

**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C**  
**CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT**

*For*

**Handheld Thermal Imager D Series**

**MODEL No.: D192F, D384F, D192M, D384M, D384A**

**FCC ID: 2AKU5D384M**

**Trade Mark: guide**

**REPORT NO: ES170503003E1**

**ISSUE DATE: December 18, 2017**

*Prepared for*

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*Prepared by*

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**1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

Applicant:	Wuhan Guide Sensmart Tech Co., Ltd 4#3th-6th floor, NO.6 Huanglong Hill South Road, East Lake Development Zone, Wuhan, China
Manufacture:	Wuhan Guide Sensmart Tech Co., Ltd 4#3th-6th floor, NO.6 Huanglong Hill South Road, East Lake Development Zone, Wuhan, China
Product Description:	Handheld Thermal Imager D Series
Model Number:	D192F, D384F, D192M, D384M, D384A
Trade Mark:	guide
File Number:	ES170503003E1
Date of Test:	May 03, 2017 to December 18, 2017

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 2 2017, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15 2017, Subpart C	PASS

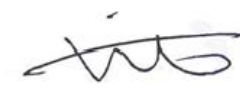
The above equipment was tested by EMTEK(SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2 2017 and Part 15.247 2017

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Date of Test : May 03, 2017 to December 18, 2017

Prepared by :   
Yaping Shen /Editor

Reviewer :   
Joe Xia/Supervisor

Approve & Authorized Signer :   
Lisa Wang/Manager

## 2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description
<b>Product:</b>	Handheld Thermal Imager D Series
<b>Model Number:</b>	D192F, D384F, D192M, D384M, D384A (Note: These models are identical in circuitry and electrical, the differences are the parameters, and only D384A has a Bluetooth module. We prepare D384A for test.)
<b>Data Rate:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-CM 1Mbps for GFSK modulation 2Mbps for pi/4-DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-LE 1Mbps for GFSK modulation
<b>Modulation:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-CM GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-LE GFSK
<b>Operating Frequency Range(s):</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-CM 2402-2480MHz  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-LE 2402-2480MHz
<b>Number of Channels:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-CM 79 channels  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-LE 40 channels
<b>Transmit Power Max:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-CM 2.841 dBm  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BT-LE 2.356 dBm
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	Balance Flex Antenna
<b>Gain:</b>	3dBi
<b>Power supply:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DC supply: DC 12V by adapter or DC 7.4V by battery for Host DC 12V by adapter for charge base  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Adaptor supply: Model: S018BAM1200150 Input: AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 500mA Output: DC 12V 1500mA
<b>Temperature Range</b>	-10°C ~ +55°C

**Note:** for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC PartClause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(c)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.203	Antenna Application	PASS	
NOTE 1:N/A (Not Applicable)			

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2AKU5D384M filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C.

## 4 TEST METHODOLOGY

### 4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:  
 FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J  
 FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C  
 DA 00-705

### 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

#### 4.2.1 Conducted Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LASTCAL.	DUE CAL.
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	26115-010-0027	May 20, 2017	May 19, 2018
L.I.S.N.	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101161	May 20, 2017	May 19, 2018
50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	6100175589	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Voltage Probe	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z3	100122	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018

#### 4.2.2 Radiated Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CAL.	DUE CAL.
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU	1302.6005.26	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A07999	May 20, 2017	May 19, 2018
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	142	May 20, 2017	May 19, 2018
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	ACRX1	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Cable	Rosenberger	N/A	FP2RX2	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRPX1	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU	1302.6005.26	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Pre-Amplifier	A.H.	PAM-0126	1415261	May 20, 2017	May 19, 2018
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120	707	May 20, 2017	May 19, 2018
Loop Antenna	Laplace Instrument Ltd	RF300	8006	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Cable	H+B	0.5M SF104-26.5	289147/4	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Cable	H+B	3M SF104-26.5	295838/4	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Cable	H+B	6M SF104-26.5	295840/4	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018

#### 4.2.3 Radio Frequency Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LASTCAL.	DUE CAL.
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	88156318	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	My53470879	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0824006	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0738172	May 21, 2017	May 20, 2018

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

### 4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for Bluetooth GFSK modulation; 2Mbps for Bluetooth pi/4-DQPSK modulation; 3Mbps for Bluetooth 8DPSK modulation ) were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Frequency and Channel list for Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	...	...
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
...	...	...	...	78	2480
Note: $f_c = 2402\text{MHz} + (k-1) \times 1\text{MHz}$ k=1 to 79					

Test Frequency and channel for Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode:

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480

## 5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.10 and CISPR Publication 22.

### 5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

EMC Lab.

- : Accredited by CNAS, 2016.10.24  
The certificate is valid until 2022.10.28  
The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01: 2006(identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005)  
The Certificate Registration Number is L2291
- : Accredited by TUV Rheinland Shenzhen, 2016.5.19  
The Laboratory has been assessed according to the requirements ISO/IEC 17025.
- : Accredited by FCC,  
The Certificate Registration Number is 882943.
- : Accredited by Industry Canada, November 24, 2015  
The Certificate Registration Number is 4480A



## 6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

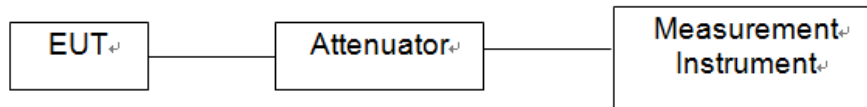
Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	$\pm 1.0\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions Test	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission Test	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth Test	$\pm 1.0\text{dB}$
Band Edge Test	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
All emission, radiated	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
Antenna Port Emission	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
Temperature	$\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 3\%$

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%

## 7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### 7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The Bluetooth DSS component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



### 7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m. The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

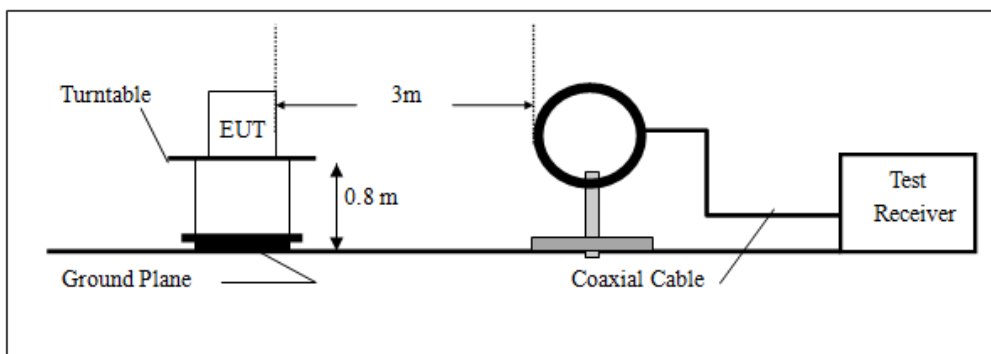
30MHz-1GHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

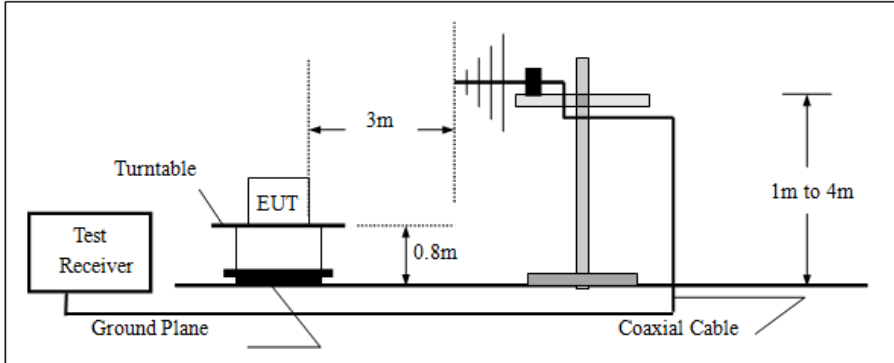
Above 1GHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

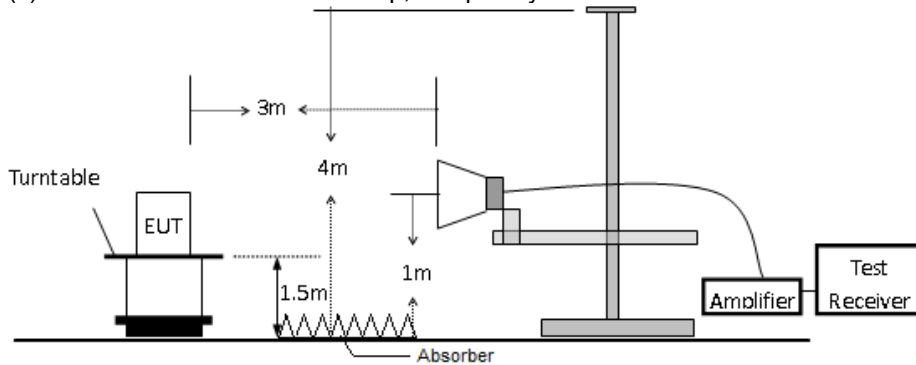
(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz

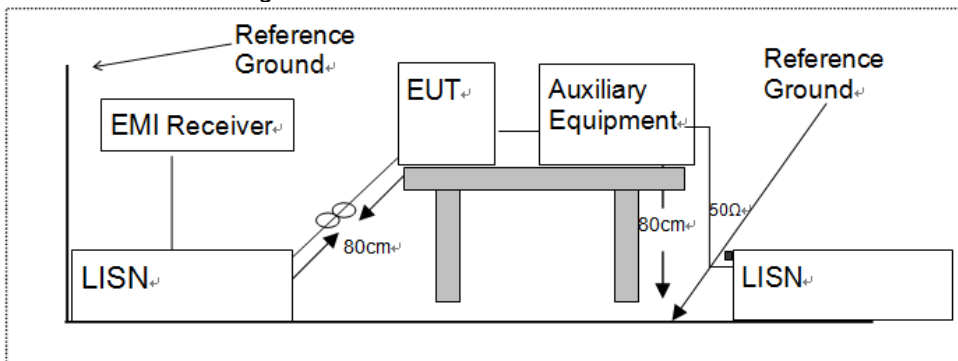


### 7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

The mains cable of the EUT (Game fitness board) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8 m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.1 m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.



**7.4 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Note
1	--	--	--	--

**Notes:**

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.*
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.*

## 8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

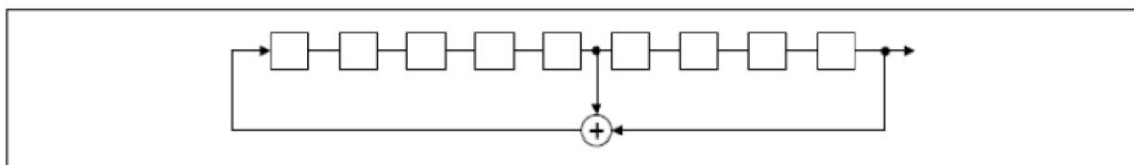
(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

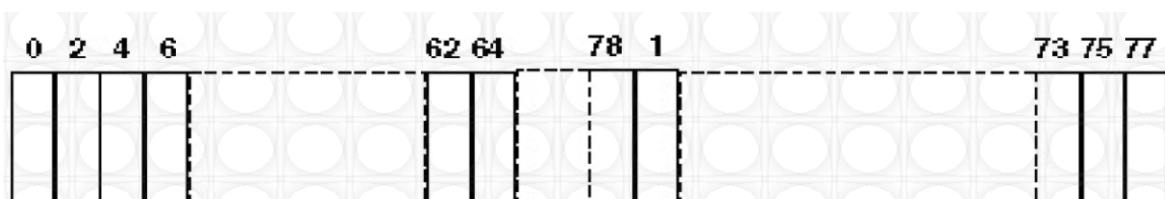
### 8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divide into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9  
Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits  
Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.  
The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53

Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

### 8.4 Frequency Hopping System

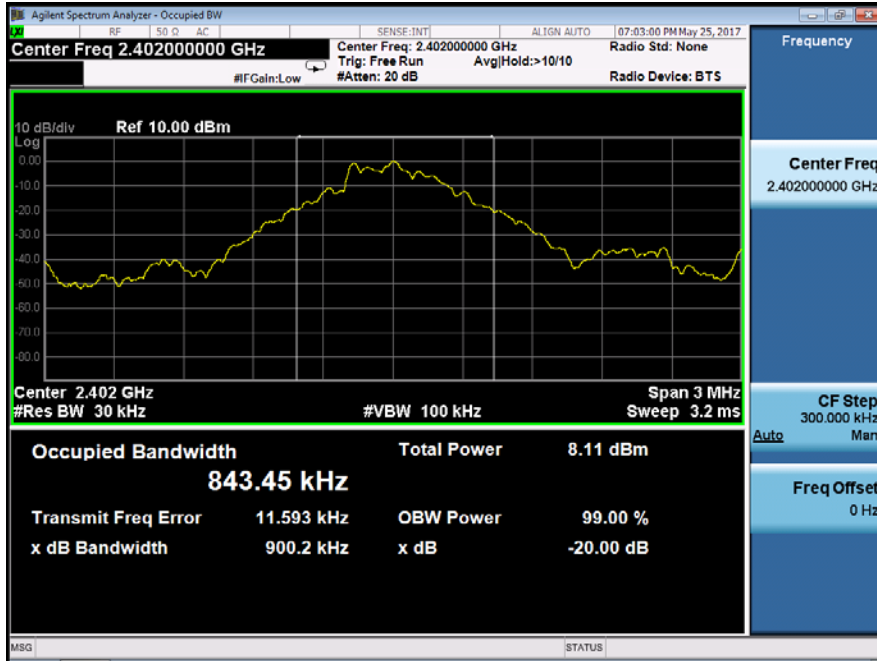
This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.



Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSKModulation



Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	GFSKModulation

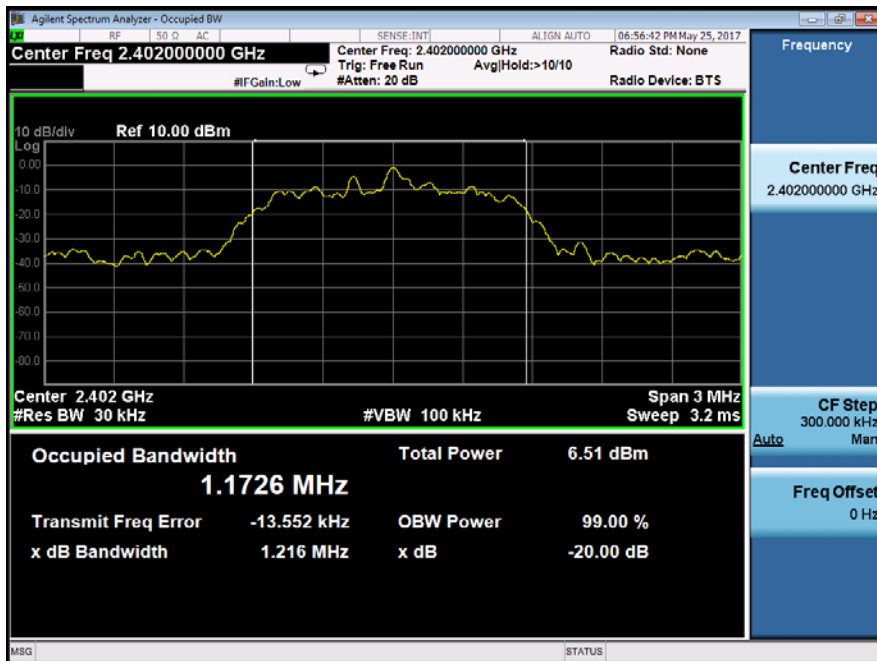




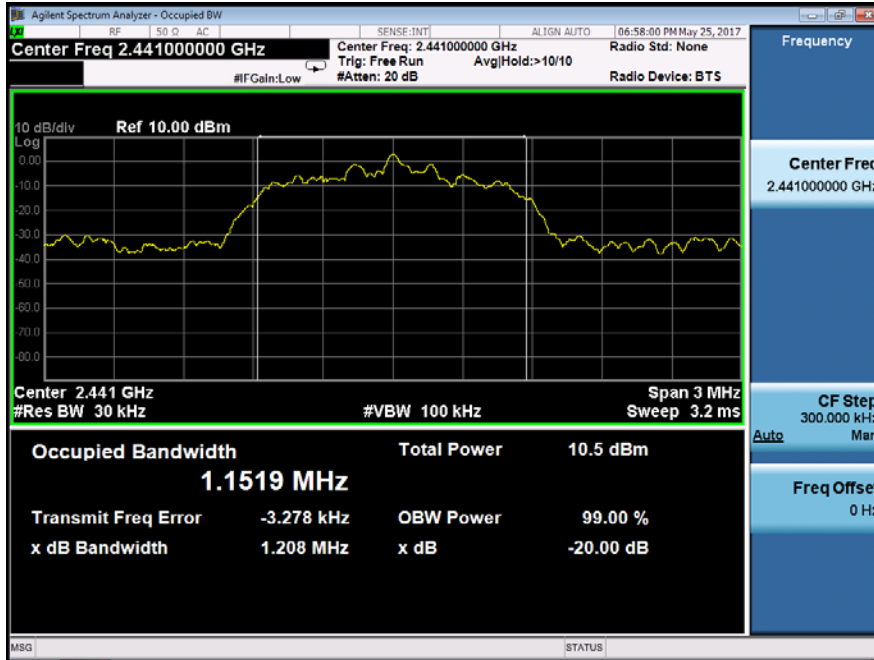
Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSKModulation



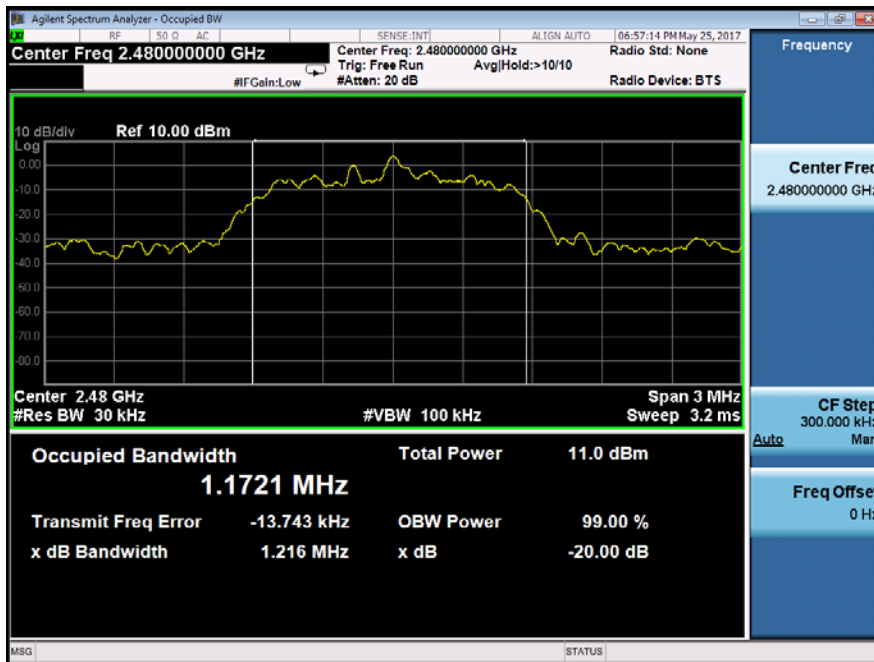
Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	pi/4-DQPSKModulation



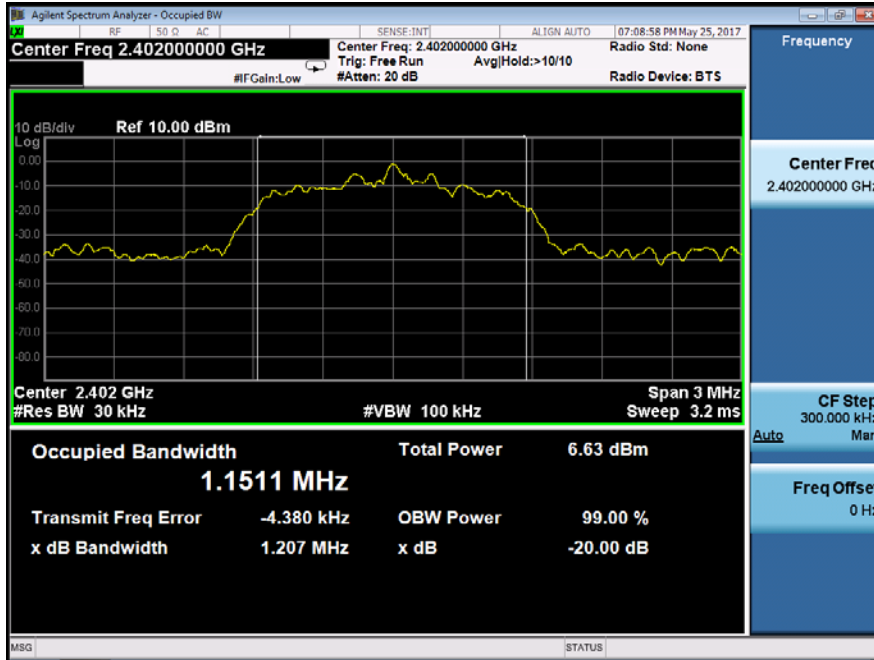
Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	pi/4-DQPSKModulation



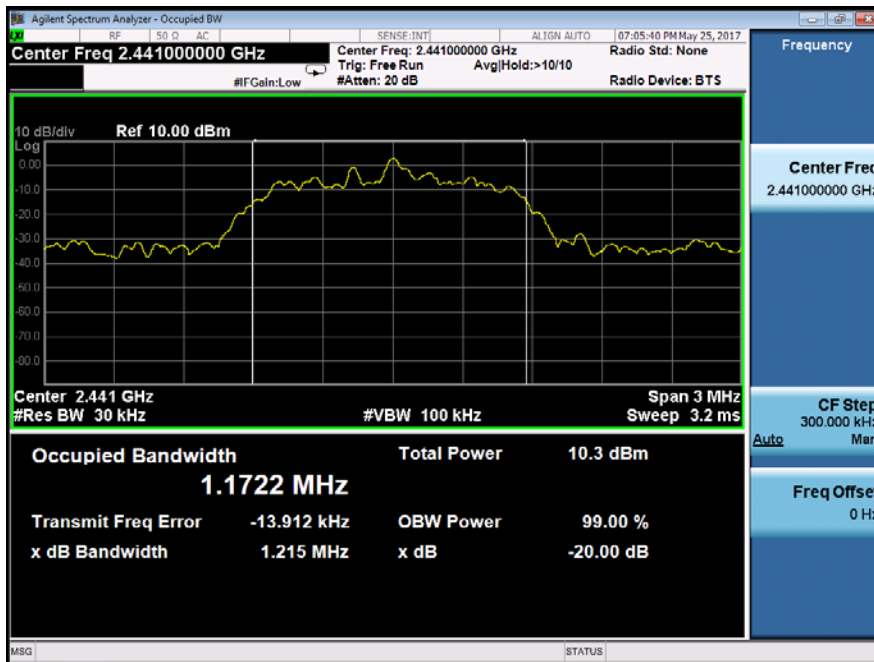
Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	pi/4-DQPSKModulation



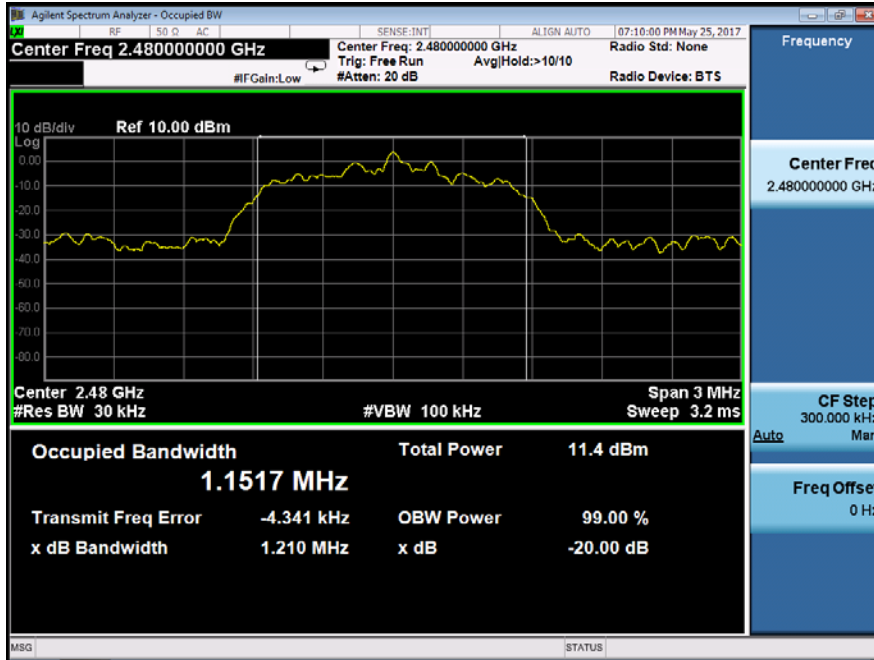
Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	8DPSKModulation



Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	8DPSKModulation

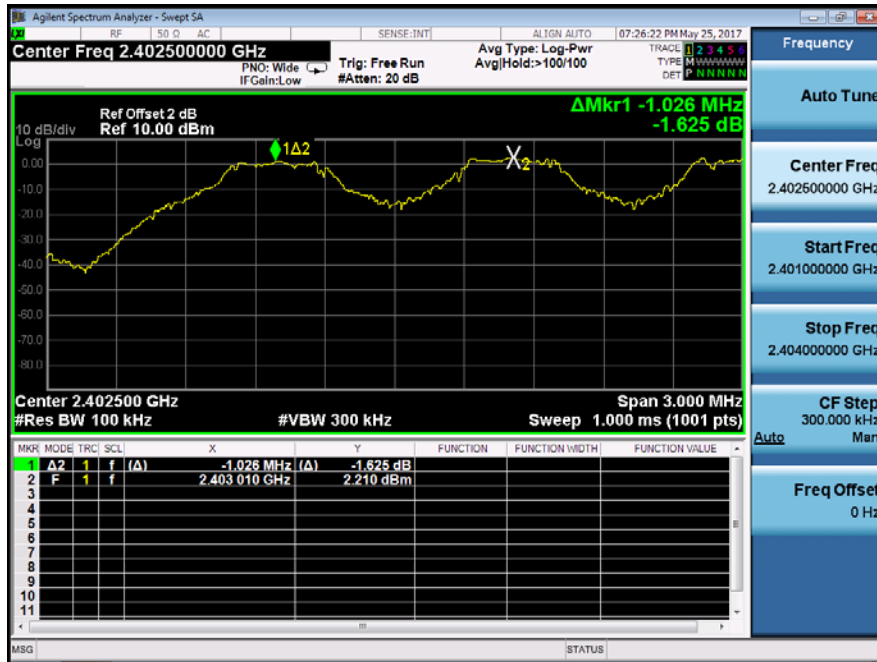


Test Model	20dB Bandwidth	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	8DPSKModulation

