		Channel 4
UP	DOWN	DOWN		Channel 5
UP	DOWN	UP		Channel 6
UP	UP	DOWN		Channel 7
UP	UP	UP		Channel 8
			DOWN	° F
			UP	° C

Table 1

4. Insert two AAA batteries. (with the negative terminal of the battery in contact with each spring). Lithium batteries are recommended for cold weather environments., as shown in Figure 7.

- 5. After inserting the new batteries, the remote sensor LED indicator will light for 4 seconds, and then flash once per 60 seconds thereafter. Each time it flashes, the remote sensor is transmitting data.
- 6. Verify the correct channel number (CH) and temperature units of measure (°F vs. °C) are on the display, as shown in Figure 9.
- (1) temperature
- (2) temperature units
- (°F vs. °C)
- (3) channel number
- (4) relative humidity



Figure 9

- 7. Close the battery door and and Make sure the door is closed properly.
- 8. Each time you change the temperature unit and the channel, You have to take out of batteries firstly before switching C/F button and Channel, otherwise when batteries installed the switch of C/F button will not be effective.

Note: We recommend fresh lithium batteries for sensors.

When outdoor temperature is lower than -4°F (-20°C), the battery might not work properly.

# 3.4 Display Console

## 3.4.1 Layout of Display Console

The following illustration shows the full segment LCD display for feature description purposes only in Figure 10, and will not appear like this during normal operation.

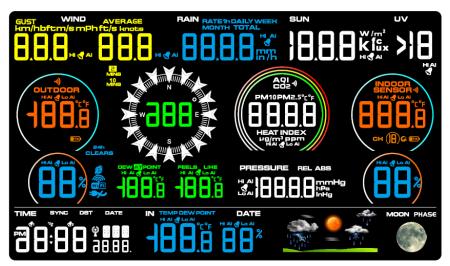


Figure 10

FIÇ	jure 10
1.Time and date	20.Scroll mode indicator
2.Time alarm icon	21.Channel 1-8 indicator
3.Internet SYNC Time icon	22. Sensor outdoor transmitter
4.Indoor temp and humidity	Low power indicator
display	23.Temperature units (°F or °C)
5.Indoor temperature and	24.Humidity units of measure
humidity HI/LO alarm icon	(%)
6.Weather forecast icon	25. Pressure (REL and ABS)
7.Moon Phase icon	display
8.Outdoor temp and humidity	26. Pressure units of measure
display	27. Pressure Hi/Lo Alarm icon

9.Outdoor 28.Air quality index CO temperature and humidity HI/LO alarm icon 29. Air quality index CO units 10.Reception signal Icon 30. Air Quality index CO High 11.Min/Max reset for 24h icon Alarm 31. Wind gust and average 12.WiFi network signal icon 13.Wind direction (N,W, S, E) 32. Wind speed units of measure 14. Wind direction value display 15.Outdoor temp dew point and 33. Wind gust HI/Lo alarm icon feels like display 34. Rainfall display (RATE, 24h, 16.Outdoor temp dew point, AT WEEK, MONTH, TOTAL) and feels like high/low icon 35.Rainfall units of measure 17.Integrated outdoor sensor 36.Rain Hi Alarm Low power indicator 37.UV Index display 38.UV Hi Alarm icon 18. Sensor temp and humidity 39. Sunshine intensity display 19. Sensor temp and humidity 40. Sunlight units of measure high/low icon 41. Sunlight Hi Alarm icon

### 3.4.2 Setup the Display Console

### 1. Plug in the display console with power adapter.

**BL ON** will display in the time area for three seconds when powered up. Conversely, The **AC OFF** icon will display .

Note: It is recommended to plug in the power adapter to reduce the battery consumption and extend the service life. The console will instantly display indoor temperature, humidity, Air Quality Index CO2, air pressure, weather forecast, moon phase, time and date.



## 2. Display Console Batteries Installation

Remove the battery door on the back of the display, as shown in Figure 11. Install three AAA (alkaline or lithium)) batteries. The display will beep once and layout of display will light up for a few seconds to verify all segments are operating properly.



Figure 11

Replace the battery door, and unfold out the desk stand to place the console in the upright position

Note: The battery is a back-up of weather station console, saving console settings when powered off from adapter.

## 3.4.3 Connect Sensors with Display Console

Once the display console is powered up, it will automatically scan all the nearby Integrated Outdoor sensors and the Thermo-hygrometer Sensors.

Note: Do not press any button until all the remote sensors report in the display screen, otherwise the display console will terminate to connect with remote sensors.

Note: While in the search mode, the remote search icon will be constantly displayed until all the measured values received. The console will automatically switch to the normal mode from which all further settings can be performed.

When connected with the Integrated Outdoor Sensor, the measured value (Outdoor temperature, humidity, wind direction, wind gust and average, rainfall, UV and Sunlight index, Dew point and feels like) will show up on the display console.

When connected with the Thermo-hygrometer Sensor, the measured value (Sensor temperature, humidity) will show up on right bottom of the display console.

If you have more than one thermo-hygrometer sensors, the display will automatically toggle between sensors until all sensors have reported in.

Note: Make sure that the distance between weather station sensors and display console should be within 10ft (3m) to 100ft (30m). If the weather station sensors is too close or too far away, it may not receive a proper signal. If you have more than one Thermo-hygrometer sensor, make sure that they are all powered up and transmitting on different channels.

## 3.5 Sensor Operation Verification

The following steps verify proper operation of the sensors prior to install the sensor array.

