



#### Test report No.: 23B0618R-SAUSV01S-A

## SAR Test Report (Class II Permissive Change)

Product Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201
Trademark	Intel
Model and /or type reference	AX201NGW
Applicant´s name / address	TONGFANG HONGKONG (SUZHOU) LIMITED No.10 Plant, Jianwu Phase III, Western Zone, Suzhou Industrial Park, 215000 Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province, China
Manufacturer's name	Intel Corporation SAS
FCC ID	2AKHFAX201NG
Applicable Standard	IEEE 1528-2013 KDB 447498 D01 v06 KDB 865664 D01 v01r04
Test Result	Max. SAR Measurement (1g) 2.4 GHz: <b>1.137</b> W/kg 5 GHz: <b>1.119</b> W/kg
Verdict Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Documented By (Supervisor / Jinn Chen)	Finn Chen
Tested By (Senior Engineer / Luke Cheng)	Jim Chen Luke cheng Lan Vin
Approved By (Assistant Manager / San Lin)	Sour Vin
Date of Receipt	2023/11/20
Date of Issue	2023/12/18
Report Version	V1.0



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- 2. The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.
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- 4. The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd.
- 5. Measurement uncertainties evaluated for each testing system and associated connections are given here to provide the system information for reference. Compliance determinations do not take into account measurement uncertainties for each testing system, but are based on the results of the compliance measurement.



## **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
23B0618R-SAUSV01S-A	V1.0	Initial issue of report.	2023/12/18



## 1. General Information

## 1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201						
Trademark	Intel						
Model and /or type	AX201NGW						
reference							
FCC ID	2AKHFAX201NG						
Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412-2472	MHz					
	WLAN 5GHz: 5180-5240M	Hz, 5260-5320MHz, 5500-57	20MHz, 5745-5825MHz,				
	BT: 2402-2480MHz						
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS						
	802.11a/g/n/ac/ax: OFDM, OFDMA						
	GFSK(1Mbps) / <i>π</i> /4DQPSK(2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)						
Antenna Type	PIFA						
Device Category	Portable						
RF Exposure	Uncontrolled						
Environment	Environment						
Summary of test result-Re	eported 1g SAR (W/Kg)						
Test configuration	DTS NII DSS(BT)						
Standalone	1.137 1.119 0.481						
Simultaneous	1.137	1.592	1.592				

Note:

Host information				
Brand	Model No.			
TONGFANG	Notebook PC	PH4AUXF		

## 1.2 Antenna List

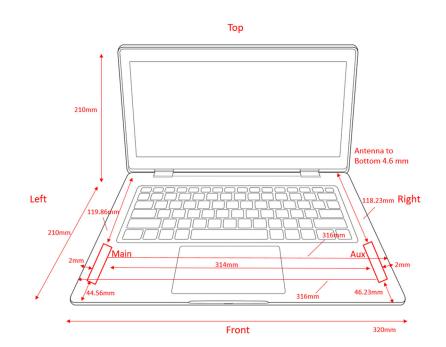
No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	WGT	ANTRP4F123-0301 (Main)	PIFA	1.79 dBi for 2400MHz
				2.32 dBi for 5150~5250MHz
				2.32 dBi for 5250~5350MHz
				2.70 dBi for 5470~5725MHz
				2.30 dBi for 5725~5850MHz
		ANTRP4F123-0302 (Aux)		1.93 dBi for 2400MHz
				2.40 dBi for 5150~5250MHz
				2.40 dBi for 5250~5350MHz
				2.39 dBi for 5470~5725MHz
				2.60 dBi for 5725~5850MHz

Note: The above EUT information by host manufacturer.



#### **1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation**

According to KDB Publication 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for the bottom surface of the laptop keyboard.





