

GEN2 BLE SENSOR FAMILY

User Guide – Portable Devices

Document Type and #:	User Guide T0007796_UG_Portable		
Document Issue:	1.0		
Issue Date:	June 1, 2021		
Product Names and Codes	Contact Tracing Device (Indoor)	T0007126 – Belt-Mount T0007327 – Lanyard-Mount	
(Module-Level):	SafeAlert (Indoor)	T0007127 – Belt-Mount T0007392 – Lanyard-Mount	
	Contact Tracing Device (Outdoor)	T0007376 – Base T0007125 – Belt-Mount	

PROPRIETARY:

The information contained in this document is the property of TEKTELIC Communications Inc. Except as specifically authorized in writing by TEKTELIC, and shall protect the same in whole or in part from disclosure to all third parties.

© 2021 TEKTELIC Communications Inc., all rights reserved. All products, names, and services are trademarks and registered trademarks of their respective companies. TEKTELIC Communications Inc. 7657 10th Street NE Calgary, AB, Canada T2E 8X2 Phone: (403) 338-6900

Document Revision

Revision	Issue Date	Editor	Comments
1.0	August 2, 2021	Carter Mudryk	 Based on T0007796_UG_v0.2 Removed all information relating to Mobile devices

Table of Contents

1	Pro	duct Description	7
	1.1	Overview	7
	1.2	Summary of Variant Groupings, Enclosures, and Features	7
	1.3	External Appearance and Interfacing	11
	1.4	Specifications and Sensing Functions	12
	1.4.	.1 Bluetooth Low-Energy (BLE) Transceiver	13
	1.4.	.2 Magnetic Reed Switch	14
	1.4.	.3 Temperature and Relative Humidity Transducer	15
	1.4.	.4 Accelerometer Transducer	15
2	Inst	tallation	17
	2.1	Included Product and Installation Material	17
	2.2	Safety Precautions	17
	2.3	Unpacking and Inspection	17
	2.4	Commissioning and Activation	18
	2.5	Mounting	19
	2.6	Battery Replacement	19
	2.6.	.1 Battery Replacement Procedure for AA-Cell Sensor Variants	19
	2.6.	.2 Battery Replacement Procedure for C-Cell Sensor Variants	21
3	Оре	eration, Alarms, and Management	24
	3.1	Configuration	24
	3.2	Default Configuration	24
	3.3	RF LED Behaviour	24
	3.4	Reset Function	25
	3.5	Function Button	25
	3.6	Buzzer and Vibration Feedback	26
4	Con	npliance Statements	27
R	eferen	ices	29

List of Tables

Table 1-1: HW, Transducer, and Mechanical Capabilities of the Portable Gen2 Sensor Family	
Variants	. 10
Table 1-2: All Mechanical Enclosure / Mounting Combinations of the Portable Gen2 Sensor	
Variants	. 11
Table 1-3: Portable Gen2 BLE Sensor Family Specifications	. 12
Table 3-1: Default Reporting Periods of Functional Groupings	. 24

List of Figures

Figure 1-1: Gen2 BLE Sensor Family Groupings and Hierarchy	8
Figure 1-2: AA-Cell Portable Gen2 Sensor Variant Grouping by PCBA	9
Figure 1-3: C-Cell Portable Gen2 Sensor Variant Grouping by PCBA	9
Figure 1-4: Gen2 Sensor Base Enclosures and External Interfacing (Front Views)	12
Figure 1-5: The BLE Scan Schematic Procedure	14
Figure 2-1: The C-Cell Sensor Variant Magnetic Activation Pattern	18
Figure 2-5: Using a Tool to Release the End-Cap	20
Figure 2-6: Battery Polarity Orientation	20
Figure 2-7: Replacing the PCBA and End-Cap	21
Figure 2-8: Removing the Battery Cover Screws	21
Figure 2-9: Battery Polarity Markers and Insertion	22
Figure 2-10: Proper Gasket Appearance	23
Figure 2-11: Proper Replacement Orientation of the Battery Cover	23

