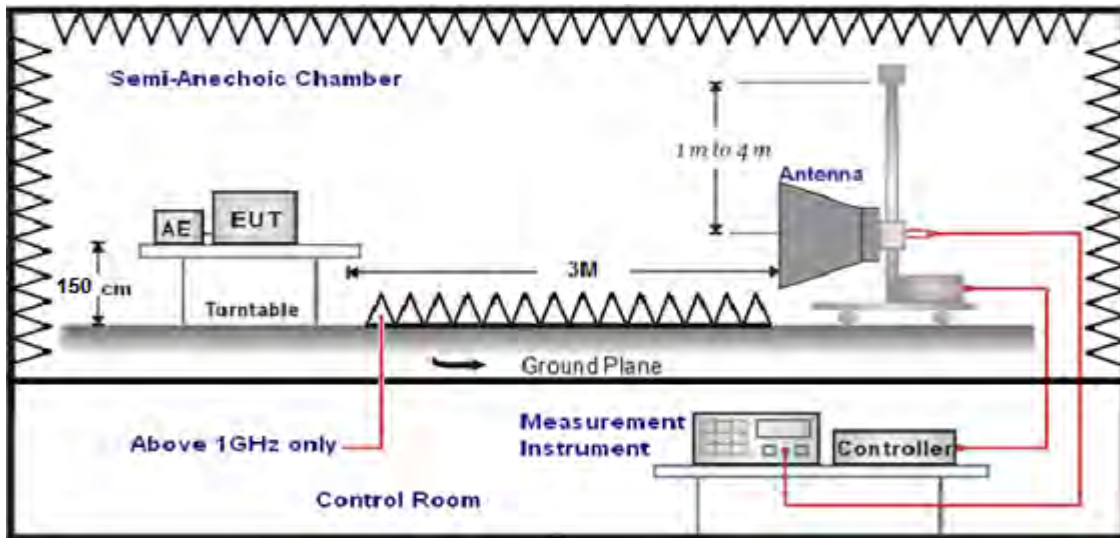


### 4.8. Band Edge Compliance

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### LIMIT

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBµV/m)	Radiated (µV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(KHz))+40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(KHz)$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(KHz))+40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(KHz)$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30)+40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

According to §15.407 (b): Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP Limit (dBm)	Equivalent Field Strength at 3m (dBµV/m)
5150-5250	-27	68.2
5250-5350	-27	68.2
5470-5725	-27	68.2
5725-5850	-27 (beyond 10MHz of the bandedge)	68.2
	-17 (within 10 MHz of band edge)	78.2

#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above 1GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
5. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3

6. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
1GHz-18GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

**Field Strength Calculation**

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

**FS = RA + AF + CL - AG**

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

**TEST RESULTS**

Remark:For radiated bandedge We measured at both mode, recorded worst case in antenna 0's 802.11 ac20 mode;

## For Radiated Bandedge Measurement

Temperature	23.4°C	Humidity	54.5%
Test Engineer	Oliver Ou	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

**NOTE: All the modes have been tested and recorded worst mode in the report.( 2\*2MIMO)**

802.11 ac20/ Channel 36 :5180 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4500.0	35.03	35.58	29.04	8.28	49.85	74.00	-24.15	Peak	Horizontal
4500.0	30.30	35.58	29.04	8.28	45.12	54.00	-8.88	AV	Horizontal
5150.0	39.09	35.58	29.04	8.28	53.91	74.00	-20.09	Peak	Horizontal
5150.0	30.72	35.58	29.04	8.28	45.54	54.00	-8.46	AV	Horizontal

802.11 ac20/ Channel 48 :5240 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
5350.0	35.05	35.42	29.06	8.39	49.80	74.00	-24.20	Peak	Horizontal
5350.0	30.14	35.42	29.06	8.39	44.89	54.00	-9.11	AV	Horizontal
5460.0	39.17	35.42	29.06	8.39	53.92	74.00	-20.08	Peak	Horizontal
5460.0	30.47	35.42	29.06	8.39	45.22	54.00	-8.78	AV	Horizontal

802.11 ac20/ Channel 149 :5745 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
5650.0	30.07	35.35	29.07	8.43	44.78	68.20	-23.42	Peak	Horizontal
5700.0	30.25	35.35	29.07	8.43	44.96	68.20	-23.24	Peak	Horizontal
5720.0	32.16	35.35	29.07	8.43	46.87	68.20	-21.33	Peak	Horizontal
5725.0	30.62	35.35	29.07	8.43	45.33	68.20	-22.87	Peak	Horizontal

802.11 ac20/ Channel 165 :5825 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
5850.0	30.12	35.3	29.11	8.51	44.82	68.20	-23.38	Peak	Horizontal
5855.0	30.26	35.3	29.11	8.51	44.96	68.20	-23.24	Peak	Horizontal
5875.0	32.13	35.3	29.11	8.51	46.83	68.20	-21.37	Peak	Horizontal
5925.0	30.63	35.3	29.11	8.51	45.33	68.20	-22.87	Peak	Horizontal

## REMARKS:

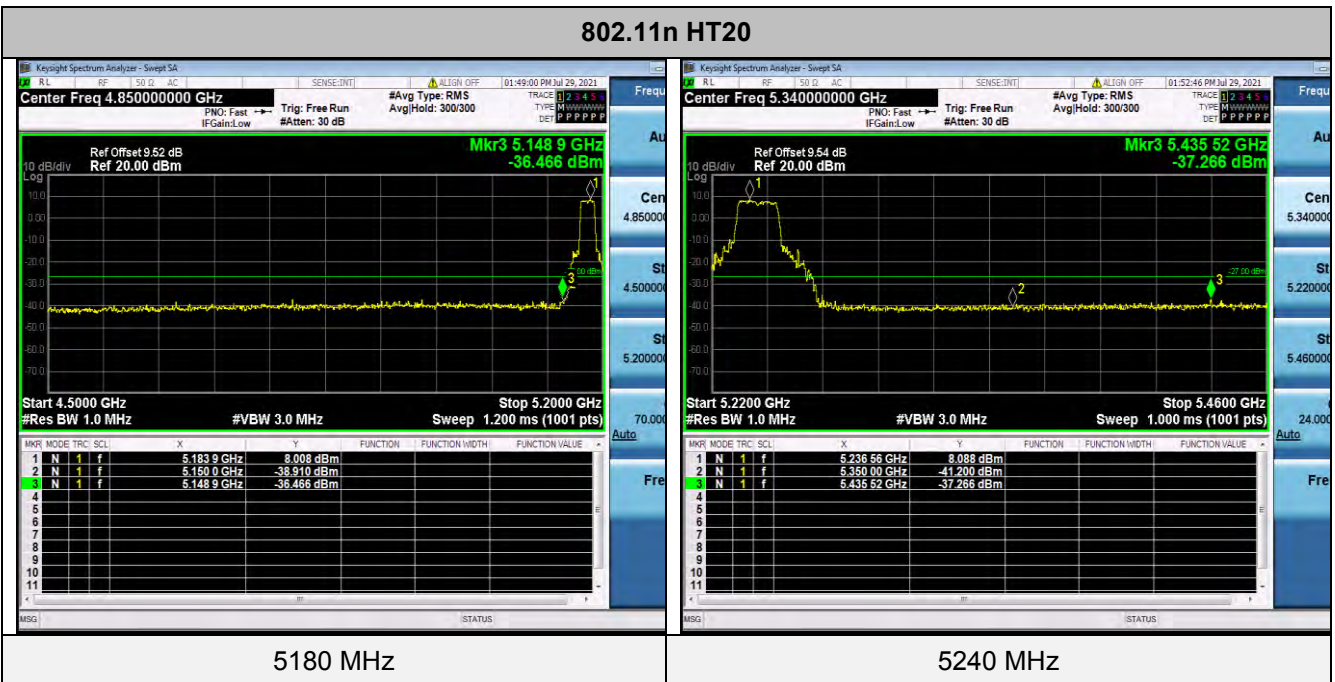
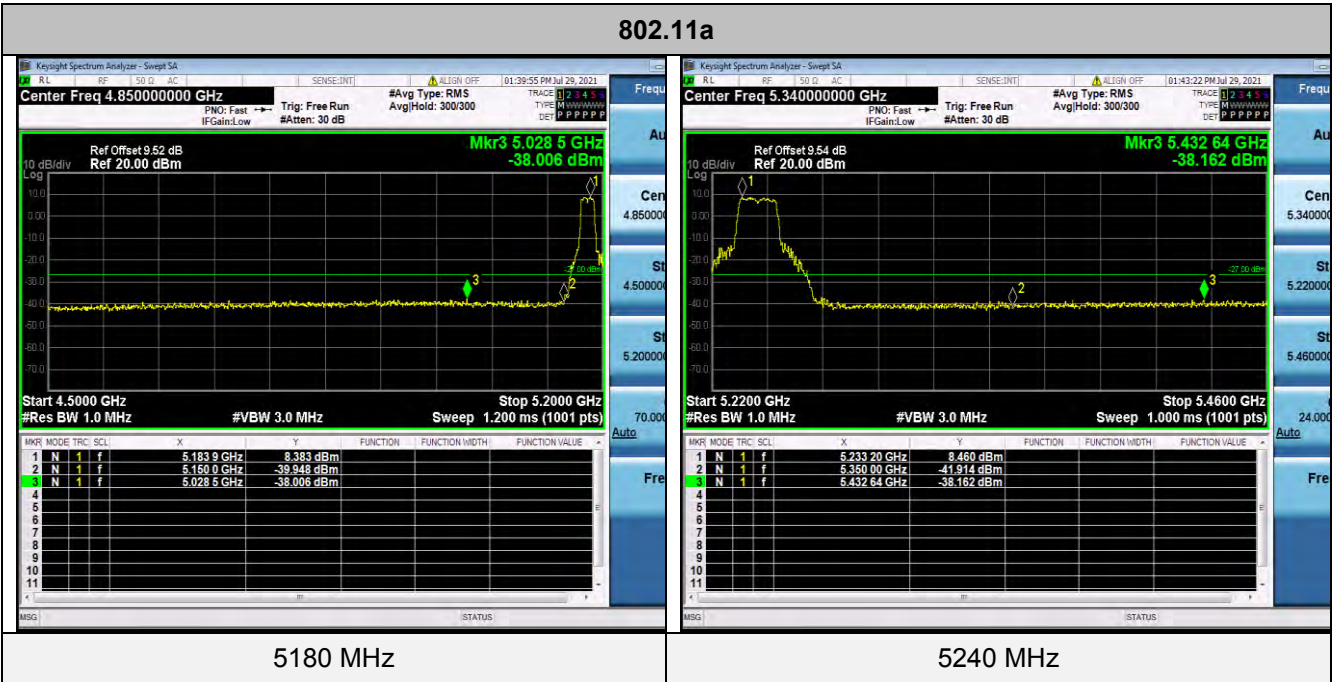
1. Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss - PRM Factor.
2. Margin value = Result Level-Limit value.
2. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
3. The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.
4. Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak;

