



# FCC RF Test Report

**APPLICANT** : Nauto Corporation  
**EQUIPMENT** : Nauto 2  
**BRAND NAME** : Nauto 2  
**MODEL NAME** : Nauto 2  
**MARKETING NAME** : Nauto 2  
**FCC ID** : 2AKJ5-N2  
**STANDARD** : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247  
**CLASSIFICATION** : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Dec. 22, 2016 and testing was completed on Jan. 06, 2017. We, Sporton International (KunShan) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (KunShan) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Prepared by: James Huang / Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



**Sporton International (KunShan) INC.**

**No.3-2, Pingxiang Road, Kunshan Development Zone, Jiangsu, China**



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**APPENDIX A. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

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### SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 5.1(4)	Number of Channels	≥ 15Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 5.1(2)	Hopping Channel Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 5.1(4)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	≤ 0.4sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 5.1(1)	20dB Bandwidth	N/A	Pass	-
3.4	-	RSS-Gen 6.6	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 5.4(2)	Peak Output Power	≤ 125 mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted Band Edges	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted Spurious Emission	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 6.66 dB at 945.680 MHz
3.9	15.203 & 15.247(b)	N/A	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

Nauto Corporation  
380 Portage Avenue Palo Alto, CA 94306

## 1.2 Manufacturer

Qisda Corporation  
18 Jihu Road. Neihu, Taipei 114, Taiwan

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Nauto 2
Brand Name	Nauto 2
Model Name	Nauto 2
Marketing Name	Nauto 2
FCC ID	2AKJ5-N2
EUT supports Radios application	WCDMA/HSPA/ HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported)/DC-HSDPA/LTE/ WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40/ Bluetooth v3.0+EDR/Bluetooth v4.0 LE
IMEI Code	Conducted: 014711000023081 Radiation: 014711000027132
HW Version	DVT01
SW Version	2.006
EUT Stage	Production Unit

**Remark:** The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.



### 1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification	
<b>Tx/Rx Frequency Range</b>	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Number of Channels</b>	79
<b>Carrier Frequency of Each Channel</b>	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
<b>Maximum Output Power to Antenna</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 3.10 dBm (0.0020 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 2.14 dBm (0.0016 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 2.58 dBm (0.0018 W)
<b>99% Occupied Bandwidth</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.904MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.176MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.156MHz
<b>Antenna Type / Gain</b>	Monopole Antenna with gain 3.6 dBi
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

### 1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.



### 1.6 Testing Location

<b>Test Site</b>	Sporton International (KunShan) INC.		
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No.3-2, Pingxiang Road, Kunshan Development Zone, Jiangsu, China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958		
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>		<b>FCC/IC Registration No.</b>
	TH01-KS	03CH02-KS	418269/4086E

**Note:** The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

### 1.7 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ♦ ANSI C63.10-2013
- ♦ IC RSS-247 Issue 2
- ♦ IC RSS-Gen Issue 4

**Remark:**

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Output Power		
		Data Rate / Modulation		
		GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
Ch00	2402MHz	0.70 dBm	-0.34 dBm	0.12 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	3.10 dBm	2.14 dBm	2.58 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	2.68 dBm	1.81 dBm	2.19 dBm

**Remark:**

1. All the test data for each data rate were verified, but only the worst case was reported.
  2. The data rate was set in 1Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). And different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 1Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.



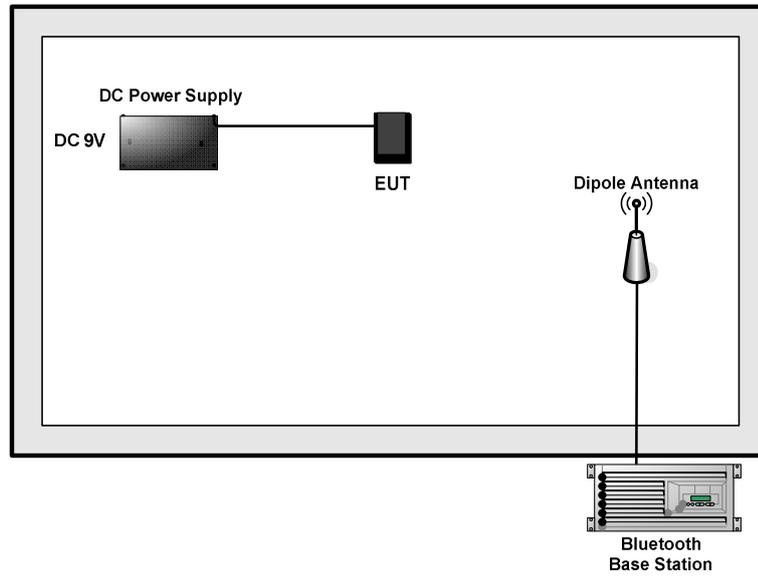
## 2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
Conducted Test Cases	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
Radiated Test Cases	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz		
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz		
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
<b>Remark:</b>			
1. For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 1Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission.			

## 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

<Bluetooth Tx Mode>





## 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Bluetooth Base Station	R&S	CBT	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	DC Power Supply	GW	GPS-3030D	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m

## 2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth function, the engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT connect with Bluetooth base station to continuous transmit/receive.

## 2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss.

*Offset = RF cable loss.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 5.7 dB.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)}. \\ &= 5.7 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Test Result

#### 3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

##### 3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

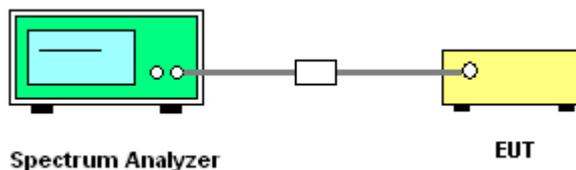
##### 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

##### 3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW = 300kHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

##### 3.1.4 Test Setup

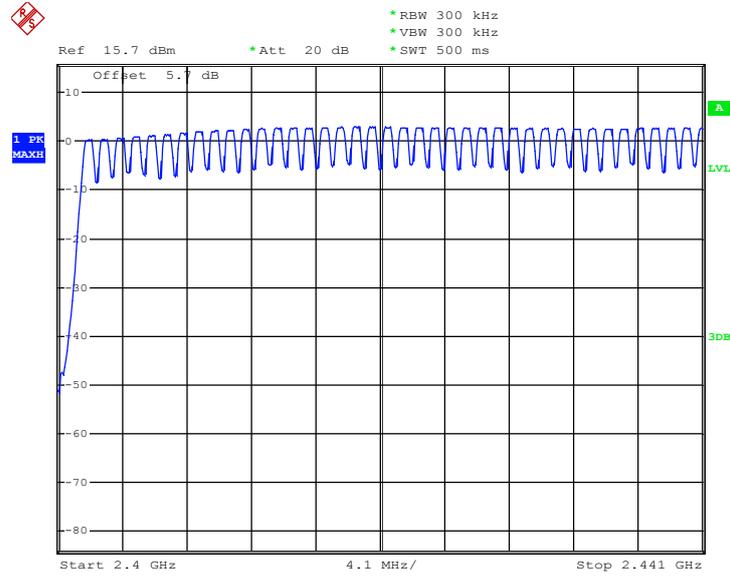


##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

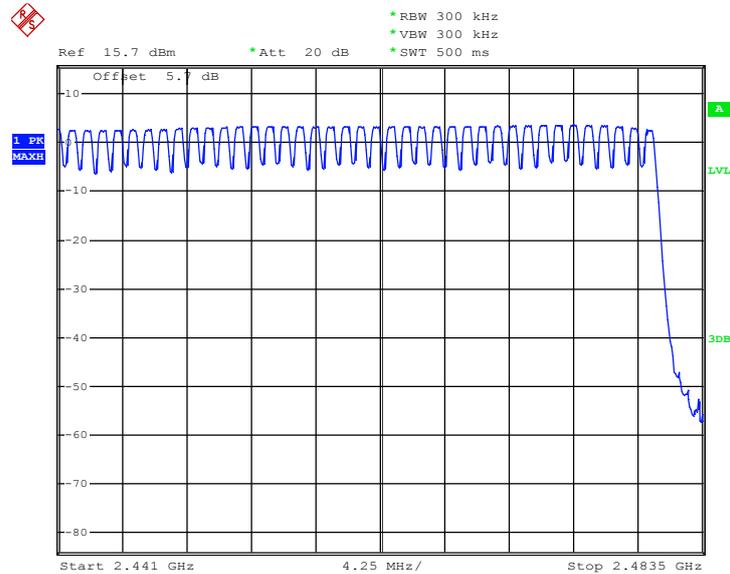
<b>Test Mode :</b>	1Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	21~25°C
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Silent Hai	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	51~55%
<b>Number of Hopping (Channel)</b>	<b>Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)</b>	<b>Limits (Channel)</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



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## 3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

### 3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

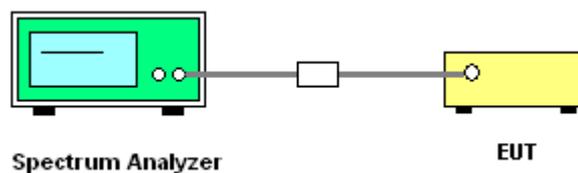
### 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.2.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels;  
RBW = 300kHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.2.4 Test Setup



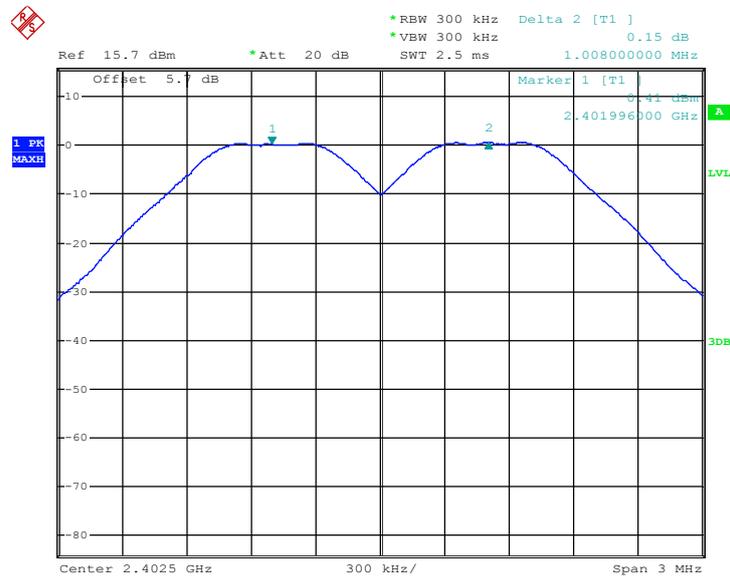


3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.6453	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.6427	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.6427	Pass

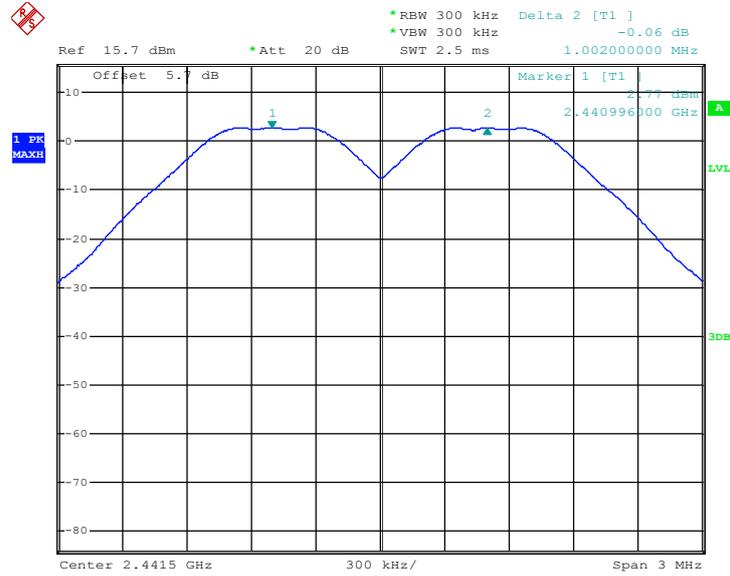
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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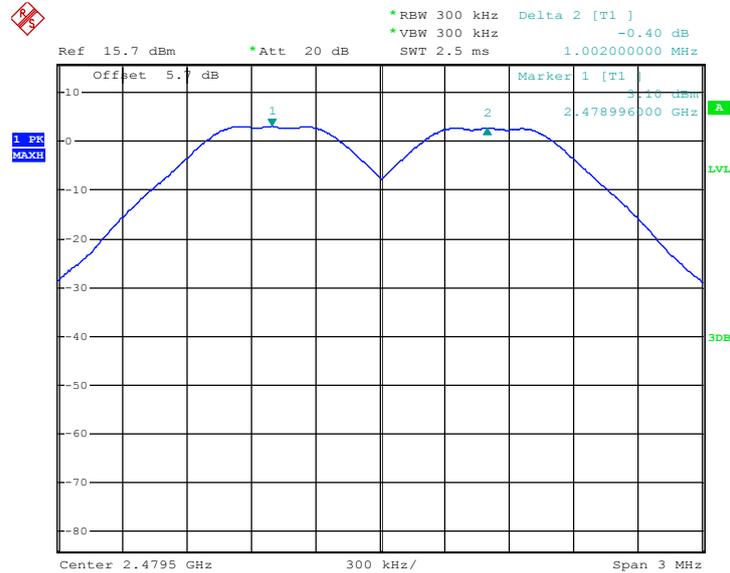