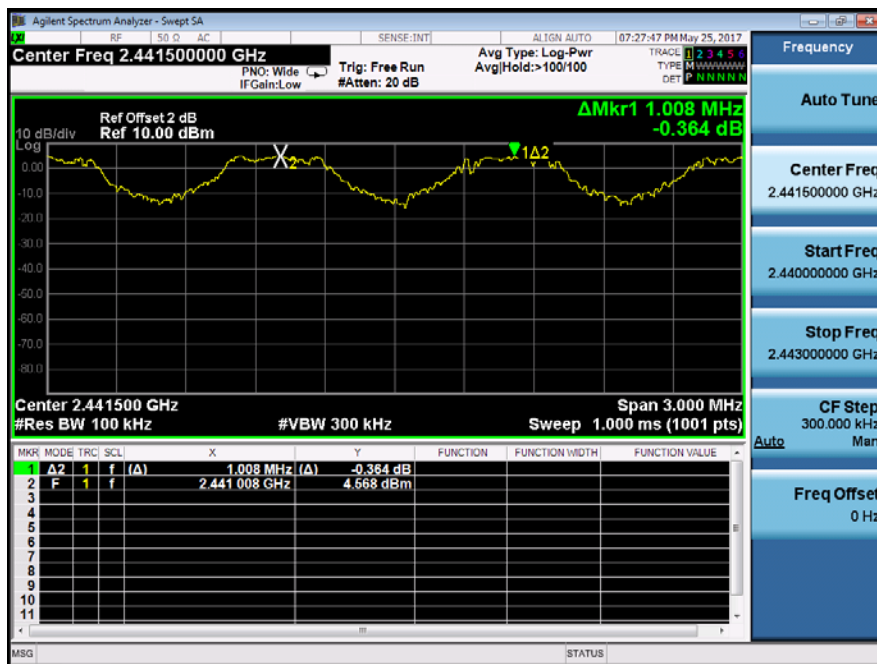




Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSKModulation



Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	GFSKModulation



Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSKModulation



Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	pi/4-DQPSKModulation





Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	pi/4-DQPSKModulation



Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	pi/4-DQPSKModulation





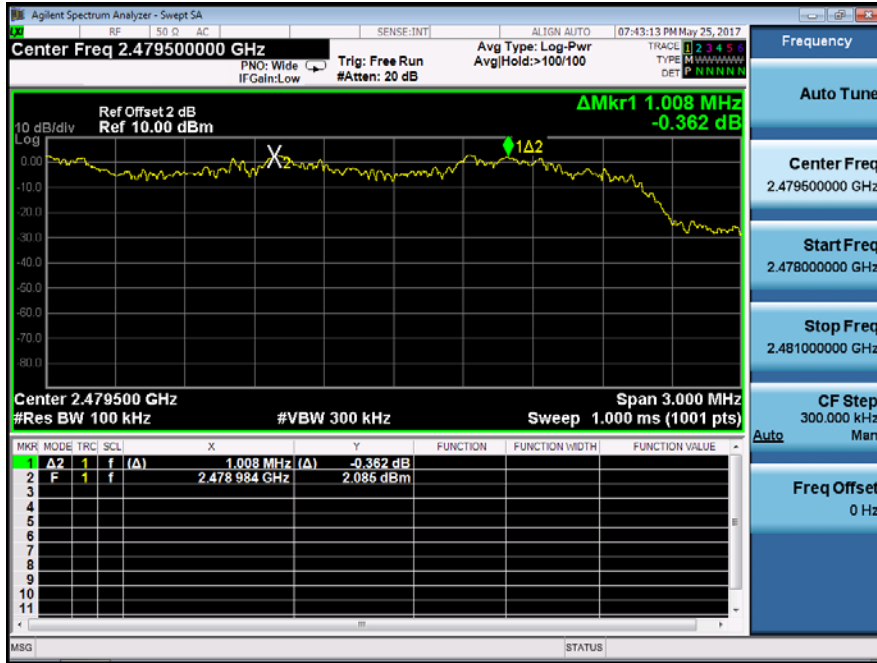
Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	8DPSKModulation



Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	8DPSKModulation



Test Model	Carrier Frequency Separation	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	8DPSKModulation



**9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES**

**9.3.1 Applicable Standard**

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) (iii)and DA 00-705

**9.3.2 Conformance Limit**

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

**9.3.3 Test Configuration**

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

**9.3.4 Test Procedure**

- According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii)

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2400-2483.5MHz)

RBW = 100kHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, inorder to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

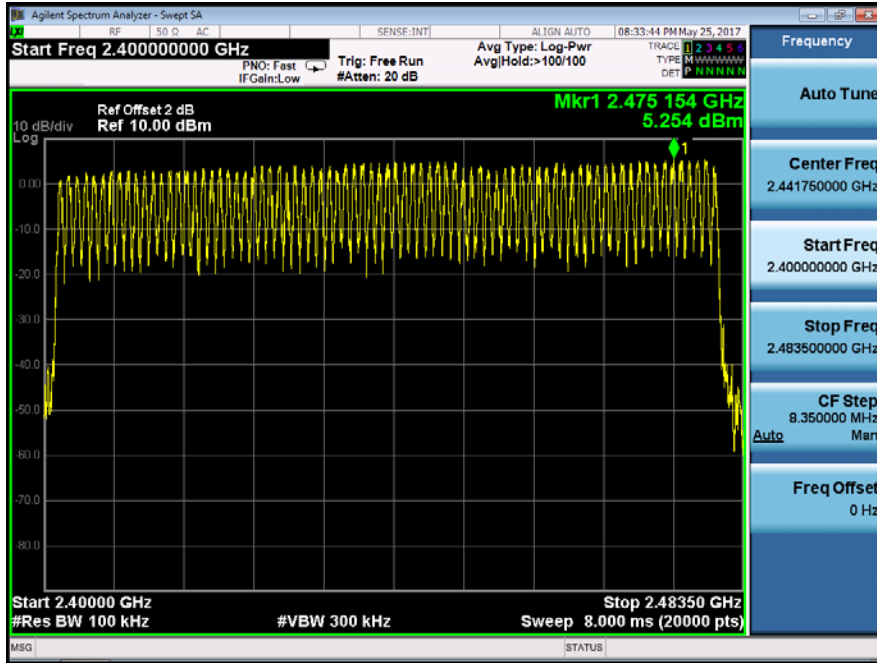
**Test Results**

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK)was report as below:

Temperature: 24°C                      Test Date: May 25, 2017  
Humidity: 53 %                          Test By: KK

Hopping Channel Frequency Range	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Quantity of Hopping Channel limit
2402-2480	79	> 15

Test Model	Number Of Hopping Frequencies	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Span:2400-2483.5MHz	



**9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)**

**9.4.1 Applicable Standard**

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) and DA 00-705

**9.4.2 Conformance Limit**

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the averagetime of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4smultiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

**9.4.3 Test Configuration**

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

**9.4.4 Test Procedure**

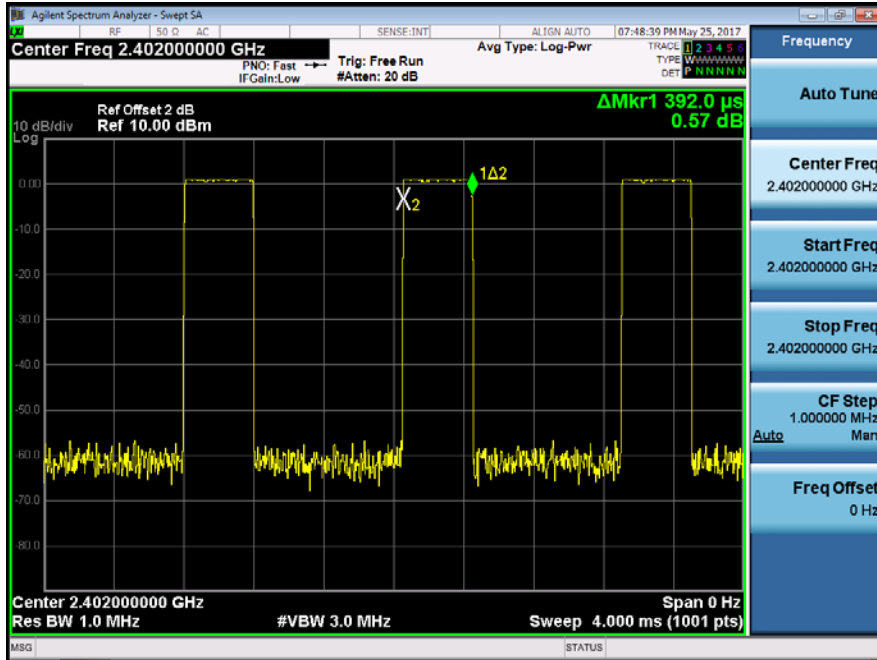
- According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii)  
 The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzersettings:  
 Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel  
 RBW = 1 MHz  
 VBW ≥ RBW  
 Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel  
 Detector function = peak  
 Trace = max hold  
 If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphsof this Section.

**9.4.5 Test Results**

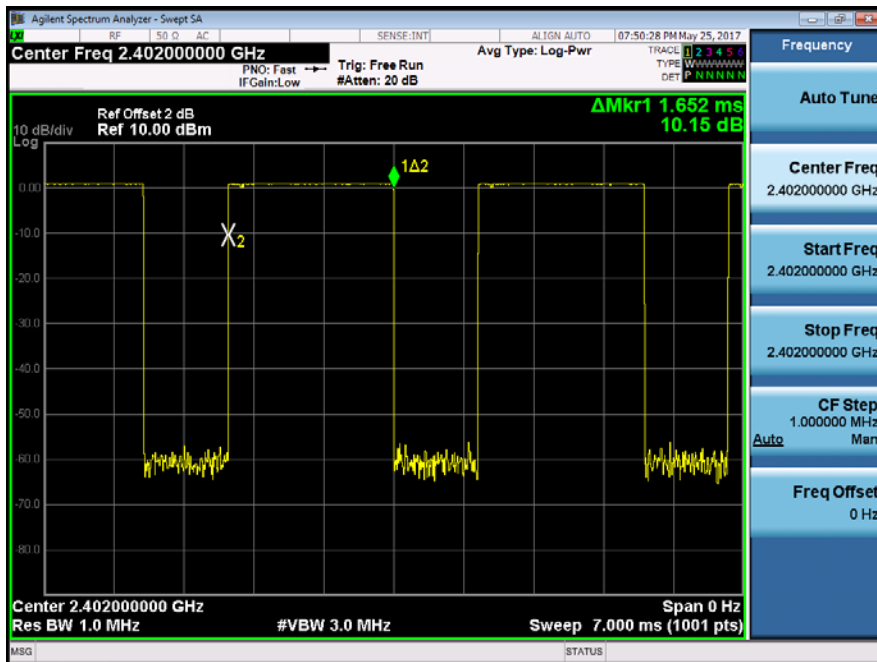
Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK)was report as below:  
 Temperature: 24°C Test Date: May 25, 2017  
 Humidity: 53 % Test By: KK

Modulation Mode	Channel Number	Packet type	Pluse width (ms)	DwellTime (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
GFSK	0	DH1	0.392	125.44	<400	PASS
	0	DH3	1.652	264.32	<400	PASS
	0	DH5	2.880	307.20	<400	PASS
Note1: DwellTime(DH1)=PW*(1600/2/79)*31.6 DwellTime(DH3)=PW*(1600/4/79)*31.6 DwellTime(DH5)=PW*(1600/6/79)*31.6 Note2: Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst results has been recorded on the follow page.						

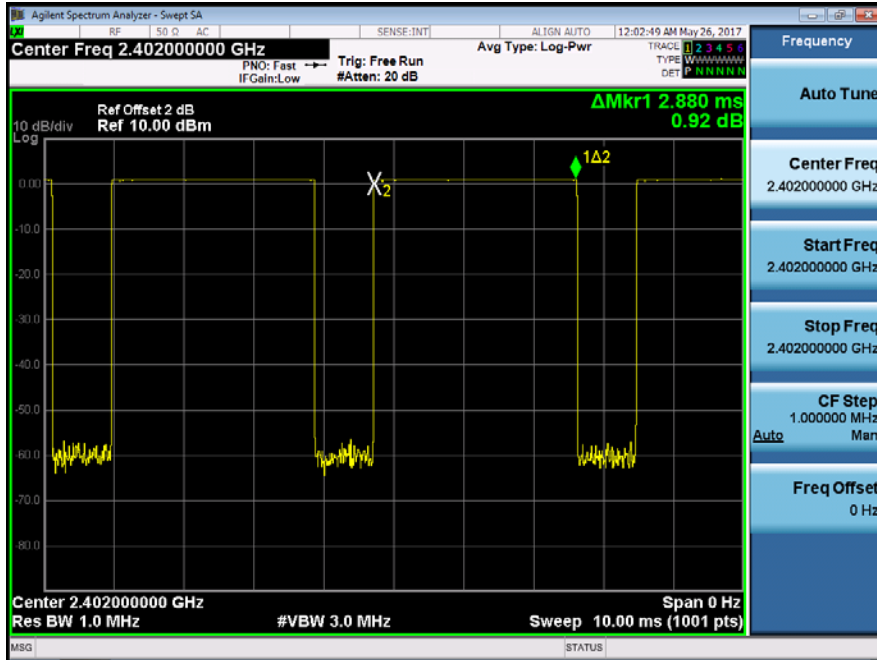
Test Model	Average Time Of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	CH 0: 2402MHz	GFSK DH1



Test Model	Average Time Of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	CH 0: 2402MHz	GFSK DH3



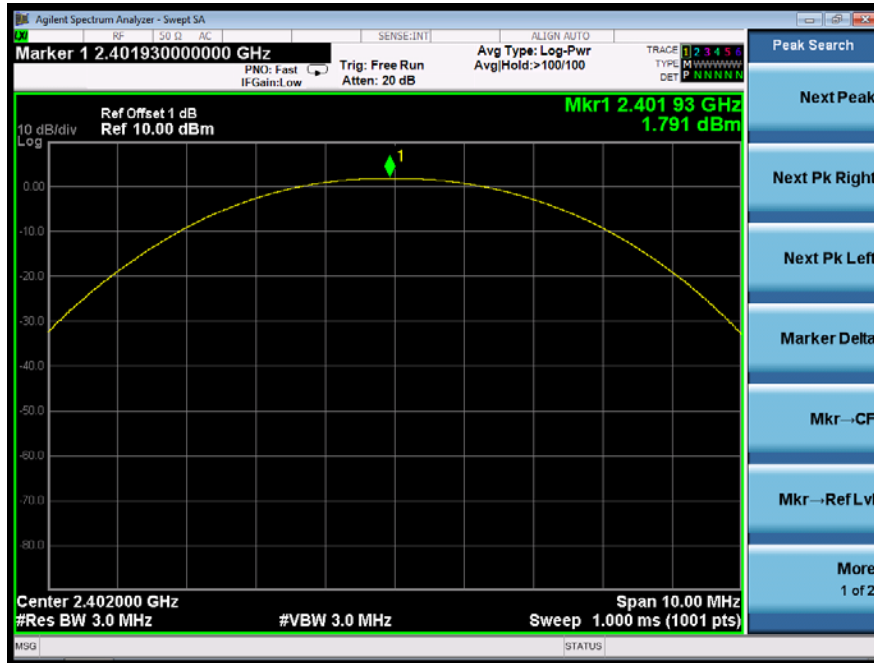
Test Model	Average Time Of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	CH 0: 2402MHz	GFSK DH5