- 1. Verify proper operation of the rain gauge. Tip the Integrated outdoor sensor back and forth several times. You will heard a "ticking" sound within the rain gauge. Verify the rain reading on the display console is not reading 0.00. Each "ticking" represents 0.1 inch of rainfall.
- 2. **Verify proper operating of the wind speed.** Rotate the wind cups manually or with a constant speed fan. Verify the wind speed is not reading 0.0.
- 3. Verify proper operation of in/outdoor temperature. Verify the indoor and outdoor temperature match closely with the console and sensor array in the same location (about 5 to 10' (1.5 to 3 meters) apart). The sensors should be within  $4^{\circ}$ F /2°C (the accuracy is  $\pm$  2°F/1°C). Allow about 30 minutes for both sensors to stabilize.
- **4. Verify proper operation of in/outdoor humidity.** Verify the indoor and outdoor humidity. Verify the indoor and outdoor

humidity match closely with the console and sensor array in the same location (about 5 to 10' (1.5 to 3 meters) apart). The sensors should be within 10% (the accuracy is  $\pm$  5%). Allow about 30 minutes for both sensors to stabilize.

### 3.6 WiFi Connection Guide

For weather station models with WiFi function, you can start to set up wifi connection and weather data uploading. For details of this part, please refer to the separate "WiFi Setup Guide" Manual.

### 4. Sensors Pre-installation

### 4.1 Test the Sensors Before Installation

Recommend to operate and test the weather station for one week before installing it in the permanent location. In this period, you can check out all of the functions, ensure proper operation, and familiarize with the professional weather station and calibration procedures. This will also allow you to test the wireless range of the weather station.

## 4.2 Site Survey Before Before Installation

Do a site survey before installing the weather station. Take the following points into Consider:

1. **Clean the rain gauge** once per year (obstacles inside will affect the accurate), and change the batteries every two years. Provide as easy access as possible to the weather station.

- 2. **Avoid radiant heat** transfer from buildings and structures. In general, install the sensor array at least 5ft (1.5m) from any building, structure, ground, or roof top.
- 3. **Avoid wind and rain obstructions.** The rule of thumb is to install the sensor array at least four times the distance of the height of the tallest obstruction. For example, if the building is 20ft (6m) tall, install 4 x (20 6)' = 56ft (17m) away. Use common sense. If the weather station is installed next to a tall building, the wind and rain will not be accurate.
- 4. **Wireless Range.** The radio communication between display console and transmitter in an open field can reach a distance of up to 330ft (100m), assume there are no interfering obstacles such as buildings, trees, vehicles, high voltage lines. Wireless radio signals will not penetrate metal buildings. Most wireless applications will only reach up to100ft (30m) due to building obstructions, walls and interference.
- 5. Radio interference such as PCs, radios or TV sets can, in the worst case, entirely cut off radio communication. Please take this into consideration when choosing display console or mounting locations.

### 4.3 Best Practices for Wireless Communication

Wireless communication is susceptible to other interference, such as distance, walls and metal barriers. We recommend the following best and useful practices for trouble-free wireless communication.

- 1. **Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI)**. Keep the console several feet away from computer monitors and TVs.
- 2. Radio Frequency Interference (RFI). If you have other 433 MHz devices and communication is intermittent, try turning

off these other devices for troubleshooting purposes. You may need to relocate the wireless transmitters or receivers to avoid intermittent communication.

- 3. **Line of Sight Rating.** This device is rated at 300ft line of sight (no interference, barriers or walls) but typically you will get 100ft maximum under most real-world installations, which include passing through barriers or walls.
- 4. **Metal Barriers.** Radio frequency will not pass through metal barriers such as aluminum siding. If you have metal siding, align the remote and console through a window to get a clear line of sight.

The following is a table of reception loss vs. the transmission medium. Each "wall" or obstruction decreases the transmission range by the factor shown below.

Medium	RF Signal Strength Reduction
Glass (untreated)	5-15%
Plastics	10-15%
Wood	10-40%
Brick	10-40%
Concrete	40-80%
Metal	90-100%

## 5. Final Installation of Sensors

## 5.1 Integrated Outdoor Sensor Installation

This Professional Weather Station can be used in both the Northern and Southern Hemispheres. Prior to installation, you will need to calibrate the wind direction.

Note: There are four alphabet letter of N, E, S and W around the wind direction.(N is North, E is East, S is South, W is West)

# Northern Hemispheres Northern Hemispheres Northern Hemispheres AFRICA AFRICA AFRICA AUSTRALIA AUSTRALIA ANTARCTICA

**Southern Hemispheres** 

## 5.1.1 Northern Hemispheres (NOR) References.

The cardinal directions (N, S, E, W) molded on the body of the outdoor sensor are indicators for the Northern Hemisphere only.

**Step 1:** There is a "S" indicator on the wind vane that indicates South, as shown in Figure 12. Check the wind directions with compass and Align this "S" marker in the direction of South.

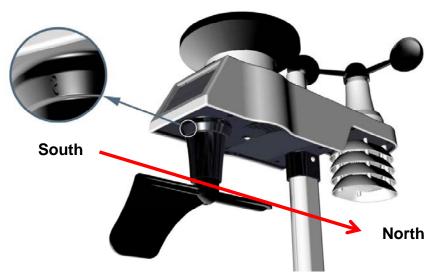


Figure 12

**Step 2:** Console operation set to Northern Hemispheres( **NOR** in the time area) in Location division. (Check the detailed step of setting the time area in the part 17 of Chapter 7.2)

## 5.1.2 Southern Hemispheres (NOR) References.

For Southern Hemisphere installations, ignore the direction (N, S, E, W), and face **the solar panel to the North** (and in a sunny position) when it comes to install the Integrated outdoor sensor, as show in figure 13.