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



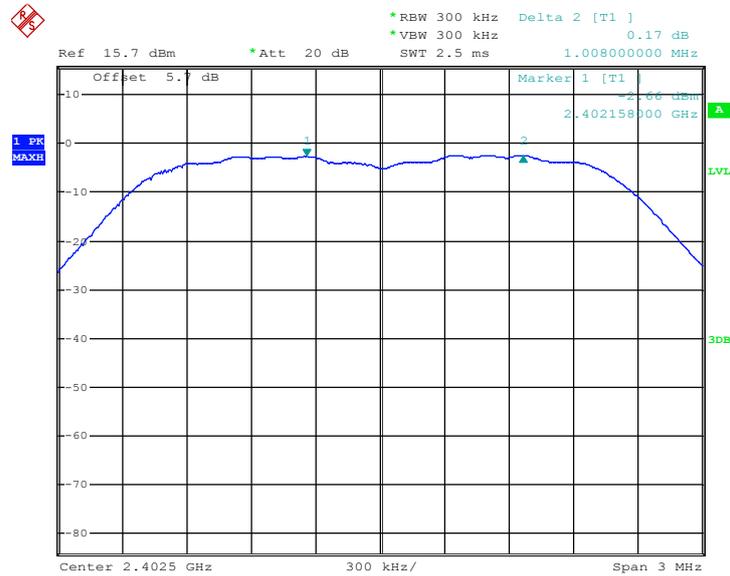
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Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.8480	Pass
39	2441	1.008	0.8480	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8480	Pass

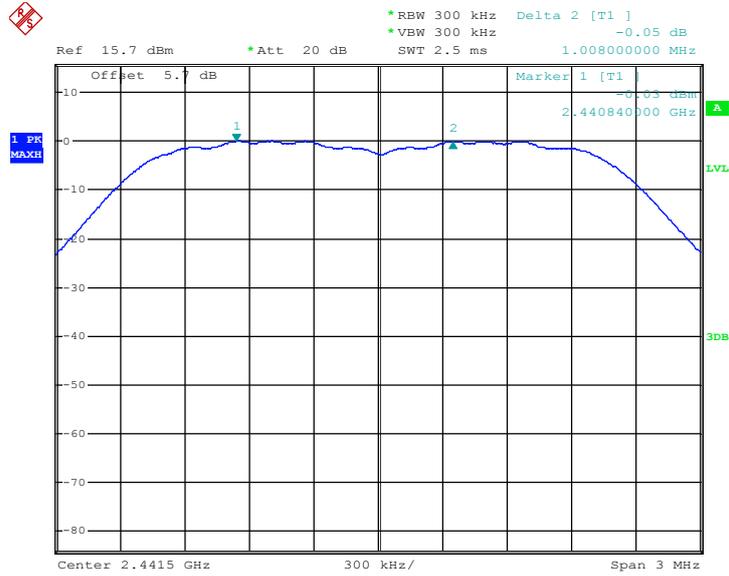
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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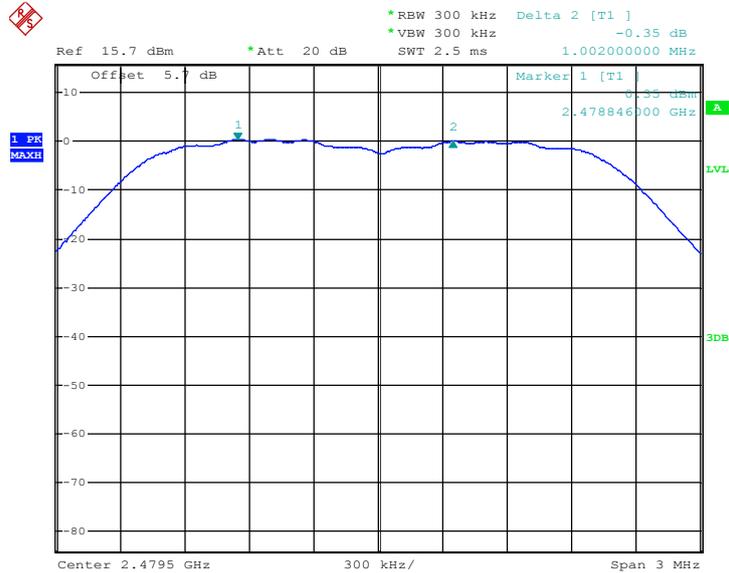


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



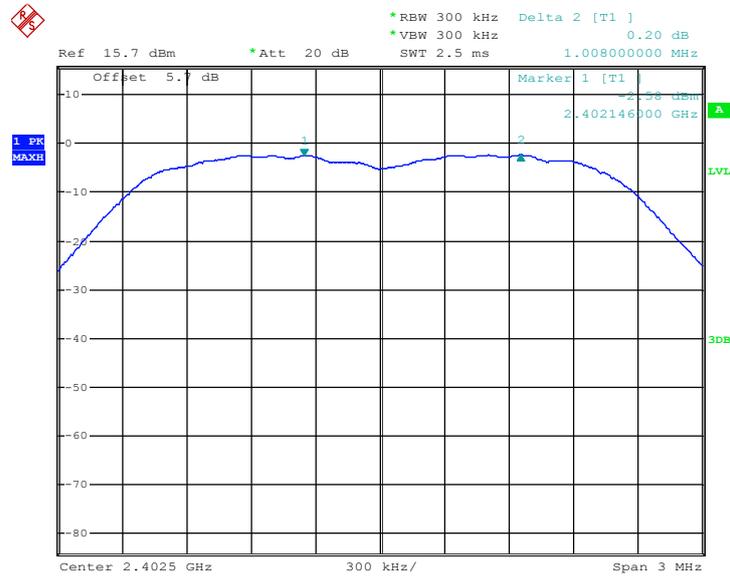
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Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.8280	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8280	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8320	Pass

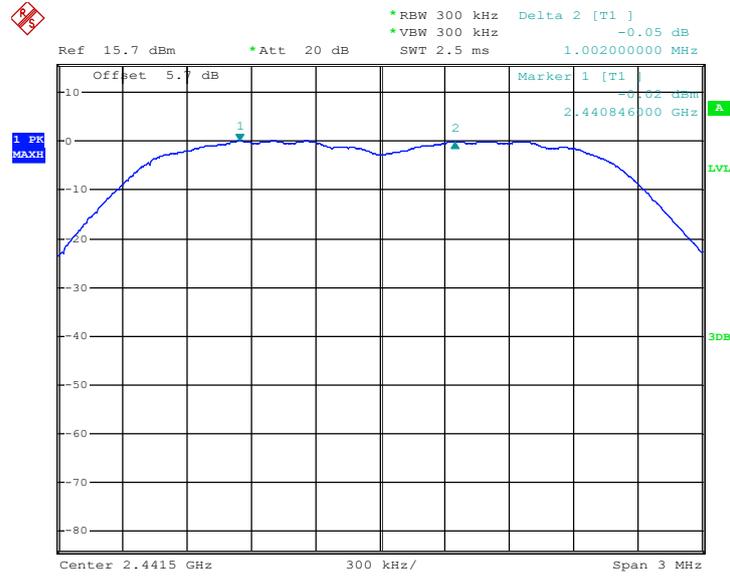
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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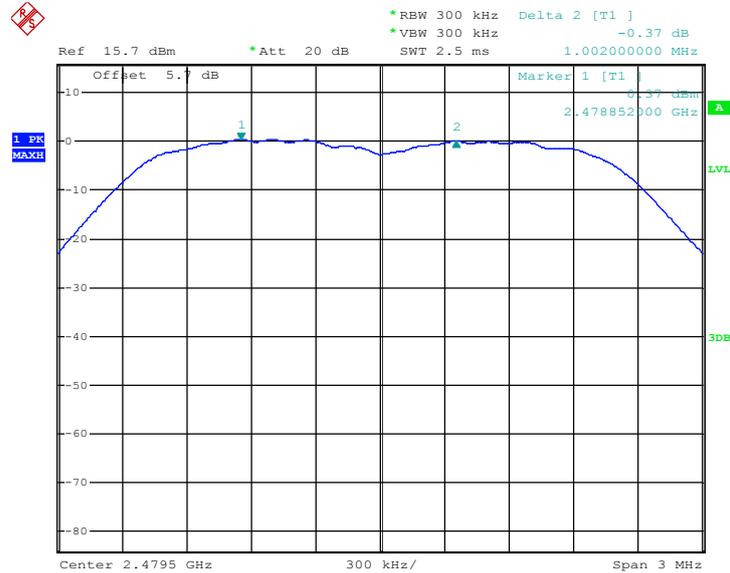


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:24:29

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:26:30

### 3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

#### 3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

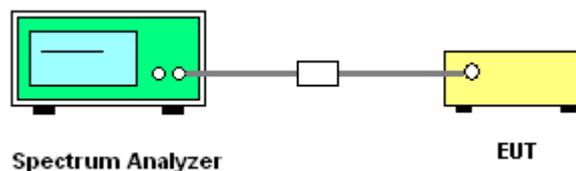
#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.4.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

Test Mode :	DH5	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

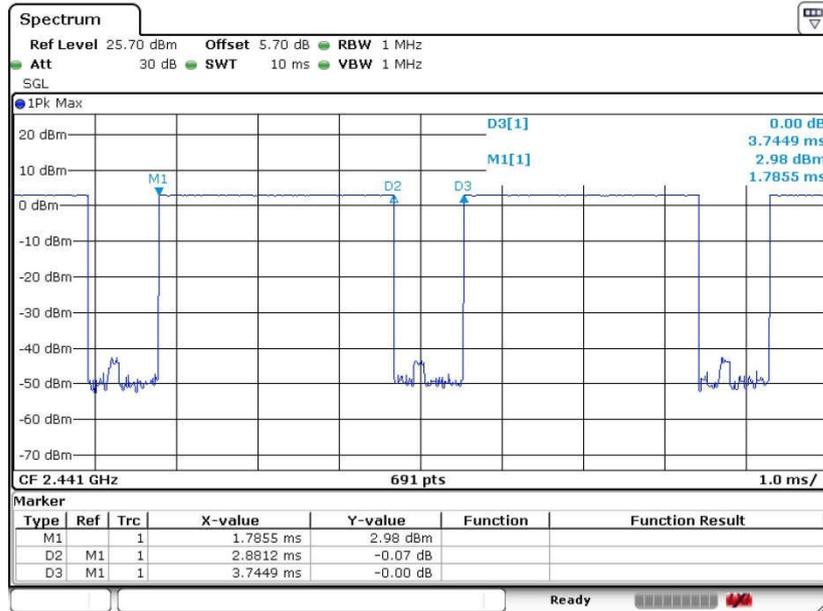
Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.8812	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.8812	0.15	0.4	Pass

Remark:

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.  
 With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),  
 Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.  
 With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),  
 Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time



Package Transfer Time Plot



## 3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

### 3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

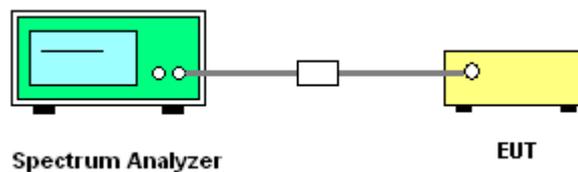
### 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 6.9.2 and 6.9.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;  
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 1.5 to 5 times the 99% bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 99% bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = sample;  
Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.4.4 Test Setup



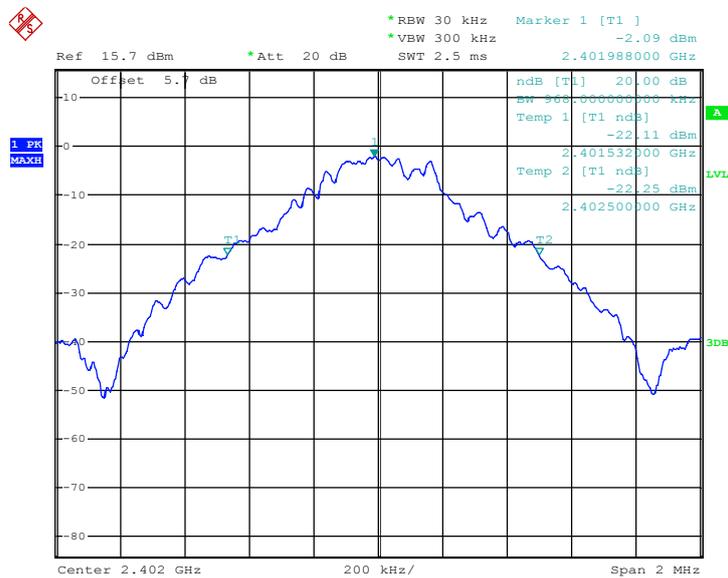


### 3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.968
39	2441	0.964
78	2480	0.964

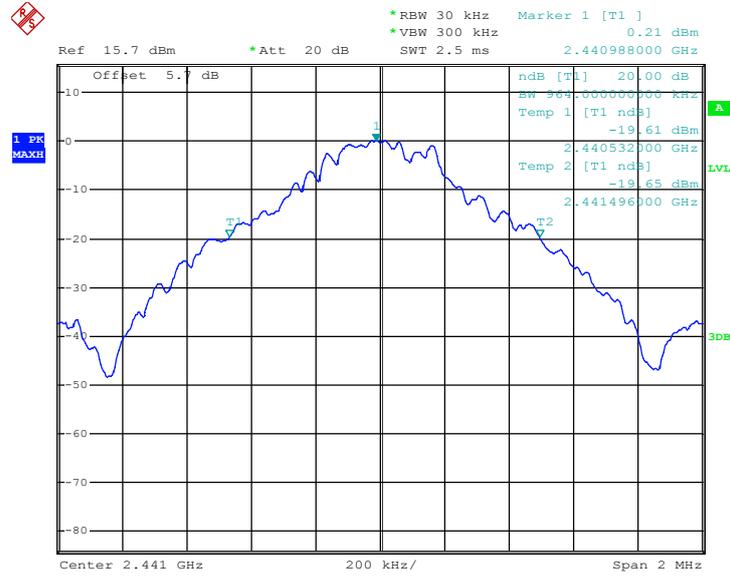
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