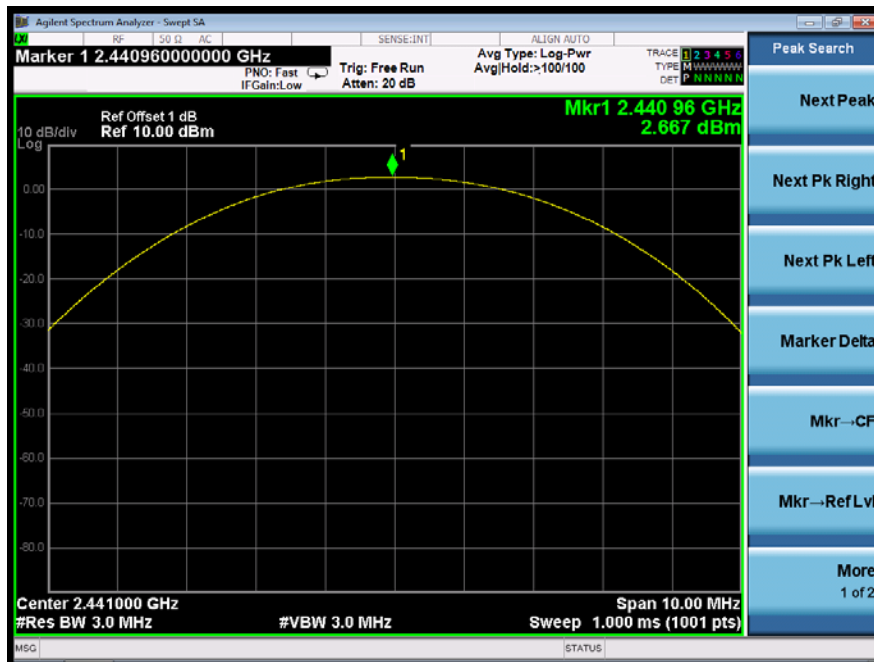




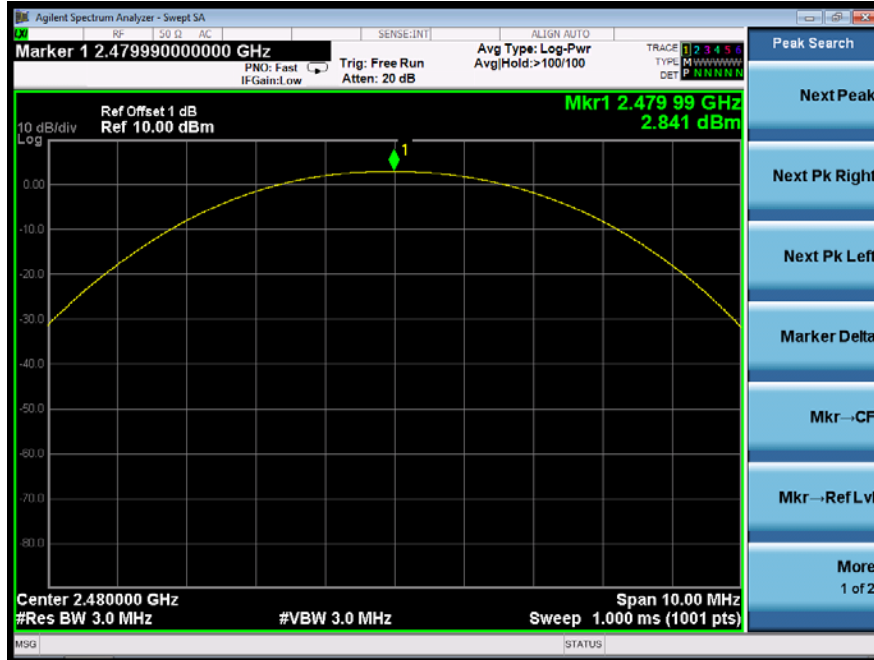
Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK



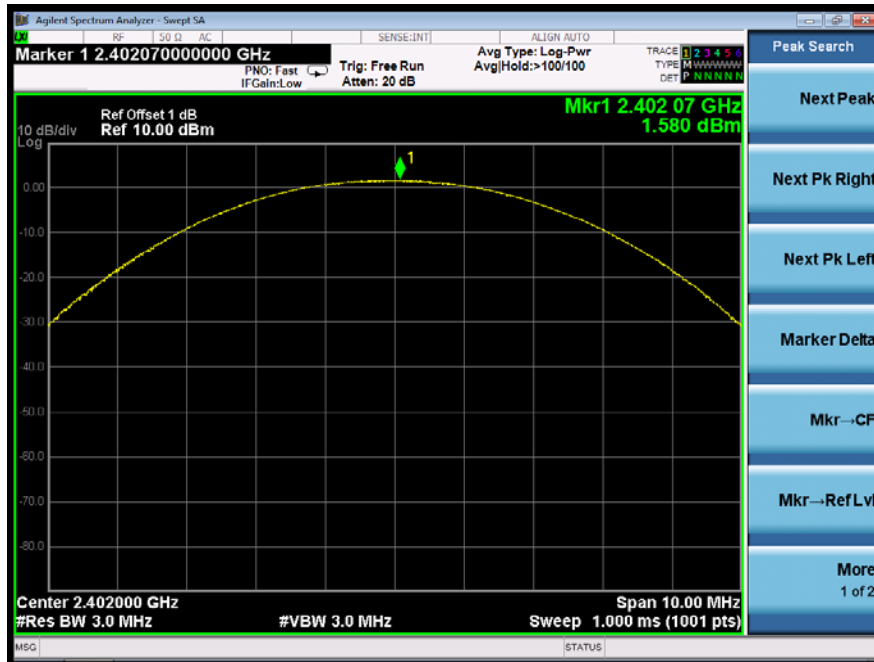
Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	GFSK



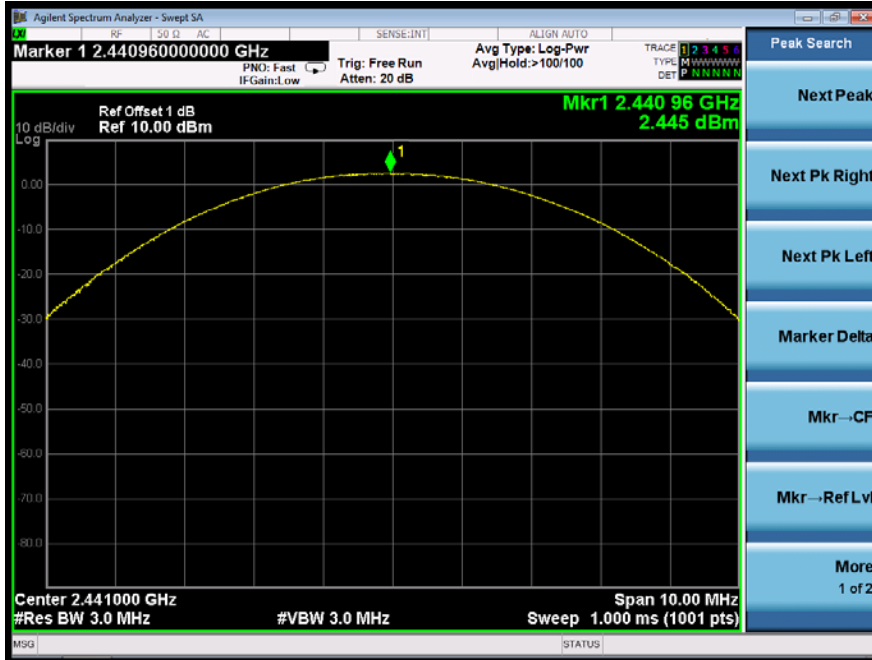
Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK



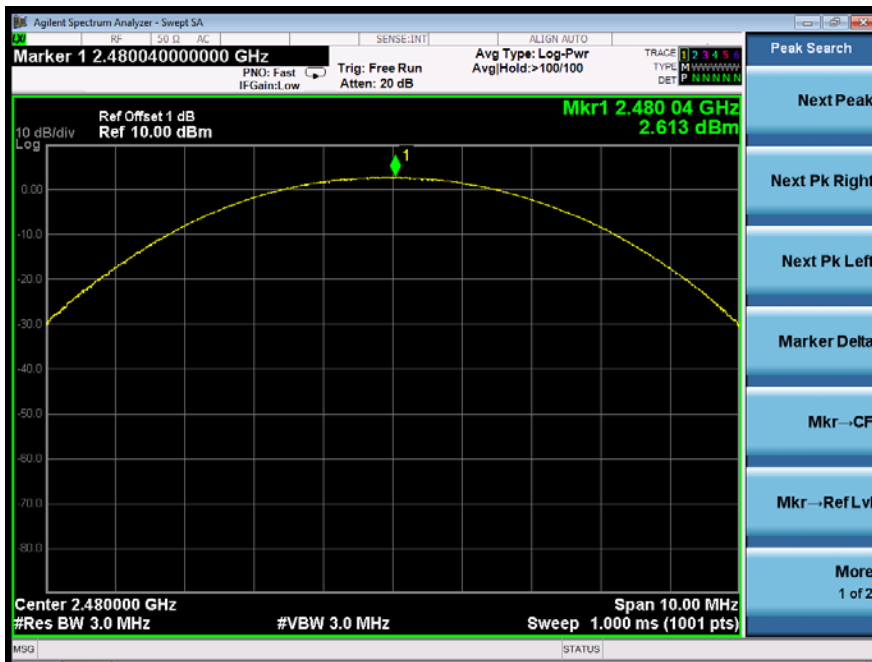
Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	pi/4-DQPSK



Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	pi/4-DQPSK



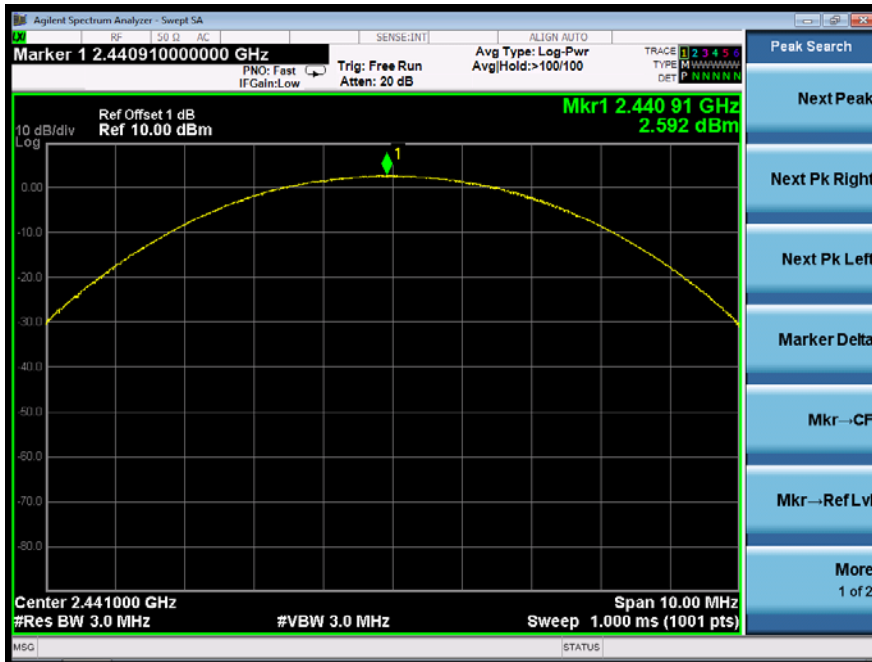
Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	pi/4-DQPSK



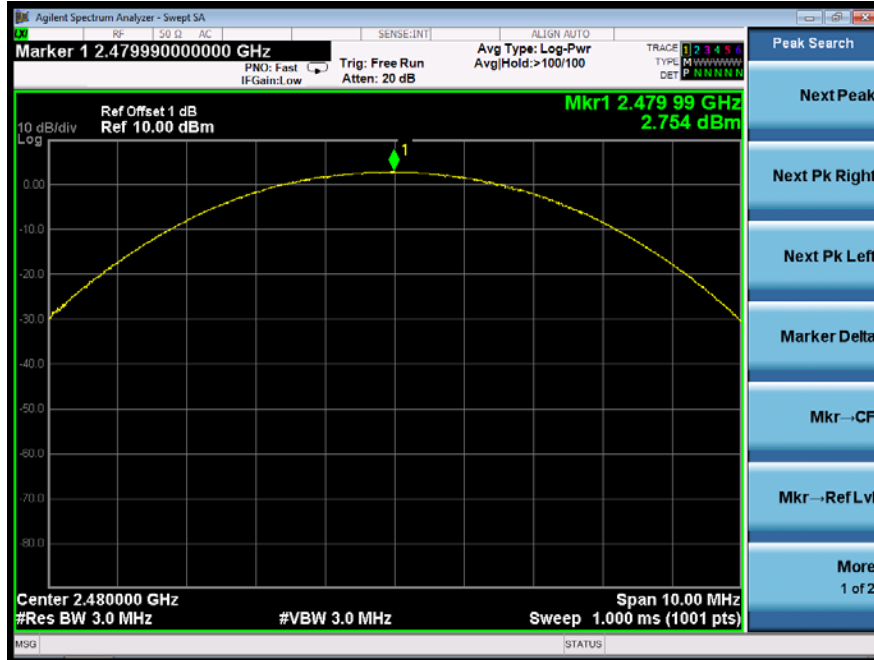
Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	8DPSK



Test Model	Maximum PeakConducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	8DPSK



Test Model	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	8DPSK



## 9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIIOUS EMISSION

### 9.6.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and DA 00-705

### 9.6.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

### 9.6.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

### 9.6.4 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer

#### ■ Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DSS channel center frequency.

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Set Detector = peak. Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum Maximumconducedlevel.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum conduced level can be used to establish the reference level.

#### ■ Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band-edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

Set RBW  $\geq 1\%$  of the span=100kHzSet VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Set Sweep = autoSetDetector function = peakSetTrace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.

