



# **WizFi630S User Manual**

**(Version 0.0.1)**

Preliminary not approved



© 2019 WIZnet Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

For more information, please visit our website at <http://www.wiznet.co.kr> , TELL: +82-31-8023-5678

## Document Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
2019-05-22	0.0	Release
2019-05-29	0.1	Update

## <Contents>

<b>1. Product introduction .....</b>	<b>5</b>
1.1. The main function.....	6
1.2. The characteristics of wireless .....	7
1.3. Hardware characteristics.....	8
1.4. The characteristics of wireless.....	9
1.5. EVB .....	9
1.5.1. Contents .....	9
1.6. Block diagram.....	9
<b>2. The operating mode and menu description .....</b>	<b>10</b>
2.1. The operating mode .....	12
2.1.1. Access point mode.....	13
2.1.2. Gateway mode .....	14
2.1.3. The client (station) .....	15
2.1.4. AP-Client .....	15
2.2. Status.....	16
2.2.1. Overview .....	17
2.2.2. Routes .....	17
2.2.3. System Log .....	18
2.2.4. Kernel Log .....	19
2.2.5. Processes.....	20
2.3. System .....	21
2.3.1. System Management.....	22
2.3.2. Administration.....	23
2.3.3. Software.....	24
2.3.4. Startup.....	25
2.3.5. Firmware.....	26
2.4. Network .....	27
2.4.1. Interface.....	28
2.4.2. Wireless .....	29
2.4.3. DHCP and DNS .....	31
2.4.4. Firewall .....	32
2.5. Serial .....	34
2.5.1. Serial to LAN(Wired and Wireless) .....	34
<b>3. Hardware information .....</b>	<b>37</b>
3.1. WizFi630S Pin Map .....	37
3.2. Mechanism design.....	39
<b>4. STATEMENT .....</b>	<b>40</b>

---

## 1. Product introduction

WizFi630S is RS-232 protocol and TCP /IP protocol IEEE802.11 b / g / n protocol to convert a wireless command gateway module, the serial interface RS- 232 was the installation of equipment connected to lan or WLAN network, remote sensing the management and the possible meaning to the product. moreover, the Embedded switch in function of the public, is to practice.

serial (UART), lan, WiFi (WLAN) composed of serial interface in use (UART) - to - WiFi, serial - to - Ethernet, Ethernet - to - WiFi can perform other functions. in the WizFi630S on the web server to connect to the serial command, or even the use of easily available, the equipment is not serial, 8 / 16 / 32 bit micro controller is UART through simple configuration WiFi can.

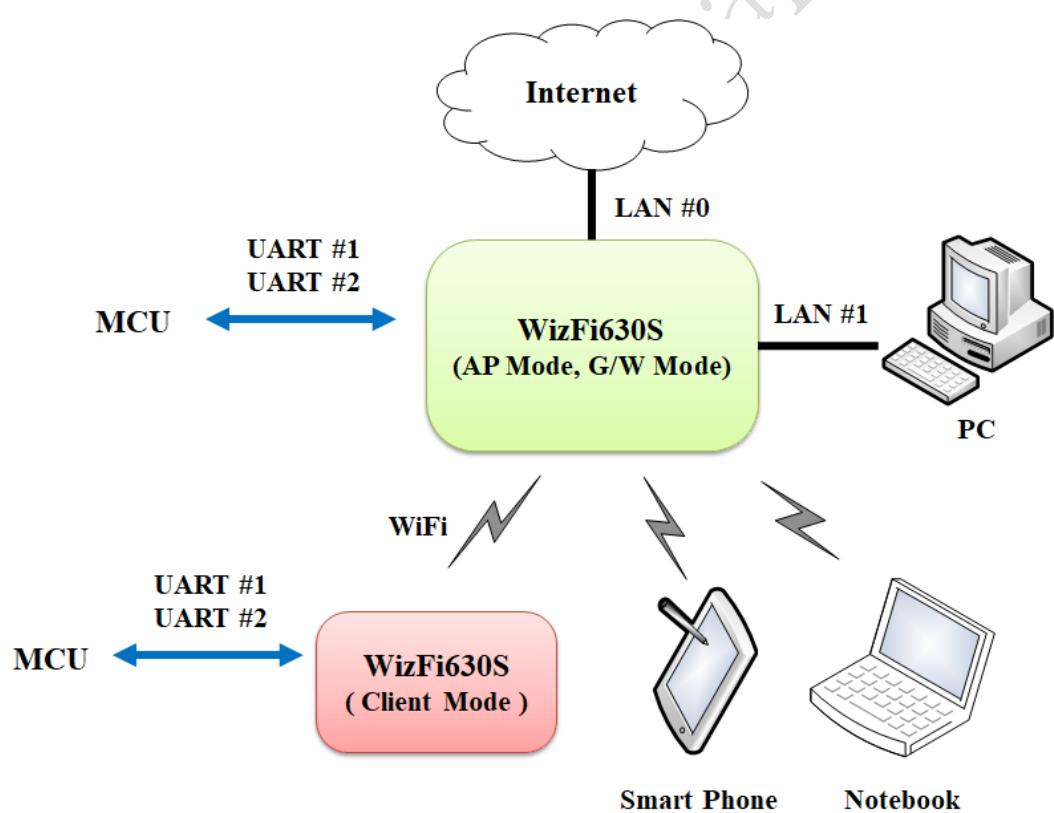
the use of WizFi630S wireless module design and test, and the authentication process can be decreased to. therefore, the wireless network does not have the experience or limited to the customer the best solution is likely to be. WizFi630S is 802.11b / g / n standard for wireless interface. at the rate of 150 Mbps to support.

WizFi630S is a convenient test platform and easy testing of the pc software and document, which is easy to provide mobile solution development environment can provide.

## 1.1.

## The main function

- ◆ WizFi630A Pin compatible
- ◆ 580MHz Clock
- ◆ 16-bit DDR2 128Mbytes SRAM, 32Mbytes SPI Flash
- ◆ Complies with IEEE802.11b/g/n.
- ◆ Gateway/AP(Bridge)/AP-Client/Client(Station)/Ad-hoc Mode , WDS/Repeater supports
- ◆ 1T1R RF Interface (2.4G only)
- ◆ Physical link rate up to 150Mbps
- ◆ Built-in 3 Ethernet Ports
- ◆ 2 Serial Ports supports
- ◆ Working as Wi-Fi Router
- ◆ WEP 64/128bit, WPA/WPA2-PSK TKIP, AES
- ◆ Router and Firewall function supports



3

Figure 1. Example of WizFi630S's Application

## 1.2. The wireless characteristics

Operating Channels: USA/Canada: 11(1 ~ 11)

Major Europe Countries: 13(1 ~ 13)

France: 4(10 ~ 13)

Japan: 13 for 802.11b(1 ~ 13), 13 for 802.11g(1 ~ 13), 13 for 802.11n(1 ~ 13)

Korea/China: 13(1 ~ 13)

1) Product should not collocate with other radio. 2) Host label should content modular FCC ID : 2AKKWWIZFI630S) type of antenna:External Dipole Antenna,Internal Antenna,Rod Antenna. antenna gain tolerance :1~3.2dBi