#### 1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: 2023/12/07 - 2023/12/08

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	23 ± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	50 ± 20

FCC Registration Number: TW0033				
CAB Identifier Number: TW3023 / Company Number: 26930				
Accredited by TAF				
Accredited Number: 3023				
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#### **1.5 Measurement procedures**

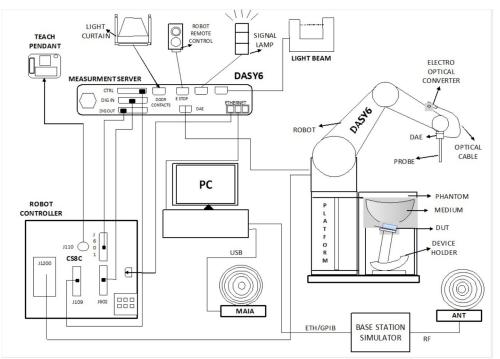
IEEE 1528-2013 47CFR § 2.1093 KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 KDB 447498 D01 v06 KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 KDB 865664 D01 v01r04



## 2. SAR Measurement System

#### 2.1 DASY System Description

SAR Configurations is shown below:



The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- > The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7/8/10 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- > The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### 2.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing.

#### 2.2.1 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

#### 2.2.2 SAR measurement drifts

Before an area scan and after the zoom scan, single point SAR measurements are performed at defined locations to estimate the SAR measurement drift due to device output power variations. If a device is known to drift randomly, additional single point drift reference measurements should be performed at regular intervals throughout the area and zoom scan test durations. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5%, whether there are substantial drifts or not. The field difference will be calculated in dB units in the DASY software.

#### 2.2.3 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions.

#### 2.3 DASY E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Model	Ex3DV4			
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges			
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency	4 MHz – 10 GHz			
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)			
Directivity	± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)			
	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	0 μW/g to 100 mW/g			
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)			
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)			
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)			
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm			
Annlingtion				
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very stron			
	gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to			
	GHz with precision of better 30%.			

#### Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification



Model	EUmmWVx					
Construction	Two dipoles optimally arranged to obtain pseudo-vector information					
	Minimum three measurements/point, 120° rotated around pro	obe axis				
	Sensors (0.8 mm length) printed on glass substrate protected	d by high density foam				
Frequency	750 MHz to 110 GHz					
Dynamic Range	< 20 V/m to 10000 V/m with PRE-10					
	(min < 20 V/m to 2000 V/m)					
<b>Position Precision</b>	< 0.2 mm					
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)					
	Tip diameter: encapsulation 8 mm					
	(internal sensor < 1mm)					
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers:					
	< 2 mm					
	Sensor displacement to probe's calibration point: < 0.3 mm					
Application	E-field measurements of 5G devices and other mm-wave transmitters operating above					
	10GHz in < 2 mm distance from device (free-space)					
	Power density, H-field, and far-field analysis using total field reconstruction					

#### E-Field mm-Wave Probe Specification

#### 2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



#### 2.5 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

#### 2.6 Device Holder

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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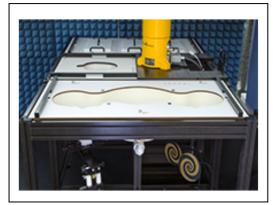


#### 2.7 Phantom

#### 2.7.1 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### 2.7.2 mmWave Phantom

The mmWave Phantom approximates free-space conditions, allowing to evaluate not only the antenna side of the device but also the front (screen) side or any opposite-radiating side of wireless devices operating above 10 GHz without distorting the RF field. It consists of a 40 mm thick Rohacell plate used as a test bed, which has a loss tangent (tan  $\delta$ )  $\leq$  0.05 and a relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )  $\leq$  1.2. High-performance RF absorbers are placed below the foam.





## 3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

#### 3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

**Description:** Aqueous solution with surfactants and inhibitors **Declarable. or hazardous components:** 

Deciarable, or nazaruous compon	ento.	
CAS: 107-21-1	Ethanediol	< 5.2%
EINECS: 203-473-3	STOT RE 2, H373;	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119456816-28-0000	Acute Tox. 4, H302	
CAS: 68608-26-4	Sodium petroleum sulfonate	< 2.9%
EINECS: 271-781-5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119527859-22-0000		
CAS: 107-41-5	Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2,4-diol	< 2.9%
EINECS: 203-489-0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119539582-35-0000		
CAS: 68920-66-1	Alkoxylated alcohol, > C <sub>16</sub>	< 2.0%
NLP: 500-236-9	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411;	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119489407-26-0000	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	