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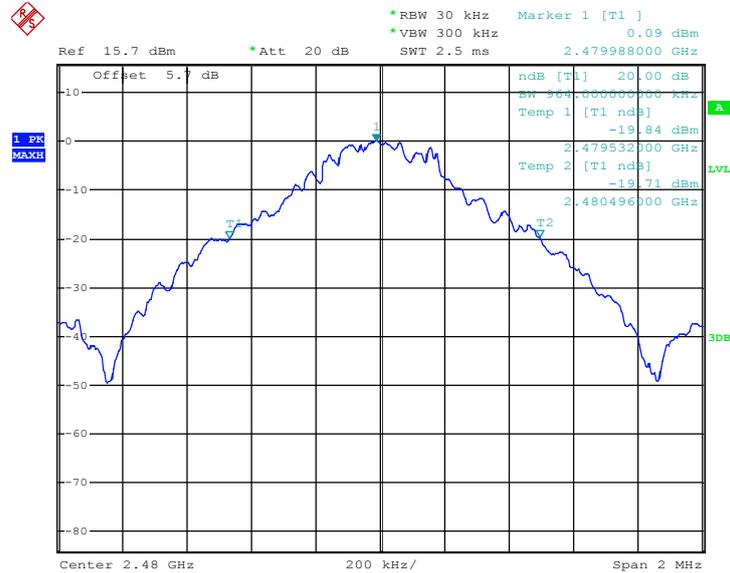


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



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20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



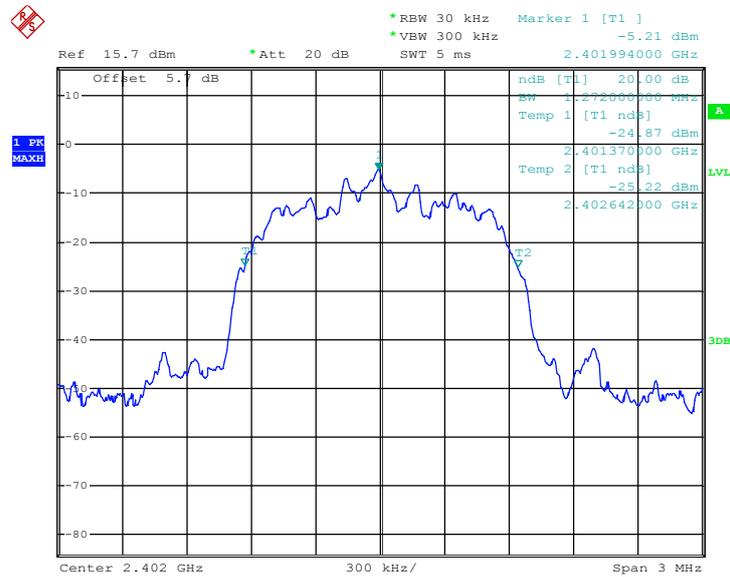
Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:27:09



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.272
39	2441	1.272
78	2480	1.272

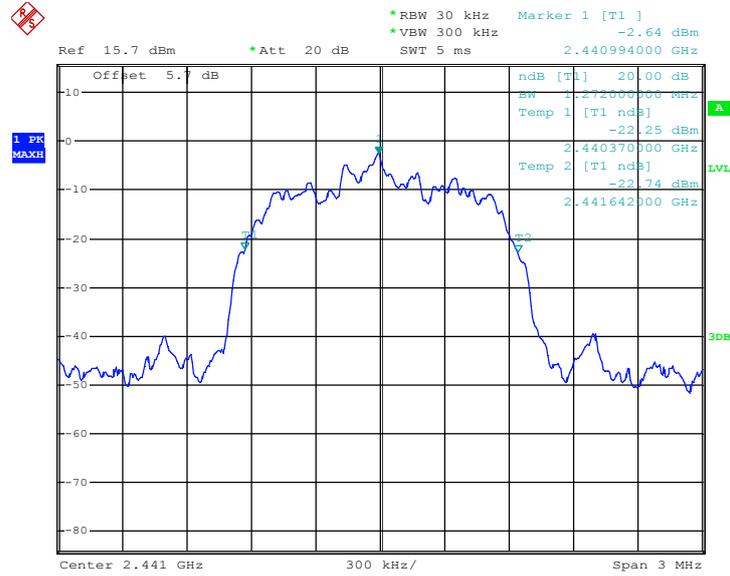
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



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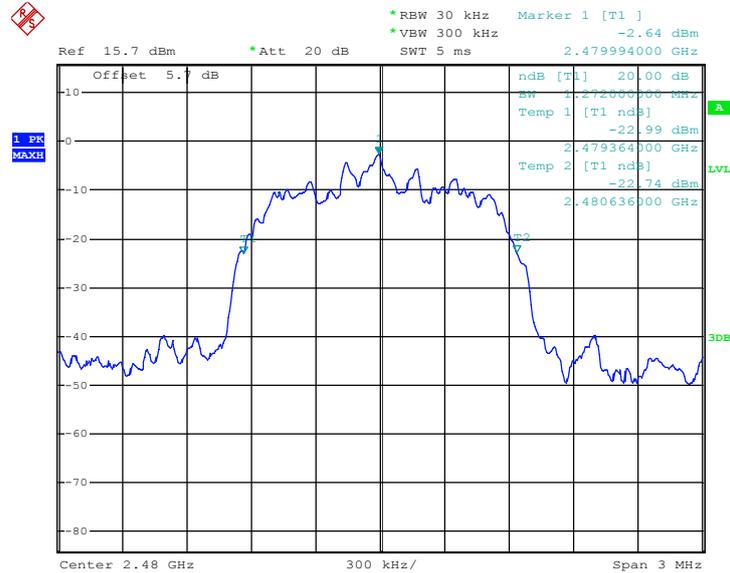


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



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20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



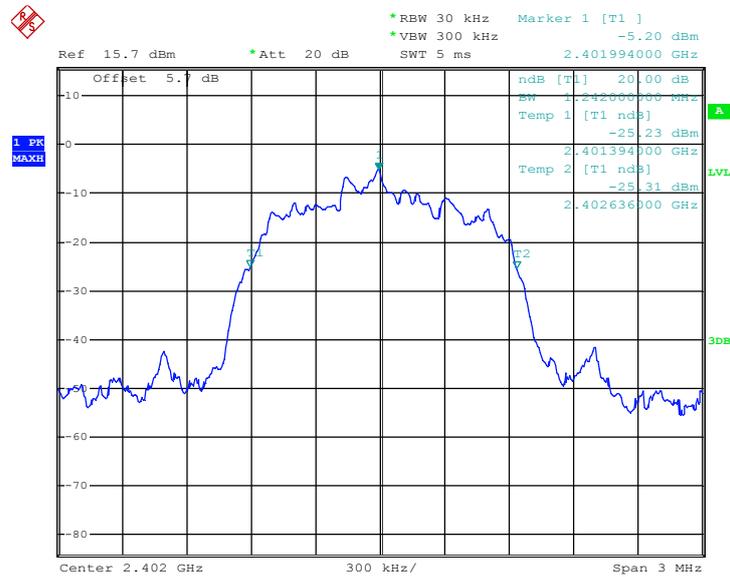
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Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.242
39	2441	1.242
78	2480	1.248

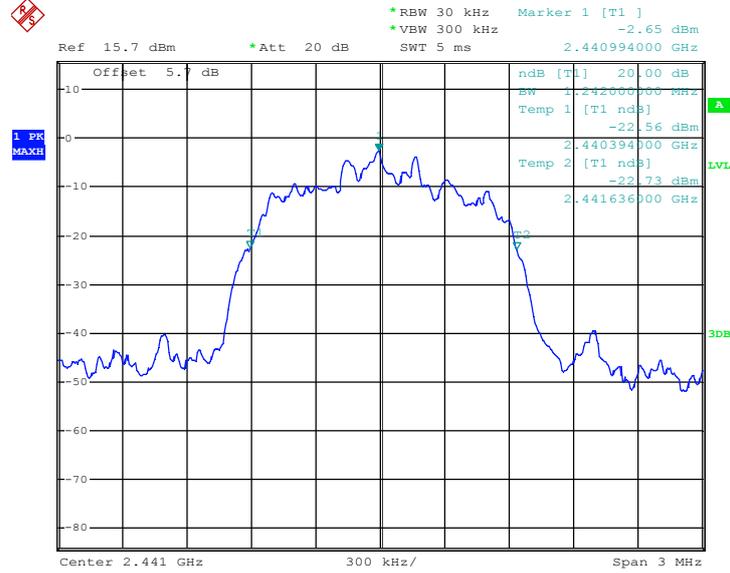
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:27:58

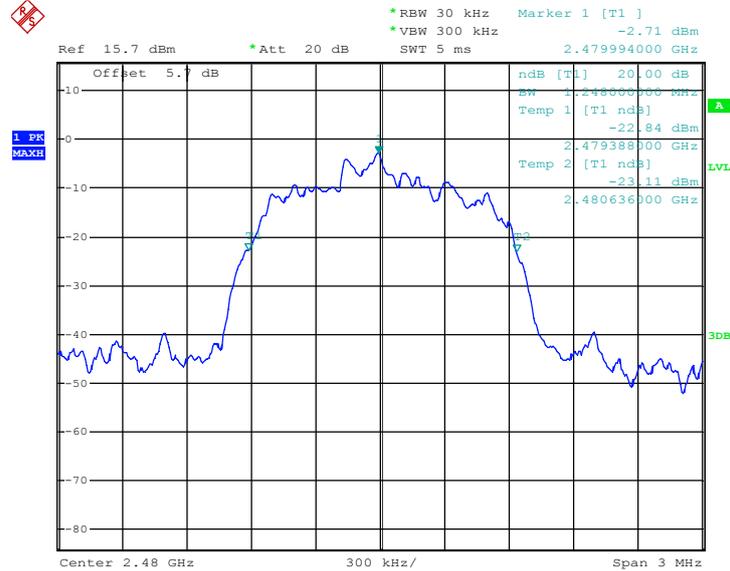


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:28:08

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:28:22

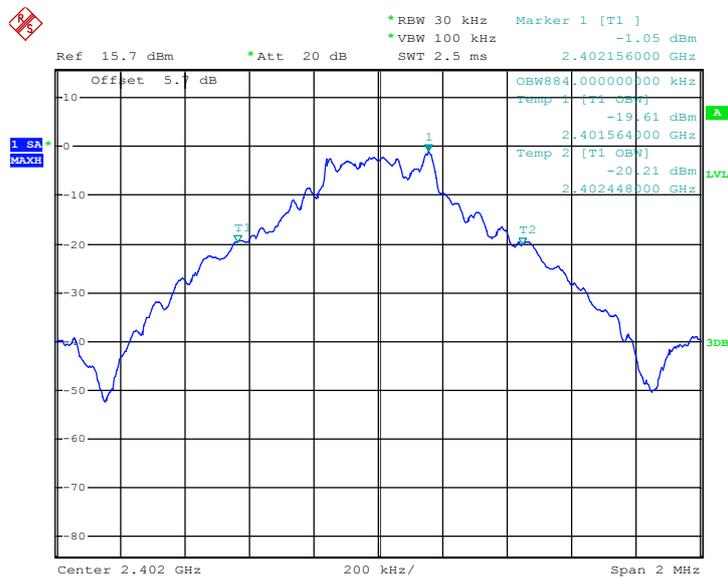


3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.884
39	2441	0.900
78	2480	0.904

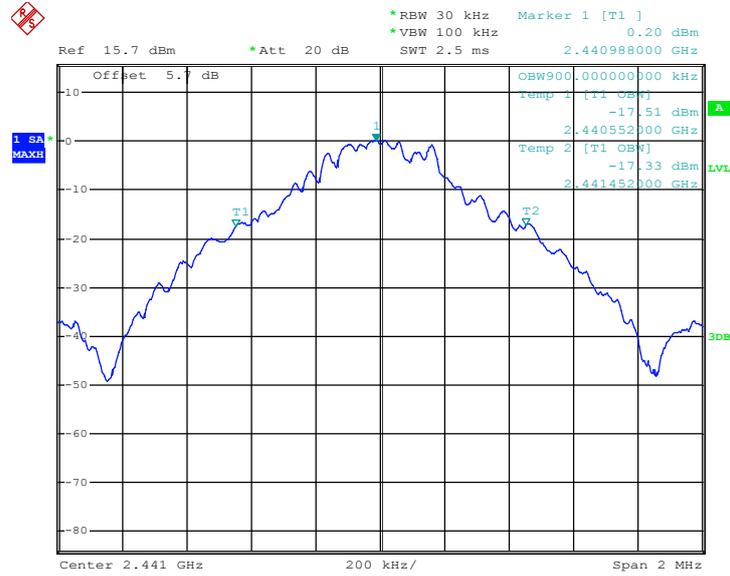
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:34:12