List of Acronyms

ATEX	ATmospheres EXplosible
BER	Bit Error Rate
BLE	Bluetooth Low-Energy
CNR	Cahiers des charges sur les Normes Radioélectriques (RSS)
DL	DownLink
EOS	End Of Service
EU	European Union
<i>FCC</i>	Federal Communications Commission
FW	FirmWare
<i>HW</i>	HardWare
ют	Internet of Things
IP	Ingress Protection
ISM	Industrial, Scientific, and Medical
LED	Light-Emitting Diode
LoRa	Long-Range
LoRaWAN	Long-Range Wide-Area Network
LoS	Line-of-Sight
LTC	Lithium-Thionyl Chloride
МСИ	MicroController Unit
NA	North America
NS	Network Server
ОТА	Over The Air
РСВ	Printed Circuit Board
РСВА	Printed Circuit Board Assembly
Rev	Revision
<i>RF</i>	RadioFrequency
RSS	Radio Standards Specifications (CNR)
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
<i>Rx</i>	Receive, receiver, etc.
SW	SoftWare
TRM	Technical Reference Manual
Тх	Transmit, Transmitter, etc.
UG	User Guide
UL	UpLink
US	United States
Ver	Version

1 Product Description

1.1 Overview

This document provides a user manual for all of the device variants in the *BLE Sensor Family Gen2* developed by TEKTELIC Communications Inc that fall under the definition of "portable devices" according to the FCC. This document includes descriptions of each variant and guides regarding the HW capabilities of each variant. For the functional operation and SW behaviour of each variant, please refer to the specific TRM document for that particular sensor.

All BLE Gen2 device variants are LoRaWAN-capable end-devices that are capable of supporting Tx/Rx in the following frequency bands as specified in the LoRaWAN Regional Parameters v1.0.2 [1]: AS923, AU915, EU868, IN865, KR920, RU864, US915. The variants that support BLE Tx/Rx operate in the 2.4 GHz band according to the BLE 5.0 specifications [2].

The Gen2 device family is the successor to the Gen1 device family. All sensors in the Gen2 family share a common internal printed circuit board (PCB), but have a variety of different transducers, functions, and use cases. There are two main functional categories of protable Gen2 devices (each of which is described in further detail in later sections):

- SafeAlert:
 - Only available as an Indoor (AA-cell) variant with different mounting options.
 - Main function: the same as the Enterprise Asset Tracker (utilizing BLE scans to track location) except the tracking function is activated through the use of a "panic" button. The button also triggers panic alerts.
- Contact Tracing Device:
 - Available as Indoor (AA-cell) and Outdoor (C-cell) variants with different mounting options.
 - Main function: to utilize periodic BLE scanning to detect other nearby contact tracing devices, alert when two or more devices are in close proximity, and save the data regarding contacted devices and contact durations. Contrary to the Enterprise Asset Trackers, the Contact Tracing devices do not track location.

1.2 Summary of Variant Groupings, Enclosures, and Features

There are 6 total variants that belong to the portable BLE Gen2 Sensor Family. There are many commonalities between the variants; some share mechanical enclosures, others share function, etc. As such, there are three categories by which to group the variants:

1. By function (see Section 1.1).

- 2. By mechanical enclosure and mounting combination (See Table 1-2).
- 3. By PCBA (see Figure 1-2, Figure 1-3, and Table 1-1).

There are three "levels" of component from a production point of view, each of which has its own product code or "T-code." All sensors share a single common PCB (one T-code). The PCBs are populated with different combinations of transducers/components to make seven different PCBAs (seven T-codes). The PCBAs are then combined with various mechanical enclosures, mounting options, and FW functionality to produce the 19 different variants at the modulelevel (only 6 of which fall into the portable category). Figure 1-1 illustrates this hierarchy.



Figure 1-1: Gen2 BLE Sensor Family Groupings and Hierarchy

Figure 1-2 shows the HW/Mechanical groupings of the AA-cell variants and Figure 1-3 shows the groupings of the C-Cell Devices. In the figures, each grouping shares common PCBA HW (and therefore PCBA-level T-code). The module-level T-code is what appears on the label on the exterior of the device. Each different combination of mechanical enclosure, mounting option, and function is assigned a different module-level product code, as shown in the figures.