For Conducted Band edge Measurement

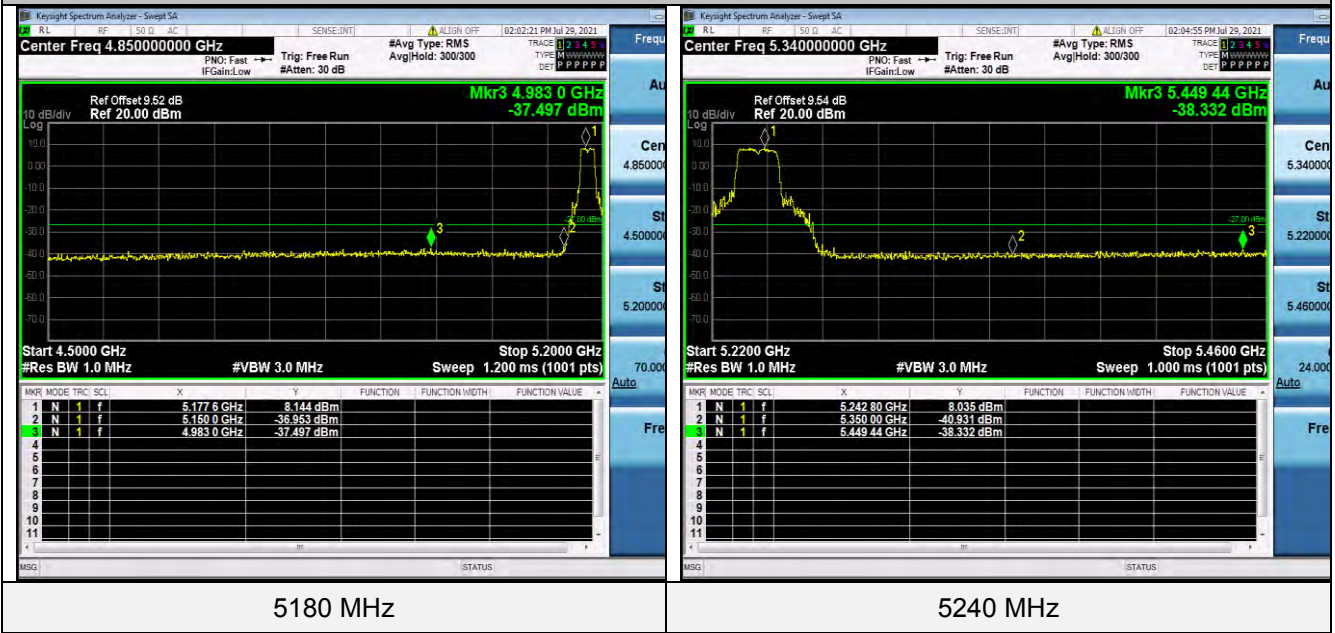
Temperature	23.6°C	Humidity	55.7%
Test Engineer	Oliver Ou	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

The test results have included the antenna gain

Antenna 0:  
5150-5250MHz:



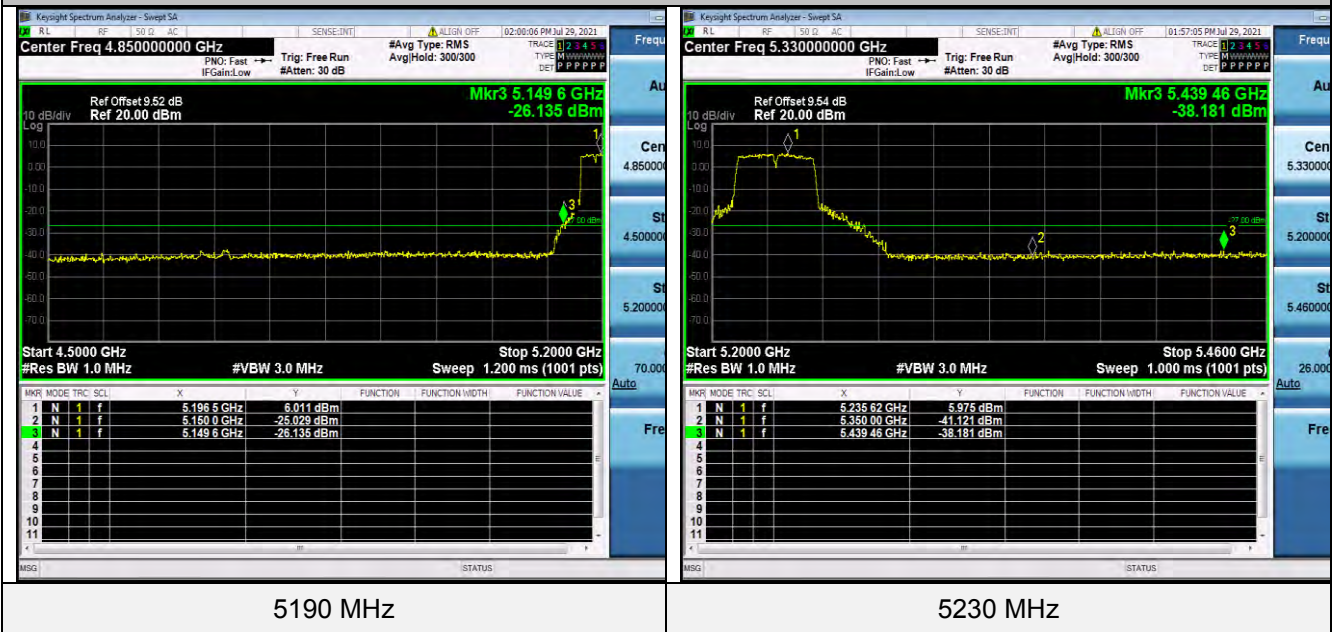
802.11ac20



5180 MHz

5240 MHz

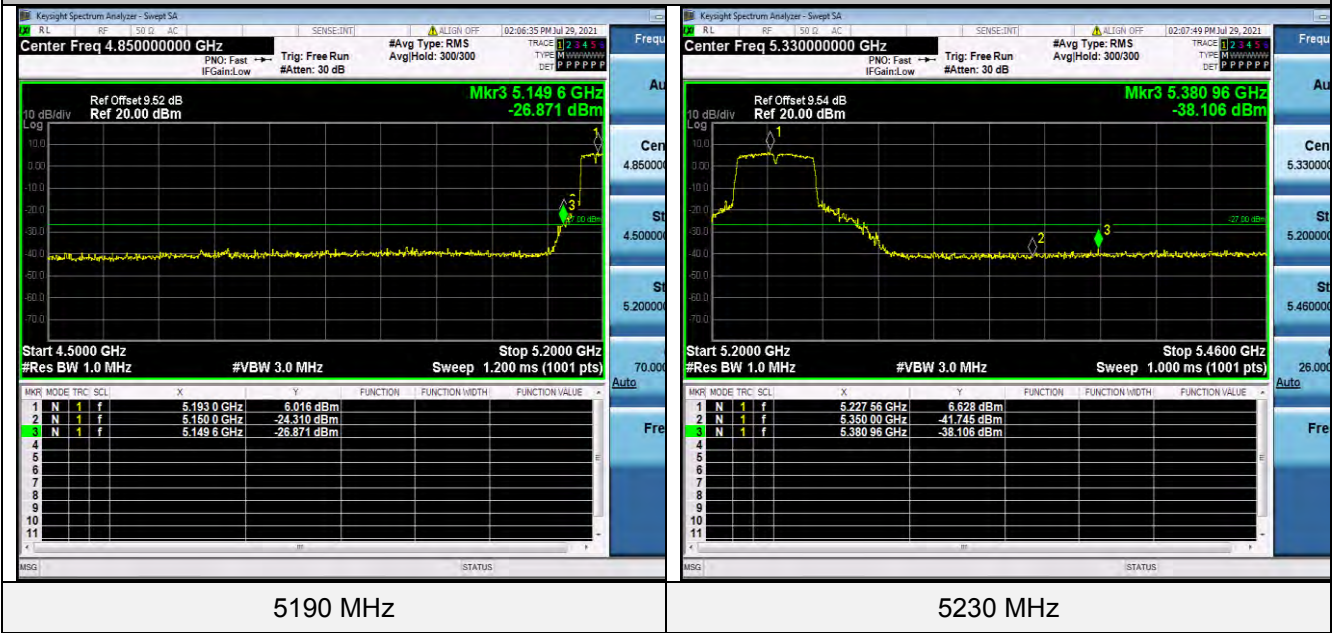
802.11n HT40



5190 MHz

5230 MHz

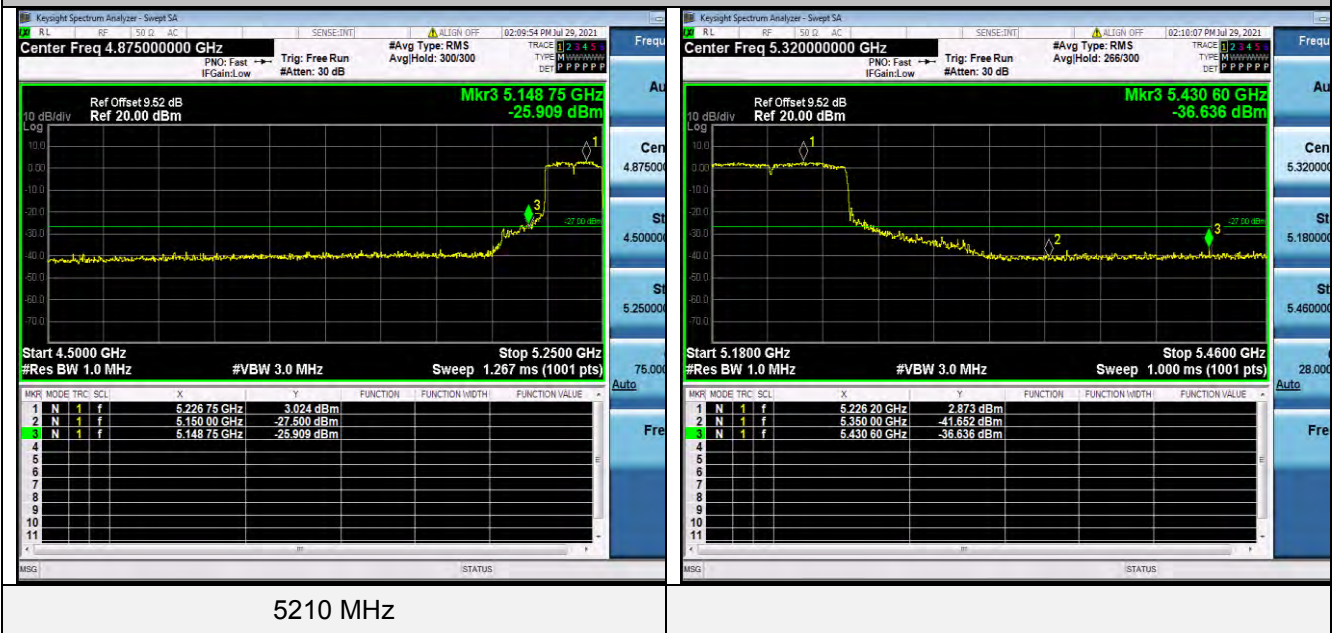
802.11ac40



5190 MHz

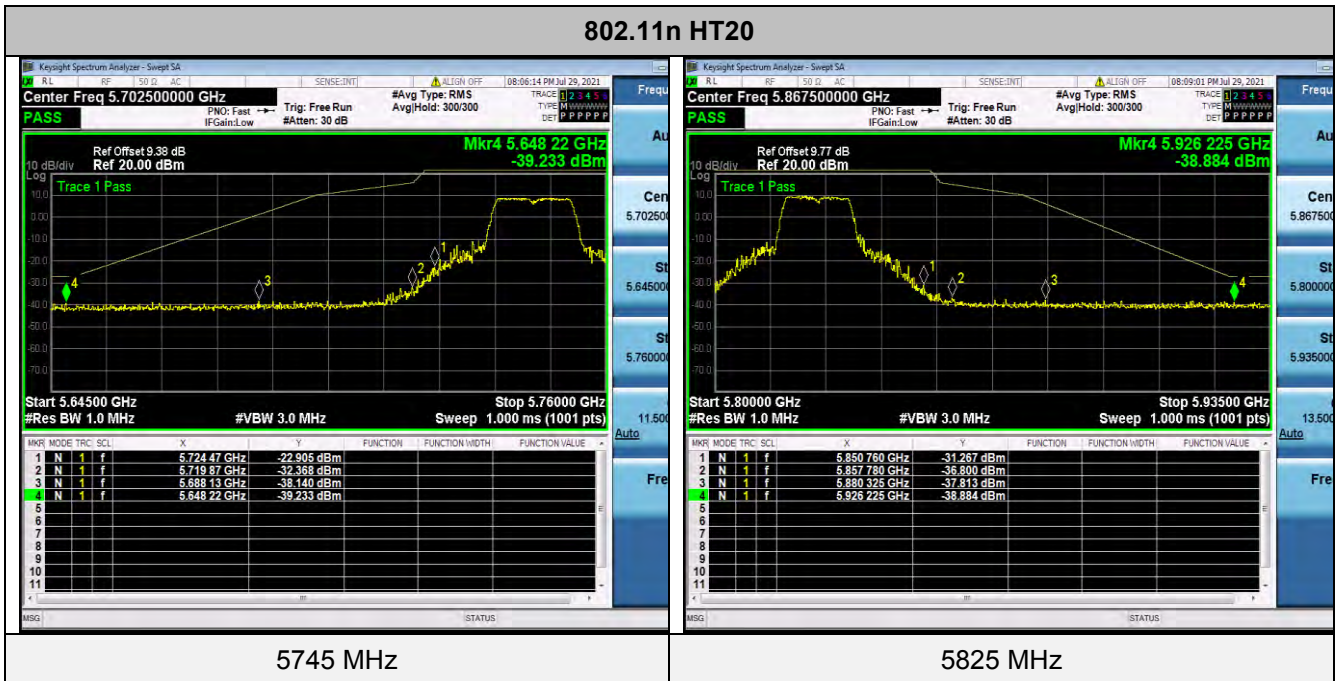
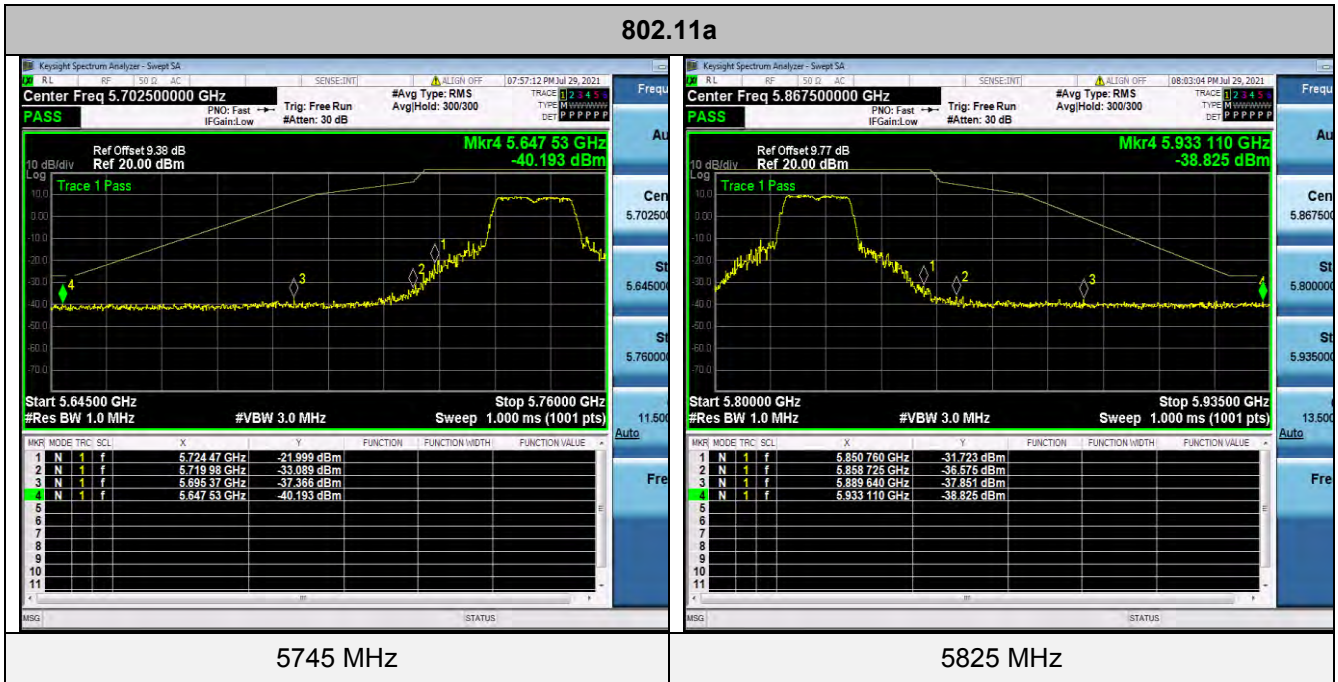
5230 MHz