#### ■ ConducedSpurious RF Conducted Emission

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.(30MHz to 25GHz).Set RBW = 100 kHzSetVBW  $\geq$  RBW

Set Sweep = autoSetDetector function = peakSetTrace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

**9.6.5 Test Results**

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result was report as below:

Test Model	Maximum Conduced Level RBW=100kHz	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK



Test Model	ConducedSpurious RF Conducted Emission	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK



Test Model	Band-edge Conducted Emissions	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK



Test Model	Maximum Conducted Level RBW=100kHz	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	GFSK

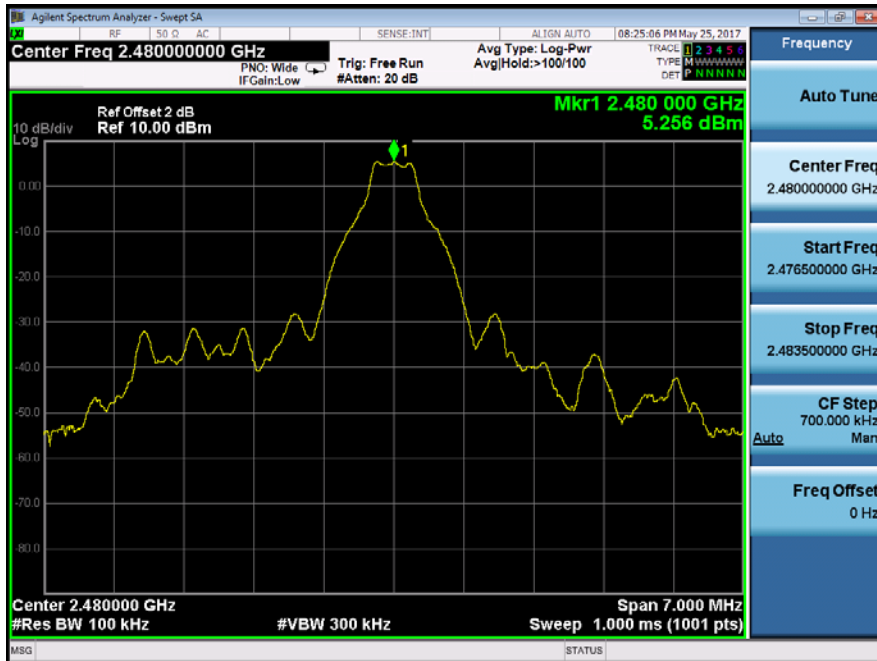




Test Model	Conducted Spurious RF Conducted Emission	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz	GFSK



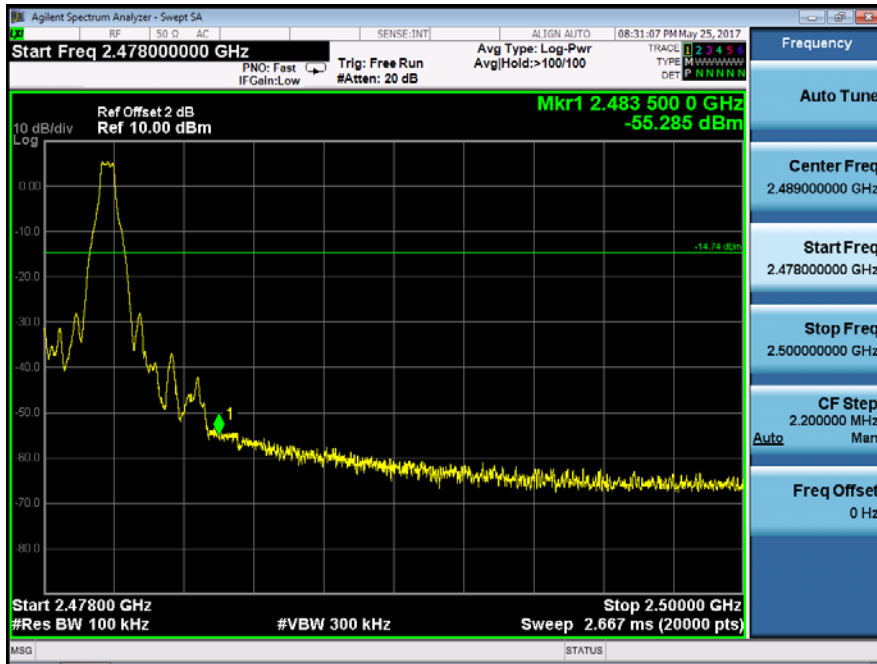
Test Model	Maximum Conducted Level RBW=100kHz	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK



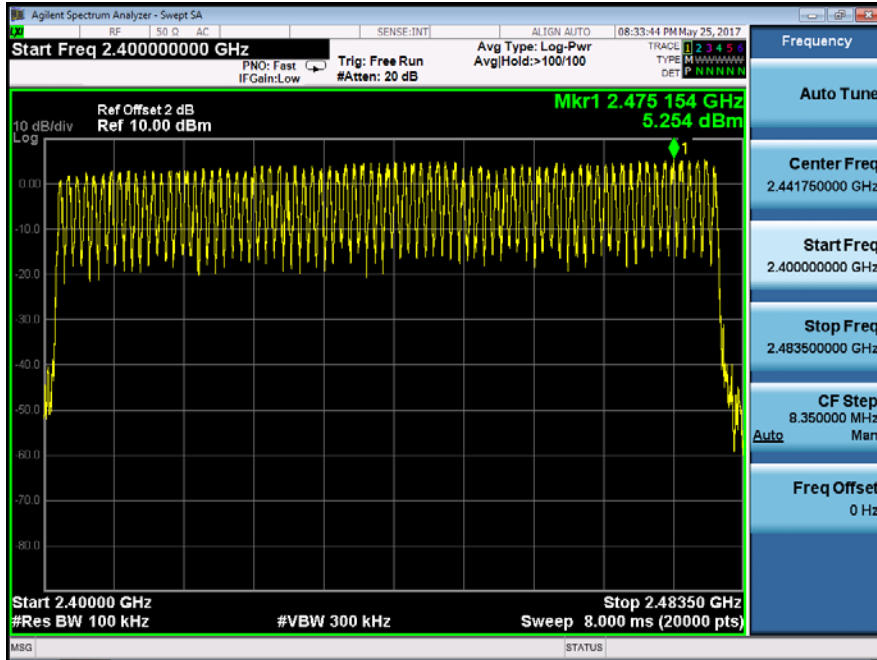
Test Model	Conducted Spurious RF Conducted Emission	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK



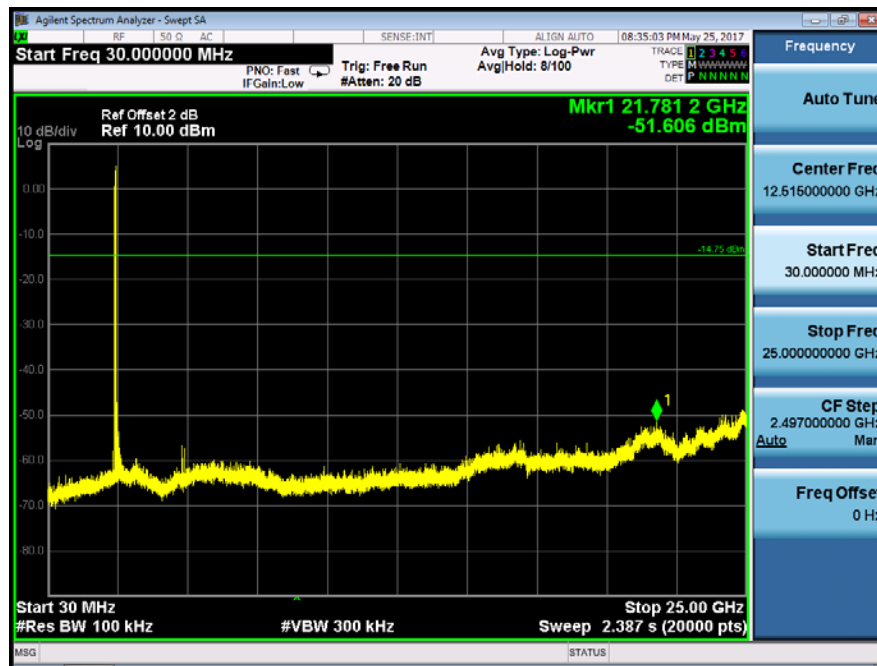
Test Model	Band-edge Conducted Emissions	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK



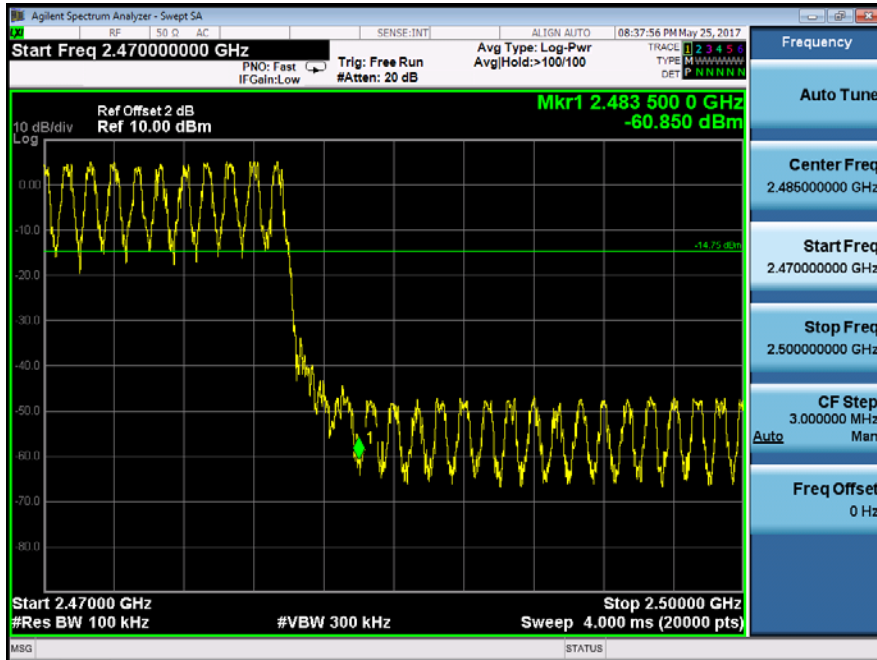
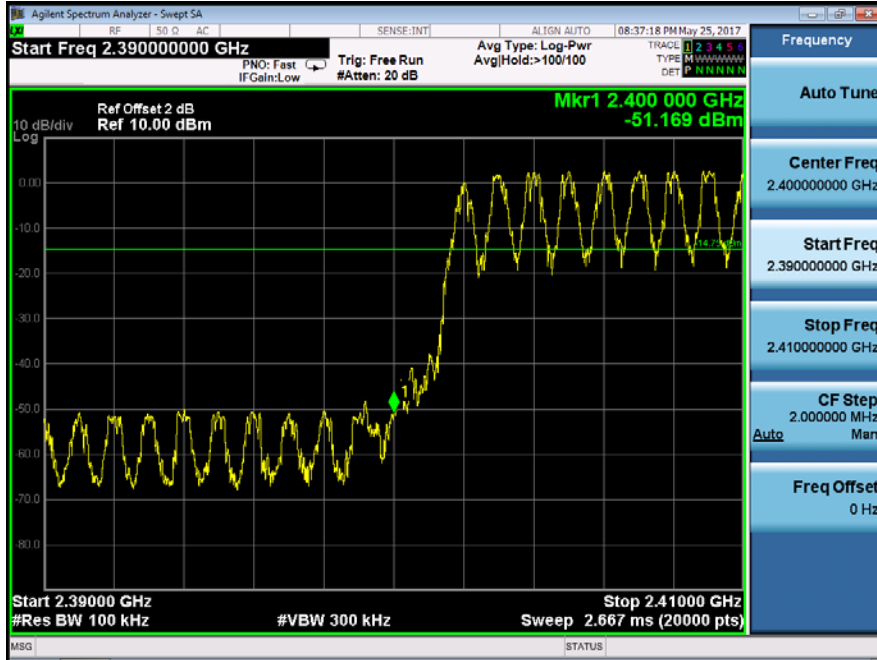
Test Model	Maximum Conducted Level RBW=100kHz	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Hopping Mode	GFSK



Test Model	ConductedSpurious RF Conducted Emission	
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Hopping Mode	GFSK



Test Model	Band-edge Conducted Emissions Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode	
	Hopping Mode	GFSK



**9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

**9.7.1 Applicable Standard**

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and 15.209 and DA 00-705

**9.7.2 Conformance Limit**

According to FCC Part 15.247(d): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).  
According to FCC Part 15.205, Restricted bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

According to FCC Part 15.205, the level of any transmitter spurious emission in Restricted bands shall not exceed the level of the emission specified in the following table

Restricted Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	300
0.490-1.705	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

**9.7.3 Test Configuration**

Test according to clause 7.2 radio frequency test setup 2

**9.7.4 Test Procedure**

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz(1GHz to 25GHz), 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz(30MHz to 1GHz)

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.10-2013 respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data. Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a “duty cycle correction factor”, derived from  $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$ , in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

### 9.7.5 Test Results

■ Spurious Emission below 30MHz(9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	N/A
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KK
Test mode:	TX Mode		

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $40\log(\text{Specific distance}/ \text{test distance})$  ( dB);

Limit line=Specific limits(dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor

■ Spurious Emission Above 1GHz(1GHz to 25GHz)

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result was report as below:

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	December 01, 2017
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KK
Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:	Channel 0: 2402MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
5072.52	V	43.38	31.45	74	54	-30.62	-22.55
6513.49	V	46.08	35.03	74	54	-27.92	-18.97
7278.82	V	48.81	27.67	74	54	-25.19	-26.33
8533.74	H	42.70	30.95	74	54	-31.30	-23.05
9968.03	H	46.74	35.42	74	54	-27.26	-18.58
11739.24	H	49.07	36.49	74	54	-24.93	-17.51

Temperature: 24°C  
 Humidity: 53 %  
 Test mode: GFSK

Test Date: December 01, 2017  
 Test By: KK  
 Frequency: Channel 39: 2441MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
4884.3	V	42.78	30.26	74	54	-31.22	-23.74
7326.11	V	45.56	33.51	74	54	-28.44	-20.49
9233.82	V	47.62	35.88	74	54	-26.38	-18.12
4884.79	H	42.26	30.08	74	54	-31.74	-23.92
7327.88	H	45.78	34.58	74	54	-28.22	-19.42
9220.05	H	47.82	34.81	74	54	-26.18	-19.19