#### 3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using Dielectric Probe Kit and Vector Network Analyzer.

	<b>T</b> :	<b>-</b>	Relat	ive Permittivit	y (er)	C	Conductivity (c	J)	Tissue
Date	Tissue	Frequency	Measured	Tanat	Delta	Measured	Tannat	Delta	Temp.
	Туре	(MHz)	Measured	Target	(%)	Measured	Target	(%)	(°C)
	Head	2450	39.44	39.20	0.61	1.80	1.80	0.00	
	Head	2412	39.58	39.28	0.76	1.75	1.77	-1.13	
2023/12/7	Head	2437	39.49	39.23	0.66	1.78	1.79	-0.56	22.4
	Head	2441	39.47	39.22	0.64	1.78	1.79	-0.56	
	Head	2462	39.39	39.18	0.54	1.81	1.81	0.00	
	Head	5250	36.62	35.95	1.86	4.78	4.71	1.49	
	Head	5290	36.51	35.91	1.67	4.84	4.75	1.89	
	Head	5600	35.65	35.50	0.42	5.26	5.07	3.75	
2023/12/8	Head	5530	35.84	35.61	0.65	5.16	5.00	3.20	22.5
2023/12/0	Head	5610	35.63	35.49	0.39	5.27	5.08	3.74	22.5
	Head	5690	35.41	35.41	0.00	5.37	5.16	4.07	
	Head	5800	35.10	35.30	-0.57	5.52	5.27	4.74	
	Head	5775	35.17	35.33	-0.45	5.48	5.25	4.38	

#### **3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head tissue parameters that have not been specified are interpolated according to the head parameters specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528.

Target Frequency	H	ead
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1640	40.2	1.31
1750	40.1	1.37
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.3	5.27
5800	35.3	5.27
6000	35.1	5.48
6500	34.5	6.07
7000	33.9	6.65
7500	33.3	7.24



## 4. Measurement Procedure

#### 4.1 SAR System Check

#### 4.1.1 Dipoles



The SAR dipoles are optimized symmetrical dipole with  $\lambda$  /4 balun matched to a Flat phantom section filled with tissue simulating liquids. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC signals. They are available for the variety of frequencies between 300MHz and 10 GHz. The provided tripod is used to hold the dipole below the phantom. As the distance between the dipole center and the TSL is critical, a spacer is placed between the dipole and the phantom. The spacing distance is frequency dependent.

#### 4.1.2 SAR System Check Result

- 1. Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %.
- 2. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

	Fraguanay	Input	Measured	Targeted	Normalized	Delta 1g	Measured	Targeted	Normalized	Delta 10g	Tissue
Date	Frequency (MHz)	Power	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	±10	10g SAR	10g SAR	10g SAR	±10	Temp.
	(IVIFIZ)	(mW)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	(°C)
2023/12/7	2450	250	11.90	52.40	47.6	-9.16	5.58	24.60	22.32	-9.27	22.4
2023/12/8	5250	100	8.33	80.80	83.3	3.09	2.38	23.20	23.8	2.59	22.5
2023/12/8	5600	100	8.71	84.20	87.1	3.44	2.48	23.80	24.8	4.20	22.5
2023/12/8	5800	100	7.53	81.80	75.3	-7.95	2.14	23.00	21.4	-6.96	22.5



#### 4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where :

 $\boldsymbol{\sigma}:$  represents the simulated tissue conductivity

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}:$  represents the tissue density

E :RMS electric field strength (V/m)

The SAR / APD measurements for the EUT should be performed on the channel that produces the highest rated output power of each transmitting antenna.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR / APD distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR / APD location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>2</sup>) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>3</sup>).