Figure 1-2: AA-Cell Portable Gen2 Sensor Variant Grouping by PCBA



Figure 1-3: C-Cell Portable Gen2 Sensor Variant Grouping by PCBA

Table 1-1 presents all 6 BLE Gen2 Sensor Family variants and which HW/Mechanical/Transducer functions are supported by each in matrix format.

Table 1-1: HW, Transducer, and Mechanical Capabilities of the Portable Gen2 Sensor FamilyVariants

Feature / Transducer	Variant and PCBA-Level T-Code					
Grouping by PCBA T-Code (ref. Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3)	Contact Tracing Device (Indoor) & SafeAlert T0006909			Contact Tracing Device (Outdoor) T0006910		
Module Product Names	Contact Tracing Device (Indoor, Belt- Mount)	Contact Tracing Device (Indoor, Lanyard-Mount)	SafeAlert (Belt-Mount)	SafeAlert (Lanyard-Mount)	Contact Tracing Device (Outdoor)	Contact Tracing Device (Outdoor, Belt-Mount)
Module Product Codes	T0007126	T0007327	T0007127	T0007392	T0007125	T0007376
Mounting	Belt	Lanyard	Belt	Lanyard		Belt
Supported Operating Environment	Indoor (IP30)		Outdoor (IP67)			
External Probe						
Battery Size	AA			(2	
Battery Gauge						
BLE KX	\checkmark			````	\checkmark	
BLE IX	✓					
Reeu Switch					`	/
			1			
Low-Intensity RF LEDs	✓ ./			V ./		
High-Intensity LED	V			`````	,	
Reset Button			1			
Function Button	· ✓				1	
Vibration	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			```	1	
Buzzer	\checkmark			√		

Table 1-2 shows all of the different mechanical enclosure and mounting options with the corresponding product codes.

Table 1-2: All Mechanical Enclosure / Mounting Combinations of the Portable Gen2 Sensor
Variants

Variant Name	Variant Product Code	Enclosure and Mounting
Contact Tracing Device (Indoor, Belt-Mount)	T0007126	
SafeAlert (Belt-Mount)	T0007127	
Contact Tracing Device (Indoor, Lanyard-Mount)	T0007327	
SafeAlert (Lanyard-Mount)	T0007392	
Contact Tracing Device (Outdoor)	T0007376	
Contact Tracing Device (Outdoor, Belt Mount)	T0007125	

1.3 External Appearance and Interfacing

Although the BLE Gen2 variants can be categorized into many different groups based on function, PCBA HW, or Mechanical enclosure/mounting combinations (as described in the previous sections), there are only two distinct groups with respect to the base enclosure and external interface layout. These groups are the AA-cell base enclosure variants and the C-cell base enclosure variants. The appearances and external interfacing layouts of both of these groups is shown in Figure 1-4.



Figure 1-4: Gen2 Sensor Base Enclosures and External Interfacing (Front Views)

1.4 Specifications and Sensing Functions

The Gen2 BLE Sensor Family specifications are listed in Table 1-3. The main sensing functions are described in the following subsections.

Parameter	Specification	
Environmental Pating	IPX0 (AA-cell variants)	
	IP67 (C-cell variants)	
Enclosures and Mounting	Custom design by TEKTELIC	
Operating Temperature	-20°C to 85°C	
Storage Temperature for Optimal	-40° to 50°C	
Battery Life	-40 10 50 C	
Operating Polative Humidity	5% - 95% Non-condensing (AA-cell variants)	
Operating Relative Humbity	10% - 100% (C-cell variants)	
Storage Relative Humidity	5% - 95% Non-condensing	
Dimensions	72 mm x 28 mm x 32 mm (AA-cell variants)	
Differisions	66 mm x 32 mm x 44 mm (C-cell variants)	
Woight	28.3 g enclosure + 17.5 g battery = 45.8 g total (AA-cell variants)	
weight	51.3 g enclosure + 56.5 g battery = 107.8 g total (C-cell variants)	

Table 1-3: Portable Gen2 BLE Sensor Family Specifications.