### 1.3.

### Hardware characteristics

Type	Description
<b>Interface</b>	<b>Serial port</b> : 2 EA (optional 3EA) <b>LAN port</b> : 3 EA <b>USB 2.0 port</b> : 1 USB Host Port <b>I2S</b> : 1EA <b>I2C</b> : 1EA <b>PWM</b> : 1EA U.FL(wireless)
<b>Temperature</b>	Operation: -25°C~+80°C Storage:
<b>Humidity</b>	Operation: Storage:
<b>Serial</b>	Baud Rate : 115200 Stop bits: 1, 2 Parity: None, Odd, Even Flow Control: UART1: none UART2: none
<b>Input Power</b>	DC 3.3V / 1A
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max : 605.4mA (3.3V) (Device boot up)
<b>Dimension</b>	33mm X 43mm X 3.8mm
<b>Weight</b>	6g

Table 2. WizFi630S Module Specifications

## 1.4.

## Software characteristics

Type	Description
<b>Wireless</b>	Access Point(Bridge), Client(Station), AP-Client
	Radio Enable/Disable
	SSID Hidden
	Multi SSID
	Rate Control
	TX Power Control
	Beacon Interval
	DTIM Period
<b>Protocol</b>	Fragment Length
	TCP, UDP, ARP, ICMP, DHCP, PPPoE, HTTP
<b>Security</b>	WEP 64/128bit
	WPA/WPA2-PSK - with Radius Server or Pre-Shared Key - Unicast Encryption: AES/TKIP
	MAC Address Filtering / Limiting
<b>Network</b>	Port Forwarding(UDP and/or TCP)
	DHCP Client / Server
	WDS(Wireless Distribution System) Support
	NAT
	VLAN
<b>Management</b>	Administrator ID / PWD
	Station & AP Association Information
	SSH(Secure Shell) Support
	Web based Configuration / Serial Command Configuration
	Upgrade through WEB UI
<b>Serial To Wi-Fi</b>	2 Serial Port supports

Table 3. SW Specifications

## 1.5.

### EVB

#### 1.5.1. Contents

Section	Qnt.	Contents
WiFi630S	1ea	WiFi630S 
WiFi630S-EVB	1ea	WiFi630S-EVB 
Antenna	1 ea	2dBi WI-FI Antenna (Model : W5I-B0-08) 
Serial Cable	1 ea	Serial Cable 
LAN Cable	1 ea	LAN Cable

		
		DC 5V/2A Adapter

Table 4. WiFi630S-EVB Contents

## 1.6. Block diagram

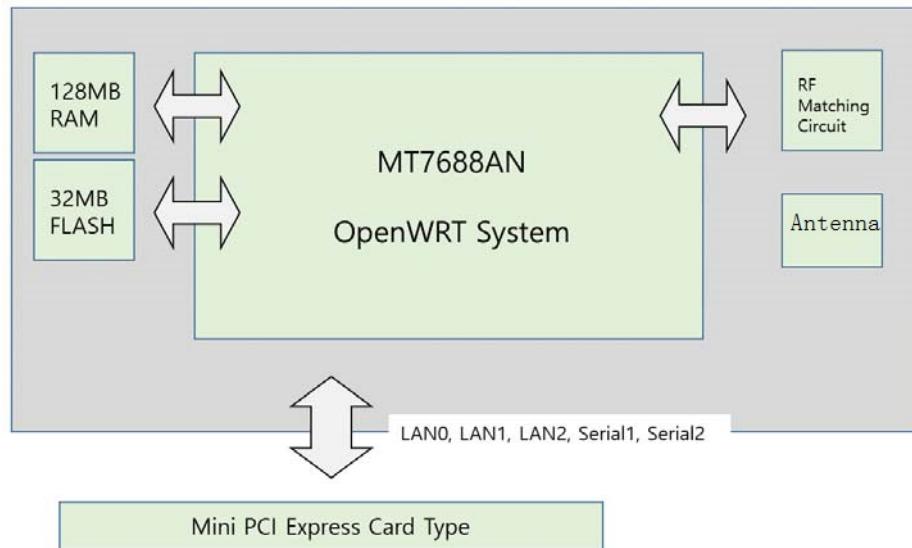
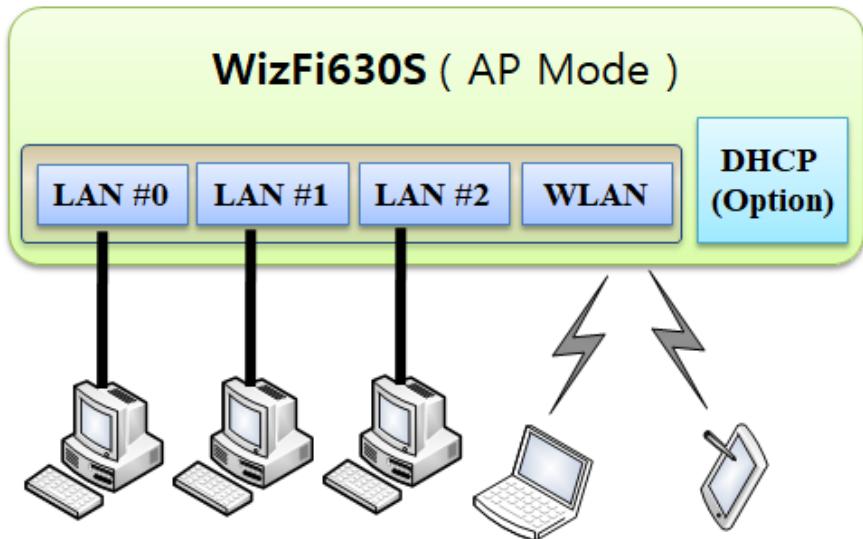