Temperature: 24°C  
 Humidity: 53 %  
 Test mode: GFSK

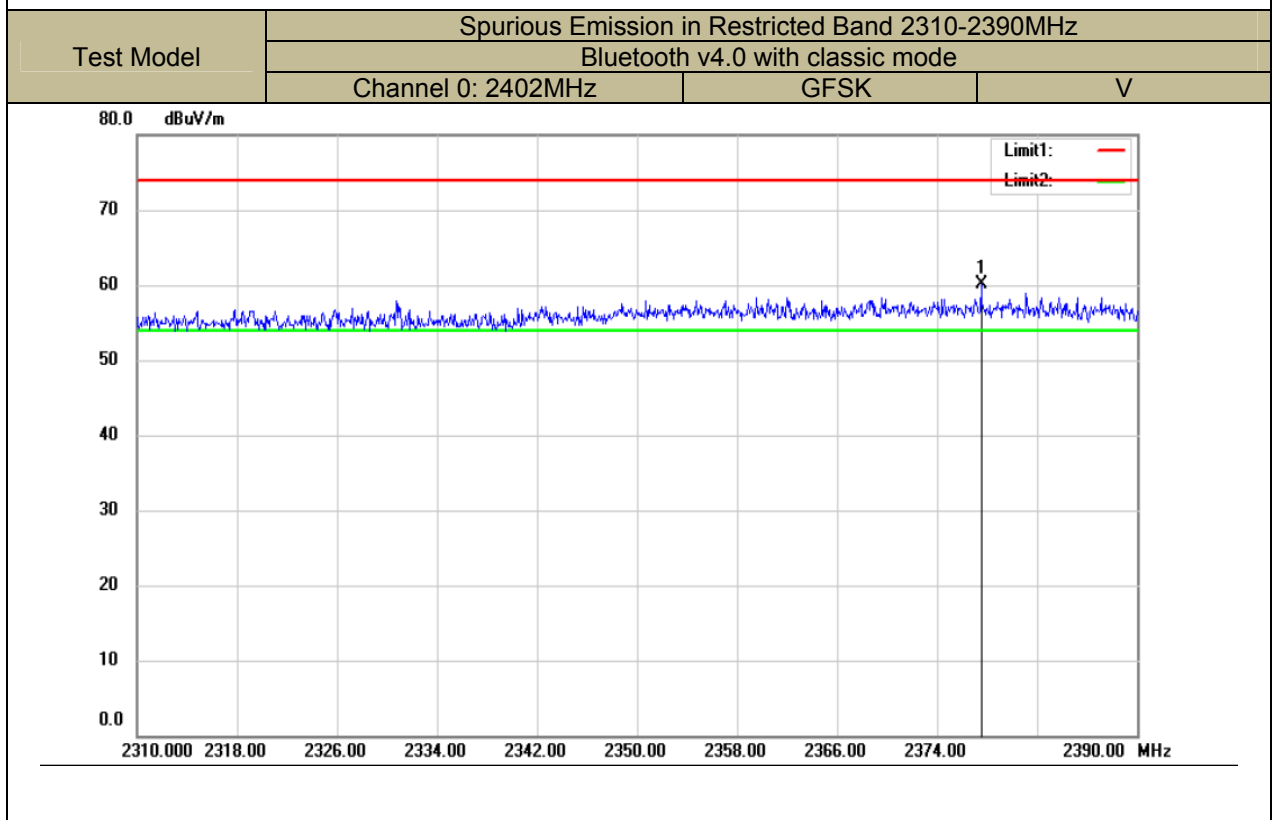
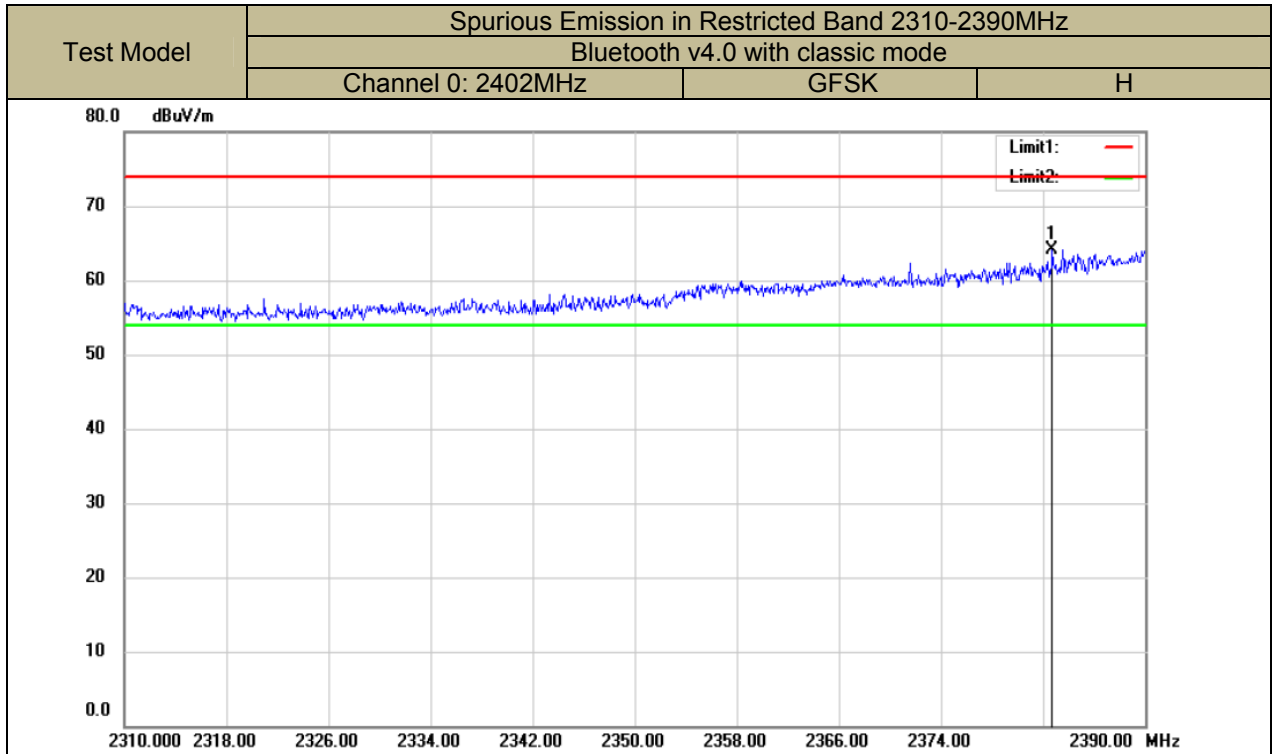
Test Date: December 01, 2017  
 Test By: KK  
 Frequency: Channel 78: 2480MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
4961.93	V	41.30	31.32	74	54	-32.70	-22.68
7441.92	V	44.67	34.39	74	54	-29.33	-19.61
9399.06	V	46.45	36.66	74	54	-27.55	-17.34
4960.26	H	40.66	30.97	74	54	-33.34	-23.03
7440.69	H	45.01	35.29	74	54	-28.99	-18.71
9253.91	H	46.83	36.79	74	54	-27.17	-17.21

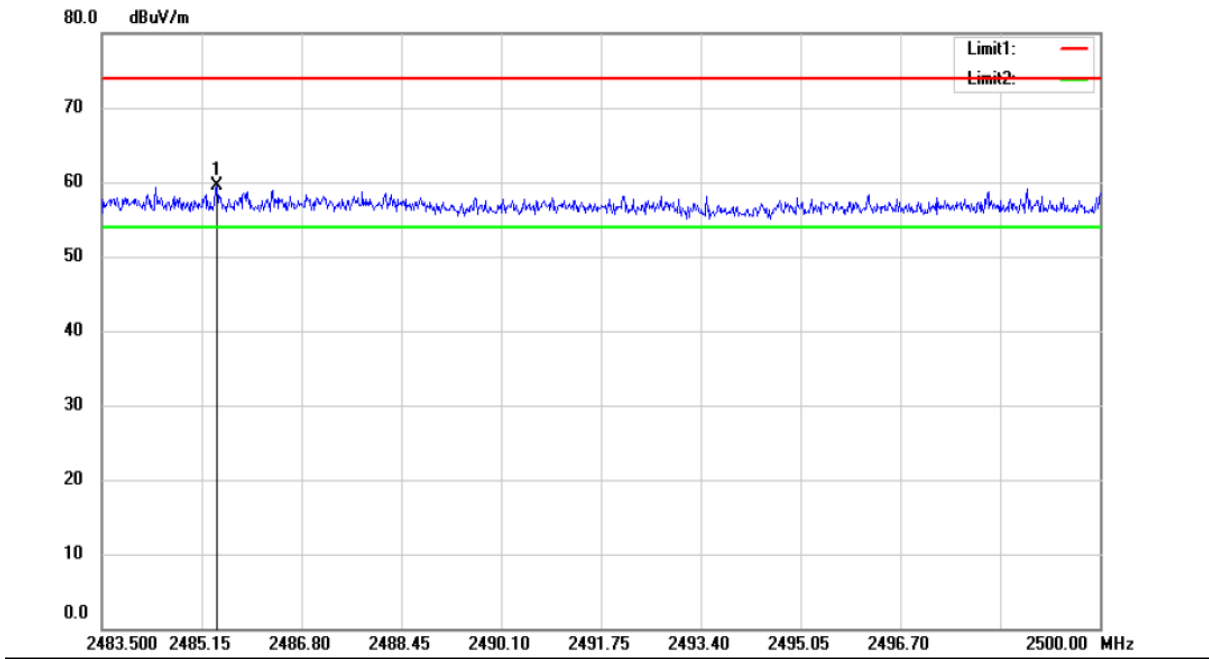
- Note:** (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Peak Value (VBW=10Hz).  
 (2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Probe Factor +Cable Loss.  
 (3) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "--" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



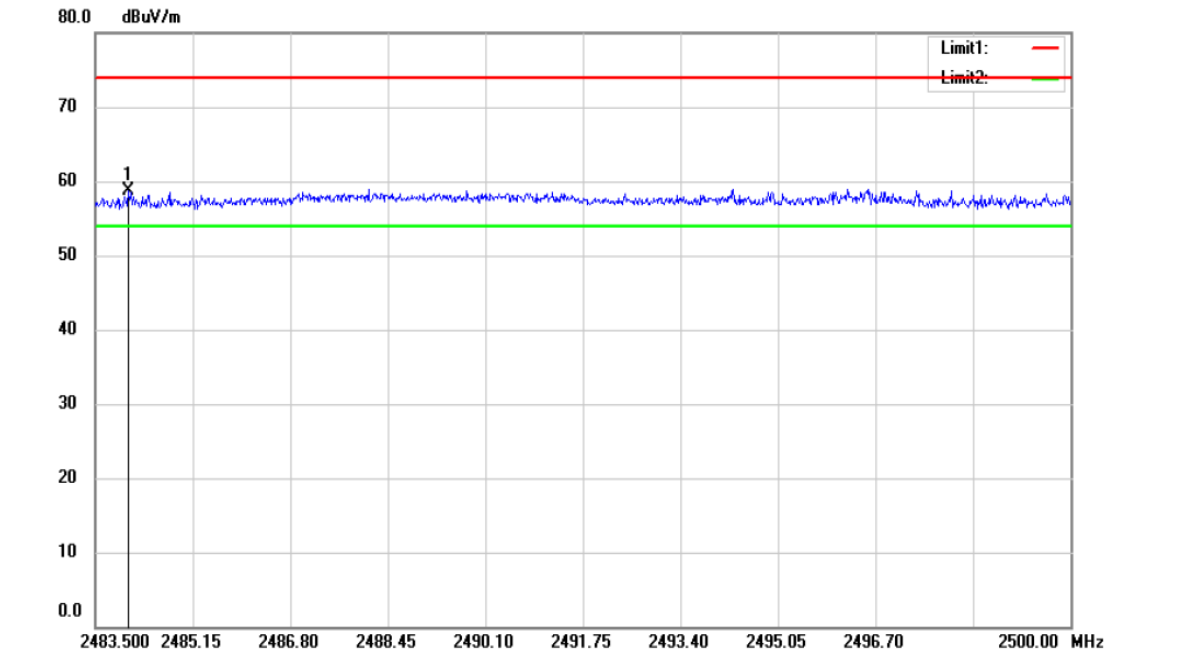




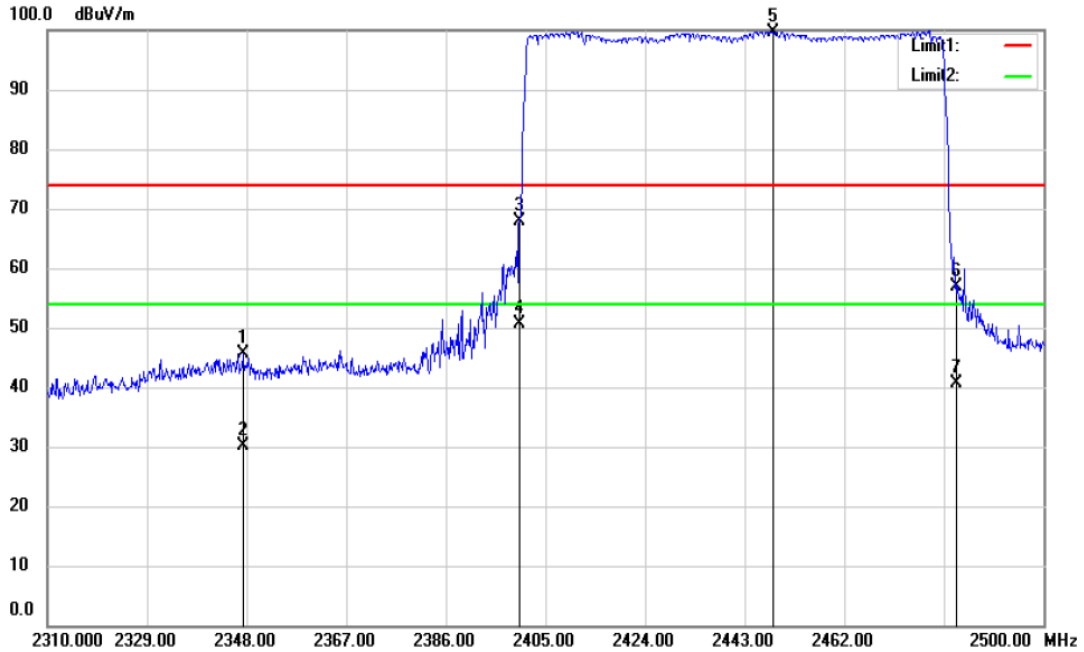
Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2483.5-2500MHz		
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode		
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK	H



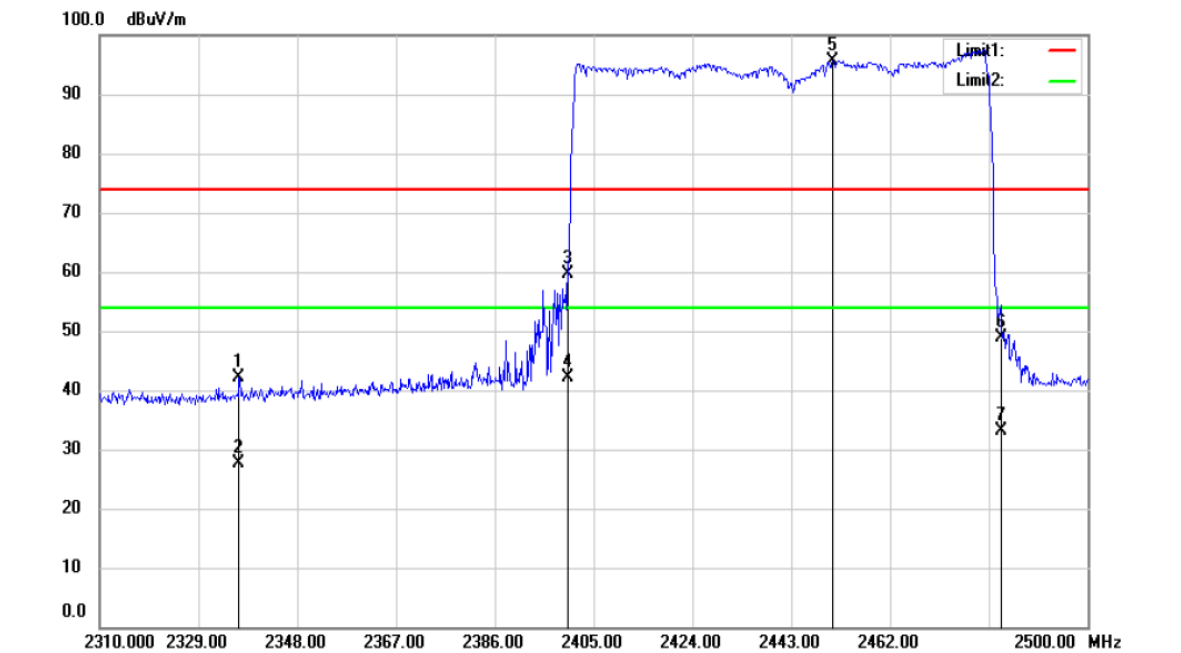
Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2483.5-2500MHz		
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode		
	Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK	V



Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390&2483.5-2500MHz		
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode		
	Hopping	GFSK	H

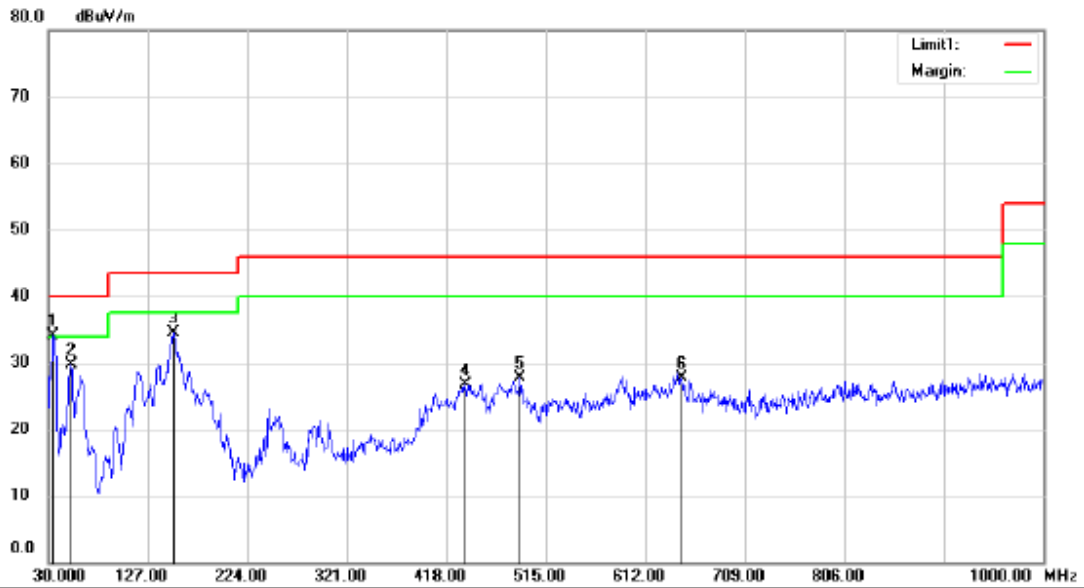


Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390&2483.5-2500MHz		
	Bluetooth v4.0 with classic mode		
	Hopping	GFSK	V



■ Spurious Emission below 1GHz(30MHz to 1GHz)

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)mode have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:



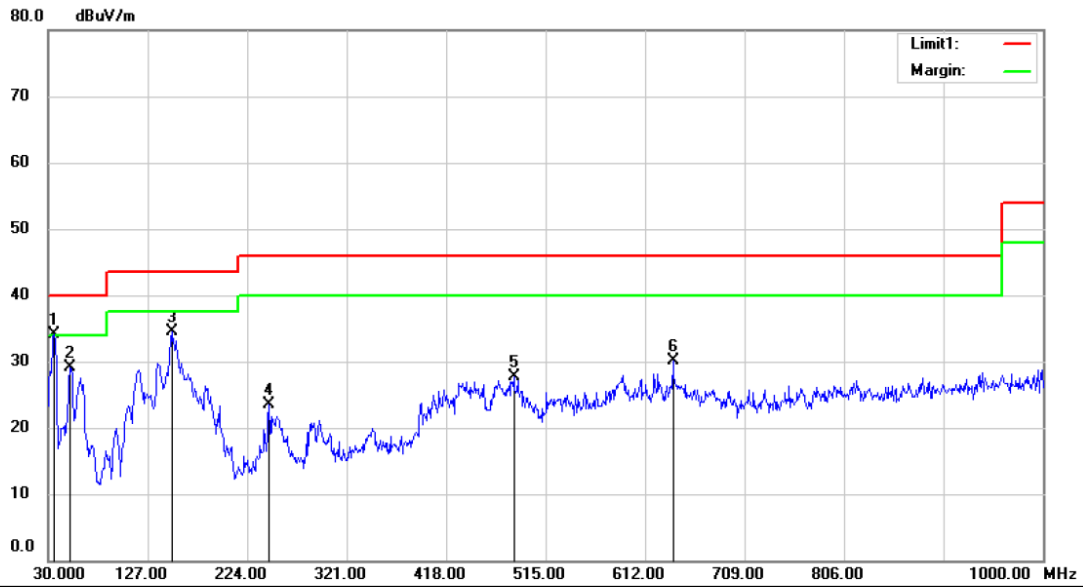
Site 3m Chamber #3 Polarization: *Vertical* Temperature: 24 C  
 Limit: ( RE)FCC PART 15.247 Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 53 %  
 Mode:BT TX 2402  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	
1	*	34.8500	49.64	-15.62	34.02	40.00	-5.98	QP		
2		52.3100	45.06	-15.39	29.67	40.00	-10.33	QP		
3		152.2200	53.44	-18.94	34.50	43.50	-9.00	QP		
4		436.4300	35.37	-8.67	26.70	46.00	-19.30	QP		
5		489.7800	35.39	-7.64	27.75	46.00	-18.25	QP		
6		647.8900	32.29	-4.54	27.75	46.00	-18.25	QP		

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator:



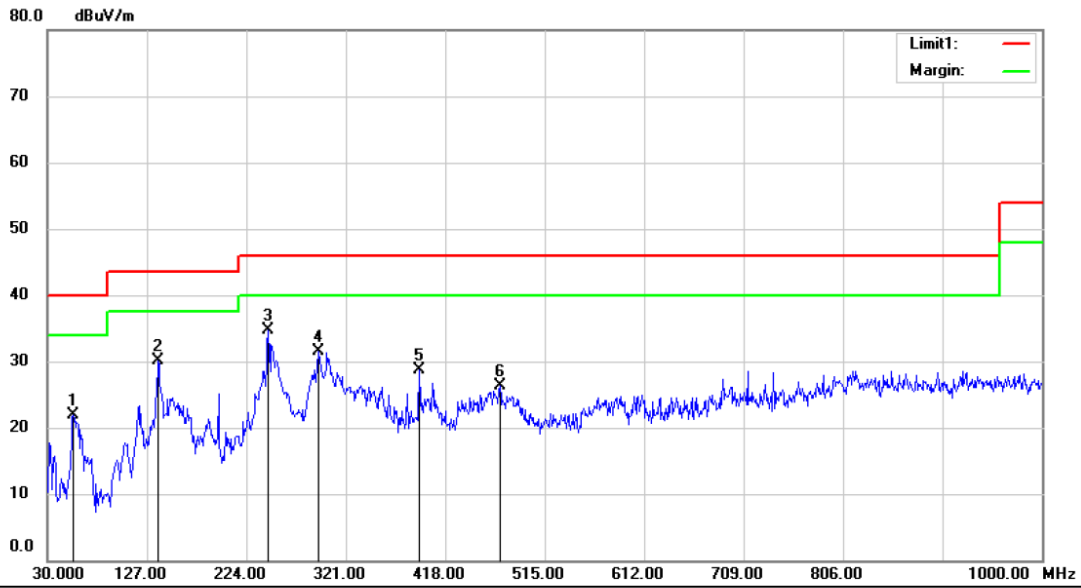


Site 3m Chamber #3 Polarization: **Vertical** Temperature: 24 C  
 Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15.247 Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 53 %  
 Mode:BT TX 2441  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	
1	*	35.8200	49.56	-15.41	34.15	40.00	-5.85	QP		
2		51.3400	44.46	-15.35	29.11	40.00	-10.89	QP		
3		150.2800	53.62	-19.09	34.53	43.50	-8.97	QP		
4		245.3400	37.36	-13.82	23.54	46.00	-22.46	QP		
5		483.9600	35.34	-7.71	27.63	46.00	-18.37	QP		
6		639.1600	34.78	-4.63	30.15	46.00	-15.85	QP		

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator:

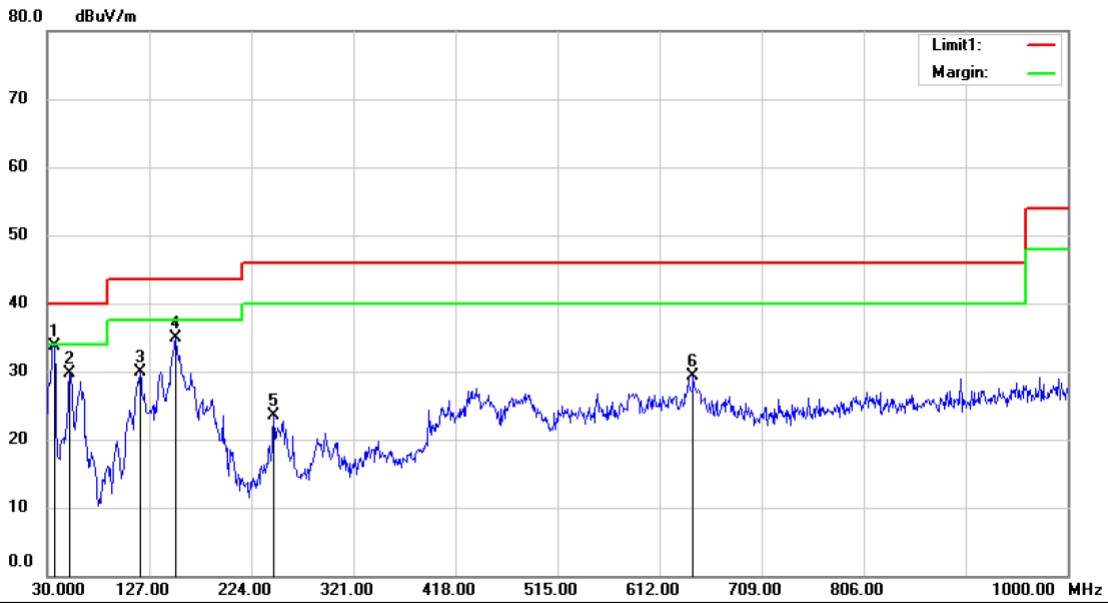


Site 3m Chamber #3      Polarization: **Horizontal**      Temperature: 24 C  
 Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15.247      Power: AC 120V/60Hz      Humidity: 53 %  
 Mode:BT TX 2441  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over dB	Antenna Height cm	Table Degree	Comment
1		55.2200	37.39	-15.51	21.88	40.00	-18.12	QP		
2		137.6700	49.05	-19.03	30.02	43.50	-13.48	QP		
3	*	245.3400	48.61	-13.82	34.79	46.00	-11.21	QP		
4		294.8100	43.84	-12.27	31.57	46.00	-14.43	QP		
5		392.7800	38.32	-9.55	28.77	46.00	-17.23	QP		
6		471.3500	34.33	-8.11	26.22	46.00	-19.78	QP		

\*:Maximum data    x:Over limit    !:over margin

Operator:



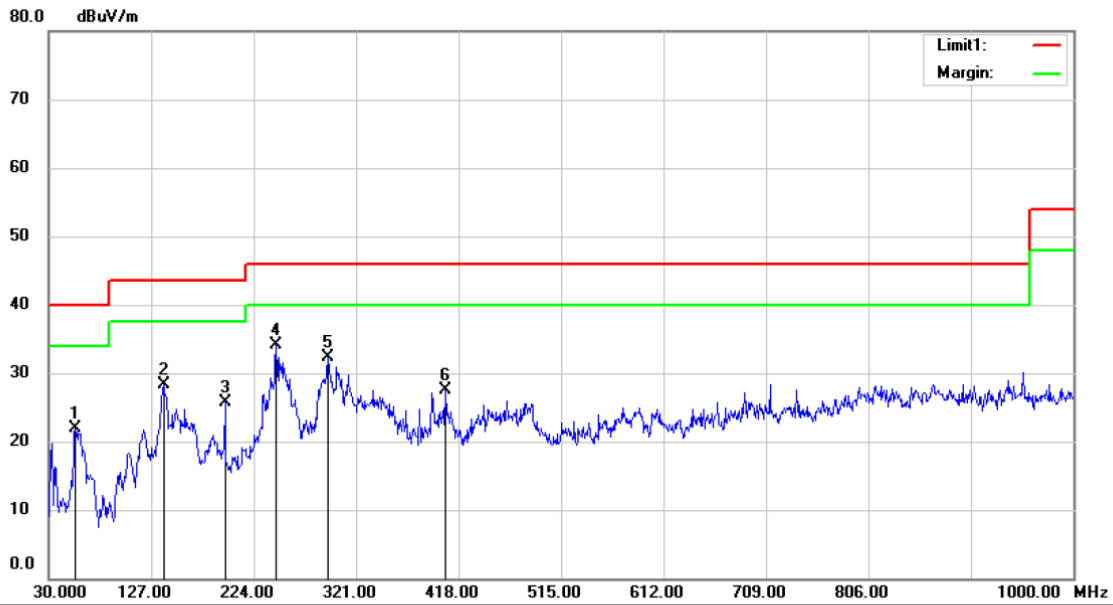
Site 3m Chamber #3 Polarization: *Vertical* Temperature: 24 C  
 Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15.247 Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 53 %  
 Mode:BT TX 2480  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	36.7900	49.13	-15.36	33.77	40.00	-6.23			QP
2		51.3400	44.99	-15.35	29.64	40.00	-10.36			QP
3		118.2700	46.85	-17.04	29.81	43.50	-13.69			QP
4		152.2200	53.83	-18.94	34.89	43.50	-8.61			QP
5		245.3400	37.30	-13.82	23.48	46.00	-22.52			QP
6		644.0100	33.86	-4.58	29.28	46.00	-16.72			QP