Parameter	Specification		
	Battery-powered:		
Power Source	1x AA-cell LTC (3.6 V), or		
	1x C-cell LTC (3.6 V)		
	LoRaWAN in the following Global ISM bands [1]:		
Network technology/Frequency band	AS923, AU915, EU868, IN865, KR920, RU864, US915		
Air Interface	LoRa, BLE		
Maximum Ty Dawar	15 dBm (AS923, KR920, EU868)		
Maximum TX Power	22 dBm (AU915, IN865, US915)		
	BLE transceiver, accelerometer, thermometer, magnetic reed		
Sensing Elements	switch, battery gauge		
	(not all sensing elements are available on all variants)		
Bluetooth Compatibility	BLE based on Bluetooth 5		
LoRa RF Sensitivity	Up to -137 dBm (SF12, 125 kHz BW)		
	125 kbps: -103 dBm		
BLE Sensitivity (0.1% BER)	500 kbps: -98 dBm		
	2 Mbps: -91 dBm		
	Sample rate: 1, 10, 25, 50, 100, 200, 400 Hz		
Accelerometer Sensitivity	Measurement range: ± 2 , ± 4 , ± 8 , $\pm 16 g$		
	Precision: 16, 32, 64, 192 mg		
Function Button	Panic alarm (SafeAlert variants)		
	Forcing ULs and user feedback (Contact Tracing Device variants)		
User Feedback	Buzzer and vibration motor		
LEDC	Green: Joining the network activity (all variants)		
LEDS	Red: LoRa Tx or Rx activity (all variants)		
Patton Fuel Cauge Features	Measures battery voltage, current, and temperature		
Battery Fuel Gauge Features	EOS alert when the capacity is at 5%		
	3 months (Contact Tracing Device, Indoor variants)		
Battery Lifetime	6 months (Contact Tracing Device, Outdoor variants)		
	5 years (SafeAlert variants)		

1.4.1 Bluetooth Low-Energy (BLE) Transceiver

The protable Gen2 variants are equipped with a BLE module that is embedded in the MCU. It serves as a BLE central device that periodically searches to discover nearby BLE peripherals, and in some cases, periodically broadcasts advertising packets to be visible to other devices. It can be used as a standalone proximity sensor that can also help at positioning.

The BLE scan can be disabled entirely or enabled at any time. Figure 1-5 shows the BLE scan scheme when the BLE scan is enabled. As shown in the figure, BLE scans are performed periodically. Each scan duration is divided into scan intervals. The BLE scan is performed only in the scan window portion of the scan interval. The ratio of the scan window to the scan interval is the scan duty cycle. In the case of the scan window equalling the scan interval, the scan duty

cycle is 100%. This represents a continuous scan over each scan duration. A larger duty cycle will increase the likelihood of receiving more beacon packets at the expense of consuming more power. The scan period, duration, interval, and window are all configurable. For all user configurable device settings, refer to the specific TRM document for that sensor).



Figure 1-5: The BLE Scan Schematic Procedure.

In the case of the variants that fall into the SafeAlert functional category, all BLE peripheral devices are discoverable during BLE scans. At the end of each scan duration, up to *n* discovered BLE devices with the strongest RSSIs are reported over LoRaWAN. The value *n* is user configurable. If no devices are found, an empty list is uplinked. Over each scan duration, a BLE device beacon may be observed (discovered) more than once. The Asset Trackers do not support BLE Tx advertising.

In the case of the variants that fall into the Contact Tracing functional category, only other Contact Tracing Devices are discoverable during the BLE scans. Signal strengths of discovered devices are analyzed over multiple scans to determine the proximity of these other devices. If a user-configurable threshold is breached, the Contact Tracing Device then begins recording the contact duration with that device, which is later sent over LoRaWAN once the contact has ended. Contact Devices are discoverable because they support BLE Tx advertising.

The Gen2 variants support BLE of Bluetooth 5.0. The BLE scan is performed in the passive mode only, meaning that the sensor listens to surrounding beacons, but does not transmit to them to request additional information.