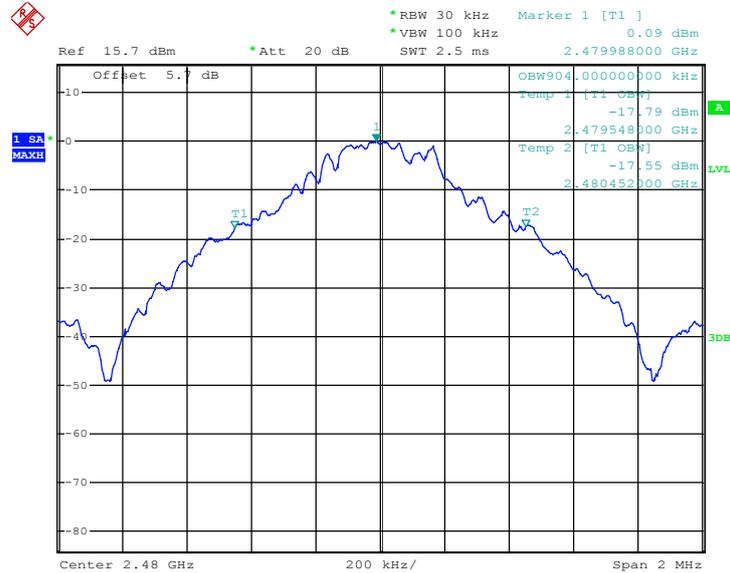


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:05:41

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



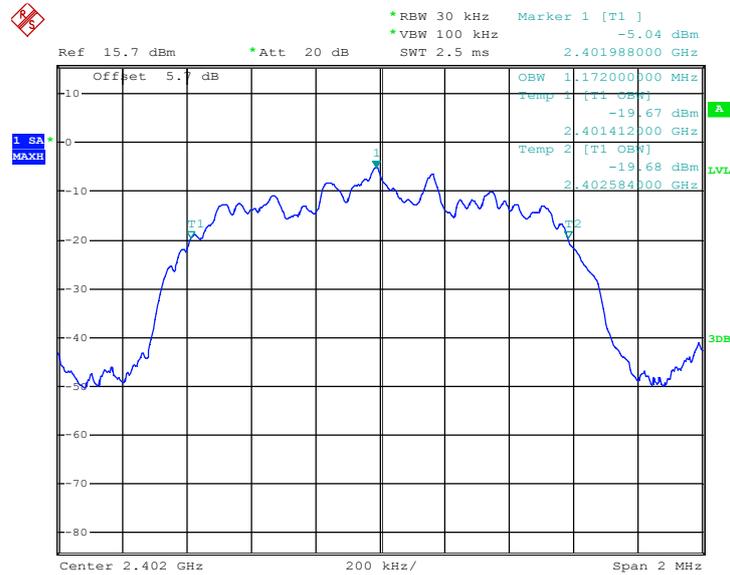
Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:35:25



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.172
39	2441	1.172
78	2480	1.176

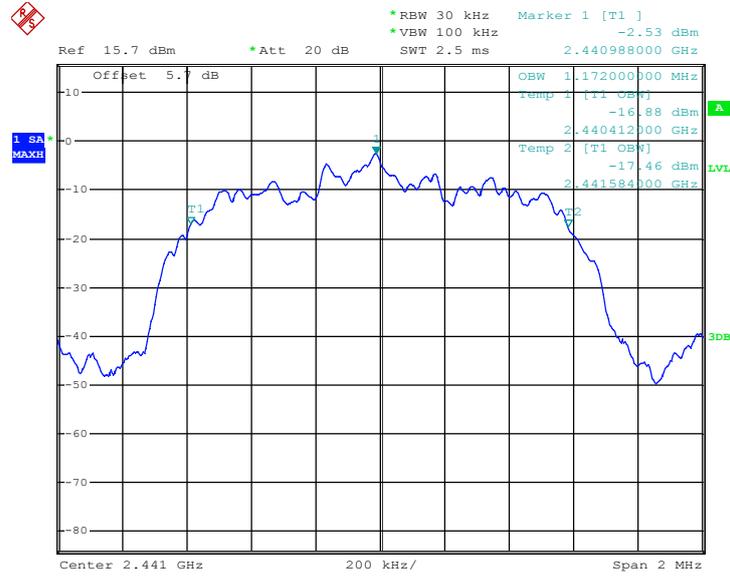
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:36:01

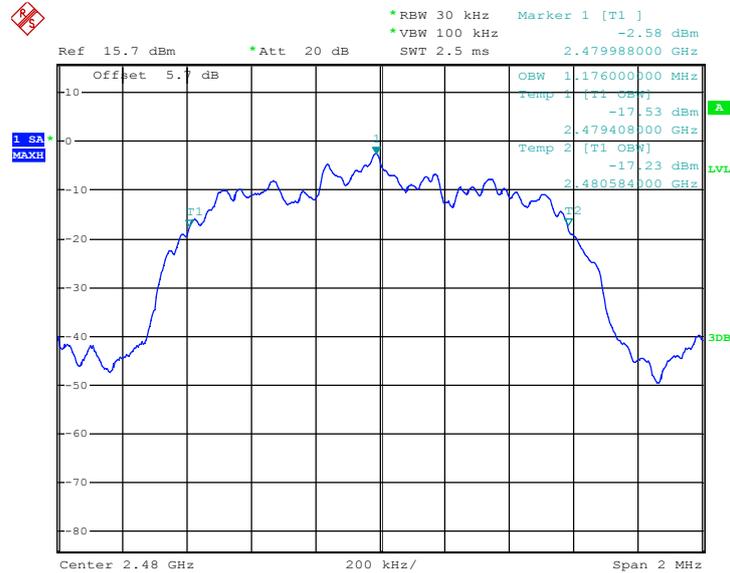


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:36:37

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



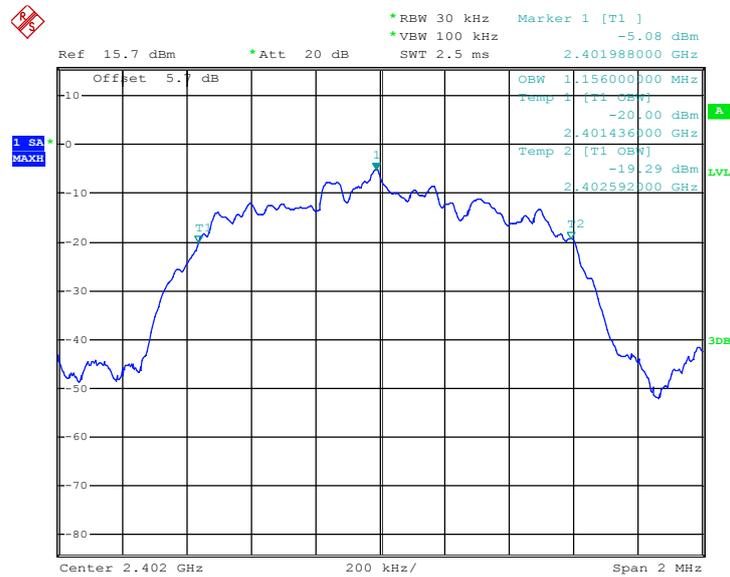
Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:37:13



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.156
39	2441	1.156
78	2480	1.156

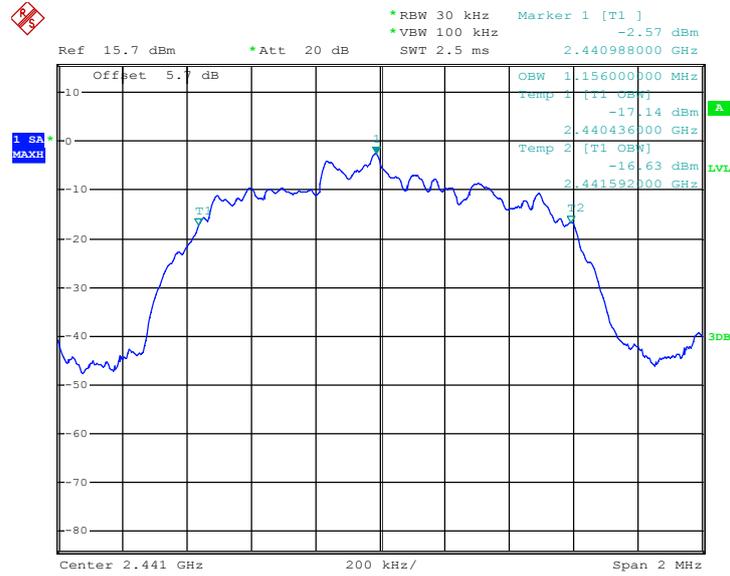
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:37:49

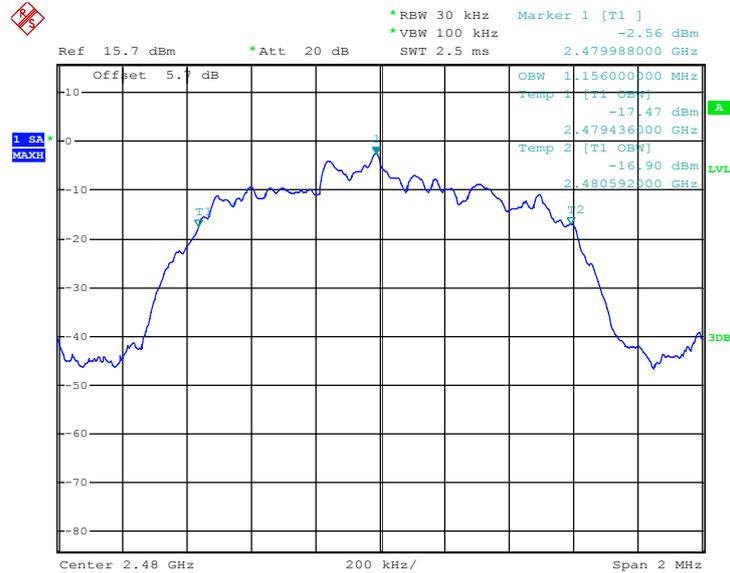


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:38:25

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:39:01

Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

## 3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

### 3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts. The power limit for 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps and AFH modes are 0.125 watts.

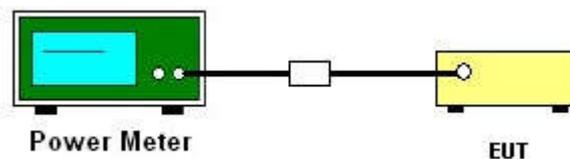
### 3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.5.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	0.70	20.97	Pass
39	2441	3.10	20.97	Pass
78	2480	2.68	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	-0.34	20.97	Pass
39	2441	2.14	20.97	Pass
78	2480	1.81	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	0.12	20.97	Pass
39	2441	2.58	20.97	Pass
78	2480	2.19	20.97	Pass

## 3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

### 3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

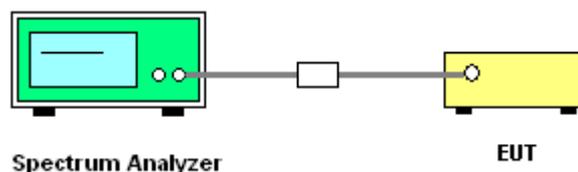
### 3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.6.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz. Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.6.4 Test Setup

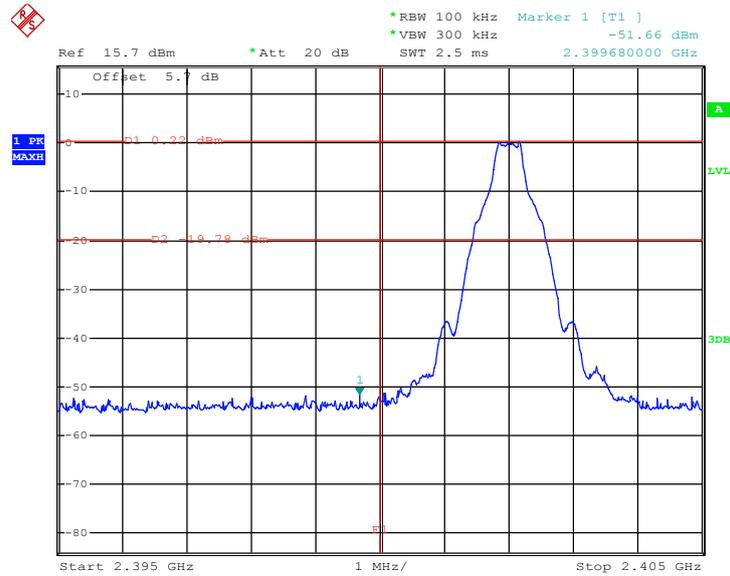




### 3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

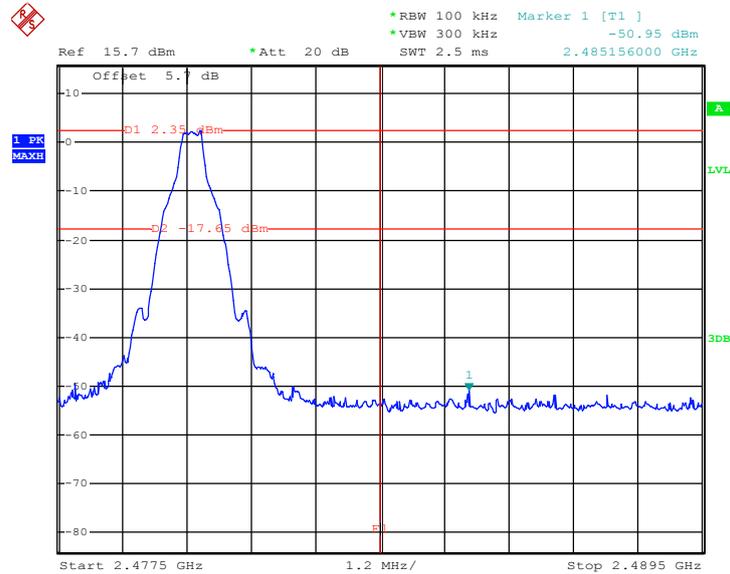
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:29:16