## 5. RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, RSS-102 Issue 5, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit					
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg					
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg					
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg					
Power density <sup>1</sup>	1 mW/cm²					

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Note:  $1 \text{ mW/cm}^2 = 10 \text{ W/m}^2$ 



## 6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2022/11/21	2025/11/20
Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1321	2021/02/05	2024/02/04
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1651	2023/02/22	2024/02/21
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7631	2023/02/22	2024/02/21
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.10.4.1535	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G+	447202211	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300353	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Woken	WATT-218FS-10	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Mini-Circuit	BW-S20W2+	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Vector Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108013	2023/03/09	2024/03/08
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2023/09/07	2024/09/06
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2023/11/06	2024/11/05
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2023/11/06	2024/11/05

Note: 1. System Check, the path loss measured by the network analyzer, includes the signal generator, amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler.



#### Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the following are recommended FCC procedures for SAR dipole calibration.

- 1. After a dipole is damaged and properly repaired to meet required specifications.
- 2. When the measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by more than 10% due to changes in physical, mechanical, electrical or other relevant dipole conditions.
- 3. When the most recent return-loss, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. 0.2 of the dB value) or not meeting the required -20 dB return-loss specification.

#### D2450V2-930:

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Date
Calibration	2300 MHz	Head	-29.5		2022/5/25
Measurement	2300 MHz	Head	-29.86	Within 20%	2023/5/22

#### D5GHzV2-1321:

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5250 MHz	Head	-39.2 dB	Within 20%	2021/2/5
Measurement	5250 MHz	Head	-39.38 dB		2022/2/7
Measurement	5250 MHz	Head	-39.31 dB		2023/2/2

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600 MHz	Head	-27.4 dB		2021/2/5
Measurement	5600 MHz	Head	-26.91 dB	Within 20%	2022/2/7
Measurement	5600 MHz	Head	-26.6 dB		2023/2/2

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800 MHz	Head	-23.6 dB	Within 20%	2021/2/5
Measurement	5800 MHz	Head	-26.92 dB		2022/2/7
Measurement	5800 MHz	Head	-23.6 dB		2023/2/2



4. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5  $\Omega$  from the previous measurement.

#### D2450V2-930:

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Date
Calibration	2300 MHz	Head	49.4	- Within 5Ω	2022/5/25
Measurement	2300 MHz	Head	49.83		2023/5/22

#### D5GHzV2-1321:

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5250 MHz	Head	50.8		2021/2/5
Measurement	5250 MHz	Head	50.86	Within $5\Omega$	2022/2/7
Measurement	5250 MHz	Head	49.95		2023/2/2

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600 MHz	Head	52.9		2021/2/5
Measurement	5600 MHz	Head	50.99	Within $5\Omega$	2022/2/7
Measurement	5600 MHz	Head	50.11		2023/2/2

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800 MHz	Head	53.0		2021/2/5
Measurement	5800 MHz	Head	51.12	Within $5\Omega$	2022/2/7
Measurement	5800 MHz	Head	51.06		2023/2/2



## 7. Measurement Uncertainty

Meas	urement un	certain	ty for	300 N	/Hz to	o 3 GHz	
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)
Measurement System Err	ors					·	·
Probe Calibration	±12.0%	Ν	2	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%
Probe Calibration Drift	±1.7%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
Probe Linearity	±4.7%	R	1.732	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%
Broadband Signal	±2.8%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.6%	±1.6%
Probe Isotropy	±7.6%	R	1.732	1	1	±4.4%	±4.4%
Other Probe+Electronic	±0.8%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.8%	±0.8%
RF Ambient	±1.8%	Ν	1	1	1	±1.8%	±1.8%
Probe Positioning	±0.006 mm	Ν	1	0.14	0.14	±0.1%	±0.1%
Data Processing	±1.2%	Ν	1	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
Phantom and Device Erro	ors					·	·
Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%
Conductivity (temp.)	±3.3%	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%
Phantom Permittivity	±14.0%	R	1.732	0	0	±0.0%	±0.0%
Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0%	Ν	1	2	2	±4.0%	±4.0%
Device Positioning	±1.0%	Ν	1	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%
DUT Modulation	±2.4%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%
Time-average SAR	±1.7%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
DUT drift	±2.5%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.5%	±2.5%
Val Antenna Unc.	±0.0%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Unc. Input Power	±0.0%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Correction to the SAR res	sults						
Deviation to Target	±1.9%	Ν	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%
SAR scaling	±0.0%	R	1.732	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Combined Uncertainty						±11.0%	±10.9%
Expanded Uncertainty						±21.9%	±21.7%