802.11ac80

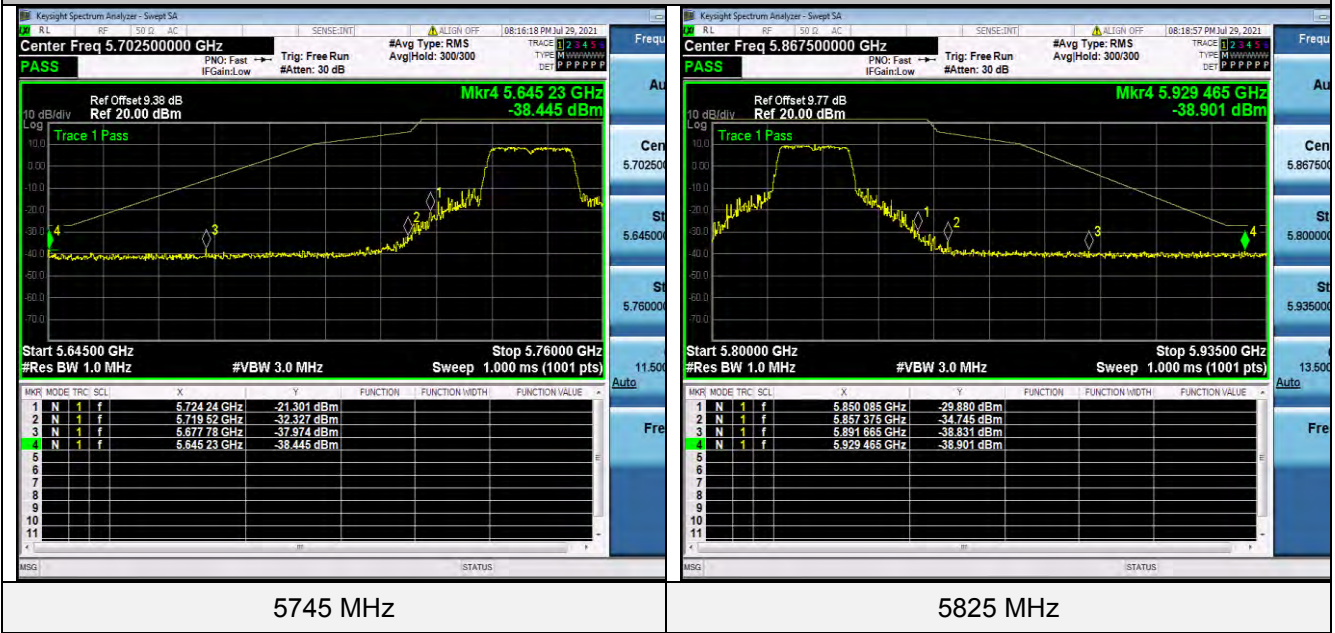


5210 MHz

5725-5850MHz:



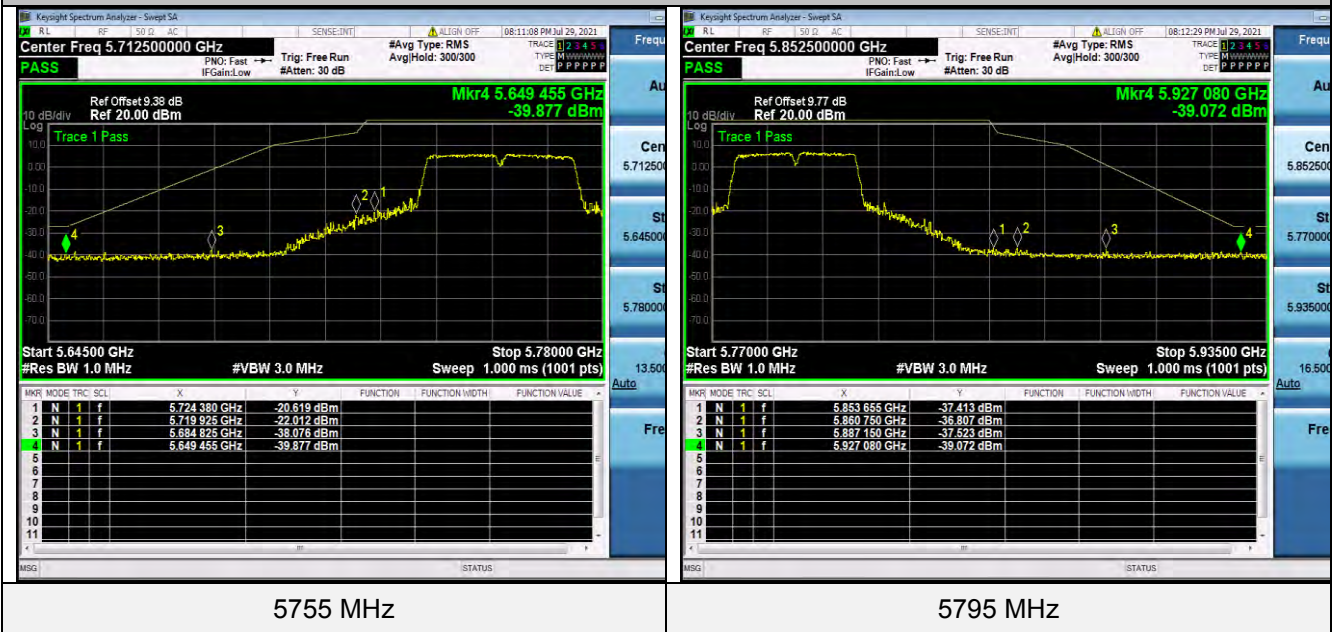
802.11ac20



5745 MHz

5825 MHz

802.11n HT40

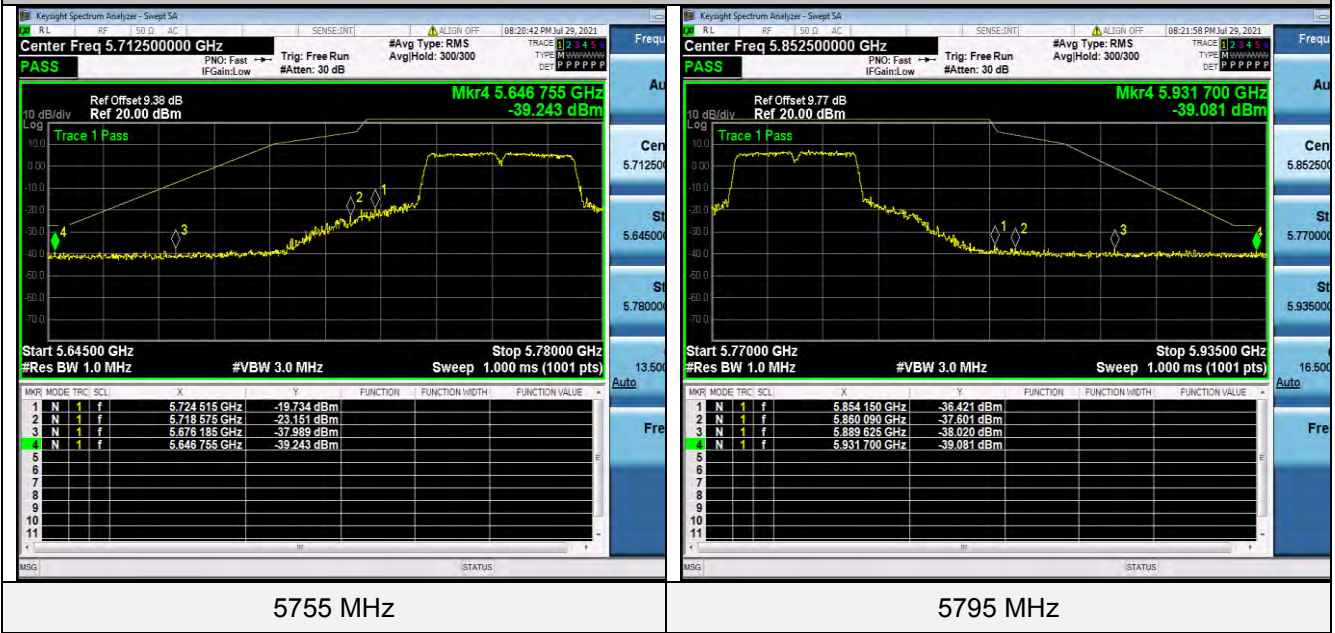


5755 MHz

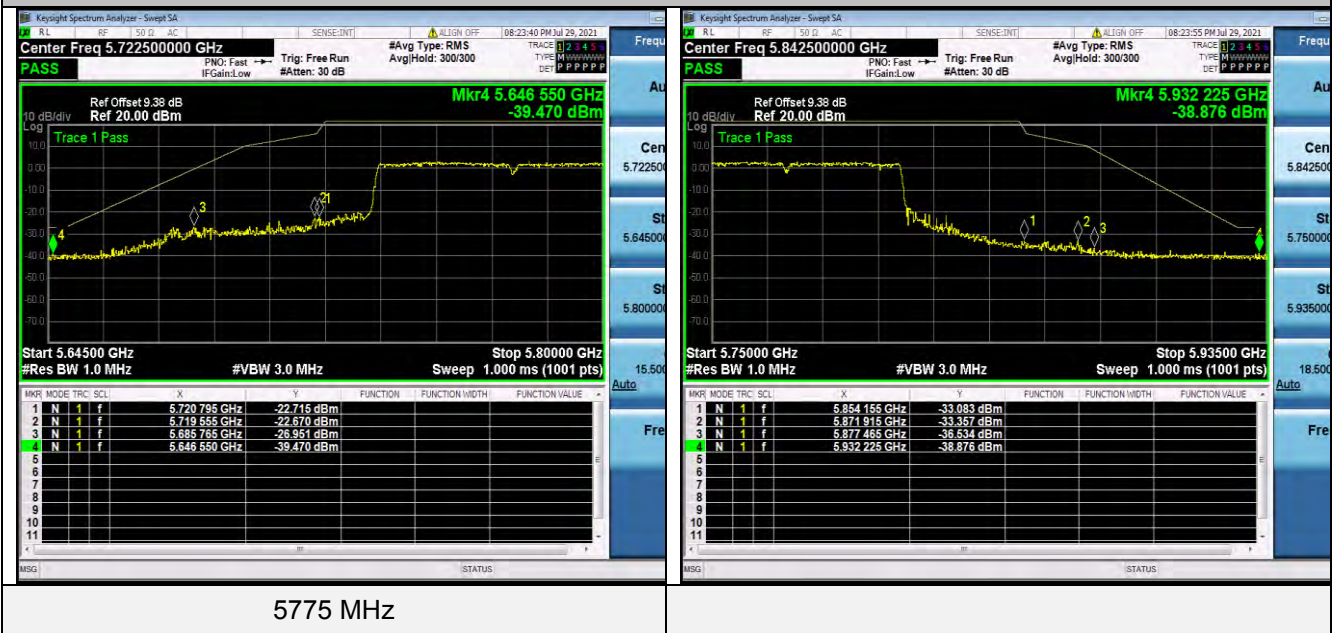
5795 MHz



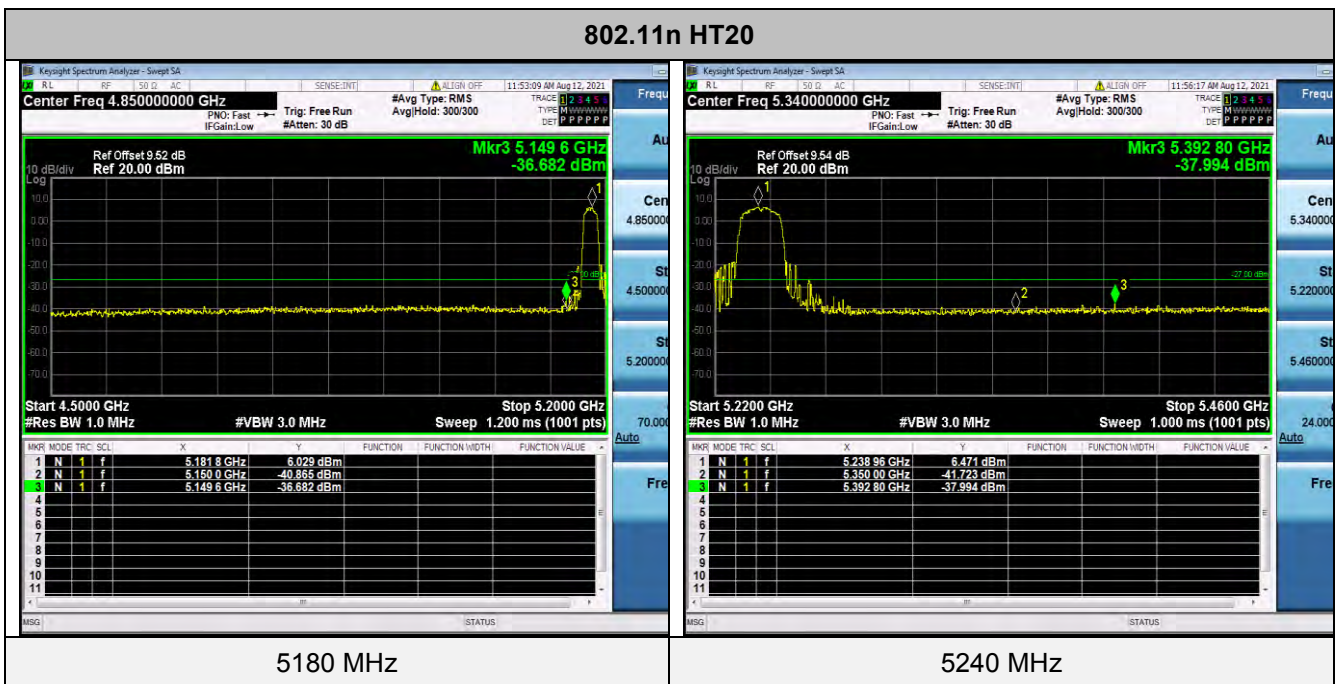
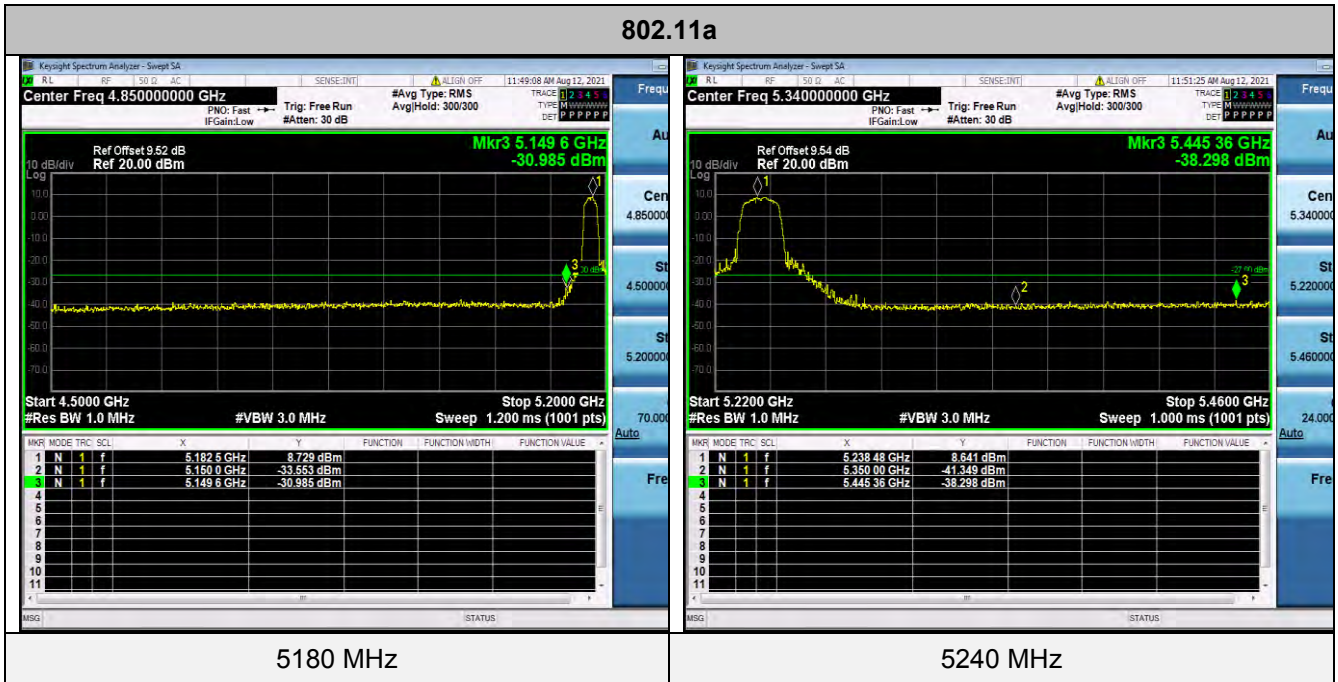
802.11ac40