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

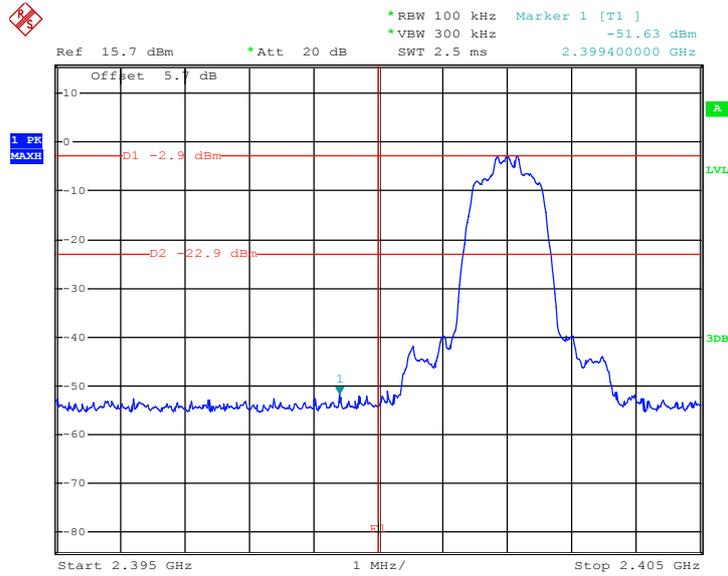


Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:30:08



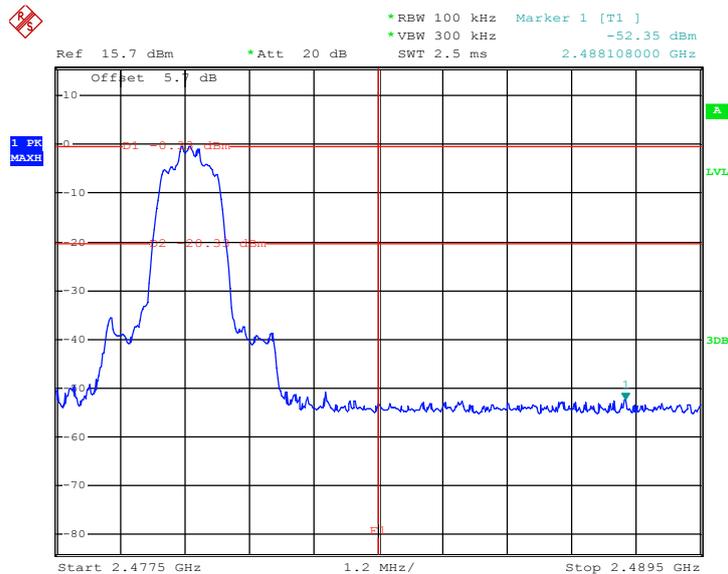
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:31:00

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

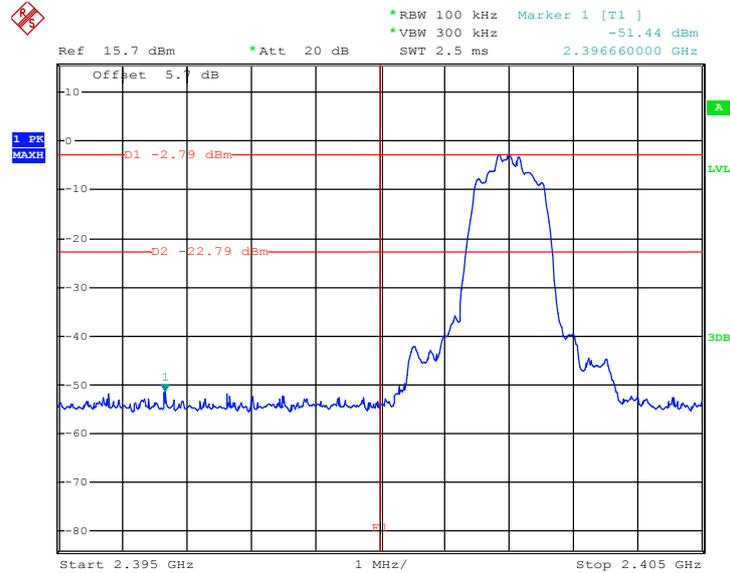


Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:31:51



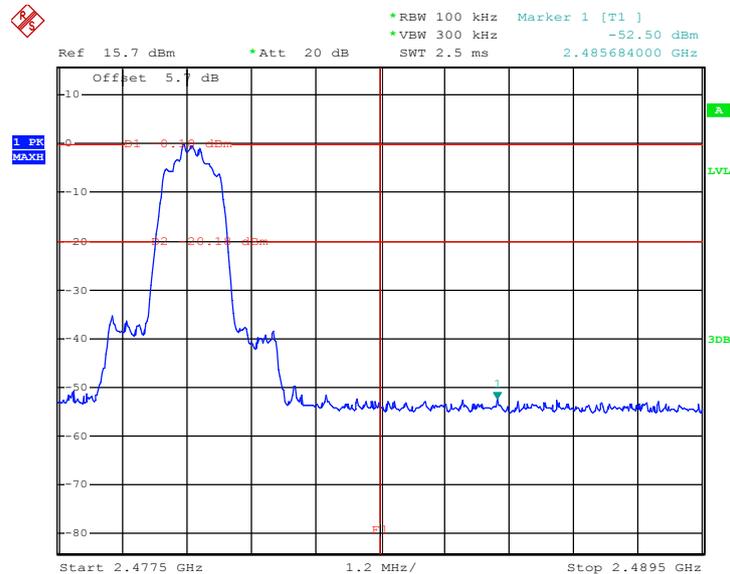
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:32:43

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



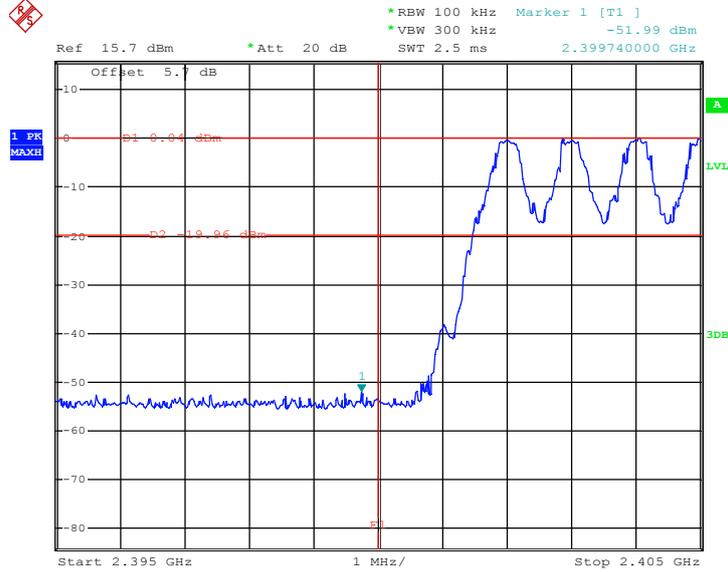
Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:33:35

3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges



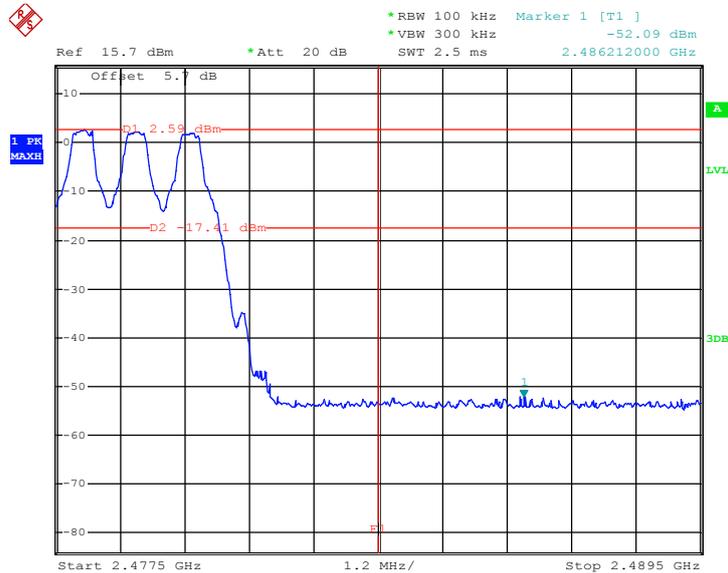
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:52:58

1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

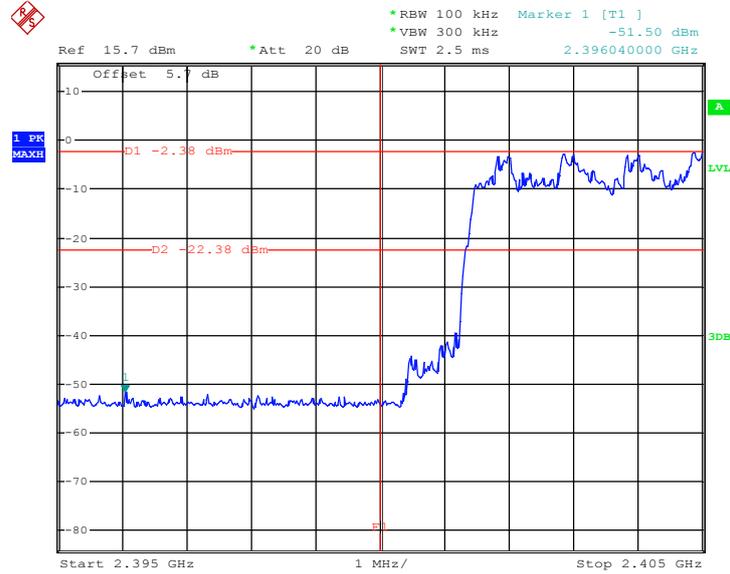


Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:55:10



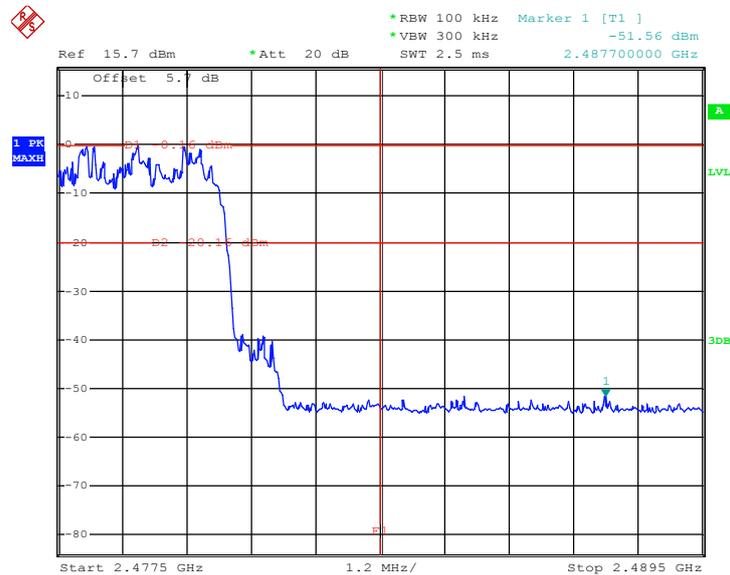
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:58:42

2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

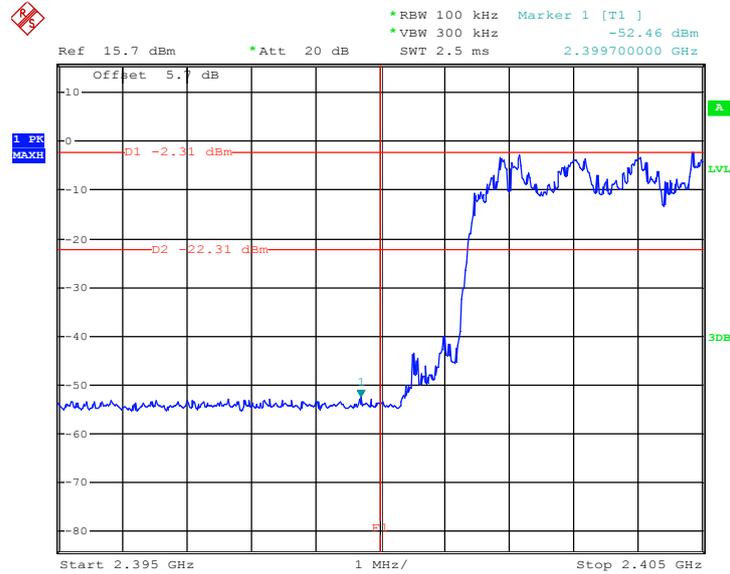


Date: 4.JAN.2017 00:56:20



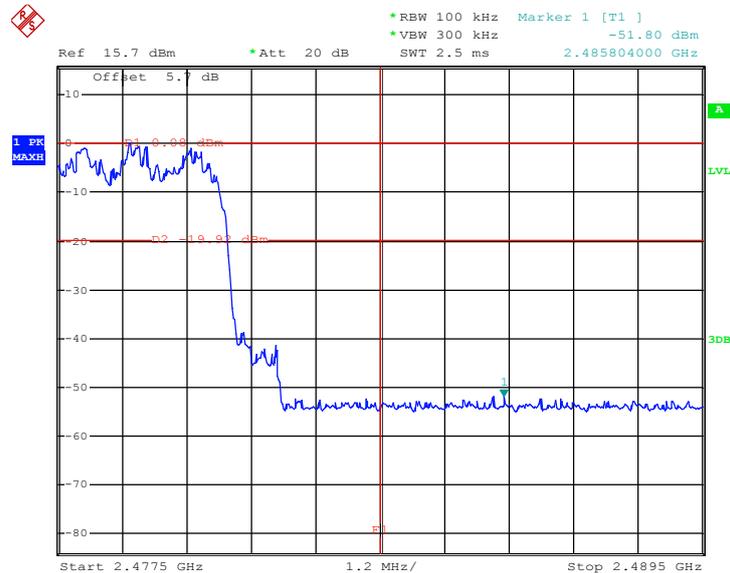
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Engineer :	Silent Hai	Relative Humidity :	51~55%