**Step 1:** Install the Integrated outdoor transmitter and face the solar panel to the North.

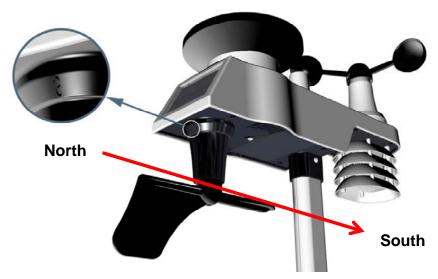


Figure 13

**Step 2:** Console operation set to Southern Hemispheres (**SOU** in the time area) in Location division. (Check the detailed step of setting the time area in the part 17 of Chapter 7.2)

Note: The location division (NOR or SOU) on the Display Console and the directions of the sensor have to be adjusted to match with your real location.

If the wind direction sensor is not positioned correctly during installation, permanent wind direction error will be introduced.

### 5.1.3 Mounting & Fixing the Sensor Horizontally

Fasten the integrated outdoor sensor to the mounting pole brackets with two foot-mounting screws Ø3 bolts and M3 nuts.

Then, tighten the mounting pole to your existing mounting pole with the four bolts ( $\emptyset$ 5) and nuts (M5), or fix it on the flat surface with four tapping screws, as show in Figure 14.



Figure 14

## **5.1.4 Mounting & Fixing the Sensor Vertically**

Fasten the integrated outdoor sensor to the mounting pole brackets with two foot-mounting screws Ø3 bolts and M3 nuts.

Then, tighten the mounting pole to your existing mounting pole with the four bolts ( $\emptyset$ 5) and nuts (M5), or fix it on the flat surface with four tapping screws, as show in Figure 15.



Figure 15

## 5.2 Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Installation

It is recommended you mount the Thermo-hygrometer sensor outside in a shaded area.

Note: The North facing wall is preferred because it is in the shade most of the day. The Direct sunlight and radiant heat sources will result an inaccurate temperature readings.

The sensor is water resistant, it is best to mount in a well protected area, such as under an eve. Use a screw or nail (not included) to affix the remote sensor to the wall, the sensor can also lay flat or on the table, as shown in Figure 16.

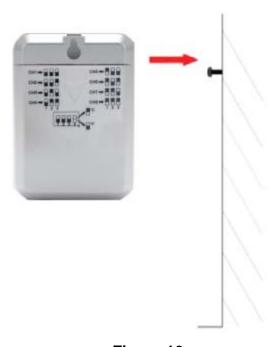


Figure 16

# 6. Low Battery Icon

A low battery indicator icon is shown in the display window for thermo-hygrometer sensor or integrated outdoor sensor.

When the low battery icon appears (The thermo-hygrometer battery voltage is lower than 2.4V. The Integrated outdoor sensor battery voltage is lower than 3.6V), replace the batteries in the sensor with fresh batteries.

Be sure to never mix old and new batteries, and never mix battery types such as alkaline and lithium together.

# 7. Display Console Operation

## 7.1 Quick Display Mode

Note: The display console has five keys for easy operation: MAX/MIN/- key, ALARM key, SET key, CHANNEL/+ and SNOOZE/LIGHT key.

Note: To exit the Quick Display Mode at any time, press the SNOOZE key of the display console.

While in Normal Mode, press (do not hold) the **SET** key to enter the Quick Display Mode as follows:

- Once for time, time/week and date,
- ◆ Twice for indoor temperature
- ◆ Three for rainfall
- ◆ Four for outdoor dew point temperature

- Five for wind average
- ♦ Six for pressure
- Seven for CO display of console.
- 1.**Time, Time/Week and Date.** Press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/* key to toggle between time, time/week and date.
- **2. Indoor Temperature.** Press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/* key to toggle between temperature and dew point.
- 3. **Rainfall.** Press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/* key to toggle between rate, daily, week, month and total. To clear the total rain, press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/*-

button until total rain is displayed. The total rain will flash. Press and hold the *SET* button for five seconds until total rain reads 0.0.

- **4. Outdoor Dew Point.** Press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/*-key to toggle between AT (Apparent Temperature) and dew point.
- **5. Wind Average.** Press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/* key to toggle between current, 2mins and 10 minutes.
- 6. **Absolute Pressure and Relative Pressure.** Press the *CHANNEL*/+ or *MAX/MIN*/- key to toggle between absolute pressure and relative pressure.
- **7. Air Quality Index.** Press the CHANNEL/+ or MIN/MAX/- key to toggle between CO , or AQI scroll mode(The AQI icon will always displayed).

# 7.2 Set (Program) Mode

While in Normal Mode, <u>press and hold</u> the *SET* key for at least three seconds to enter the Set Mode. The first setting will begin flashing. You can press the *SET* key again to skip any step, as defined below.

Note: In the Set mode, press the CHANNEL/+ key or MAX/MIN/- key to change or scroll the setting value. Hold the CHANNEL/+ key or MAX/MIN/- key for three seconds to increase/decrease rapidly.

Note: To exit the Set mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE** button of the display console.

- **1. Time SYNC(default: ON).** Press the *SET* key again to set the network time sync. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to switch between SYNC time ON/OFF of measure. Synchronize the time of the device with WiFi.
- 2. **12/24 Hour Format (default: 24h).** Press the *SET* key again to adjust the 12/24 hour format setting (FMT). Press the *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key to change between 12 hour and 24 hour format.
- 3. **Change Hour.** press the *SET* key again to set the hour. Press the *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key to adjust the hour up or down. During afternoon hours the PM icon will display.
- 4. **Change Minute.** Press the *SET* key again to set the minute. Press the *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key key to adjust the minute up or down.