Meas	surement u	ncertai	nty fo	r 3 G	Hz to	6 GHz	
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)
Measurement System Err	ors			•	_		
Probe Calibration	±14.0%	Ν	2	1	1	±7.0%	±7.0%
Probe Calibration Drift	±1.7%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
Probe Linearity	±4.7%	R	1.732	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%
Broadband Signal	±2.6%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%
Probe Isotropy	±7.6%	R	1.732	1	1	±4.4%	±4.4%
Other Probe+Electronic	±1.2%	N	1	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
RF Ambient	±1.8%	N	1	1	1	±1.8%	±1.8%
Probe Positioning	±0.005 mm	N	1	0.29	0.29	±0.2%	±0.2%
Data Processing	±2.3%	N	1	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%
Phantom and Device Erro	ors						
Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%
Conductivity (temp.)	±3.4%	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%
Phantom Permittivity	±14.0%	R	1.732	0.25	0.25	±2.0%	±2.0%
Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0%	Ν	1	2	2	±4.0%	±4.0%
Device Positioning	±1.0%	N	1	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%
DUT Modulation	±2.4%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%
Time-average SAR	±1.7%	R	1.732	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
DUT drift	±2.5%	N	1	1	1	±2.5%	±2.5%
Val Antenna Unc.	±0.0%	N	1	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Unc. Input Power	±0.0%	N	1	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Correction to the SAR res	sults						
Deviation to Target	±1.9%	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%
SAR scaling	±0.0%	R	1.732	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Combined Uncertainty						±11.9%	±11.8%
Expanded Uncertainty						±23.8%	±23.6%



# 8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

WLAN	2.4G 2TX SISO								
	Frequency Mode		BW		SISO-Main( Chain E			SISO-Aux( Chain A	
				СН	AV Power	AV Target	СН	AV Power	AV Target
	port			1	14.29	14.5	1	13.57	14
				6	14.32	14.5	6	13.74	14
		b	20	11	14.28	14.5	11	13.66	14
port				12	14.21	14.5	12	13.54	14
nap				13	14.18	14.5	13	13.52	14
Iten				1	14.15	14.5	1	13.41	14
nar				6	14.16	14.5	6	13.45	14
at al		g	20	11	14.08	14.5	11	13.39	14
/er a				12	14.13	14.5	12	13.24	14
Nod	DSSS/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port NTM STH STH STH STH STH STH STH STH STH STH			13	13.37	14.5	13	13.40	14
put				1	14.09	14.5	1	13.18	14
out			20	6	14.17	14.5	6	13.27	14
Ш				11	14.03	14.5	11	13.19	14
TXI M				12	14.08	14.5	12	13.16	14
ma	WLAN 2.4GHz	n		13	13.41	14.5	13	13.25	14
ified		(HT)		3	14.13	14.5	3	13.24	14
oeci				6	14.15	14.5	6	13.28	14
e s			40	9	14.08	14.5	9	13.22	14
pou				10	14.05	14.5	10	13.16	14
Σ				11	14.02	14.5	11	13.25	14
OFC				1	14.02	14.5	1	13.28	14
SS/G				6	14.09	14.5	6	13.42	14
DS			20	11	14.08	14.5	11	13.38	14
				12	14.01	14.5	12	13.31	14
		ax		13	13.32	14.5	13	13.40	14
		(HE)		3	14.01	14.5	3	13.27	14
				6	14.09	14.5	6	13.33	14
			40	9	14.04	14.5	9	13.26	14
				10	14.02	14.5	10	13.12	14
				11	14.03	14.5	11	13.28	14