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator:





Site 3m Chamber #3 Polarization: *Horizontal* Temperature: 24 C  
 Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15.247 Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 53 %  
 Mode:BT TX 2480  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	Comment
1		55.2200	37.36	-15.51	21.85	40.00	-18.15	QP		
2		138.6400	47.41	-19.05	28.36	43.50	-15.14	QP		
3		196.8400	42.04	-16.40	25.64	43.50	-17.86	QP		
4	*	245.3400	47.99	-13.82	34.17	46.00	-11.83	QP		
5		293.8400	44.72	-12.33	32.39	46.00	-13.61	QP		
6		405.3900	36.72	-9.18	27.54	46.00	-18.46	QP		

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator:

## 9.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

### 9.8.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.207(a)

### 9.8.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency(MHz)	Conducted Emission Limit	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66-56	56-46
0.5-5.0	56	46
5.0-30.0	60	50

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies  
2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

### 9.8.3 Test Configuration

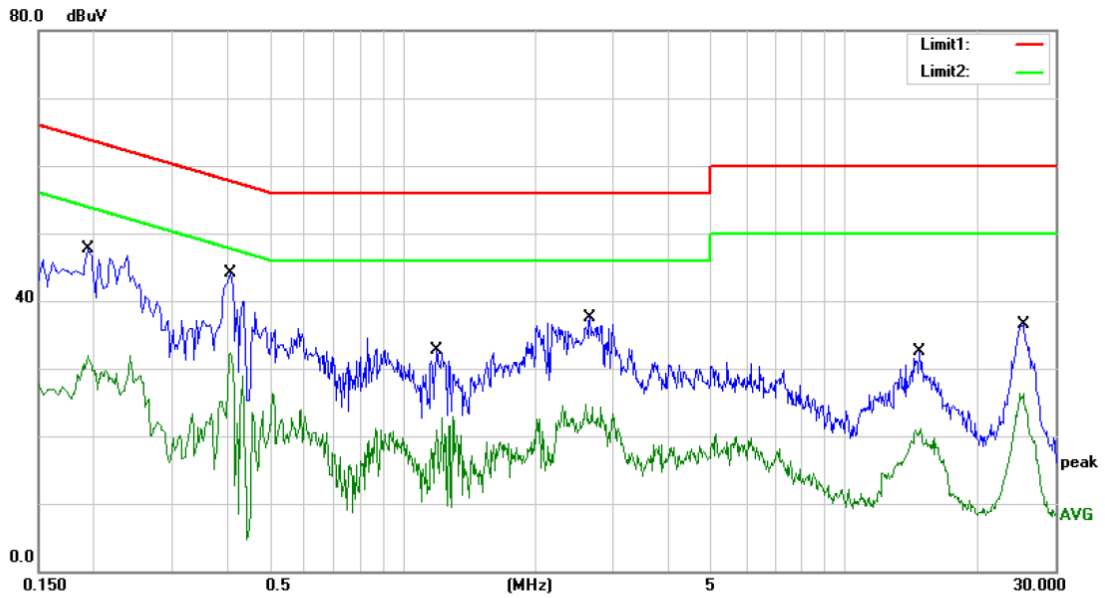
Test according to clause 7.3 conducted emission test setup

### 9.8.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane.  
Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.  
Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

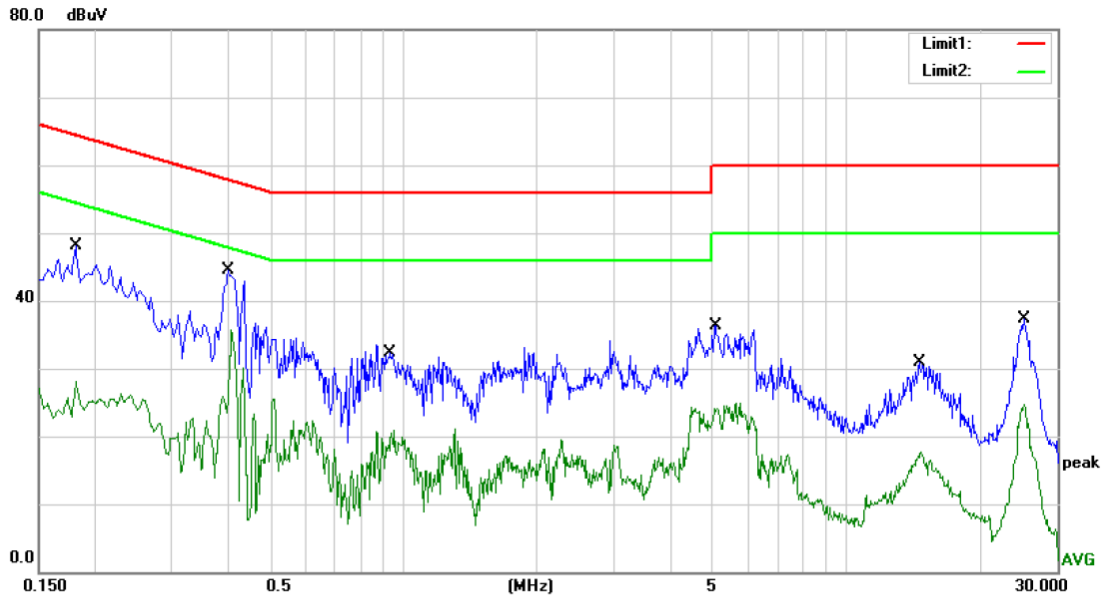
### 9.8.5 Test Results

The 120V & 240V voltage have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:



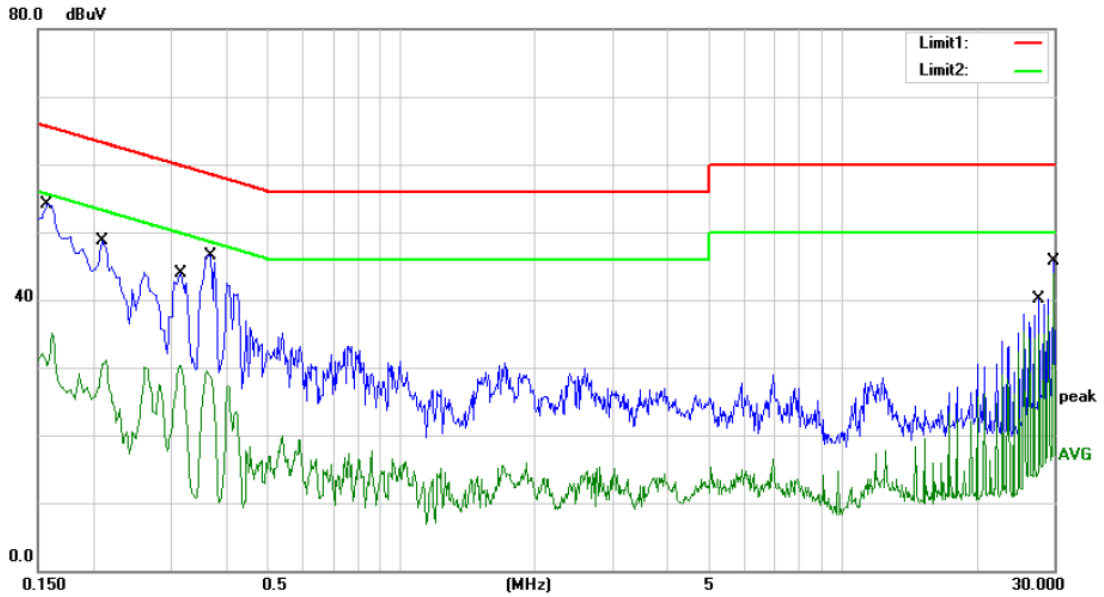
Site Conduction #2 Phase: **L1** Temperature: 24.9  
 Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 C Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 54 %  
 Mode: WIFI+BT ON  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB		
1		0.1932	37.87	9.89	47.76	63.90	-16.14	QP	
2		0.1932	22.07	9.89	31.96	53.90	-21.94	AVG	
3	*	0.4082	34.13	9.91	44.04	57.68	-13.64	QP	
4		0.4082	22.37	9.91	32.28	47.68	-15.40	AVG	
5		1.1906	22.64	9.96	32.60	56.00	-23.40	QP	
6		1.1906	12.86	9.96	22.82	46.00	-23.18	AVG	
7		2.6500	27.46	9.98	37.44	56.00	-18.56	QP	
8		2.6500	14.76	9.98	24.74	46.00	-21.26	AVG	
9		14.7497	22.35	10.11	32.46	60.00	-27.54	QP	
10		14.7497	10.97	10.11	21.08	50.00	-28.92	AVG	
11		25.3214	26.22	10.24	36.46	60.00	-23.54	QP	
12		25.3214	16.08	10.24	26.32	50.00	-23.68	AVG	



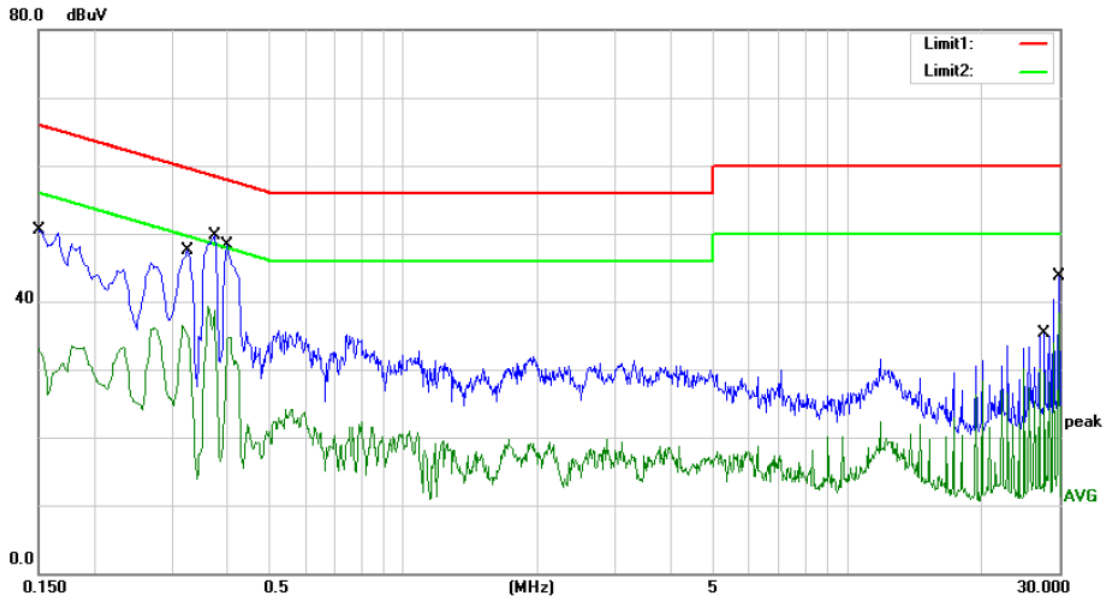
Site Conduction #2 Phase: **N** Temperature: 24.9  
 Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 C Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 54 %  
 Mode: WIFI+BT ON  
 Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB		
1		0.1815	38.27	9.89	48.16	64.42	-16.26	QP	
2		0.1815	18.27	9.89	28.16	54.42	-26.26	AVG	
3		0.4018	34.68	9.91	44.59	57.82	-13.23	QP	
4	*	0.4018	25.73	9.91	35.64	47.82	-12.18	AVG	
5		0.9331	22.36	9.96	32.32	56.00	-23.68	QP	
6		0.9331	10.86	9.96	20.82	46.00	-25.18	AVG	
7		5.0580	26.37	10.01	36.38	60.00	-23.62	QP	
8		5.0580	14.87	10.01	24.88	50.00	-25.12	AVG	
9		14.5942	20.72	10.11	30.83	60.00	-29.17	QP	
10		14.5942	7.67	10.11	17.78	50.00	-32.22	AVG	
11		25.1876	27.10	10.24	37.34	60.00	-22.66	QP	
12		25.1876	14.55	10.24	24.79	50.00	-25.21	AVG	



Site Conduction #2 Phase: **L1** Temperature: 24.9  
 Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 C Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 54 %  
 Mode: Charging by Base  
 Note:

No. Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1	0.1580	44.16	9.89	54.05	65.57	-11.52	QP	
2	0.1580	25.28	9.89	35.17	55.57	-20.40	AVG	
3	0.2100	38.74	9.90	48.64	63.21	-14.57	QP	
4	0.2100	21.28	9.90	31.18	53.21	-22.03	AVG	
5	0.3180	33.96	9.90	43.86	59.76	-15.90	QP	
6	0.3180	20.47	9.90	30.37	49.76	-19.39	AVG	
7	0.3700	36.64	9.91	46.55	58.50	-11.95	QP	
8	0.3700	19.53	9.91	29.44	48.50	-19.06	AVG	
9	27.8020	29.75	10.28	40.03	60.00	-19.97	QP	
10	27.8020	24.93	10.28	35.21	50.00	-14.79	AVG	
11	29.8900	35.29	10.31	45.60	60.00	-14.40	QP	
12 *	29.8900	33.53	10.31	43.84	50.00	-6.16	AVG	



Site Conduction #2

Phase: **N**

Temperature: 24.9

Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 C

Power: AC 120V/60Hz

Humidity: 54 %

Mode: Charging by Base

Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1500	40.57	9.89	50.46	66.00	-15.54	QP	
2		0.1500	23.14	9.89	33.03	56.00	-22.97	AVG	
3		0.3260	37.67	9.90	47.57	59.55	-11.98	QP	
4		0.3260	26.56	9.90	36.46	49.55	-13.09	AVG	
5	*	0.3740	39.73	9.91	49.64	58.41	-8.77	QP	
6		0.3740	29.36	9.91	39.27	48.41	-9.14	AVG	
7		0.3980	38.37	9.91	48.28	57.90	-9.62	QP	
8		0.3980	24.83	9.91	34.74	47.90	-13.16	AVG	
9		27.7820	24.94	10.28	35.22	60.00	-24.78	QP	
10		27.7820	19.90	10.28	30.18	50.00	-19.82	AVG	
11		29.8660	33.42	10.31	43.73	60.00	-16.27	QP	
12		29.8660	28.05	10.31	38.36	50.00	-11.64	AVG	

**9.9 ANTENNA APPLICATION**

**9.9.1 Antenna Requirement**

Standard	Requirement
FCC CRF Part15.203	An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

**9.9.2 Result**

The EUT'S antenna is balance flex antenna. The antenna's gain is 3dBi, and the antenna can't be replaced by the user which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the photos.