- **5. Date Format (default: MM-DD). Press** the *SET* key again to enter the Day/Month format mode. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ or *MAX/MIN/* key to switch between MM-DD-YY, DD-MM-YY.
- 6. **Change Month.** Press the *SET* key again to set the calendar month. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to adjust the calendar month.
- 7. **Change Day.** Press the *SET* key again to set the calendar day. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to adjust the calendar day.
- 8. **Change Year.** Press the *SET* key again to set the calendar year. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to adjust the calendar year.
- 9. **Max/Min Clearing (default: ON)**. Press the *SET* key again to set the Max/Min clearing mode (CLR). The Max/Min can be programmed to clear daily (at midnight) or manually. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to switch between ON (Clears 24h) and OFF (Manually).
- 10. **Temperature Units of Measure (default: °F):**. Press the *SET* key again to change the temperature units of measure. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to switch between °F and °C units of measure.
- 11. **Wind Speed Units of Measure (default: Mph)**. Press the *SET* key again to change the wind speed units of measure . Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to toggle the wind speed units between m/s, km/h, mph, knots, bft or ft/s.
- **12. Rainfall Units of Measure (default: Inch)**. Press the *SET* key again to change the Rainfall units of measure. Press *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key to toggle the rainfall units between mm and inch.

- 13. **Barometric Pressure Display Units(default: InHg)**. Press the *SET* key again to change the pressure units of measure. Press the *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key to toggle the pressure units between mmhg, inHg or hPa.
- 14. **Pressure Threshold Setting (default level 2).** Press the *SET* key again to change the pressure threshold. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to change pressure threshold 2 hPa to 4 hPa. (For detailed information of this part please refer to 10.5)
- 15. **Weather Icons Setting (default: partly cloudy).** Press the *SET* key again to change the initial weather icon. Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/* key to select the initial weather icon of Sunny, Cloudy, Partly Cloudy or Rainy. (For detailed information of this part please refer to 10.2)
- 16. **Sunlight Display Units (default: lux)**. Press the *SET* key again to change the sunlight units of measure. Press the *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key to toggle the sunlight units between , W/m², fc or lux.
- 17. Location Division. (default: Northern Hemisphere). Press the *SET* key again to change the location division. Press the *CHANNEL*/+ key or *MAX/MIN*/- key to toggle the position of the earth Northern Hemisphere (NOR) or Southern Hemisphere (SOU). (Refer to 5.0 Final Installation of Sensors)
- 18. **LEV 1 AQI CO**. (default: CO = 700ppm,). Press the *SET* key again to set the LEV1 CO . Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or MAX/MIN/- key to adjust the value of LEV1 CO . (Refer to 10.5 .1)

19. **LEV 2 AQI CO .(default: CO =1000ppm).** Press the *SET* key again to set the LEV2 CO . Press the *CHANNEL/*+ key or *MAX/MIN/*- key to adjust the value of LEV2 CO . (Refer to 10.5 .1)

### 7.3 Channel Selection Mode

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ button to switch the sensor display between remote thermo-hygrometer sensors 1 through 8, and scroll mode **G**. In scroll mode, all of the detected thermo-hygrometer sensors will be displayed in five second intervals.

Note: Only when have more than one thermo-hygrometer sensor connected with the display console could activate this features.

### 7.4 Sensors Search Mode

If a sensor loses communication, dashes (--.-) will be displayed. If a specific channel is lost, press the **CHANNEL/+** button to display that channel prior to entering the search mode.

To reacquire the lost signal, press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** button for 3 seconds to enter the sensor search mode.

The icon **AIO** will appear in the time area. You can synchronize one or all of individual sensors. press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to toggle between the following sensors:

◆ AIO. Synchronizes Integrated outdoor transmitter

- ◆ CH\*. Synchronizes Channel 1-8 Sensors (dependent on which channel is displayed before entering the Sensor Search Mode).
- ◆ ALL. Synchronizes All Sensors.
- ◆ NOT. Do nothing and exit the Sensor Search Mode.

After selecting one of the above options, press the **SET/MODE** key to re-sync, and the display will return to normal mode. **Do not press any buttons** until the synchronization is complete. The remote search icon will display constantly for 3 minutes until the signal is reacquired.

## 7.5 Max/Min Viewing and Reset Mode

## 7.5.1 Max Record Viewing and Reset

Note: If you own more than one thermo-hygrometer sensor, the minimum and maximum value of all sensors will be cleared in the reset mode.

In normal mode, press (do not hold) the *MAX/MIN/-* key, the **MAX** icon will be displayed in date area.

Press the **SET** key to view Max values of rainfall (rate, 24h, week or month), wind (Gust and Average), pressure (ABS or REL), UV and Sunlight, outdoor temp and humidity (Dew Point, AT and feels like), CO , indoor temp and humidity and sensor temperature and humidity.

Press the **CHANNEL/+** button to switch the display between remote thermo-hygrometer sensors 1 through 8 to view Max values.

Press the **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to clear all Max values.(Rainfall, wind speed, wind gust, pressure, temperature and humidity maximum values).

Press the **SNOOZE** or **MAX/MIN/-** key to exit the min/max checking and reset mode, return to normal display mode.

Note: The Maximum values will display the current values after reset.

### 7.5.2 Min Record Viewing and Reset

Press the *MAX/MIN/*- key again (do not hold), the **MIN** icon will be displayed. Press the *SET* key to view Min values of pressure (ABS or REL), CO , outdoor temperature and humidity(Dew Point, AT and feels like), indoor temperature and humidity, sensor temperature and humidity.

Press the **CHANNEL/+** button to switch the display between remote thermo-hygrometer sensors 1 through 8 to view Min values.

Press the **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to clear all Min values.(pressure, temperature and humidity minimum values).

Press the **SNOOZE** or **MAX/MIN/-** key to exit the min/max checking and reset mode, return to normal display mode.

Note: The Minimum values will display the current values after reset.

### 7.6 Snooze Mode

If the alarm sounds, and you wish to silence the alarm, press the **SNOOZE** key, the backlight will turn on. The alarm icon will continue to flash and the alarm will silence for five minute.