#### WLAN 5G 2TX SISO

	AN 5G 2TX SISO	Mada		S	ISO-Main(T Chain B	X1)	S	SISO-Aux(T) Chain A	X2)
	Frequency	Mode	BW	СН	AV Power	AV Target	СН	AV Power	AV Target
				36	10.46	11	36	10.01	10.5
		2	20	40	10.38	11	40	10.02	10.5
		а	20	44	10.47	11	44	10.04	10.5
				48	10.41	11	48	10.03	10.5
				36	10.49	11	36	10.07	10.5
			20	40	10.42	11	40	10.08	10.5
		n	20	44	10.48	11	44	10.03	10.5
		n (HT)		48	10.43	11	48	10.06	10.5
or	U-NII-1		40	38	10.35	11	38	10.01	10.5
la p	(5150~5250MHz)		40	46	10.49	11	46	10.03	10.5
enr		ac(VHT)	80	42	10.49	11	42	10.06	10.5
DM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port				36	10.46	11	36	10.07	10.5
an			00	40	10.49	11	40	10.08	10.5
ir at			20	44	10.45	11	44	10.06	10.5
0Me		ax (HE)		48	10.43	11	48	10.02	10.5
it po		(HE)	10	38	10.43	11	38	10.03	10.5
ltpL			40	46	10.47	11	46	10.08	10.5
n ol			80	42	10.34	11	42	10.06	10.5
nur				52	10.44	11	52	10.08	10.5
axir			20	56	10.42	11	56	10.07	10.5
д р		а	20	60	10.43	11	60	10.05	10.5
ifie				64	10.41	11	64	10.06	10.5
bec				52	10.49	11	52	10.05	10.5
e s			00	56	10.43	11	56	10.03	10.5
noc		n	20	60	10.44	11	60	10.08	10.5
Σ		n (HT)		64	10.40	11	64	10.04	10.5
OFD			40	54	10.46	11	54	10.05	10.5
	U-NII-2A		40	62	10.41	11	62	10.08	10.5
	(5250~5350MHz)	ac	80	58	10.50	11	58	10.09	10.5
		(VHT)	160	50	10.48	11	50	10.04	10.5
				52	10.48	11	52	10.05	10.5
			00	56	10.47	11	56	10.08	10.5
1			20	60	10.46	11	60	10.06	10.5
1		ax		64	10.43	11	64	10.07	10.5
1		(HE)	40	54	10.49	11	54	10.07	10.5
			40	62	10.32	11	62	10.04	10.5
			80	58	10.45	11	58	10.08	10.5
1			160	50	10.46	11.00	50	10.07	10.5



	<b>F</b> actorian and	Mada		SIS	SO-Main(T Chain B	X1)	SI	SO-Aux(T) Chain A	(2)
	Frequency	Mode	BW	СН	AV Power	AV Target	СН	AV Power	AV Target
				100	11.30	11.5	100	9.65	10
				116	11.34	11.5	116	9.73	10
				124	11.35	11.5	124	9.79	10
		а	20	132	11.32	11.5	132	9.75	10
				140	11.28	11.5	140	9.72	10
				144	11.33	11.5	144	9.71	10
				100	11.22	11.5	100	9.54	10
port				116	11.27	11.5	116	9.72	10
na				124	11.32	11.5	124	9.68	10
iten			20	132	11.25	11.5	132	9.69	10
an an				140	11.29	11.5	140	9.67	10
t ar	OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port 0.11N-5C (2410-2222-000000000000000000000000000000	n (UT)		144	11.28	11.5	144	9.74	10
era		(HT)		102	11.32	11.5	102	9.64	10
ŇO				110	11.21	11.5	110	9.77	10
nt b			40	126	11.28	11.5	126	9.76	10
utp				134	11.31	11.5	134	9.69	10
E E				142	11.22	11.5	142	9.71	10
nm	U-NII-2C	ac	80	106	11.39	11.5	106	9.86	10
Jaxi	(5470~5725MHz)			122	11.36	11.5	122	9.82	10
u p		(VHT)		138	11.37	11.5	138	9.85	10
cifie		, ,	160	114	11.32	11.5	114	9.69	10
spe				100	11.25	11.5	100	9.58	10
de				116	11.32	11.5	116	9.74	10
ош				124	11.35	11.5	124	9.76	10
M			20	132	11.26	11.5	132	9.79	10
OFI				140	11.34	11.5	140	9.69	10
				144	11.33	11.5	144	9.72	10
				102	11.24	11.5	102	9.58	10
		ax		110	11.30	11.5	110	9.61	10
		(HE)	40	126	11.23	11.5	126	9.79	10
				134	11.27	11.5	134	9.72	10
				142	11.29	11.5	142	9.63	10
				106	11.34	11.5	106	9.71	10
			80	122	11.28	11.5	122	9.61	10
				138	11.31	11.5	138	9.69	10
			160	114	11.24	11.5	114	9.56	10