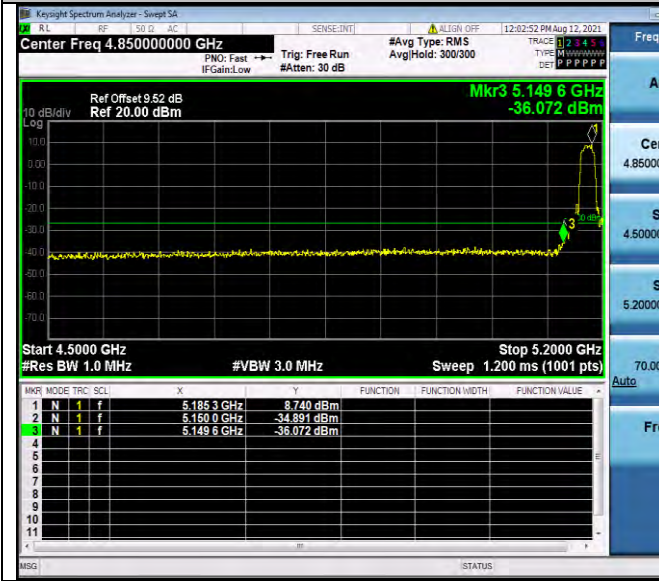
802.11ac80



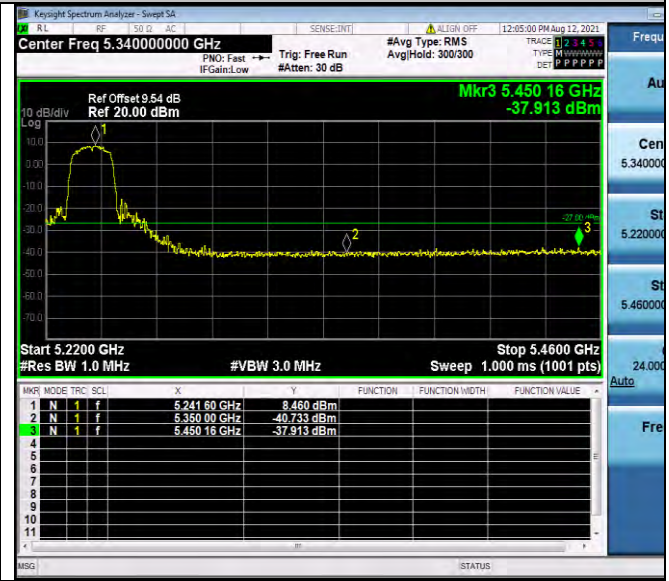
Antenna 1:  
5150-5250MHz:



802.11ac20

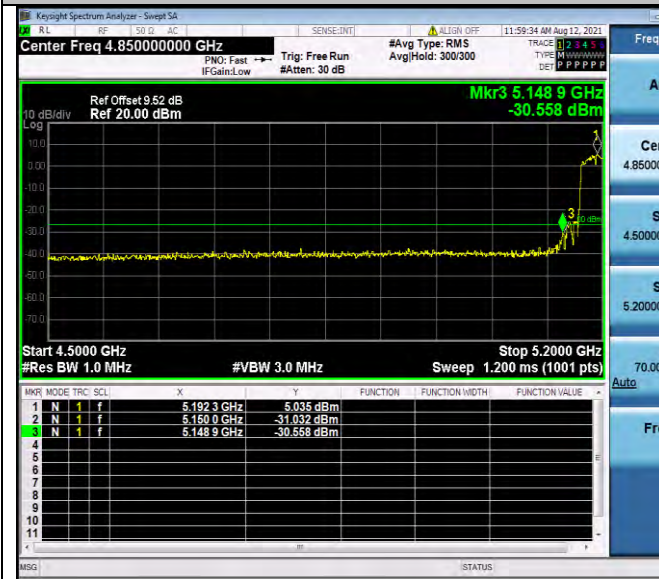


5180 MHz



5240 MHz

802.11n HT40

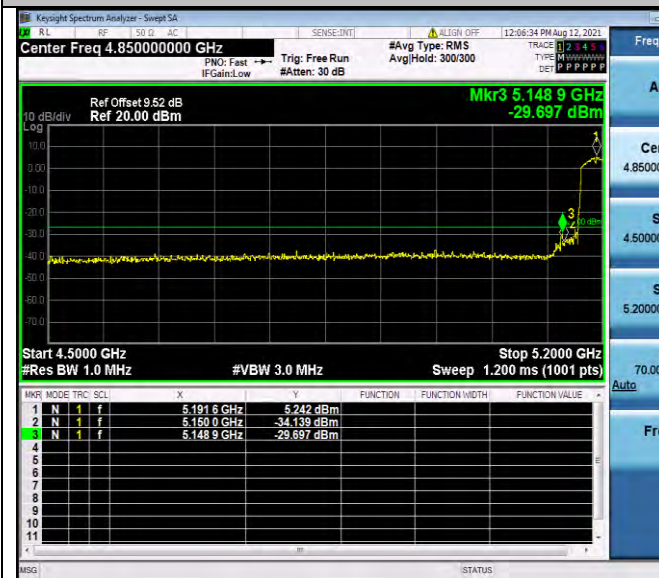


5190 MHz

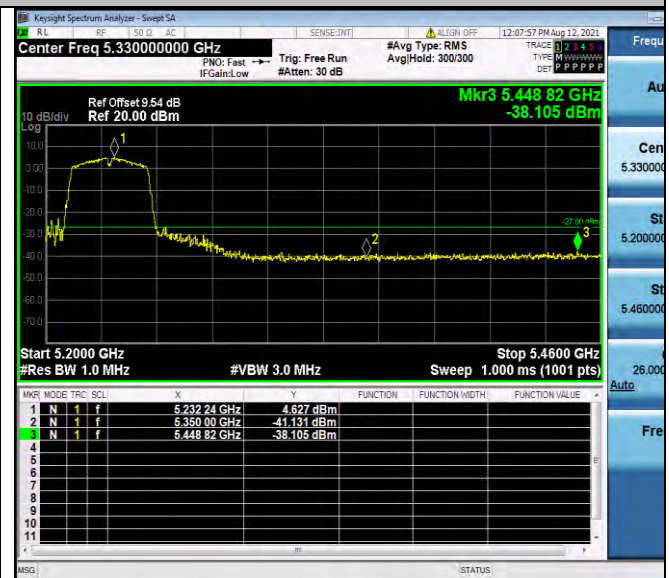


5230 MHz

802.11ac40

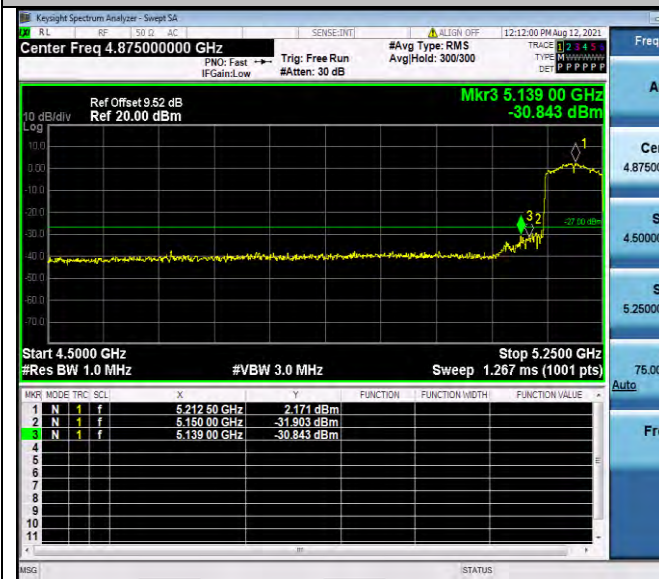


5190 MHz



5230 MHz

802.11ac80

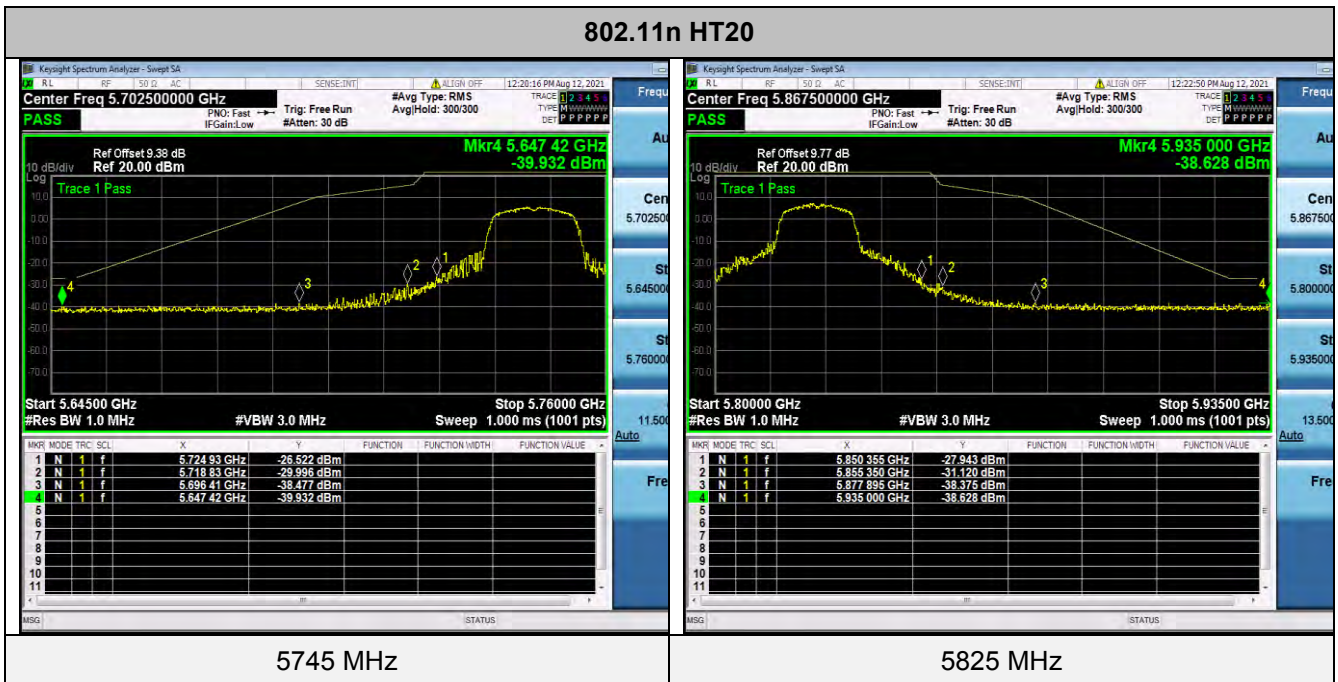
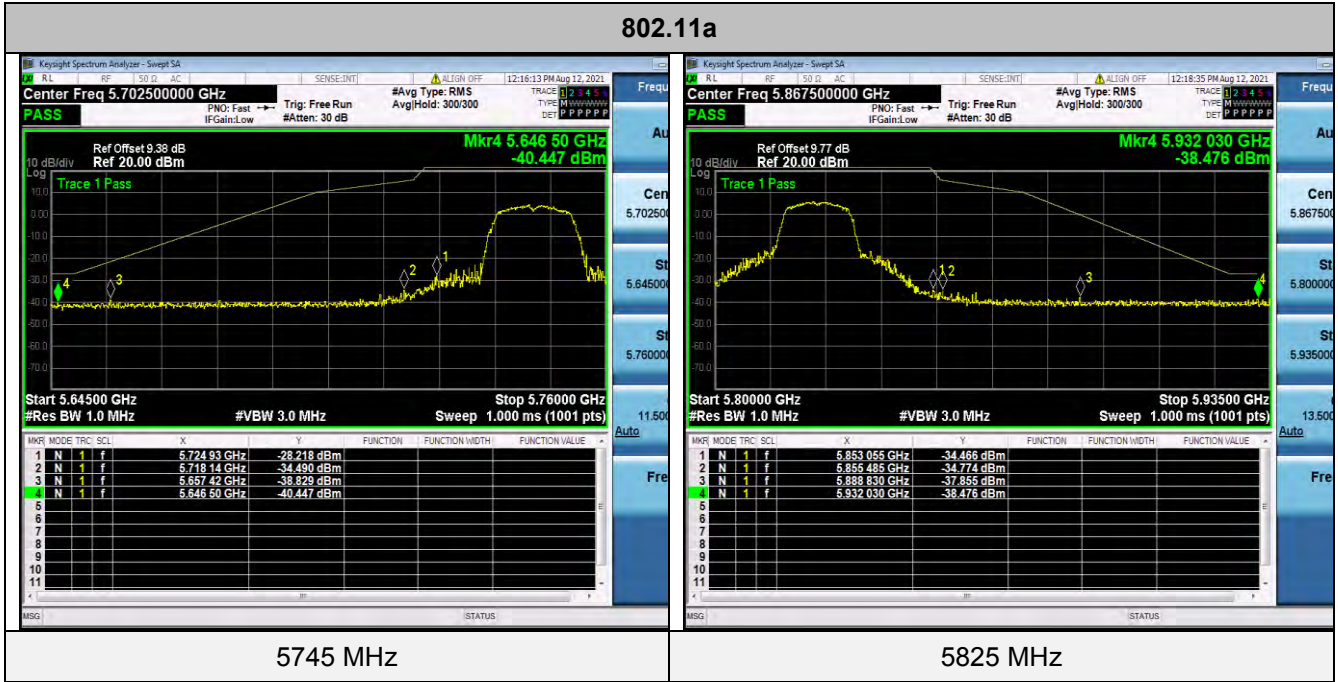