Figure 1. WiFi630S Block Diagram

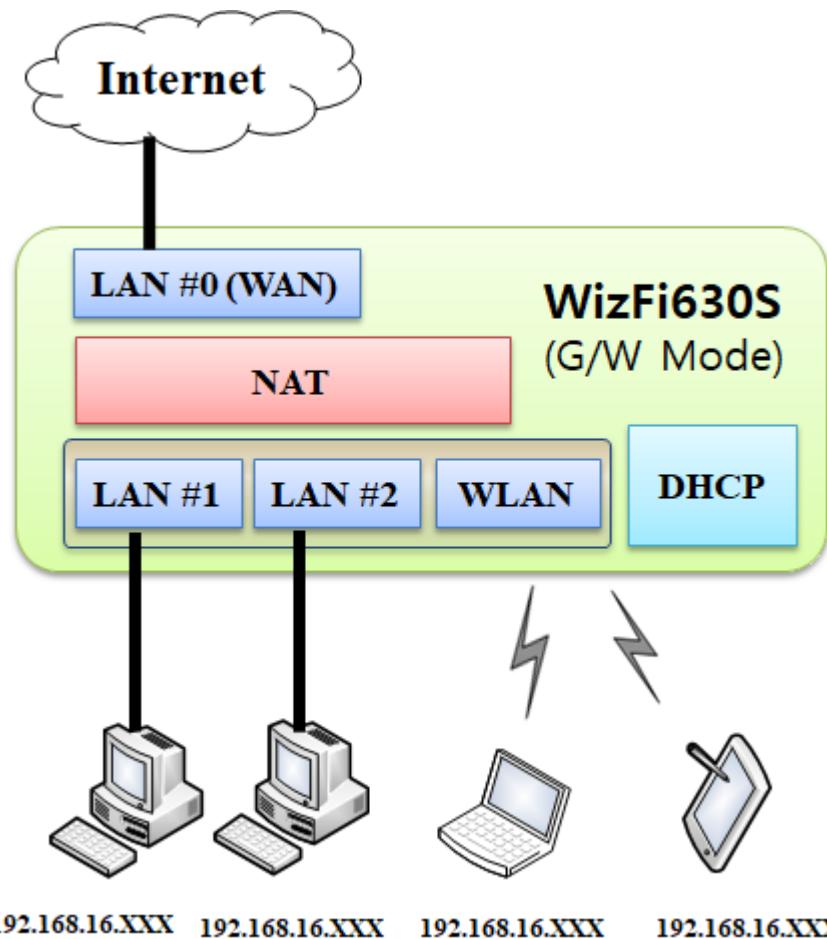
## 2.Operating mode

### 2.1.1 Access point mode



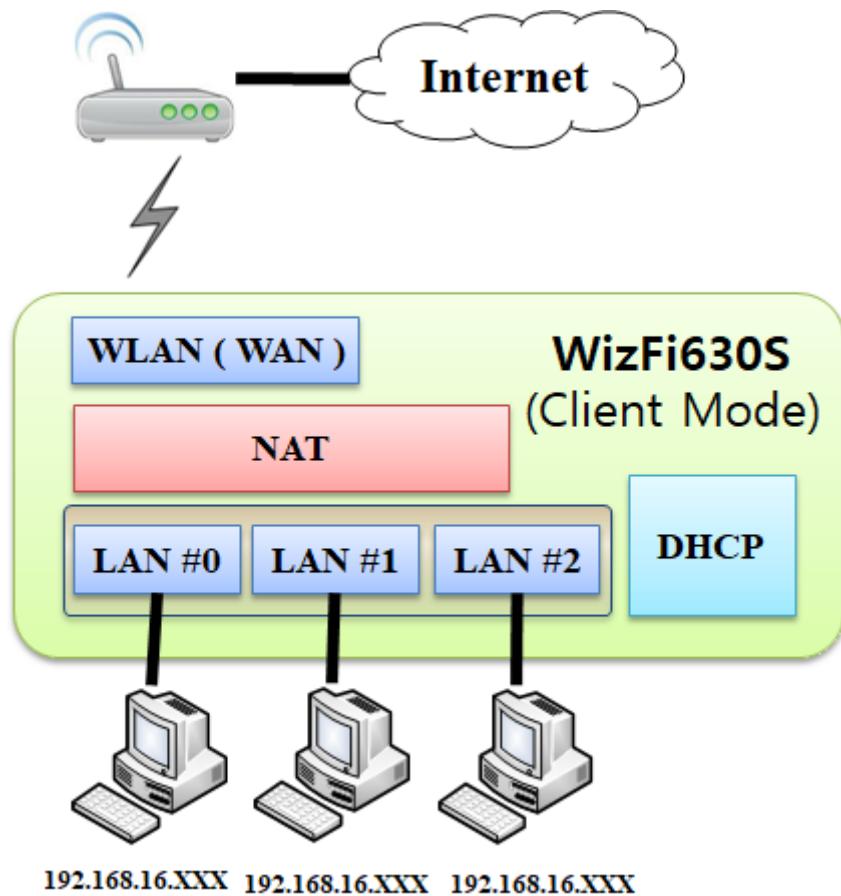
The wired interface and a wireless interface with a bridge thee. wired / wireless interface is the same ip address field of the network with. DHCP Server function is disable. WizFi630S is the ip address assigned to you. WizFi630S is regularly Station Broadcast Packet transmission, and to maintain the connection.

## 2.1.2 Gateway mode



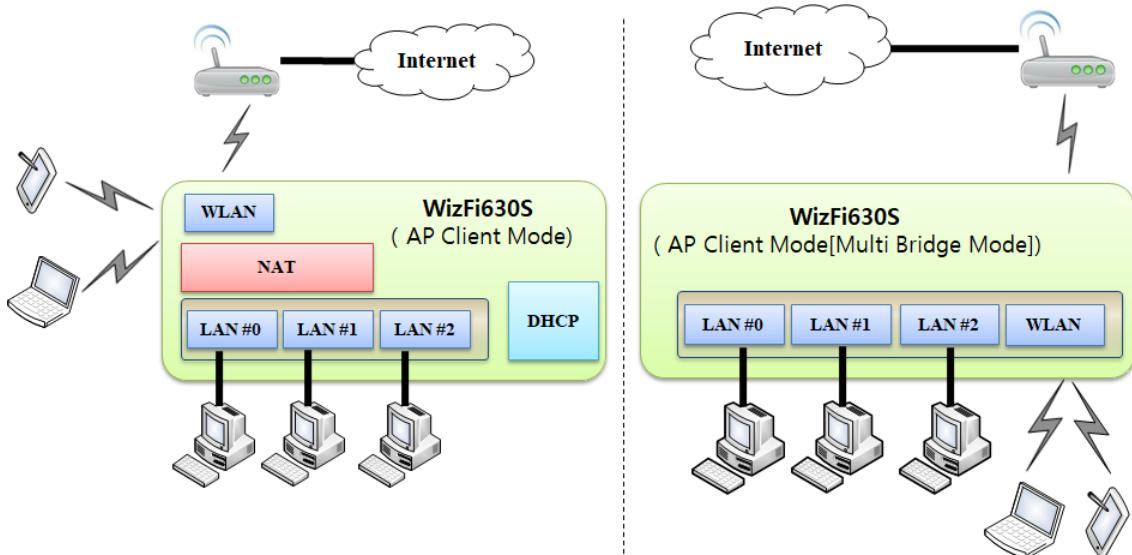
Internet sharing mode of action. WAN interface (network business, the network) and the lan interface (the private network: 192.168.16. xxx), wireless interface (the private network: 192.168.16. xxx) division, # WAN port 0 is designated as a port. WizFi630S is regularly Station Broadcast Packet transmission, and to maintain the connection.

### 2.1.3 Client (station)



The wireless interface of the port and the port WAN all Ethernet lan port for the packet. the configuration file, the next time you start in a set of wireless AP to automatically link. through the lan port connected to the private ip address of the equipment. the top of the AP (Gateway) regularly, PING Packet transmission in wireless AP disconnect to prevent.