Press any key (*MIN/MAX,SET,ALARM,CHANNEL*) to permanently exit the *Snooze* mode.

## 7.7 Backlight Mode

### 7.7.1 Adjustable Brightness of Backlight

There are 3 levels of brightness of display backlight. When the backlight is on, press **SNOOZE** key to switch between the 3 levels.

When backlight is off, press and hold the **SNOOZE** key for three seconds, the backlight will turn on permanently, and **BL ON** icon will be displayed for three seconds in the date area.

To turn off the display backlight at any time, press and hold the **SNOOZE** key for two seconds. **BL OFF** icon will be displayed for three seconds in the date area.

Note: If the display console plugged into AC adapter power, the time area will display AC ON and the backlight will remain on. It is not recommended leaving the display backlight on for a long period of time when operating on batteries only, or the batteries will run out quickly.

Note: The backlight operation is different when operating on batteries to save power.

If the display console only powered by batter, and backlight is off, Press the SNOOZE/LIGHT button once. The backlight will turn on for five seconds, and if no operation is performed for three seconds, the backlight will turn off.

### 8. Alarm Mode

The weather station includes the following alarms:

- ◆ Time (Alarm 1 and Alarm 2) ◆ Absolute Pressure
- Outdoor Temperature
- Outdoor Humidity
- Outdoor AT(Apparent Temperature)
- Outdoor Dew Point
- Outdoor Feels Like Temperature
- Wind Gust
- Wind Average
- ◆ Rate Rainfall
- ◆ 24 Hour Rainfall

- ◆ Relative Pressure
- Indoor Temperature
- ◆ Indoor Humidity
- ◆ Indoor Dew Point
- ◆ UV Index
- Sunlight
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Temperature
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Humidity
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Dew Point
- ◆ CO

# 8.1 Alarm Triggered

When an alarm condition is exceed, the alarm icon will flash (visual) and the alarm beeper will sound (audible). To silence the beeper, press any key.

## 8.2 View High/Low Alarms Value

To view the current alarm settings, press the **ALARM** key to enter the alarm mode. HI AL 1 will be displayed in the date area. At the same time Alarm 1 time and HI alarm parameters of indoor temperature and humidity, outdoor temperature and humidity, rain rate, AT, feels like, wind gust, wind average, absolute pressure, UV index, Sunlight, CO , Sensor(CH1) temp humidity and dew point are displayed.

Press **SET** key to view Alarm 2 time and HI alarm parameters of indoor dew point, 24h rainfall, outdoor dew point, relative pressure, and Sensor(CH1) heat index.

Press **ALARM** key again to view the LOW alarms along with the alarm clock time in the same way as HI alarms.

Press **ALARM** key again to return to normal mode.

Note: Press the **SNOOZE** key at any time to return to the normal mode in HI/Low alarm mode.

## 8.3 Setting the Alarms

Press **ALARM** key to enter the HI alarm mode, press **ALARM** key again to enter the Low alarm mode.

In Alarm mode, Press and hold the *SET* key for three seconds. The first alarm parameter will begin flashing (alarm hour).

To save the alarm setting and proceed to the next alarm parameter, Press (do not hold) the **SET** key.

To adjust the alarm parameter, press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to increase or decrease the alarm settings, or press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease the alarm settings rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to turn on (the alarm icon will appear) and off the alarm.

Press the **SNOOZE** key once at any time to return to the normal mode. After 30 seconds of inactivity, the alarm mode will time out and return to normal mode.

The following is a list of the individual alarm parameters that are set (in order):

1.Alarm hour(alarm 1) 19. Absolute pressure HI alarm 2.Alarm minute(alarm 1) 20. Absolute pressure low alarm 3.Alarm hour(alarm 2) 21.Relative pressure HI alarm 4.Alarm minute(alarm 2) 22. Relative pressure low alarm 5. Outdoor temp HI alarm 23.Indoor temp HI alarm 6.Outdoor temp low alarm 24.Indoor temp low alarm 7. Outdoor humidity HI alarm 25.Indoor humidity HI alarm 8.Outdoor humidity low alarm 26.Indoor humidity low alarm 9. Outdoor AT high alarm 27.Indoor dew point HI alarm 10.Outdoor AT low alarm 28.Indoor dew point low alarm 11.Outdoor dew point HI alarm 29.UV Index HI alarm 12. Outdoor dew point low alar 30.Sunlight HI alarm 13.Outdoor feels like HI alarm 31.CH1 Temp HI alarm 14.Outdoor feels like low alarn 32.CH1 Temp low alarm 15.Wind Gust HI alarm 33.CH1 Humidity HI alarm 16.Wind Average HI alarm 34.CH1 Humidity low alarm 17.Rainfall (RATE) HI alarm 35.AQI CO high alarm 18.Rainfall (24h) HI alarm

Note: To prevent repetitive temperature alarming, there is a 0.9 °F(0.5°C) tolerance band. For example, if you set the high alarm to 80.0°F(26.7°C) and silence the alarm, the alarm icon will continue to flash until the temperature falls below 80.0°F (26.7°C), at which point, the alarm will reset and must increase above 80.0°F(26.7°C) to activate again.

Note: To prevent repetitive alarming of humidity, there is a 4% tolerance band in humidity alarm. For example, if you set the high alarm to 60% and silence the alarm, the alarm icon will continue to flash until the humidity falls below 56%, at

which point, the alarm will reset and must increase above 60% to activate again.

## 8.4 Alarm and Key Beeper ON/OFF

In normal mode, press and hold the **ALARM** key for three seconds to toggle the **BZ ON** (beeper on) or **BZ OFF** (beeper off) depending on the current setting.

Display console return to normal mode without any operation in three seconds.

## 9. Optional Calibration Mode

Note: The calibrated value can only be adjusted on the display console. The outdoor remote sensor(s) always displays the un-calibrated or measured value.