NOTE: The BLE scan is exclusive to LoRa radio transmission; i.e. they do not overlap. If any reporting becomes due at the same time of a BLE scan, the reporting will be done after the BLE scan is complete.

1.4.2 Magnetic Reed Switch

The C-cell Gen2 sensor variants are equipped with a magnetic reed switch and shipped with a magnet. Since the C-cell variants all have water-tight IP67 enclosures, there is no ability to have

a battery pull-tab or reset button pinhole as in the AA-cell enclosures. The reed switch therefore is included in the C-cell devices to address these purposes:

- 1. To wake the device from sleep (the C-cell variants are shipped in a state of deep sleep since battery pull-tabs are not available).
- 2. To put the device to sleep.
- 3. To reset the device (since the C-cell variants do not have a reset button).
- 4. To force an UL.

The position on the exterior of the enclosure on which the magnet must be placed to activate the reed switch is shown in Figure 1-4.

For more information on how to wake the device from sleep, refer to Section 2.4. For more information on how to use the reed switch for the other purposes, refer to the specific TRM document for the sensor.

1.4.3 Temperature and Relative Humidity Transducer

All Gen2 sensor variants have the ability to measure and report the MCU temperature. This is accomplished using a transducer located in the device microprocessor.

The sensors can be configured to report temperature values or to report alarms based on a customer-configured normal operating window. High and low alarm points can be set individually for MCU temperature. The sample rate for checking the transducers is user configurable with different sample rates settable if the measured value is inside or outside the normal operating window.

1.4.4 Accelerometer Transducer

All Gen2 sensor variants support motion sensing through an integrated 3-axis accelerometer which can optionally be disabled. The main role of the accelerometer in the is to detect motion that can indicate a change of the sensor's status from stillness to mobility, or vice versa.

In the case of the variants that fall into the Contact Tracing functional grouping, the accelerometer is used to detect when the device has been immobile for a period of time and can therefore enter an inactivity state to conserve battery life.

In the case of all other variants, the accelerometer generates an acceleration alarm when a motion event is detected that may or may not be reported OTA (user-configurable). An acceleration event report is based on exceeding a defined acceleration alarm threshold count in a defined alarm threshold period. These thresholds can be customized such that there will not be multiple

reports for a single event, depending on the definition of an event in a particular use case. An alarm event can only be registered after a configurable grace period elapses since the last registered alarm event. Carefully setting the grace period is important and prevents from repeatedly registering an accelerometer event.

The accelerometer can also be polled periodically for its output acceleration vector for applications in which the sensor's orientation is of interest.

2 Installation

2.1 Included Product and Installation Material

The following items are shipped with each sensor:

- 1x sensor inside an enclosure with 3.6 V AA-cell or C-cell LTC battery installed.
- 1x corresponding sensor Quick Start Guide.
- 1x mounting bracket (only for variants with mounting).
- 1x small magnet (only for C-cell variants).

2.2 Safety Precautions

The following safety precautions should be observed for all Gen2 sensor variants:

- All installation practices must be in accordance with the local and national electrical codes.
- Replace only with approved batteries (see section 2.6).
- The following portable sensor variants are intended for indoor use only: T0007126, T0007127, T0007327, T0007392.
- The sensor contains an LTC AA-cell or C-cell battery. When used correctly, lithium batteries provide a safe and dependable source of power. However, if they are misused or abused, leakage, venting, explosion, and/or fire can occur. The following are recommended safety precautions for battery usage [3].
 - Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
 - Do not allow children to replace batteries without adult supervision.
 - Do not insert batteries in reverse.
 - Do not short-circuit batteries.
 - Do not charge batteries.
 - Do not force discharge batteries.
 - Do not mix batteries.
 - Do not leave discharged batteries in equipment.

- Do not overheat batteries.
- Do not weld or solder directly to batteries.
- Do not dispose of batteries in fire.
- Do not expose contents to water.
- Do not encapsulate and/or modify batteries.
- Store unused batteries in their original packaging away • from metal objects.
- Do not mix or jumble batteries.