### 3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:09:19

### 3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:10:45

## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

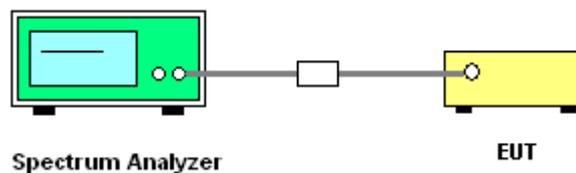
### 3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.8.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

### 3.7.4 Test Setup

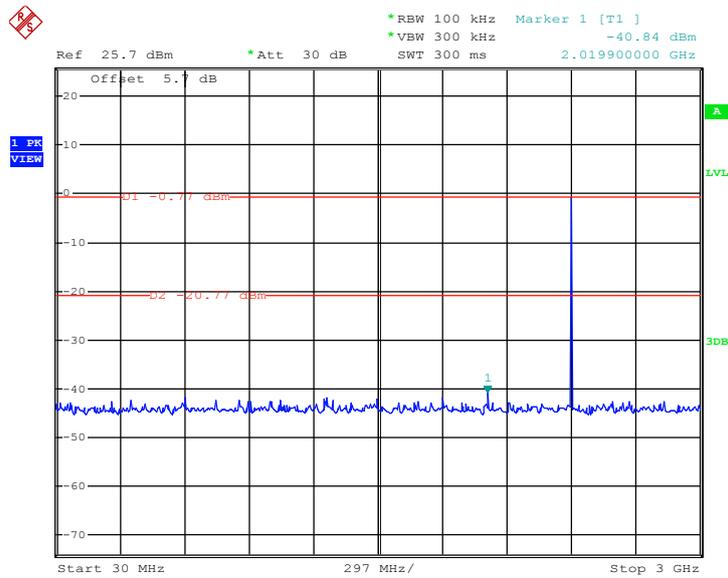




### 3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

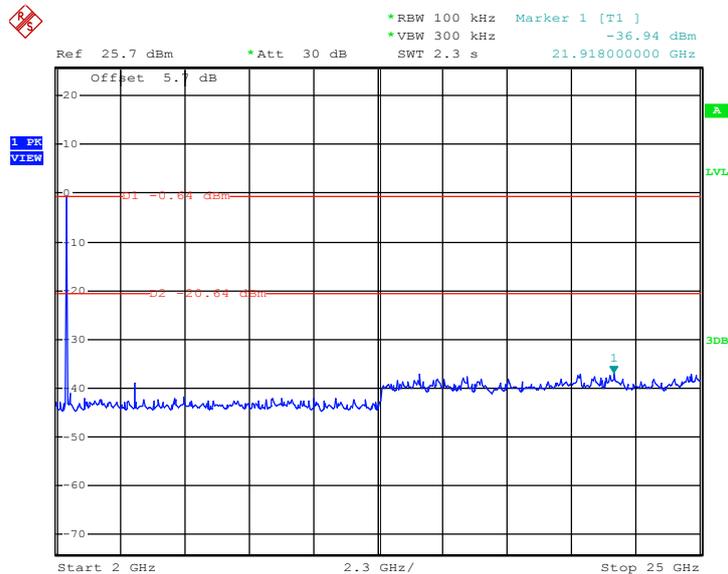
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:12:53

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

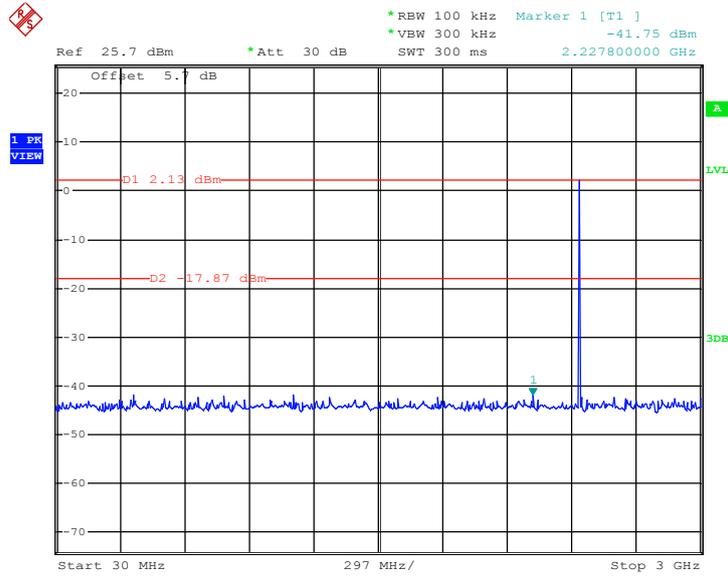


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:13:15



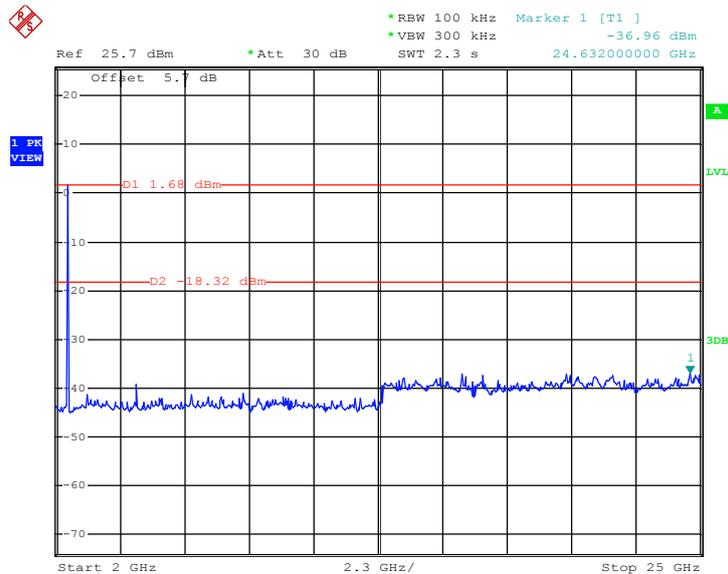
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:15:28

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

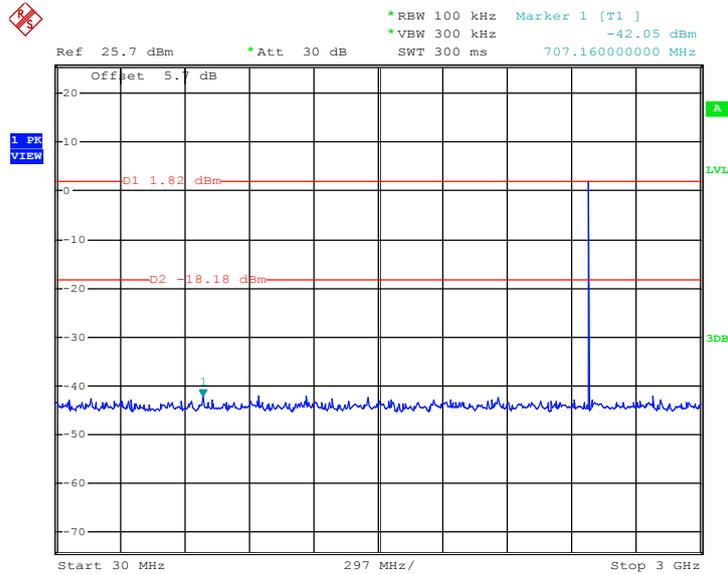


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:15:49



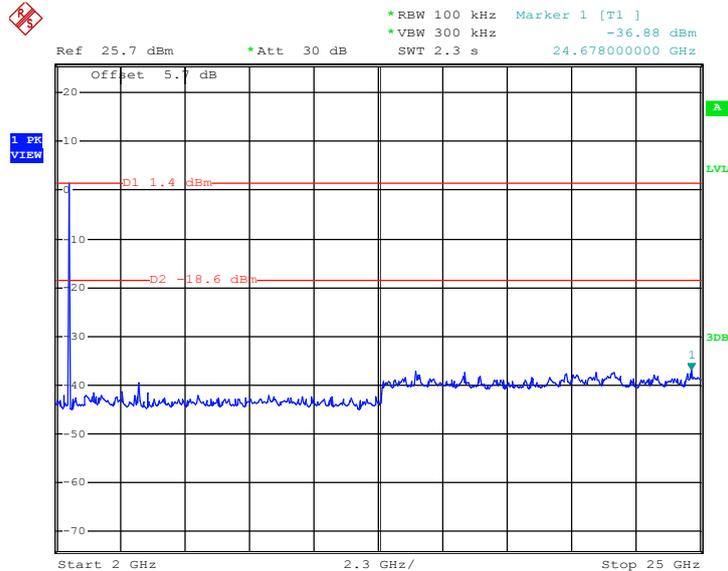
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:21:14

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

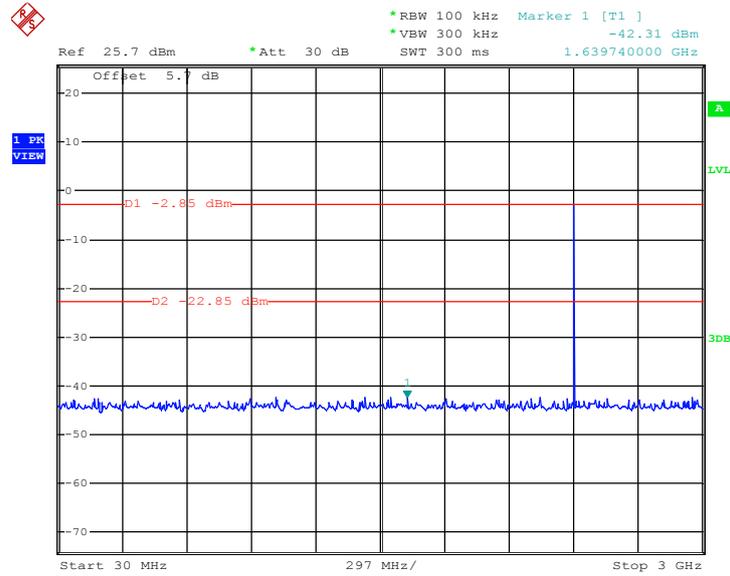


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:17:21



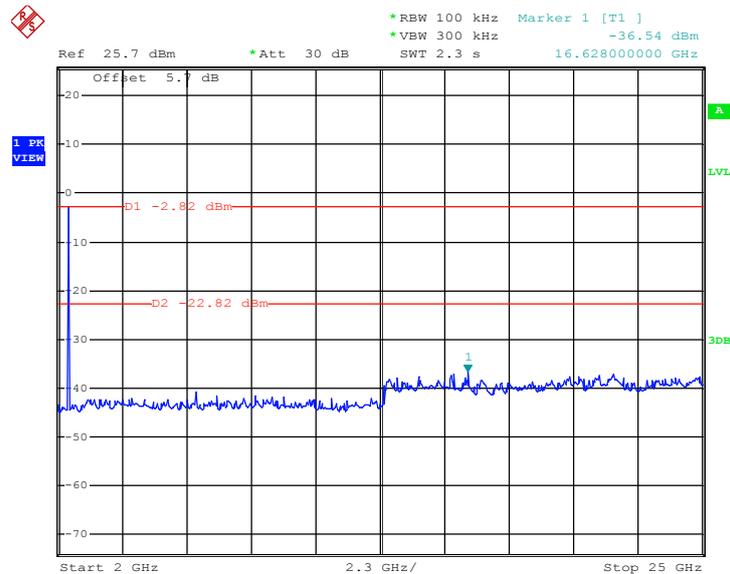
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:23:18

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

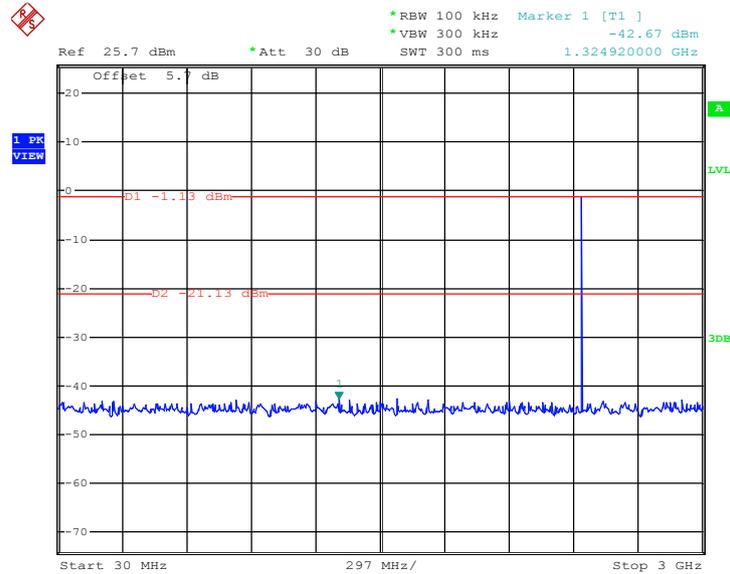


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:26:44



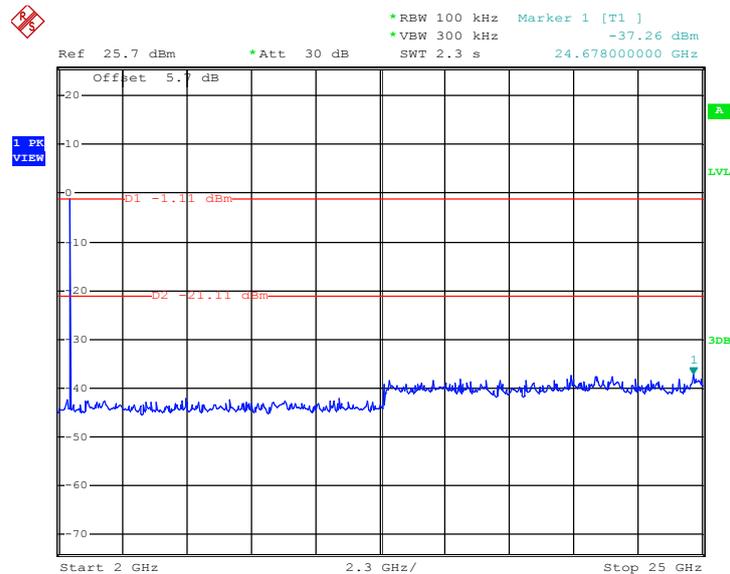
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:39:49