Note: The measured humidity range is between 10% and 99%. Humidity cannot be accurately measured outside of this range. Thus, the humidity cannot be calibrated below 10% or above 99%.

The purpose of calibration is to fine tune or correct for any sensor error associated with the devices margin of error. The measurement can be adjusted from the console to calibrate to a known source.

Calibration is only useful if you have a known calibrated source you can compare it against, and is optional. This section discusses practices, procedures and sources for sensor calibration to reduce manufacturing and degradation errors. Do not compare your readings obtained from sources such as the internet, radio, television or newspapers. They are in a different location and typically update once per hour.

The purpose of your weather station is to measure conditions of your surroundings, which vary significantly from location to location.

The profession weather station supports up to eight remote thermo-hygrometer sensors. Each of the eight sensors can be calibrated.

### 9.1 Calibration of Temperature Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the **SET** and **CHANNEL/+** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter the temp calibration mode. The indoor temperature will begin flashing.

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to increase or decrease the temperature reading (in increments of 0.1). Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

Press the **SET** key switch to outdoor Temperature. Press the **SET** key again to sensor temperature (1through 8).

To exit the temperature calibration mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE/LIGHT** button on the top of the display console. If no

operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.

### 9.2 Calibration of Humidity Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the **SET** and **MAX/MIN/-** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter into the humidity calibration mode. The indoor humidity will begin flashing.

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to increase or decrease the humidity reading (in increments of 1%). Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ALARM key to reset current value.

Press the *SET* key switch to outdoor humidity. Press the *SET* key again to sensor humidity (1through 8).

To exit the humidity calibration mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE/LIGHT** button on the top of the display console. If no operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.

Note: The Humidity is a difficult parameter to measure accurately and drifts over time. The calibration feature allows you to zero out this error. To calibrate humidity, you will need an accurate source, such as a sling psychrometer or Humidipaks One Step Calibration kit.

#### 9.3 Calibration of Sensors Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the **SET** and **ALARM** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter the pressure, wind gust, rainfall and sunlight calibration mode. The letter "CAL" will appear at the bottom of the screen.

Press the **SET** key to skip over a parameter to the next.

#### **♦** Absolute Pressure Calibration

In the calibration mode, the "ABS" symbol will display at the pressure section, the absolute pressure value will flash. (The default value is 0.00 inHg)

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to increase or decrease the absolute pressure value (in increments of 0.01 inHg).

Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ALARM key to reset current value.

**Example**: The calibrated pressure sources measure 28.37 inHg. The display console pressure reads 28.75 inHg. Offset = 28.37 - 28.75 = -0.38 inHg

#### **♦** Relative Pressure Calibration

In the calibration mode, press the **SET** key again, the "REL" symbol will display at the pressure section, the relative pressure value will flash. (The default value is 0.00 inHg)

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to increase or decrease the relative pressure value (in increments of 0.01 inHg).

Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

**Example**: The calibrated pressure sources measure 25.00 inHg. The display console pressure reads 24.85 inHg. Offset = 25.00 - 24.85 = 0.15 inHg

Note: The display console displays two different pressures: absolute (measured) and relative (corrected to sea-level).

To compare pressure conditions from one location to another, meteorologists correct the pressure to sea-level conditions. Because the air pressure decreases as you rise in altitude, the sea-level corrected pressure (the pressure your location would be at if located at sea-level) is generally higher than your measured pressure.

Thus, your absolute pressure may read 28.62 inHg (969 mb) at an altitude of 1000 feet (305 m), but the relative pressure is 30.00 inHg (1016 mb).

The standard sea-level pressure is 29.92 in Hg (1013.2hpa). This is the average sea-level pressure around the world. Relative pressure measurements greater than 29.92 in Hg (1013.2hpa) are considered high pressure and relative

pressure measurements less than 29.92 inHg are considered low pressure.

To determine the relative pressure for your location, locate an official reporting station near from you (the internet is the best source for real-time barometer conditions, such as the website of Weather.com or Wunderground.com), and set your weather station to match the official reporting station.

#### **♦** Wind Speed Calibration

In the calibration mode, press the **SET** button again and the wind speed value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to adjust the wind speed calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Wind Speed = Calibration factor x Measured Wind Speed

Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

Note: The wind gust is also affected by the wind speed calibration factor.

Discussion: Wind speed and wind gust are adversely affected by installation constraints. The rule of thumb is to install the weather station four times the distance of the height

of the tallest obstruction (for example, a 6m(20ft) house would require an installation 24m(80ft) away).

In many instances, due to trees and other obstructions, this is not possible. The wind speed calibration allows you to correct for these obstructions.

In addition to installation challenges, wind speed bearings (any moving part) wears over time. To correct for wear, the correction value can be increased until the wind cups must be replaced.

Without a calibrated source, wind speed is a difficult parameter to measure. We recommend using a calibrated wind meter and constant, high speed fan.

#### Rain Calibration

In the calibration mode, press the **SET** again three times and the rain value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to adjust the rain calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Rain = Calibration factor x Measured Rain

Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ALARM key to reset current value.

Discussion: The rain collector is calibrated at the factory based on the funnel diameter. The bucket tips every 0.01" of

rain (referred to as resolution). The accumulated rainfall can be compared to a sight glass rain gauge with an aperture of at least 4".

Note: that debris and insects can collect inside the tipping mechanism (they make a good spiders nest). Carefully remove the funnel and inspect the tipping mechanism for debris prior to calibration.

#### **♦** Sunlight Calibration

In the calibration mode, press the **SET** button again and the sunlight value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to adjust the rain calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Sunlight = Calibration factor x Measured Sunlight

Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ALARM key to reset current value.