## 2.1.4 AP-Client

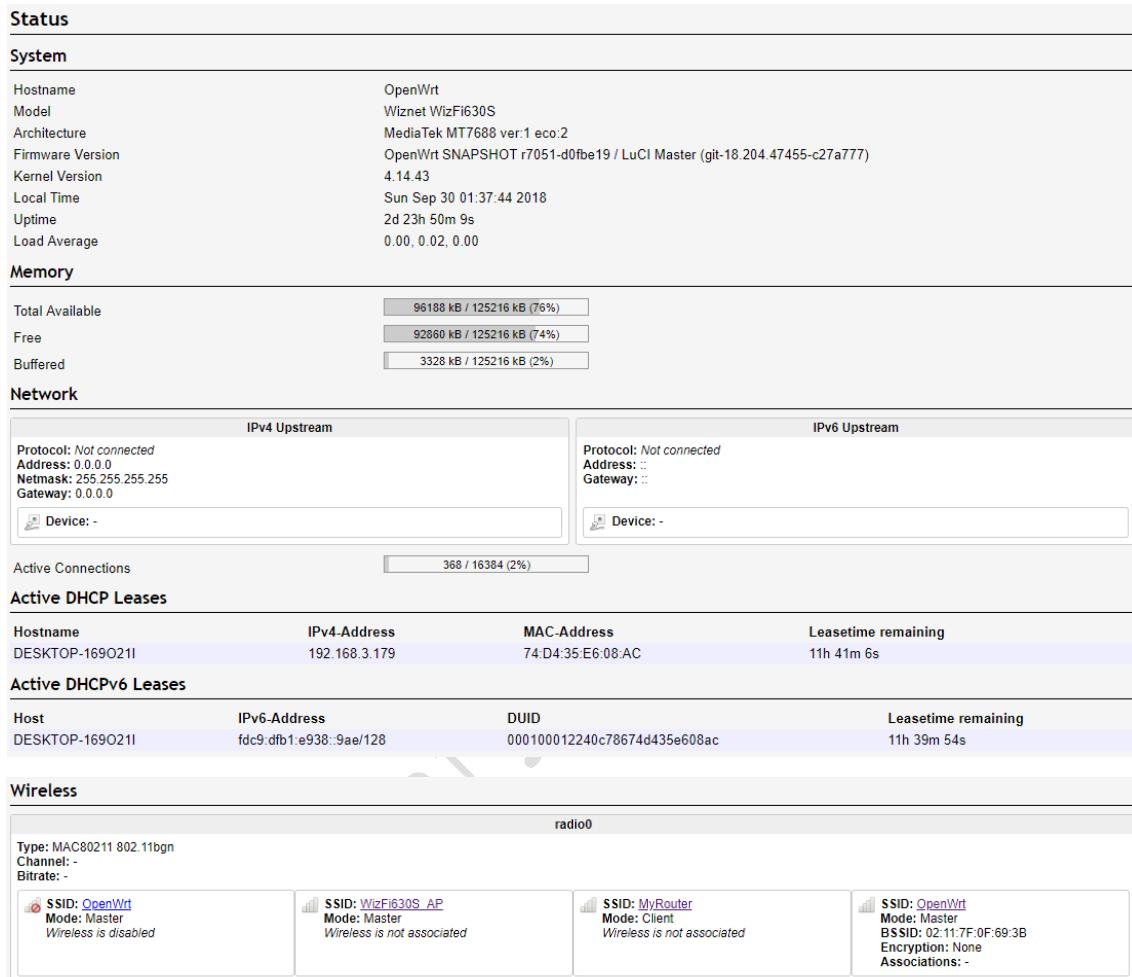


The wireless interface to the wireless interface WAN port, and all of them Ethernet lan port to port packet. Station model and similar, the biggest difference is the wireless interface is AP and Client (Station function at the same time. WizFi630S is regularly Station Broadcast Packet transmission, and to maintain the connection.

## 2.2 Status

### 2.2.1 Overview

- ◆ System state information, the system of network information, the lan port of the link status scale.



## 2.2.2 Routes

- ◆ WizFi630S is in use in the network interface that is able to.

### Routes

The following rules are currently active on this system.

#### ARP

IPv4-Address	MAC-Address	Interface
192.168.88.233	74:D4:35:E6:08:AC	lan
192.168.3.179	74:D4:35:E6:08:AC	lan

#### Active IPv4-Routes

Network	Target	IPv4-Gateway	Metric	Table
lan	192.168.3.0/24	-	0	main

#### Active IPv6-Routes

Network	Target	Source	Metric	Table
lan	fdca:dbb1:e938::/64	-	1024	main
(eth0)	ff00::/8	-	256	local
lan	ff00::/8	-	256	local
wan	ff00::/8	-	256	local

#### IPv6 Neighbours

IPv6-Address	MAC-Address	Interface
fdca:dbb1:e938::e47f:504:ff19:37f4	74:D4:35:E6:08:AC	lan
fdca:dbb1:e938::7924:5c59:4abd:98c1	74:D4:35:E6:08:AC	lan
fdca:dbb1:e938::f525:24c2:84bd:557f	74:D4:35:E6:08:AC	lan
fdca:dbb1:e938::29bf:7e6a:9ab5:3ef3	74:D4:35:E6:08:AC	lan

## 2.2.3 System Log

- ◆ System log function, the action of WizFi630S content can be confirmed.

### System Log

```

Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.notice kernel: [ 0.000000] Linux version 4.14.43 (jehoon@daniel-ubuntu) (gcc version 7.3.0 (OpenJDK GCC 7.3.0 r7051-d0fbe19)) #0 Sun May 27 17:4
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Board has DDR2
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Analog PMU set to hw control
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Digital PMU set to hw control
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] SoC Type: MediaTek MT7688 ver:1 eco:2
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] bootconsole [early0] enabled
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] CPU0 revision is: 00019655 (MIPS 24KEc)
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] MIPS: machine is Wiznet WizFi630S
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Determined physical RAM map:
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000]   memory: 08000000 @ 00000000 (usable)
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000]   initrd not found or empty - disabling initrd
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Primary instruction cache 64KB, VIPT, 4-way, llinesize 32 bytes.
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Primary data cache 32KB, 4-way, VIPT, no aliases, llinesize 32 bytes
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Zone ranges:
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000]   Normal  [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff]
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Movable zone start for each node
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Early memory node ranges
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000]   node 0: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff]
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Initmem setup node 0 [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff]
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000] On node 0 totalpages: 32768
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000] free_area_init_node: node 0, pgdat 8044cce0, node_mem_map 81000040
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000]   Normal zone: 256 pages used for memmap
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000]   Normal zone: 0 pages reserved
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000]   Normal zone: 32768 pages, LIFO batch:7
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.notice kernel: [ 0.000000] random: get_random_bytes called from start_kernel+0x8c/0x47c with crng_init=0
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000] pcpu-alloc: s0 r0 d32768 u32768 alloc=1+32768
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.debug kernel: [ 0.000000] pcpu-alloc: [0] 0
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Built 1 zonelists, mobility grouping on. Total pages: 32512
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.notice kernel: [ 0.000000] Kernel command line: console=ttyS0,115200 rootfstype=squashfs,jffs2
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] PID hash table entries: 512 (order: -1, 2048 bytes)
Sat Sep 29 22:24:45 2018 kern.info kernel: [ 0.000000] Dentry cache hash table entries: 16384 (order: 4, 65536 bytes)

```

## 2.2.4 Kernel Log

- ◆ Kernel log function, the action of WizFi630S content can be confirmed.