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

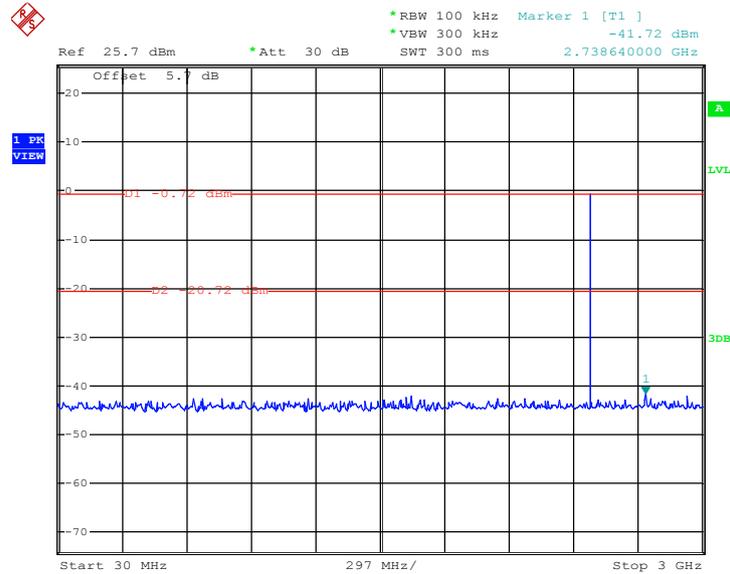


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:38:40



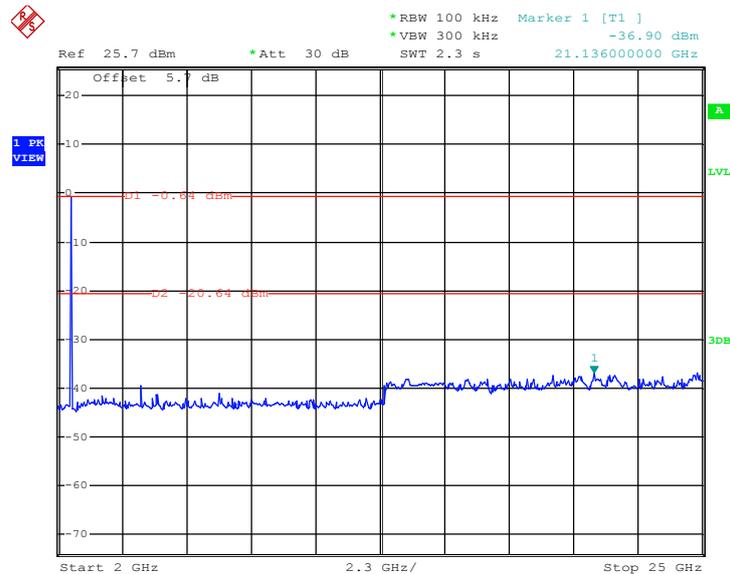
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:44:18

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

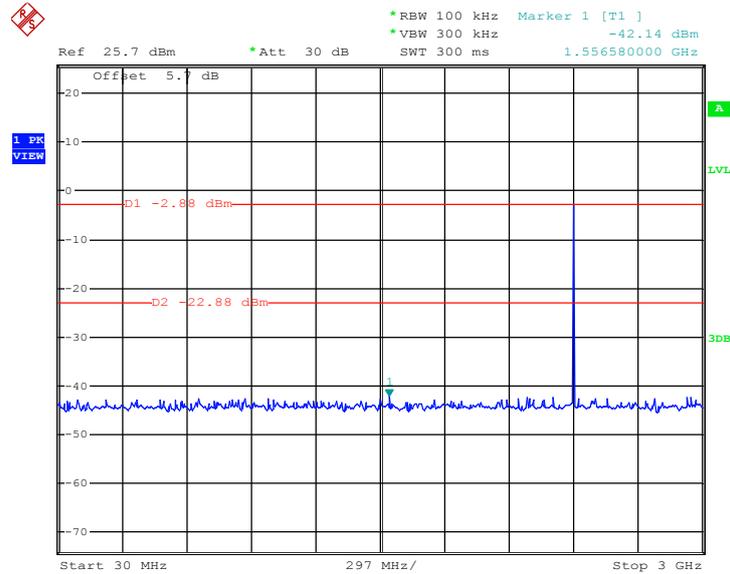


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:42:47



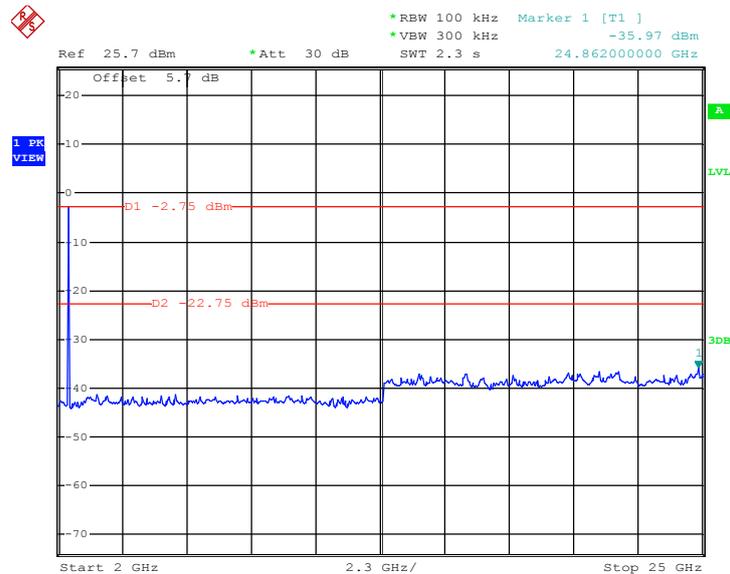
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:54:58

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

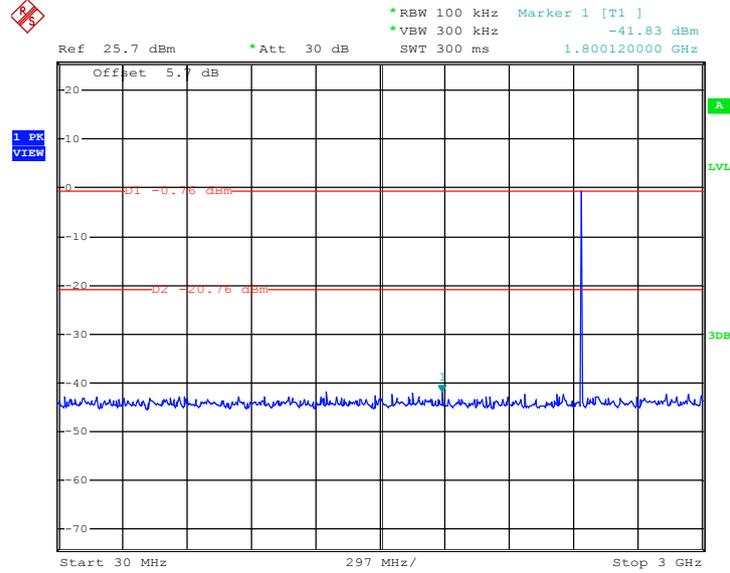


Date: 4.JAN.2017 02:00:33



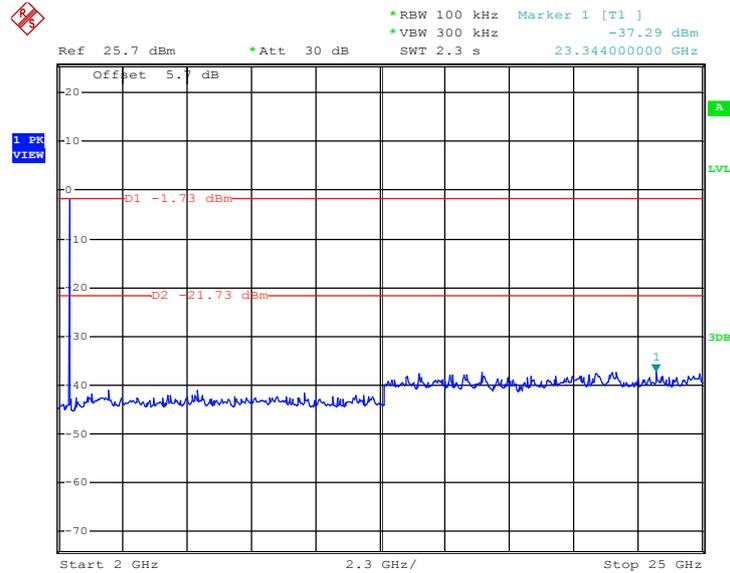
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:51:17

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

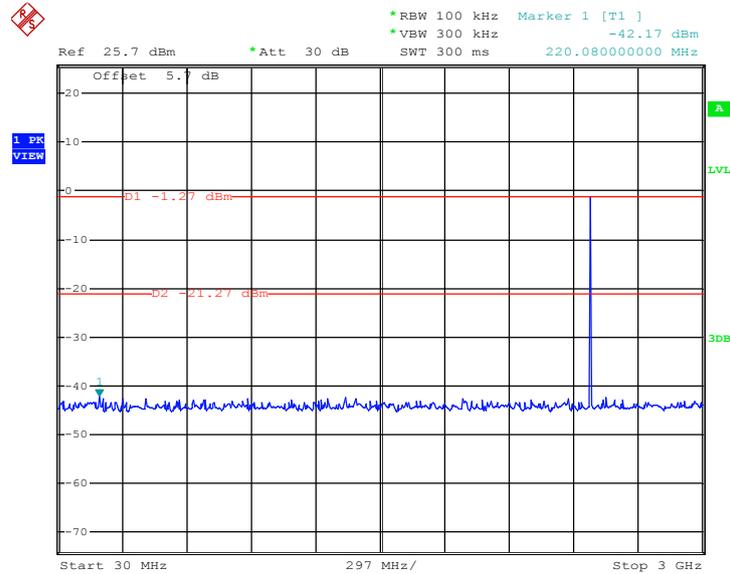


Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:50:38



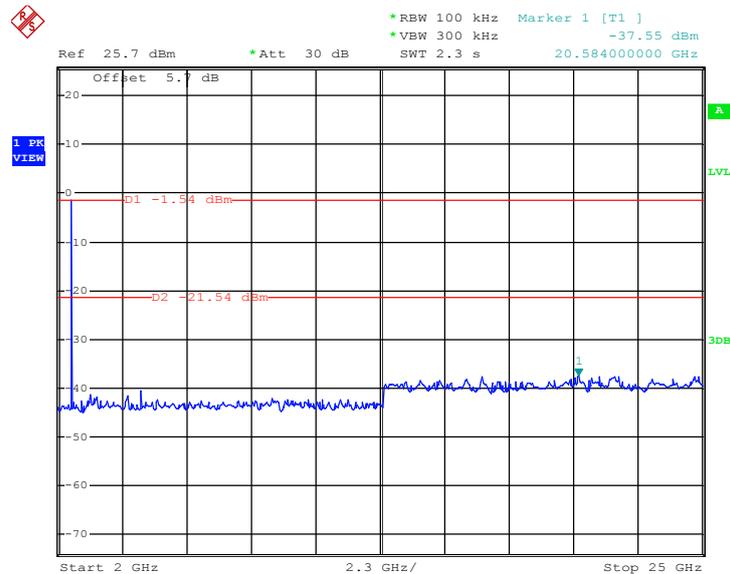
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	51~55%
		Test Engineer :	Silent Hai

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:49:05

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 4.JAN.2017 01:45:49



### 3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

#### 3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### 3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



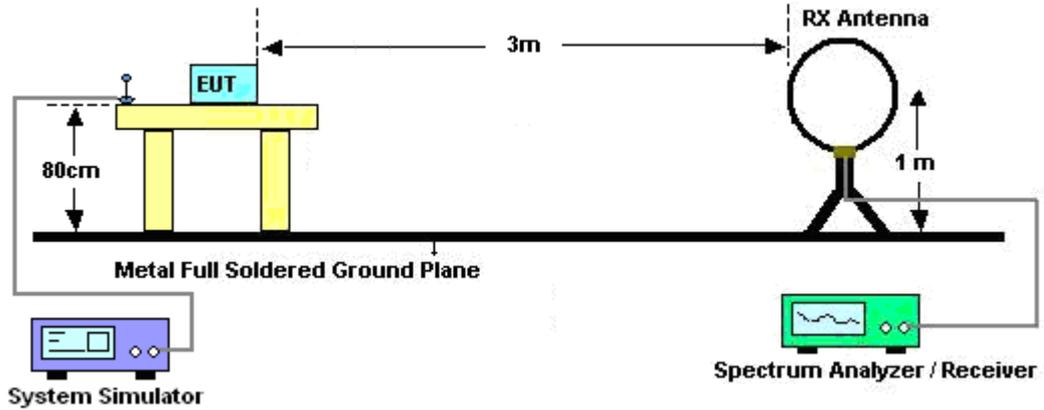
### 3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
4. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1 \text{ GHz}$ , RBW=1MHz for  $f > 1\text{GHz}$  ; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
  - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).  
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds  
On time =  $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$   
Where  $N_1$  is number of type 1 pulses,  $L_1$  is length of type 1 pulses, etc.  
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level +  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
6. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