2.3 Unpacking and Inspection

The following should be considered during the unpacking of a new sensor.

- 1. Inspect the shipping carton and report any significant damage to TEKTELIC.
- 2. Unpacking should be conducted in a clean and dry location.

- ٠ Do not open batteries.
 - Do not deform batteries.
 - •

3. Do not discard the shipping box or inserts as they will be required if a unit is returned for repair or re-configuration.

2.4 Commissioning and Activation

Each sensor has a set of commissioning information that must be entered into the network server in order for the sensor to be able to join the network and begin normal operation once activated. For instructions on how to do this please refer to the Network Server Quick Start Guide (available online in the *Knowledge Base*) [4].

The sensor is shipped in a secured enclosure with the battery preinstalled. In the case of AA-cell variants, the battery is disengaged by a pull tab. To activate an AA-cell variant, simply remove the battery pull-tab.

In the case of C-cell variants, the device is shipped in a state of deep sleep. The included magnet can be used to wake the sensor from sleep by applying the magnetic activation pattern at the location specified on the device in Figure 1-4. The magnetic pattern is illustrated in Figure 2-1. A "magnet presence" is achieved by attaching the magnet to the enclosure at the magnet symbol. A "magnet absence" is achieved by taking the magnet away from the enclosure. Figure 2-1 shows that the pattern involves sustaining a "magnet presence" continuously for at least 3 s but less than 10 s.



Figure 2-1: The C-Cell Sensor Variant Magnetic Activation Pattern

When any sensor variant is activated it will display an LED indication (described in Section 3.3) to show that it is beginning to join the network. It may take up to 10 seconds between the time of activation and the beginning of the LED join attempt pattern.

Once activated, the sensor will automatically begin the join process. To turn the sensor off, the battery must be removed. To reset the device, the external reset button can be pushed; see Section 3.4 for a description of the reset function.

Refer to Section 3.3 for the expected LED behaviour of the Tracker during the join process.

2.5 Mounting

The only mounting options for the portable sensor variants are the belt clip mount and the lanyard mount.

For the belt-clip variants, simply slide the clip over a belt or other surface to mount.

For the lanyard-mount variants, simply clip the fastener of a lanyard into the loop on the top piece of the enclosure.

2.6 Battery Replacement

2.6.1 Battery Replacement Procedure for AA-Cell Sensor Variants

1. There are case-release slots in the front and back of the enclosure near the bottom endcap. Using pliers or a similar tool, press on each of the case-release tabs until the lips clear the edge and the end-cap is free as shown in Figure 2-2.



Figure 2-2: Using a Tool to Release the End-Cap

- 2. Pull the end-cap out. The end-cap is fastened to the PCBA such that the whole interior of the device will also come out.
- 3. Remove the battery and replace with a new one. Ensure that the polarity of the battery is in the proper orientation as shown in Figure 2-3.



Figure 2-3: Battery Polarity Orientation

4. Replace the PCBA and end-cap in the same orientation as before and push firmly to shut as shown in Figure 2-4.



Figure 2-4: Replacing the PCBA and End-Cap

2.6.2 Battery Replacement Procedure for C-Cell Sensor Variants

The battery cover is marked with a battery symbol and uses Phillips Head H1 screws. This is the cover that needs to be removed to replace the battery, NOT the feature cover on the opposite side which is marked by a magnet symbol and uses Torx Head screws.

 In a non-hazardous location, remove the battery cover by unscrewing the 4x phillips head screws using a size #1 phillips head screwdriver as shown in Figure 2-5.



Figure 2-5: Removing the Battery Cover Screws

2. Remove and the used battery, and replace it with a new 3.6V XENO XL-145F battery **ONLY**. When inserting the new battery, insert the negative terminal side first. The battery contacts are marked with their proper polarities (see Figure 2-6), with the positive terminal marked with a plus-sign (+), and the negative with a minus-sign (-).



Figure 2-6: Battery Polarity Markers and Insertion

Gen2 BLE Sensor Family User Guide TEKTELIC Communications Inc.