#### **♦** CO2 Calibration

In the calibration mode, press the **SET** button again and the sunlight value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the **CHANNEL**/+ key or **MAX/MIN**/- key to adjust the rain calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated CO2 = Calibration factor x Measured Sunlight

Press and hold the **CHANNEL**/+ or **MAX/MIN**/- key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

## 10. Other Features of Display Console

### 10.1 Weather Forecasting

Note: The weather forecast or pressure tendency is based on the rate of change of barometric pressure. In general, when the pressure increases, the weather improves (sunny to partly cloudy) and when the pressure decreases, the weather degrades (cloudy to rain).

The weather forecast is an estimation or generalization of weather changes in the next 24 to 48 hours, and varies from location to location. The tendency is simply a tool for projecting weather changing conditions and is never to be relied upon as an accurate method to predict the weather.

#### 10.2 Weather Icons

Condition Icon	Description
----------------	-------------

Sunny	Pressure is rising and the previous condition is partly cloudy.
Partly Cloudy	Pressure is falling and the previous condition is sunny or Pressure is rising and the previous condition is cloudy
Cloudy	Pressure is falling and the previous condition is partly cloudy or Pressure is rising and the previous condition is rainy.
Rainy	Pressure is falling and the previous condition is cloudy

## 10.3 Moon Phase

The following moon phases are displayed based on the calendar date.



New Moon



Small Waxing Crescent



Large Waxing Crescent



First Quarter



Small Waxing Gibbous



Large Waxing Gibbous



Full Moon



Large Waning Cibbous



Small Waning Gibbous



Last Quarter



Large Waning Grescent



## 10.4 Feels Like and AT Temperature

### 10.4.1 Feels Like Temperature

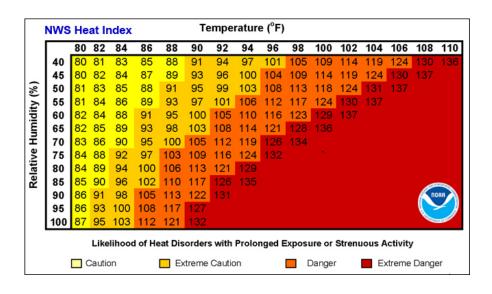
Feels like temperature is a combination of Heat Index and Wind Chill.

1. Temperatures less than  $4.4^{\circ}C(40^{\circ}F)$ , the wind chill is displayed, as shown in the National Weather Service Wind Chill Table below:



_			-														***		
									Tem	pera	ture	(°F)							
	Calm	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45
	5	36	31	25	19	13	7	1	-5	-11	-16	-22	-28	-34	-40	-46	-52	-57	-63
	10	34	27	21	15	9	3	-4	-10	-16	-22	-28	-35	-41	-47	-53	-59	-66	-72
	15	32	25	19	13	6	0	-7	-13	-19	-26	-32	-39	-45	-51	-58	-64	-71	-77
	20	30	24	17	11	4	-2	-9	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-48	-55	-61	-68	-74	-81
Ē	25	29	23	16	9	3	-4	-11	-17	-24	-31	-37	-44	-51	-58	-64	-71	-78	-84
(wdw)	30	28	22	15	8	1	<b>-</b> 5	-12	-19	-26	-33	-39	-46	-53	-60	-67	-73	-80	-87
Wind	35	28	21	14	7	0	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-55	-62	-69	-76	-82	-89
3	40	27	20	13	6	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78	-84	-91
	45	26	19	12	5	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79	-86	-93
	50	26	19	12	4	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81	-88	-95
	55	25	18	11	4	-3	-11	-18	-25	-32	-39	-46	-54	-61	-68	-75	-82	-89	-97
	60	25	17	10	3	-4	-11	-19	-26	-33	-40	-48	-55	-62	-69	-76	-84	-91	-98
						Ti-							г	٦.					
					Frostb	ncs III	11(4-)	3	minut	(4)		minut	0,5	5 m	inutes				
			144	*	-1-211	(all)	30	-	0.63		20.	75/1/	0.16			ers e0.1	16\		
	Wind Chill (°F) = $35.74 + 0.6215T - 35.75(V^{0.16}) + 0.4275T(V^{0.16})$																		
	Where, T= Air Temperature (°F) V= Wind Speed (mph) Effective 11/01/01																		

2. Temperatures greater than 26.7°C( $80^{\circ}F$ ), the heat index is displayed, as shown in the National Weather Service Heat Index Table below:



#### 10.4.2 Apparent Temperature (AT)

**AT** is a linear regression that is not restricted, and is more appropriate to outside conditions because it includes wind, and was intended as an assessment of what exposed body surfaces feel like in cold, windy conditions.

Regression equations of this universal scale are formulated for indoors, outdoors in shade but exposed to wind, and outdoors exposed to wind and solar radiation. Of these, outdoors in shade but exposed to wind, has been chosen as most informative.

### 10.6 Pressure Threshold Setting

The pressure threshold (the negative or positive rate of change of pressure signifying a change in the weather) can be adjusted from 2 hPa to 4 hPa (default level 2 hPa).

The lower the level pressure threshold setting, the higher sensitivity for weather forecast changes. Locations that experience frequent changes in air pressure require a higher setting compared to locations where the air pressure is typically stagnant.

### 10.7 Restore Factory Default

To reset the display console to factory default (WiFi network, Weather server and display), press the *MAX/MIN/- key* while plugging in power adaptor at the same time (Take out batteries before starting the reset operation).

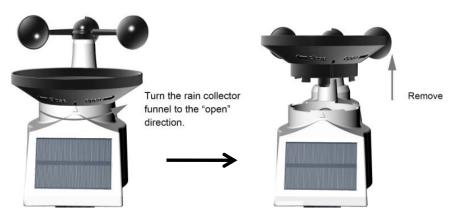
#### 11. Maintenance

Clean the rain gauge of Integrated Outdoor Transmitter once every 3 months.