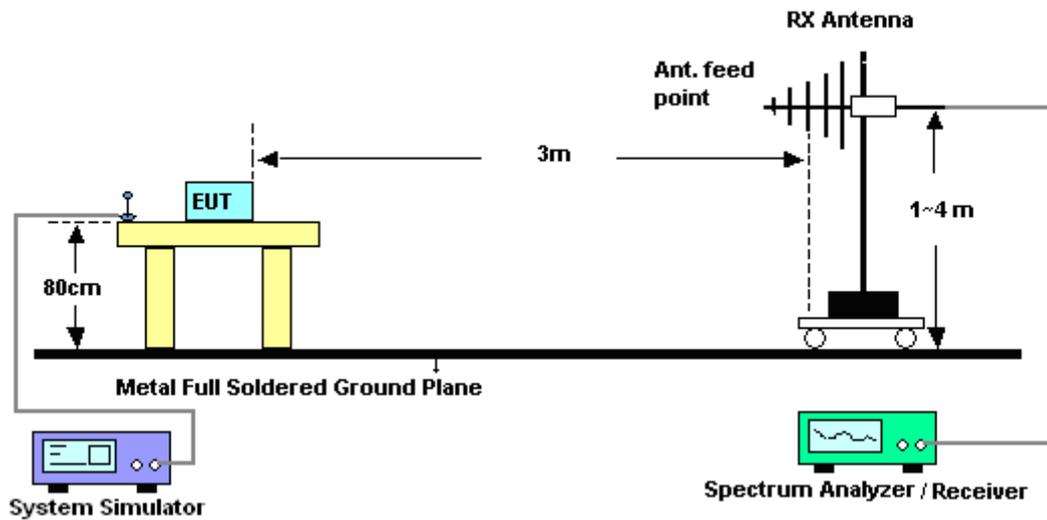
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-24.77dB) derived from  $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$ . This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

### 3.8.4 Test Setup

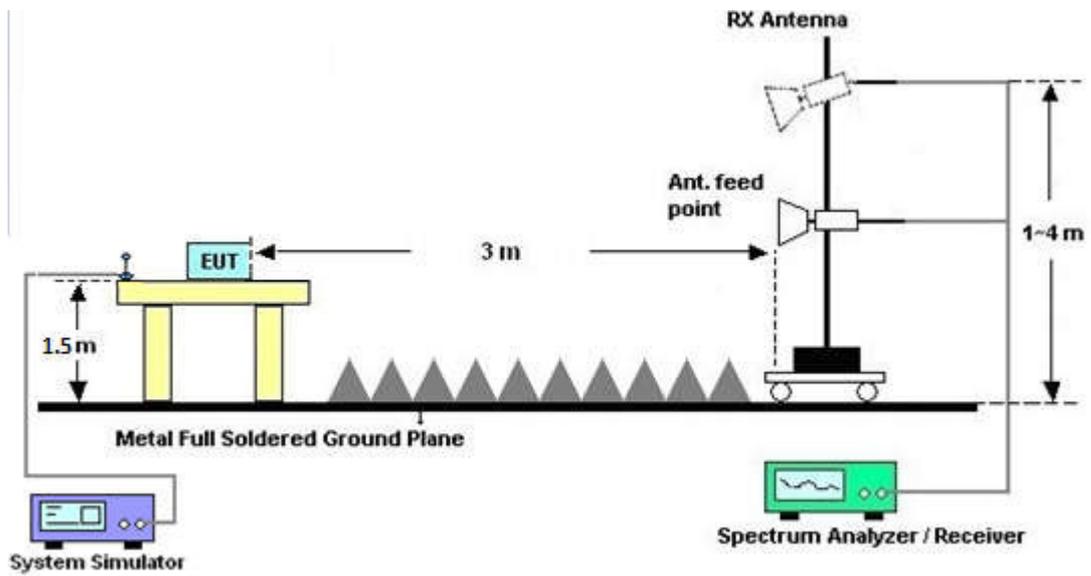
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz

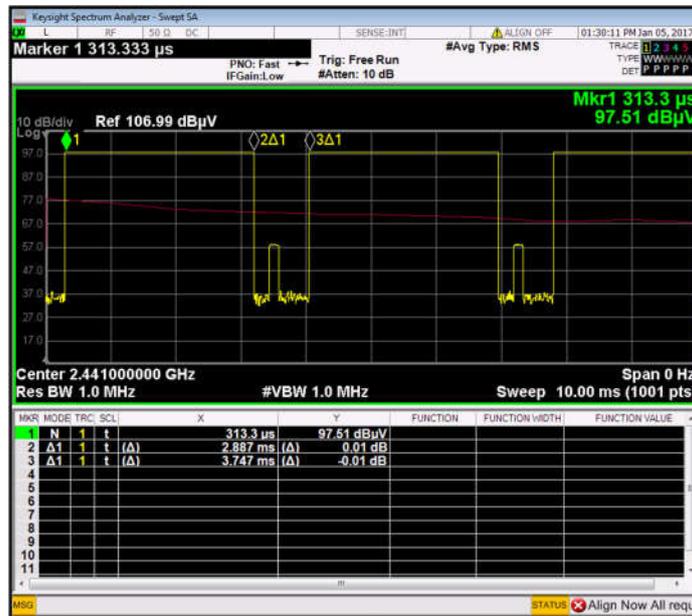


### 3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

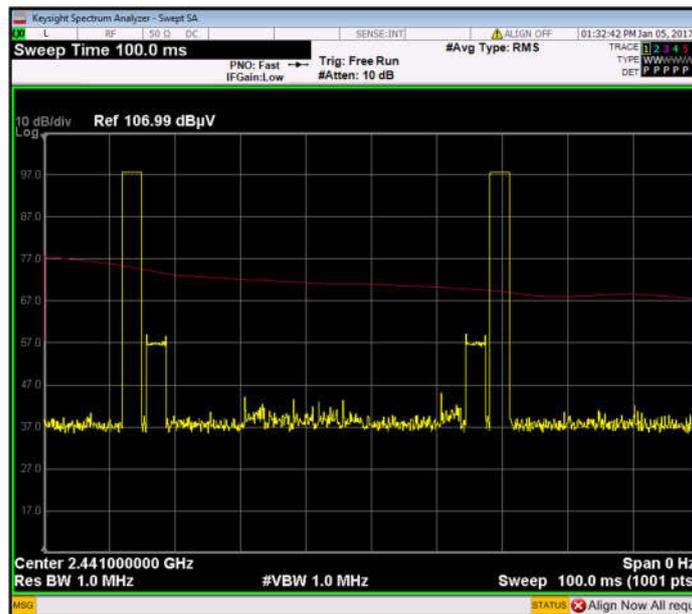
The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

### 3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



**Note:**

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds =  $2 * 2.88 / 100 = 5.77 \%$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor =  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -24.77 \text{ dB}$
3. DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.



**Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:**

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.7 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period.  $[100\text{ms} / 57.7\text{ms}] = 2 \text{ hops}$

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.77 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.77 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.77 \text{ dB}$$

**3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges**

Please refer to Appendix A.

**3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic)**

Please refer to Appendix A.



## **3.9 Antenna Requirements**

### **3.9.1 Standard Applicable**

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### **3.9.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction**

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

### **3.9.3 Antenna Gain**

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100319	9kHz~40GHz	Oct. 13, 2016	Jan. 04, 2017	Oct. 12, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101040	10Hz~40GHz	Aug. 09, 2016	Jan. 04, 2017	Aug. 08, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Pulse Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917070	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 19, 2016	Jan. 04, 2017	Jan. 18, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1005002	50MHz Bandwidth	Jan. 19, 2016	Jan. 04, 2017	Jan. 18, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101403	9kHz~7GHz; Max 30dBm	Aug. 09, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Aug. 08, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY55150208	10Hz~44GHz, MAX 30dB	Apr. 22, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Apr. 21, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100321	9kHz~30MHz	Nov. 23, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Nov. 22, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6112D	37879	30MHz~2GHz	Aug. 20, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Aug. 19, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	75957	1GHz~18GHz	Oct. 22, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Oct. 21, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
High Gain Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-0010 1800-30-10P	1943529	1GHz~18GHz	Jan. 19, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Jan. 18, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
SHF-EHF Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA170249	15GHz~40GHz	Feb. 15, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Feb. 14, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Amplifier	com-power	PA-103A	161069	1kHz~1000MHz / 32 dB	Apr. 22, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Apr. 21, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02384	1GHz~26.5GHz	Oct. 13, 2016	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	Oct. 12, 2017	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	616010002473	N/A	NCR	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	NCR	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Turn Table	MF	MF7802	N/A	0~360 degree	NCR	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	NCR	Radiation (03CH02-KS)
Antenna Mast	MF	MF7802	N/A	1 m~4 m	NCR	Jan. 05, 2017~Jan. 06, 2017	NCR	Radiation (03CH02-KS)

NCR: No Calibration Required



## 5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	5.2dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1GHz ~ 18GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	4.7dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18GHz ~ 40GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	5.3dB
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# Appendix A. Radiated Spurious Emission

## 2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz

### BT (Band Edge @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
BT CH00 2402MHz		2322.74	40.15	-33.85	74	41.84	25.18	4.69	31.56	104	105	P	H
		2322.74	15.38	-38.62	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2402	92.24	-	-	93.6	25.4	4.76	31.52	104	105	P	H
	*	2402	67.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2351.73	40.15	-33.85	74	41.67	25.29	4.73	31.54	118	0	P	V
		2351.73	15.38	-38.62	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
	*	2402	90.95	-	-	92.31	25.4	4.76	31.52	118	0	P	V
	*	2402	66.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
BT CH 39 2441MHz		2346.66	40.3	-33.70	74	41.9	25.24	4.71	31.55	104	105	P	H
		2346.66	15.53	-38.47	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2442	97.12	-	-	97.95	25.83	4.82	31.48	104	105	P	H
	*	2442	72.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2497.06	41.25	-32.75	74	41.56	26.26	4.88	31.45	104	105	P	H
		2497.06	16.48	-37.52	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2361.87	40.9	-33.10	74	42.42	25.29	4.73	31.54	108	0	P	V
		2361.87	16.13	-37.87	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
	*	2442	94.3	-	-	95.13	25.83	4.82	31.48	108	0	P	V
	*	2442	69.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
		2491.67	41.96	-32.04	74	42.27	26.26	4.88	31.45	108	0	P	V
		2491.67	17.19	-36.81	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V



BT CH 78 2480MHz		2483.55	47.75	-26.25	74	48.24	26.11	4.86	31.46	104	105	P	H
		2483.55	22.98	-31.02	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2480	96.87	-	-	97.36	26.11	4.86	31.46	104	105	P	H
	*	2480	72.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2483.55	45.16	-28.84	74	45.65	26.11	4.86	31.46	114	17	P	V
		2483.55	20.39	-33.61	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
	*	2480	94.37	-	-	94.86	26.11	4.86	31.46	114	17	P	V
	*	2480	69.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



Emission below 1GHz

2.4GHz BT (LF)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
2.4GHz BT LF		30	21.57	-18.43	40	29.62	21.8	0.65	30.5	-	-	P	H
		89.17	18.48	-25.02	43.5	35.61	11.52	1.01	29.66	-	-	P	H
		520.82	24.32	-21.68	46	29.52	19.09	2.4	26.69	-	-	P	H
		627.52	25.92	-20.08	46	29.14	20.46	2.61	26.29	-	-	P	H
		860.32	30.02	-15.98	46	29.38	23.11	3.06	25.53	-	-	P	H
		945.68	39.34	-6.66	46	36.31	24.97	3.21	25.15	100	32	P	H
		30	22	-18.00	40	30.05	21.8	0.65	30.5	-	-	P	V
		89.17	17.07	-26.43	43.5	34.2	11.52	1.01	29.66	-	-	P	V
		325.85	19.09	-26.91	46	29.36	15.4	1.91	27.58	-	-	P	V
		375.32	19.81	-26.19	46	28.87	16.26	2.04	27.36	-	-	P	V
		781.75	28.76	-17.24	46	29.24	22.23	2.92	25.63	-	-	P	V
		942.77	34.93	-11.07	46	31.99	24.88	3.21	25.15	100	30	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against limit line.												



**Note symbol**

*	<b>Fundamental Frequency</b> which can be ignored. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.
!	Test result is <b>over limit</b> line.
P/A	<b>Peak</b> or <b>Average</b>
H/V	<b>Horizontal</b> or <b>Vertical</b>



A calculation example for radiated spurious emission is shown as below:

WIFI	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
Ant.				Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Pos	Pos	Avg.	
1+2		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
802.11b		2390	55.45	-18.55	74	54.51	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	P	H
CH 01													
2412MHz		2390	43.54	-10.46	54	42.6	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	A	H

- Level(dBμV/m) =  
Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)
- Over Limit(dB) = Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)

**For Peak Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 54.51(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 55.45 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 55.45(dBμV/m) – 74(dBμV/m)  
= -18.55(dB)

**For Average Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 42.6(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 43.54 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 43.54(dBμV/m) – 54(dBμV/m)  
= -10.46(dB)

Both peak and average measured complies with the limit line, so test result is “PASS”.