T0007796_UG_Portable

Version 0.2 Page 22 of 30 3. Check that the gasket is undamaged and still properly seated with an adhesive on the battery cover. It should look similar to Figure 2-7.



Figure 2-7: Proper Gasket Appearance

4. Before reattaching the battery cover, ensure the proper orientation of the cover by placing the battery symbol next to the mounting feature. You can also ensure proper orientation by closing it with the semi-circular rib against the battery, and the T-shaped rib against the PCBA (see Figure 2-8).



Figure 2-8: Proper Replacement Orientation of the Battery Cover

5. Reassemble the cover to the chassis by using the 4x phillips head screws, using a #1 size screwdriver and up to 0.23 Nm of torque.

3 Operation, Alarms, and Management

3.1 Configuration

The Gen2 sensor variants support a full range of OTA configuration options. Specific technical details are available in the corresponding TRM document for each functional grouping. All configuration commands need to be sent OTA during the sensor's DL Rx windows.

3.2 Default Configuration

Table 3-1 lists the default reporting behaviour for each functional grouping of the Gen2 sensor variants. Reporting behaviour can be changed from default through OTA DL commands.

Reported Data	SafeAlerts	Contact Tracing Devices
Battery Voltage	24 hours	24 hours
Discovered BLE devices	60 seconds (when button is pressed)	N/A
Contact Data	N/A	15 minutes
Acceleration Vector	Disabled	N/A
MCU Temperature	Disabled	Disabled

Table 3-1: Default Reporting Periods of Functional Groupings

3.3 **RF LED Behaviour**

See Figure 1-4 for the location and identification of the green and red Sensor RF LEDs. The boot and join LED procedure is as follows.

- 1. Both LEDs will come on briefly when power is first applied.
- 2. After a small delay (< 1 s) the LEDs will turn off and one of them will blink briefly.
 - a. If the green system LED blinks, then all health checks on the board passed.

- b. If the red LoRa LED blinks, then one of the health checks failed. Consider replacing the battery, or moving the sensor to an environment within temperature range.
- 3. Immediately after the boot pattern, the join procedure will begin. During this time the green system LED will blink continuously until the sensor has joined a network.
- 4. The red LoRa LED will now blink whenever LoRa activity occurs on the sensor (transmitting or receiving packets, including the join request packets).

During normal operation,

- The red LoRa LED will blink whenever LoRa activity occurs on the sensor (transmitting or receiving packets), and
- The green system LED can be controlled via the downlink command interface.

NOTE: Any other LED pattern behaviour not described above most likely indicates a low battery. For example, if steps 1-2 repeat continuously, the battery no longer has enough charge to power the join procedure.

3.4 Reset Function

Each Gen2 sensor variant is capable of a physically-triggered reset. This type of reset powers down the MCU and restarts it, causing the network join procedure to begin again.

For all AA-cell variants, there is an externally-accessible function button on the device, that can be pushed by a pin, such as a paper clip (see Figure 1-4). The button should not be pushed hard. For all C-cell variants, the reset is triggered by applying the magnetic pattern as shown in Figure 2-1. While this pattern causes the sensor to wake from deep sleep before activation, during normal operation this pattern causes a reset.

NOTE: Shutting down or resetting the sensor will cause all unsaved user configurations to be lost. Save the desired configuration to the sensor flash before powering off or resetting.

3.5 Function Button

The Contact Tracing Devices and SafeAlerts have an externally-accessible function button located on the bottom of the enclosure. The button is actuated by pushing. Different push patterns can cause different behaviour, depending on the functional type of the sensor. Refer

to the specific TRM documents for descriptions of the function button behaviour and user configurability.

3.6 Buzzer and Vibration Feedback

The Contact Tracing Device and SafeAlert variants are equipped with a PCBA-mounted buzzer and vibration motor. These provide audible and haptic feedback for the user during normal operation. Refer to the specific TRM documents for descriptions of the buzzer and vibration motor behaviour and user configurability.