### Kernel Log

```

[ 0.000000] Linux version 4.14.43 (jehoon@daniel-ubuntu) (gcc version 7.3.0 (OpenJDK GCC 7.3.0 r7051-d0fbe19)) #0 Sun May 27 17:44:43 2018
[ 0.000000] Board has DDR2
[ 0.000000] Analog PMU set to hw control
[ 0.000000] Digital PMU set to hw control
[ 0.000000] SoC Type: MediaTek MT7688 ver:1 eco:2
[ 0.000000] bootconsole [early0] enabled
[ 0.000000] CPU0 revision is: 00019655 (MIPS 24KEc)
[ 0.000000] MIPS: machine is Wiznet WizFi630S
[ 0.000000] Determined physical RAM map:
[ 0.000000]   memory: 08000000 @ 00000000 (usable)
[ 0.000000]   initrd not found or empty - disabling initrd
[ 0.000000] Primary instruction cache 64KB, VIPT, 4-way, llinesize 32 bytes.
[ 0.000000] Primary data cache 32KB, 4-way, VIPT, no aliases, llinesize 32 bytes
[ 0.000000] Zone ranges:
[ 0.000000]   Normal  [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff]
[ 0.000000] Movable zone start for each node
[ 0.000000] Early memory node ranges
[ 0.000000]   node 0: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff]
[ 0.000000] Initmem setup node 0 [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff]
[ 0.000000] On node 0 totalpages: 32768
[ 0.000000] free_area_init_node: node 0, pgdat 8044cce0, node_mem_map 81000040
[ 0.000000]   Normal zone: 256 pages used for memmap
[ 0.000000]   Normal zone: 0 pages reserved
[ 0.000000]   Normal zone: 32768 pages, LIFO batch:7
[ 0.000000] random: get_random_bytes called from start_kernel+0x8c/0x47c with crng_init=0
[ 0.000000] pcpu-alloc: s0 r0 d32768 u32768 alloc=1+32768
[ 0.000000] pcpu-alloc: [0] 0

```

## 2.2.5 Processes

- ◆ the action of the processes and state values of the control and status display.

### Processes

This list gives an overview over currently running system processes and their status.

PID	Owner	Command	CPU usage (%)	Memory usage (%)	Hang Up	Terminate	Kill
1	root	/sbin/procd	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
2	root	[kthreadd]	0%	0%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
7	root	[ksoftirqd/0]	0%	0%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
8	root	[oom_reaper]	0%	0%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
134	root	[kswapd0]	0%	0%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
189	root	[spilo]	0%	0%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
371	root	[jffs2_gcd_mtd6]	0%	0%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
431	root	/sbin/ubusd	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
433	root	/bin/ash --login	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
652	root	/sbin/logd -S 64	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
669	root	/sbin/rpcd	0%	2%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
745	root	/sbin/netifd	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
779	root	/usr/sbin/odhcpd	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
832	root	/usr/sbin/dropbear -F -P /var/run/dropbear 1.pid -p 22 -K 300 -T 3	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
865	root	/usr/sbin/uhttpd -f -h /www -r OpenWrt -x /cgi-bin -u /ubus -t 60 -T 30 -k 20 -A 1 -n 3 -N 100 -R -p 0.0.0.0.80 -p [::]:80 -C /etc/uhttpd.crt -K /etc/uhttpd.key -s 0.0.0.443 -s [::]:443 -q	0%	2%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
1074	root	udhcpc -p /var/run/udhcpc-eth0.2.pid -s /lib/netifd/dhcp.script -f -t 0 -i eth0.2 -x hostname:OpenWrt -C -O 121	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
1077	root	odhcp6c -s /lib/netifd/dhcpv6.script -P0 -t120 eth0.2	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
1402	dnsmasq	/usr/sbin/dnsmasq -C /var/etc/dnsmasq.conf.cfg01411c -k -x /var/run/dnsmasq/dnsmasq.cfg01411c.pid	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
12487	root	/usr/sbin/hostapd -s -P /var/run/wifi-phy0.pid -B /var/run/hostapd-phy0.conf	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
12506	root	/usr/sbin/wpa_supplicant -B -P /var/run/wpa_supplicant-wlan0.pid -D nl80211 -i wlan0 -c /var/run/wpa_supplicant-wlan0.conf -C /var/run/wpa_supplicant -H /var/run/hostapd/wlan0-1	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
12529	root	udhcpc -p /var/run/udhcpc-wlan0.pid -s /lib/netifd/dhcp.script -f -t 0 -i wlan0 -x hostname:OpenWrt -C -O 121	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
15022	root	luci-bwc 1	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
15045	root	{luci} /usr/bin/lua /www/cgi-bin/luci	0%	2%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>
15053	root	(top) /bin/busybox top -bn1	0%	1%	<button>Hang Up</button>	<button>Terminate</button>	<button>Kill</button>

## 2.3 System

### 2.3.1 System Management

**System Properties**

General Settings	Logging	Language and Style
Local Time	Sun Sep 30 01:21:29 2018	<a href="#">Sync with browser</a>
Hostname	OpenWrt	
Timezone	UTC	
<b>Time Synchronization</b>		
Enable NTP client	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Provide NTP server	<input type="checkbox"/>	
NTP server candidates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>0.openwrt.pool.ntp.org</li><li>1.openwrt.pool.ntp.org</li><li>2.openwrt.pool.ntp.org</li><li>3.openwrt.pool.ntp.org</li></ul>	
System Properties		
General Settings	Logging	Language and Style
Language	auto	
Design	OpenWrt	

## 2.3.2 Administration

- ◆ WizFi630S management page.

**Router Password**

Changes the administrator password for accessing the device

Password	<input type="text"/>
Confirmation	<input type="text"/>

**SSH Access**

Dropbear offers [SSH](#) network shell access and an integrated [SCP](#) server

**Dropbear Instance**

<input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
Interface	<input type="text" value="unspecified"/>
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Listen only on the given interface or, if unspecified, on all	
Port	<input type="text" value="22"/>
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Specifies the listening port of this <i>Dropbear</i> instance	
Password authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Allow <a href="#">SSH</a> password authentication
Allow root logins with password	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Allow the <i>root</i> user to login with password
Gateway ports	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Allow remote hosts to connect to local SSH forwarded ports

## 2.3.3 Software

- ◆ WizFi630S software package to manage.

**Software**

Actions Configuration

No package lists available [Update lists](#)

Free space: 97% (19.44 MB)

Download and install package:  [OK](#)

Filter:  [Find package](#)

**Status**

Available packages Installed packages

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z #	Package name	Version	Size (.ipk)	Description	Install
announce	1.0.1-1	0			<a href="#">Install</a>

**OPKG-Configuration**

General options for opkg

Actions Configuration

```
dest root /
dest ram /tmp
lists_dir ext /var/opkg-lists
option overlay_root /overlay
option check_signature 1
```

[Submit](#) [Reset](#)

**Distribution feeds**

Build/distribution specific feed definitions. This file will NOT be preserved in any sysupgrade.

```
src/gz openwrt_core http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/targets/ramips/m76x8/packages
src/gz openwrt_base http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/base
src/gz openwrt_luks http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/luks
src/gz openwrt_luci http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/luci
src/gz openwrt_packages http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/packages
src/gz openwrt_routing http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/routing
src/gz openwrt_telephony http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/telephony
src/gz openwrt_wizfi630s http://downloads.led-project.org/snapshots/packages/mipsel_24kc/wizfi630s
```

[Submit](#) [Reset](#)

**Custom feeds**

Custom feed definitions, e.g. private feeds. This file can be preserved in a sysupgrade.

```
# add your custom package feeds here
# src/gz example_feed_name http://www.example.com/path/to/files
```

[Submit](#) [Reset](#)

## 2.3.4 Startup

### Initscripts

You can enable or disable installed init scripts here. Changes will apply after a device reboot.  
**Warning:** If you disable essential init scripts like "network", your device might become inaccessible!