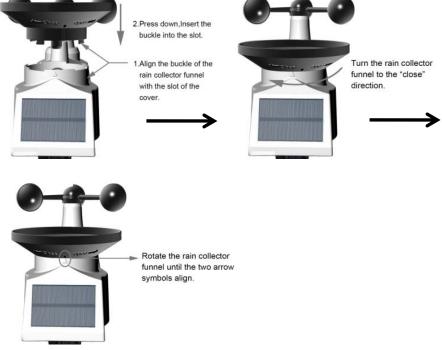
- Unscrew the rain collector funnel by turning it 30°counter clockwise.
- Gently remove the rain collector funnel.
- Clean and remove any debris or insects.
- Install the collector funnel after it has been cleaned and completely dried.



## A. Remove the rain collector funnel



B. Install the collector funnel.



Replace the Integrated outdoor sensor and thermo-hygrometer sensor batteries once every 1-2 years

## 12. Trouble Shooting Guide

Problem	Solution
---------	----------

Wireless remote not reporting in to console.

There are dashes (--.-) on the display console.

If any of the sensor communication is lost, dashes (--.-) will be displayed on the screen. To reacquire the signal, press and hold the CHANNEL/+ button for 3 seconds, choose the lost sensor and the remote search icon will be constantly displayed. Once the signal is reacquired, the remote search icon will turn off, and the current values will be displayed.

The maximum line of sight communication range is 100m (330ft) and 30m(100ft) under most conditions. Move the sensor assembly closer to the display console.

If the sensor assembly is too close (less than 1.5m(5ft)), move the sensor assembly away from the display console.

Make sure the remote sensor LCD display is working and the transmitter light is flashing once per 60 seconds.

Install a fresh set of batteries in the remote thermo-hygrometer. For cold weather environments, install lithium batteries.

Make sure the remote sensors are not transmitting through solid metal (acts as an RF shield), or earth barrier (down a hill).

Move the display console around electrical noise generating devices, such computers, TVs and other wireless transmitters or receivers. Move the remote sensor to a higher location. Move the remote sensor to a closer location. Temperature sensor Make the thermo-hygrometer sure reads too high in the mounted in a shaded area. The pre preferred location is a north facing wall day time. because it is in the shade most of the day. Indoor and Outdoor Allow up to one hour for the sensors to stabilize due to signal filtering. The indoor Temperature do not agree and outdoor temperature sensors should agree within 2°C (4°F)(the sensor accuracy is  $\pm$  1°C( $\pm$  2°F)). Use the calibration feature to match the indoor and outdoor temperature to a known source. **Indoor and Outdoor** Allow up to one hour for the sensors to Humidity do not stabilize due to signal filtering. The indoor agree and outdoor humidity sensors should agree within 10 % (the sensor accuracy is ± 5 %). Use the calibration feature to match the indoor and outdoor humidity to a known

source.

Display	console	Replace console batteries with a fresh set of
contrast is weak		batteries.

# 13. Specification

## **13.1 Measurement Specifications**

The following table provides specifications for the measured parameters.

Measurement	Range	Accuracy	Resolution
Indoor Temperature	0 to 60 °C (32 to 140°F)	± 1 °C (± 2°F)	0.1 °C(°F)
Outdoor Temperature	-40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140°F)	± 1 °C (± 2°F))	0.1 °C(°F)
Indoor Humidity	10 to 99 %	± 5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%)	1 %
Outdoor Humidity	10 to 99%	± 5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%)	1 %
Sensors 1-8 Temperature	-40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140°F)	± 1 °C (± 2°F))	0.1 °C(°F)
Sensors 1-8 Humidity	10 to 99%	± 5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%)	1 %
UV Index	1 to 15+	± 1	± 1
Sunlight	0 to 200klux	± 15%	± 15%
Rain	0 to 9999mm	<15mm: ±1 mm, 15mm to	<1000mm (0.3mm) >1000mm

		9999mm: ±7%	(1mm)
Wind Direction	0 - 360°	± 10° (16 point compass)	± 1° (16 point compass)
Wind Speed	0 to 50 m/s	2 m/s ~10 m/s:±0.3m/s, 10m/s ~50 m/s: ±10% (whichever is greater)	0.1 m/s
Barometric Pressure:	300 to 1100 hpa	± 3 hpa	0.1 hpa
со	400-5000ppm	± (50ppm+8%)	1ppm

## 13.2 Wireless Specifications

Wireless Transmit Range (in open air):	330ft
	(100m)
Frequency:	433MHz
Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Data Update Period:	60s
Integrated Outdoor Sensor Data Update Period:	16s

## **13.3 Power Consumption**

Display Console	3 x AAA 1.5V Alkaline or Lithium batteries					
	(not included)					
Thermo-hygrometer	2 x AAA alkaline batteries or Lithium					

Sensor :		batteries (not included)			
Integrated O	utdoor	3xAA alkaline batteries or Lithium batteries			
Sensor:		(not included), the batteries provide			
		backup power when there is limited solar			
		energy.			
		Note: Solar panel doesn't charge the			
		battery and it is an auxiliary power supply			
Adapter:		5.9V~500mA(included)			
Battery life:		Minimum 12 months for base station with			
		excellent reception. Intermittent reception			
		may reduce the battery life.			
		Minimum 12 months for sensors (use			
		lithium batteries in cold weather climates			
		less than -20°C(-4°F).			

## FCC Statement

#### **Statement according to FCC part 15.19:**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### **Statement according to FCC part 15.21:**

Modifications not expressly approved by this company could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **Statement according to FCC part 15.105:**

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

• Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

⚠ Warning: The user should be 20CM away from the product when it is used.