enna			DW	SIS	SO-Main(T Chain B	X1)	SI	SO-Aux(T) Chain A	(2)
an antenna	Frequency	Mode	BW	СН	AV Power	AV Target	СН	AV Power	AV Target
at ai	output power at ar			149	11.72	12	149	9.78	10
ler a		а	20	157	11.56	12	157	9.63	10
×od				165	11.73	12	165	9.74	10
out				149	11.65	12	149	9.61	10
out			20 40	157	11.61	12	157	9.54	10
		n (HT)		165	11.67	12	165	9.72	10
p či				151	11.79	12	151	9.81	10
ma)	U-NII-3 (5725~5850MHz)		40	159	11.76	12	159	9.74	10
ed	(3723 30300012)	ac(VHT)	80	155	11.95	12	155	10.00	10
ecifi				149	11.67	12	149	9.51	10
spe	DEDM mode U-NII-3 (5725~5850MHz) odd (5725~5850MHz)		20	157	11.65	12	157	9.52	10
ode		ax		165	11.57	12	165	9.58	10
Ĕ		(HE)	40	151	11.58	12	151	9.68	10
			40	159	11.56	12	159	9.74	10
ŌF			80	155	11.68	12	155	9.79	10



BT Only	/ Support Aux					
					SISO-Aux(T)	(2)
<u> </u>	Frequency	Mode	Modulation		Chain A	
owe	Frequency	Mode	Modulation		AV	AV
out p				СН	Power	Target
Bluetooth mode maximum output power				0	9.54	10
unu	unu la	BR	GFSK	39	9.90	10
axim				78	9.77	10
de m				0	8.80	9
bom	BT 2.4GHz	EDR	8DPSK	39	8.84	9
ooth				78	8.81	9
luet				0	6.71	7
ш		BLE	GFSK	19	6.74	7
				39	6.47	7



## 9. Test Results

#### 9.1 Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREME	INT									
Ambient Temperatu	ıre (°C): 23.	3±2			Relative Humidity (%): 51%					
Liquid Temperature	e (°C): 22.4±	2			Depth of Liquid (	cm): >15				
Test Dist.		Freq	uency	-	cted Power dBm)		AR //kg)			
Position	(mm)	Ch.	MHz	Meas.	Tune-Up Limit Meas-1g		Scaled-1g	Plot No.		
Test Mode: WLAN2	2.4GHz_802.1	1b-1M_Ar	nt Main							
Bottom	0	6	2437	14.32	14.5	0.235	0.250			
Left-side	0	1	2412	14.29	14.5	0.919	0.984			
Left-side	0	6	2437	14.32	14.5	1.010	1.074			
Left-side	0	11	2462	14.28	14.5	1.040	1.116			
Test Mode: WLAN2	.4GHz_802.1	1b-1M_Ar	nt Aux					•		
Bottom	0	6	2437	13.74	14	0.279	0.302			
Right-side	0	1	2412	13.57	14	0.943	1.062			
Right-side	0	6	2437	13.74	14	1.050	1.137	3		
Right-side	0	11	2462	13.66	14	0.939	1.036			
Test Mode: Bluetoo	th_BT-1M_A	nt Aux	1		1	1	1			
Bottom	0	39	2441	9.90	10	0.122	0.164			
Right-side	0	39	2441	9.90	10	0.357	0.481	5		

Note:

1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted

SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required.

2. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, no further

SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.