Start priority	Initscript	Enable/Disable	Start	Restart	Stop
0	sysfixtime	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
10	boot	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
10	system	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
11	sysctl	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
12	log	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
12	rpcd	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
19	dnsmasq	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
19	firewall	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
20	network	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
35	odhcpd	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
50	cron	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
50	dropbear	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
50	uhttpd	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
80	ucittrack	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
94	announce	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
94	gpio_switch	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
95	done	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
96	led	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
98	sysntp	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
99	bootcount	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
99	socat	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop
99	urandom_seed	Enabled	Start	Restart	Stop

## 2.3.5 Firmware

- ◆ Boot firmware and more to upgrade..

**Backup**

Click "Generate archive" to download a tar archive of the current configuration files.

Download backup:

**Restore**

To restore configuration files, you can upload a previously generated backup archive here. To reset the firmware to its initial state, click "Perform reset" (only possible with squashfs images).

Reset to defaults:

Restore backup:  선택된 파일 없음

Custom files (certificates, scripts) may remain on the system. To prevent this, perform a factory-reset first.

**Flash new firmware image**

Upload a sysupgrade-compatible image here to replace the running firmware. Check "Keep settings" to retain the current configuration (requires a compatible firmware image).

Keep settings:

Image:  선택된 파일 없음

## 2.4 Network

### 2.4.1 Interface

- ◆ Network Interface for Scanning WizFi630S

WWAN WIFI WAN LAN WANG

#### Interfaces

<b>LAN</b> br-lan	Protocol: Static address Uptime: 2d 19h 26m 17s MAC-Address: 00:08:DC:00:08:DC RX: 1.49 MB (14161 Pkts.) TX: 2.09 MB (12471 Pkts.) IPv4: 192.168.3.1/24 IPv6: fd9c:dfb1:e938:1/64	<input type="button" value="Restart"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<b>WAN</b> eth0.2	Protocol: DHCP client MAC-Address: 00:08:DC:00:08:DE RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.) TX: 27.99 MB (82877 Pkts.)	<input type="button" value="Restart"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<b>WAN6</b> eth0.2	Protocol: DHCPv6 client MAC-Address: 00:08:DC:00:08:DE RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.) TX: 27.99 MB (82877 Pkts.)	<input type="button" value="Restart"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<b>WWAN</b> Client "MyRouter"	Protocol: DHCP client MAC-Address: 00:11:7F:0F:69:3B RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.) TX: 0 B (0 Pkts.)	<input type="button" value="Restart"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<b>WIFI</b> Master "WizFi630S_AP"	Protocol: Static address RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.) TX: 0 B (0 Pkts.)	<input type="button" value="Restart"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

- ◆ Select "scan" network service mode and set WizFi630S to connect to the network.

#### Interfaces - WWAN

On this page you can configure the network interfaces. You can bridge several interfaces by ticking the "bridge interfaces" field and enter the names of several network interfaces separated by spaces. You can also use VLAN notation INTERFACE.VLANNR (e.g.: eth0.1).

#### Common Configuration

General Setup	Advanced Settings	Physical Settings	Firewall Settings
Status	<b>Device:</b> wlan0 <b>MAC-Address:</b> 00:11:7F:0F:69:3B <b>RX:</b> 0 B (0 Pkts.) <b>TX:</b> 0 B (0 Pkts.)		
Protocol	<input type="button" value="DHCP client"/>		
Hostname to send when requesting DHCP	<input type="text" value="OpenWrt"/>		
<input type="button" value="Back to Overview"/>		<input type="button" value="Save &amp; Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

## 2.4.1.1 LAN

- ◆ WizFi630S internal ip settings, DHCP server configuration and DHCP configuration.

### Interfaces - LAN

On this page you can configure the network interfaces. You can bridge several interfaces by ticking the "bridge interfaces" field and enter the names of several network interfaces separated by spaces. You can also use VLAN notation INTERFACE.VLANNR (e.g. eth0.1).

#### Common Configuration

General Setup		Advanced Settings	Physical Settings	Firewall Settings
<b>Status</b> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <b>Device:</b> br-lan            Uptime: 2d 19h 32m 34s  <b>MAC-Address:</b> 00:08:DC:00:08:DC            RX: 1.58 MB (15053 Pkts.)            TX: 2.48 MB (13425 Pkts.)  <b>IPv4:</b> 192.168.3.1/24  <b>IPv6:</b> fdca:db1:e938::1/64         </div>				
<b>Protocol</b> <input type="button" value="Static address"/>				
IPv4 address	<input type="text" value="192.168.3.1"/>			
IPv4 netmask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>			
IPv4 gateway	<input type="text"/>			
IPv4 broadcast	<input type="text"/>			
Use custom DNS servers	<input type="text"/>			
IPv6 assignment length	<input type="text" value="60"/> <input type="radio"/> Assign a part of given length of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface			
IPv6 assignment hint	<input type="text"/>			
IPv6 suffix	<input type="text" value="::1"/> <input type="radio"/> Assign prefix parts using this hexadecimal subprefix ID for this interface. <small>(Optional. Allowed values: 'eui64', 'random', fixed value like '::1' or '::1:2'. When IPv6 prefix (like 'a:b:c:d::') is received from a delegating server, use the suffix (like '::1') to form the IPv6 address ('a:b:c:d::1') for the interface.</small>			

### 2.4.1.2 A set of wireless 2.4.1.2 (WiFi)

- ◆ wireless lan's basic attribute set.

Common Configuration

General Setup Advanced Settings Physical Settings Firewall Settings

Status	 Device: radio0 network2 RX: 0 B (0 Pkts.) TX: 0 B (0 Pkts.)
Protocol	Static address
IPv4 address	192.168.2.1
IPv4 netmask	255.255.255.0
IPv4 gateway	
IPv4 broadcast	
Use custom DNS servers	
IPv6 assignment length	disabled
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Assign a part of given length of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface
IPv6 address	
IPv6 gateway	
IPv6 routed prefix	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public prefix routed to this device for distribution to clients.
IPv6 suffix	:1
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Optional. Allowed values: 'eui64', 'random', fixed value like ':1' or '::1.2'. When IPv6 prefix (like 'a:b:c:d::') is received from a delegating server, use the suffix (like ':1') to form the IPv6 address ('a:b:c:d::1') for the interface.

## 2.4.2 Wireless

- ◆ AP model, Gateway model, AP - Client model in wireless advanced settings.
- ◆ wireless advanced settings advanced wireless network users with the configuration.

### Wireless Network: Master "WizFi630S\_AP" (radio0.network2)

The Device Configuration section covers physical settings of the radio hardware such as channel, transmit power or antenna selection which are shared among all defined wireless networks (if the radio hardware is multi-SSID capable). Per network settings like encryption or operation mode are grouped in the Interface Configuration.

#### Device Configuration

General Setup	Advanced Settings
Status	 SSID: WizFi630S_AP   Mode: Master 0% Wireless is not associated
Wireless network is enabled	<input type="button" value="Disable"/>
Channel	Locked to channel (auto) used by: Client "MyRouter"
Transmit Power	<input type="button" value="auto"/> <input type="radio"/> dBm

#### Interface Configuration

General Setup	Wireless Security	MAC-Filter	Advanced Settings
Mode	<input type="button" value="Access Point"/>		
ESSID	WizFi630S_AP		
Network	<input type="button" value="lan"/>  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Choose the network(s) you want to attach to this wireless interface or fill out the create field to define a new network.		
Hide ESSID	<input type="checkbox"/>		
WMM Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

## ◆ Client(Station) Mode

**Wireless Network: Client "MyRouter" (wlan0)**

The *Device Configuration* section covers physical settings of the radio hardware such as channel, transmit power or antenna selection which are shared among all defined wireless networks (if the radio hardware is multi-SSID capable). Per network settings like encryption or operation mode are grouped in the *Interface Configuration*.