5210 MHz

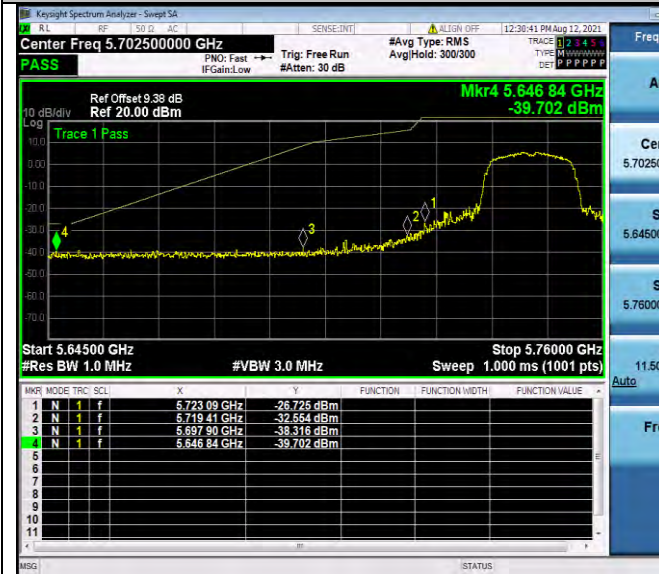


5230 MHz

5725-5850MHz:



802.11ac20



5745 MHz



5825 MHz

802.11n HT40



5755 MHz



5795 MHz

802.11ac40

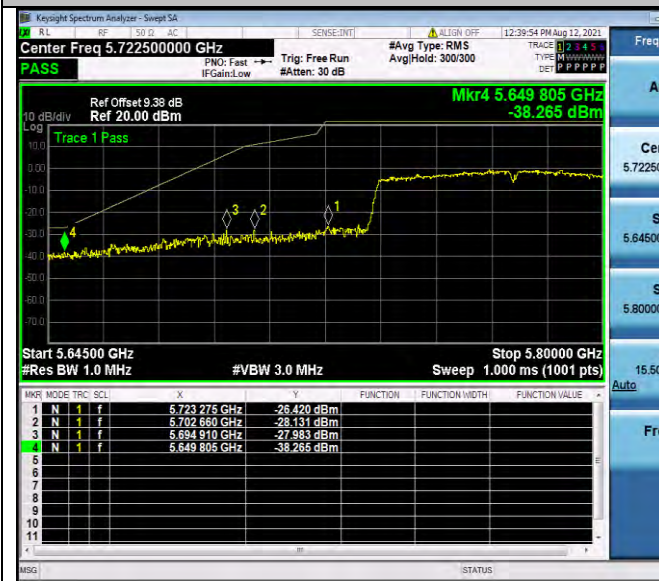


5755 MHz



5795 MHz

802.11ac80



5775 MHz



5795 MHz

## 4.9. Frequency Stability

### Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.407(g) “Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user manual.”

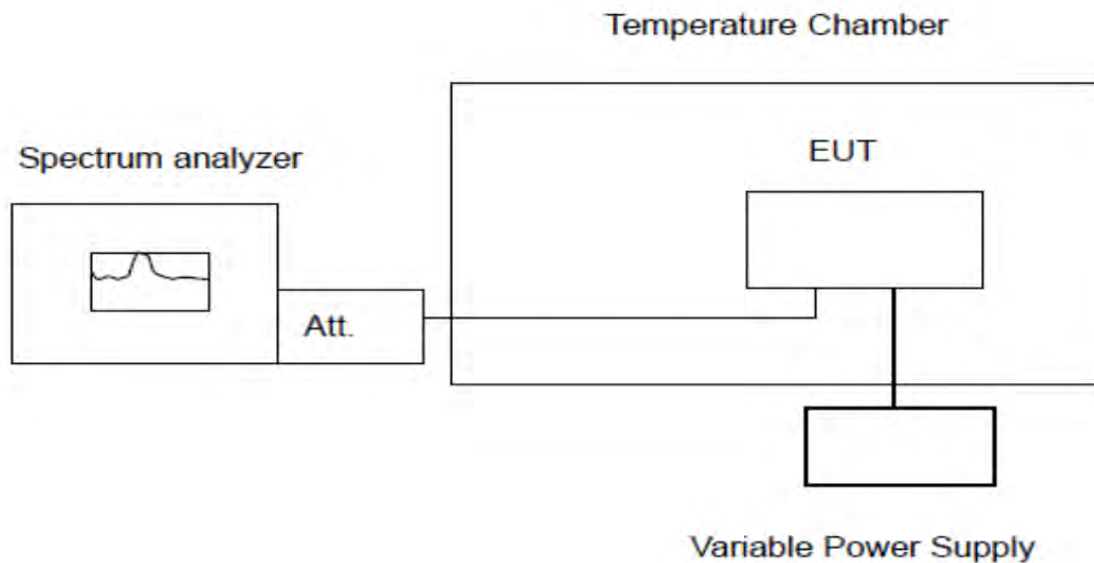
According to FCC §2.1055(a) “The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:”

(1) From  $-30^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

(2) From  $-20^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Maritime Services under part 80 of this chapter, except for Class A, B, and S Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacons (EPIRBS), and equipment to be licensed for use above 952 MHz at operational fixed stations in all services, stations in the Local Television Transmission Service and Point-to-Point Microwave Radio Service under part 21 of this chapter, equipment licensed for use aboard aircraft in the Aviation Services under part 87 of this chapter, and equipment authorized for use in the Family Radio Service under part 95 of this chapter.

(3) From  $0^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Radio Broadcast Services under part 73 of this chapter.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20 degree operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to  $-30$  degree. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10 degree increased per stage until the highest temperature of  $+50$  degree reached.



**Test Results**

PASS

Remark:

1. Measured all conditions and recorded worst case.

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5180 – 5240 MHz / 5180 MHz

Environment Temperature (Degree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 3.6V	5179.988442	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 3.0V	5179.993268	5150 – 5250	PASS
50	DC 3.3V	5180.010780	5150 – 5250	PASS
40	DC 3.3V	5180.022092	5150 – 5250	PASS
30	DC 3.3V	5180.035402	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 3.3V	5180.015428	5150 – 5250	PASS
10	DC 3.3V	5179.965455	5150 – 5250	PASS
0	DC 3.3V	5179.972298	5150 – 5250	PASS
-10	DC 3.3V	5180.013775	5150 – 5250	PASS
-20	DC 3.3V	5180.006463	5150 – 5250	PASS
-30	DC 3.3V	5180.029162	5150 – 5250	PASS

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5180 – 5240 MHz / 5240 MHz

Environment Temperature (Degree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 3.6V	5239.992021	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 3.0V	5240.011352	5150 – 5250	PASS
50	DC 3.3V	5240.000382	5150 – 5250	PASS
40	DC 3.3V	5239.988793	5150 – 5250	PASS
30	DC 3.3V	5240.020701	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 3.3V	5239.988591	5150 – 5250	PASS
10	DC 3.3V	5240.007241	5150 – 5250	PASS
0	DC 3.3V	5239.981876	5150 – 5250	PASS
-10	DC 3.3V	5240.004547	5150 – 5250	PASS
-20	DC 3.3V	5240.005897	5150 – 5250	PASS
-30	DC 3.3V	5240.025376	5150 – 5250	PASS

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5745 – 5825 MHz / 5745 MHz

Environment Temperature (Degree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 3.6V	5745.001036	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 3.0V	5745.019180	5725 – 5850	PASS
50	DC 3.3V	5745.014804	5725 – 5850	PASS
40	DC 3.3V	5745.026034	5725 – 5850	PASS
30	DC 3.3V	5745.033089	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 3.3V	5745.030916	5725 – 5850	PASS
10	DC 3.3V	5744.987230	5725 – 5850	PASS
0	DC 3.3V	5745.017660	5725 – 5850	PASS
-10	DC 3.3V	5745.018951	5725 – 5850	PASS
-20	DC 3.3V	5745.028026	5725 – 5850	PASS
-30	DC 3.3V	5744.995815	5725 – 5850	PASS

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5745 – 5825 MHz / 5825 MHz

Environment Temperature (Degree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 3.6V	5825.014696	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 3.0V	5825.035946	5725 – 5850	PASS
50	DC 3.3V	5824.980729	5725 – 5850	PASS
40	DC 3.3V	5825.021722	5725 – 5850	PASS
30	DC 3.3V	5825.043205	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 3.3V	5825.000286	5725 – 5850	PASS
10	DC 3.3V	5824.978773	5725 – 5850	PASS
0	DC 3.3V	5824.964814	5725 – 5850	PASS
-10	DC 3.3V	5824.989642	5725 – 5850	PASS
-20	DC 3.3V	5825.011366	5725 – 5850	PASS
-30	DC 3.3V	5825.009613	5725 – 5850	PASS

## 4.10. Antenna Requirement

### Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### **Antenna Information**

The antenna is External Aantenna, through the buckle stretched out, The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.00dBi.

Reference to the Test Report: **GTS20210628009-1-1.**

**5. TEST SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT**

Reference to the test report No. GTS20210628009-1-1.

**6. EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT**

Reference to the test report No. GTS20210628009-1-1.

.....**End of Report**.....