4 Compliance Statements

Federal Communications Commission:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules [5]. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The device complies with portable RF exposure limit in the USA set forth for an uncontrolled environment and is safe for intended operation as described in this manual and must not be colocated or operating in conjunction with any other transmitter.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Further RF exposure reduction can be achieved if the product can be kept as far as possible from the user body.

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (Industry Canada):

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s) [6]. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- i. This device may not cause interference, and
- ii. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- (1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage.
- (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Le produit est conforme aux limites d'exposition pour les appareils portables RF pour les le Canada établies pour un environnement non contrôlé.

Le produit est sûr pour un fonctionnement tel que décrit dans ce manuel. La réduction aux expositions RF peut être augmentée si l'appareil peut être conservé aussi loin que possible du corps de l'utilisateur ou que le dispositif est réglé sur la puissance de sortie la plus faible si une telle fonction est disponible

California Proposition 65:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, nickel, and carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u> [7].

References

- [1] LoRa Alliance, "LoRaWAN™ 1.0.2 Regional Parameters," February 2017. [Online]. Available: https://lora-alliance.org/wpcontent/uploads/2020/11/lorawan_regional_parameters_v1.0.2_final_1944_1.pdf. [Accessed 12 April 2021].
- [2] Bluetooth SIG, "Bluetooth Core Specifications v 5.0," 6 December 2016. [Online]. Available: https://www.mouser.it/pdfdocs/bluetooth-Core-v50.pdf. [Accessed 12 April 2021].
- [3] Tadiran Batteries GmbH, "Tadiran Lithium Batteries: Technical Brochure LTC-Batteries," Tadiran Batteries, Büdingen, Germany, 2020.
- [4] TEKTELIC Communications Inc, "Network Server Quickstart Guide Creating Your first network," 21 August 2019. [Online]. Available: https://support.tektelic.com/support/tektelic/ShowHomePage.do?articlestatus=published#Solutions /dv/274696000014617215/en/History. [Accessed 12 April 2021].
- [5] Office of the Federal Register, "Electronic Code of Federal Regulations: Title 47; Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices," e-CFR, 28 February 2020. [Online]. Available: https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/textidx?SID=86ed79fc9447ceff 183191690a733ec7&mc=true&node=pt47.1.15&rgn=div5#se47.1.15_11. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [6] Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada, "RSS-Gen: General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus; Issue 5; Amendment 1," March 2019. [Online]. Available: ic.gc.ca/eic/site/smt-gst.nsf/vwapj/RSS-Geni1amend12019-04EN.pdf/\$FILE /RSS-Geni1amend12019-04EN.pdf. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [7] OEHHA, "Proposition 65," California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, 2020. [Online]. Available: https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [8] Saft, Specialty Battery Group, "Primary lithium battery: LS 14500," Saft, September 2009. [Online]. Available: https://datasheet.octopart.com/LS14500-Saft-datasheet-15505441.pdf. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [9] Tadiran Batteries, "Model TL-4903 Technical Data," January 2007. [Online]. Available: https://datasheet.octopart.com/TL-4903/S-Tadiran-datasheet-556727.pdf. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [1 Tadiran Batteries GmbH, "LTC Batteries: SL-360," January 2012. [Online]. Available:
- 0] https://datasheet.octopart.com/SL-360-S-Tadiran-datasheet-128477996.pdf. [Accessed 21 February

2020].

- [1 Tadiran Battery Group, "Model TL-5903 Technical Data," November 2011. [Online]. Available:
- 1] https://datasheet.octopart.com/TL-5903/S-Tadiran-datasheet-8817806.pdf. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [1 Xeno Energy Co. Ltd., "XL-060F Specifications," 2010. [Online]. Available:
- 2] http://www.xenoenergy.com/eng/file/Xeno%20Catalog%20XL-060F_E.pdf. [Accessed 3 March 2020].
- [1 TEKTELIC Communications Inc., "BLE Asset Tracker: Technical Reference Manual
- 3] T0005946_TRM_v0.4," TEKTELIC Communications Inc., Calgary, 2019.
- [1 TEKTELIC Communications, Inc., BLE ASSET Tracker Quick Start Guide T0005946_QSG_ver1.0,
- 4] Calgary, 2020.