**Device Configuration**

General Setup	Advanced Settings
Status  SSID: MyRouter   Mode: Client 0% Wireless is not associated	
Wireless network is enabled <input type="button" value="Disable"/>	
Operating frequency Mode: N   Channel: 8 (2447 MHz)   Width: 20 MHz	
Transmit Power auto <input type="radio"/> dBm <input type="radio"/>	

**Interface Configuration**

General Setup	Wireless Security	Advanced Settings
Mode: Client		
ESSID: MyRouter		
BSSID:		
Network: wwan: 		
<small>Choose the network(s) you want to attach to this wireless interface or fill out the create field to define a new network.</small>		

## 2.4.3 DHCP and DNS

- ◆ DHCP and dns server settings can be.

**DHCP and DNS**

Dnsmasq is a combined DHCP-Server and DNS-Forwarder for NAT firewalls

**Server Settings**

	General Settings	Resolv and Hosts Files	TFTP Settings	Advanced Settings
Domain required	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Don't forward DNS-Requests without DNS-Name		
Authoritative	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> This is the only DHCP in the local network		
Local server	/lan/			
	<input type="radio"/> Local domain specification. Names matching this domain are never forwarded and are resolved from DHCP or hosts files only			
Local domain	lan			
	<input type="radio"/> Local domain suffix appended to DHCP names and hosts file entries			
Log queries	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Write received DNS requests to syslog		
DNS forwardings	/example.org/10.1.2.3			
	<input type="radio"/> List of DNS servers to forward requests to			
Rebind protection	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Discard upstream RFC1918 responses		
Allow localhost	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Allow upstream responses in the 127.0.0.0/8 range, e.g. for RBL services		
Domain whitelist	host.netflix.com			
	<input type="radio"/> List of domains to allow RFC1918 responses for			
Local Service Only	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Limit DNS service to subnets interfaces on which we are serving DNS.		
Non-wildcard	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Bind only to specific interfaces rather than wildcard address.		

## 2.4.4 Firewall

### 2.4.4.1 Default

- ◆ Firewall the function can be set.

#### Firewall - Zone Settings

The firewall creates zones over your network interfaces to control network traffic flow.

##### General Settings

Enable SYN-flood protection	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Drop invalid packets	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input	accept
Output	accept
Forward	reject
Routing/NAT Offloading	<small> ⓘ Experimental feature. Not fully compatible with QoS/SQM.</small>
Software flow offloading	<input type="checkbox"/> <small> ⓘ Software based offloading for routing/NAT</small>

##### Zones

Name	Zone ⇒ Forwardings	Input	Output	Forward	Masquerading	MSS clamping	Edit	Delete
lan	lan ⇒ wan	accept	accept	accept	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>
wifi	wifi ⇒ ACCEPT	accept	accept	accept	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>
wan	wan ⇒ REJECT	accept	accept	reject	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>

[Add](#)

#### 2.4.4.2 The primary port.

The external network users WizFi630S internal network connection to use, the application port number of the internal network ip address and the port number to connect function is necessary, but this function was the primary port.

**Firewall - Port Forwards**

Port forwarding allows remote computers on the Internet to connect to a specific computer or service within the private LAN.

**Port Forwards**

Name	Match	Forward to	Enable
			<i>This section contains no values yet</i>

**New port forward**

Name	Protocol	External zone	External port	Internal zone	Internal IP address	Internal port
New port forward	TCP+UDF	wan		lan		

**Add**

Preliminary not applied

---

## 2.5 Serial

- ◆ Serial 1 serial 2 / # # for individual configuration is possible.
- ◆ Serial to Wireless (Ethernet) function in order to use the serial Parameters set.
- ◆ Each serial two channel (Main connection, Aux connection) set.
- ◆ For each serial port 2 channel (Main connection, Aux connection) configuration management.

Preliminary not approved

## 2.5.1 Serial to Ethernet

### 2.5.1.1 Main Connection

Main Connection Configuration

Status	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
Protocol	tcp <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2 Radio Button
Mode	client <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 Radio Button
Server IP	127.0.0.1
Server Port	5000
Local Port	6000
Reconnect Interval	10 <input checked="" type="radio"/> Seconds(1-30, default : 10)
Inactivity Time	0 <input checked="" type="radio"/> Seconds(00-60, default : 0)
Connection Option	bootup <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2 Radio Button

### 2.5.1.2 Aux Connection

Serial Information(tty)

TTY

Baudrate	38400
Databits	8
Parity	none
Stopbits	1
Flowcontrol	none

### 2.5.1.3 Packing Condition (Incoming serial data packing condition)

Data Packing Condition

Time	<input type="text" value="0"/> milli-second(100-5000, default : 0)
Size	<input type="text" value="0"/> Bytes(0-1500, default : 0)
Char	<input type="text" value="00"/> Hexacode(00-ff, default : 0)
Command Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable(Enable : H/W GPIO Used)

#### 2.5.1.4 Ethernet Data Tagging Option

Lan communication come from the data sent to the serial port, and serial data by the change in the Main, AUX lan communication can not be divided. this option is enabled, the device connected to the lan communication serial port information can give you.

Ethernet Data Tagging Option

Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> Enable
Main Port	<input type="text" value="IMAIN!"/> <input type="radio"/> string(1-16 chars)
Aux Port	<input type="text" value="IUART!"/> <input type="radio"/> string(1-16 chars)