Ambient Temperat	ure (°C); 22	410			Deletive Llumidit	(0(), 500/				
Ambient Temperatu	. ,				Relative Humidity					
Liquid Temperature	e (°C): 22.5±	:2			Depth of Liquid (cm): >15					
		Frequency		Condu	cted Power	S	AR			
Test	Dist.		,	(	dBm)	(W	//kg)	Plot No		
Position	(mm)	Ch.	MHz	Meas.	Tune-Up	Meas-1g	Scaled-1g			
		011.	11112	mode.	Limit	mode rg	Coulou 1g			
Test Mode: WLAN5	5GHz_802.11	ac80-VHT	)_Ant Main	l						
Bottom	0	58	5290	10.50	11	0.363	0.411			
Left-side	0	58	5290	10.50	11	0.972	1.102			
Test Mode: WLAN5	GHz_802.11	ac80-VHT	_Ant Aux			•				
Bottom	0	58	5290	10.09	10.5	0.469	0.521			
Right-side	0	58	5290	10.09	10.5	0.995	1.104	13		
Test Mode: WLAN5	5GHz_802.11	ac80-VHT	)_Ant Main	I	1	I				
Bottom	0	106	5530	11.39	11.5	0.375	0.388			
Left-side	0	106	5530	11.39	11.5	1.080	1.119	20		
Left-side	0	122	5610	11.36	11.5	1.070	1.116			
Left-side	0	138	5690	11.37	11.5	0.909	0.946			
Test Mode: WLAN5	GHz_802.11	ac80-VHT	_Ant Aux			•				
Bottom	0	106	5530	9.86	10	0.360	0.376			
Right-side	0	106	5530	9.86	10	1.040	1.085			
Right-side	0	122	5610	9.82	10	1.010	1.063			
Right-side	0	138	5690	9.85	10	1.040	1.087			
Test Mode: WLAN5	5GHz_802.11	ac80-VHT	)_Ant Main	I	1		1			
Bottom	0	155	5775	11.95	12	0.491	0.502			
Left-side	0	155	5775	11.95	12	1.080	1.103			
Test Mode: WLAN5	5GHz_802.11	ac80-VHT	)_Ant Aux		1		1	1		
Bottom	0	155	5775	10.00	10	0.302	0.305			
Right-side	0	155	5775	10.00	10	1.100	1.111	17		

Note:

1. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

2. When multiple transmission modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected.

3. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum U-NII-2A for the exposure configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.



#### 9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

Simult	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations							
1	WLAN 2.4 GHz ANT Main + Bluetooth Aux							
2	WLAN 2.4 GHz ANT Main + WLAN 2.4 GHz ANT Aux							
3	WLAN 5 GHz ANT Main + Bluetooth Aux							
4	4 WLAN 5 GHz ANT Main + WLAN 5 GHz ANT Aux							
5	WLAN 5 GHz ANT Main + WLAN 5 GHz ANT Aux + Bluetooth Aux							

#### 9.2.1 Simultaneous transmission test exclusion considerations

	1	2	3	4	5	1 + 5	1 + 2	3 + 5	3 + 4	3 + 4 + 5
Test	WLAN2.4GHz	WLAN2.4GHz	WLAN5GHz	WLAN5GHz	Bluetooth ANT					
Position	ANT Main	ANT Aux	ANT Main	ANT Aux	Aux	Σ 1-g SAR				
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)					
Bottom at 0 mm	0.250	0.302	0.502	0.521	0.164	0.414	0.552	0.666	1.023	1.187
Left-side at 0 mm	1.116	-	1.119	-	-	1.116	1.116	1.119	1.119	1.119
Right-side at 0 mm	-	1.137	-	1.111	0.481	0.481	1.137	0.481	1.111	1.592

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5/Ri}$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

## **10.** SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5
  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Frequ	Jency		SAR 1g (W/kg)			
Channel	MHz	Original	First Repeated			
Channel	IVITIZ	Original	Value	Ratio		
6	2437	1.05	0.984	1.067		
155	5775	1.10	1.090	1.009		



#### Appendix

- Appendix A. System Check Data
- Appendix B. Highest measurement Data
- Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs
- Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data
- Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Appendix F. Product Photos-Please refer to the file: 23B0618R-Product Photos