### 3 The hardware information.

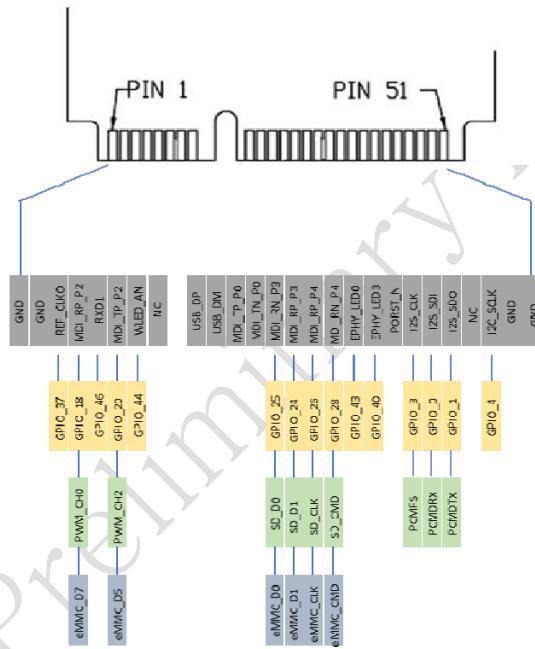
#### 3.1 WizFi630S Pin Map

No	T	Name	Shared	Description
1		GND		
2		3.3V		
3		GND		
4		3.3V		
5	I/O, IPD	REF_CLKO	GPIO#37	Will be provided as UART1 CTS-N
6	I/O, IPD	WDT_RST_N	GPIO#38	Will be provided as UART1 RTS-N
7	I/O, IPD	RXIP2	GPIO#18	Will be provided as UART1 RIN
8	I/O, IPD	RXIM2	GPIO#19	Will be provided as UART1 DTR-N
9	I/O, IPD	RxD1	GPIO#46	UART1 RXD
10	I/O, IPD	TxD1	GPIO#45	UART1 TXD
11	I/O, IPD	TXOP2	GPIO#20	Will be provided as UART1 DSR-N
12	I/O, IPD	TXOM2	GPIO#21	Will be provided as UART1 DCD-N
13	O	WLAN_LED	GPIO#44	Wireless Init On
14		NC		
15		NC(VBUS)		USB OTG VBUS pin in WizFi630
16		NC		
17	I/O	USB_PADP		USB OTG data pin Data+
18	I/O, IPD	UART_RX	GPIO#13	UART0 RxD
19	I/O	USB_PADM		USB OTG data pin Data-
20	I/O, IPD	UART_TX	GPIO#12	UART0 TxD
21	O	TXOP0		10/100 PHY Port #0 TXP
22	I	RXIM0		10/100 PHY Port #0 RXN
23	O	TXOM0		10/100 PHY Port #0 TXN
24	I	RXIP0		10/100 PHY Port #0 RXP
25	I	RXIM3	GPIO#25	10/100 PHY Port #3 RXN
26	O	TXOP3	GPIO#22	10/100 PHY Port #3 TXP
27	I	RXIP3	GPIO#24	10/100 PHY Port #3 RXP
28	O	TXOM3	GPIO#23	10/100 PHY Port #3 TXN
29	I	RXIP4	GPIO#26	10/100 PHY Port #4 RXP
30	O	TXOM4	GPIO#27	10/100 PHY Port #4 TXN
31	I	RXIM4	GPIO#28	10/100 PHY Port #4 RXN
32	O	TXOP4	GPIO#29	10/100 PHY Port #4 TXP
33	O	LINK0_LED	GPIO#43	LAN port 0 Link LED
34	O	LINK4_LED	GPIO#39	LAN port 4 Link LED
35	O	LINK3_LED	GPIO#40	LAN port 3 Link LED
36	I/O, IPD	LINK2	GPIO#41	WPS Button Push
37	I, IPU	CPURST_N		

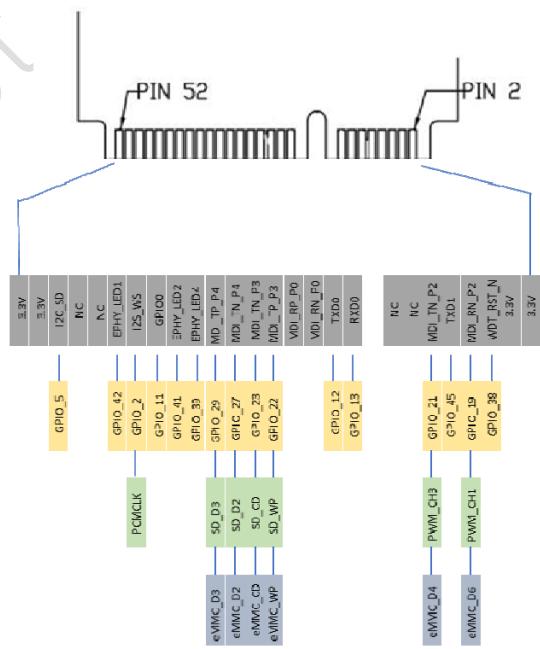
38	I/O, IPD	GPIO_0	GPIO#11	Reset Button Push
39	I/O, IPD	I2S_CLK	GPIO#3	General Purpose Output LED
40	I/O, IPD	I2S_WS	GPIO#2	General Purpose Input Switch SW1-1
41	I/O, IPD	I2S_SDI	GPIO#0	General Purpose Output LED
42	I/O, IPD	LINK1	GPIO#42	WPS LED(GPIO20)
43		I2S_DO	GPIO#1	GPIO
44		NC		
45		NC		
46		NC		
47	I/O, IPD	I2C_SCLK	GPIO#4	General Purpose Input Switch SW1-2
48	I/O, IPD	I2C_SD	GPIO#5	RUN LED
49		GND		
50		3.3V		
51		GND		
52		3.3V		

Table 1. WiFi630S Pin Map

mini PCIe connector Top View

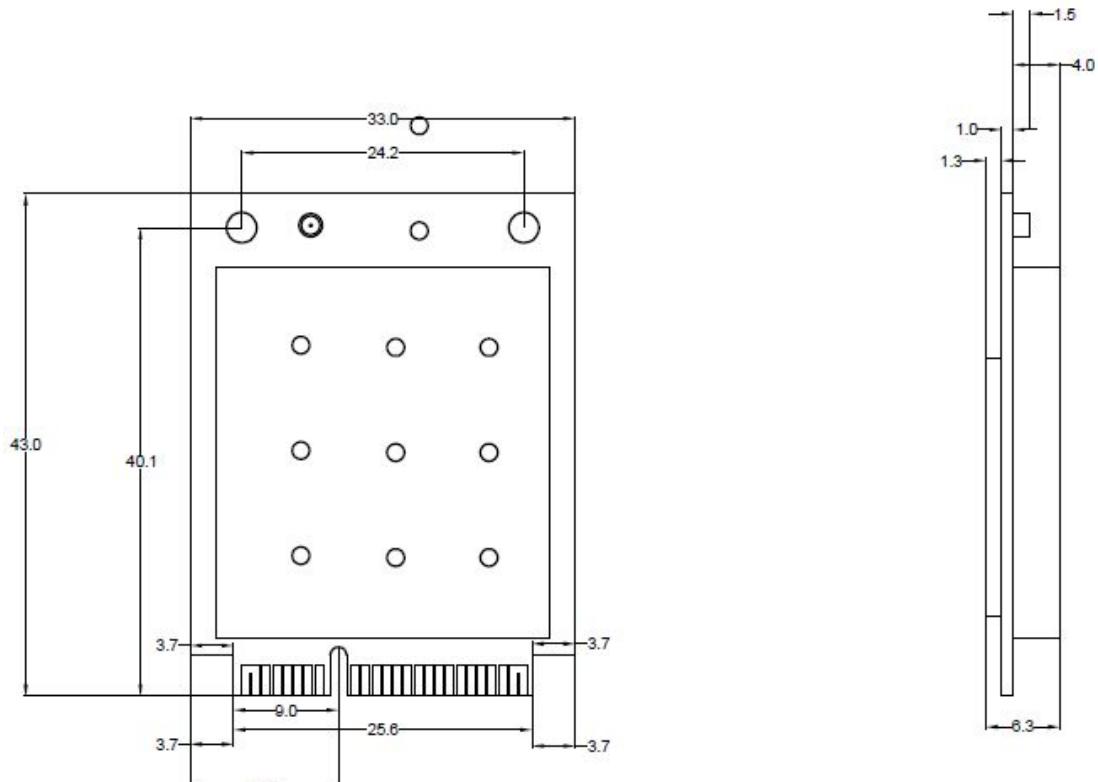


mini PCIe connector Bottom View



### 3.2 mechanism design

Dimensions (mm)	Length	Width	Height	Hole Width	HOLE Height	HOLE $\Phi$	PCB Thickness
	43	33	3.8	24.2	40	2.5	1.1
	Tolerance +/- 0.2mm						



---

## 4. STATEMENT

1. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body